

NEWS OF INTEREST FROM A.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

TO SETTLE BRIDGE QUESTION

Council Will Take Final Action at Meeting This Afternoon.

BELIEF THAT COST CAN BE REDUCED

Property Owners Suggest Plan of Opening Street by Which Demand for Bridge Will Be Obviated.

The city council will meet this afternoon in adjourned session to take final action in the matter of the Mynter and North Main streets bridge.

While the agents for the property have asked \$3,500 for the ground necessary to open the street, it is believed that if the city would seriously consider this proposition the property could be purchased at a much lower figure.

At the lowest bid for a steel cylinder bridge the city would have to expend close upon \$4,000, while the ground necessary to open the street without such a structure would, it is believed, not exceed \$2,500, providing the city was to make a detour bid for it.

The opening of the street as suggested by the owners of the property at the north-west corner of Main and Mynter streets would obviate the necessity for constructing a bridge and afford all the facility for ordinary traffic at a much lower cost.

Davis sells glass.

Christian Home is Prosperous.

The annual report of the Christian Home, in which so many people of this city take an active interest, shows that the institution is in an unusually prosperous condition.

The total number of persons in the institution on January 1, 1902, was 213, of whom 185 were children and twenty-eight were helpers and aged.

During the last six months of 1901, thirty-seven children were received into the home and homes were found for thirty-four children.

During the year there were nine deaths in the home. The financial report of the institution for 1901 shows that the total receipts were \$24,069.43, and that the expenditures were \$4,600.29 in excess of the receipts.

The receipts and expenditures by months were as follows:

Table with columns for month, receipts, and expenditures. Total receipts: \$24,069.43. Total expenditures: \$19,469.14.

In their last report J. J. Stewart and J. C. Pontius, comprising the auditing committee, say:

"The year of 1901 was the best the home ever experienced. The property of the home is all so decided that no claim can run against it. It can neither be mortgaged nor alienated. All these stringent provisions were engraved into the deeds and into the constitution of the association on the first organization of the home."

To advertise them, the first ten persons who all today (Sunday) can each get one dozen 4x6 cabinet photos for \$1.50. Williams, 541 Broadway.

Elks on Bowling Alley.

The Council Bluffs Elks, by their victory Saturday night, won the series at bowling with the Omaha Elks. The first game played on the local alleys resulted in a victory for the Bluffs members of the series ended in a victory for the Omaha lodge. The third game of the series was played Saturday night on the Council Bluffs alleys, when the local Elks scored their second victory.

The score Saturday night follows:

Table showing bowling scores for Omaha Elks and Council Bluffs Elks. Omaha Elks total: 2,483. Council Bluffs Elks total: 2,483.

Travel roofing. A. B. Read, 541 Broadway.

Bill for the Typos.

In accordance with his promise to the typographical union of this city, State Senator Hazelton has introduced a bill providing for free text books in all the public schools of the state. Mr. Hazelton when in the city last week expressed the opinion that the measure was sure of passage.

Takes Too Much Morphine.

John Herrigan, living at 1223 South Eighth street, member of an Illinois Central bridge gang, took an overdose of mor-

phine about 3 o'clock yesterday morning and the services of a physician were necessary to prevent his death. He had been in the habit of taking the drug to alleviate the pain of an ailment from which he suffered, but miscalculated the dose. He was removed from the Tremont house, where the drug commenced to have its effect, to his home on South Eighth.

Great Western Roadbed.

It is expected that the contracts for the grading of the roadbed of the Great Western railroad will be let this week. The specifications under which bids are solicited require that the work be completed within seven months after the front is out of the ground. Two of the local firms have submitted bids. Winston Bros. of Minneapolis and McArthur Bros. of Chicago are prominent bidders for the work.

Davis sells glass.

Real Estate Transfers.

Table listing real estate transfers with details on date, parties, and amounts. Total fourteen transfers: \$17,746.

Plumbing and heating. Bixby & Son.

MINOR MENTION.

Davis sells drugs.

Stamps and rugs.

Meets beer at Neumann's hotel.

Green, office 303 Sapp block.

Wollman, scientific optician, 409 B way.

Dr. Stephenson, Baldwin block, Elevator.

LEGISLATORS ARE WAITING

Each One Wants the Other to Make First Move in Iowa General Assembly.

ONLY A FEW BILLS ARE GENERAL

Measures Affecting the Judiciary May Come Up First—Trustees and Regents to Be Selected.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Jan. 25.—(Special.)—The first two weeks of the session of the twenty-ninth general assembly of Iowa brought forth nothing either sensational or especially interesting. Nothing has happened that would indicate that the session is to be unusual in any respect or that legislation is to be considered that is radical or revolutionary.

The attitude of the legislative leaders is plainly that of waiting for something to turn up. Each one is waiting for the other to make the first move. There is to be legislation that will provoke controversies, the unquestioned party leaders are slow to bring it to the front.

The general legislation indicated in bills before the legislature now is confined to matters of detail. A good primary election law has been presented in both houses, which contemplates legalizing primary elections and taking out of the hands of the party leaders the right to fix the method of making nominations for office. There does not appear to be much demand for the law, but there is no visible opposition.

A bill to do away with the ballot circle for straight party voting is only one of several that will be considered in relation to ballot reforms. The land title registration bill aims at adoption of the Torrens system in Iowa in modified form. A bill written to reduce the number of divorces granted to residents of other states in Iowa may receive some consideration. The bill to place telephone systems on the same basis as gas works, electric railways, etc., in the matter of municipal ownership and control is pretty sure to pass. The compulsory education law, which is being favored by the labor unions, will meet with some opposition and it is doubtful if it can get through. All the appropriation bills that have been introduced thus far are for state institutions and are such as have been foreshadowed.

Judiciary bills.

It is expected that this week consideration will be given to several matters affecting the judiciary. A bill which has been introduced which looks to pensioning the district judges after several years of service and when they are old. The more important bills, however, that are to come before the legislature relate to a method of relieving the supreme court of some of its burden. The bill to amend the temple bill for an appellate court was passed by the house almost unanimously, but it was late in the session and the senate did not reach the bill. Mr. Temple will introduce the same measure again. It provides for an appellate court of three members, to have jurisdiction over certain cases appealed from the district courts. It is believed the appellate court will take a large portion of the minor cases appealed and leave the supreme court free to give more time to the work. Mr. Temple says he has introduced a new jury system adopted in Nebraska and prefers the appellate court idea for Iowa. The Iowa judges, six in number, are compelled to examine more than 100 cases each in every year and to write decisions thereon. It results in long opinions and therefore the decisions are not published. The court does not stand high with lawyers. Other bills affecting the judiciary will be to raise the salaries and to rearrange the districts.

Trustees and Regents.

The joint republican caucus to select trustees of the Agricultural college and State Normal school and regents of the State University is called for next Tuesday evening. It has been the custom to permit the district members to select the trustees and regents from their respective districts and then to have a joint caucus of the entire legislature. All of the district caucuses have been held except in the Tenth district, where there is a fight on hand over regent of the university. Harvey Ingraham of Algona, who has long been a valued member of the board of regents, is opposed by Joseph Allen of Pocahontas, who is a young graduate of the university and a popular business man. The fight is in reality a continuation of an old feud in that corner of the state and the forces are so nearly evenly divided that no caucus has yet been possible. One of the members from that district has been ill, but will be here tomorrow and it is expected that a caucus will be held, but it may not decide the matter and the joint caucus, all members will be compelled to settle it.

The board of trustees of the state library have decided upon leaving to Governor Cummins and Secretary of State Martin, as a committee of the board, the direction of legislative matters of interest to the board. It is desired that there shall be a consolidation of the work of the traveling library and the state library commission. The former provides for portions of the state library which shall go about the state for the benefit of small towns and rural students and has proved very popular. The work of the state library commission has been largely in the matter of encouraging libraries in different parts of the state. They have been managed under separate heads. The library board is also interested in having the legislature adopt plans for the expenditure of \$200,000 in completion of the state historical building.

Estimates for Exposition.

The preliminary estimate of items needed for the proper representation of Iowa at the St. Louis exposition, as prepared by the Iowa Louisiana Purchase exposition commission, and presented to the governor to be transmitted to the legislature, is as follows:

Table listing estimates for the St. Louis exposition, including items like preliminary promotion, building and plumbing, architect, etc., with a total of \$258,100.

Missouri Valley, Ia., Jan. 26.—(Special.)—Judge Wheeler, who is presiding at this session of the Harrison county district court, has appointed the following committee to investigate the course of the Harrison county Board of Supervisors:

W. H. Fensler of Missouri Valley, Almor Stern of Logan and Brooks Reed of Council Bluffs.

The investigation will extend over the actions of the board during the past three years. An expert is now at work making an investigation of all the other county offices.

It is believed that the whole matter arose from the plans of an element who wish to get rid of the present board and then re-district the county to their liking. The entire county is intensely interested in the outcome of the affair.

now the satisfaction of having secured its passage in the senate, but he is afraid that the house will not look favorably upon the measure.

King, from all the evidence, sustained a lifelong injury which will forever prohibit him from active labor, and as the shooting was done by an agent of the government, the bill seeks to make the government responsible for the injury inflicted.

GRIDIRON CLUB'S BANQUET

Press Representatives Entertain Large Array of National and International Celebrities.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The black and white flag of the Gridiron club floated over the Arlington hotel all of yesterday and at night the Washington correspondents, composing that famous organization, assembled beneath their colors for the seventeenth annual dinner. When President Robert J. Winne called the members and guests to order more than 200 gentlemen had gathered in the handsomely decorated banquet hall and for four hours were entertained with the many interesting and unique features of a gridiron dinner.

The menu was a newspaper. "The Yellow Yawp," and a more sensational paper never has been issued in Washington. It was profusely illustrated and contained many pertinent and impertinent allusions to guests and public affairs.

General James H. Wilson was presented with a proper costume to wear as ambassador to the coronation of King Edward VII. Captain Charles E. Clark, formerly of the Oregon, the ambassador for the navy, was given an ovation as a hero over whom there was no dispute.

There were a number of excellent speeches. President Roosevelt, Postmaster General Payne, Senator-elect Gorman, Senators Hanna, Platt of Connecticut, Aldrich, Depece, General Wilson and Captain Clark being among those who were heard.

The party was composed of prominent men in official life and the official world and included the president of the United States, Secretary Wilson, Postmaster General Payne, Senators Aldrich, Clark of Montana, Depece, Dubois, Hanna, Gorman, Lodge, Morgan, Patterson, Platt of Connecticut and Scott; former Secretary Carter of Montana and Shoup of Idaho; Representatives Burk, Cannon, Cowherd, Gordon; Generals Miles, Corbin, Wilson and Crozier, U. S. A.; Rear Admiral Melville and Captain Clark; W. N. Colburn, T. H. Bliss, collector of Havana; George B. Corlieux, secretary to the president; Alexander G. Cochran, Missouri Pacific railway; H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions; Richard Watson Gilder, Century Magazine; Daniel Ripley of New York; Charles S. Gleed, Santa Fe railway; R. C. Korrens, St. Louis; Governor N. O. Murphy, Arizona; Count Von Quadt, German embassy; William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency; Charles Emory Smith, Philadelphia Press; Herbert G. Squires, secretary of legation of Peru; Melville E. Stone, general manager Associated Press, and John W. Yerkes, commissioner of internal revenue.

CALL ON PRESIDENT

(Continued from First Page.)

they should be sold to some corporation which would keep them solely for transport service, which few concerns would care to do.

Representative Kahn of California is one of the most pronounced members from the Pacific coast who has taken opposition to the idea of selling the transports. "So long as we have soldiers in the Philippines," said Mr. Kahn today, "we shall have bodies of sick troops to bring back to this country. In private steamers it would be almost impossible to secure for these sick men the residents of this country. The only voyage across the Pacific. Then, too, it is known that steamship owners invariably pack their steamers to the limit of their capacity and we should find on occasion that 400 men are crowded into space education law, which is being favored by the labor unions, will meet with some opposition and it is doubtful if it can get through. All the appropriation bills that have been introduced thus far are for state institutions and are such as have been foreshadowed.

Congress Must Act First.

"The question of disposing of the vessels of the transport service has been broached but congress must act before anything can be done, and from what I can learn the senate committee is not disposed to look favorably upon the project."

Mr. Kahn's views are generally endorsed by the Pacific coast members, who, for some reason, take more interest in this subject than those from any other section of the country.

There is a report here that Mr. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, is anxious to buy all of the transports now in use between the Pacific coast and the Philippines, the object being to run a line in connection with the railroad. Mr. Hill's says he has been practically decided in favor of the purchase, and that he and other officials of the W. department declare that no movement in this direction has yet been made.

"I think that our policy of Indian education is radically wrong," said Senator Kittredge of South Dakota today. "We have been steadily adopting the policy of the Hampton and Carlisle, and we have others in the states—there are four in South Dakota—besides those on the reservations. These institutions are maintained for the purpose of teaching the red men to be civilized, but they are not doing the duties they are taught they are turned back upon the reservations, where in many instances they have become blanket Indians again and soon lapse into a semi-savage state. My idea is," continued the senator, "that these Indians who have been taught the duties of civilization and acquire habits of industry, without which the red man can never become a good citizen."

Senator Kittredge is about as familiar with Indians as any man in congress. He has been closely allied with them for some years and has recently adopted into the band of Swift Bird of the Cheyenne agency. This adoption gives him the right to draw rations for himself and two squaws, although the senator has not yet acquired these incumbrances, and it also gives him the Indian name which is "Swift-Bird." A free translation of these Sioux syllables in the English means, "I like mine fat," which is supposed to refer to the fact that the senator is more than usually stout, physically.

Wyoming Man's Claim.

One of the most meritorious measures before congress succeeded in passing the bill for the relief of the soldiers of the war who were ever in getting past the committee on military affairs of the house. The measure, while admittedly just, has been frowned upon by members of the committee on military affairs as setting a precedent. Notwithstanding the justice of the bill, legislators are very chary of throwing down the bars to the country, which they claim they would do if bills of a character such as this are passed.

The story surrounding the measure is interesting to a degree. While looking after a herd of 2,000 sheep, near Baggs, Wyo., Richard King was shot by a soldier of Troop F, Ninth cavalry, while the company was enroute from Rawlins, Wyo., to Fort Duchesne, Utah, in 1894. King was sitting in the shadow of a rock, herding his sheep, when he was suddenly struck by a bullet. Upon raising himself he was able to see two men with horses, who seemed to be going away from him. He motioned to the men, who reluctantly returned, one of them proving to be a colored trooper, and the other, who was shot by King, the trooper said that "he thought he was an antelope."

Both men left the severely wounded man, one ostensibly to find the surgeon, the other to find King's wife, who was in camp about three-fourths of a mile away. After waiting some time and bleeding profusely, King managed to crawl to his camp. He was tenderly cared for by his wife and late in the day the hospital steward of the troop came to King's camp, having been ordered to do so when notice of the shooting was given to the command by the second soldier.

Recovery Almost Marvelous.

His report to the military authorities set forth the serious nature of the wound, and physicians agree that King's recovery was almost marvelous.

King suffered for ten months, incurring over \$600 expenditure for medical services, while his only property, the herd of sheep, were widely scattered and never recovered.

The bill, which carries with it an appropriation of \$3,000, has been urged by Senator Clark of Wyoming, and he has



One does not have to cross the Styx To reach the sultry ether; Who's liver and who's stomach mix irascibly together.

It is torment to look upon tempting viands and realize that to partake of them means still greater torment.

Dyspepsia is not natural. It is not right, it should not be. A full meal should give a sense of gratification and comfort; it should not annoy or distress. In perfect health every natural bodily function, if noticeable, should be attended with pleasurable sensations. It is a duty to do whatever possible, rationally disease.

If you cannot eat, or eat good, square, satisfying meals each day without discomfort, your stomach needs treatment and it is your duty to attend to it.

If swallowing any reasonable quantity of properly cooked and well-masticated food, such as others eat without discomfort, is followed by a feeling of heaviness, or a load, or there is flat, by gaseous distension or a bloated condition of the stomach, or oppression about the heart, by watery, sour or indigestible food, by distress, nervousness, dizziness, nausea, headache, inability to sleep restfully or any other symptom of defective or disordered digestion; you should procure and take Sturdt's Dyspepsia Tablets, the best medicine to remedy all functional wrongs of the stomach.

"I want to say for the benefit of some poor dyspeptic that Sturdt's Dyspepsia Tablets will give comfort and a cure every time. Five dollars a box would not stop my purchasing them should I ever suffer again as I did for a week before using them. The one 50 cent box I bought at my druggist's did the work and my digestion is all right again."

Many of my neighbors have also tried these tablets and found them to be just as reliable as Mr. Elms' and I want you to use his name in endorsing Sturdt's Dyspepsia Tablets. Signed: A. ELLMS and CHAR. F. BUZZELL, Asst. Postmaster, South Hadley, Mass.

Mr. Thomas Beale, Mayfield, Calif., says: "I have used and recommended Sturdt's Tablets because there is nothing like them to keep the stomach right for a long time."

Mr. E. H. Davis of Hampton, Va., says: "I doctored five years for dyspepsia, but in two months I got more benefit from Sturdt's Dyspepsia Tablets than in five years of the doctors' treatment."

Sturdt's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale at all drug stores at 50 cents a box.

The F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Michigan, have this book about dyspepsia, which they will mail free to anyone who requests it. Write and ask for one. It will not advise you to "live on eat" but it will tell you how you may "eat to live" and get some satisfaction out of the procedure. By following his advice you can eat a satisfying meal without the feeling of sticking in your stomach or the thoughts of Stix, and beyond it, in your mind.



SENATOR THOMAS H. BENTON

In the Senate Chamber of the United States, on Feb. 7th, 1849, said:

"An American route to the Orient

"The Overland Route"—central and natural—for ourselves and our posterity, now and hereafter for thousands

of years to come.

"THE OVERLAND ROUTE,"

Union Pacific

RUNS THREE THROUGH TRAINS DAILY

To Utah, California and Oregon. The Fast Trains arriving at Pacific Coast 16 hours ahead of all competitors.

Full information cheerfully furnished by

City Ticket Office, 1324 Farnam. Phone 316.

A CROSS WOMAN

Is a disagreeable creature to live with; the trouble is in the stomach and bowels. She needs

Prickly Ash Bitters

THE SYSTEM REGULATOR.

This great remedy removes at once the bilious impurities in the system, cures constipation and strengthens digestion. A few doses make a wonderful change; the tired, pale, nervous, despondent woman becomes strong and happy, with rosy cheeks and cheerful spirit.

PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. AT DRUG STORES.

SHOPS ARE CLOSED DOWN

Baltimore & Ohio Works Can't Operate While the Strike is in Progress.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Jan. 26.—At 5 p. M. Saturday every department of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern shops, except the roundhouse, closed down indefinitely, by order of General Superintendent Rawn, who has been here trying to effect a settlement with the striking shoemen. Superintendent Rawn said the company could not afford to operate the shops while a strike was in progress.

The strikers are opposed to making any concessions.

At 7 o'clock at night fire was discovered in the millroom of the shops, but it was easily extinguished.

KRUGER TO VISIT AMERICA

Will Probably Accept Invitations from Large Cities of United States.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Brussels says in a dispatch that Mr. Kruger has received fresh invitation from Chicago, New York and Philadelphia to visit those cities and that he will probably start upon an American tour next April.



Advertisement for 'An Inch of Hair' hair product, claiming to grow hair in 10 days.

Advertisement for Lewis Outler, Funeral Director, located at 1223 South Eighth Street.

Advertisement for Farm Loans, offering \$5000 in loans.