Brewster presented the prince with a handsomely embossed and inscribed album containing twenty-four beautiful views of the city.

Nine Rochester young women then stepped forward and were introduced. They presented the royal visitor with baskets of flowers and fruits. Among other gifts were an exquisite water color scene, a basket of American Beauty roses and two barrels of beer from the vaults of two local breweries.

Prince Henry responded briefly to the addresses and presentation, thanking the people of Rochester, through the mayor, the Chamber of Commerce, through Mr. Brewster, and the reception committee.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 5.—The snowstorm which visited Syracuse last night cleared before the arrival of Prince Henry's train at 10:55. The home city of Ambassador Andrew D. White prepared a rousing welcome for the kaiser's brother. An immense throng cheered him lustily.

Mayor J. B. Kline greeted the prince and presented him with a great seal of the city in a solid silver box. Charles Andrews, exchief justice of the court of appeals, presented an engrossed address and Mrs. Johannes Schaefer and Mrs. G. F. E. Writring, representing the German women of the city, presented the royal visitor with two albums, one for the kaiserin and the other for Princess Irene. The prince responded gracefully and then from the platform bowed his thanks to and appreciation of the cheering thousands.

BOUND FOR THE PHILIPPINES

Tenth United States Infantry Leaves Fort Crook for San Francisco, Enroute East.

FORT CROOK, Neb., March 5.—(Special.)—Three hundred and fifty-four enlisted men, consisting of Companies E, F, G and H, Tenth United States infantry, under command of Colonel Lincoln, departed at noon today over the Burlington for San Francisco, whence they sail March 15, on the transport Hancock for the Philippine islands. The accompaniment of officers: Colonel Lincoln, commanding; Major Hoyt, Chaplain Kelly, Captains Van Vliet, Kirby, Clarke and Root, Lieutenants Walton, Turner, Cooke, Morris, Humber, Wilson, Reed and Wade and Dr. Van Kirk. The wives of Major Hoyt Captain Van Vliet, Captain Root, Lieutenant Humber, Lieutenant Reed and Lieutenant Wade will accompany their husbands.

Captain Shallenberger, quartermaster, and family remain until transfer of government property can be made to Lieutenant Goodale of the Twenty-second infantry. They will join the regiment later at San Francisco.

Beatrice Fire Company Elects Officers.

BEATRICE, Neb., March 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The fire department at the annual meeting for the election of officers tonight re-elected John S. Walker chief, Louis Lanberti secretary and Walter Ramsey treasurer. It is reported that Mayor Norcross will not name Walker for chief on account of the objections of the insurance companies, who, it is said, question his ability for the position.

Telephone Company Improvements.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., March 5.—(Special.)—Manager G. H. Clendennin of the Nebraska Telephone company today began work on the improvements recently ordered. These improvements call for the stretching of about 10,000 feet of new cable and the planting of a large number of new poles. He now has eleven men at work making the changes.

Recruiting Station is Closed.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., March 5.—(Special.)—The United States recruiting station that has been open here for the past two months will be closed. O. N. Phelps, who has been in charge, has been ordered to close on March 10 and move to Lincoln.

Minister Moves to Kansas.

LINWOOD, Neb., March 5.—(Special.)—Rev. R. M. Sargent, D. D., formerly of Omaha, has resigned his pastoral work here and will move to Kansas this week, where he has accepted a charge near Witchita.

Minister Loses His Mind.

FULLERTON, Neb., March 5.—(Special.)—Rev. E. O. Elliott, who has been a resident of this county for the past five or six years, became violent this morning and is now confined in the county jail to await the action of the Board of Insanity.

Wants a New Courthouse.

COLUMBUS, Neb., March 5.—(Special.)—The Columbus Commercial club last night appointed a committee of seventeen, with Leander Gerrard as chairman, to use its influence for the building of a magnificent new court house at this place.

Rumored Erection of Grain Elevator.

PAPILLION, Neb., March 5.—(Special.)—It is rumored in this vicinity that A. H. Fricke of Portal will erect an elevator at that point this spring on the Missouri Pacific railroad.

Chester I. Long Named Again.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., March 5.—Congressman Chester I. Long was renominated by acclamation today by the republican convention of the Seventh Kansas district.

Scrofula

Is a disease as old as antiquity, and as young as the newest born infant.

It has infested the blood of humanity from ancient times down to the present minute.

It is hereditary or may be acquired.

It appears in swollen glands, scrofulous sores, hip disease, boils, pimples, eruptions, and, as believed by high authorities, even in the forms of catarrh and rheumatism.

It can be cured by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and persistently.

We know this, because Hood's Sarsaparilla has done it.

It will cure you if you give it a trial.

You should begin to take it today.

Hip Disease—"I suffered from hip disease; had 5 running sores; used crutches and cash winter I was confined to my bed for weeks at a time. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished a perfect cure—saved my life. I have a good appetite and feel strong and well." ANNIE ROSKEY, 49 Fourth St., Fall River, Mass.

In Her Eyes—"My little girl had scrofula and sores appeared in her eyes. A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla entirely cured her and she has never had scrofula since." MRS. HOWARD PURE, Alpha, Oregon.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is sold by all druggists. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

FABLES OF THE FILIPINOS

Strange Subterfuges Are Advanced by Rebels to Retain Control.

SAY CIVIL WAR EXISTS IN UNITED STATES

Declare Anti-Imperialists Besiege Washington to Depose Roosevelt and Proclaim "Dr." Bryan President Instead.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—A mail just in from the Philippines shows that the insurgent leaders are resorting to all kinds of subterfuges and deceptions to retain control. One insurgent commander recently issued a proclamation, saying that "Now is the time to strike a decisive blow for Filipino independence," and adding:

The United States is in the midst of a bloody civil war. The coal miners in Pennsylvania have risen against the government and at Chicago a great battle was fought, in which 1,900 regular soldiers were killed. An army of anti-imperialists is besieging Washington. Roosevelt will be deposed and Dr. Bryan proclaimed president.

In a circular letter to his subordinate officers, which was to be published far and wide for the information of the people, a rebel lieutenant colonel declared that the junta central at Hong Kong had received a cablegram from Berlin informing them that the emperor of Germany was about to confer on General Malvar a grand decoration and that in consideration of the relinquishment by the insurgent government of all claims to the Caroline islands which formerly belonged to the Philippines, but had not yet achieved their independence, Germany would supply the insurgents here, free of charge, 4,600 new rifles and 1,000,000 Mauser cartridges. Within a month, it was asserted, Russia would declare war against the United States and a Russian fleet that already had arrived at Cavite, would sink all the American ships, even as Dewey had destroyed the Spanish vessels in 1898.

So, even if the outlook in their immediate vicinity should appear to be almost hopeless, the letter declared, it always must be remembered that the insurgents were winning great victories in other places, so no one should be discouraged.

NOT PART OF FIGHTING FORCE

General Hughes Says Filipinos Were Left Out in Assault Upon Manila.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—General Hughes was subjected to a series of questions by Senator Patterson and other minority members of the senate committee on the Philippines in the course of his testimony before that committee today. In reply to these questions he said the Filipino forces would have been of little assistance if it had been necessary to capture Manila from the Spaniards by assault.

"The capture of that city was by prearrangement between General Merritt and Admiral Dewey and the Spanish commander was it not?" Mr. Patterson asked.

"I know nothing about that," responded General Hughes.

"As a military man, what is your belief, founded upon your conversation with your superiors?" Mr. Patterson then asked.

Senator Beveridge insisted that the question was not proper, but Senator Patterson insisted that it was.

"I would ask," said the witness, "if it would not be much better to excuse me from answering, in view of the fact that General Merritt is in Washington and you can get the information from him first hand?"

"I prefer to ask you, and you can answer as you see fit."

"I don't think I ought to answer that question," replied General Hughes.

Continuing his testimony in reply to further questions, the witness said the Filipinos had aided the Americans materially by their knowledge of the country and the accommodations they had supplied, but that the Filipinos never have been considered a part of the fighting force in the operations against the Spanish forces. "The principal consideration in connection with them was to keep out of the way," he said.

LANDS ARMS FOR THE REBELS

German Steamer Puts Off Cargo on Coast of Batangas Province.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 5.—The Manila American, copies of which have just been received, says it has very good reasons for believing that recently a vessel flying the German flag landed Mauser rifles on the coast of Batangas for the use of the rebels. It is said that the shipment comprised seventy cases of about 1,400 rifles, with ammunition. The vessel has been hovering about the coast of Mindoro for several days, finally dropping up the coast to Batangas, almost within cannon shot of Manila, and later disappeared. About the same time a cargo of arms was landed. The destination of these weapons, the American says, can be readily imagined. The rifles can be bought in Germany and Japan for something like $13 Mexican, and they readily command $50 gold on being delivered to the insurgent commanders.

In view of the existence of numerous recruiting stations in the province of Manila itself, the American believes these importations are serious.

FIVE PEOPLE SOLD AS SLAVES

Bring Forty Dollars in Goods and Twenty in Mexican Coin.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The fact that a woman and her baby, two young men and a young woman, were sold as slaves for $40 worth of dry goods and $20, Mexican money, is brought to light in the records of the court martial of a Moro, named Sulug, who was tried by an American military commission at Ottabato, Island of Mindanao, P. I., on charges of murder and kidnaping.

Sulug, at the head of a band of natives, carried away the party of Moros referred to at Point Sayagan on the Bay of Ilians and sold them at a place called Baquarayam, near the mouth of the river Dinas. He was acquitted of the charge of murder of one of the slaves, but was found guilty of the charge of kidnaping and sentenced to eighteen years imprisonment at hard labor. Brigadier General Davis, the reviewing authority, mitigated the sentence to three years at hard labor.

SENOR AMPIL IS RESCUED

Presidente of Cainta Recovered from Captors and Returned to His Official Post.

MANILA, March 5.—Senor Ampil, presidente of the town of Cainta, province of Morong, Luzon, who is well known as an American sympathizer and who was recently captured by the insurgents, together with some of the native constabulary, who disappeared March 3, after an engagement with the rebels, has been rescued from his captors and returned to Cainta.

Senor Ampil says that the insurgent force which took him prisoner is an entirely new organization, commanded by Colonel Simmotte, of Passaye, and was organized in the province of Rizal. It consists of fifty-five uniformed men armed with rifles, all of whom wear police badges.

Since the capture of Senor Ampil and the engagement of the constabulary March 3, the province of Morong has been in a ferment. The unrest has grown with Senor Ampil's return and the spreading of his reports of new organizations. The excitement is now intense and many of the inhabitants of the provinces who have been friendly to the United States authorities are leaving their houses and emigrating in the hope of saving their lives.

General Chaffee will leave Manila March 6 for Aparri and northern Luzon on a tour of inspection.

TO AMEND LAND LEASING BILL

Bartlett Richards of Nebraska Proposes Changes for Congress to Make.

DENVER, March 5.—Discussion of the land leasing question was opened in the convention of the American Cattle Growing association this morning, with an address by Colonel John P. Irish of California in favor of the enactment of a law to authorize leasing of public lands.

Frank Benton, a Colorado and Wyoming cattleman, delivered an address on "Practical Illustrations of the Leasing System and its Benefits." C. A. Wantland of Denver read a paper on "The Advantages of Range Control."

Bartlett Richards of Nebraska offered two amendments to section 2 of the land-leasing bill now before congress. One was that railroad grants derive no benefits from the bill, but buyers of railroad lands shall. The other was that homesteads taken up prior to January, 1902, shall be beneficiaries under the provision of the bill.

President Roosevelt was elected as honorary member of the session.

Further informal discussion of the leasing question occupied the afternoon session and resolutions endorsing the land-leasing bill now before congress were introduced and referred to the resolutions committee.

WESTERN PACKING STATISTICS

Recent Offerings Are Less, but Aggregate for Year Shows Enormous Increase.

CINCINNATI, March 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Price Current notes a decided decline in the recent offerings of hogs. The total of wesern packing for the week is 415,000, compared with 510,000 the preceding week and 500,000 the corresponding week last year. Preliminary returns for the entire winter's packing in the west point to a total of about 10,375,000, the highest on record, against 9,277,000 for the preceding winter season. For the past twelve months the aggregate western packing is about 25,225,000, compared with 23,600,000 the preceding year and an annual average of 17,605,000 for the ten years prior to this year now ended.

BATSON ARRIVES SAFELY

Brought Back to Face Charge of Murdering an Entire Family.

NEW ORLEANS, March 5.—Ed Batson of Spikard, Mo., who is charged with the murder of the six members of the Earl family, near Welch, La., and who was recently arrested at Lawrence, Mo., crossed the length of Louisiana in safety last night, [illegible] charge of Sheriff Perkins of Calcasieu parish, was safely landed in the parish prison here. He will stay in New Orleans until his trial comes up. Governor Heard is exerting himself to give the prisoner adequate protection. Batson says that he is innocent.

ADRIFT TWENTY-NINE DAYS

Barge Cardenas is Towed Into Newport News with Entire Crew Safe.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 5.—The barge Cardenas, which broke adrift from the tug Cuba, with the barge Matanzas, on the night of February 2, was towed in here this morning by Cuba, which picked it up at Fire island light, Cardenas having been adrift for twenty-nine days. During that time it went as far as Bermuda and drifted and sailed over a zigzag course, totally at the mercy of the winds. Its last wind before making the light was for 130 miles. All of the crew are well and the ship is but little damaged.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

STORM CLOUDS AGAIN GATHER

Rain or Snow, with Colder Weather, Scheduled by the Forecaster.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Forecast:

For Nebraska—Partly cloudy Thursday, probably rain or snow and colder in west portion; Friday, fair in east portion; south winds.

For Iowa—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday; south winds.

For South Dakota—Fair Thursday; Friday, cloudy, probably rain or snow, with colder in west portion; variable winds.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, March 5.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
Maximum temperature	48	19	28	20
Minimum temperature	22	6	19	9
Mean temperature	35	12	24	15
Precipitation	00	T	.33	.02

Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day and since March 1, 1902:

Normal temperature	31
Excess for the day	4
Deficiency since March 1, 1902	14
Normal precipitation	.04 inch
Deficiency for the day	.04 inch
Precipitation since March 1	.06 inch
Deficiency since March 1	.13 inch
Deficiency for cor. period, 1901	.20 inch
Excess for cor. period, 1900	.17 inch

Reports from Stations at 7 p. m.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER.

Station.	Temperature. 7 p. m.	Highest temperature.	Precipitation.
Omaha, partly cloudy	45	48	..
Valentine, partly cloudy	48	56	..
North Platte, cloudy	46	58	..
Cheyenne, cloudy	38	46	..
Salt Lake, cloudy	46	50	..
Rapid City, partly cloudy	48	56	..
Huron, partly cloudy	42	48	..
Williston, cloudy	42	50	..
Chicago, clear	34	36	..
St. Louis, clear	44	46	..
St. Paul, partly cloudy	38	40	..
Davenport, clear	40	44	..
Kansas City, clear	44	46	..
Havre, cloudy	32	44	..
Helena, partly cloudy	46	48	..
Bismarck, clear	38	42	..
Galveston, clear	54	54	..

T indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH,
Local Forecast Official.

TAWNEY AND PAYNE ACTIVE

Both Urgently Press Plans of Reciprocity with Cuba.

APPEAL TO PRESIDENT AND CABINET

Indications Are That House Will Have to Choose Between Rebate and Twenty Per Cent Duty Propositions.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Speaker Henderson and Mr. Cannon of Illinois called at the White House today and discussed with the president the subject of Cuban reciprocity and sentiment thereon in the house.

Active canvassing continued among republican members today preliminary to the third caucus on Cuban reciprocity to be held tomorrow night. The most positive claims were made by those opposed to Representative Payne's 20 per cent reciprocity plan that there was a clear majority against it.

Mr. Payne and his associates did not concede this, however, and expressed the belief that a concession to Cuba ultimately would be granted. It was said in this connection that Speaker Henderson is now favorable to the position taken by the majority on the ways and means committee and that this would exert much influence in shaping the final outcome.

Tawney Presses His Plan.

During the day several members of the cabinet were called on by Messrs. Tawney of the ways and means committee, who has proposed the rebate plan a substitute for Chairman Payne's 20 per cent reciprocity plan, and Morris of Minnesota, who also has proposed a plan differing from that of Mr. Payne.

As an outcome of these calls it was asserted that three members of the cabinet, namely Postmaster General Payne, Secretary Shaw and Secretary Wilson, were hopeful of seeing a solution of the problem which would not endanger any American industry. This was construed in some quarters to show a division in the cabinet, but it was stated by those conversant with the situation that the attitude of the cabinet members did not warrant any such construction.

Later in the day Representative Tawney called at the White House and had a conference lasting nearly an hour and a half with the president. At its conclusion Mr. Tawney joined several of his associates who are opposed to the Payne resolution.

Says Payne Plan is Weak.

It developed later that Mr. Tawney had told the president there was little or no possibility of adoption of the Payne plan by the republican conference and that if it was adopted some forty or fifty republican members would not consider themselves bound and would carry the question to the floor of the house, where there would be additional complications, owing to the attitude of democratic members. The president is understood to have made his proposition quite clear and in so doing is said to have removed several misapprehensions which have been afloat of late. He said he had no intention at present of sending a special message to congress on the subject.

The president expressed the most earnest solicitude that a satisfactory adjustment be reached by congress, saying that this was "an inherited problem," meaning that it had come to him from the McKinley administration. Furthermore, the president, it is asserted, [illegible] no positive determination [illegible] idea [illegible] deal with the subject according to its best lights.

Payne Busy Also.

While these conferences were going on at the White House Chairman Payne and members of the ways and means committee supporting him were in conference. Later, one of the members said that he was confident that the Payne reciprocity proposition commanded a majority of the republican members, but that the minority was so large and was so disposed to carry the contest into the house that Mr. Payne and his friends recognized the seriousness of the situation. However, there was no disposition, he said, to accept the rebate plan, as it was stated that this was merely a repetition of the plan proposed by the heads of the beet sugar organization two months ago.

FREE DELIVERY DEBATED

House Cuts Session Short Because of Representative Polk's Death.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The house today continued the debate on the bill to classify the rural free delivery service, but without action adjourned early, out of respect to the memory of Representative Polk of Pennsylvania, whose death occurred suddenly at Philadelphia last night. A committee of fifteen was appointed to attend the funeral of the deceased member.

The chaplain of the house, in his invocation, referred feelingly to the death of Representative Polk and prayed for the bereaved family.

The conference report upon the pension appropriation bill was called up by Mr. Barney of Wisconsin. After a brief debate the report was adopted.

The senate amendments to the bill to extend the time for the redemption of internal revenue stamps were disagreed to, and the bill was sent to conference. Messrs. Payne of New York, Dalzell of Pennsylvania and Richardson of Tennessee were appointed conferees on the part of the house.

The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system.

Mr. Sperry of Connecticut, the first speaker today, opposed the bill, maintaining that the present system should be continued.

After some further debate by Messrs. Simms of Tennessee and Smith of Illinois in favor of the bill, and Messrs. Underwood of Alabama, Foster of Vermont, Gaines of Tennessee and H. C. Smith of Michigan against it, the committee rose without action and Mr. Green of Pennsylvania announced the death of his colleague, Mr. Polk. He offered the usual resolutions of regret, which were adopted. Stark and Mercer of Nebraska and Smith of Arizona are members of the committee to attend the funeral of the late representative.

MANY DON'T KNOW.

Lack of Right Food is the Cause of Sickness.

It is hardly fair to blame the doctor for not curing his patient when the patient attempts to live on food that furnishes the wrong kind of nourishment. When sickness comes on it is a pretty good sign that the food is not keeping the body up. There are thousands of cases where a change in food alone has brought the sick one into a prime condition of health.

As an illustration. A lady in Riverside, Calif. says: "After 10 years of service as a teacher, during which time I suffered three or four attacks of La Grippe, I finally found myself a physical wreck. Medical treatment would help my strength and vitality temporarily but I would always go back.

"Husband and I moved to California in the hopes that this genial clime would restore me. I got better for a little while but in a few months became so weak and debilitated that we were in despair.

"Finally through the influence of a friend I changed my diet and began using Grape-Nuts and Postum Coffee. I used Grape-Nuts at two of my meals each day and have gained 15 pounds in weight and the increase in strength is really wonderful.

"I am back to the healthy, good feelings of my girlhood days. I enjoy Postum better than any beverage I have ever used. My friends remark on my improved condition and I am impelled to write this letter with profound gratitude, hoping that many others may be induced to go and do likewise. I have proved that health is the natural consequence of properly selected food. Please do not use my name, but I will be glad to reply to any inquiries."—Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

VOTE ON FRYE BILL IN SIGHT

Final Action by the Senate Probably Will be Taken About March 17.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—It appears likely now that the senate will reach a vote on the shipping bill one week from next Monday. When Mr. Frye in charge of the measure, endeavored today to secure an agreement from the time of taking a vote that date was mentioned as being satisfactory to the minority members of the commerce committee.

Mr. Clay addressed the senate today in opposition to the bill and had not concluded when the senate adjourned. He made a forceful and interesting argument, which was given careful attention by his colleagues.

Early in the session the senate passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, the second of the big supply measures to be acted on at this session.

The bill providing for the commutation for town site purposes of homestead entries in certain portions of Oklahoma was passed.

The unfinished business, the shipping bill, then was laid before the senate and Mr. Clay of Georgia delivered his speeh in opposition to the measure.

In the course of his argument Mr. Clay made the point that the postmaster general had not recommended in his reports any such change in the ocean mial service as was contemplated by the pending bill.

Mr. Harris of Kansas inquired if there were any provision in the pending measure looking to competition in the letting of contracts for the carrying of ocean mails.

Mr. Clay replied that the whole matter was in the hands of the postmaster general. "Is it not a fact," suggested Mr. Hanna, "that all mail carrying contracts are let in that way?"

"I think the senator from Ohio is correct," responded Mr. Clay. "My understanding is that under the act of 1891 the foreign mail service is left to the postmaster general to contract for in his discretion."

"There is nothing in this bill changing the method of making contracts," suggested Mr. Hanna. "That is the point I wanted to make clear."

To this Mr. Clay agreed.

Mr. Clay took sharp issue with Mr. Frye, who had stated that American shipyards were not filled with work. The Georgia senator declared that his information acquired from shipping and naval journals was that the shipyards of this country had orders on their books that would require from three to four years to fill.

Without concluding his speech Mr. Clay, at 4 o'clock, yielded the floor, promising to go on with his address tomorrow.

Then, at 4:05 p. m., the senate went into executive session and at 4:15 p. m. adjourned.

Lodge Amends Philippine Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Senator Lodge today introduced an amendment to the Philippine bill pending before the committee on the Philippines.

The amendment has been incorporated in the house bill and was agreed on after a conference between Secretary Root, Governor Taft and Chairman Cooper of the house insular committee. It provides that whenever it is certified to the president that the existing insurrection in the Philippines shall have ceased and peace is established, a general election shall be called for the choice of delegates to a popular assembly to be known as the Philippine assembly. Three resident commissioners to the United States are to be elected.

FOUND DEAD NEAR RAILROAD

Body of Fred Martin Is Picked Up and Sentiment is Divided as to Cause of Death.

PIERRE, S. D., March 5.—(Special Telegram.)—This city was excited this morning by the finding of the body of Fred Martin lying by the railroad track near the east side station. The cause of the death is a mystery. Foul play was charged by the relatives of Martin, but the examination of the remains so far reported by the physicians show no indication of a bruise or wound of any kind, which has put an end to a murder theory. An inquest was begun this afternoon and is yet in progress. The physicians who made the autopsy refuse to give out anything, although it is said a rupture of one of the valves of the heart was shown. As he was supposed to be running to catch a train at the time, this is probable. Martin leaves a wife and one child.

SUCCESSOR TO GILGILLAN

Governor Dole of Hawaii Calls Special Election to Elect Representative in Congress.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—The Oceanic Steamship company's steamer Alameda arrived this morning from Honolulu with the following advices, dated February 26:

Governor Dole has issued a proclamation calling a special election for April 9 to elect a successor to the late E. F. Gilgillan, a member of the house of representatives, who met death in an accident in Philadelphia last December. Prince Cupid Kalaminaole may run as the home rule republican candidate.

Colonel Lake, who is said to have organized the Ninth Ohio regiment during the Spanish war, has been arrested and convicted on a charge of gross cheat by a woman from whom he collected rent money without authority.

BRYAN IS OPPOSED TO HILL

(Continued from First Page.)

poses must be construed in the light of the record made by the man who makes the proposition. Mr. Hill's complete subservience to the financiers, his unhesitating obedience to every demand they have made stamps his pretended interest in bimetallism as hypocritical.

Mr. Hill is the leader of those who would make the democratic platform so nearly like the republican platform that a democratic victory, even if possible, would mean nothing to the people at large.

If this change is to be made it cannot be made at a high-priced banquet—it must be made by the voters of the party, and now that the voters are forewarned it behooves them to watch their organization and put none but the faithful on guard. The rank and file cannot be corrupted or terrified, and they must be relied upon to keep the party true to the people's interest.

TO KEEP NEGRO ON FARM

One of the Objects Booker T. Washington School Seeks.

EDUCATOR AND BISHOP POTTER TALK

Agriculture, Says the Founder of Tuskogee, is the Salvation of the Colored Race, Industrially.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Bishop Potter was chairman and Booker T. Washington the principal speaker at a meeting held tonight at Carnegie hall in the interest of Hampton and Tuskogee institutes. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Armstrong association.

Bishop Potter said:

We must deal with the black man as a problem not in fragments, but as a whole. In doing this we must be prepared to meet with a good deal of sympathy from certain quarters. We ought to realize that the main thing that divides the negro from the white is the lack of culture and that by giving him this culture we will ennoble him and raise him to a level of intelligence and creative citizenship.

Mr. Washington was introduced by Bishop Potter, who said that after the president had entertained Booker T. Washington as his guest he telegraphed him as follows:

I congratulate you upon your guest. He was a guest at my table last winter and I never entertained a worthier one.

Mr. Washington was received with great applause. He declared that what the negro needed to learn was how to work. It is not the working negro, he said, who is the criminal. Continuing he said:

When the man becomes the owner of a piece of land and a decent house and a bank account I notice at once a conservative, law-abiding citizen and one who can be trusted to vote intelligently for the best interests of the community in which he lives.

With the negro, as with every weak and inexperienced race, it is expected that he be taught that his salvation is in learning to own and cultivate intelligently and skillfully the soil.

To the negro just now this is the wheat, all else is the chaff. Agriculture will prove our salvation and the race should be slow to abandon the farm. Just now a large proportion of the race needs that education which will make the youth return to the farm. Those who would help save my race should use their influence to keep the negro out of large cities, and especially the cities of the north. These are some of the lessons that Hampton and Tuskogee institute are constantly teaching.

T. M. COFFIN MAKES REPORT

Lincoln Man Addresses Mutual Insurance Men on Differences in State Laws.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 5.—The delegates of the national mutual insurance companies heard today the report of their legal adviser, Judge T. M. Coffin of Lincoln, Neb. Mr. Coffin also reported in the capacity of chairman of the legislative committee.

Mr. Coffin dwelt at some length on the differences in insurance laws in different states. No two states treated the insurance companies alike. Minnesota and several other states had no law authorizing purely city mutual insurance companies. It was the duty of the national association to endeavor to promote legislation in every state to permit both farm and city mutual insurance companies.

The president was authorized to appoint a special committee on resolutions and constitution. The committee was later announced as follows:

J. J. Furlong of Minnesota, F. D. Babcock of Iowa, C. A. Hamm of Wisconsin, F. J. Martin of Washington, M. G. Roberts of Tennessee, E. R. Stouffer of Nebraska, C. F. Mayes of Indiana and C. F. Mengenback of Kansas.

The remainder of the morning session was devoted to the reports of the delegates concerning their respective companies, their finances and their methods and principles of doing business.

ABOUT CATARRH CURES.

The Reason Why Inhalers and Local Applications Are Useless.

For many years catarrh was considered to be a local disease and was treated entirely by local remedies, salves, ointments, powders, sprays and inhalers, and nearly all of these gave a temporary relief, but a genuine permanent cure was very rare.

It is true the most annoying symptoms, like stoppage of the nose and throat trouble, are purely local, but they are simply symptoms and the real seat of disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers could ever reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of antiseptics and remedies to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar wholesome antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozenges to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

Dr. Edmondson in speaking of the new treatment for catarrh says: "I have accomplished the most satisfactory results in all forms of catarrh of the head, throat, bronchial tubes, as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver by using nothing else but Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I long since threw aside sprays and inhalers as being inconvenient and at the best mere temporary make-shifts.

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets act immediately upon the liver and blood and clear the whole system of catarrhal poison. They are pleasant and very convenient to use, and they are not only the latest, but I believe them to be the best and certainly the safest treatment for any form of catarrh."

All druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cts. for full size package.

A little book on cause and cure of catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES

Tells How Hospital Physicians Use and Rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Twelve years continuous service at the sick bed in some of our prominent hospitals, as well as at private homes, has given me varied experiences with the diseases of women. I have nursed some

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES,
President of Nurses' Associaties, Watertown, N.Y.

most distressing cases of inflammation and ulceration of the ovaries and womb. I have known that doctors used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** when everything else failed with their patients. I have advised my patients and friends to use it and have yet to hear of its first failure to cure.

"Four years ago I had falling of the womb from straining in lifting a heavy patient, and knowing of the value of your Compound I began to use it at once, and in six weeks I was well once more, and have had no trouble since. I am most pleased to have had an opportunity to say a few words in praise of your Vegetable Compound, and shall take every occasion to recommend it."—MISS VIRGINIA GRANES.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has stood the test of time and has cured thousands.

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