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Silk Embroider'd Waist Flannels

They are beautiful beyond description. In allover embroidered yard goods we are showing dots, figures and stripes. All the latest colorings and combinations at $1.00, $1.10, $1.25 per yard.

But especially new and pretty are the silk embroidered waist patterns, which are exclusively shown by us in a large variety and in all the latest colors at $3.00, $3.25, $3.50, $3.75, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00, $7.50 per pattern.

New bordered French Flannels, very stylish, just in.

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county opened the meeting with a brief address. He urged every member of the league to exert himself in the interests of republicanism and to give his hearty moral and financial support to the newly elected officers. Secretary Waring called attention to the fact that when the league was organized, there were only thirty recognized republican clubs in the state, while today 282 clubs are recorded on the roll of the league.

Walton Roberts, president of the Young Men's Republican club of Lincoln, nominated Walter Leese of this city for president of the league. Various clubs in Lincoln, Omaha and other places seconded the nomination and the election was made by acclamation. Other officers were also elected unanimously, and are: Robert O. Fink, Omaha, secretary; Victor Seymour, Lincoln, treasurer; W. P. McCreery, Hastings, general vice president; C. E. Winters, Omaha, national committeeman for Nebraska; William Kemp, Lincoln, vice president for First congressional district; Harry Davis, Omaha, vice president for Second congressional district; S. O. Campbell, Madison, vice president Fourth district; George Warren, Red Cloud, vice president for Fifth district; W. B. McQueen, vice president for Sixth district.

Resolutions were adopted congratulating the people of the state and nation on the existence of republican rule, renewing allegiance to the principles of the republican party and expressing faith that the party would solve all problems of the present and future. The resolutions were prepared by a committee consisting of Senator Arends of Otoe, John C. F. McKesson of Lancaster, A. R. Humphrey of Custer and Charles E. Winters of Douglas.

Governor Shaw of Iowa stopped here enroute to the Grand Army reunion at Hastings and tonight addressed the republicans in the Auditorium. His speech was a general discussion of the policies of the administration. Governor Savage, in making the speech of introduction, referred to Governor Shaw as a presidential possibility in 1904.

Governor Shaw's Speech.

Governor Shaw in addressing the league said in part:

"By the application of the republican policies we have won mercantile independence and are well started toward the conquest of the commercial world. The same purpose must actuate republicans in the future. American labor must have employment and to that end American capital must find avenues of profitable investments. But American markets are no longer sufficient. The time is on us when we must secure new outlets. In fifty years our agricultural products have multiplied by four, while our manufacturers have multiplied by eleven. We are consuming an ever-increasing proportion of the products of our farms and exporting an ever-increasing proportion of the products of our factories.

"The demand for new markets now is but a whisper compared to the cry of coming years. The best that can be done for our industrial interests is to open the ways and broaden the channel of trade. How can this be done? I answer, in many ways and all ways. Reclaim the a[illegible] of the state bordering on the Rocky mountains and if no more feasible plan be presented charge the expense to the lands benefited, encourage a merchant marine, construct an isthmian canal, continue to improve our consular service, and above all, secure convention rights in the ports of Europe and an open door throughout Asia. The principle of reciprocity must be put in operation or it will never again require the declaration of a party platform to convince the American people that the whole theory of reciprocity when it comes to actual practice is a failure. The future of reciprocity must not depend upon the ratification of any particular treaty, but reciprocity as a policy, if not already, will soon be on trial, and on trial for its life. It must be either applied or abandoned.

"I do not say that commercialism and statesmanship are synonymous terms. But if legislating for the protection of our own markets and the acquisition of others is commercialism then commercialism is by no means an unimportant element in American statesmanship."

Federation of Republican Publishers.

A meeting of the Nebraska Federation of Republican Publishers was held tonight. There was a large attendance and considerable business of private interest to the newspaper men was transacted. A resolution was adopted regarding the efficient manner in which the president, L. A. Williams, and the secretary, W. H. Stowell, had conducted the affairs of the federation. The publishers present were enthusiastic over the outlook and evinced a determination to perfect a larger organization of republican newspapers in Nebraska. The election of officers resulted in the re-election of L. A. Williams as president and W. H. Stowell as secretary and treasurer. The following advisory committee was elected by congressional districts: W. H. Stowell, Auburn; L. A. Williams, Blair; J. R. Sutherland, Tekamah; J. H. Casebeer, Blue Springs; Jeff Stone, Minden, and M. A. Brown of Kearney.

PIERCE CITY MILITIA SAFE

Adjutant General Dameron Decides Mob's Use of Rifles Was Impossible of Prevention.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 27.—Adjutant General Dameron returned today from Pierce City, where he was ordered last week by Governor Dockery to protect the property of the state and investigate the part played by the National guard company there in the recent mob raid which ended in three negroes being lynched. Adjutant Dameron reported that the state's property with the exception of four rifles, had been recovered. He says he cannot recommend that the company be disbanded, declaring that the militia men did their utmost to protect the property.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents

OTHER NATIONS HOLD OFF

Nicaragua and Ecuador Will Not Mix in Colombia's Troubles.

CHANCE OF WAR BECOMES MORE REMOTE

Is Removed a Little Farther Every Day, According to Advices Received in Washington, but Battles Still Are Fought.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Official mail advices received at the Colombian legation here today tend to show, it is stated, that the chances of a war between Colombia and Venezuela grow more distant every day. The mail contains mention that both the Nicaraguan and Ecuadorian governments have given the Colombian government the fullest assurances that they will remain strictly neutral with regard to the strained relations between Colombia and Venezuela.

The mail also brought the details of the complete defeat of a band of 2,500 Colombian revolutionists under General Marin at the town of Anapoyma, by the government forces. The insurgents had previously occupied the town of Giradot, on the Magdalena river, which is small but important as being a railroad terminus.

It is stated that 10,000 Colombian troops are guarding the border in command of General Gonzales Valencia, who was formerly minister of war in the Colombian cabinet.

COLON, Colombia, Aug. 27.—Isthmian affairs continue quiet. The United States gunboat Machias probably will go to Boca Del Toro at the end of the week if favorable news for the government is not recieved from that point. It is expected the French cruiser Suchet will sail in a few days.

REALISTIC TARGET PRACTICE

North Atlantic Squadron to Have New System Much Like Action in Battle.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—When the vessels of the North Atlantic squadron arrive at Hampton Roads from Newport tomorrow they will engage in a new system of gunnery practice, prescribed in recent special orders from the Navy department. The new gunnery instruction will take the place of two sea practices, and when a ship has gone through with the newly authorized gun drill, has had one record practice and four sea practices, its work in this line will hereafter be considered complete.

The entire drill will consume the greater part of a month and will include small arms target practice for all hands, sub-caliber practice, in which, at 500 yards, with the ship under way ten shots will be fired at a target from each class of gun, and preliminary target practice at 1,000 yards, by guns of caliber .35 and one-pounders.

The most important trial of marksmanship and the one which will hereafter determine the fighting worth of ships is known as "fighting efficiency practice." In this drill a target fastened off spars laid parallel to the water and in all sixty feet in length will be used. From this will rise minature masts, ten feet high, rigged with canvas. The vessel will steam by this mark at a range of 2,000 yards, and going at no less than eight knots will fire each one of the guns of its batteries in turn at the mark, bringing them all to bear during its run of perhaps a mile past the target. Actual hits only will be counted in this trial and the ship's fighting efficiency will be rated by the percentage of hits out of total shots fired.

According to information at hand at the Navy department the navies of the world are giving a great amount of attention to the subject of target practice, and many schemes are being evolved in foreign navies to make conditions in gunnery practice conform as closely as possible to these of an actual combat at sea.

GOVERNMENT WINS SUIT

Judge Barnard Decides Against Persons Claiming Right to Allotments in Oklahoma Lands.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Judge Barnard of the supreme court of the District of Columbia today decided the case of Willis West against the secretary of the interior in favor of the government. This is one of eleven cases recently brought by persons claiming right to allotments in the lands in Oklahoma territory recently ceded by the Kiowa and other Indian tribes, the claimants being for the most part white men and women who have married Indians. They sought to secure writs of mandamus compelling the secretary to recognize their selections. Judge Barnard sustained the motion of the secretary and ordered the dismissal of the petition. He said in effect that in such a petition as that involving the opening and allotment of Indian reservations the law required the exercise of judicial discretion on the part of the secretary and that the court would not interfere with the exercise of such a privelige by an executive officer. The court voluntarily remarked that if he had been in the secretary's position he would have pursued the same course that the secretary has pursued in refusing recognition to these claimants.

REORGANIZE NEW YORK BANK

Letter to Comptroller Offers Plan to Open Seventh National with Increased Capital.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The comptroller of the currency today received a letter from William Nelson Cromwell, representing those in charge of the effort to reorganize the Seventh National bank of New York City.

The plan contemplates the resumption of the bank with a capital of at least $2,000,000. Mr. Cromwell states that he holds subscriptions for more than three-fourths of the increased capital, with a prospect of completing the list within a few days. He states it is hoped that the plan will be ready for submission to the comptroller within the next week.

ARE VOTING ON PEACE PLAN

Amalgamated Executives Take Action on Federation's Suggestion.

IF APPROVED CORPORATION WILL BE SEEN

President Shaffer Assents to Proposition and is Waiting Now for Advices by Mail—Street Fights at Irondale, O.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 27.—It is learned late tonight that President T. J. Shaffer of the Amalgamated association has sent out letters to all members of the executive committee of the association, inviting their approval of the peace plan agreed on last Saturday by the representatives of the National Civic federation and the Amalgamated officials.

The plan proposes: First—The New York offer of July 27, made by Messrs. Schwab and Morgan, be accepted. This provided that the tinplate mills resume under the scale signed for the year beginning July 1; that the Hoop company sign for all mills signed for last year and that the Sheet Steel company sign for all mills signed for last year, except Old Meadow and Saltsburg.

Second—That a provisional scale be arranged, but not signed, for Painter's, Lindsay & McCutcheon's and the Clark mill, leaving recognition of the union open.

Third—That the United States Steel corporation formally declare its attitude toward organized labor, this declaration to take such form as will have a reassuring effect upon the men in the mills.

President Shaffer assented to these propositions and is now awaiting the result of a vote by mail. If approved the Civic Federation people will endeavor to secure an audience with the Steel corporation officials in New York.

Street Battles Terrorize Town.

The strikers have scored a victory at Irondale, O. At this place the American Tinplate company was compelled to close down its recently opened plant for lack of men to operate it. The day was full of excitement in the little village and the inhabitants were wrought into a state of excitement bordering on terror by street fights. The first fight of the morning took place when five nonunion men left their homes and started for work in the mill. On the main street they were met by a party of about thirty strikers who by moral suasion tried to get them to desist from their determination to go to work. When this failed, a stronger argument was used and the men were given a drubbing and driven back to their homes. The village had scarcely recovered from the surprise which this attack occasioned when word passed around that a party of new men were driving overland from Wellsville. Almost all the strikers started to meet the carriage and when they passed the mill office Ira Householder, a nonunion man, shouted to them. This action precipitated a fight. Manager Banfield saved Householder by dragging him inside and shutting the door with difficulty. The Tinplate company then attempted to file information before Justice Paisley, charging the strikers with riot. But the justice refused to entertain the charge, saying he would issue warrants for those mixed in the fights, charging them with assault, but no more serious offense. The attorney then began the preparation of papers to ask for an injunction restraining the strikers from interfering with the nonunionists in any way. All the men who have been employed in the mill joined the strikers today except Ira Householder and James Hindman.

Tube Workers Too Hasty.

According to the reports from the organized tube workers, who were striking in sympathy with the Amalgamated association, there is a lot of trouble in store for the hasty action they took in walking out of the plants of the National Tube company without the formality of submitting their cause to the general officers of the American Federation of Labor.

It has been discovered, so the men say, that they have violated the constitution of the federation, which provides that before going on a strike a local lodge receiving a charter direct from the American Federation of Labor must submit a list of grievances to the executive council of the federation for approval. Failure to do this cuts off the striking lodge from all strike benefits of the federation or from allied trades unions.

Most of the tube workers struck without this formality having been gone through with. To settle the strike now they have no general officers to act for them and only the various lodge officers can act in matters pertaining to peace. An appeal is to be made to President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association to take a hand in any settlement for the tube workers when such a settlement is made. It is claimed, however, that it will not be possible for this to be done, as President Shaffer cannot act for any other body than his own. The position of the tube workers is attracting considerable attention and many of the men, while declaring that they will stay out as long as the Amalgamated men do, are making no secret of their perplexity regarding the outcome of their strike. A movement is on foot, it is said, to form a national body of the tube workers.

In four more days, according to the Amalgamated constitution, strike benefits will begin to issue. The Amalgamated association provides for no payment of benefits during July and August. Subscriptions have been coming into Amalgamated headquarters in goodly numbers, and these with the assessments returned by many union lodges throughout the country have swelled the strike fund materially.

Gompers Can Help Some.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, returned to this city today from his visit to New York, Pittsburg and other cities. Mr. Gompers was with members of the advisory board of the National Civil federation, which is interesting itself in the settlement of the steel strike, when members of that board called on President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association in Pittsburg. The American Federation of Labor is exerting all its moral support in aid of the Amalgamated association men, and Mr. Gompers says he is able to go still further in assisting to bring about a successful issue of the movement, but in what direction and to what extent further assistance will be given he is not willing at this time to say.

ANOTHER STRIKE IN SIGHT

Sunday Big Four Miners at Pittsburg, Kansas, Quit Work.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 27.—Next Sunday will probably see the inauguration of a strike in the Big Four coal mines at Pittsburg, Kan. Recognition of the Miners' union, and not wages, is the point at issue. In the neighborhood of 2,000 men will be affected. State Labor Commissioner Johnson says there is little prospect of an agreement being reached and he expects to see the mines shut down next week. The Big Four companies last week submitted an ultimatum to the miners, notifying them they would refuse to recognize the union.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Aug. 27.—President Richardson and Secretary Gilmour of the United Mine Workers returned today from a trip to the various local unions of the "Big Four" mines and say it is safe to say that at least 90 per cent of the 4,000 coal miners in this district will obey the strike order on September 1. The companies known as the "Big Four" are the Cenoral Coal and Coke company, the Western Coal and Mining company, which is the fuel department of the Missouri Pacific railway and the fuel department of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad, known as the Southwestern Mining company.

The miners are not fighting for an advance of wages, but to have the operators sign an agreement to employ only union men.

SCHWAB GETS THE BETHLEHEM

Four Million Dollars Buys Controlling Shares of the Steel and Iron Companies.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—The Bethlehem Steel company, which also includes the Bethlehem Iron company, today passed into the hands of Charles M. Schwab. A check for $4,032,000 was deposited with the Girard Trust company by Drexel & Co., in payment of 168,000 shares of Bethlehem steel stock. The total number of shares in the company is 300,000. Immediately after the receipt of the check a new board of directors and officers were elected.

The regular monthly meeting of the directors of the company was called for 11 o'clock this morning. At that hour a quorum of the board was present, but no word had been received from Mr. Schwab. The meeting was adjourned until 12:30 o'clock and as Mr. Schwab's representative had not yet appeared, a further adjournment was taken until 2 o'clock. When the directors met finally, Max Pam of New York was present, representing Mr. Schwab, and the stock and money were speedily transferred. Mr. Pam had arranged with Drexel & Co. to furnish the required amount to the Girard Trust company, and when word was received that the stock on hand was delivered the new board was elected as follows: R. P. Linderman, E. Stotsbury, E. M. McIlvain, A. Johnson, George F. Baer, J. P. Ord and Charles McVeagh. The officers are: E. M. McIlvain, president; A. E. Borie, vice president; H. S. Snyder, secretary; A. N. Cleaver, treasurer, and Archibald Johnson, general superintendent.

All of the directors are new with the exception of Mr. Linderman and Mr. Stotsbury, who served on the old board. George F. Baer is president of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company, E. T. Stotsbury is a member of the firm of Drexel & Co., and E. P. Ord and Charles McVeagh are said to be New York capitalists. Messrs. Linderman, McIlvain and Johnson were connected with the old Bethlehem Steel company, the former as president.

Mr. McIlvain declined to state whether Mr. Schwab had purchased the stock for himself or for other persons. He said, however, that the company would remain independent, but would be more aggresive than it had in the past.

Mr. Schwab agreed to purchase the Bethlehem steel stock at $24 a share provided the Bethlehem Iron company was included in the sale. A meeting of the stockholders of the Iron company was held, at which it was decided to sell to the Steel company. Then the directors of both agreed to accept Mr. Schwab's offer. Yesterday was fixed for the limit of depositing the stock to be sold. Many of the shareholders, it is said, did not avail themselves of the opportunity, but the time will be extended for them. The stock which has been deposited with the trust company other than that paid for today will be taken up in the next twenty days at the same rate per share.

COAL DIGGERS' CONVENTION

Representatives of United Mine Workers from Every Anthracite District Meet at Hazleton.

HAZLETON, Pa., Aug. 27.—A convention of representatives of the United Mine Workers of America from every mine in the anthracite coal region began here today and is expected to continue three or four days. One question to come before the convention is the right of mine workers or their representatives to go upon the property of the various companies to examine the cards of the miners, a privilege which has been so far denied by the officials at many mines.

While expressing themselves generally as entertaining no apprehension of trouble over the outcome of the convention, the anthracite officials are nevertheless somewhat anxious and it would cause them no surprise if the convention were to take some steps whereby the present output of anthracite would be curtailed so as to prevent an accumulation of coal and place the miners in a stronger position to meet the issues which are likely to present themselves next April, when the existing one year's contract between the mine owners and employes expires.

The convention this afternoon decided that miners should buy none but union label powder, provided it is of as good quality as that used at present.

Little was done at the opening session. President Mitchell was in charge and the Grand opera house, where the delegates are meeting, was crowded to its capacity. The exact number of delegates present will not be known until after the report of the committee on credentials is presented. A committee representing the powder workers' union requested the miners to use no powder unless the union label is posted on the kegs. The barbers' union asked the delegates to patronize none but union barbers.

President Mitchell and National Secretary Wilson arrived this morning. When asked what questions would receive the most attention, Mr. Mitchell said they were all contained in the call issued three weeks ago. He could not say whether the convention would take any action on the steel strike. All the sessions will be secret.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

W. D. Vannosh of Leigh is at the Murray.

Charles McKinzie of Pender is a Millard guest.

G. W. Mitchell of Osmond is at the Iler Grand.

W. A. Mesure of Creighton is a guest at the Iler Grand.

M. V. Davis of Shenandoah was at the Millard yesterday.

C. W. Cannor and M. S. Smith of Winnebago are at the Millard.

W. B. Smith of Fairbury was registered at the Murray yesterday.

C. W. Bredenthal and wife of Wymore were at the Iler Grand yesterday.

The following Nebraskans were at the Merchants yesterday: G. W. Barge, B. F. Steadman, Kennedy; J. T. Rea, Bushnell; F. A. Shelly, Oak; T. F. Zeigler, Hartington; Frank Wilson, Beatrice; W. C. Washburn, Beatrice; A. J. Egbert, Weston; David Neale, Fort Calhoun; W. T. Townsend, Lincoln; P. A. Sattler, Central City; Charles Incles, Scribner; Charles Booth, Beemer; James Hall, Tekamah; A. E. Ebberson, Oakland; James F. Feagan, Alliance; J. W. Howell, Gibson; T. H. Pierce, Pierce.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The African Methodist church of South Omaha will hold its fourth quarterly meeting at Syndicate park, Twenty-fourth and F streets, Sunday, September 1.

Mrs. Fanny Eliza Schibsby, wife of L. Schibsby of 1509 North Twenty-fourth street, South Omaha, died in Minneapolis Tuesday morning, August 27, at the age of 6 years.

Miss Howe, superintendent of Hull House, Chicago, who is in Omaha visiting her parents, will address the girls at the Young Women's Christian association at noon today.

The free organ and vocal recitals open tonight at Trinity cathedral. Dr. Minor Baldwin, the national organist, presiding. Jo F. Barton will sing tonight "Holy City" and "The Palms."

SAMPSON TO HAVE COUNSEL

Admiral Expects to Be Represented in Schley Court of Inquiry.

LEMLEY'S LIST OF WITNESSES DUE TODAY

Public Will Be Made Acquainted with Names of Those Whom Judge Advocate Will Have Summoned.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—It is understood that Admiral Sampson is to be represented before the Schley court of inquiry by counsel, though the navy officials say they have no official knowledge on the subject and point to the fact that the court of inquiry is the only body authorized to admit or debar counsel in such cases. It may, in its pleasure, deny the person under investigation the privilege of having counsel present before the court, or on the other hand it may go the length of permitting persons the privilege of employing counsel before the court.

So the officials say they have no knowledge officially of the retention of counsel by Admiral Sampson, but it is admitted privately that he expects to be so represented. It was learned today that W. H. Stayton of the law firm of Stayton & Chambers of New York was expected at the Navy department tomorrow and it is supposed that his purpose is to consult the records of the department in the interest of Admiral Sampson. He is a graduate of the Naval academy, and although coming out at the head of his class elected to join the marine corps. He was detailed to duty in the office of the judge advocate general and later resigned to practice law.

The list of witnesses prepared by Judge Advocate Lemley and transmitted to Admiral Schley will be made public tomorrow. Some time ago Admiral Schley, in sending his list of witnesses to the department, included a request for all the officers of the Brooklyn. The department replied that a number of the officers of the Brooklyn would be on the list prepared by the department and asked to have specifically named the Brooklyn's officers he desired.

The admiral responded today, through Colonel Parker of his counsel. He gave the names of the principal officers of the Brooklyn and also of several petty officers, including the quartermasters who were at the wheel during the action of Santiago.

Assistant for Schley's Counsel.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—The record tomorrow will say that Albert H. O'Brien, a prominent member of the Philadelphia bar, has been called in as assistant counsel for Rear Admiral Schley in the investigation. Mr. O'Brien was in Washington in consultation with Schley's counsel and materially assisted them in the preparation of the brief for the court of inquiry.

During the late '60s he occupied the post of judge advocate of the West India fleet, and in 1869 was stationed at Annapolis, where Schley was lieutenant commander. A warm friendship developed there between the two men. Mr. O'Brien resigned from the navy in 1875 and took up the practice of law in Philadelphia.

BONNELL IS URGING REFORMS

President of National Fraternal Associations' Conference Wishes Medical Advisers Pedestaled.

DETROIT, Aug. 27.—Two hundred delegates representing fifty-seven fraternal societies, with a total membership of over 3,000,000, were present in the convention hall of the Hotel Cadillac today, when President Charles E. Bonnell called the fifteenth annual meeting of the National Fraternal association's conference to order. After addresses of welcome and responses President Bonnell read his annual report.

President Bonnell advocated that each society take stock of its members and then establish a mortality table of its own. He urged reforms in the selecting of medical advisers for fraternal societies and recommended that they be in all cases removed from the politics of the order.

The report of Secretary Treasurer Sackett showed the congress to have assets of $4,000. After the reading of the reports the appointment of committees occupied the rest of the morning session.

Chairman P. D. Markey of the committee on statistics presented the annual report of the committee and it showed that the average cost of protection last year in the orders connected with the congress was $9.74 per $1,000. The report also showed that the orders represented paid for management expenses at the rate of $1.50 per $1,000 of the average protection in force. On a per capita basis it cost $1.71, an increase of 8 cents per $1,000 and 13 cents per capita over $1,899. Continuing the report stated:

"The number of new members admitted to orders represented in this congress in the year 1900 was 595,064, making their total membership at the close of year 3,142,519. Of this number 266,745 were social members. The net gain in benefit members for the year was 327,513.

"The protection in force at the end of the year was $4,585,579,982, a net increase for the year of $41,952,932, while the amount represented by the new certificates was $78,179,794.

"The orders reporting for 1900 show 23,605 deaths, or a death rate of 8.76 per 1,000, based on the average membership for the year as compared with 8.87 for the previous year."

DEATH RECORD.

Judge A. W. Rose.

PONCA, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Word was received here Sunday of the death of Judge A. W. Rose, formerly of this place, at Soquel, Cal. Judge Rose was one of the pioneers of Dixon county and was county judge for seven years. He removed to California two years ago. He was prominent in Masonic, Grand Army of the Republic and political circles here.

John Rauth.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—John Rauth, 78 years of age, died at the home of his son, five miles south of Plattsmouth, Sunday. The funeral was from the Catholic church in this city today. He had lived in Cass county since 1878. He leaves ten children. His wife died last fall.

Livingstone Guide.

SALINA, Kan., Aug. 27.—James Coleman, aged 80 years, died here today. He was with Dr. Livingstone, the African explorer, for three years and was also a guide and interpreter in the Kaffir war in 1887.

Hailstorm in Wyoming.

SUNDANCE, Wyo., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—A severe hailstorm visited this section last Tuesday and several crops of grain were completely destroyed. Ranchmen estimate their losses at from $1,000 to $2,000 each in the strip of country visited by the storm.

Cancel Prune Contract.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The Chronicle says that the California Packers' company has rescinded its contract with the California Cured Fruit association so far as the coming crop of prunes is concerned, though the remainder of last year's crop will be sold under the contract which has existed since the organization of the two companies.

WEATHER MEN TALKING SHOP

Chief of the Bureau Outlines Good Results Following the Convention at Omaha.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 27.—Over 100 weather bureau officials from all parts of the country gathered in Milwaukee today to attend a three days' convention. Addresses of welcome were delivered by Dr. William Wilson of the local weather bureau and Mayor David S. Rose, the response being made by Prof. W. L. Moore, chief of the United States Weather bureau.

As an introductory Prof. Moore made a few reminiscent remarks, reviewing the weather service from its small beginning to its present high standard. He then reviewed the work which had been accomplished since the Omaha convention.

Moore Details Progress.

Prof. Willis L. Moore spoke in part as follows:

In opening this second convention of the official of the United States Weather bureau, Department of Agriculture, I think it appropriate briefly to review the important changes, departments and extensions of the weather service that have occurred since the date of the first convention at Omaha in October, 1898. Many of these features were the direct results of the ideas expressed at Omaha or of the discussions during our first convention. The value to the public service of occasional meetings of this character is therefore apparent.

During the year 1898 eighteen new stations were opened and fully equipped with recording instruments of latest model. This included ten West Indian stations.

In 1899 eight new stations were likewise opened and equipped. In addition to this the outfits at four other stations were improved.

In 1900 improved equipments were sent out to twenty-seven stations.

During the present and the ensuing year it is expected we shall complete the instrumental equipment at all the weather bureau stations requiring automatic instruments.

Action was taken in 1898 with a view to the introduction of steel towers at storm-warning stations to replace wooden flag poles for the display of flags and lanterns. Sixty towers were installed during the year closing June 30, 1901, and about the same number will be erected this year.

Stations in the West Indies have been thoroughly equipped and manned by regular observers. Reporting stations have been established at Turks island and Bermuda and provision has been made for receiving daily reports by telegraph from various points in Mexico. Through the medium of the meteorological office, London, England, reports are received daily by cable from various points in the British isles and on the west European coast and also from the Azores.

An extension of the region of observation has also been made in the northwest British territory, Barkerville, now being the extreme northwest station from which reports are received. The growth of the observation area in this direction will keep pace with the extension of the telegraph lines.

Soon after the war with Spain climate and crop sections in Porto Rico and Cuba were established, with an issue of weekly, monthly and annual publications in both English and Spanish, identical with those of the states, thus giving to the people of Porto Rico and Cuba some of the earliest evidence of American enterprise.

Collection of data showing depth of snow on ground at high altitudes, forming the basis of a series of bulletins, have proved exceedingly popular in determining the probable water flow in rivers and streams during the subsequent season, a matter of vital importance to irrigation interests.

In the rural free delivery provinces, Prof. Moore said, one of the great objects for which the weather bureau was established was attained. Distribution of the forecasts will be thereby largely increased.

FORESTERS TALK OF GRAZING

Pammel of Iowa Doesn't Agree with Pinchot that Reserves Should Be Open.

DENVER, Aug. 27.—The American Forestry association, in affiliation with the American Association for the Advancement of Science, this morning began a three days' session. Henry Michelsen, vice president for Colorado, acted as chairman of the meeting. After an address of welcome by United States Senator Thomas M. Patterson, routine business occupied the rest of the morning. In the afternoon papers on the United States government forest work were read and discussed.

William L. Hall's paper was on "Progress in Tree Planting" and showed the increased interest felt over the country in the planting of forest trees.

Giford Pinchot, forester of the Department of Agriculture, read a paper on "Grazing in the Forest Reserves." He said: "The reserves contain vast quantities of grass and other forage which can only be harvested by grazing animals. Except in cases where grazing directly antagonizes interests of greater importance to the community, there is every reason why it should be permitted under sensible regulations. Moderate grazing may proceed in most of the reserves wholly without injury to the forest, except in specified localities, and greatly to the advantage of the general community."

Edward M. Griffith of the bureau of forestry gave a comprehensive description of the Black Hills forest reserve, which contains a population of 25,000, including the cities of Lead and Deadwood.

Prof. L. H. Pammel of Ames, Ia., in discussing the question, "What Should be the Policy of the Government in the Forest Reserve," took a strong position against permitting sheep to graze thereon.

FIRE RECORD.

South Dakota Schoolhouse.

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Wednesday night of last week the schoolhouse at Canning was burned, causing a loss to the town of about $1,500. Investigation of the probable cause of the fire has led to a belief that it was the work of an incendiary and the town school board has offered a reward of $300 for the arrest and conviction of the supposed incendiary.

Irvin A. Mediar Seriously Ill.

Irvin A. Mediar of 2013 Harney street was taken down with appendicitis Monday night and was in such a critical condition yesterday afternoon that he was unable to attend the funeral services of his father-in-law, C. L. Jenkins, though they were at Mr. Mediar's home. Last night Mr. Mediar was reported still dangerously ill.

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Numerous new pianos of good, reliable quality, slightly case damaged in being returned, agents that marked to clear out at half price. One cabinet grand standard make, former price $400; sale price, $200; another, former price, $350; sale price, $183; and still another, former price, $325; sale price $165. Terms, $25 cash, $10 per month buys them.

Elegant new "Hallet & Davis," "Needham" and other $350 and $450, returned from agents pianos, being cleared out $225, $250 and $290. Terms, $20 or more cash, $7 to $10 per month buys them.

One "Knabe" upright at the greatest bargain prices; another almost as low in price, and still another at 25 per cent discount. Terms to suit.

See our deep cut prices on many fine styles of "Kimball" pianos returned from agents. You can save a goodly sum of money on one of these famous makes at this sale.

Several new plain cased standard made pianos, absolutely reliable; former prices $250, $290 and $300; sale prices $140, $160 and $180. Terms, $10 cash, $5 to $7 per month buys them.

Several used upright pianos, various standard makes, to be closed out at this sale at half their real value. $90, $120 to $180 takes them on terms of $10 cash, $5 or more per month.

Great bargains in fine new organs, returned from agents; some in piano cases and five and six octaves; former prices $75, $90 to $120, sale price $37, $43 to $63; $5 cash, $4. Other organs at $15, $18 and $25; $3 per month buys them.

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