

TO KEEP NIORRARA AWHILE

Army Board Does Not Anticipate Immediate Abandonment

WYOMING GETS MANY MORE TROOPS

Senator Millard Introduces Bill for Norfolk Public Building, Also Two Pension Bills of Interest to Omaha.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The decision of the army board, headed by Lieutenant General Miles, to retain Fort Niobrara only temporarily with quarters for one troop of cavalry, as announced in the board's report yesterday, does not necessarily mean that Niobrara is to be immediately abandoned.

"It is our intention," said a well-known army officer, "to retain the temporary quarters until such time as the forts now in process of construction or in process of enlargement are completed. It is the intention of the War department to increase the facilities of the posts wherever practicable and to put them in a position of permanency, such as we have not had heretofore."

The decision to retain Fort Robinson in Nebraska and Fort Meade in South Dakota, with headquarters and eight troops of cavalry at the latter post and with four troops of cavalry at the former, was reached after careful consideration of the location. There were a great many protests before the board against Fort Robinson and Fort Meade being abandoned, and these had weight with the board of army officers. Congressional influence was also brought to bear upon the board, and the decision was largely based upon the representations made by the residents of the states interested in the retention of these posts as permanent factors in the army management.

"Niobrara will be eventually abandoned as contemplated, but it will be some time before it occurs."

Contrary to all expectations, Fort McKensie, Wyo., was retained as a permanent post, with four companies of infantry. Energetic work was done by the Wyoming delegation in congress and by the citizens of Nebraska who have interests at Sheridan, and this action brought about the increase in Fort D. A. Russell, from eight to twelve companies and one battery of artillery, giving Wyoming more troops than the state has had in many years.

Senator Millard introduced a number of bills today, one providing for suitable medals for officers and crew of the United States vessel of war Keewauqua; one for the erection of a public building at Norfolk and two pension bills of considerable interest to the people of Omaha, one for Mrs. Sarah H. H. Lowe and the other to increase the pension of Mrs. Marietta Elizabeth Stenton, widow of Brigadier General Thomas S. Stanton.

Senator Allen introduced a bill authorizing the appointment of brigadier general on the retired list of medical officers on the retired list for distinguished services.

For South Dakota Stock Growers. Senator Gamble presented a petition from the Western South Dakota Stock Growers' association asking for the passage of a bill to extend all live stock legislation in force in South Dakota over all Indian reservations in that state, also a petition from the South Dakota Merchants' association favoring reduction of letter postage to cent.

Wynpukity was expressed today by Senator Dietrich's colleagues when they learned of the serious illness of his daughter, at present at Catakili, N. Y.

Congressman Lacey of Iowa today introduced a bill to tax articles manufactured from wood of the so-called "big trees."

The house committee on public lands today ordered a favorable report on the bill introduced by Representative Burke affecting communiting on the Sioux reservation in South Dakota.

The house committee on Indian Affairs today adopted two amendments to amend the appropriation bill offered by Representative Burke. One of them relates to a pro rata allowance for the maintenance of pupils in the Indian schools and the other provides for the restoration of rations to the Indian pupils in the mission schools.

Federal Appointments in Iowa. The Iowa delegation in congress has a lively time in prospect over the appointment of federal appointments to the several districts. Lot Thomas of the Sioux City district is pushing the claims of J. U. Bonnie of Le Mars for a district attorneys-ship. H. G. McMillan, present incumbent, is a candidate, although he has moved out of the district and has taken up his residence in Cedar Rapids. G. W. Patterson of Cedar Rapids is a candidate for re-appointment as collector, while Ed Knott, present United States marshal, is after another term. Knott is the only man who reads his title clear. The others will have to do some hustling before they are out of the woods. Some of the Iowa delegation are ready to settle the appointments right away, five others are for holding off until after their primaries for congress. With these differences obtaining Senators Allison and Doolittle may have to adjust the matter to suit themselves.

The Nebraska Republican club had Lincoln memorial services tonight. The principal address was made by Auditor Andrews of the Treasury department.

May Decide on Norfolk Postoffice. Rumor is current that John Hays of Norfolk, former candidate for congress in the Third district, is considering the question of accepting the Norfolk postoffice and giving up his ambition to go to congress this year.

Dr. E. E. Banford was today appointed pension examining surgeon at Centerville, Ia.

Mrs. Emily E. Rabitts of White Earth, Minn., is appointed assistant teacher in the Indian school at Genoa, Neb.

Glen Wilson has been appointed postmaster at Lebanon, Van Buren county, Ia.

WOMEN WHO WANT SUFFRAGE

Advocates of Equal Rights Gather in Annual Convention.

PRESIDENT CATT MAKES HER ADDRESS

Clara Barton, Susan B. Anthony, Rev. Anna Shaw and Other Pioneers in the Crusade Are Present.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The executive committee of the International Suffrage convention, which met here today, held its second session this morning, preliminary to the opening of the convention, to further consider a plan of organization and other questions of importance. The committee decided to admit to auxiliary membership the Friends Equal Rights association.

Two propositions, submitted by President Carrie Chapman-Catt, were referred to a subcommittee, which is to report to the full committee on Friday. The first has for its object the promoting of equal suffrage sentiment, which she said had been used successfully in France. It embodies the creation of a woman's postage stamp, the same as in France, to be placed alongside the regular stamp.

She pointed out that the regulation postage stamp represents a young woman resting her hand on a table which bears a motto, "Rights of Man," while the French women have adopted a reverse of this and show a young man with his hand on a table, with the motto "Rights of Woman."

Her other proposition is that each state suffrage association shall appoint a state historian to keep a record of all interesting facts.

Following the meeting of the executive committee the delegates from foreign countries gathered in conference for the purpose of considering the question of the formation of an international woman's suffrage association. The countries represented at this meeting were England, Australia, Russia, Turkey, Sweden, Canada, Chile, Norway and Denmark.

Miss Susan B. Anthony, Miss Carrie Chapman-Catt, New York; Miss Anna Shaw, Mrs. Anna Rachel Foster Avery, Philadelphia.

A subcommittee of five was appointed to consider and refer a plan for the establishment of such an organization. The subcommittee will report to the convention.

The president, by a vote of the convention, was authorized to appoint the members of the finance, courtesies and credentials committees. She explained that the resolutions committee must be named by a vote of the delegates and that this could be done later. The following chairmen were appointed: Finance, Miss Harriet May Mills, New York; courtesies, Miss Mary O. Hay, credentials, Miss Harriet Taylor Upton.

The foreign delegates, who were seated on the platform and who took great interest in the proceedings, listened to words of greeting from May Wright Sewall, Clara Barton, Susan B. Anthony and Rev. Anna H. Shaw.

Mrs. Sofia Lovens Friedland of Russia spoke, saying that she had been the friend of America during the civil war, and that closest of friendship existed between the two countries. America, she said, had more than once displayed friendship toward Russia and sent her ships there to protect her people from a most cruel enemy—hunger.

President Catt, the president, then delivered her annual address, which was listened to with marked attention. She was frequently interrupted by loud and prolonged applause.

At the conclusion of Mrs. Catt's address a recess was taken until 8 o'clock.

The first night's session of the convention was appropriately given over to the pioneers, a number of whom occupied seats on the platform. Miss Susan B. Anthony presided and greetings and addresses from a number of well known women were heard.

Mrs. Wise, a member of the League of Loyal Women, extended the greetings and sympathy of that organization in the cause of equal suffrage.

A cordial greeting from England's pioneer, Fressilla Bright McLaren, was presented by Mrs. Florence Fenwick Miller.

A contribution on "Educated Suffrage" from Elizabeth Cady Stanton was read by Rev. Olympia Brown.

A paper by Caroline Hallowell Miller of Maryland, who because of illness was unable to be present, was read by Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton. The paper was entitled "Why We Come Again," and was an earnest plea for equal suffrage. She asked that the subject be studied in its true light, that of simple justice, and that the work be pressed on until the era of true liberty and true equality, the only cure and safe foundation for a true republic.

WOMEN WHO WANT SUFFRAGE

Advocates of Equal Rights Gather in Annual Convention.

PRESIDENT CATT MAKES HER ADDRESS

Clara Barton, Susan B. Anthony, Rev. Anna Shaw and Other Pioneers in the Crusade Are Present.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The executive committee of the International Suffrage convention, which met here today, held its second session this morning, preliminary to the opening of the convention, to further consider a plan of organization and other questions of importance. The committee decided to admit to auxiliary membership the Friends Equal Rights association.

Two propositions, submitted by President Carrie Chapman-Catt, were referred to a subcommittee, which is to report to the full committee on Friday. The first has for its object the promoting of equal suffrage sentiment, which she said had been used successfully in France. It embodies the creation of a woman's postage stamp, the same as in France, to be placed alongside the regular stamp.

She pointed out that the regulation postage stamp represents a young woman resting her hand on a table which bears a motto, "Rights of Man," while the French women have adopted a reverse of this and show a young man with his hand on a table, with the motto "Rights of Woman."

Her other proposition is that each state suffrage association shall appoint a state historian to keep a record of all interesting facts.

Following the meeting of the executive committee the delegates from foreign countries gathered in conference for the purpose of considering the question of the formation of an international woman's suffrage association. The countries represented at this meeting were England, Australia, Russia, Turkey, Sweden, Canada, Chile, Norway and Denmark.

Miss Susan B. Anthony, Miss Carrie Chapman-Catt, New York; Miss Anna Shaw, Mrs. Anna Rachel Foster Avery, Philadelphia.

A subcommittee of five was appointed to consider and refer a plan for the establishment of such an organization. The subcommittee will report to the convention.

The president, by a vote of the convention, was authorized to appoint the members of the finance, courtesies and credentials committees. She explained that the resolutions committee must be named by a vote of the delegates and that this could be done later. The following chairmen were appointed: Finance, Miss Harriet May Mills, New York; courtesies, Miss Mary O. Hay, credentials, Miss Harriet Taylor Upton.

The foreign delegates, who were seated on the platform and who took great interest in the proceedings, listened to words of greeting from May Wright Sewall, Clara Barton, Susan B. Anthony and Rev. Anna H. Shaw.

Mrs. Sofia Lovens Friedland of Russia spoke, saying that she had been the friend of America during the civil war, and that closest of friendship existed between the two countries. America, she said, had more than once displayed friendship toward Russia and sent her ships there to protect her people from a most cruel enemy—hunger.

President Catt, the president, then delivered her annual address, which was listened to with marked attention. She was frequently interrupted by loud and prolonged applause.

At the conclusion of Mrs. Catt's address a recess was taken until 8 o'clock.

The first night's session of the convention was appropriately given over to the pioneers, a number of whom occupied seats on the platform. Miss Susan B. Anthony presided and greetings and addresses from a number of well known women were heard.

Mrs. Wise, a member of the League of Loyal Women, extended the greetings and sympathy of that organization in the cause of equal suffrage.

A cordial greeting from England's pioneer, Fressilla Bright McLaren, was presented by Mrs. Florence Fenwick Miller.

A contribution on "Educated Suffrage" from Elizabeth Cady Stanton was read by Rev. Olympia Brown.

A paper by Caroline Hallowell Miller of Maryland, who because of illness was unable to be present, was read by Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton. The paper was entitled "Why We Come Again," and was an earnest plea for equal suffrage. She asked that the subject be studied in its true light, that of simple justice, and that the work be pressed on until the era of true liberty and true equality, the only cure and safe foundation for a true republic.

WOMEN WHO WANT SUFFRAGE

Advocates of Equal Rights Gather in Annual Convention.

PRESIDENT CATT MAKES HER ADDRESS

Clara Barton, Susan B. Anthony, Rev. Anna Shaw and Other Pioneers in the Crusade Are Present.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The executive committee of the International Suffrage convention, which met here today, held its second session this morning, preliminary to the opening of the convention, to further consider a plan of organization and other questions of importance. The committee decided to admit to auxiliary membership the Friends Equal Rights association.

Two propositions, submitted by President Carrie Chapman-Catt, were referred to a subcommittee, which is to report to the full committee on Friday. The first has for its object the promoting of equal suffrage sentiment, which she said had been used successfully in France. It embodies the creation of a woman's postage stamp, the same as in France, to be placed alongside the regular stamp.

She pointed out that the regulation postage stamp represents a young woman resting her hand on a table which bears a motto, "Rights of Man," while the French women have adopted a reverse of this and show a young man with his hand on a table, with the motto "Rights of Woman."

Her other proposition is that each state suffrage association shall appoint a state historian to keep a record of all interesting facts.

Following the meeting of the executive committee the delegates from foreign countries gathered in conference for the purpose of considering the question of the formation of an international woman's suffrage association. The countries represented at this meeting were England, Australia, Russia, Turkey, Sweden, Canada, Chile, Norway and Denmark.

Miss Susan B. Anthony, Miss Carrie Chapman-Catt, New York; Miss Anna Shaw, Mrs. Anna Rachel Foster Avery, Philadelphia.

A subcommittee of five was appointed to consider and refer a plan for the establishment of such an organization. The subcommittee will report to the convention.

The president, by a vote of the convention, was authorized to appoint the members of the finance, courtesies and credentials committees. She explained that the resolutions committee must be named by a vote of the delegates and that this could be done later. The following chairmen were appointed: Finance, Miss Harriet May Mills, New York; courtesies, Miss Mary O. Hay, credentials, Miss Harriet Taylor Upton.

The foreign delegates, who were seated on the platform and who took great interest in the proceedings, listened to words of greeting from May Wright Sewall, Clara Barton, Susan B. Anthony and Rev. Anna H. Shaw.

Mrs. Sofia Lovens Friedland of Russia spoke, saying that she had been the friend of America during the civil war, and that closest of friendship existed between the two countries. America, she said, had more than once displayed friendship toward Russia and sent her ships there to protect her people from a most cruel enemy—hunger.

President Catt, the president, then delivered her annual address, which was listened to with marked attention. She was frequently interrupted by loud and prolonged applause.

At the conclusion of Mrs. Catt's address a recess was taken until 8 o'clock.

The first night's session of the convention was appropriately given over to the pioneers, a number of whom occupied seats on the platform. Miss Susan B. Anthony presided and greetings and addresses from a number of well known women were heard.

Mrs. Wise, a member of the League of Loyal Women, extended the greetings and sympathy of that organization in the cause of equal suffrage.

A cordial greeting from England's pioneer, Fressilla Bright McLaren, was presented by Mrs. Florence Fenwick Miller.

A contribution on "Educated Suffrage" from Elizabeth Cady Stanton was read by Rev. Olympia Brown.

A paper by Caroline Hallowell Miller of Maryland, who because of illness was unable to be present, was read by Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton. The paper was entitled "Why We Come Again," and was an earnest plea for equal suffrage. She asked that the subject be studied in its true light, that of simple justice, and that the work be pressed on until the era of true liberty and true equality, the only cure and safe foundation for a true republic.

KODOL Digests what you Eat Dyspepsia Cure

It is Everywhere. One way of Doing It. How It was Accomplished. By intricate experiments and laboratory work it was found possible to combine, in exact proportions, all the digestive naturally used in the digestion of the various classes of foods and to unite with them the organic substances required to build up the exhausted tissues.

We Must Give It a Rest. The Common Sense Method. To absolutely cure dyspepsia and restore the digestive organs to health, we must give the stomach complete rest and give the body a plentiful variety of good nourishment and at the same time supply reconstructive materials to be used in repairing the worn out structures.

Prepared at the laboratory of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. 50 cts. and \$1. a bottle. The large size contains 24 times the small size.

Cures all stomach troubles

MISS GENEVIEVE CLEMENS, PRESIDENT OF THE NORTH SIDE YOUNG WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.



hundreds of thousands of women from beds of helpless weakness to lives of health, strength and usefulness. Miss Genevieve Clemens, No. 10 LaSalle Avenue, Chicago, Ill., had permitted this trouble to run on to a serious stage. She then tried Wine of Cardui and she tells about her happy cure in the following letter:

Women have as important work to do and they should be as active and ambitious as men. The time has passed when women's usefulness in any sphere is to be lightly spoken of. Though many women are also active in almost every walk of life. They are prominent factors in literature, music and art—even in politics. They exert a wide influence through the church, the club and numerous useful societies. Kindergarten, orphan asylums and nearly all great charities are dependent upon their careful direction; faithful work and loving care. In every land progress may be measured by the position of women.

WINE OF CARDUI CURES THE DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Advertisement for The Lakewood Hotel, featuring the Bee Building and reasonable rental prices and perfect accommodations.

Advertisement for Howell's Anti-Kawf, a cough remedy, and Men's Nerve Pills, a health supplement.

Advertisement for Absolute Security, Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Advertisement for Carter's Little Liver Pills, Must Bear Signature of Dr. J. C. Carter.

Advertisement for Men Suffering, Sexine Pills, from loss of nervous force.

Advertisement for Sovereignty is Retained, Authority Over Isthmus is Not Removed from Colombia by the Protocol.

Advertisement for Shah Will Not Go to London, Persia's Ruler Decides Not to Attend the Coronation of King Edward.

Advertisement for Cured of Piles, Mrs. Hinkley, Indianapolis, writes: "The doctor said it must be an operation costing \$500 and little chance to survive."

Advertisement for A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever, Dr. T. Felix Gouard's Oriental Cream or Magdalen Beauty.

Advertisement for How to Adopt the Block Signal, Wabash and Big Four Railroads Will Install System on Their Lines.

Advertisement for How to Adopt the Block Signal, Wabash and Big Four Railroads Will Install System on Their Lines.