THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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WAR IS IMPROBABLE

Little Fear of Open Hostilities Breaking Out in South America.

CASTRO CANNOT GET COUNTRY'S SUPPORT

Dr. Urbaneja Says Nationalists Will Not Help the Movement.

NO CAUSE FOR ACTION OF VENEZUELA

Colombia Has Given No Offense Sufficient to Arm Troops.

TALK TO COVER PERSONAL AMBITION

President Persecuting Numerous Nationalities Instead of Uniting Men of All Political Creeds to Fight Enemy.

WILLEMSTAD, Oct. 6.—"Today a representative of the Associated Press interviewed Dr. Alejandino Urbaneja, president of the executive committee of the Venezuelan nationalist revolutionary party, regarding the political situation. Dr. Urbaneja is the virtual leader of the party and the personal representative of "El Mocho," General Hernandez. He was a cabinet minister under former President Crespo and is a prominent lawyer. Today he is in exile in Curacao.

"The nationalists until the present time," said Urbaneja, "have passively witnessed President Castro's attitude and actions toward Colombia, but they are now compelled to protest against them. Neither the nationalists nor the country at large have ever sustained the actions of Castro, actions which now promise an international war. The nationalists do not desire war with a sister republic, nor would they follow Castro in such a war. On the contrary, they, as well as the country at large, would refuse to participate.

"If Colombia had ever really offended Venezuela there would be no necessity of Castro's forcible recruiting, as at present, in order to obtain an army to punish the offending country. In such an event all Venezuelans would loyally and enthusiastically join to punish the offender.

Must Obtain Consent of Congress.

"I do not think President Castro will declare war against Colombia. In the first place to do so legally, he must obtain the consent of the Venezuelan congress, which will not convene before February. In the second place, I do not believe members of the Venezuelan congress, although they are all partisans of President Castro, would ever consent to a ruinous war with Colombia in order to help Colombian revolutionists. Neither do I believe in the possibility of the reconstruction of Gran Colombia by force of arms. Bolivar's achievement was effected under certain conditions that do not exist today. Perhaps a Gran Colombia is possible through peaceful, intellectual operations, but never by military force. All the talk now indulged in on this subject is a mere pretext, a blind to cover the personal ambition of a few men.

"President Castro recently ordered the imprisonment of all nationalists in Venezuela. This convinces me that he does not intend to declare war against Colombia, because after eliminating the nationalists there would be comparatively few Venezuelans left who could be counted upon to supply the men and money necessary to wage hostilities against Colombia.

International Politics Involved.

"My principal reason for not believing a declaration of war will be made lies in President Castro's attitude toward the international political situation. If he intended to declare war he would attempt to unite Venezuelans of all political creeds in a solid front against Colombia. Quite the contrary is the case. He is persecuting the numerous nationalities and the latter will before long lose patience, turn on their tormentor, actively and in arms, and declare against him in retaliation. In the improbable event of his declaring war against Colombia, President Castro would receive only the support of a few of the most extreme of his partisans. The others would desert him.

"Concerning El Mocho, who is a prisoner at San Carlos, I can say that notwithstanding his continuous solitary confinement in a dark and unventilated cell, notwithstanding the chains on his arms and legs, the lack of exercise and the wretched food, his health is enduring the severe strain."

Both Sides Shoulder Arms.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Oct. 6.—An envoy of the Venezuelan government, who has just arrived at Maracaibo from the Colombian frontier, wires the correspondent of the Associated Press at Caracas as follows: "For two weeks prior to October 3, the Venezuelan troops concentrated between San Cristobal and San Cucuti, estimated at 8,000 men, had not discharged a single shot at the Colombian troops massed in front of them, estimated at 6,000. Both sides are continually at 'shoulder arms.'

"The government of Venezuela, before attacking, awaits the answer of Colombia to the Venezuelan note.

"Three thousand Venezuelans are also massed at Goajira."

LIPTON HAS ONE DAY OF REST

Owner of the English Boat Remains on Board Erin Almost Alone.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Sir Thomas Lipton had the first day of absolute rest today he has had since he arrived. Erin was at anchor off West Twenty-sixth street, but near the Jersey shore, and its owner remained on board all day. There were very few visitors. Mr. and Mrs. Jameson and Mr. Watson had gone to Glen Cove on a visit and the duke of Alba was at his hotel in New York, so Sir Thomas had the ship to himself.

When asked about his plans he said: "After the dinner at the New York Yacht club Tuesday night, I have a number of invitations to various clubs, but I have not decided which I shall be able to accept, as my time is limited. I shall go to Chicago as the guest of the Chicago Athletic club Tuesday of next week, leaving here Monday for that place. It is not likely Shamrock will remain in commission. I am sorry it did not win at least one race. However, I am going to give Captain Sycamore and the crew of Shamrock a banquet. It will probably be Thursday night. I feel that they have done their best to make the boat win."

DUKE'S OUTING ON THE LAKES

Oldest Son of King Edward Goes to Shoot Ducks in Manitoba.

POPLAR POINT, Manitoba, Oct. 6.—The royal train conveying his royal highness, the duke of Cornwall and York, and suite arrived here about 11 o'clock this morning. He was received by Senator Kirchhoffer and Lord Minto, governor general of Canada, who had arrived to meet the party. The distinguished guests are in excellent spirits and looking forward with great anticipation to the enjoyment of the shooting at Lake Manitoba. The shooting party consists of his highness, the duke, Prince Alexander of Teck, Lord Crichton, Commander Godfrey Fossett, Sir Charles Cust and Major Maude.

After luncheon on the train Senator Kirchhoffer and his guests drove out to the lake, a distance of twelve miles. On arrival at the landing a fleet of canoes was waiting to convey the guests to the shooting lodge, which is a five-mile paddle across the marsh slough. The canoe conveying the duke was guided by John Atkinson, premier guide of Lake Manitoba shooting grounds, with Lord Minto in the bow, the other boats forming a fleet of honor. The party reached the shooting lodge about 5 o'clock. Elaborate preparation had been made for their entertainment there, which highly delighted the guests.

The country is wild in the extreme, but the site selected for the shooting lodge is an ideal spot and has the appearance of a shooting box. Outbuildings and a group of tents made a very pretty picture. The weather is perfect and as game birds, particularly ducks, are plentiful, there are prospects of a splendid outing. All the shooting will be done from canoes and the sportsmen will be on hand in good time in the morning to catch the early flight of the birds.

Shortly after the arrival of the party at the lodge dinner was served and the remainder of the day was spent in a quiet inspection of the lodge and its surroundings. The party will remain at the shooting box until Tuesday and will in that time have plenty of opportunity of securing a large bag of game.

They will entrain at Poplar Point at 3 o'clock on Tuesday, reaching Winnipeg about 4 p. m. Sir Wilfrid Laurier left the party at Winnipeg and will remain there until Tuesday as the guest of Lieutenant Governor McMillin and Senator Watson.

BANFF, N. W. T., Oct. 6.—The duchess left here at 9 o'clock tonight for Poplar Point, where on Tuesday she will rejoin the duke. This morning, in company with the Countess Minto, she attended special service at St. George's mission and later drove to Devil's lake and the buffalo and elk paddock in the National park. She also visited the geyser caves and sulphur pools. She was so greatly interested in the Rockies and Selkirks that she purchased a collection of paintings of them and carried away a large number of souvenirs. The entire local population was at the depot when the royal special pulled out and when the duchess was leaving they gave a hearty cheer.

CASTRO'S ACTIONS STRANGE

Berlin Papers Make Sarcastic Comments on Policy of Venezuelan President.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—The Hamburgische correspondent publishes the surprising statement that the Venezuelan representative in Hamburg, whose authority is the Venezuelan minister in Paris, declares the reports of war and revolution from South America to be false and alleges that peace is undisturbed, adding that President Castro believes such rumors are spread by the United States in order to sidetrack European interests likely to be obstructive to the endeavors of the United States in South America.

The German press is generally sarcastic in dealing with the subject. The Lokal Anzeiger, under the caption "A War Comedy," says: "While the Boers are fighting desperately, across the Atlantic a military-political comedy is being performed. War was declared. As soon as the Colombian troops shot to kill Venezuela suddenly announced that nobody thought of war and the Venezuelan minister in Paris was ordered to explain to Europe.

"While it is true that the American press is inclined to mislead Europe regarding western affairs, it must be remembered that President Castro's attack was reported by a French war ship. The assertions of the modern Falstaff are futile."

The Kleine Journal, under the heading, "An Imaginary War," says: "For a fortnight the world was under the impression that a war was in progress in Central and South America. The latest dispatches show this was only the imagination of the American reporters and that not a shot had been fired."

The National Zeitung says: "President Castro's statement is a strong imputation. Do all reports of conflict originate in New York? Are not Mr. Hay's notes more weighty? Can Venezuela make believe that the powers have sent war ships upon sensational rumors? Would Mr. Roosevelt, before President McKinley's death, have dealt minutely with the relations of the United States to the Colombian-Venezuelan question without information? Indeed, President Castro seems to reign by more primitive means than the grand duchess of Gerolstein."

MORMONS IN GREAT BRITAIN

Apostles Predict Their Cause Will Have Increased Prosperity There.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The semi-annual conference of the Mormon missionaries in London came to a close today with three services in the Finsbury town hall, which was crowded at all three. G. Q. Morris presided and addresses were made by Messrs. Lyman, Eckerley and Emmett, apostles, and other Mormon leaders from the United States.

Mr. Lyman referred to the work of the mission in London as a great success and predicted that the Mormon cause would have increased prosperity in Great Britain next year.

FATAL TO MISSOURI HORSES

Veterinary Surgeons of St. Joe and Other Cities Grapple with Strange Ailment.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 6.—The veterinary surgeons of northern Missouri are kept running night and day, and at that are not able to meet all the demands made upon their professional services. Thousand of horses are afflicted with an unknown disease, having some symptoms of glanders. Deaths are numerous. The disease usually begins with a form of influenza.

TRAINMEN BURN IN A WRECK

Four Members of Freight Crew Cremated Under Debris of Cars.

SECOND SECTION CRASHES INTO FIRST

Men Asleep in Caboose Caught Like Rats in a Trap and Perish Before Their Comrades' Eyes.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 6.—Four trainmen met death near Onward, fifteen miles southeast of here, today in a rear-end collision of freight trains, the bodies of three being taken out badly mutilated and the fourth being almost entirely consumed before the wreck crew could subdue the flames sufficiently to permit work in that portion of the debris. The dead:

ELBERT GREELY, conductor.
THOMAS H. BROSIUS, flagman.
S. A. GALBRETH, brakeman.
JOHN HUTCHISON, fireman.

The injured:

Frank Patterson, engineer.

During the night Conductor Weaver, in charge of the second section of train No. 59, an engine and two cabooses, left Hartford City, Ind., for Logansport. In the rear caboose were Galbreth, Brosius and Greely, who had been working on the gravel train at Hartford City and who were en route to this city to spend Sunday with their families.

They were all asleep when the train stopped near Onward to make up steam. The flagman was sent out to watch for the third section from the east and no danger was thought of until the train loomed up too close for any to escape except Weaver, who jumped and got off uninjured. The third section, with Engineer Frank Patterson, had attained high speed and when it struck the rear caboose the engine reared in the air, turned clear around and came down on its side in the ditch, smashing a number of cars into kindling wood and burying in the debris the sleeping trainmen and Hutchison, the fireman for Patterson.

The wreckage caught fire and the flames kept at bay the uninjured trainmen and others, who gathered from nearby farmhouses. A special train conveyed a part of the Logansport fire department to the scene. The fire was extinguished and the work of removing the bodies begun. The bodies of Galbreth, Hutchison and Greely were found, but the body of Brosius was almost entirely consumed, only pieces of burned flesh and bones being recovered.

Six cars were burned from the third section which, with the two cabooses and the ruined engine, make the loss quite large.

The bodies of the victims were brought here and placed in the morgue awaiting removal to their homes.

ELECTRIC CARS IN COLLISION

Both Are Off Schedule and Eighteen People Are Victims of the Effort to Catch Up.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 6.—Two cars on the Consolidated street railway were in collision at Fair and Washington streets this afternoon, injuring eighteen people. Both cars were crowded and were under considerable headway when they met. Those most severely injured are:

Motorman W. P. Gadey, serious.
H. S. Johnson, president of the Chamberlain-John-Duboise company.
Miss Lumpkin, Columbus, Ga.

All the others are from Atlanta. The cars were off schedule.

RICH MAN'S SON DIES IN WANT

C. E. Deforest Succumbs to Illness Month Before Time to Receive Fortune.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 6.—A stranger who died at the Holy Cross hospital in this city last Monday of pneumonia has been identified as C. E. Deforest, an assayer of national reputation, a mechanical and mining engineer, a chemist, a student and the heir to a large fortune.

His father, who was a New York business man, had always been liberal regarding money matters with his only son. The father died and the young man's mother reduced him to an allowance when she died two years ago, placing her son's share of a $300,000 estate in trust. The will provided that he was to receive only the interest for two years. At the end of that period the entire fortune was to be at his disposal.

Heir to a fortune though he was, his last extremity found him almost penniless. Had he lived only thirty days more he would have been a rich man and his widow would have come into possession of his wealth without question or controversy. As matters now stand, there are great possibilities of litigation over the fortune. There is a provision in the will that in case of his death before the payment of the trust, the fortune should revert to Deforest's two sisters, Mrs. Doley and Mrs. Colbran, both of New York.

DURBIN WILL INVESTIGATE

Indiana Governor to Look Into Kentucky Juries Before Granting Requisition for Taylor.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 6.—The Courier-Journal will say tomorrow: Before Governor Durbin of Indiana decides whether to honor requisitions for W. S. Taylor and Charles Findley he will send a representative to Kentucky to investigate the Kentucky system of declaring a jury.

It is said Governor Durbin has in his possession a document purporting to review the history of the juries impaneled in cases growing out of the assassination of Governor Goebel.

The duty of Governor Durbin's representative will be to verify this alleged history. It is said Deputy Attorney General Morris of Indiana will represent the governor in this matter.

Movements of Ocean Vessels Oct. 6.

At New York—Arrived: Calabria, from Marseilles, Genoa and Naples; City of Rome, from Glasgow and Moville; Umbria, from Liverpool and Queenstown; Tauric, from Liverpool.

At Beachy Head—Passed: Koenigen Luise, from Bremen, for Cherbourg and New York.

At Queenstown—Arrived: Saxonia, from Boston, for Liverpool, and proceeded. Sailed: Lucania, from Liverpool, for New York.

At Liverpool—Arrived: Etruria, from New York via Queenstown.

At Marseilles—Arrived: Perugia, from New York via Genoa.

At Antwerp—Sailed: Haverford, from Antwerp, for Southampton and New York, and passed Beachy Head October 6.

Sicily—Passed: Prinz Wilhelm, from New York, for Plymouth and Cherbourg.

TARIFF IN THE PHILIPPINES

War Department Makes Public Its Customs Provision for the Archipelago.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—A special to the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin from Washington says:

The War department has just made public the revised "customs tariff of the Philippine archipelago," as enacted September 17 by the United States Philippine commission. It takes effect November 15. The new tariff is a revision of the provisions of general order No. 45 of the United States military governor in the Philippines, dated October 19, 1899, and the several orders supplemental thereto and amendatory thereof.

Its promulgation at this time may be regarded as an indication of the belief entertained by the War department that the supreme court will probably take the same view in regard to the constitutionality of revenue relations with the Philippines as it did in the case of Porto Rico. That is to say, says the Journal of Commerce's Washington correspondent, so long as the Philippines are under the control of the War department and in the absence of specific action to the contrary by congress they, for customs purposes, are regarded as foreign territory.

The new tariff was drafted for the purpose of producing $1,000,000 revenue a month. Its formulation has been entirely by new methods. It has been published and republished, and exporters and importers have been invited to examine it and suggest changes or amendments. Before it reached its final form it was found that these suggestions affected only about 5 per cent of the schedules.

The new act, as already noted, takes effect November 15, but this does not apply to goods in transit on that date. Such merchandise, provided it arrives in the Philippines within sixty days after November 15, shall be dutiable under the provisions of the law now existing.

It will be noted under section 13 that export duties are imposed on certain products of the islands, including, among others, $1 per hundred kilos for rice, 5 cents per hundred kilos for sugar, $1.50 per hundred kilos for manufactured tobacco of all kinds and whatever origin and also for raw tobacco grown in the provinces of Cagayan, Isabella and New Biscay (Luzon islands).

Raw tobacco grown in other provinces of the archipelago is subject to an export duty of but 25 cents. Section 15, which is mentioned as having been changed in important respects, is as follows

On the following products of the Philippine islands, when exported therefrom, there shall be levied and collected on the gross weight thereof export duties as follows:

Abaca, raw or wrought hemp, 100 kilos, 75 cents; indigo, 100 kilos, 25 cents; indigo, employed for dyeing (tintarron), 100 kilos, 25 cents; rice, 100 kilos, $1; sugar, 100 kilos, 5 cents; cocoanuts, fresh and dried, 100 kilos, 10 cents; tobacco, manufactured of all kinds and whatever origin, 100 kilos, $1.50; tobacco, raw grown in the provinces of Cagayan, Isabella and New Biscaya (Luzon islands), 100 kilos, $1.50; tobacco, raw, grown in the Visayas and Mindanao islands, 100 kilos, $1; tobacco, raw, grown in other provinces of the archipelago, 100 kilos, 75 cents.

Certificates of origin of raw tobacco may be required by the customs authorities when proof of the place of production is necessary.

FAVORS GIVING UP ISLANDS

Congressman Shafroth Thinks Philippines Cost United States More Than They Are Worth.

DENVER, Oct. 6.—Congressman John F. Shafroth, who has been traveling in China and the Philippines for the last four months, has arrived home. Speaking of the conditions in the Philippines he said:

"Peace has been practically restored. There is still a little insurrection in Samar, but aside from that everything is fairly quiet. I do not believe, however, that the retention of the islands will be profitable, as the government will have to expend a great deal of money on them even in time of peace. It costs now between $60,000,000 and $75,000,000 a year to keep soldiers there and even if the number is reduced to 30,000 the expense will still be greater than the profits of the islands. These islands are unquestionably rich, but their benefit to the United States will not materialize until a generation or two has passed and the need for an army in the islands has gone."

In regard to China, Mr. Shafroth says: "The trade of the United States with China has grown rapidly and this country will soon be keeping pace with the struggle for supremacy. The danger of the invasion of American fields by the Chinese is not very great as long as the exclusion act is in force, but as this expires next May the problem will be one for the government to again consider. So far the government has not allowed the Chinese to enter the Philippines, and I presume will exclude them there as long as they are kept out of the United States."

Mr. Shafroth looked into the silver question in the Philippines and will, when congress meets this winter, submit a plan for the reopening of the mint at Manila and the establishment of free coinage of the silver of the islands. Mexican and other silver coins are now circulated in the islands and, as American bills and gold command a premium in China and neighboring countries, most of the American money is now driven out of the country.

YOUNGSTER HAZED AT BELOIT

Preparatory Student Given Rough Treatment by Members of Rival Class.

BELOIT, Wis., Oct. 6.—George F. Stockwell, a student in the preparatory department of Beloit college, was enticed from his room at the house of President Eaton early this morning by members of the middle preparatory class. He was overpowered, divested of clothing and compelled to walk ahead of a score of howling students, aided by the application of switches in the hands of his tormentors. His clothing was fastened to the top of a flagpole and after he had been sufficiently "disciplined" he was allowed to go home to plan revenge.

The outrage is the climax of a number of class fights this year, in which the punishment inflicted heretofore was compelling students to walk into town after having been driven far into the country. The faculty will probably take no action on this morning's occurrence, owing to the fact that the perpetrators are unknown and because the members of Stockwell's class have taken matters into their own hands. Stockwell lives in Cherry Valley, Ill., and has no enemies in the school.

KIDNAP FULL GROWN WOMAN

Yellow Journalists of Philadelphia Give Pat Crowe Points.

BASE TRIUMPH ON FEMININE VANITY

Get Victim to Dress in Richest Jewels to Shine at Banquet, Then Make Her Deliver Them and Sign Checks.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—Charged with kidnaping a woman and holding her a prisoner for four days, robbing her of jewels worth more than $2,000 and compelling her to sign bank checks for large sums of money, is the story which the police unfolded here today when they announced the arrest of two newspaper men, a stenographer in another newspaper office and a barber, all of whom are charged with complicity in the crime.

The men now locked up at the central police station are Howard K. Sloan, an unemployed reporter; Henry Wallace, society editor of one of the morning papers; J. Knight Findlay of Wayne, near here, stenographer in the business office of another morning paper, and Oscar S. Dunlap, a barber employed in one of the most prominent shops in the city.

The victim is Mrs. Mabel Goodrich, the keeper of an establishment on North Tenth street. The four men were arrested last night and will be given a hearing tomorrow.

Last Monday Mrs. Goodrich went to police headquarters and told a story of kidnaping and robbery so daring that the police at first doubted its truth. She said that for some time a young man who represented himself as a resident of Germantown had been a frequent visitor at her establishment. He was well dressed and spent money freely.

Wants Her to Shine.

Last Wednesday week, she said, he proposed a drive through Fairmount park. He asked her to dress in her best clothes and for her to wear all her diamonds and other jewelry, because on the return from the drive he intended to take her to the finest dining room in the city and he wanted her to shine with the other women in the place.

She accepted and the next day she went out with him in a carriage with a pair of richly caparisoned horses and with a coachman on the box wearing stylish livery. At a lonely place in Fairmount park the carriage was stopped by a man whom she said represented himself as D. Clarence Gibbony, secretary and attorney of the Law and Order society of this city.

This man, she went on to say, told her that he had a warrant for her arrest on the charge of keeping a disorderly house, but that the matter could be fixed up. He was invited into the carriage and the next moment she was gagged and blindfolded. She was driven somewhere, she did not know where, but knew that the men paid toll at two tollgates, and took her into a building where a fire engine and a hook and ladder truck were standing.

Three Days a Fasting Prisoner.

She was kept a prisoner from Tuesday night to Friday night, without anything to eat or drink, and was then taken on another long drive, blindfolded, where she was kept from Friday until Monday. At the latter place the men, who were masked, took all her jewelry and at the point of a revolver compelled her to sign bank checks for various sums of money she had deposited in the Third National bank.

They made her sign for more than she possessed, but compelled her to promise that she would make up the deficiency when they released her. The men, she said, then took her on another long drive and put her out of the carriage at Tenth and Poplar streets, a mile from her house.

With other information the woman gave them, the detectives began to work on what they believed to be a fairy tale. They got several clues which led them to a fire engine house at Wayne. The fire company is a volunteer one, and the key to the place was in the nearest dwelling. The nearest house was occupied by a family named Findlay and there the police learned that one of the sons, J. Knight Findlay, had been home but little the last two weeks.

First Suspect Confesses.

Getting a description of him, the police returned to the city and found the young man, who is only 21 years of age, in the office where he is employed. He was charged with the crime and broke down and implicated three others. Findlay said that he had impersonated the coachman, that Sloan, the unemployed reporter, enacted the part of Attorney Gibbony, that the barber played the part of the rich Germantown resident, and that Wallace, the society editor, had rented a house in Germantown, where Mrs. Goodrich was to be held a captive.

He told substantially the same story as that narrated by the woman. He said they kept her in the fire house and then took her to a house at 2556 North Twelfth street, where Sloan was arrested yesterday.

The plan to keep her in the Wallace house in Germantown was abandoned in favor of the Sloan house. Sloan, the police said, conceived the whole plot, and it was he that got the barber into it. He had asked Dunlap to play the part of the rich man and get Mrs. Goodrich outdoors so that he could serve the warrant on her for keeping a disorderly house. He did not reveal the real purpose of the scheme to the barber.

All the jewelry was recovered, most of it having been found in the possession of Findlay and Sloan, who were wearing several of the rings. Only one check, for $155, was cashed, and most of this money was also recovered. Sloan was to begin work tomorrow on the same newspaper on which Findlay was employed. Wallace has been society editor of the paper on which he was employed only two weeks.

STOP ANARCHISTS' MEETING

New York Police Prevent Johann Most from Addressing Reds at New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—One thousand alleged anarchists assembled in a hall in Fourth street, this city, tonight ostensibly to hold a ball in honor of the organization of Frei-Arbeiter Stemme, said to be a society composed of anarchists, but the nature of the assemblage was suspected by the manager of the hall and in a short time forty policemen were on the scene under command of Acting Captain Place.

The manager denied that the meeting was planned to hear Johann Most make a speech, but Most while on his way to the hall was warned by members of the society, who were sent out to head him off when the police arrived on the scene. The presence of the officers prevented any speechmaking.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Showers Monday; Tuesday Fair and Cooler; Southwesterly Winds, Becoming Westerly.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	53	1 p. m.	58
6 a. m.	52	2 p. m.	60
7 a. m.	52	3 p. m.	61
8 a. m.	54	4 p. m.	62
9 a. m.	56	5 p. m.	63
10 a. m.	56	6 p. m.	62
11 a. m.	59	7 p. m.	61
12 m.	60	8 p. m.	59
		9 p. m.	56

KILLED BY BRICKBAT'S BLOW

Fred Schwitzer Under Arrest for the Death of Nells Bertelsen.

Nells Bertelsen, an aged man whose home was at 1923 South Twentieth street, died at an early hour this morning from injuries received in a fight with Fred Schwitzer Saturday noon.

Bertelsen was laying a brick sidewalk in front of his home when Schwitzer, accompanied by a little daughter, came along. The former asked Schwitzer to pay an old debt and he refused to do so. It is alleged that Bertelsen then threw a brick at Schwitzer, which hit the little girl.

The other retaliated and laid Bertelsen low. In the fall he received a long scalp wound on the back of his head and internal injuries. The exact cause of death will not be known until an autopsy is held.

Schwitzer was arrested soon after Bertelsen's death and will be held at the city jail until the county attorney's office can file a complaint.

PLATT DINES WITH PRESIDENT

Says He May Disclose Today What Roosevelt Talked About.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Senator Thomas C. Platt of New York was a guest at dinner with President and Mrs. Roosevelt tonight. The senator remained at the White House until after 10 o'clock, when he returned to his hotel. Concerning his conference with the president the senator declared he had nothing to say, but perhaps would have something to give out tomorrow.

President Roosevelt spent a quiet day. He went to the Grace Reformed church with Miss Ethel, his daughter. Mrs. Roosevelt, who left the White House with the president, stopped at St. John's Episcopal church with her son, Kermet. Both places of worship were thronged. Mrs. Roosevelt occupied the "president's pew." The last time this pew was occupied by a member of the president's family was during the administration of President Arthur. After dinner the president and his family left the White House for a walk of an hour and a half around the streets of Washington.

MEIKLEJOHN IN WASHINGTON

Nebraska Ex-Assistant Secretary of War Returns to Testify in Hemp Case.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Ex-Assistant Secretary of War George D. Meiklejohn arrived here this afternoon to testify before the hemp investigation committee.

QUARREL OVER DRESSING UP

Husband and Wife Fall from Third-Story Porch and Are Badly Hurt.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 6.—Locked in a close embrace Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reising fell from a third-story porch of their residence today and both were probably fatally injured.

Reising's objection to dressing up for Sunday was the indirect cause of the accident. His wife insisted that he dress himself in his best clothes and his refusal provoked a struggle in which the couple brushed against a wooden railing which girds the porch.

The railing broke, precipitating them to the ground, forty feet below. Reising sustained a fracture of the skull, cuts about the head and internal injuries. Mrs. Reising received internal injuries, severe cuts on the head and shows symptoms of concussion of the brain.

VIRGINIA MINERS TO UNITE

Call for Workers in Two States to Meet and Form Organization.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 6.—An official call was issued from the national headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America today for a convention of representatives of organized and unorganized labor in West Virginia and Virginia to be held at Huntington, W. Va., October 31.

The purpose is to devise some plan by which the miners and operators of the two states may be brought into closer relations with each other and the interests of the miners cared for along business lines that secure for them higher wages and better conditions of employment. The call is the outcome of the meeting at Parkersburg a week ago.

RUSHES WILDLY WITH KNIFE

Patient Crazed by Erysipelas Causes Consternation in Salt Lake Hospital.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 6.—In a fit of delirium August Sinnel, a powerfully built Finnish miner, suffering from acute erysipelas, caused a sensation at Holy Cross hospital yesterday by rushing wildly about the corridors with a large knife, threatening to murder anyone who sought to restrain him from breaking out of the hospital.

Sinnel burst off an inner door, jumped through a glass window and disappeared before the police arrived. The hospital, it is said, was the scene of wild terror for awhile.

PREACHER SHOOTS TO KILL

Coroner's Jury Quickly Exonerates Him from Blame in the Matter.

CARBONDALE, Ill., Oct. 6.—The coroner's jury summoned to inquire into the killing of John C. Brown on the street of this city yesterday rendered a verdict late last night exonerating Rev. Joseph McCammish, who shot him. Brown, jealous of the preacher, attacked him with a knife on the public square, but McCammish, who had been told that Brown threatened to kill him, was armed and shot his assailant through the lung.

SLAIN BY TRAITORS

Betrayal of American Soldiers is Done After Oath of Allegiance.

MASSACRE NOT BY ORDINARY INSURGENTS

Many of the Murderers Are Officeholders Under the Government.

INCLUDE PRESIDENT OF BALANGIGA

Warning Had Been Given and Much Precaution Taken.

MILITARY CIRCLES ARE FULLY AROUSED

Disaffection Spreads to Other Sections, but Will Be Promptly Met by Drastic Measures.

MANILA, Oct. 6.—Major Morris C. Foote of the Ninth United States infantry, who has returned here from the island of Samar, was in Balangiga the day before the disaster to Company C. He says Captain Connell had been fully warned and had taken what he (Major Foote) considered every necessary precaution.

Information that a plot was brewing among the Filipinos came to Major Foote from a priest, who said it was in the plans of the populace at both Balangiga and Basey to attack the garrisons and that the Basey garrison was to be attacked from a cockpit in the rear of the barracks. Orders were immediately given to demolish the cockpit and extra guards were stationed.

There is intense feeling throughout the army because of the massacre, which would not be the case to any such extent had it been the work of ordinary insurgents. The latter might have been expected to commit such an outrage. Feeling is particularly intense in military circles because the authors of the massacre were pacificos, most of whom had taken the oath of allegiance and many of whom, including the president of Balangiga, were actually holding office.

Some of the after effects are already shown at many points, particularly at Baulan and Caloocan, in the province of Batangas, and Manila, where disaffection is manifesting itself, although it is not likely to be allowed to go far.

On the other hand, the officers and troops at all the garrisons throughout the archipelago feel that the disaster conveys a lesson that in itself calls for increased vigilance.

MILITARY DEFIES COURTS

Leaders in Manila Refuse to Give Up Prisoner to Civil Authorities.

MANILA, Oct. 6.—Considerable interest attaches to the case of Oakley Brooks, a military prisoner to be deported. The supreme court recently issued a writ of habeas corpus, directing the production of the prisoner, but the military authorities refused to deliver him on the ground that the only tribunal having jurisdiction over a military prisoner was the supreme court. While the Philippine courts were established by the war powers of the president, the military authorities contend that they are to be regarded as provost courts until congress has acted.

The members of the supreme court and a majority of the members of the Philippine commission hold opposite views, but it is understood that the attorney general believes the military contention to be correct.

General Chaffee, discussing the matter today, said: "I am most desirous to sustain the civil courts in every possible way, but I feel that it would be very unwise in the existing circumstances to allow the civil courts to interfere in military affairs, as it is occasionally necessary for the military authorities to interfere in cases where it would be unwise in the interest of the government to make public the reasons for acting. Should the claim now made by the civil courts be allowed, it would be disastrous to the influence of the army in the island. Every prisoner sentenced by a military commission would have recourse to habeas corpus proceedings. Even Howard (the alleged deserter) is awaiting the decision in this case in order to try to secure his own release by a writ of habeas corpus."

PRAISES DEED OF CZOLGOSZ

R. E. Keity, New York Anarchist in London, Attacks McKinley's Political Career.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—A fairly well attended meeting of anarchists was held yesterday in a hall in Tottenham Court Road to hear a lecture on the assassination of President McKinley by R. E. Kelly of New York. The audience, largely composed of foreigners, applauded all references to "Saint" Czolgosz and his meritorious act. The speakers included Emile Mastile, the Italian anarchist, who described the assassination as "A deed of heroism." Kelly's lecture was a wild harangue in denunciation of Mr. McKinley's political career. He declared that they did not try to justify the assassination, but rather to explain it as the outcome of the oppression of workmen by capital.

"If the killing of McKinley opens the eyes of the capitalists and induces them to treat the working people better," cried the agitator, "then great good will have been done."

The Standard, protesting editorially against the holding of the meeting, says: "We publish a report for the purpose of drawing attention to the criminal methods that are practiced in our very midst. It may be allowed that the form of Kelly's address was not especially violent, yet he went quite far enough to call for the notice of those whose duty it is to stop apologies for murder. We do not want any Kellys among us, engaged in familiarizing Englishmen with such mischief. Society is entitled to protect itself against the teachers of these doctrines."

KING AND QUEEN AT CHURCH

Edward and Alexandra Seek to Reassure Public as to His Majesty's Health.

ABERDEEN, Oct. 6.—Notwithstanding the stormy weather and the fact that King Edward was indisposed last week, his majesty and Queen Alexandra attended divine service today at Crathie church. The king looked exceedingly well.