

BACK TO MILITARY

Portions of Philippines Return to Their Former Government.

NOT YET READY FOR PROVINCIAL CODE

Three Months' Trial Shows Islanders Fail to Grasp the Idea.

INSURRECTION STILL SMOLDERING FEEBLY

Some Measures Are Attempted Around the Island of Cebu.

CHAFFEE IS STATIONING HIS FORCES

Battalion of Thirtieth Infantry Goes to Mindoro and the Entire Twentieth Will Serve in Batangas Province, Luzon.

MANILA, July 18.—The United States Civil Commission announced today that after three months' trial of a provincial form of government in the islands of Cebu and Bohol and the province of Batangas, Luzon, control of those districts, owing to their incomplete pacification, has been returned to the military authorities, it has been proved that the communities indicated are backward and undeserving of civil administration.

The provincial and civil officials of these designated districts will continue their functions, but are now under the authority of General Chaffee instead of that of Civil Governor Taft, as heretofore. General Chaffee has the power arbitrarily to remove from office any or all provincial or civil officials and to abrogate any section of the laws promulgated in these provinces. The residents of the island of Cebu have protested, but without success, against the return of that island to military control.

Several islands near Cebu are besieged by the insurgents. The insurrection on the island of Bohol has been renewed and insurgent sentiment in the province of Batangas is strong.

General Chaffee has ordered a battalion of the Thirtieth Infantry to begin the occupation of the island of Mindoro. The province of Batangas will be occupied by the entire Twentieth Infantry.

H. Phelps Whitmarsh, governor of Benguet province, was recently ordered to Manila for investigation of certain charges presented against him, was before the Philippine commission today. Mr. Whitmarsh denied every charge made against him. The result of the commission's action in the matter will be made known Saturday.

D. CLEM DEEVER, RECEIVER

Omaha Man Appointed to Take in Public Money at O'Neill Land Office.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—D. Clem Deever of Omaha was appointed receiver of public money at O'Neill, Neb., today.

The application of J. F. Thompson of Forest City, Ia., A. J. Thompson, B. J. Thompson, T. Jacobs and J. O. Omondson to organize the First National bank of Argyle, Minn., at \$250,000 capital, has been approved by the comptroller of the currency.

Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Violet, Pawnee county, M. E. Cornell, vice T. L. Cornell, deceased; Rokeby, Lancaster county, L. W. Glingery, vice A. M. Johnson, resigned.

Forster & Smith of Minneapolis have been awarded a \$2,400 addition to their contract for the superstructure of the federal building at Cheyenne, Wyo., for substituting copper for galvanized iron and Vermont white and red marble for scagliola wherever these two materials are called for in the specifications.

The secretary of the interior has ordered returned to the spring of Wyoming a list of lands selected under the school grant, embracing 9,621 acres in the Douglas district.

WHEAT IN RUSSIA AND INDIA

United States Consul General Reports that the Yield Will Show Great Increase.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The State department is in receipt of interesting reports concerning the wheat crops of Russia and India. According to a report from Consul General Holloway at St. Petersburg there are good reasons to hope that the wheat harvest of 1901 will exceed that of 1900. The spring wheat is more promising than the winter crop, the latter having suffered heavily from various causes. However, it is stated that the loss in the winter crop will be balanced by the amount of spring wheat.

Consul General Patterson at Calcutta states that the wheat yield for India, as a whole, is estimated at 5,580,000 tons, 8 1/2 per cent more than the decennial average, and this under adverse conditions, such as cold weather, hail, insects and rust. The export of wheat from India this year, the consul general says, probably will be greatly increased.

Consul Fee at Bombay estimates India's harvest for this year at 6,000,000 tons, or 1,700,000 tons more than last year. The estimated area of growing wheat for the year is 22,500,000 acres, being about 5,000,000 acres more than the previous year.

PROHIBITION OF LIVE STOCK

Argentine Active Against the Introduction of Foot and Mouth Disease.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The United States minister at Buenos Ayres has forwarded to the State department a decree, issued by the Argentine government, prohibiting the importation of live stock coming from foreign countries, and the exportation of any other species that in the opinion of technical authorities, might carry infection of foot and mouth disease. There is a provision in the decree, however, that such stock coming from foreign countries, whose official representations certify that such disease does not exist in their country, and that the necessary precautions have been taken to avoid infection, are exempted from the application of the decree. The decree says that all animals which are shipped before the decree was issued will be submitted to forty days' quarantine after their arrival.

Rezenah Given Decision.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 18.—In the feather-weight fight between Rezenah of Cincinnati and George Monroe of Iron King tonight Rezenah received the decision in the thirteenth round of what was to be a twenty-round bout.

FULL RIGGED SHIP AFIRE

Commodore T. H. Allen, Fall of Oil for Hong Kong, Burns Off Sandy Hook.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The full-rigged ship Commodore T. H. Allen, bound for Hong Kong, was discovered to be aground on the pier just outside of Sandy Hook yesterday afternoon. Word was telegraphed to the city and a number of tug boats were sent to its assistance. The ship was later pulled off, towed inside the Hook and anchored near the shore. The tug poured tons of water into the vessel, but the fire kept eating its way through the hold.

The crew of Commodore T. H. Allen was taken off during the evening and brought to New York. The men saved all their effects. They said the fire started shortly after the noon hour, how, no one knows. The ship was still being towed by a tug and the crew hastily got aboard the tug, fearing an explosion. As none followed they got back on the vessel and began fighting the fire.

At 11:30 o'clock tonight the ship was still burning. The vessel's galley and other deckhouses were destroyed, but the spars and rigging had not caught fire. The vessel was almost submerged and the fire-boat New Yorker and four other boats were still at work pouring water into the hold. The New York agents of the ship, J. W. Ellwell & Co., and the vessel is owned by T. H. Southard & Son and Captain Merriman. It is a wooden vessel and was built in Richmond, Me., in 1884. It registers 221 tons net. The cargo of oil is worth \$35,000.

At 2 o'clock this morning the ship Allen had sunk in seven fathoms of water.

Store at Stuart.

STUART, Neb., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The store of Gill Brothers & Doherty caught fire at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The store was a two-story building, and the fire started in the basement. The fire spread rapidly and the building was almost completely destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The fire started in the engine room.

Maple Flooring Factory.

PETOSKEY, Mich., July 18.—The big maple flooring factory of Thomas Forsman & Co. was destroyed by fire today, together with 6,000,000 feet of lumber and a dwelling house; loss, \$400,000; insurance, \$150,000. The fire started in the engine room.

Michigan Barrel Plant.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 18.—The plant of the Michigan Barrel company, which burned tonight, causing a loss of \$100,000, half covered by insurance. The plant was the largest of its kind in existence.

House of George Crowe of St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—Fire was discovered in the house of George Crowe about 2:30 this morning. The house was consumed. The loss was \$500, covered by insurance.

UNITED STATES CONSUL DEAD

Horatio J. Sprague Will Be Succeeded by His Son at Gibraltar.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—A cablegram received at the State department today announces the death at Gibraltar of Horatio J. Sprague, United States consul. Mr. Sprague had been consul at Gibraltar since May 12, 1898. His son, Richard L. Sprague, is the vice and deputy consul at Gibraltar and it is announced at the State department that he will be appointed to fill the vacancy caused by his father's death. Mr. Sprague was a Massachusetts family and had held the Gibraltar consulship since 1832, when Andrew Jackson appointed the father of the deceased United States consul there.

Arthur Orr.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Arthur Orr, builder of the cooling presses used for many years in the United States mint in Philadelphia, Carson City, San Francisco and New Orleans, is dead at his summer home at Morrilton, N. Y., aged 84. For many years he had been engaged in the work of building up the cooling presses for the government, many of which are still in use. He also built cooling and milling presses for the governments of Mexico, Peru and Chile.

Mrs. Anna Jessen.

SIDNEY, Neb., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The body of Mrs. Anna Jessen, who died in St. Joseph's hospital, Omaha, was brought here this morning and will be buried tomorrow. She was 41 years old and had lived here since 1881. She leaves a husband and two sons. She was an active member of the Royal Neighbors and Eastern Star chapter and a devout member of the Methodist church.

Joseph King of Deadwood.

DEADWOOD, S. D., July 18.—(Special.)—Joseph King died in this city this morning. He came to this city in 1876 and was one of the pioneers in 1876 and helped lay out Deadwood. He was owner of the rich Dakota Mail mine, located six miles east of this city. He leaves a wife.

K. T. Rye.

WAKEFIELD, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—K. T. Rye, an old resident and veteran of the civil war (First Minnesota), died Tuesday night of heart failure, superinduced by the extreme heat.

EARL RUSSELL GETS OFF EASY

Sentenced to Three Months' Imprisonment on Plea of Guilty of Bigamy.

LONDON, July 18.—Earl Russell, arraigned at the bar of the House of Lords today for trial on the charge of bigamy, pleaded guilty after lengthy arguments against the jurisdiction of the court. The peers reached their decision after consideration of the case, lasting twenty minutes. Earl Russell was sentenced to three months' imprisonment as a first-class misdemeanant.

Executives Railroad Company.

FREMONT, Neb., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Coroner Martin held an inquest this afternoon on the remains of the man killed in the Elkhorn yards. No new facts were developed except that there is some question about his identity. Some claim it was John King of Des Moines, in others that he was Will Delaney from nowhere. The jury brought in a verdict exonerating the railroad company.

CONGRESS AIDS IRRIGATION

Transmississippi Assembly at Cripple Creek Urges It by Resolution.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEEMEN ARE NAMED

for Nebraska, Calhoun for a. Franzer for Kansas and Martin for South Dakota—Next Year at Twin Cities.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., July 18.—The Transmississippi Commercial congress today completed the most important of its work, adopted resolutions covering a multitude of subjects of interest to the great west and selected the Twin Cities—St. Paul and Minneapolis—as the next place of meeting.

The only debate of the session which at any time threatened to disturb the harmony of the occasion came up over the resolutions proposing the establishment of government departments of mining and of commerce and industry. The heads of the former feared that adoption of the latter would be inimical to their hopes, the danger being that the mining industry might be relegated to a bureau of some other department.

The debate was led by H. R. Whitmore of St. Louis and F. J. Thibauer of New York on the side of the department of commerce and industry, and F. B. Montgomery, speaker of the Colorado legislature, and former Governor Adams of Pueblo, Colo., for the mining department. Finally, on motion of ex-Governor Francis of New Mexico the industrial feature was stricken from the resolution advocated by the eastern delegates and both departments were then unanimously endorsed.

Government aid in the reclamation of arid lands was another subject of discussion. The mercantile marine was also a topic in general terms. Harbor and river improvements were recommended, including a deep waterway connecting the Great Lakes with the Mississippi river. The contest between St. Paul and New Orleans for the next place of meeting was vigorously waged, but the former's victory was a signal one. It is the first time a city in the northern half of the transmississippi territory has been chosen.

New President's Address.

There was a large attendance of delegates at the morning session. John H. Smith of Utah, the newly chosen president, made an address.

Mr. Smith thanked the congress for his preference. His address was filled with patriotic sentiment and received liberal applause. He had at first doubted the wisdom of sectional movement, but the results of the work of the congress had shown that his doubts were unfounded. He had shown that his members are only inspired by patriotism, which is confined to no section, but takes in the whole republic.

Several resolutions were introduced, including one favoring the improvement of the Brazos river in the upper of the Texas section and one for the abolition of the taxes levied upon the whites in the Indian Territory for the support of the Indians.

J. W. Riggins, mayor of Waco, Tex., spoke on the subject of "Industrial Progress." The address was full of eloquence and patriotism and kept the congress in an uproar of applause. Mr. Riggins favored a mining department in the government. He advised encouragement of home industry in every possible way.

John C. Cutler of Lehigh, Utah, followed with an address giving a history of the best sugar industry.

Governor Fishback of Arkansas, chairman of the committee on resolutions, read the report of the committee, which was adopted after considerable debate.

Heavy Boost for Irrigation.

The resolutions, after citing the great demand for rural homes as shown by the rushes to the new lands, and referring to the fact that there are still about 100,000,000 acres of arid public land which can be reclaimed by irrigation, declared in favor of the policy advocated by the International Irrigation congress of government action in the matter of the storage of the waste waters of the mountain regions of the west and the distribution to the farmers of the arid plains. State and national legislation is urged to provide for the damming of draws and collection of water in ponds to facilitate evaporation and thus increase the rainfall.

An arid land fund of \$100,000,000 was proposed to be raised by the sale of government bonds, the money to be expended in reclaiming arid lands and to be returned to the government from the sale of the lands reclaimed.

A department of mining, to be represented in the president's cabinet, was urged, whose duties shall be to aid the production and treatment of minerals through experiment at government expense.

A department of commerce was recommended to aid in widening the markets of the country.

The resolution also pledged the congress as favoring statehood for Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma and a suitable government for the Indian Territory; favoring the immediate construction of a Pacific cable and the Nicaragua canal; asking that the interstate commerce law be amended, demanding the abolition of the fee system in the consular service; favoring laws to encourage the beet sugar industry; advising an interstate railway; advocating the restoration of the merchant marine; asking more liberal appropriations for river and harbor improvement and providing for the appointment of a committee of five to lay the above matters before the next congress.

More for Rivers and Harbors.

More adequate appropriations for the improvement of rivers and harbors in the western states were recommended. Special mention was made of the Pacific coast harbor; the proposed Galveston-Houston ship canal; the deep waterway connecting the Great Lakes with the Mississippi river; the improvement of the Mississippi levees; the deepening of the southwest pass of the Mississippi delta; and the completion of the dam at Marysville, Cal.

The government was urged to deepen the harbor and adjacent waterways at Sabine Pass, Tex., in the interests of the Beaumont oil district and to make the Brazos river navigable as far as Waco, Tex., and the secretary of the interior was asked to permit grazing on the forest reserves.

Executive Committeemen Named.

The following members of the executive committee were announced: Texas, J. W. Riggins; California, W. N. Bunker; Colorado, Mitchell Benedict; Kansas, Dr. P. T. Franzer; Nebraska, L. J. Thibauer; New Mexico, R. W. Tansill; Louisiana, Sidney Noble; Indian Territory, William Noble; Montana, William Woodbridge; Nevada, J. L. Miller; Minnesota, S. O. Brooks; Utah, George Remney; Oklahoma, J. Chad; Wyoming, Fred Bond; South Dakota, E. W. Martin.

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

M'GARVIE IS LOVE'S VICTIM

Former Omaha Concessionaire Fired at by Daning Girl's Desperate Lover in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 18.—Eduardo Z. Zezoaya, 24 years old, a Mexican, who lives the Streets of Mexico on the North Midway at the Pan-American exposition grounds tonight and on excursions at Omaha, he fired the Transmississippi concessionaire, M'Garvie, formerly in charge of special days and excursions at Omaha, he fired a bullet into his own breast.

Zezoaya is said to be connected with a rich banking family in the City of Mexico. It is said he is a Cuban by birth and a grandson of the Cuban general, Gomez. He came here from the City of Mexico three weeks ago. His mission was a romantic one. In Mexico he had known and loved Senorita Isabelle Gallardo, a singer and dancer, who came to the exposition with the "Streets of Mexico" theatrical company. Since his arrival here he had made several vain attempts to secure employment from M'Garvie. Tonight, just as the bull fight began, Zezoaya walked up to Mr. M'Garvie and made a final appeal. When he was finally informed there was nothing for him to do he drew a revolver and fired at M'Garvie, the ball grazing his arm. He then turned the weapon on himself, fired and dropped dead.

JURY AT THE FOSBURGH HOME

Trial of Accused Brother Begins with Examination of Scene of Strange Murder.

PITTSBURGH, Mass., July 18.—With the jury impelled and taken to the scene of the crime, the trial of Arthur A. Fosburgh, charged with the murder of his sister, Mary L. Fosburgh, on August 20, 1898, was fairly started at the trial of the next place of meeting was vigorously waged, but the former's victory was a signal one. It is the first time a city in the northern half of the transmississippi territory has been chosen.

The evidence today was of a purely technical character and was confined exclusively to descriptions of the Fosburgh house and contents and testimony by the medical examiner of this district. One of the witnesses for the prosecution were sworn this afternoon, among them being Little Beatrice Fosburgh, sister of the defendant.

City Engineer Arthur A. Fosburgh testified to making the plans of the Fosburgh house and surroundings and these plans were gone into in a most exhaustive manner. Frank K. Paddock, medical examiner for this district, testified to circumstances connected with his attendance upon the Fosburgh family after the tragedy.

THREATENS LOSS TO PACKERS

Judge Koblan's Decision Against Tariff Rebate Might Be Sustained by Supreme Court.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Packers throughout the country will lose hundreds of thousands of dollars each year if a decision announced by Judge Kohlman in the United States circuit court today is sustained by the United States supreme court. The court ruled that bora, used in preserving meats for shipment, does not constitute the manufacture of a new article. For this reason, he held, the packers are not entitled to a rebate on duties paid on bora under the act of 1897.

The issue was presented to the court in the suit of the Anglo-American Packing company against the United States. This was a petition for a rebate of all but 1 per cent on duties for importations of bora.

ROOT STARTS FOR OMAHA

After Inspection of Fort Crook He Will Proceed to Des Moines.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 18.—Elihu Root, secretary of war, completed his inspection of the Fort Leavenworth military reservation this morning and passed the afternoon with his staff examining maps and plans. The only determination yet arrived at is to push the work of improvements at the post until it will have a capacity to accommodate about 10,000 men. The details for the contemplated improvements would be worked out after his return to Washington.

Tonight the secretary was given a reception by the citizens of Leavenworth. He left in his private car at 10:30 p. m. for Omaha, where a new fort is to be built.

BRIDE-ELECT GROOM'S SISTER

Arnold Livingston of Auburn Discovers Blood Relationship on Eve of Marriage.

DENVER, July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Arnold Livingston of Auburn, Neb., and Miss Lora Jefferson of Leavenworth, Neb., met in Denver this week and just before they were about to be married discovered that they were brother and sister. The correspondence that brought them together began three years ago, when Livingston inserted an advertisement in a prominent paper stating his object was amusement.

The father of the two, Arnold Sheffield, died twenty-three years ago in New York. His wife died a year later. The boy of 7 and the girl of 2 were through the New York Orphan's home, where they were fostered and finally settled in Nebraska and the other in Nevada.

MONGOLIA IS NOW RUSSIA'S

This Significant Dispatch Is Sent to London from St. Petersburg.

LONDON, July 18.—"Mongolia is now Russia's," says a dispatch to the Daily Express from St. Petersburg. "Urga, a Chinese frontier station on the route to Peking, Mongolia, has been taken by Russian forces and garrisoned by Russian infantry and Cossacks."

Surveying parties escorted by troops have penetrated as far as the edge of the great desert to determine the route of a direct railway to Peking across the Jenson and the point where it will join the Mid-Siberian railway extension now being constructed around the south of Lake Baikal.

Still Rush to Oklahoma.

EL RENO, Okla., July 18.—Up to date 78,756 homeseekers have registered in the El Reno and Lawton offices. 59,409 of these have registered at El Reno and 19,346 at Lawton. Today's registration: El Reno, 10,907; Lawton, 2,000. Eight of the sixteen days allowed for registration have passed and still the crowds continue to come, today's registration here being only 17 below the record, while the Lawton crowd is falling off perceptibly.

GOOD RAINS FALL IN SPOTS

Parts of Several States Are Drenched After Weeks of Drought.

NEBRASKA COOLS OFF CONSIDERABLY

Leigh Reports a Drop of Twenty-Seven Degrees—Central City Gets a Heavy Rain—Clark Is Soaked and Happy.

LEIGH, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—The long hot spell seems to be broken. The thermometer registered 90 degrees today, while for the last twenty-one days it stood from 98 to 107. A good east wind is blowing and the weather is cloudy. There has been no rain here since the Fourth of July and the crops have begun to show it. Small grain is an average crop and corn seems to stand the weather remarkably well owing to its backward condition. The corn has held green and the farmers say that they must have rain within a few days or the crop will be short.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—After two weeks of torrid weather relief came tonight, when one inch and a quarter of rain fell in an hour.

CLARK, Neb., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The long drought was broken at 7 o'clock this evening and over an inch of water fell within an hour, with indications for more rain before morning. Clark has held green and it will be in excellent condition. The thermometer has registered 98 each day for ten days.

NORTH LOUP, Neb., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—A heavy thunderstorm visited this section tonight, lasting over an hour, with rain in torrents. There was some hail but little damage done. The precipitation is about one and one-half inches.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 18.—The temperature in Nebraska took a fall of 4 degrees today, the maximum for Lincoln being 97, but the humidity was great. Light showers are reported tonight in portions of Seward, Hall, Hamilton and Custer counties. Along the Kansas line in the southeastern part of the state the crop, it is declared, is damaged.

WACO, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—Threshing is being in this vicinity. Milton Moore's wheat, which is only five average held with the rest, yielded fifty bushels of first quality wheat an acre. Tom Price had a large field of wheat, which yielded thirty-seven bushels to the acre. J. Evans' wheat made thirty-five bushels to the acre. J. Miller's wheat near York yielded forty bushels to the acre. T. Jones' wheat near Gresham threshed out forty-six bushels to the acre. One-half of the county's acreage was in winter wheat, which is yielding from thirty bushels an acre upward.

WAKEFIELD, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—Crops here are standing the hot weather best. Spring wheat will make a fine half crop of good quality. Oats will not be as good crop as wheat. All pieces of winter wheat here will make an average of twenty-five bushels an acre. Corn, except very early planted, is not hurt much and can stand dry weather ten days more. Wheat is early and will be a small yield. The hay crop is good.

GENEVA, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—The thermometer yesterday reached 102, making nine days over 100.

STRANG, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—Threshing is done, though help is short. The wheat yield is from fifteen to thirty bushels an acre. Oats are a failure. Corn is standing the drought but looks as though rain must come soon.

IOWA'S DOWNPOUR HEAVY

Dispersing Storm Drenches Farms, but Snubs the Business Centers of Cities.

DES MOINES, July 18.—(Special.)—The long drought in Iowa has been broken and today welcome news came from many parts of the state indicating that rain had been falling twenty-four hours. A heavy rain-storm came within the city limits of Des Moines, but failed to reach the center of the city. Rain is reported northeast of Des Moines, following along the line of the Great Western all the way from Waterloo, passing through Marshalltown, and reaching into this county. This is a section of the state that was suffering less than in the south and the rain, if followed by others, will save the corn crop. Rain is reported from Iowa Falls, Keosauqua, Cedar Rapids, Iowa City and other stations in the eastern part of the state.

The western half of Iowa got little rain yesterday and last night, but the weather people believe the storm is moving westward and that the whole state will in a few days have some water. With a reasonably good rain at this time covering the state generally there will be a revival of vegetation and a great improvement in crop conditions.

The farmers in this section are greatly encouraged. Their small fruit and vegetable are gone and the dairy business is suffering because the grass has all dried up, but the corn crop is standing up well and there is hope for some good hay and much fodder.

ONAWA, Ia., July 18.—(Special.)—There is no much change in the crop situation. The weather is hot and dry. A trifle of rain fell yesterday. Oats are being cut generally and reported in fair crop. Some are all right. Corn is not injured except a few early pieces on light soil.

SOUTH DAKOTA CLOUDBURST

Three Inches of Water Fall in Spots, Doing Damages as Well as Good.

HURON, S. D., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Parties from the west report heavy rain this morning a few miles beyond Highmore. There was a cloudburst and three inches of water fell in a few minutes, the town being flooded. There was damage to the Chicago & Northwestern roadbed. Sheep were drowned, cattle stampeded and some were killed by lightning. In a few fields small grain and corn were washed out.

COPELAND HELD FOR MURDER

Refuses to Engage Attorney and Declines to Make Statement in Court.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Ned H. Copeland, charged with the murder of A. C. Rodgers on a train near Rawlins last week, was given his preliminary hearing at Green River today. He refused to engage an attorney and would make no statement. He was held to the district court on the charge of murder in the first degree.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair, Continued Warm, Friday and Saturday; Variable Winds.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. Rows for 5 a.m., 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m., 5 p.m., 8 p.m., 11 p.m.

SOUTHWEST CONTINUES DAMP

Parts of Missouri, Kansas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma Get Good Rains.

KANSAS CITY, July 18.—Further good rains following those of yesterday fell after midnight and during today in many parts in the southwest. Still more is predicted for tonight. The area covered was principally in southwestern Missouri, central and southern Kansas and in the central part of the Indian Territory and Oklahoma country. The heaviest fall was in Sedgewick county, in which Wichita is situated, and where nearly two inches and a half of water fell. The rains have increased the prospects of a fair crop of corn and go further toward making good pasturage a certainty. However, little rain is reported in northern and western Kansas and some points are still suffering a drought that extends back four to eight weeks.

The rain in the territory began this afternoon, covering a large area in the vicinity of El Reno, Okla., and brought to an end the drought that has parched that country for more than a month. El Reno is crowded with thousands of homeless negroes waiting for the Kansas company to open and the rain coming upon them suddenly caught many at the registration books unawares, wetting their papers and overturning a number of their canvas shelters. The people were too grateful to complain and instead rejoiced at the downpour.

The average temperature in the southwest today was considerably lower than that in two weeks. In Kansas City the highest reached was 97.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 18.—Good rains fell in some sections of northern Missouri this afternoon. In the vicinity of St. Joseph the rainfall was not as heavy as in other parts of the country, but the fall was sufficient to lay the dust and do some good to vegetables.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 18.—The weather bureau's thermometer registered 101 degrees this afternoon. This is within one degree of the highest recorded for twenty-five years.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 18.—There were two fatalities from heat prostration here today.

KANSAS ADMITS CORN FAILURE

Governor Stanley Points Encouragingly, However, to the Wealth of Wheat and Live Stock.

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