

CROPS IN NEBRASKA

State Bureau Compiles First Complete Reports for the Past Year.

ACREAGE OF CORN STEADILY DECREASING

But the Showing of that Cereal is Greater Than Drought P...

BETTER PRICES MAKE UP SOME LOSS

Wheat Rapidly Spreads Over State and Life in Prosperity.

CORN CROPS COMPARED FOR FOUR YEARS

Arranging the Counties in Five Districts Shows Douglas and Its Neighbors in Thicker of the Most Productive Belt.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A report has been compiled by the State Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics, giving for the first time what are said to be practically accurate crop statistics for the year 1901. It is shown that 5,553,997 acres were planted with corn, yielding 72,445,227 bushels, as against an acreage of 6,291,050 and a yield of 143,650,317 bushels the year previous. The wheat crop last year was 50,237,454 bushels, as against 37,745,245 bushels in 1900, and the increase in acreage was about 20 per cent.

The figures presented by the department show that the acreage of corn has been gradually decreasing since 1899, while the acreage of wheat has been rapidly increasing. With corn smaller acreage and smaller yield in 1901 made better prices for the farmers, so that the total value of the crop does not fall many millions below that of 1900.

Taking 32 cents a bushel as the average price for corn paid to farmers in 1900, it is estimated that the value of the crop of that year was \$45,000,101.44. Conceding that the average price for corn in 1901 was only 45 cents a bushel the value of last year's crop may be said to be at least \$22,500,050.72. Of course, all corn was not sold during the year in which it was raised, so that the figures just given are merely estimates of the value of the crops.

Great Increase in Wheat Acreage.

It is estimated that the acreage of winter wheat sown last fall exceeds that of the previous year by 37 per cent. Reports from the various sections of the state indicate that the condition of wheat is about 2 per cent better than at the corresponding time the year previous.

The figures presented by the department are said to be as nearly accurate as can be obtained. Deputy Labor Commissioner Watson and Chief Clerk Hodge have devoted considerable time to the work of gathering the statistics, and for the purpose of securing the most reliable information possible have conferred with the assessors in all communities, taking the reports as a basis upon which to make their calculations. The federal reports of Nebraska with a crop of approximately 100,000,000 bushels. The state authorities have been unable to verify this estimate.

The figures given by the department are said to be as nearly accurate as can be obtained from reports of various authorities. In September a statement was given to the public estimating a yield of 65,000,000 bushels of corn. The figures therein contained have been revised and corrected from the original or supplementary reports.

Comparisons of Corn Crops.

Following is a comparison of the corn crops for the four years ending with 1901:

Table with 4 columns: Year, Total Acreage, Total Yield, Average Yield Per Acre.

For the purpose of facilitating the work of calculation the department has divided the state into five districts. The first district comprises the counties of Cass, Otoe, Johnson, Nemaha, Pawnee, Franklin, Kearney, Lancaster, Saunders, Butler, Seward, Saline and Jefferson, and in it the conditions are given as follows:

Corn—The acreage as originally sown was 1,476,096 acres, or about 94 per cent of the previous year's acreage. Of this there was claimed to be 30 per cent, or 442,728 acres, gathered on 1,133,368 acres, which yielded twenty-two bushels per acre, or a yield for the division of 26,293,099 bushels.

Wheat—The fall acreage of wheat, as compared with the previous year, was 30 per cent greater. Reports from the various counties indicate that the condition of the crop is about the same as at the corresponding time the previous year.

York and Its Neighbors.

In the second division are placed the counties of Polk, York, Fillmore, Thayer, Hamilton, Clay, Nuckolls, Adams, Webster, Kearney and Franklin, and the conditions therein are summarized as follows:

Corn—The acreage as originally sown was 1,044,053 acres, or only 58 per cent of which was sown gathered, or about 589,830 acres. The average yield per acre was ten bushels, or a yield for the division of 5,918,310 bushels.

Wheat—The fall acreage of wheat is estimated at 19 per cent greater than the previous year, with the condition of the crop about the same as at the corresponding time the year before.

In the third division are the counties of Phelps, Harlan, Gosper, Furnas, Frontier, Red Willow, Hayes, Hitchcock, Perkins, Chase and Dundey. The summary for the section is:

Corn—The acreage originally sown was 621,145 acres. Of this only 42 per cent was gathered, or 262,227 acres. The average yield per acre was about five bushels, or a yield for the division of 1,326,000 bushels.

PEACE IN CENTRAL AMERICA

Presidents, Cabinet Members and Other Officials Journey for Convention.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Jan. 12.—(Via Galveston.)—President Zelaya, the ministers of his cabinet and several other Nicaraguan officials have left here for the port of Coronado, on the Pacific, where they will meet and confer with the presidents of the other states of Central America who will assemble there upon the invitation of President Zelaya.

General Terencio Sierra, president of Honduras, and General Tomas Regalado of Salvador are already on their way to Coronado. The presidents and the other representatives are expected to arrive as intending to go to Coronado. The object of these meetings is declared to be the preservation of peace. The meetings will be January 15 and 17.

SEIZES THE VESSEL FOR WAR

General Alban Appropriates Steamer Lantano and Mounts Guns on Its Decks.

COLON, Colombia, Jan. 12.—(Via Galveston.)—The South American Steamship company, having refused to charter its steamer Lantano to the Colombian government, to be used by the latter as a gunboat, General Alban, military commander of this district, issued a decree appropriating the vessel. He has taken possession of it and has deposited a sum of money equal to its value with Senator Erazman Havana. The captain of the vessel will remain in the service of the Colombian government. Cannon are being mounted on it and the vessel will probably sail tomorrow to attack the fleet of the Colombian liberals. The United States cruiser Philadelphia, which left Panama January 3 for Las Panas, has not returned.

TO NEGOTIATE WITH BANDITS

Druggoman and Treasurer of Missionary Society Go to Meet Miss Stone's Captors.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Mail, writing January 11, says that negotiations for the release of the American captive, Miss Stone, and her companion, Mme. Telika, have not yet been opened by the brigands. M. Jarguill, the druggoman of the American legation, and W. W. Peet, treasurer of the Missionary society in Constantinople, who have left Salonica for the interior to meet Miss Stone's captors, have been instructed, according to the correspondent, to negotiate only with persons bringing letters from Miss Stone without which it would be impossible to be certain that the prisoners were still alive.

CANADIAN MINISTER KILLED

Hon. Richard Reid Dobell Dies of Injuries Inflicted by Fractious Horse.

FOLKSTONE, Jan. 12.—Hon. Richard Reid Dobell, the Canadian minister without a portfolio, was thrown from his horse, and killed, at Folkestone, England, on Sunday. He arrived here a week ago, and was joined by Major Hull, his son-in-law, and his family. Mr. Dobell and Major Hull rode together to Hythe, Kent, and were returning in the afternoon and had reached the foot of Shorncliffe camp when Mr. Dobell's horse was startled by a motor car and threw his rider, who fell on his head. Mr. Dobell never regained consciousness.

LOUBET TO VISIT THE CZAR

Battleship Massena Will Convey President of France to St. Petersburg.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—According to La Presse the battleship Massena is departing at once for St. Petersburg to return the visit of the Russian czar to France. La Presse says Massena will sail at the end of March or the beginning of April, escorted by three cruisers, and that it will remain at St. Petersburg three days, returning before the general elections.

CHILEAN CONGRESS VOTES LOAN

South American Government Authorizes Raising Money, Possibly for War.

VALPARAISO, Jan. 12.—The Chilean congress has authorized a loan of \$2,000,000. Newspapers here, commenting on the official reports of the Pan-American congress in Mexico, point out that the attitude of the United States and Chile alone prevented the congress from being a failure.

ICELAND MORE INDEPENDENT

King Oscar Plans to Give the Country an Independent Resident Ministry.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 12.—King Oscar and the government have decided to present a bill to the Parliament permitting Iceland to have an independent ministry, with headquarters at Reykjavik, its capital. U. to the present the Icelandic minister has lived here.

USURPS COREAN TERRITORY

Russia Pushes Telegraph Line Across Toomien River Without Permission.

YOKOHAMA, Jan. 12.—A report has been received here from Seoul to the effect that Russia, without waiting for Korea's permission, has pushed its telegraph line across the Toomien river into Korean territory.

BRITISH CAPTURE LAAGER

Forty-two Boers Are Taken Prisoner, Including Major Wolmarans.

PRETORIA, Jan. 12.—The British forces have surprised and captured a Boer laager twenty miles northwest of Ermelo. Forty-two Boers were taken, including Major Wolmarans.

SLOOP OF WAR IS OVERDUE

Condor, Bound for Honolulu, Has Not Been Spoken Since December 2.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 12.—The sloop of war Condor is reported late and there is grave anxiety for its safety. It left Esquimaux December 2 for Honolulu.

OPPOSES BURKETT'S BILL

Stark Objects to What He Calls Worn-Out Law Across Nebraska.

SAYS PLAN FAVORS LINCOLN LAWYERS

Proposes an Altogether Different Division of State into Two Judicial Districts—Best Sugar Men Vigorous Against Cuba.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Congressman Stark of the Fourth district is outspoken in opposition to Representative Burkett's bill creating two judicial districts in Nebraska. Stark says that Burkett's bill, if passed, would make the northern district look like a worm fence, as it starts along the Platte river, then takes a shoot up to Hall county, then down, and then up to the extreme northern tier of counties, finishing on the Wyoming line. He charges that the bill was drawn in behalf of Lincoln lawyers and if passed would legislate George Thummel out of office, as he resides in Hall county, and in Burkett's bill Hall county is included in the southern district.

Stark has prepared some interesting figures in relation to Burkett's bill, which makes the southern district include the First, Fourth and Fifth congressional districts. In Stark's bill, however, Hall county is put in the northern district, upon the theory that it lies north of the Platte river, which is taken as the real boundary line in making the division.

Congressman Stark, in talking of his bill, said: "The census for 1900 shows the total population of the Nebraska territory to be 1,058,539; the population of the First congressional district to be 165,586; the Fourth district, 188,468; the Fifth district, 165,148; a total of 519,202.

"The Second district, 162,766; the Third district, 214,919; the Sixth district, 172,164; a total of 549,855, or according to the census returns, 29,339 more people in the northern district than in the southern. It is a matter of common knowledge in the state of Nebraska that the census of the Third congressional district was the most carefully and diligently taken.

"In the Fourth congressional district, over half of the population of the district were shown by the last census to have decreased in population in the last ten years, when every observing person knows that the contrary is true.

"In the Third congressional district, in the year 1900, there were cast 45,408 votes, or one for every 4.71 persons in that district, showing a population of 213,871.

"In the Second district, same year, there were cast 31,450 votes, showing a population of 146,129.

"In the Sixth district, same year, there were cast 58,858 votes, showing a population of 169,032, making a total on this basis of 531,032.

"In the First district, same year, there were cast 56,646 votes, showing a population of 172,602.

"In the Fourth district, same year, there were cast 169,032 votes, showing a population of 168,816, making a total on this basis of 540,223.

Proves Equality of Population.

"According to this basis, there are 8,981 more people in the last three named congressional districts than in the first named, and as the larger part of Hall county, including the city of Grand Island, is in the North Platte country, I have placed that in the northern district, which makes about an equal number of people in the two districts as proposed in my bill.

"Hall county has, according to the census of 1900, a population of 471, giving us 3,533 voters; taking the same ratio, South Platte district, leaves 111,002 voters, and by the ratio gives us 522,819 population in the North Platte district. Adding same to the population in that district, gives us 538,239 population in that district.

"In the election in Nebraska in 1901 there were 11,953 voters who did not vote for supreme judge.

"The following number of votes were cast for supreme judge in the election of 1901 in the state of Nebraska, by congressional districts:

"First, 27,520; Fourth, 35,842; Fifth, 29,792; a total of 93,254.

"Second, 20,881; Third, 35,365; Sixth, 31,319; a total of 90,565.

"Taken as a whole, 471, this shows the total population in the First, Fourth and Fifth districts of 439,126, and in the Second, Third and Sixth, 426,571. With the Hall county vote of 2,951 taken out of the southern district, and put into the northern district, shows the total in the First, Fourth and Fifth, at the ratio of 4.71, would be 425,377, and in the Second, Third and Sixth to be 430,460, which, in my mind, would make a much more equal division of the state than in Mr. Burkett's bill."

Nebraska McKinley Contributions.

At a meeting of the Nebraska association Saturday evening a committee was appointed consisting of one employee from each of the several departments of the government to solicit funds for the McKinley Memorial association. After the Nebraskans in the capital who are members of the association have been canvassed, the entire amount collected will be sent to the Nebraska branch of the McKinley Memorial association as the association's offering, the same to be sent to the national headquarters of the association at Canton.

Both sides of the controversy over the Cuban commercial relations with the United States have started in the fight with a great deal of vigor. Mr. Havemeyer, president of the Sugar trust, at the meeting of that corporation on Wednesday last, said that the people of the United States were paying \$85,000,000 more a year for the sugar that there is any necessity for. Mr. Havemeyer is advocating the admission of raw sugar free of duty is not talking for his health or from any philanthropic desire to benefit the common people. The American Sugar Refining company wants raw sugar free of duty and a good heavy protection on the refined article.

The best sugar men, on the other hand, headed by Henry Oxnard and the sugar planters of Louisiana, insist that the admission of raw sugar from Cuba without a duty would bring about disaster to their interests. Havemeyer claims that with free raw sugar, the cost of the refined article to the consumer would be reduced 3 cents a pound. Havemeyer is backed by the advocates of closer commercial relations with Cuba, and he will have their strong support in his efforts to secure raw sugar free from all the interests asking for an open door policy between the new republic and this nation.

But on the other hand Nebraska, Michigan, New York, Utah and California are in the exclusion position.

ETRURIA'S STORMY VOYAGE

Commander Shows Signs Where Immense Wave Wrecked Its Promenade Deck.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The steamship Etruria of the Cunard line came to its doom today, when many signs of a rough voyage were observed. The ship was on a promenade deck was seen, having been washed away by an immense wave.

PHILIPPINE INSURGENTS FLEE

Americans Destroy Barracks and Hamlets and Take Large Amount of Nations.

MANILA, Jan. 12.—The news received from Batangas province is cheerful. The expedition to Libao in Batangas has been a complete success. The columns under Colonelis Wint and Wells have destroyed a substantiality in the province, and are on their way to keep 20,000 Filipinos for six months. There was not a single American casualty during the entire expedition. The enemy fled before the Americans, many of them were killed and several surrendered.

Mor Henry Allen, formerly governor of the island of Leyte, and now chief of the insular constabulary, who has been making a tour of inspection through the islands of Leyte and Mindanao, has returned to Manila and reports that the "salvo" constabulary is fully able to control the situation in the province of Misamis in northern Mindanao, where he thinks the situation has been much exaggerated. "Previous reports concerning this province," says General Davis and Wade to request that it be brought under military control. With the exception of the church the entire town of Quique, in Bulacan province, Luzon, has been burned to the ground and thousands of Filipinos have been rendered homeless.

NEWS SERVICE FOR ISLANDS

Subscription Taken to Secure American Information Daily by Cable.

MANILA, Jan. 12.—Medical authorities assert that a considerable portion of the breaking down among American residents in the Philippine islands is due to homesickness.

The newspapers of Manila are urging the United States Philippine commission to make an appropriation for a daily cable news service from the United States. The government has offered to send news bulletins free to all points on the military wires.

A majority of the local papers, several army officials, civil officers and others have promised subscriptions to help meet the cable tolls for a three months' trial service of 100 words a day. An amount sufficient to cover the tolls for seventy words a day has already been subscribed. It is hoped that this news service can be inaugurated January 15. It will be devoted to American news exclusively. The government has offered to send news bulletins free to all points on the military wires.

URGES THE ENGLISH TONGUE

Commissioner Says Wealthy Filipinos Make Mistake in Sending Children to Spanish Schools.

MANILA, Jan. 12.—Commissioner Bernard Moses, head of the department of public instruction for the islands, has delivered an address to the teachers of Manila, in which he urges the continued instruction of Filipino children in English. He said that the parents of the wealthy Filipinos were making a great mistake in sending their children to Spanish schools, as the result would be that the children would become a portion of the American nation.

ST. LOUIS BUILDINGS DESTROYED

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 12.—Fire of mysterious origin today caused damage estimated at \$120,000 in the buildings at 311 and 313 North Main street, occupied by the E. F. W. Meier China and Glassware company. The building, a four-story brick structure, valued at \$30,000, was gutted. President of the company, Henry White of the American embassy in London.

Great Cremated in Hotel.

BRINKLEY, Ark., Jan. 12.—Fire has destroyed several buildings here, including the Arlington hotel, entailing a loss estimated at \$50,000 to \$75,000. Charles Starkey of Stuttgart, Ark., perished in the hotel.

DEATH LIST NOW SEVENTEEN

Two More Dead and Another Dying as Result of Wreck in New York Tunnel.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The death list caused by the New York Central tunnel accident was today swelled to seventeen. Wingfield Slutz, who had submitted to the amputation of one of his legs, died today at Flower hospital. He lived at New Rochelle. Richard Molineux, another New Rochelle man, who is at the same hospital, is reported to be in a precarious condition. George T. Williams of New Rochelle, one of the victims of the accident, died last night at Flower hospital.

More than 1,000 men and women assembled today in a meeting at New Rochelle last evening to give expression of public opinion as to the tunnel disaster. Many resolutions condemning the railroad were offered and then referred to a committee for action. Another committee was appointed to investigate the cause of the disaster as need assistance. District Attorney Jerome of New York City sent a telegram in which he said: "I shall welcome your co-operation in devising ways to prevent similar accidents in the future and in fixing the responsibility."

DEPEW ON THE TUNNEL WRECK

Stays Away from Washington to Confer with New York Central's Directors.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Senator Chauncey M. Depew will not go to Washington tomorrow, as planned, but will stay here until Tuesday, to have a conference with President Newman, William K. Vanderbilt, H. McK. Twombly and other managers and directors of the New York Central railroad, regarding the accident in the tunnel last night. It is believed that the underground problem, the senator seems inclined to pin his faith to a powerful motor.

"We all thought," said he, "that with the use of electricity the chances of accidents would be reduced to a minimum, and we have had the recent accident in the Liverpool tunnel. Then there was something wrong with the third rail. In an instant the train was on fire and twenty-six people were killed. That shows what may happen with a third rail. I am going to the central office tomorrow, feeling that could I solve this tunnel question in any way, I would give up everything else, even the United States senate, and devote myself to it."

CORRECT THE BOUNDARY LINE

Pennsylvania and Maryland Employ Surveyors to Re-Establish Mason-Dixon Line.

HANOVER, Pa., Jan. 12.—The surveyors employed jointly by the states of Pennsylvania and Maryland to correct the boundary line as first established by Mason and Dixon, have proceeded with their work as far as Germany township, Adams county, Pennsylvania. They report that many of the stones are displaced. The surveyors found one used as a door sill in a dwelling, another in a church foundation and others at a distance from their original locations. These stones will be secured and placed in their proper places.

HUDDLE CLOSE IN DEATH

Mother, Father and Five Children in One Charred Heap.

EACH PARENT CLASPS A LITTLE ONE

Entire Family Perishes in Flames Whose Cause is Suspected Enough to Warrant the Arrest of Insurance Beneficiaries.

BUFFALO, Jan. 12.—Henry Pearlstein, his wife and five children, ranging in age from 14 to 22 years, were burned to death early today in a fire that destroyed a two-story frame building.

Joseph Supowski, who owned the building, and Karl Bracki, his brother-in-law, have been arrested, pending an investigation. Supowski carried an insurance of \$2,000 on the building and its contents. The Pearlsteins and the family lived in the rooms above a shoe store and were asleep when the fire started. A few minutes after the fire began there was a loud explosion that blew out the front of the store and hurled some of the contents of the show windows to the middle of the street. Plate glass windows on the opposite side of Broadway were shattered and the report of the explosion was heard two blocks away. Flames enveloped the building in a short time.

The family living in the rear flat barely escaped with their lives. The Pearlsteins were awakened, but before they could reach the only stairway leading from their rooms the fire had undermined the floor in the hallway and it collapsed and carried them down into a mass of flames. Their charred bodies were found at 8 o'clock, four hours after the firemen had extinguished the flames.

The bodies of the mother and baby were together, the little one tightly clasped in its mother's arms. Pearlstein's body was close to that of his wife. He also held one of the children in his arms. The bodies of the three other children were found huddled together, close to the father's body.

Chicago Mailing Plant Abused.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Fire which broke out about 1:30 this morning in the elevator of the American Mailing company's building near the Pan Handle shops, threatens the destruction of the entire plant. The elevator already has been destroyed, with the contents, 300,000 bushels of barley. The loss, it is said, will be near \$500,000. The plant before its absorption by the trust, was controlled by J. F. Well. The elevator in which the fire started was over 100 feet high and in its efforts to cope with the flames the firemen worked to a great disadvantage.

ST. LOUIS BUILDINGS DESTROYED

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 12.—Fire of mysterious origin today caused damage estimated at \$120,000 in the buildings at 311 and 313 North Main street, occupied by the E. F. W. Meier China and Glassware company. The building, a four-story brick structure, valued at \$30,000, was gutted. President of the company, Henry White of the American embassy in London.

Great Cremated in Hotel.

BRINKLEY, Ark., Jan. 12.—Fire has destroyed several buildings here, including the Arlington hotel, entailing a loss estimated at \$50,000 to \$75,000. Charles Starkey of Stuttgart, Ark., perished in the hotel.

DEATH LIST NOW SEVENTEEN

Two More Dead and Another Dying as Result of Wreck in New York Tunnel.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The death list caused by the New York Central tunnel accident was today swelled to seventeen. Wingfield Slutz, who had submitted to the amputation of one of his legs, died today at Flower hospital. He lived at New Rochelle. Richard Molineux, another New Rochelle man, who is at the same hospital, is reported to be in a precarious condition. George T. Williams of New Rochelle, one of the victims of the accident, died last night at Flower hospital.

More than 1,000 men and women assembled today in a meeting at New Rochelle last evening to give expression of public opinion as to the tunnel disaster. Many resolutions condemning the railroad were offered and then referred to a committee for action. Another committee was appointed to investigate the cause of the disaster as need assistance. District Attorney Jerome of New York City sent a telegram in which he said: "I shall welcome your co-operation in devising ways to prevent similar accidents in the future and in fixing the responsibility."

TELEPHONE GIANTS MERGED

Michigan and Other Concerns Controlled by the Erie Become Part of Bell System.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 12.—Admiral Schley passed a quiet day at the home of General W. M. Gordon, where he is visiting. He attended religious services this morning at Christ church, Episcopal, and this evening at the Independent Presbyterian church. Each house was crowded with attendants upon the services. The streets were lined with people before and after the services. Men raised their hats to the distinguished visitor and women bowed to him, but there was no cheering nor hand-clapping.

CROWDS EAGER TO SEE SCHLEY

Savannah Citizens Through the Churches Which the Admiral Attends.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 12.—Admiral Schley passed a quiet day at the home of General W. M. Gordon, where he is visiting. He attended religious services this morning at Christ church, Episcopal, and this evening at the Independent Presbyterian church. Each house was crowded with attendants upon the services. The streets were lined with people before and after the services. Men raised their hats to the distinguished visitor and women bowed to him, but there was no cheering nor hand-clapping.

TELEPHONE GIANTS MERGED

Michigan and Other Concerns Controlled by the Erie Become Part of Bell System.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Senator Chauncey M. Depew will not go to Washington tomorrow, as planned, but will stay here until Tuesday, to have a conference with President Newman, William K. Vanderbilt, H. McK. Twombly and other managers and directors of the New York Central railroad, regarding the accident in the tunnel last night. It is believed that the underground problem, the senator seems inclined to pin his faith to a powerful motor.

"We all thought," said he, "that with the use of electricity the chances of accidents would be reduced to a minimum, and we have had the recent accident in the Liverpool tunnel. Then there was something wrong with the third rail. In an instant the train was on fire and twenty-six people were killed. That shows what may happen with a third rail. I am going to the central office tomorrow, feeling that could I solve this tunnel question in any way, I would give up everything else, even the United States senate, and devote myself to it."

CORRECT THE BOUNDARY LINE

Pennsylvania and Maryland Employ Surveyors to Re-Establish Mason-Dixon Line.

HANOVER, Pa., Jan. 12.—The surveyors employed jointly by the states of Pennsylvania and Maryland to correct the boundary line as first established by Mason and Dixon, have proceeded with their work as far as Germany township, Adams county, Pennsylvania. They report that many of the stones are displaced. The surveyors found one used as a door sill in a dwelling, another in a church foundation and others at a distance from their original locations. These stones will be secured and placed in their proper places.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Monday and Tuesday; Easterly to Southerly Winds.

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Temp. (Deg.), Wind, Clouds.

STATEMENT BY MRS. DENNIS

Declares She Was Asleep When Attack Was Made and Police Are More Mystified.

<