PART I.

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

PAGES 1 TO 12.

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NEW TRIPLE ALLIANCE

Italy is Soon to Join Hands with France and Russia.

WITHDRAWS FROM GERMANY AND AUSTRIA

Emperors William and Francis Joseph Demand an Explanation.

THEY GET IT FROM NEW ITALIAN KING

Victor Emanuel Tired of Being Towed Behind Prussia.

DISRUPTION THREATENS AUSTRO-HUNGARY

Recent Demonstrations of Friendliness Between England and Germany Hasten Negotiations for New Coalition with Italy.

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PARIS, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—For the past three months there have been persistent rumors of important diplomatic work being done in Italy by French and Russian agents. It was known that special envoys from Paris and St. Petersburg had been repeatedly sent to Rome to confer jointly with the ambassadors of both countries, and even directly with King Victor Emanuel, but every effort to ascertain the purport of the mysterious transactions have heretofore failed.

Italy is about to withdraw from the German-Austrian alliance to form with France and Russia a new triple alliance. Said the World correspondent's informant:

"Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph a few days ago demanded an explanation from Italy, and a very clear one has just been forwarded from Rome. There is to be a new combination, embracing Italy, France and Russia, and the details have already been nearly completed. The new king of Italy has always regarded Crispi's policy as injurious to Italy's welfare. King Humbert himself had misgivings concerning the wisdom of allowing Italy to be towed behind Prussia and Austria, to be used only in an emergency, but Crispi had uncanny influence over the murdered king, who lacked the energy to take the initiative and was always ready to seek shelter in a constitutional monarch's irresponsibility.

Dreads Republican Ideas.

"Besides, Humbert dreaded nothing like spreading republican ideas in his realm, which he ascribed to the great propagandic force of the friendship between the Italian and the French people. He therefore allowed Crispi and his disciples to pursue their policy of estrangement from France and trying by every means to convince the Italians that their nation would profit by an alliance with the destinies of the German empire, as shaped by Bismarck. The results have proved disastrous, economically and politically, to Italy, which has been sacrificed at every turn, until her prosperity has been absolutely destroyed and her political prestige reduced to naught.

"When Victor Emanuel ascended to the throne he lost no time in making overtures to France. His personal sympathies and judgment demanded, while the public sentiment of the peninsula clamored, for a speedy bringing together of the two Latin nations.

Russia Stipulates Conditions.

"Russia was immediately consulted, and she gave assent under conditions which are now being discussed. The recent demonstrations of friendliness between England and Germany have hastened the negotiations wonderfully. France and Russia feel that the Austro-Hungarian empire is threatened with disruption soon, and that if Italy were detached from Germany even an Anglo-German combination could easily be checkmated.

"The recent removal by France of certain prohibitive duties against Italian products is significant in this connection, as is also the intense newspaper campaign, evidently subsidized by the government, just started across the Alps, aimed to undo the previous work on the public mind by showing how closely related the two races are and how similar are their political and commercial interests, and recalling the part taken by French armies in effecting Italian unification.

"The coming visit of the Italian naval squadron to French waters, where a number of Russian men-of-war will also be present, will serve as a pretext for great friendly demonstrations, and an official proclamation of the new alliance will probably be made then."

SUCCESS OF IRISH PARTY

John E. Redmond Says it Has Worked a Veritable Parliamentary Miracle.

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LONDON, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—John E. Redmond, M. P., chairman of the Irish party, gives to the World the following signed statement on the achievements of the party since the opening of Parliament:

LONDON, March 2, 1901.—To the Editor of the World: The Irish party has begun magnificently. Its ability, industry and resolute spirit have worked a veritable parliamentary miracle. Just consider the circumstances. We are confronted by a government, backed by an unexampled majority, recently strengthened by a triumphant appeal to the country. We have besides a liberal party lacking both in leader and policy and sunk into a pitiable condition of inefficiency. A large percentage of our men are new to Parliament, where we have to face, in addition, the prejudice which Irish nationalists always encounter in this alien assembly. Yet by unceasing vigilance, by maintaining the constant attendance of nearly seventy members, we have initiated most of the business which has occupied the house and have controlled what we did not institute.

Effects Industrial Revolution.

By availing ourselves of our opportunities we have secured all the time allotted to the discussion of grievances on going into committee of supply for the whole session. We have carried by our votes the miners' eight-hour bill, which will effect an industrial revolution; we have twice reduced the government majority of 134 to below 40.

In two weeks we have demonstrated that a united, determined, active Irish party, enabled to maintain continual attendance at Westminster, has the British Parliament at its mercy, which is the first and most important step toward compelling it to grant national self-government to Ireland.

JOHN E. REDMOND.

Shamrocks for British Army.

Fifty thousand dollars is to be raised for the soldiers' families' fund by the organized sale of shamrocks in England for St. Patrick's day. The countess of Limerick has planned the scheme and agents have already taken large orders for the tree foil here. Irishmen strongly resent this appropriation of their national emblem for British army purposes and propose to wear it this year accompanied by a badge to distinguish them from their English imitators.

AMERICAN PARISIAN CAPRICE

Five Hundred-Dollar Bills in Collection Plate—Ruinous Festivals at Monte Carlo.

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PARIS, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Frank Gardner, the American multi-millionaire, and his wife have taken the late Dr. Evans mansion, now owned by the city of Philadelphia. It was leased to the French government for the use of visiting royalty during the exposition. The kings of Sweden and Greece and the shah of Persia occupied the place among others. The Gardners seem to be socially aggressive. Their style of entertainment threatens to put in the shade the brilliant traditions left by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Walsh. Every Sunday Mrs. Gardner startles Dr. Morgan by dropping a $500 bill in the plate in the American church.

Prince Troubetzky, who is now here, says he is going to see his sister-in-law, Hallie Erminie Rives, with a view possibly of bringing her back and placing her under the care of a European specialist in mental diseases.

The Comtesse Spottiswood-Macsin says that the pope has denied her request that her title be raised to marquise. She thought that since another American, the Marquise de Wentworth, had been ennobled for painting the pope's portrait, she ought to be elevated to equal rank in recognition of her recent book eulogizing his holiness, but his holiness was obdurate.

Make Bennett Feel Like Pauper.

During the past month the Drexel family have been shining stars among the estimated 12,000 wealthy Americans who are having fun along the Riviera from Nice to Bordighera. With two magnificent yachts, the Margarita, belonging to Anthony Drexel, and the Sultana, belonging to John, anchored at Cannes for headquarters, the merry party has left nothing undone, dazzling even Russian grand dukes with their extraordinary expenditures and moving James Gordon Bennett to exclaim: "These people make me feel like a pauper."

The Drexels have organized costume balls, automobile parties, ruinous but jolly excursions to Monte Carlo, luncheons, dinners and dances aboard their yachts, brought expensive star dancers from the Paris opera ballet, give receptions to foreign nobility and flower parades during the carnival until their guests have begged for the mercy of a breathing spell.

Finally the Sultana left for a desultory cruise along the coast with John Drexel and a small party.

A day later the Margarita steamed out for Sicily, having aboard besides Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Drexel, Miss Yznaga, Miss Leila Paget, Lord Cairns, Lord Crichton, Mrs Von Andre and Prince Henry d'Orleans.

PARISIAN TRUST ON ART

Established Painters Try to Block the Progress of Struggling Geniuses.

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PARIS, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—A quarrel between J. W. Alexander, now in New York, and his brethren in the Paris Society of American Painters, has started a tumultuous discussion not only among Americans, but all over Paris. Despite the denials of such men as W. T. Dannat, E. L. Weeks and J. L. Stewart, Alexander's resignation is demanded because he objected to the society's tactics in deliberately blocking the way of younger artists. It is believed by people conversant with the matter that Mr. Alexander will make interesting revelations when he decides to speak.

The revolt against the group of men known as the Paris Society of American Painters has been brewing for two years. The society comprises about a dozen members. All except one or two elderly and well-established painters are fully determined to keep down threatening competition. Many members of the American Art association, a rival and much more numerous organization, are especially bitter against what they call the "trust."

Monopoly on Orders.

It appears that the society will not accept new members, but has gradually assumed the function of representing American art in Paris, monopolizing public and private orders and advising and deciding what painters shall be allowed exhibition space on such occasions as the recent Paris exposition and the forthcoming Panamerican exposition in Buffalo. Its members are wealthy and by constant social entertaining and private views have succeeded in impressing the French official world with the conviction that they alone are the chiefs of American artists, thereby securing all decorations, salon medals and remunerative orders.

Mr. Alexander is liberal-minded and counts many friends among the younger set. Several times he has denounced the narrow policy of his fellow members, and this has finally precipitated a clash.

Some of the officers of the American Art association, whose president is Rodman Wanamaker, deny that there is friction between the two bodies, but most of the members side with Alexander and propose to elect him a member by acclamation at a special meeting as soon as he returns as a protest against the affront inflicted upon him.

LOS ANGELES GIRL IN AIR

California Damsel Risks Her Pretty Neck with Aeronaut Who Fell Thrice.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Santos Dumont, the Paris aeronaut who has fallen from the clouds thrice while navigating the air, took up a party of American women from Mentone Thursday. The wind was blowing inland, and the balloon landed safely near Graise. Among the party was a Miss Stadard from Los Angeles, who is said to be engaged to marry Dumont.

The French government has just appropriated funds for the erection of a bronze statue of Jane Nicot, who first introduced tobacco in Europe in 1559. It was from his name that the word nicotine was derived. The statue will be situated in front of the main government tobacco manufactory in Paris.

Widow to Hunt for Sea Weeds.

The Comtesse Louise de Morlane, a pretty widow, member of the choicest provincial aristocracy, who six months ago tried to commit suicide because Harry Thaw, a young Pittsburg millionaire, would not marry her, will soon have a private submarine boat, which she contracted for with a Marseilles firm four months ago. It will be called "Le Mystere." It will have a large parlor, two state rooms, a small electric kitchen and quarters for the crew. The fittings are to be sumptuous. It is expected to travel three full days under water.

Oscar Wilde's friends think they have settled the controversy about the authorship of the senational book entitled "Love Letters of an English Woman," by publishing documents in the French newspapers which seem to prove that it was really his last book.

WORRIES OVER CHINA

German Press Much Distressed by Recent Celestial Events.

BELIEVES WORLD'S PEACE THREATENED

National Zeitung Sees in Russia's Course an International Menace.

EMPEROR [illegible] GIVEN A SCORING

Opposers [illegible]eling Rebuke His Pardoning [illegible]o Many Offenders.

AMBA[illegible]OR WHITE IS MUCH WANTED

Uncon[illegible]med Rumor of His Retirement Brings Letters of Protest from American Residents Throughout Germany.

BERLIN, March 2.—The latest phase of the China trouble, the projected commercial treaties, including the extraordinary tone of the Russian inspired press on the subject, the Russo-American tariff dispute and the Anglo-German relations, held public attention this week.

A considerable portion of the German press strongly disapproves of Germany's protesting against the Russian annexation of Manchuria, claiming that Germany has no interests there and that she is pledged to Russia not to interfere with anything Russia chooses to do. The jingoes and agrarians are outspoken in this respect. The Deutsche Tages Zeitung today says that Count von Buelow's proceeding on the subject is illogical and stupid and amounts to hauling chestnuts out of the fire for Great Britain.

The more sober portion of the press deplores this new trouble, which creates diplomatic antagonisms likely to blot the whole entente of the powers.

The National Zeitung believes this newest phase of the China situation to be the most dangerous for the peace of the world that has come about since the beginning of the Chinese troubles. The Vorwaerts today reviews Germany's Chinese policy since the Chino-Japanese war and declares it to be one unbroken chain of blunders, adding: "If the triumvirate of Great Britain, Germany and Japan had stood together from the first it would have been able to check Russia's land-grabbing insolence, but now it is too late, Russia has what she wanted and is sure of China's ratification. Proteats from the other powers are now useless."

DeWitte's Threat Quiets Them.

Agitation over the new tariff and the new commercial treaties is as lively as ever; the agrarian demands, after growing with the apparent indifference of Count von Buelow, seem now to have become more modest since the Russian papers, at the instigation of M. DeWitte, minister of finance, came out with the series of articles against Germany's proposed large increase of agricultural duties and threatening severe reprisals against the importation of German industrial products.

Dueling Vigorously Arraigned.

The largest portion of this week's Reichstag sitting was taken up by a debate on dueling, in which the centrist orators were especially forcible in their arguments. They did not even hesitate to attack the emperor for encouraging dueling by regularly pardoning duelists after a short and mild confinement.

The Vorwaerts today publishes another list of such recent pardons. General von Gossler, the war minister, weakly and unskilfully defended dueling as a custom, but was not able to disprove the powerful arraignment of facts and reasons by the centrists.

The unauthentic news published in the German papers to the effect that United States Ambassador White will retire has brought forth strong disapproval from the American residents in different parts of Germany. Petitions are spoken of, asking President McKinley to retain Mr. White. It is pointed out that Mr. White is persona grattissima with the court and in scientific circles.

DESPITE THE KING'S FROWN

Marquis of Headfort Goes On Arranging to Marry Rose Boote, a Soubrette.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

LONDON, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The marquis of Headfort's impending marriage to Rose Boote, a soubrette playing at the Gaiety theater, is now formally announced. Owing to the active, determined opposition of the marquis' mother, "the course of true love" in this case has been remarkably stormy. The marquis got a license for marriage at Marylebone church last week, but his mother obtained possession of the document, thus temporarily balking her son's plans.

Then the king tried, though in vain, to break off the match. When Headfort wrote to his commanding officer for leave to resign his commission as lieutenant in the First Life Guards, he was referred to the king, at the latter's suggestion. Headfort then wrote to the king, adding as a postscript: "The lady's name is Boote."

This flippancy angered his majesty, who asked Lord Roberts to send Headfort to South Africa, and had him confined in barracks for several days. Headfort decided that he would go to war, but would marry Rosie first. She is a Dublin girl and a Catholic, the daughter of the owner of a small shoe store. She adopted the stage name of Boote in delicate allusion to the family business.

The engagement was announced at a supper given by Headfort to Rose's companions and his own comrades at the Savoy hotel, when, in the presence of the company, he placed around her neck a coral and diamond necklace costing $3,500.

BRIDE OF FUTURE JUDGE

Syracuse Girl to Marry Leading Patent Lawyer of the English Bar.

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LONDON, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The engagement is announced of Mary, daughter of Major Henry Davis of Syracuse, N. Y., and J. Fletcher Moulton, M. P. Mr. Moulton, who visited America last year, is the leading patent lawyer at the English bar, earning one of the largest incomes in the profession.

He is destined for a high judgeship. He made $350,000 in one year out of the pneumatic tire litigation alone. He is 56 years old, a widower, a liberal in politics and an eminent authority on all questions of taxation. The Henry Davises have a residence at Naples.

BY FAVOR OF THE EMPRESS

Katty Schratts Declares She Passed the Hours Harmlessly with Francis Joseph.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

BERLIN, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The true story of the relations of Katty Schratts, actress, with Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria was first told two years ago. Now she discourses freely here concerning the rumors of her morganatic marriage to the emperor.

"The people who made up these statements," she says, "know neither me nor the illustrious personage of whom they are speaking, and who has never thought of such a thing.

"In talking of my relations with Emperor Francis Joseph one must not forget a third personage, who had a decided influence on those relations, namely, the late Empress Elizabeth. That high-minded, noble woman was my most gracious patroness and friend in the unrest caused by mental and bodily pains, which drove her from one place to another.

Tells Him Funny Stories.

"It was a comfort to her to know that a good-tempered, light-hearted woman cheered her husband up and gave him many a pleasant and harmless hour by chatting with him, relating all sorts of anecdotes and stories, attending him in his morning walks in Schonbrunn gardens while he was taking his Carlsbad water and never abusing her extraordinary position by indulging in intrigue or pushing proteges.

"It was the empress herself who, hating stiff court life, had created my position, which I then maintained, owing to the gracious confidence and gratitude of the emperor. Every spring I was the first to bring the late empress, wherever she was staying, the first violets, and I always spent a few days with her.

"An empress, however magnanimous and noble-minded she may be, remains on certain questions above everything a woman. It is therefore hardly possible to believe that the Empress Elizabeth would have honored me with her gracious confidence in such an extraordinary way if in her thoughts even the possibility existed that after her death I might marry the emperor."

Mme. Schratts is on a private visit in Berlin.

HERE'S A NEW RELIGION

Its Chief Aim is to Get Its Votaries to Heaven by Voluntary Death.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

ST. PETERSBURG, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Numbers of Russian peasants living on the Volga have attached themselves to a new religion, the principal tenet of which is to seek to get to heaven by a voluntary death, and in this way to avoid the power of the coming anti-Christ. The leader of the sect is one Makaroff. He and his followers have left their villages and sought retired places in the woods and the remote steppes. Many of them have already disappeared, either committing suicide or allowing their co-religionists to kill them. It is believed that Makaroff's sect is a recrudescence of a widely-spread organization which the police suppressed early in the '50s. The bodies of several of these fatalities have been found. The police are doing their utmost to stamp out the sect, which already numbers hundreds.

The cost of Baku petroleum in European markets will be substantially reduced, enabling it to compete advantageously with American oil, by the construction of a canal connecting the Caspian with the Black sea. This canal will cost $30,000,000 and will be constructed by the Russian government.

DRESS LOOSELY, EAT SWEETS

Thus Men Can Become Princes of the Ball Room, Says This Savant.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

BERLIN, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Dr. Gustav Jager contributes an article to a Stuttgart magazine on the subject of dancing, especially as to the clothes to be worn and the food to be eaten by dancers. He has found that women are more indefatigable dancers than men, not because they are stronger, but because men's clothes are so ridiculous. In mountain climbing the costume is a loose garment around the neck, with stockings and knickerbockers. Were a somewhat refined edition of this costume worn in the ballroom, men would be better and lustier dancers. Then, too, men drink beer and wine and smoke, while women eat sweets.

"If," says Dr. Jager, "you want to spur a horse to extra exertion, give him sugar. It is exactly so with men."

POPE IS NINETY-ONE TODAY

Dr. Mazzoni Declares His Holiness is in Marvelous Health.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

ROME, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The pope will tomorrow celebrate his 91st birthday anniversary. Dr. Mazzoni said to the World correspondent today: "His holiness is in marvelous health. He shows no signs of diminishing vigor—a miraculous thing in a man of his age."

The World correspondent hears that the pope had a narrow escape from a serious accident while celebrating mass on Wednesday through the accidental falling of a heavy brass candlestick which had been insecurely placed on the altar.

CAUSTIC FOR UNCLE SAM

Hand of Lansdowne Intercepts Salisbury's Voice on Hay-Pauncefote Amendment.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

LONDON, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Lord Lansdowne's dispatch, transmitting to Washington the British cabinet's rejection of the United States senate's amendments to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, was caustic, it is currently reported in official circles here. The hand was the hand of Lansdowne, but the voice was the voice of Salisbury. The dispatch, it is said, was in precisely the same vein as Lord Salisbury's first reply to Secretary Olney's claim respecting the Venezuela boundary.

The leading ministerialists here express satisfaction that this government has taken a determined stand and hope that when the canal question is revised, after the lapse of the proposed Hay-Pauncefote convention, this attitude will be maintained. But no public interest and only the faintest political interest is displayed in the Nicaragua question.

An Irish member of Parliament put a question on paper to Under Foreign Secretary Cranborne, asking what reply had been sent to Washington, but was privately informed that no inquiry on that topic could be answered at present.

GRANT IN NO HURRY

Wants Insurgents Disposed of Before Each Province is Organized.

SHOULD BE CAPTURED OR CONQUERED

Puts No Faith in Rebellious Islanders' Apparently Docile Inactivity.

LIKES PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT BEST

Superior to Municipal Form in That Commission Maintains Restraint.

GOLDMAN IS TO GOVERN BATAAN

Commission Appoints a Captain of the Thirty-Second Volunteers and Delegation of Natives Applauds the Selection.

BALANGA, Province of Bataan, P. I., March 2.—A provincial government has been established in the provinces of Brigadier General Grant's district.

General Grant, speaking to the representative of the Associated Press, said he could not recommend civil government in the province of Bulacan or Bataan. The province of Pampanga, however, as recommended by General MacArthur, be considered ripe for civil rule. In General Grant's opinion no civil government ought to be organized until the insurgents were either captured or conquered, however peaceful they might appear.

Conditions were developing with such unexpected rapidity that it was well to organize civil governments in some provinces as an experiment and General Grant believed that some of these would be successful, especially since, unlike the system of municipal government, the provincial system places little real authority or self-government in the people themselves, the actual control remaining with the American Philippine commission.

Captain Goldman Chosen.

Mr. Worcester announced the decision of the commission to appoint an American officer to be civil governor of Bataan province during the transition and Captain John H. Goldman of the Thirty-second United States Volunteer infantry has been thus appointed. All but one of the native delegations favored the appointment of Captain Goldman and applauded it. Captain Goldman responded with a stirring address. Lieutenant Love of the Thirty-second infantry has been appointed treasurer of the province and Sergeant Major Vance of the Forty-first United States Volunteer infantry has been appointed supervisor and secretary to Lieutenant Love.

The capital of the province has been fixed at Balanga.

RELEASED TO SAVE HIS LIFE

Contractor Carman, Charged with Aiding Filipinos, Too Ill to Be Kept in Confinement.

MANILA, March 2.—By direction of Major General MacArthur, D. M. Carman, an American contractor, who was taken into custody February 6, charged with aiding the Filipino insurgents, has been released on $10,000 cash bail. Major Kulp, medical officer, certified that Carman was a sick man and that further confinement was apt to cause his death. Brigadier General G. W. Davis, provost marshal of Manila, says that the case had been very carefully considered before the release was ordered, as it established the precedent in the Philippines of permitting persons charged with aiding and abetting the insurrection to be at large. Carman is under surveillance in Manila. He is allowed no privileges save those allowed by civil law elsewhere.

Carman's release on bail is much discussed. The prosecution is confident of proving Carman's guilt if the case comes to trial.

Lieutenant Crockett and his company of Ilocano scouts have had a skirmish with Geronimo's band in the mountains of Morong province. Several rebels were killed and fifteen rifles were captured.

BATAAN NOT SO PROMISING

Army Officers Doubtful, but Commissioners Look for Success of Civil Rule There.

BLANGA, Province of Bataan, Luzon, March 2.—Notwithstanding the cordial reception, it was the unanimous testimony of officers of the Thirty-second infantry that the people of Bataan are backward, untrustworthy and not ready for civil government. It is also supposed that they are contributing to the insurgents adjacent in the mountains. General Grant, however, is confident that they will be pacified. He says that scouts will shortly disperse the Bataan rebels. Today's session of the commission indicated that the Tagals of Bataan are not equal to those of Bulacan in intellect, otherwise they are a strong race. Interest is manifested in the session of the commission, delegations being present from all towns excepting two. The commissioners anticipate the establishment of a successful government. The Thirty-second infantry will shortly sail for home, being replaced by a portion of the Sixth.

COWCATCHER ON AUTOMOBILE

It Will Be a Necessity if This Sort of Adventure Continues.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Mr. and Mrs. Spalding De Garmendia, the woman a former Baltimorean, now great social favorites in the Paris colony, have had two trying adventures within the last week. While going down from Paris to the Riviera in their automobile the vehicle ploughed through a drove of sheep and cows which were being driven to market during the night, killing several of them, besides suffering a bad spill for themselves. The peasant owners demanding exorbitant damages, Mr. De Garmendia refused to pay them, preferring to remain in the neighborhood until the case could be settled by a court. The local justice of the peace, after a delay of four days, rendered a decision which, though still expensive, was satisfactory.

Twenty-four hours after resuming their journey they admitted into their vehicle an interesting looking old tramp, who appeared to be exhausted. The fellow soon produced a razor and insisted upon cutting his throat right there, as a treat to them, he said.

Mr. De Garmendia stopped the auto and overpowered the man, who fought like a wildcat, while Mrs. De Garmendia screamed in terror, and delivered him gagged and bound to the police of the next town, where he was recognized as a dangerous escaped lunatic.

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair in Western, Occasional Rains Probable in Eastern Portion; Much Colder Sunday; Northwesterly Winds; Monday Fair.

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Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	38	1 p. m.	59
6 a. m.	37	2 p. m.	63
7 a. m.	40	3 p. m.	63
8 a. m.	40	4 p. m.	65
9 a. m.	42	5 p. m.	63
10 a. m.	44	6 p. m.	59
11 a. m.	49	7 p. m.	56
12 m.	54		

YERKES TO REVIVE TUBES

Also Comes the Duke of Manchester to Revive the Spirits of His Creditors.

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LONDON, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Charles T. Yerkes is coming to London to try to revive his electric tube projects. The vibration difficulty dealt them a serious blow and Parliament is not expected to grant any franchises for them this session. The result of the inquiry into the damage done to overhead houses by the vibration of the central London tube condemns all future similar undertakings to heavy liability for compensation to householders.

Upon the duke of Manchester's arrival here he will find his creditors as inexorable as was the Boston dog fancier. Chief among them is the money lender, Sanguinotti, who says he has $50,000 of the duke's overdue acceptances, which he has been prevailed upon by the duke to hold over for payment by his father-in-law, Mr. Zimmerman. Sanguinotti is the name under which the eccentric marquis of Clanricarde carries on his usury business, and Mr. Zimmerman will find him a veritable Shylock. It is Clanricarde's pressure that brings the duke home now, instead of next winter.

To Save Kitchener's Scalp.

Among the special supplies recently dispatched to General Kitchener in South Africa was a large quantity of hairwash prepared to prevent him from getting bald. The South African climate is fatal to hair, which first fades and then falls out. It is easy to pick out returned warriors by their thin and colorless locks. General Kitchener is almost bald. The duke of Teck is completely so, and the most accomplished hair specialists have been employed ever since the duke of Marlborough's return, trying to counteract the depilatory effects of the climate.

The earl of Tankerville, the ardent evangelical lay preacher, who married in 1895 Leonora Van Marter of Chicago, is reported to have become a Catholic, with wife and son, Lord Ossulston.

DANCER WINS THIS SUIT

Court Decides She as Too Young to Agree to Go on American Stage.

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PARIS, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Signora Guerrero, the wonderfully beautiful Spanish dancer who kept Paris crazy the last two years, has won a suit against Clarence Andrews, formerly a member of New York's four hundred, now a theatrical manager. Andrews believed that Guerrero would carry New York by storm if she should appear there, and last summer he signed her for an engagement, with a provision for $5,000 for forfeit in case she should withdraw. In December Guerrero refused to cross the ocean, giving as a reason that she hoped to marry a wealthy American, then in Paris, who was very attentive to her. This man, she explained, was insanely jealous and objected to her going to New York, where, he said, pretty dancing girls were beset by all sorts of temptations. Andrews thereupon sued for $5,000 forfeit, but the court denied it on the ground that as Guerrero was only 20 years old she could not sign a valid contract.

Paderewski, who has several engagements, is prowling disconsolately along the Riviera, bemoaning his loss of time, being anxious to return to seclusion to finish his opera, "Mandru," which is to be produced next September in Vienna.

Eugenie and Princess Henry.

Ex-Empress Eugenie has arrived at her villa at Cape Martin, where she has been joined by Princess Henry of Battenburg and her children. Great friendship has existed between the young princess and the old empress ever since the Princess Beatrice fell so desperately in love with the prince imperial, going so far as to visit the pope and personally implore him to employ himself in removing opposition to their marriage. It was because of the impossibility of the match that the prince went to Africa, where he was killed.

WINS A KENTUCKY GIRL

Brother of Countess and Marchioness to Have Further Distinction of Marrying Amy Moorhead.

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PARIS, March 2.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Amy Moorhead, daughter of the late S. J. Walker of Frankfort, Ky., is to be married at the end of April to Malcolm Moncreiffe, brother of Georgiana, countess of Dudley. Another sister was the beautiful but unfortunate Lady Mordaunt, whose daughter is now the marchioness of Bath.

CANADIAN TO SEE IT

Lord Minto, Governor General, Will Witness President's Inauguration.

PROPITIOUS WEATHER IS PROMISED

Washington Bureau's Special Bulletin Predicts Clear Day.

ROOSEVELT AND FAMILY ARRIVE

Prospective Vice President Among Congressional Limited's Passengers.

BILLS TO BE SIGNED MONDAY MORNING

President Will Not Visit Capitol to Affix Signature on Late Measures Until the Hour Before Ceremonies.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The last day but one before that specified when William McKinley of Ohio is to be inaugurated for the second time finds Washington in complete readiness.

An important announcement was made to the effect that Lord Minto, the governor-general of Canada, will attend the inauguration exercises Monday. He probably will attend the capital ceremonies and the inaugural ball with Lord Pauncefote's party.

General Ellis Spear, chairman of the inauguration committee on medals and badges, today called at the White House and, on behalf of Chairman Edson of the inaugural committee, presented to President McKinley a commemorative medal of the present inauguration. The medal is similar to that struck for the members of the several inaugural committees, being cast in gold, however, instead of brenze. General Spear also presented the chief executive a handsomely bound copy of the inaugural souvenir book, containing the pictures of all presidents of the United States and an account of the inauguration exercises attending the taking of office of each.

Gold Medals and Souvenirs.

A gold medal and souvenir also will be presented to Vice President Roosevelt. The third gold medal has been presented to Chairman Edson of the inaugural committee.

General Francis Vinton Greene, grand marshal of the inaugural parade, was this afternoon presented a beautiful marshal's baton, of dark mahogany, studded with forty-five gold stars, representative of the states of the union. It is eighteen inches long and heavily mounted with gold at both ends.

The president will not go to the capitol to attend to the signing of late bills until about 10:30 o'clock Monday morning. He will have more than an hour for this work before the inaugural ceremonies begin. The bills that accumulate between today and Monday will be signed early Monday morning.

West Sends the Weather.

The weather bureau tonight issued the following special bulletin: "Tonight the temperature is high in all districts, except New England and the lake region, and the weather is mostly clear. A low pressure area covers the Mississippi valley and eastern slope, with generally clear weather and temperature abnormally high. This warm condition of air will move eastward, causing clear and fine weather in Washington, D. C., and over the Atlantic coast states on Monday, the 4th of March."

Roosevelt Arrives.

Vice President-elect Roosevelt, accompanied by his wife and children, reached Washington at 4:50 o'clock on the Congressional Limited train of the Pennsylvania railroad, which was more than an hour late, owing to the crush of inaugural travel. His entry was quiet. Mrs. Cowles, his sister and wife of Commander Cowles of the navy, was at the station to meet him. The party went at once to Commander Cowles' residence, where the vice president-elect will remain until after the inauguration.

CHINA MUST DO ITS WORST

Senate Informed of Order Sent to Pekin for Punishment of Inhuman Assassins.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—In response to a resolution in the senate inquiring as to whether the United States minister to China had joined representatives of other governments in a demand for the execution of Prince Tuan and other Chinese officials and by whose authority, the president tonight sent the following reply signed by Secretary Hay:

"It is charged by the foreign ministers in Pekin and admitted by the government of China that certain high officials of that country have been guilty of heinous crimes and outrages against American missionaries and other foreigners. This department has not directed our minister in Pekin to demand capital punishment for all these persons, but has instructed him to join with his colleagues in demanding the severest punishment which it is in the power of the Chinese government to inflict."

SHANGHAI, March 2.—According to a dispatch from New Chwang 3,000 Russians engaged 10,000 mounted banditti near Shing King recently. The Russians retired on Mukden. They lost one gun and twenty were killed and thirty wounded.

NOYES AND M'KENZIE AGAIN

Senate Threshes Over the Old Wheat with Some Tartness, but No Results.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The senate in executive session today reopened the discussion connected with Judge Noyes' appointment of Alexander McKenzie to the position of receiver of certain mines in Alaska. The question arose in connection with the nomination of Frank H. Richards as United States marshal for the Second district of Alaska, and was raised by Senator Stewart.

The debate was very tart at times, but the points developed were in no wise different from those made when the same question came up in the open session of the senate a few days ago.

PRESIDENT SIGNS ARMY BILL

Affixes Official Signature to Appropriation Measure Affecting Cuba and the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The president tonight signed the army appropriation bill, which contains the provisions relating to relations of the United States with Cuba and the government of the Philippines.