

TO PUSH THROUGH STRIKES

Mine Workers Will Collect Tax to Complete Pending Fights.

MOST IMPORTANT ACT OF CONVENTION

Recae's Resolution to Gain Admission of lows and Other States in Hands of the Scale

Committee.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 27.-The United Mine Workers' took today, what is regarded by many of the delegates, as the most important action of the convention, when it adopted a resolution from Indiana district No. 11, providing that the convention should levy an assessment on all the members of the organization sufficient for the purpose of carrying to a speedy and successful termination all strikes now engaged

in by the entire organization. A resolution bearing the amount of the assessment to be determined by the national executive board was passed after much discussion, as some of the members thought the board would not be made to assume the responsibility. Delegate Reese of Iowa, then moved that the board be instructed to report to this convention. This was con-

Fight Operators to the End.

President Mitchell, who is head of the executive board, had an understanding with the convention that the levy was to cover such strikes as have the indorsement of the national board. It is the purpose of the miners to fight the operators to the end in all these strikes, as the principle of whether or not the organization is to be recognized at stake.

An Illinois delegate presented a resolution raising the salary of the national president to \$2,500 a year. The president now gets \$1,800. Many of the delegates, it is said, favor the resolution.

Discussion of Pelegate Reese's resolution, providing for admission of other states to the interstate agreement, was taken up. Vice President Lewis, who was reported opposed to the admission of Iowa or ever known Lewis to oppose lows or any other state. "So far as I know, you have not," Reese

"I ask this simply to be made right with

the Iowa members, said Lewis. Several others spoke on the resolution. A counter resolution of Delegate Evans that the matter be referred to a joint conference of operators and miners this week together with Reese's proposition, was finally referred to the scale committee, and the incoming executive board. Reese made a spirited speech in defense of his resolu-

Following the disposition of this matter a resolution was introduced providing for the establishment of competitive districts west of the Mississippi for the purpose of arranging agreements between mine workers and operators there, and asking that the national executive board be instructed to call a joint conference for these states. The resolutions committee amended it to include Tennessee, Kentucky and Alabama. The matter was referred to the executive

Mooney's Fight on Mitchell.

Last Tuesday, when the charges preferred by Miss Mollie Meredith against President Mitchell and Secretary-Treasurer Wilson were under discussion, Delegate James Mooney of Missouri, in the course of a speech urging an investigation of the Meredith charges, said he had in his possession evidence that Mitchell, in another matter, had not acted in good faith and had gone so far as to make statements which were not true. President Mitchell at the time came back with the statement before the convention that if the delegates knew what he (Mitchell) knew about Mooney they would not care to associate with him in the convention and would not tolerate him in its deliberations.

Mr. Mooney subsequently referred his grievance against President Mitchell to the

The convention at first refused to concur in the committee report, a majority favoring a ventilating of the matter then and

Delegate Mooney addressed the delegates from the state. He said he had asked permission to withdraw the grievance from the committee and this had been refused. Pres-

ident Mitchell, however, had instigated its all employes in the service from visiting airing by the convention and he was ready Washington, whether on leave with or President Mitchell said he was called to congressional legislation.

Kansas City last June by a telegram to straighten out a tangle into which the miners of that district were mixed up. He found that one of the bardest men he had

to handle was James Mooney. As a result the convention finally, on motion of Patrick Dolan of Pittsburg, decided to drop the whole matter.

TREATY DAY IN THE SENATE Compacts with Persia and Guatemala Ratified and West Indies

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 .- The senate today in executive session, received the treaty with Denmark, transferring the West India

Filed.

The exact consideration specified in the treaty to be paid by this country is \$5,000,-

possession of that country to the United

with Servia and the trade mark treaty with Guatemala, Senator Cullom, as chairman of the committee on foreign relations, first explaining that both treaties were after the usual patterns in such cases and had been favorably passed upon by the commit-

Senator Carmack today submitted Philippines on the tariff bill. It says that opposition to the measure is not based on any mere question of revenue, or any theory concerning forms and principles of stitutional rights and transcends the limits of constitutional power.

The senate committee on immigration to day continued its hearing of the subjects of the Chinese exclusion. The time was for a term of six years, beginning on March taken up by representatives of the federation of Labor, and of the state of California, who submitted arugments in the nature of a reply to Hon. John W. Foster, who spoke last week before the committee in opposition to the pending measures.

Former Secretary Foster, he said, had spoken of the virtues of the Chinese, but the records of San Francisco showed that there had been in the last twenty years 31,161 arrests of Chinese, representing 1,311

The senate pension committee today reor President Lewis, who was reported specified by the admission of Iowa or other states, asked Reese if he had known Lewis to oppose admission of the senate today confirmed the nomina.

Wirginia, gave notice that at some later "Yes," interjected Mr. Tillman, "he is brilliant officer doing some very dirty foulke presented to the committee a state-work; that is my opinion." tion of William W. Bowers, to be collector of Customs at San Diego, Cal.

> CANCELS THE EXAMINATION Civil Service Commission Finds Fault with Methods of Treating.

Applicants. WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 .- The civil serv-

ice commission has cancelled the examina-Department of Agriculture, held June 18 garding the Philippines. He said: and 19 last, and has made public its report on its investigation of the integrity of that examination.

The report says that employes of the division of statistics improperly and unfairly assisted in their preparation for the examination by disclosures made by Mrs. Bertha Burch, an employe in pursuance of instructions from John Hyde, statistician of the Department of Agriculture, directing her to give all the help in this examination, which she "legitimately" could.

The report says the testimony shows that dvance information of a more or less definite character was given out by her covering at least six questions asked in the examination, and also that unclassified laborers in the statistical division were given other unfair advantages, the questions being framed in such a manner that only those experienced in the actual work at the division could pass.

The report calls attention to an apparent effort by Statistician Hyde to forestall the investigation of the commission in respect to one or more of the witnesses examined and says threats were made to them. The

report reads:
"We are under the very highest moral obligation to protect all witnesses who, at our request, have appeared before us and have given testimony in regard to this examination. The commission will exhaust all its powers before it will permit any of these witnesses to be injuriously affected in any manner directly or indirectly on account of information which they have com-

Employes May Stay at Home.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.-Postmaster without pay, for the purpose of influencing

Digests what you Dyspepsia Cure

A healthy stomach, capable of digesting a good, square meal, is a great blessing. It keeps the body strong by insuring plenty of nourishment. In fact, it means perfect health. But something must be done when the stomach is so tired that it can't digest what you eat, for undigested food poisons the blood.

We can recommend a preparation that completely digests all classes of foods—that is Kodol Dyspersia Cure. It gives the atomach perfect rest and allows you to eat and enjoy the variety of food that is necessary for maintaining health. It never fails to cure indigestion, after everything else has failed. It is pleasant to take and can be used in all conditions.

"For many years I suffered from chronic indigestion, and it seemed as though nothing was going to do me any good. On the advice of a friend I commenced using Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It gave me immediate relief and I continued its use, until now I feel that I am cured."—Henry F. Cramer, Wendelville, N. Y.

It can't help but do you good
Prepared by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The \$1. bottle contains 214 times the 50c. size.

The favorite household remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, throat and lung troubles is ONE MINUTE Cough Gure. It cures quickly.

DUBOIS RAISES DISTURBANCE

Idaho Conator Wants General Wheaton Consured for Criticisms.

EADS TO ATTACK ON ADMINISTRATION

Minority Members Open Batteries of Denunciation on Philippine Polley, but Are Speedily

Checked.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.-An animated and prolonged discussion was precipitated in the senate today over the right of army officers to criticise utterances made in the senate or elsewhere on the conduct of affairs in the Philippines. At times it became somewhat acrimonious, officers in the Philippines being taken sharply to task for statements attributed to them in dispatches from the Philippines.

Rising to a question of privilege early in the session, Mr. Dubois of Idaho had read an Associated Press dispatch from Manila in which General Wheaton was Manila in which General Wheaton was for referring to anything Mr. Teller may quoted as criticising some utterances of have said as "silly," and pointed out that Prof. Schurman in a speech delivered in the statement of General Wheaton did not Boston. Mr. Dubois thought the president criticise the minority of the senate, but under the circumstances would be war- straply Prof. Schurman. He insisted that ranted in reprimanding General Wheaton for his utterances. He declared that such comment on the action of the senate was "outrageous and indecent" and that the minority had had quite enough of threats to not continue to serve. and blackmail.

The debate thus precipitated took a wide range. Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts, Mr. Spooner of Wisconsin and others maintained that no newspaper utterance ought to be accepted as the basis of a reprimand The letter was widely circulated and atof any officer unless it were supported by tracted attention." an investigation indicating the accuracy of the report.

Money and Platt in Dispute.

Rising to speak on the pending quesion, Mr. Money of Mississippi delivered an extended speech, in the course of which he went pretty thoroughly over the whole question

Mr. Platt of Connecticut took sharp issue with the Mississippi senator on some of his conclusions of constitutional law, contending that the United States could not be expected to grant independence to the Filipines and to relinquish all rights in the islands merely because of the natives' desire for liberty.

Soon after the senate convened today minority report from the committee on Mr. Lodge, chairman of the Philippine committee, favorably reported a resolution authorizing that committee to make an investigation of the Philippine question and for that purpose to sit during the sessions taxation, but because the bill violates con- of the senate. The resolution was referred to the committee on contingent expenses, Mr. Blackburn of Kentucky presented the credentials of James B. McCreary, recently elected a senator from Kentucky

> 4, 1903. They were placed on file. Isthmian Canal Commission. Mr. Hanna of Ohio likewise presented the credentials of his colleague, Joseph Benson Foraker, who was re-elected recently to the senate for a term of six years, be-

ginning March 4, 1903. They were read In introducing a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of experts to ascertain the cost of an isthmian canal tunnel five miles in length by what is known ported favorably Senator Mitchell's bill as the Darien route, Mr. Scott of West

Mr. Dubois of Idaho rising to a question an Associated Press report from Manila, quoting General Wheaton as criticising some remarks of Dr. Schurman in a speech at Boston and that the opinion was prevalent in the Philippines that men were sent to prison in Manila for saying less. I think, said Mr. Dubois, in view of the statements in this dispatch, the president ought to reprimand General Wheaton and those officers in the Philippines who are criticising tion for special statistics compiled for the the senate for its action or statements re-

Dubois Becomes Sarcastic.

"I do not know who General Wheaton is, but he is probably some charity boy appointed to West Point by a senator or representative and since supported by the as having made are, however, outrageous

and indecent." Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts suggested that it would be wise to ascertain, before General Wheaton was reprimanded, whether he actually made the statements attributed to him. General Wheaton, he said, was an officer of ability and character, and no hasty action should be taken in such a

Mr. Teller said: "I don't think there is is attributed to him."

Mr. Lodge: "There may be a great deal of doubt about it."

Mr. Teller continuing, said such a situation as had arisen, was one of the blessings growing out of the conditions in the Philippines. A padlock, he asserted, was to be placed upon the mouth of every man, congressman or private citizen, and all riticism of the administration's Philippine policy was to be stienced. He referred to the criticism of senators, who had antagonized the administration's policy in the Philippines, declaring they had been charged even with treason.

Teller Takes a Gloomy View. "I suppose," said he, "that no senator. after a while, will be able to read on this

floor the declaration of independence without subjecting himself to a charge of inciting treason. He said that if Prof. Schurman's speech

Payne has reissued an order promulgated were published in the Philippines it was by previous administrations, prohibiting known over there that he proposed that the Filipines should ultimately have their in-

"Anybody," he asserted, "who will criticise the utterances in that speech would criticise the declaration of independence if he dared to do so."

Mr. Lodge said Mr. Teller's statements concerning the declaration of independence was "silly." What President Schurman said in Boston did not, in his opinion, concern the senate. The only point was whether general of the United States army had criticised the senate. It did not appear from the dispatch that General Wheaton had referred to the senate at all. He had a perfect right to comment upon Prof. Schurman's utterances if he wished to. It would be a most unusual proceeding to assume that General Wheaton was guilty of any indiscreetion until he had been heard

Tillman Adds a Word.

In response to inquiries by Mr. Rawlins of Utah, Mr. Lodge said he did not know whether newspaper dispatches sent from Manila were censured or not, and he did not know whether the War department had or had not taken steps to ascertain whether General Wheaton had made the statements credited to him.

Mr. Carmack of Tennessee questioned th right of any officer of the United States army to criticise either the actions or the utterances of any private citizen. Mr. Tillman of South Carolina interrupted to say that the general commanding the army had been reprimanded by the president for agreeing with the admiral of the navy upon question in which "all the people of the Inited States were absolutely agreed." Mr. Hoar of Masschusetts contended that

no unsupported newspaper report on a matter of this kind ought to be accepted by the senate. He therefore deprecated the injection of the Manila item into the senate proceedings. He thought the whole mat-ter should be eliminated from consideration, as he believed it entirely likely that General Wheaton would be reproved if he had made any statements he ought not to have

For the time this closed the incident. Bills were passed as follows:

To amend an act granting to the Clearwater Valley Railroad company a right of way through the Nez Perces Indian lands in Mr. Nelson, in charge of the Department

of Commerce bill, had read a long letter from John W. Hayes, general secretarytreasurer of the Knights of Labor, in support of the bill.

Mr. Jones of Arkansas read a protest on the part of railroad engineers, firemen and other employee against the transfer of the department of labor to the new Department of Commerce. The bill went over without progress having been made and the discussion of the Philippines tariff bill was re-

Lodge Offers Apology. Mr. Lodge said he desired to apologize there was no disposition on the part of anybody to suppress news or views. He instanced the circulation of a letter urging the soldiers in the army of the Philippines

"Who sent out that circular?" inquired Mr. Jones of Arkansas. "It was sent out, I think," replied Mr. Lodge, "by Mr. Edwin Atkinson. It urged soldiers not to serve in the Philippine war.

Mr. Rawlin insisted that the suppression of information and opinions was so numerous that one could not depend on the statements coming to the United States from the Philippines. The Philippine com-mission, he said, had arrogated to itself the functions of congress.

Errors of Commission.

Indeed, the commission had done many things which congress would never have done. The dispatch under discussion indicated that the authorities in the Philippines were prepared to punish what they considered treasonable acts and utterances. Mr. Dubois insisted that the dispatch he had presented bore evidence on its face of blackmailed, he said, "as long as we ought

"Such utterances as have been instanced are offensive to us and they ought not to be permitted to pass without a reprimand the president of the United States. They coming from officers of the army

is exceedingly bad taste." Mr. Spooner deemed it the part of wisdom to ascertain first whether General Wheaton had made the statements attributed to him before any attempt was made papers and documents relative to the disto secure his censure.

Thinks Dispatch Inspired. Mr. Tillman of South Carolina inter-

Mr. Spooner replied that he did not believe that it was either inspired or cen- manent census office. The first bill of this sored, but he believed the senate ought to character was rejected by the house and await Wheaton was a fine officer of great

achievements. "Well, it is not mine," replied Mr. of personal privilege directed attention to Spooner. "I have the word of the senator ployes of the office above the grade of

from Indiana (Beveridge) that the censorship of news dispatches in the Philippines was abolished some time ago." Mr. Money made an extended speech in criticism of the government's policy in the Philippines, declaring:

not likely soon to have that." Situation Will Grow Worse Mr. Hale interrupted to say that the

situation in the Philippines will grow worse instead of better and that it is anomalous to mix the civil and military government. Replying to a question from Mr. Hale as to what he would do with the islands.

government. Such remarks as he is quoted Mr. Money replied: "Let them go to the devil and take care of themselves as far as the American people are concerned." Mr. Money, answering Mr. Hoar, said that 6.7 per cent in favor of the creditors of the before the United States declared war

there were village governments, peaceful and successful, in the Philippines. Mr. Platt of Connecticut said he did not want to let this occasion pass without expressing his emphatic dissent from the

principle on which Mr. Money's remarks were founded. The Mississippi senator, he any doubt that General Wheaton said what said, had not questioned the rights in the Philippines, our sovereignty over the islands, or our legality over the acquisition of them, yet he insisted we were where the constitution was not, and we ought to accord to the Filipinos their independence because they demanded it.

Justifles Philippine Policy. States had the right to acquire territory tendency of a cold toward pneumonia. For and hold sovereignty over it, it would be a stultification of ourselves to yield our rights to that territory as soon as the inhabitants

demanded their independence. Mr. Foraker concurred with Mr. Platt. In concluding the debate, Mr. Dubeis, referring to Mr. Spooner's remarks, said he the United States army at Chicago last was entirely satisfied that the Associated August. His right name is Webster and Press dispatch was accurate.

"ever put words into a man's mouth that months under the name of Gilbert. he did not utter. I have every reason to wife and child live at Webster City, Ia. believe the dispatch is accurate." He said, however, that if the statements and delivered to the army officers.

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THE CUDAHY PACKING CO., OMAHA. KANSAS CITY.

egarding General Wheaton were not true, hen the reprimand of the general which he proposed would not lie against him. The senate, on motion of Mr. Cullom, at 4:45 went into executive session and at

WITNESSES MUST BE PRESENT Attendance Before Receivers and

Registers of Land Office Made Compulsory.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 .- The house today dopted a resolution calling for documents relating to the old training ship Vermont which was placed out of commission last summer, and also passed a bill to provide accuracy. We have been threatened and for the compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers of the general land office.

A bill to appropriate \$100,000 for establishing homes for the teaching of articulate speech to deaf children was defeated. The

When the house met Mr. Foss of Illinois, chairman of the committee on naval affairs. reported back favorable the resolution of Mr. Fitzgerald of New York, calling upon the secretary of the navy for all reports, continuance of the use of the receiving ship Verment, and it was adopted.

After considerable discussion a bill was passed to provide for the compulsory atrupted to inquire who would furnish the tendance of witnesses before registers and proof that the dispatch read had not been receivers of the general land office.

The house committee on census today redefinite information. General referred back to the committee for re-

proposed bill which provides that the emskilled laborer shall be eligible for transfer or appointment by the heads of the executive department to positions in the classified service. Mr. Foulke said grave injury would result to the competitive system from the passage of this provision. "We are committed to it, I suppose, un- Those taking the competitive examination til we have a decided interval, and we are relied on the empty promise of the government that if the one highest on the list they will be considered for the first appointments when vacancies occur, and it would be a grave injustice to fill the places to which they are fairly entitled by others who have not submitted to open competition, but have been appointed upon the

> Dividend for Kearney Bank. WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 .- The comptroller

insolvent First National bank of Kearney, An Attack of Pneumonta Warded Off. "Some time ago my daughter caught a evere cold. She complained of pains in her chest and had a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to HENRY H. MAROT, Auditor. directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail," says James Prendergast, merchant, Annato Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands. The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubtedly warded off by Chamber-Mr. Platt contended that if the United lain's Cough Remedy. It counteracts any

sale by all druggists.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 27 .- Fred Gilbert, alias Fred Webster, has been arrested at Everett on the charge of deserting from he married in Chicago under that name. "No Associated Press reporter," said he, He has been living at Everett for several Webster has been taken to Fort Flagler

STATEMENT

house adjourned until Wednesday.

sumed consideration of the bill for a pervision, and the meeting today was to con-

nomination of members of congress.

of the currency has declared a dividend of

Iowa Man a Deserter.

PENN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY of PHILADELPHIA

Office 921, 923 and 925 Chestnut Street.

PHILADELPHIA, January 23, 1902. Pursuant to the requirements of its Charter, this Company publishes the following statement, being the principal features of its Fifty-fourth Annual Report to

ASSETS.

City Loans, Railroad and Water Bonds, Bank and other Stocks	18,383,151.24 1,206,658.00 7,986,110.18
NET LEDGER ASSETS Net Deferred and Unreported Premiums Interest, Due and Accrued, etc Market Value of Stocks and Bonds over cost	\$46,380,860.74 1,263,567.23
Gross Assets, January 1, 1902	\$48,679,021.54
Death Claims reported, but awaiting proof	\$ 209,080.54

Reserve at 33 and 4 per cent., to Re-insure Risks 42,184,607.00

	Surplus for all other Contingencies	8,322,957.15
	Total, as above	\$48,679,021.54
	BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY DURING 1901.	
	Premiums and Annuities received	9,682,902.33
1	*Premium Abatements (Dividends to the Incomed)	2,350,231.00
		2,756,281.25
	26,249 Policies issued. Insuring	911,078.75
	In addition to the other dividends by policy holders to pay running and to purchase paid-up additions and annuities together \$625,222.54, the clotted to deferred dividend policies the summit of the company of the com	Company al-

lotted to deferred dividend policies the sum of \$39,730,42 (which is carried in Liabilities), making the total apportionment of turplus during 1901 \$1,017,953.96.

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ELLWOOD JOHNSON,
ATWOOD SMITH,
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Stories of the Studios A Wonderfully Fascinating Group of Illustrated Stories in "The Magazine That's Different."

February



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The Cover, lithographed in Seven Colors, from the Famous Drawing entitled "THE METROPOLITAN SOCIETY GIRL," by George Granby.
"A COLOR FORM," illustrating the studios and models of the Metropolis. (This is the most unique feature ever introduced in modern magazine-making.)
Pictures of the World's most Famous and most Beautiful Actresses.
"THE NEW YORK GIRL," illustrated with a dozon pictures of Beautiful Gotham

Girls.

Some information about the "MARRIAGES OF WELL KNOWN PERSONS,"—
new and entertaining.

"NEW YORK IN SNOW TIME," with eighteen illustrations.

"THE EARLIEH TRAIN," short story by May Katherine Rose. This story is fascinating, and is full of human interest. This story alone is worth ten times the price of the magazine.

"PLAYS SEEN IN NEW YORK THIS SEASON." This article is handled in a year able, interesting and unique way. "PLAYS SEEN IN NEW YORK THIS SEASON." This article is handled in a very able, interesting and unique way.

"THE EDDY GIRL," with an original picture of one. This is a drawing that everyone should have. It is well worth framing.

"SCANDALS OF SOCIETY," by Delancy Stuyvesant, the best known writer of society gossip on the American continent.

"TALES FROM HEADQUARTERS," by Waiter Everley Crane, the famous writer who has recently achieved such great success.

"PRETTY WOMEN IN FINE FURS," illustrating the latest Fifth Avenue styles. No woman who wishes to move with the smart set should miss this article. The above are only a few of the many Unique Features in the February Number. Ten Cents a Copy on all newsstands.

SPECIAL OFFER: If you will send us 25 cents for a Three-months' Trial Subscription, we will send you, FREE, either the pictures of four beautiful and well known actresses, or our beautiful 1902 Art Calendar, in seven colors.

If you will send us \$1.06 for a year's subscription, we will send you sixteen pictures of beautiful actresses, together with the above described Art Calendar. Direct or through your newsdealer.

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