NEW YORK STOCKS AND BONDS.

Now Wall Street Has Another Bur-

lington settlement Theory.

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New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con..... 18 Little Chief 12

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.- The following are

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows.

Sugar and Morasses.

English Wonder if Coming Settlement is to Inaugurate Another Boom. and They Promise to Chill It.

LONDON. Nov. 10.—The fall in consols, which is partially attributable to the speech of the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, foreshadowing increased war taxes, caused everything to be duil during the early part of last week, but owing to the brisk revival in American railway securities, all the markets closed

letter.

It seems to most observers that it would take but little to start a good upward movement. With the exception of Americans, there has been little increase in business, but the quickness with which prices railied has encouraged a belief that better markets are in prospect. The Northern Pacific settlement is the subject of much discussion, especially as to whether it is the beginning of a new boom. If so, the impression is that this would not receive much assistance on the European side of the Atlantic, because neither the industrial, monetary nor political condition of Europe would justify a confident attitude on the part of old world operators.

Continental exchange has improved, from the London point of view, and therefore there is no immediate prospect of gold shipments from London. The demand for gold in the open market has also diminished. The price of bar gold shows a slight decline. The movement of gold to South America, which began with the withdrawal of £118,000 sterling week before last, seems likely to be larger than usual. It is recognized here that the French demand for gold has not been entirely satisfied by New York shipments and that it will be necessary to keep up rates to prevent the return of French capital.

MARKET HAS GOOD ADVANCE Stocks All Exposed to Setbacks Unless Firmly Supported by Their Present Leaders.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- (Special.) -Henry Clews, head of the banking house of Henry Clews & Co., in his weekly review of Wal Street, says:

The stock market has shown much strength during the last week, the advance being well distributed and well sustained. The chief stimulant was powerful manipu-The chief stimulant was powerful manipulation, based upon progress in the Northern Pacific deal. Such complicated and wide-reaching arrangements as this particular one cannot be carried to completion without friction and delay, but if all reports are true, very substantial progress has been made and the negotiations may be announced as completed at any time. The interests involved in this transaction are so vast and interwoven that ever since the hitch which developed last spring there has been a firm belief in the public mind that the rival interests, whatever their ambitions and disposition, could not afford to permit an open rupture which would have proved ruinous to both sides and created general demoralization. Hence, the "streat" has firmly believed in an eventual settlement of differences after both sides had consumed enough time for skirmishhad consumed enough time for skirmish-ing and reflection. Of course, the interven-

had consumed enough time for skirmishing and reflection. Of course, the intervening period of doubt was unfavorable to a built market and now that this element of disturbance is likely to disappear, the speculative situation will be correspondingly cleared and improved.

While conditions are less favorable than a year ago, and there are weak points that will bear watching, yet the situation at the moment seems more favorable to an upward than a downward movement. Stocks are still highly concentrated in strong hands and holders are not willing sellers at the present level. No doubt the strongest incentive to operations for higher prices is the prevalence of general prosperity. From nearly all sections of the country come reports of continued good business conditions. Even in the drouth stricken districts business is better than expected, owing to other offsets, and no complaints are forthcoming. Bank clearings are phenomenally heavy, having for several weeks exceeded last year's heavy totals by 15@20 per cent and over. Rallroads are often overburdened with traffic and earnings continue to show heavy, having for several weeks exceeded last year's heavy totals by 16729 per cent and over. Rallroads are often overburdened with traffic and earnings continue to show gains of 10215 per cent over the handsome gains of last year. On almost every side there are the most positive evidences of great industrial activity and Bs yet there are no important signs of cessation. Good judges expect the boom in iron to continue for some months to come and any recession from present high and profitable prices would simply bring in a new lot of orders that would keep both new and old capacity fully employed. The woolen goods trade, which is rarely what is called prosperous, is in better condition today than for a long period, and so the list could be extended. In a few cases there are indications of production overtaking consumption, but these are exceptional. Prices in general are very high and as in the case of fron alight recessions will quickly revive any abatement in demand, Dun's index figure is now at 97.7, which is about the highest of the last ten years. It is remarkable, but true, that this high level of prices is entirely due to the failure of production to keep pace with consumption. Speculation has had very little to do, thus far, with advancing prices and it is questionable if we have ever witnessed such a wide and continuous upward movement in values relatively free of speculation, as has been experienced during the last five or six years. The question is, will the present wave of prosperity culminate in a speculatively free of speculation, as has been experienced during the last five or six years. The question is, will the present wave of prosperity culminate in a speculatively free of speculation, as has been experienced during the last five or six years. The question is, will the present wave of prosperity culminate in a speculatively free of speculation, as has been experienced for the last five or six years. The question is, will the present wave of prosperity culminate in a speculatively free of specul

to be desired, but it will be against all previous experience if we escape dangerous speculative excesses.

At the moment the most unfavorable feature in the market is the foreign situation. The European markets are in an exceedingly sensitive state, owing to well understood causes, and with another British loan in prospect. American stocks are quite likely to be sold for shipment to the United States in an advancing market. This, of course, would not be favorable to the foreign exchanges. The cotton movement, however, has been backward for a period, and increased exports of this staple would tend to discourage gold shipments. The local money market is not entirely free of danger, bank reserves being low and the return of currency from the south being tardy, owing to the backward movement of the cotton crop. Some relief will be afforded by Secretary Gage's offer to buy bonds and by the increase of money in circulation; but the treasury is still a disturbing feature, locking up funds collected by excessive taxation. Congress seems likely to do little during the coming session; it could at least earn the good will of all parties by cutting off superfluous taxes.

The market has had a good advance and

will of all parties by cutting on supermous taxes.

The market has had a good advance and is exposed to setbacks unless firmly supported by its present leaders. On all good railies we advise profit-taking. To insiders have stocks to sell and the long pull is not as safe as a year ago. There will, however, be plenty of money to invest after January 1, and if a buil campaign is on the market may be well supported until that period, if not later. railies we advise profit-taking. To insiders have stocks to sell and the long pull is not as safe as a year ago. There will, however, be plenty of money to invest after January I, and if a buil campaign is on the market may be well supported until that period, if not later.

GERMANS ASK HELPING HAND

POULTRY - Lower, chickens, 5½c; springs, 7½c; turkeys, 6c; ducks, 6gsigc; springs, 7½c; turkeys, 6c; ducks

Now When Europeans Are

Depressed.

BERLIN. Nov. 10.—The bourse has grown more stagnant, although values have generally been maintained. Some coal and iron shares improved several points on the week, but others fell off. All other industrials were weaker. Ocean transportation shares experienced a new fall, Hamburg American declining 2½ and North German Lloyd 4 points. The latter went below par for the first time in five years.

can declining 2½ and North German Lloyd & points. The latter went below par for the first time in five years.

The Frankfurter Zeitung explains these declines by pointing to the growing conviction that the bad industrial situation of Europe 'must eventually affect the lines unfavorably.

The Cologue Gazette argues that the competition of American anthractie with German anthracite is not to be feared, in assume as the price of coal delivered to Rhine boats at Rotterdam is 29 marks for the American product, whereas the German mines offer the same quality at 22 marks. To this the Berliner Taggblatt replies that the continued imports of American anthractie demonstrate the ability of the Americans to compete and it expresses a hope that American competition will compel the German producers to reduce prices to a point where imports can be easily stopped. The Frankfurter Zeitung reports that American speculators are inquiring whether this is a favorable time to invest in German coal shares at the present reduced prices and that the answer is generally in the negative. For this reason, says this iournal, 'the export of shares to the United States has nearly ceased and there is only a slight prospect of early resumption.'

American railway securities were active. Interest was confined chiefly to Northern

Pacific, in which, however, realizations occurred toward the end of the week.

The Vossische Zeitung admits that European hourses new more than ever need an impulse from Wall street, since the United States are experiencing the almost universal depression to the least extent.

The money market throughout the week was easy, the tendency being more and more favorable. Call loans were offered at from 2 to 21g per cent.

AIR OBSCURES THE BARGAINS Fog So Thick as to Affect the Big Deals at Manchester's

OYSTERS—Mediums, per can, 22c; Standards, per can, 25c; extra selects, per can, 35c; New York counts per can, 46c; bulk Standards, per gal. \$1.20g1.25; bulk extra selects, \$1.60g1.65.

PIGEONS—Live, per doz., 65c.

VEAL—Choice, 663c.

HAY—Prices quoted by Omaha Wholesale Hay Dealers association: Choice upland, 49.50; No. 2 upland, 48.50; medium, 38; coarse, \$7.50. Rye straw, 36. These prices are for hay of good color and quality. Demand fair.

fair. WHEAT-60c. CORN-55c. BRAN-\$15.50.

VEGETABLES.

OATS-35c.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Home grown and northern.

80g90c; Salt Lake, \$1; Colorado, \$1.

ESGPLANT—Per doz. 75c.

CARROTS—Per bui, 50c.

BEETS—Per half-bu, basket, 30c.

TURNIPS—Per bu., 50c. Rutabagas, per 100 lbs., \$1.25.

CUCUMBERS—Hothouse, per doz., \$1.25.

PARSLEY—Per doz., 25c.

LETTUCE—Per doz., 25c.

RADISHES—Per doz., 25c.

SWEET POTATOES—Home grown, per lb., 24c; genuine Virginia, per bbl., \$3; Georgia, per bbl., \$2.76.

CABBAGE—Holland seed, crated, 1½c.

TOMATOES—Home grown, per 18-lb. basket, 50c.

BEANS—Wax, per ½-bu, basket, 60c; string, per ½-bu, basket, 60c; string, per ½-bu, basket, 50c.

ONIONS—Home grown, per lb., 2c; Spanish, per crate, \$1.25; Michigan reds, 2½c per lb.

CELERY-Kalamazoo, per bunch. 25@35c; Nebraska, per bunch. 30@35c; Colorado, 40@ 60c. NAVY BEANS-Per bu., \$2.15.

FRUITS. APPLES—Ben Davis, per bbl., \$3.50; wine-saps, \$3.50; Jonathan, \$4.00@6.00; anows, \$3.50; Belleflowers, per box, \$1.60. PEARS—Keifers, \$2; Vikers, \$2.25; Law-APPLES—Ben Davis, per bbl., \$3.50; winesaps, \$3.50; Jonathan, \$4.00\(\overline{0}\), \$0.00; snows, \$3.50;
Belleflowers, per box, \$1.60.

PEARS—Keifers, \$2; Vikers, \$2.25; Lawrence, \$2.25.

GRAPES—Concords, eastern, 20c; Malagas, per keg, \$5.50\(\overline{0}\), \$0.006; assumed to the last twenty-four hours:.

Articles. Receipts Shipments,
Flour, bbls. 25.006 28, 60
Wheat, bu. 250.006 133, 0
What, bu. 250.006 133, 0
Corn, bu. 35.006 103, 6
Oats, bu. 250.006 432.006
Barley, bu. 82.000 17.00
Barley, bu. 82.000 17.00
On the Produce exchange today the butter market was firm; creameries, 14222c;
dairies, 13\(\overline{0}\), \$120.

Eggs, firm; fresh, 22c.

Liverpool Grain and Provisions.

LIVERPOOL. Nov. 9.—FLOUR—St. Louis fancy winter, steady, 7s 6d. HOPS—At London. Pacific coast, steady, £362 15s. PROVISIONS-Beef, steady; extra India PROVISIONS—Beef, steady; extra India mess, 74s. Pork, firm; prime mess western, 73s 6d. Lard, steady; American refined, in pails, 44s; prime western, in tierces, 46s. Hams, short cut. 14 to 16 ibs., quiet, 47s. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 39 ibs., quiet, 47s. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 39 ibs., quiet, 49s; short ribs, 16 to 24 ibs., 48s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 ibs., dull, 47s. 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 25 to 40 ibs., quiet, 43s 6d; clear backs, 16 to 20 ibs., quiet, 43s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 ibs., quiet, 5s. Shoulders, square, 11 to 14 ibs., quiet, 5s. Shoulders, square, 11 to 14 ibs., quiet, 5s 6d. HUTTER—Steady; finest United States, 29s; good United States, 70s.

CHEESE—Quiet, American finest white, 45s; American finest colored, 46s 6d.

PEAS—Canadian, firm, 6s 4d.

TALLOW—Steady; prime city, 28s 9d; Australian in London, 29s 9d.

TOLEDO, Nov. 9.—WHEAT—Dull but firm; cash, 764c; December, 7c; May, 724c; CORN—Firm; cash, 604c; December, 604c; May, 63c; OATS—December, 394c; May, 414c. RYE—56c RYE-56c SEEDS-Clover, cash prime: \$3.65; December, \$5.67%; March, \$5.72%; No. 2 Alsyke, \$7.50.

Milwaukee Grain Market. MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9 --WHEAT-Firm; No. 1 northern, 72c; No. 2 northern, 719; 72c; December, 73c. RYE-Higher; No. 1, 581-20584c, BARLEY-Steady; No. 2, 581-2059c; sam-

Fair Activity in Wheat Keeps All Karkets Moderately Steady.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

CORN OPENS FRACTION BELOW YESTERDAY

Oats Quieter, with Smaller Trade. Than for Some Days Past-Pro-

MANCHESTER, No. 10.—The local marking was rather more steady in certain diversity of the conditions of the condition of the c

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes'y.
Wheat Nov. Dec. May Corn- Nov.	75 % 12 76	76%	723.00	764	76 2214
Dec. May Oats-	594 @1 614 @4	594	59 Q1's 51's	58% 591,671, 62 971,	1517
Dec. May Pork-	385g 403g			35% 49%	38 vir a
Jan. May Lard—	14 % 15 10	15 00 15 223 ₂	14 921 ₉ 15 071 ₉	14 971 ₂ 15 971 ₂	14 % % 15 07 %
Nov. Dec. Jan. May	8 50 8 521 ₂ 8 55 8 70	8 5214 8 55 8 60 8 75	8 5216	8 5236 8 55 8 60 8 7215	8 55
Jan. May	7 67% 7 82%	7 721 ₂ 7 871 ₂	7 671s 7 821s	7 721 ₆ 7 871 ₆	7.70

posted rates, \$1.814.94.55 and \$1.814.94.88; commercial bills, \$1.854.94.833.

SILVER—Bar, 5.78c; Mexican dollars, 454c.

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NEW YORK GENERAL MARKET.

Texas, 16617c. PROVISIONS—Beef, steady; packet, \$10.70. PROVISIONS—Beef, steady; packet, \$10.70 gr11.00; family, \$11.00gr12.00; mess, \$9.50; beef hams, \$20.50gr11.00; extra india mess, \$19.00 gr19.20. Cut meats steady; pickled beilies, \$8.75gr10.50; pickled shoulders, \$7.75gr7.5; pickled hams, \$9.8712gr19.00. Lard, firm; continent, \$9.10; South America, \$10; compound, \$7.50gr7.75. Pork, steady; family, \$17.00gr187.25; short clear, \$17.50gr19.00; mess, \$15.00gr18.20. 16.00.

HUTTER—Firm, creamery, 15522c; factory, 121261512c; June creamery, 171261714c; imitation creamery, 1512618c; state dairy,

tory, 12-26 15-2c; June creamery, 17-26 11-c; imitation creamery, 151-261c; state dairy, 14022c.
CHEESE—Quiet; fancy large, September 21-262c; fancy small, September, 101-261c; fancy small, September, 101-261c; fancy small, October, 91-261c; fancy small, October, 91-262c; fancy

York exchange, 10c discount ONAHA LIVE STOCK NARKET BOSTON, N. 9.—Clearings, \$1,608,-balances, \$1,848,79. BALT/MORE Nov. 9.—Clearings, \$1,608,-1.6; balances, \$156,789; for the week clearings, \$22,940,137; balances, \$2,712,528; money,

Good to Choice Beef Steers and Cows Slightly The state of the s Higher for the Week.

HOGS ACTIVE AND HIGHER TODAY

Light Receipts of Fat Sheep and Lambs All the Week and as a Re-

sult Prices Improved-Feeder Lambs, However, Are Lower,

SOUTH OMAHA, Nov. 9. Receipts were Omeial Monday Cattle, Hogs, Sheep. 0,551 Jincial Tuesday 0,115 Juiciai Weanesuay omeiai Thursday Official Pricial. Total this week. Same week last year ... s.des

Omana the past several days, with com-parisons: 1901. 1900. 1899. 1895. 1897. 1896. 1896 Oct 16...| 6 22 | 4 72 | 4 30| * | 3 59 | 3 20| \$ 70 Oct.

· Indicates Sunday. The official number of cars of stock brought in today by each road was: Cattle Hogs She'p.H'r's. C. M. & St. P. Ry.
O. & St. L. Ry.
Missouri Pacific Ry.
U. P. system
C. & N. W. Ry.
F. E. & M. V. R. R.
C. St. P. M. & O.
B. & M. R. R.
C. B. & Q. Ry.
R. C. & St. J. Ry.
C. R. I. & P. east.
C. R. I. & P. west.
Hinnois Central Ry.

Total receipts 6 The disposition of the day's receipts was as follows, each buyer purchasing the number of head indicated: Cattle, Hogs, Sheep.
999
2,006
3,067
1,382 Omaha Packing Co.
G. H. Hammond Co.
Cudahy Packing Co.
Armour & Co.
Hammond, from country. 30
Armour, Kansas City. 70
Other buyers. 24 134 7,194

4.874 for demand and \$4.84 for sixty days, posted rates, \$4.814.85 and \$4.874.85 and \$

119
Western range beef steers have been rather scarce all the week, while the demand has been liberal. Prices as a result are a little higher. The best grades are selling from \$4.60 to \$5.10. The general run rare bringing from \$4.60 to \$5.10. The general run rare bringing from \$4.60 to \$5.10. The general run rare bringing from \$4.40 to \$4.60. Good range cows are 100 liber for the week and others steady. Choice grades are worth from \$3.40 to \$3.20. Good to choice stockers and feeders are a little stronger for the week, but the medium and common cattle are a little lower. The same quotations noted above for natives will apply to westerns.

noted above for natives will apply to westerns.

HOGS—There was a fairly liberal run of hogs here today, but the demand was heavy, so the market opened up early at an advance of 507½c. The bulk of the hogs sold at \$5.72½65.75, with the choleer loads going from \$5.77½ to \$5.90. A few of the commoner grades and lightweights sold below \$5.72½. At those prices it was an active market and the close was good and strong, everything being out of first hands in good season.

The receipts for the week have been about normal. A slight increase is noted over

Decreasz, \$4,977,930
7.613,200
64,500
2,579,200
1,124,570
3,763,750
1,910,825
1,752,875
45

sheep and lambs teday, and consequently he market was not tested. The supply for the week shows a decrease as compared with the previous week, but an increase over the corresponding week of last year. But while there was a liberal run there were very few killers on sale, hearly the entire supply being feeders. The most of the sheep that packers did buy were in reality feeders.

Owing to the light receipts sheep and yearlings may be quoted logific higher for the week, while lambs are all the way from loc to Esc higher. The top for the week on lambs was \$4.70, which was paid for a prime bunch of natives. Some ewes from the same feed lot sold at \$1.45.

Feeder wethers have held just about steady for the week, but feeder lambs are a little lower owing to a heavy run and to a limited demand.

Quotations: Choice yearlings, \$3.003.50; choice wethers, \$3.3003.50; fair to good wethers, \$3.3003.50; fair to good ewes, \$2.9002.25; fair to good ewes, \$2.9002.25; fair to good ewes, \$2.9002.20; fair to good ewes, \$4.9000.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Cattle Steady to Nominal-Hogs Active and Strong-Sheep Steady.

cHicago. Nov. 9.—CATTLE—Receipts. 300 head, including half westerns; steady; good to prime, nominal at \$6.0096.80; poor to medium. \$1.8093.80; stockers and feeders. \$2.0094.25; cows. \$1.2094.50; heifers, \$1.5093.00; canners. \$1.2092.50; builts. \$1.759.4.50; calves, \$2.5096.25; Texas steers, nominal at \$3.0094.00; western steers, \$3.8596.45. HOGS—Receipts today, 19.000 head; Monday, 34.000 head; left over, 3.000 head; active and strong; mixed and butchers. \$5.80.96.00; rough heavy. \$5.3596.55; light. \$5.3596.60; builk of sales, \$8.6096.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 1,000 head; steady lambs, steady; good to choice western sheep. \$1.0093.60; native lambs, \$2.4094.80; western lambs, \$2.0094.80.

Official yesterday; Receipts, cattle, 22.786 head; hogs, 32.622 head; sheep, 13.100 head. Shipments, cattle, 3.858 head; hogs, 4.124 head; sheep, 4.512 head.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 9.—CATTLE—Receipts, 160 head; compared with a week ago, market for best beef steers and cows and feeders is steady; common feeders, 25-935c lower; today's prices nominal; choice export and dressed beef steers, \$5.50 95.50; fair to good, \$4.75-95.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.5094.40; western fed steers, \$4.75-96.50; western range steers, \$3.5095.00; Texas and Indian steers, \$2.75-94.65; Texas cows, \$1.75-92.25; native cows, \$2.5094.25; helfers, \$3.0095.25; canners, \$1.5092.40; oulls, \$2.0093.90; calves, \$3.0095.50; receipts for the week, 48.00 head; last week, 44.00 head; HOGS—Receipts, \$000 head; market steady to strong; top. \$5.96; bulk, \$5.6095.80; heavy, \$5.9095.80; mixed packers, \$5.7095.90; light, \$5.3595.80; pigs, \$4.7593.25; receipts for the week, \$6.000 head; last week, 59.000 head. Kansas City Live Stock Market.

for the week, 68,000 head; last week, 58,000 head;
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 100 head;
Market for muttons, compared with a week ago, 100 lice higher; feeders, steady; today's prices nominal; native lambs, \$4.50 ft6.00; western lambs, \$4.0004.80; native wethers, \$3.2503.75; western wethers, \$3.2503.86; yearlings, \$3.50003.80; ewes, \$2.7509.40; cuits, \$1.5003.25; receipts for the week, 22.500 head; last week, 24,200 head.

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

ST. LOUIS. Nov. 2.—CATTLE—Receipts, 500 head, including 200 Texans; market steady; native shipping and export steers, 55, 1026.85; dressed beef and butcher steers. 13,4068.25; steers under 1,000 lbs., \$2,3065.50; stockers and feeders, \$2,0063.85; cows and heifers, \$2,0064.90; canners, \$1,0062.00; bulls, \$2,3063.00; Texas and Indian steers, \$2,3564.55; cows and heifers, \$1,5063.15.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,800 head; steady; pigs and lights, \$5,5062.65; butchers, \$5,7566.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—No receipts; market steady, native muttons, \$3,0063.90; lambs, \$4,0064.90, culls and bucks, \$2,256; stockers, \$2,0062.25.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—BEEVES—Receipts, 55 head, including five cars to be sold; no sales reported. Cables steady. Exports, 650 oceves, 6,361 quarters of heaf. CALVES—Receipts, 140 head; very little doing, about steady; one bunch of veals sold at \$8.25, one of fed calves at \$4.50 and one of grassers at \$3.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 3,701 head; sheep very firm, lambs steady; sheep, \$2,50@3.50; culls, \$2; lambs, \$4.75@6.25; culls, \$4. HOGS-Receipts, 4,315 head; one deck on sale; firmer; deck of western hogs sold at \$5.80.

ST. JOSEPH, Nov. 9.—CATTLE—Receipts, 155 head; steady; natives, \$3.00£6.75; cows and heifers, \$1.25£5.10; veals, \$3.00£6.625; bulls and stags, \$2.00£5.00; stockers and feeders, \$1.50£4.25.
HOGS—Receipts, 6.900 head; steady; light and light mixed, \$5.50£6.85; medium and heavy, \$5.80£6.95; pigs, \$4.25£6.55; bulk, \$5.70£6.90.
SHEEP—Receipts, 150 head; steady; wethers, \$3.90.

Stock in Sight. The following table shows the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at the five principal stock markets for November 9:

Cattle, Hogs. Sheep.

South Omaha 165 7.519 753
Chicago 906 19.000 1.000
Kansas City 100 8.000 100
St. Louis 500 2.600
St. Joseph 155 5.900 150

Totale 1.820 44,019 2,013 Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—COTTON—Spot closed easy, 11-16c lower; middling upland, 8%c; middling guif, 8½c; sales, 812 bales; Futures closed steady; November, 7.50c; December, 7.54c; January, 7.46c; March, 7.46c; April, 7.49c; February, 7.46c; March, 7.59c; August, 7.29c; New ORLEANS, Nov. 9.—COTTON—Spot, firm; sales, 4,750 bales; ordinary, 5%c; condidling, 75-16c; good middling, 75-16c; good middling, 75-16c; middling, 75-16c; good middling, 75-16c; middling, 75-16c; good middling, 75-16c; stock, 18,680 bales, Futures, dulet; November, 7.30c, December, 7.3167.32c; January, 7.24c; February, 7.2167.32c; January, 7.24c; May, 7.30c, December, 7.30c, December, 7.30c, December, 7.30c, December, 7.36c; Security, 7.22c; May, 7.30c, December, 7.30c, December,

Coffee Market.

NEW YORK. Nov. 9.—COFFEE—Spot Rio, firm; No. 7 invoice, 7½c. Mild, steady; Cordova, 7½glic. Futures opened steady in tone, with prices unchanged to 5 points lower, the decline resulting from profitaking by smaller speculators. Almost immediately following the call prices commenced to advance on renewed investment and covering demand, prompted by rumors of another builtsh crop report, higher foreign markets and lighter primary receipts. The market closed firm in tone, with prices 20925 points net higher and sales of 78,000 bags recorded, including December at 6.802, 7.00c; February, 7.05c; March. 7.0027.30c; May, 7.2527.50c; June, 7.3527.40c; July, 7.4526, 7.65c; September, 7.6527.55c.

ST LOUIS, Nov. 3.—WOOL—Market more active, firm: medium grades, 124,217c; light fine, 122/14½c; heavy fine, 122/11½c; tub washed, 122/14c; heavy fine, 102/11½c; tub washed, 122/16c; heavy fine, 102/11½c; heavy fine, 102/11²c; heavy fine, 122/14c; heavy fine

New York Dry Goods Market.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—DRY GOODS—The week closes with very quiet conditions prevailing in the dry goods market. There has been only an indifferent demand for any description of catton goods here and shippers are without quotable change. Print cloth unsettled for regulars, which are offered from second hands at 2 l5-16c. Narrow and wide edds inactive. Cotton yarns in fair demand and easy and irregular. Worsted yarns advancing. Woolen yarns quiet, but steady.

Evaporated Apples and Dried Fruits. NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—EVAPORATED APPLES—The usual Saturday duliness prevailed and values were as last quoted. State, common to good, 628c; prime, 81gc; choice, 9c; fancy, 91,429gc.

CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS—Market inactive, but steady. Prunes, 33,47c. Aprilcots, Royal, 81,4612c. Moor Park, 3212c. Peaches, peeled, 11418c; unpeeled, 64,91gc.

Peoria Market.

PEORIA, Nov. 9 .- CORN-Easier; No. 2, OATS-Firm; No. 2 white, tic, billed WHISKY-on the basis of \$1.31 for fin-

Duluth Grain Market.

DULUTH Nov 2-WHEAT-Cash No. 1 hard, 14 c; No. 2 northern, 80 c; No. 1 northern, 18 c; No. 1 northern, 18 c; ORN-55 c; OATS-40 655 c. SHEEP-There were no fresh arrivals of

CONDITION OF OMAHA'S TRADE

Cooler Weather Last Wook Stimulated Buying in the Country.

SENSATIONAL DROP IN PRICE OF SUGAR

Wire and Nails Declined Ten Cents

and Steel Goods Ten Per Cent, but Dry Goods and Leather Are Very Firm.

OMAHA, Nov. 2

The trade situation in Omama and surrounding territory considerably improved last week. That is, of course, owing to the cool weather, which atimulated the demain all through the country for heavyweight goods. For the last several weeks both retailers and jobbers have been doing considerable complaining owing to the unsersiderable of the unsersiderable complaining owing the unsersiderable complaining owing the unsersiderable of the unsersiderable confidence in future business is evidenced by the manner in which they are buying their spring lines. Local houses all have their men out on the road with spring samples and as they have taken more orders for future delivery than ever before this early in the year they are well pleased with that branch of the trade.

The markets have shown more fluctuations during the week than they have for some time past. A few lines have taken a drop, but still that does not mean that prices are becoming demoralized. These who ought to know say that values are on as firm a foundation as they well could be and that the few drops that have taken a drop, but still that does not mean that prices are becoming demoralized. These who ought to know say that values are on as firm a foundation as they well could be and that the few drops that have taken a drop, but still that does not mean that prices are becoming demoralized. These who ought to know say that values are on as firm a foundation as they well could be and that the few forestally and that the general tendency of prices is upward, as there have been more advances than declines. In a great m

Sensational Drop in Sugar.

On Thursday of last week it was announced that the price of sugar on Friday would be \$4.25. This was a drop of about le per pound, which is the most radical decline that has taken place in some time. It is claimed that the drop is not justfied by conditions, as raws have not suffered a like decline. It is stated that refiners are now selling at a loss. As to how long this prival will last jobbers are not in a position to state, but they hardly look for another drop and they would not be surprised to see an advance at most any time. As soon as the \$4.25 price was announced local jobbers received orders from every direction and had they sold the amount asked for their supply would have been exhausted in a short time. As it is they are limiting the size of orders, but even then they can sell more stock than they can secure. size of orders, but even then they can selimore stock than they can secure.

The coffee market is also in an excited condition. Local jobbers received cable-grams last week stating that the crop of Santos coffees is more seriously damaged by dry weather than previously reported As a result the market firmed up rapidly and stimulated buying. It is claimed now that the crop will not go over 7,001,001 bags, while it was formerly estimated at 12,000,000 bags.

In farinaceous goods there is a stronger feeling on rolled oats and prices have advanced 25c per barrel. This, of course, affects the package goods as well as the bulk.

affects the package goods as well as the bulk.

Byrups are also advancing owing to the high price of corn. Since last report prices have gone up about three scales. The market may be said to be in a strong position at the advance and higher prices are predicted for the future.

Canned goods are very firm, with the tendency of prices upward. The only change of the week is a still further advance on tomatoes.

of the week is a strict tomatoes.

The new crop of rice is now being received, and as receipts are quite liberal there is an easier tone to the market.

It is freely predicted that higher prices will rule on laundry soap at no very distant date. This is said to be owing to the tant date. This is said to be owing to the fact that the ingredients entering into the manufacture of soap have been going up for some time past, so that manufacturers are forced to advance these prices. Local jobbers are now selling soap at a lower figure than they can buy, so that they will probably raise their prices as soon as their present supply is exhausted.

Decline in Nails and Wire.

Decline in Nails and Wire.

The most important feature of the hardware market last week was the decline in nails and wire. The drop amounted to 10c all around. Jobbers, however, say that there has been no change in the factory price, and this decline has been brought about simply through a rate war between the wholesalers of the different cities of the west. Since there has been no change in the about simply through a rate war between the wholesalers of the different cities of the west. Since there has been no change in the factory price and this decline has been brought about simply through a rate war between the wholesalers of the Omaha market are now receiving their goods at 10c less than they were a week ago.

There was also a decline last week of 10 per cent in steel goods. This war owing to the expiration of the agreement between the different manufacturers. That there is still an enormous demand for steel is shown to the effect that over 1,000,000 tons of steel rails have been sold for 1902 delivery. That is just about one-third the output of the mills for the present year. From that it would appear that there is no lack of demand.

So far as the general market is con-

The demand for fruits and vegetables has been of very satisfactory proportions during the week. Prices have not changed materially, but it is to be noticed that a good many lines that were on the market a week or ten days ago are no longer offered. This is owing to the cold weather shutting off the local supply of fresh lines, and then, too, the season for peaches, prunes, plums and several kinds of grapes is over. Apples and oranges are now the staples, in fruit. The prices at which they are selling will be found in another column.

The supply of poultry last week was none too large for the demand and as a result prices are firm at the quotations. Butter and eggs are also good and firm, with the demand fully equal to the supply.

G. H. Hausan, Lima, O., engineer L E & W. R. R., writes: "I have been troubled a great deal with backache. I was induced to try Poley's Kidney Cure and one bottle entirely re leved me. I gladly recommend it to anyone, especially my fri nd; among the trainmen, who are usually simlarly afflicted."

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT—Office of the Supervising Architect, Washington, D. C. November 5, 1901.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 2 o clock p.m. on the 17th day of December, 1991, and then opened, for the construction (except heating apparatus, electric wiring and conducts) of the U. S. Postoffice at Creston, lows, in accordance with drawings and specifications, copies of which may be had at this office or at the office of the Postomaster at Creston, lows, at the discretion of the supervising architect. James Knox Taylor, Supervising Architect.—NS-11-13-15-18-29M

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