M'INTOSH TAKES HIS TURN

Points Out Some Extraordinary Features in Tax Mandamus Case.

NAMES COUNCILMEN AS THE DEFENDANTS

Real Estate Exchange's Lawyer Insists that Councilmen Ran Away from Duty and Can Be Called Back.

For an hour and a half Thursday afternoon Attorney J. H. McIntosh, arguing before the supreme court referee in favor of the tax mandamus, made the welkin ring, and incidentally the six opposing attorneys send to their offices for more calf-bound law. It was like the tumult of rams' horns before which fell the solid walls of Jericho. He started off something like this:

"The counsel of the other side have been trying for two and one-half days now, bringing to bear all their energies, all their learning and all their enthusiasm, to show that there is something very unusual about this case. Well, there are some extraordinary features in it. It is, for example, an action by all the taxpayers of the city against their servants, the members of the city council, to compel them to do their duty. That is one. Another extraordinary feature is that on the other side is an array of five lawyers who refuse to be of record,, but who are managing this case to suit themselves just the same. Beyond these features, I don't think there's anything so peculiar about this case.

"I want the court and the counsel to note this, that when I refer hereafter to the defendants in this case I shall mean, not the five corporations, but the five members of the city council who refused to listen to these complaints—Hascall, Mount, Trostler, Whitehorn and Karr. They are the defendants in this case. It is the tools and not the masters that we have to deal with now."

To Shut Off Talk.

A change has been made in the program of the case since Thursday noon, and the indications now are that there will be only one speaker after Mr. McIntosh. At his request the referee made a ruling to this effect. As to which one of the six lawyers opposing him will be chosen to make the reply there has been no announcement as yet. It is likely the court will adjourn this evening, at the close of Mr. McIntosh's address, to reconvene some day next week. As the supreme court sits Tuesday, and several of the attorneys wish to appear before it in other cases, the referee may consider it expedient to postpone the remainder of the hearing to the latter part of the week.

Attorney Morsman at 2 o'clock resumed his remarks where he left off at the noon adjournment. "The Nebraska statute," he said, "allowing the bonded indebtedness of a corporation to be deducted from the market value of the share of stock for purposes of assessment is unconstitutional. The United States supreme court has said so, not with reference to this particular statute, but in reference to another exactly like it in another state. The statute should instead provide for the adding of the market value of the stock to the market value of the bonds. In both cases you deduct the value of all tangible property, which has already been assessed, from the combined value of the stocks and bonds and this gives the value of the franchise. Corporate property can't be valued as anything but old junk without the value of its franchise. A concern has an existence apart from its original constituent parts. It is a unit—an organism—not an aggregation of poles, wires and crossarms.

About Intangible Property.

"How would you get at the value of this intangible property?" asked Mr. McIntosh.

"By considering it as a going concern. The franchise is the intangible property."

At the conclusion of Mr. Morsman's address Mr. McIntosh said he was going to ask the referee to limit the number of attorneys who were to reply to him to one.

"They can choose whoever they wish to make the reply," he said, "but I think it only fair that the number of speakers be limited to one."

Attorney R. S. Hall of the water company, who heretofore has remained silent, said: "Your honor, it was arranged in conference that Mr. Webster, Mr. Morsman and Mr. Connell should present this motion and so, so far as I'm concerned, I shall have nothing to say unless there comes up something out of line that pertains to some certain concern."

Attorney Pritchett of the gas company said: "I am in the same position as Mr. Hall and unless something unexpected develops I don't think I shall care to speak."

Referee Ryan said: "I think that one man to reply to Mr. McIntosh will be enough. Of course, however, this doesn't exclude the others from participating in the case and the rule refers only to the argument. If we should get so far as to admitting evidence, then it no longer applies."

McIntosh Begins Argument.

Mr. McIntosh, attorney for the relators, began speaking at 3:30. It was his first argument, as his previous address had been more in the nature of a statement or review of the case.

"What is equalization?" he asked. "It's making all the assessments converge upon a given standard—that's what I call equalization. And that standard should be the fair cash valuation of the property assessed. When our present tax commissioner followed the precedent of his predecessor in office instead of the statute he did something he had no right to do. I believe that next year property in this city will be assessed, not at 40 per cent or 20 per cent, but at its fair cash value.

"In this case, no effort was made to ascertain the fair cash value. The corporations gave no data upon which to form such an estimate. The tax commissioner put down, as near as he could guess at it, 40 per cent of the fair cash value, though it wasn't half enough.

"The counsel on the other side said the proper thing for me to do was to go before the Board of Review with my case. Now, your honor, on account of my professional pride, I wouldn't be placed in that position for a good deal. The Board of Review would say to me, 'Go before the Board of Equalization, and there you'll probably get relief.' And it would be right. The Board of Equalization is the board that hears complaints. The Board of Equalization is the one that gives six days' advance notice of its meetings in order that the public may be ready with its complaints. The Board of Review gives no such notice; it's not a part of its duty to hear complaints.

Recalls Webster's Citation.

"Now I recall the case of the State against Osborne, which was quoted by Mr. Webster. In this the receiver of the water company at Broken Bow objected to the low rate of assessment which was being made in the town, because he thought there would not be enough public revenue to pay the interest on the waterworks bonds. So he applied to the supreme court for a writ of mandamus to compel the assessor to raise the assessment. This writ was denied. Mr. Webster thinks this case should form a precedent in this proceeding, but let us see. Why was the writ denied? Because, the supreme court said, the receiver of that water company had his remedy before the Board of Equalization.

"That's our position. We believe we have our remedy before the Board of Equalization.

"Now, we are told by the opposing counsel that the city council can't be reconvened as a board of equalization. Do I understand that when that council, sitting as a board, set the time for hearing those complaints for Monday and then before the time came rescinded their action and ran away, that they can't be brought back and compelled to do their duty? Can it be that the arm of the law is as impotent as that? We're asking for a mandamus, brought just as quick as we could get the papers together, and this we had the right to do. It was our only remedy and our title to it can't be honestly questioned."

At 5 o'clock the hearing adjourned until 9:30 this morning.

Throws Down the Bars.

In referring to the argument Thursday morning Referee Ryan said:

"I propose to throw the bars down and give the counsel the widest possible latitude in this discussion, because if we have a thorough understanding of this matter now I think it will save time in the end. I am convinced that this suit forms the basis of a very narrow inquiry."

At 9:30 o'clock Attorney W. W. Morsman, for the Nebraska Telephone company, resumed his address where he left off Wednesday evening. "No strength is gained for the cause of the relators," he said, "because the words, 'and all other taxpayers of Omaha,' are added to their complaint. What right have they to represent all other taxpayers? Have they been authorized by all other taxpayers so to do? It will perhaps be news to some of us that all other taxpayers are complaining of the work of the Board of Equalization. I know of some that are not. Take the railroads, for example, that converge in this city; they have millions of dollars' worth of property, but I have yet to hear that they have complained of their assessments."

Why Railroads Are Satisfied.

A moment later Mr. Morsman inadvertantly let slip a possible explanation of the silence of the railroads, by saying that they were assessed at even a lower rate than the five public service corporations.

"Then there is M. E. Smith & Co., a large wholesale house here, your honor," he resumed, "which is reputed to carry from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 of stock alone, and this concern is assessed at $800,000!"

"Well, why didn't you complain of them?" asked Mr. McIntosh.

"He asks me, your honor, why I didn't complain of them, and therein he reveals the spirit that actuates this entire action. It isn't a question with him and his clients of equalizing the assessments; it's simply a question of bringing the low ones up."

"To the 40 per cent basis," interposed Mr. McIntosh.

"There is no such thing as a 40 per cent basis of assessment, as viewed from your standpoint. It exists neither in law nor custom. The Board of Equalization does not equalize taxes by fixing the assessment at 40 per cent of the fair cash value, but at 40 per cent of their estimate of the fair cash value.

"I think, Mr. McIntosh, that I have discovered the principle upon which you predicate this action. You are seeking, not to have the taxes equalized, but to have an error corrected. You have discovered that the statutes give the board the right to correct errors, supply omissions, etc., and you are going to take advantage of it. You assume that the action of the board in its dealing with your clients was an error. Now I just want you to stand on that principle and you'll see how you come out. You are determined there shall be no comparison in this city of one piece of property with another, but you present a bald and naked proposition to have the board reconvene and reassess the property. Equalization is by comparison; it's the only way you can get at it."

No Comparison Possible.

"Then," asked Mr. McIntosh, "you couldn't equalize the assessment of a street railway company because you wouldn't have another street railway company to compare it with, or of a water company for the same reason? Equalization is by comparison, you say."

"Certainly, by comparison," said Mr. Morsman, but he didn't try to meet the objection. He resumed:

"There's nothing on earth about which there is so much difference of opinion as the value of property. Take, for instance, the Paxton block in Omaha. Call in 100 experts and ask them how much it is worth and no two of their estimates will be the same. Without concert, I dare say, there would be a variation of several thousand dollars between the extremes. How, then, can Mr. McIntosh come in here and say that because the corporations were assessed at a certain figure that there was an error? That's not an error in the sense of the statutes. It simply represents a composite opinion, and the fact that that opinion differs from the opinion of my friend does not make it an error."

At 12 o'clock court took a recess of two hours.

Cough Settled on Her Lungs.

"My daughter had a terrible cough which settled on her lungs," says N. Jackson of Danville, Ill. "We tried a great many remedies without relief, until we gave her Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her." Refuse substitutes.

Insomnia

Nerve-racked, weary and heavy-eyed, the head that seeks repose finds only ceasless tossing and feverish unrest. Strange fancies—vague forbodings—fill the mind with harrowing thoughts until morning brings its rasping headache, irritable temper, and loss of appetite. Rest the nerves—build them up—and gentle, restful, refreshing sleep will be yours.

"My greatest trouble was sleeplessness. I was nervous and restless, and would toss and roll for hours. Had no ambition and had to abandon business. One bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine put me on my feet again."
SIMON A. GIBSON, Georgetown, Ills.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

gives that sweet sleep so grateful to body and mind.

Sold by druggists on guarantee.
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

Mandamus Increases Interest in Today's Democratic Primaries.

HANNON HAS HIS NAME ELIMINATED

Declares He Is Content to Let Ensor and Loechner Fight It Out This Time—Magic City Gossip.

Democratic primaries today promise to be decidedly interesting, especially on account of the developments within the last thirty hours. When served late Wednesday night with a peremptory writ of mandamus issued by Judge Dickinson in relation to the placing of certain names on the ticket the members of the central committee expressed the intention of immediately complying with the order. Dan Hannon, who was included in the list of names to be placed on the ticket, appeared before Judge Dickinson yesterday and asked that his name be stricken from the order, as he had no desire to be a candidate for mayor at this time. The court granted the request, and so only Ensor and Loechner will be candidates for mayor today. E. J. Seykora will contest with Tom Hoctor for the nomination for city treasurer, while Charles Curtis will fight it out with Frank Burness for councilman in the First ward. Instead of being permitted to vote for only six members of the central committee the democrats will have an opportunity of taking their choice of thirteen candidates. The voting places will be open from noon today until 7 p. m. Following is the list of the voting precincts:

First Ward—Colline' music store, Twenty-fourth and K streets.

Second Ward—Pivonka building, Twenty-first and Q streets.

Third Ward—Blue building, Twenty-seventh and Y streets.

Fourth Ward — Hefferman building, Thirty-first and Q streets.

Fifth Ward—Good Shephard building, Thirty-sixth and M streets.

Sixth Ward—Thorson building, Twenty-fourth and G streets.

Seventeen candidates for member of the city council are running at large and the six receiving the highest number of votes will be declared the regular nominees from the wards in which they may respectively reside.

While the votes cast at the primaries will be counted by the judges and clerks appointed, the result will not be given out officially by the central committee until Saturday, when the vote is to be canvassed.

Funeral of Miss Havens.

The First Presbyterian church, Twenty-fifth and J streets, was crowded yesterday afternoon by those who desired to pay a last sad tribute to Miss Alice Havens. By permission of the Board of Education the schools were closed at noon in order that all of the teachers and pupils who desired might attend the services. The casket and altar were literally covered with beautiful floral designs, the gifts of friends, teachers and scholars. Rev. Dr. Robert L. Wheeler, pastor of the church, officiated and delivered a touching sermon. He spoke tenderly of the many gentle and womanly qualities of Miss Havens and closed with a prayer. J. A. McLean, superintendent of public instruction, followed Dr. Wheeler. He spoke of the excellent work performed by Miss Havens during her eleven years' service in the public schools of South Omaha. During the services a quartet, composed of Mrs. E. S. Harrell, Miss Edna Van Arman, Fred Green and C. E. Campbell, sang. At the conclusion of the services the body was conveyed to Laurel Hill cemetery for interment. The pallbearers were: James Hastings, C. W. Garrett, Arthur Miller, Frank Seykora, H. C. Richmond and J. B. Ashe.

Labor Convention Today.

The united labor party will hold a convention at Woodmen hall at 10 o'clock this morning to nominate a full ticket. At a caucus Wednesday night it was found that the delegates were divided. Some favored the indorsement of Koutsky, while others recommended the nomination of W. G. Sloane. It was originally intended to hold the convention Friday evening, but as the hall could not be secured arrangements were made to meet this forenoon.

Only Eight Left.

Only eight employes are now left at the Hammond plant. On Saturday last the last shipment of meat was made to Chicago and the force was laid off. There still remain at the plant about 7,000 hides, four cars of fertilizer and three cars of dry bones. Superintendent Phipps remains here with a stenographer for a short time. One day and two night watchmen are employed and an engineer remains on duty to be prepared in case of fire.

Directors Meet Saturday.

On Saturday there will be a meeting of the directors of the South Omaha Pontoon Bridge and Ferry company. It is expected that at this meeting arrangements will be made for the opening of the ferry across the river on Monday and the continuation of the construction of the pontoons. Captain Talbot of the steamer Castalia says that the river is now open and that he can commence running his boat any time. Some repairs will have to be made to the Twelfth street road and the council will be asked to pay a portion of the expense.

Commissioner Watson Here.

C. E. Watson, deputy commissioner of labor, spent yesterday in the city looking after fire escapes. In company with Building Inspector D. M. Click, Mr. Watson made a tour of the buildings which come under the law and made a note of those whose owners had not complied with an order issued some time ago in connection with the erection of fire escapes. It is understood that unless the law is complied with in a reasonable time after notice has been served the courts will be called upon to enforce the orders of the commissioner.

Cleaning the City.

Street Commissioner Clark is engaged in cleaning the paved streets, and this work will be continued until the mud has been removed. Then, if the warm weather keeps up, the fire department will flush the pavements, thus putting the streets in good condition again.

While Clark is looking after the streets, Inspector Jones is putting in some of his time serving notices on property owners to clean the back yards and alleys. Some of the alleys, especially those in the downtown portion of the city, are in a filthy condition, being loaded with the winter's accumulation of refuse of various kinds. It is the desire of the city officials to have the streets and alleys all over the city placed in good condition as soon as possible.

Magic City Gossip.

Mrs. A. J. Caughey is in Iowa visiting friends.

William Rawley is at home, after a two months' trip through Iowa.

Mrs. S. J. Gosney has been called to Syracuse, Neb., by the serious illness of her mother.

Members of the South Omaha cavalry troop drilled in uniform for the first time last night.

Charlotte Winkler died at her home, Thirtieth and Y streets, Wednesday night, aged 80 years.

The Woman's Relief corps of Phil Kearney post will meet at the home of Mrs. F. J. Etter Saturday afternoon.

Sheds for the new icing platforms at Armour's are practically completed. The improvement cost in the neighborhood of $12,000.

The funeral of Frank White, who died at St. Joseph's hospital of consumption, will be at St. Agnes' church this morning. Interment at St. Mary's cemetery.

On Monday evening the boys of St. Agnes church will present "Major Andre" at Woodman hall, in honor of St. Patrick. A program has been prepared, which will be announced later.

Rev. James McGann of Westboro, Mass., and Rev. P. H. Gallen of Florence, Mass., are the guests of Rev. D. W. Moriarty. The visitors are on their way home from a trip to the Sandwich islands.

Mortality Statistics.

The following births and deaths were reported at the office of the Board of Health during the twenty-four hours ending Thursday noon:

Births—Alexander Hill, 705 Pacific, boy; Arthur White, 1254 South Fourteenth, boy; John Wenninghoff, 2426 South Twentieth avenue, girl; Michael Quinlan, 2710 South Thirteenth, boy; Carl Witt, 2234 South Twenty-eighth, girl; William Maxwell, 4418 Capitol avenue, girl.

Deaths—Max Bellman, 114 South Twenty-eighth avenue, 46; Dora A. Gannon, 618 South Seventeenth, 11 day; Margaret E. Shields, 3616 North Nineteenth avenue, 40; D. B. Beever, county hospital, 65; Louise Hillike, county hospital, 78; Maria Estelle Holman, 2423 South Twentieth, 11 months; Andrew Hedman, Immanuel hospital, 60; Mrs. Rose Mayone, St. Joseph's hospital, 32; John Terrill, 3114 Woolworth, 77; Mrs. Mansfield, 2916 Cuming, 53.

THE REALTY MARKET.

INSTRUMENTS placed on file Thursday, March 13:

Warranty Deeds.

R. C. Peters et al to L. James, s½ lot 12, block 86, South Omaha	$ 8,000
Lucy Mitchell to E. T. Johnson, part lots 19 and 20, Terrace add	1,000
A. M. Brown and husband to F. H. Berry, e 20 feet lot 115, w 20 feet lot 12, block 3, Patrick's add	1,600
P. P. Feltheimer and wife to M. Kamasinski et al, lot 2, block 2, Arbor Place	700
Packers' Savings bank to V. Cecetka, lot 10, block 1, Potter & C.'s add	900
W. J. Green and wife to I. N. Dech, e½ lot 7, block 10, Isaac & S.'s add	600
Ida A. Jorgensen and husband to David Beckett, s 20 feet lot 6, block 79, South Omaha	1,700
F. R. Lee to Maud Lee, lot 6, block 3, South Omaha	1
Byron Reed company to C. O. Anderson, lots 21 and 22, block 1, Orchard Hill	240
J. W. Robbins and wife to John G. Bull, s½ ne¼ sw¼, se¼ sw¼ 23-15-11	3,400
J. B. Hodge and wife to M. B. Erion, n 50 feet lot 9, block 3, Dwight & Lo's add	800
Elias Svenson to A. M. Oberg, w½ lot 9, block 1, Patrick's add	925
F. J. Fitzgerald and wife to A. C. Ong, lots 1, 2 and 3, Morse & B.'s add	1,125
John Ryburg et al to John Jacobson, lot 12, block 459, Omaha, q. c. d.	1
W. K. Potter to R. C. Wagner, lot 3, block 5, Reed's 1st add	2,500
Harold Gifford and wife to Sarah V. Raedin, e 42 feet lot 26, block 16, Hanscom Place	1,350

DIED.

KENNEDY—Hugh, jr., March 12, 1902, aged 25 years.
Funeral 9:30 a. m. March 15, from St. Patrick's church, Fourteenth and Castellar. Interment at St. Mary's cemetery, South Omaha. Friends invited.

NEW BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Another Novel Dealing with Life on the Western Frontier.

STORY OF MODERN FRANCE AND ENGLAND

Hand of God in American History—Practical Work on Irrigation for the Use of Farmers and Engineers.

There has always been an interest in books relating to the frontier. There were writers before the 70's whose capital was drawn from such a source. Then Bret Harte came upon the scene with a vivid reproduction of character in the 50's, followed by Mark Twain some ten years later. But it remained for Alfred Henry Lewis to describe the last stand of the frontier—a little strip of wild life remaining pinched between the civilization of the effete east and the Pacific slope. And he has done his work thoroughly. His latest book, "Wolfville Days," contains about 310 pages, and it is safe to say there are easily 300 laughs and nearly as many grins to be found therein. It is exactly the book for the tired man who desires relaxation of either a few minutes or a few hours and wants a book that is not written in "words of four syllables—words that run about eight to the pound," as Lewis himself aptly puts it. Frederick A. Stokes Company, New York.

"In White and Black," by W. W. Pinson, is one of the latest additions to the list of new books. The story, like many other southern tales, is largely interspersed with the dialect of the colored people and full of the pathos characteristic of that childlike race. The story is laid at the time of the Proclamation of Independence, and the release of the colored people gives a chance for a fine display of loyalty and devotion on the part of an old colored woman, nurse and foster mother, to the heroine. The story is strictly a love tale, and, while the plot is not a new one, still it is treated in a manner to hold the interest of the reader, who will not find himself disappointed in the final outcome. The type of the book is exceptionally large and clear, a good recommendation in itself for any publication. The Saalfield Publishing Co., Akron, O.

The scenes of "The Giant's Gate," Max Pemberton's new book, are laid in France and England of today, at a time when the national feeling against the Jews broke forth into frequent and bloody riots. It is a strong picture of present conditions in France. The gay, thoughtless life of the people, their pitiable weaknesses and vacillating temperaments are portrayed with a truthful hand. The personality of Jules Davignon, the youngest general in the French army and the one most beloved by the people, stands out in bold relief. A man peculiarly endowed with the gift for leadership, he devotes his time and energies to but one end—to give his country its religion, its army, its place among nations. The woman who loves him—a beautiful English girl of rank—is strongly in sympathy with his work for the lifting of France to its proper position among the nations, and renounces her claim to his love in order that he may unreservedly serve his country. Her devotion to Davignon, her faith in the final realization of his hopes for France, encourage him when all else fails. And the reward that France gives for this unswerving loyalty—is banishment from the country. Frederick A. Stokes company, New York.

Robert Ellis Thompson in his new book, "The Hand of God in American History," has written the story of his country from an entirely new point of view. The time of the discovery of this continent is regarded as the first significant factor; it was withheld from the peoples of the earth until a modern civilization had begun to rear its head. It was prepared as a safe refuge for the persecuted of every country and every creed, who suffered for religion's or conscience's sake. Thus were sown from the first the seeds of freedom. The causes and effects of each war and each step in colonial and national existence are traced out in a similar way, and the final result—a book of some 230 pages—proves a gratifying addition to our historical literature. The attitude is new, fresh and convincing; the viewpoint broad, the statements free from prejudice, the diction clear and forcible. The work is calculated to arouse a strong, healthy admiration of our native land, an intense patriotism and a reverential love for the Guiding Power that has shaped our destinies hitherto. Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York.

A book that is most timely by reason of the impending irrigation legislation is "Irrigation in the United States," by Frederick Haynes Newell. The author is one of the most capable writers of such a work in this country, his long official and practical experience giving him authority in his utterances. But he has not brought together the abundance of material here presented into a dry, technical treatise—the typical flavor of a government report. Instead, he has given a lucid, comprehensive and entertaining study of some 500 pages, which commands attention from start to finish, and leaves the reader with a much better idea of a great problem than he could possibly get in the same length of time elsewhere. He has written clearly and simply, avoiding technical terms, of the problems of home-making in the desert, showing what has been done in certain regions and what will be done in others. Homeseekers will thus find the work of the most immediate utility. They will be made acquainted with the amount and desirability of the public territories and the probable line of development to be pursued. A somewhat elementary and popular description of irrigation and of the devices for obtaining and distributing water is given, including details of interest to persons who are beginning to give attention to the subject. Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York.

One of the most practical books published in a long time in any department of knowledge is O. F. Byxbee's "Establishing a Newspaper." It is a handbook, not only for the prospective publisher, but includes suggestions for the financial advancement of existing daily and weekly journals. The author in his preface says this of his work: "As a title for a book covering every phase of the starting and developing of a newspaper property, 'Establishing a Newspaper' is chosen advisedly. To start a newspaper is easy, but to establish it is quiet a different matter—a much deeper subject. To establish anything—a newspaper for example—is to originate and secure its permanent existence, or to set it in place and make it stable there. Accordingly, I have endeavored to treat in a complete and practical manner every detail entering into the establishing of a newspaper in all the term implies." A careful perusal of the work will convince one of the thorough manner in which Mr. Byxbee has treated his subject. Every detail has been carefully entered upon, and to a beginner it is replete with valuable and helpful suggestions, while an old newspaper man can profit by its many practical and sensible hints. The Inland Printer company, Chicago.

"Verba Crusis" is a small volume of sermons suggested to Rev. T. Calvin McClelland by the last words of Jesus Christ. This dainty little book will aid to give a new meaning to the words of Christ uttered from His cross. The last words of any life are always regarded as significant utterances—for the soul, when face to face with the beyond, sees with larger, clearer vision. How much more significant should be the messages which fell from Jesus' lips—his seven short utterances—Verba Crucis—on Calvary? Here they are treasured up tenderly. They are not treated in dry, didactic exposition, but with the brevity of simple affection. The writer displays a rare, close sympathy, and chooses language well befitting his noble theme. Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York.

"A Golden Way; Being Notes and Impressions on a Journey Through Ireland, Scotland and England," is a new book by Albert LeRoy Bartlett. The author has gone over a somewhat familiar road, but he has given it fresh interest by the little incidents of life, the legends, stories, bits of history, and pictures of nature in her most picturesque moods, that he has wrought together with great delicacy and beauty. One will read every word of the book, and linger over and reread many parts of it. The Abbey Press, New York.

The above books are for sale by the Megeath Stationery Co., 1308 Farnam St.

MILLERS CHOOSE OFFICERS

Nebraska Exporting Association Has Annual Election and Selects Its Old Corps.

At the annual meeting of the Nebraska Millers' Exporting association at the Millard hotel yesterday afternoon, the following officers were re-elected for the ensuing year: A. Jaeggi, Columbus, president; J. C. Hedge, Hastings, vice president; F. B. Hadley, Cedar Rapids, secretary and treasurer; Chauncey Abbott and G. A. Brooks, directors.

The purpose of the association is of furthering the exportation of Nebraska flour and the members report themselves well pleased with the prospects for an increased business this year.

"We will have a splendid wheat crop to work on," said E. M. Loftus, "and more wheat means more flour. A large acreage has been sown than for many years and the yield per acre, according to all say the wheat looks now, will be something out of the ordinary. In fact, it wouldn't surprise me if all previous records were broken."

The meeting was well attended by millers from various portions of the state.

CATHOLIC ORDER TO ORGANIZE

Knights of Columbus Will Institute First Council in Nebraska in This City.

A council of the Knights of Columbus, the first one to be instituted in Nebraska, will be organized in this city on Sunday afternoon next. The exercises will take place in the Ancient Order of United Workmen temple. The following visiting delegations will attend: From Chicago—Patrick L. McArdle, deputy supreme knight of Illinois; John A. Lambert, state secretary; M. J. Daugherty, state advocate; John J. Ryan, grand knight of Phil Sheridan council; M. W. Gleason and over forty others; Dr. C. P. Cowden, Springfield, Ill.; D. Harmon, La Salle, Ill.; Thomas S. Kiernan, past state deputy of Illinois; J. C. Moore and others, Keokuk, Ia.; T. J. Fitzpatrick, a leading attorney of Dubuque, Ia., and about twenty others; C. J. McCullough and a party of twenty from Davenport; John B. Sullivan, a very prominent attorney, and party of Des Moines; M. F. Healey, grand knight, and thirty from Fort Dodge; J. H. Riddin, a prominent lawyer, and a party of fifteen from Denver; Judge Teesdale and thirty others from Kansas City; J. J. Fleming and others of Burlington, Ia.; Rev. B. X. O'Reilley and thirty others from St. Joseph, Mo. All the leading Catholics of Omaha are on the charter membership list of the new council. Following the installation ceremonies a banquet for 300 people will be served at the Millard hotel.

LABOR UNION HONORS ALTGELD

Eulogizes Late Governor of Illinois as Friend of the Workingman.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 13.—The State Federation of Labor convention today eulogized the late former Governor Altgeld and adopted the following resolutions on his death:

Whereas, John P. Altgeld, late governor of Illinois, has passed away; and,

Whereas, in his death the workers of the world and the cause of humanity have lost a true friend and advocate; therefore be it

Resolved, by the State Federation of Labor of Pennsylvania, That we consider it a proud distinction to be able to pay this last tribute of respect and honor to the memory of a man noble in deeds, generous in sacrifices and valiant in the cause of the oppressed everywhere.

J. L. BRANDEIS & SONS
BOSTON STORE

.Shoe Bargains.

In Basement—Friday.

Six bargain tables are overflowing with the best sorts of shoes for Friday's selling. The prices hardly represent the cost of the leather, let alone the making.

Table No. 1—Heaped with women's oxfords, in all sizes, worth up to $2.00 pair, at **89c**

Table No. 2—Heaped with women's oxfords and slippers, in dozens of styles, worth up to $4 pair, at **98c**

Table No. 3—Heaped with women's good, durable, stylish shoes, in all kinds of leathers, worth $3, at $1.39 and **98c**

Table No. 4—Heaped with boys' and girls' shoes for dress and school wear, with thin and extension soles, worth up to $2 pair, at **98c**

Table No. 5—Heaped with hundreds of pairs of men's sample shoes and regular lines, all sizes, worth up $3 pair, at..... **98c**

Table No. 6—Heaped with infant's kangaroo, calf and vici kid shoes, in lace and button, worth up to $1.25, at 59c, 39c and **29c**

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Woman's Work in Club and Charity

There will be a meeting of the house and home committee of the Woman's club tomorrow to complete arrangements for a reception to be given by the club about April 1 which will include the school teachers, members of the Board of Education and their wives, Commercial club members and their wives and the men friends of the club members. All details will be announced at Monday's meeting of the club.

At the meeting of the city improvement committee of the Woman's club yesterday afternoon the subcommittees appointed last week to attend to the details of the proposed Pingree garden made most encouraging reports. The women have met with encouragement and co-operation from the business men and city officials to whom they have applied, but as yet the arrangements are too incomplete to be announced. It is expected that the location of the plot, the superintendent of the work and all other arrangements for applications for garden space and the distribution of seeds will be ready soon, when the committee will make all public.

The year book of the Nebraska federation will be out this week, but it will not include all the clubs of the federation as the executive board has admitted five new clubs since the book was completed. These new clubs are the Wisner Woman's club, Helen Gould club of Rising City, Central City club, Twentieth Century club of Saunders county, Randolph Woman's club and the Clenlands Woman's club of South Omaha, the latter being composed of colored women.

With the annual election of officers so soon to occur and but one of the present incumbents eligible to re-election, the preparation of a ticket for the coming year is receiving a good share of attention from some of the members of the Woman's club just at present and the organization is being quietly but thoroughly canvassed in the interest of certain strong women by members of the various departments ambitious for the emphasis of their respective interests.

While the club is practically united in its choice of president, the main effort will be for supremacy between two factions, the one that would emphasize the social side of the organization and another that would retain it as a reformatory and moral factor in the affairs of the city. And then there is another faction composed of those cautious ones who oppose the election of the younger women to any but the minor offices on the ground that the ability to manage the affairs of the organization comes only with the experience that attends the more mature years. Their theory is not receiving very enthusiastic support, however, even from those who respect their judgment most in other matters, for the ability of many of the younger women is too well known and too much depended upon.

The first of the series of stereopticon illustrated art lectures to be given by the art department of the Woman's club for the fund with which the department proposes decorating the new High school building will be in the large lecture room of the First Congregational church at 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. There will be three lectures in the series and the department will suspend its next regular meeting, as the lectures include the review of the American painters that would come in the course of study. The special topic at the meeting Thursday morning was "Miniatures," Mrs. Lawrie acting as leader.

At the First Presbyterian church Tuesday evening, March 25, Miss M. Josephine Petrie of New York City, young people's secretary of the Presbyterian Home Mission board, will address the Christian Endeavorers of that denomination upon their work along this line. Miss Petrie has come to attend the women's Presbyterial meeting at Waterloo.

The last of the series of home culture talks to be given this winter by the Young Women's Christian association will be Monday evening at the home of Mrs. J. C. Wharton, 320 North Twentieth street. Mrs. Belle M. Stoutenborough will make the address of the evening, her subject being, "The Bible in the Home." Mrs. Bray and Miss Sorenson will sing.

Complimentary to the members of the basket ball team victories in the recent tournament at Lincoln, Mrs. George Hoobler entertained them and the secretaries at a dinner at her home Saturday evening. The dinner was another of those delightful affairs that the various members of the board have given for the pleasure and encouragement of the young women.

Thirty-two new members came into the association last week and, with the membership tea ahead, which requires each participant to bring in a new member, there is promise of fifty accessions this week.

The gymnasium prayer circle will meet at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Byers will present the association work at Kountze Memorial church on Sunday morning.

The local Woman's Christian Temperance union has adopted the plan of devoting the first part of its meetings to the hearing and reviewing of reports of the Woman's Christian Temperance union work from the state, national and international fields and the plan is proving most helpful, as it keeps all in touch with all that is being done and affords many excellent suggestions that may be applied in the local work. On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Mary G. Andrews read accounts of the action that has been taken in the various colleges regarding cigarette smoking and that institution known as the "smoker."

Miss Magee made a report of her work at the mission and asked for seeds to be distributed among the members of the Mothers' club for the small gardens. The members of the union will supply the seeds. Though the union gave up control of the mission building March 1, no action has been taken regarding future support of the classes there. The matter was referred to a committee, which will visit the mission and then make its decision.

In the Philippine—

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