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Bee, Jan. 16, 1901.

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Better materials go into "La Vida" corsets than into any other American make. All the new models are here, most of which are straight front corsets, which in Paris are sometimes called "respiratory" corsets—because you can't breathe in it comfortably. It gives you a slightly larger waist, which looks small, because the tightening begins at the back and sides—leaves the abdomen almost entirely free. So comfortable a corset cannot be a fad. At $4.50 each—boned with real whalebone, made of Italian lasting cloth, sizes 18 to 26, black or white. At $7.50—bias gored and low bust, very long over hips, real whalebone, most shapely and comfortable for stout figures. Each pair of "La Vida" corsets fitted without extra charge for doing so.

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Sole agents for "La Vida," best American corset for American figures.

they met if they got outside the state limits."

Chance to Feel Public Pulse.

The chances are that one or both houses will adjourn over tomorrow to Monday, giving an opportunity to the members to go home and feel the public pulse in person. Some of them prefer not to go home for the very reason that their conduct might meet disapproval, but to the men who want to represent their constituents the excursion home will not be unwelcome.

The adjournment of the republican conference last night, after discharging the caucus committee without fixing a time to meet again, is taken as indication that no serious effort will be made to force a caucus this week. With so diversified interests it would be hard to get together on a satisfactory plan, at least until the boquet period is passed. The adoption of the simultaneous ballot in the joint convention again today, however, affords still further evidence that the plan for simultaneous nomination in caucus is growing in favor.

DETAILS OF JOINT BALLOT

How the Republican Members Scattered Their Vote Among Nineteen Names.

LINCOLN, Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—The senate and house met in join session today to vote for senators. The result is no more conclusive than the one cast in the separate houses yesterday. Several of the favorite sons who were remembered yesterday dropped out, but two new ones, Lindsay and Sheldon, appeared. The result of the dropping out of complimentary votes was to increase the totals of the leaders somewhat. The fusion vote was cast solid for Allen and W. H. Thompson, except one vote for Sutherland.

Result of the senatorial vote in joint session today:

Allen	57	Sutherland	1
Thompson, D. E.	31	Hinshaw	16
Crounse	10	Howe	1
Thompson, W. H.	58	Van Dusen	3
Currie	20	Kinkaid	3
Norval	1	Meiklejohn	26
Harlan	2	Murphy	2
Richards	1	Morlan	1
Hays	1	Lindsay	2
Rosewater	14	Sheldon	1
Hainer	5		

Absent, Hawxby and Beisner; Beisner paired with Hamilton.

Vote in Detail.

The republican vote was:

Allen—Currie, D. E. Thompson.
Andrews—D. E. Thompson, Crounse.
Arends—Currie, Van Dusen.
Armstrong—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Baldrige—D. E. Thompson, Rosewater.
Beekly—D. E. Thompson, Currie.
Beethe—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Berlet—Church Howe, Meiklejohn.
Broderick—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Brown (Cass and Otoe)—Hainer, Crounse.
Brown (Furnas)—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Buresh—Martin, Rosewater.
Cain—Martin, Meiklejohn.
Campbell—Hitchcock, Allen.
Corneer—Crounse, Rosewater.
Crissey—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Crounse—Currie, Harlan.
Currie—Crounse, Van Dusen.
Edgar—Currie, D. E. Thompson.
Evans—Hainer, Currie.
Fowler—Hainer, Meiklejohn.
Friedrich—Currie, Hainer.
Gallogly—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Gawne—M. P. Kinkaid, Meiklejohn.
Hall—D. E. Thompson, Crounse.
Harlan—Currie, D. E. Thompson.
Harris—Thompson, Currie.
Hathorn—Currie, W. J. Morlan.
Hibbert—George Murphy, Crounse.
Horton—Meiklejohn, Kinkaid.
Humphrey—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Johnson—D. E. Thompson, Rosewater.
Jouvenat—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Laflin—D. E. Thompson, Currie.
Lane—D. E. Thompson, Currie.
Lowe—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Marshall—Hinshaw, Currie.
Martin—Hinshaw, Crounse.
McCargar—Van Dusen, D. E. Thompson.
McCarthy—Hinshaw, John R. Hays.
McCoy—Kinkaid, Rosewater.
Mead—Norval, Rosewater.
Mendenhall—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Miskell—D. E. Thompson, Hinshaw.
Mockett—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Mullen—Currie, Rosewater.
Newell—Currie, Hinshaw.
Oleson—Rosewater, Hinshaw.
O'Neill—Rosewater, D. E. Thompson.
Olson—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Owens—Currie, Rosewater.
Rohwer—Hinshaw, Crounse.
Sandal—N. V. Harlan, Meiklejohn.
Scott—Lindsay, Currie.
Shellhorn—D. E. Thompson, Crounse.
Smitheberger—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Spencer—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Steele—Meiklejohn, Hinshaw.
Steinmeyer—Hinshaw, Murphy.
Swanson—Meiklejohn, Richards.
Tefft—D. E. Thompson, Rosewater.
Trompen—Currie, D. E. Thompson.
Tweed—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Uhl—D. E. Thompson, Rosewater.
VanBoskirk—Meiklejohn, D. E. Thompson.
Warner—D. E. Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Wenzl—Lindsay, Currie.
Whitmore—Hainer, Meiklejohn.
Wilcox—Hinshaw, Rosewater.
Wilkinson—George Sheldon, Currie.
Young—Rosewater, Harlan.
Mr. Speaker—D. E. Thompson, Crounse.

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves?

In many forms of cutaneous eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor and general debility.

How are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which also builds up the system that has suffered from them.

It is the best of all medicines for all humors.

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SENATE DOES LITTLE WORK

Day Spent in Passing Legislative Appropriation Bills and on Routine Measures.

LINCOLN, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—The session of the senate today was short and uneventful, the body during the time it was in session being occupied with work of a routine nature. The senate convened at 10 o'clock and after roll call by the secretary the oath of Senator Johnson, the contesting member from Harlan county, who was seated yesterday, was read to the senate. In the absence of Chaplain Cressman the senate was led in prayer by Dr. W. M. Hindman of the First Presbyterian church of this city. The reading of the journal was, upon motion of VanBoskirk, dispensed with and the senate listened to the third reading of house files 11 and 13, both be appropriation bills, one providing for the salary of the members and the other for the expenses of the legislature, which were passed.

The resolution of Ziegler of Cedar inquiring into the existence of a board of railway commissioners which had been made a special order for this morning, was taken up and, upon motion of Ziegler, was adopted.

VanBoskirk of Box Butte presented a petition from his constituents, who come from the cattle-raising section of the state, asking the legislature to pass an act the object of which is to prevent cattle stealing. The petition recommends that the act provide that railways receiving cattle for shipment require the shipper to show a clear title to the cattle being shipped and asks that a further provision be made requiring butchers to exhibit the hide of the animal butchered. The petition was read and placed on file without reference.

Only two bills were introduced during the day, both being by Martin of Richardson. One is a bill which provides that a county judge may hold court in another county when the judge of that county is disqualified for duty. The other contains several amendments to the present Slocum law and provides that the license shall afford no protection to persons other than those named in the license, their employes, agents or servants, only in the event that the said parties are the real parties in interest, and said license cannot be sold or transferred. Any agreement made between the licensee and any person prior or subsequent to the issuance of said license, or made contingent upon the issuance thereof, for the exclusive purchase by said licensee from any one or more vendors or dealers thereof, shall be void. One of the most interesting features of the proposed amendments is the fact that it gives cities of over 1,000 population the right to issue licenses within the city and for a distance of two miles from the city limits. It provides that wholesale dealers shall pay a license of $1,000 and where they maintain distributing agencies they shall pay a like license for each one maintained. It is required that all bottles containing liquors for sale shall bear a label on which shall be printed a formula of the true ingredients used in the manufacture thereof and that said labels shall be destroyed before the bottles are refilled, the same requirement applying to casks and kegs.

Bills on second reading were then taken up, after which, there being no further business before the senate, a recess was taken for half an hour.

Upon reconvening Owens of Dawson presented two petitions from his constituents in Dawson and Cheyenne counties asking him to support Hon. Edward Rosewater for United States senator, but inasmuch as the petitions were addressed to Senator Owens and not to the senate no action was taken in regard to them.

The senate then proceeded to the house for the purpose of balloting for United States senators, after which they returned to the senate chamber and adjourned until 10:30 tomorrow morning.

The following senate files were introduced today:

S. F. 110, by Martin (by request)—An act to amend sections 5, 13 and 25 of chapter 1 of the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska of 1899, and to repeal said original sections.

S. F. 111, by Martin (by request)—An act to authorize county judges to hold court and perform the ministerial duties of their office in counties other than the county of their residence.

HOUSE GETS MANY NEW BILLS

South Omaha City Charter and a Few More Amendments to Omaha's Offered.

LINCOLN, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—The house of representatives devoted practically ally the entire time of its two sessions today to the reading of house bills, which have now reached the number of 159. Among those introduced today is one providing a new charter for the city of South Omaha, another raising the salaries of several officers of the city of Omaha and a third fixes the compensation of the clerk of the supreme court at $2,500 annually. Another bill that is considered of utmost importance was the one introduced by John J. McCarthy of Dixon, providing for the appointment of nine supreme court commissioners and as many stenographers.

The South Omaha charter was introduced by Representative Wilcox, who explained that the bill was recommended for passage by the administration, the Commercial club and the citizens' committee of that place. The charter proposed creates a class for cities of from 25,000 to 40,000 population. One important feature of the bill is the provision which would allow all city officials to hold over until the expiration of their terms. It also would divide the city into six wards, each to have one councilman, to be elected at large, and would create the offices of tax commissioner and water commissioner. The compensation for all city officials would be on a salary basis instead of fees as under the present laws.

In the bill relating to the salaries of Omaha city officials, introduced by Representative McCoy, the following increases are provided for: City comptroller, from $1,800 to $3,000; police judge, from $1,200 to $2,500; city clerk, from $1,800 to $2,500; city prosecutor, from $900 to $1,800.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the house adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The following bills were read the first time:

H. R. 142, by Tefft—A bill for an act for the relief of state treasurers who have paid out money for guaranty bonds furnished by surety companies. Allows $3,000 for Treasurer Stuefer for year 1896 and $2,000 to take up claim of former State Treasurer Meserve for that amount.

H. R. 143, by Miskell—A bill for an act to amend section 197 of chapter xix of the Criminal Code of the State of Nebraska, entitled "Offenses against election laws." Provides penalty and imprisonment from one to five years for destroying ballot boxes or poll books until after time for beginning contests has expired.

H. R. 144, by Calkins—A bill for an act to define the residence of all persons liable to work a labor tax in any road district in the state of Nebraska. Persons with families must reside with them; residence of other persons is where they board.

H. R. 145, by Calkins—A bill for an act to amend section 1 of article 1 of chapter xiv of the Compiled Statutes of the State of Nebraska, entitled "Cities of the second-class and villages." Declares that villages of more than 1,000 inhabitants may become cities of the second-class on petition signed by two-fifths of the freeholders.

H. R. 146, by Calkins—A bill for an act to amend sections 78 and 78a of chapter lxxviii of the Compiled Statutes of 1899, providing a penalty for the violation thereof and to repeal said sections. Relates to the work of road overseers.

H. R. 147, by McCarthy—A bill for an act to provide for the appointment, tenure, qualifications, duties and salaries of commissioners of the supreme court and stenographers therefor. Provides for nine commissioners to be appointed by unanimous vote of the supreme court judges, terms to be two years, salary $2,500.

H. R. 148, by Liehty—A bill for an act to authorize county judges to hold court and perform the ministerial duties of their office in counties other than the county of their residence.

H. R. 149, by Jouvenat—An act authorizing the appointment of supreme court commissioners, defining their duties and fixing their compensation. Provides for five commissioners, salary $2,500, terms three years.

H. R. 150, by Stockwell—An act to amend section 69 of chapter xiii of the Compiled Statutes of 1899 and to repeal said section as it now exists. Allows storm insurance companies to insure personal property temporarily removed from their territory.

H. R. 151, by Zimmerman—A bill for an act to authorize the Board of Public Lands and Buildings to purchase a tract of land not exceeding eighty acres, suitable for gardening purposes, for the Norfolk insane asylum at Norfolk, Neb., price of land being limited to $3,000.

H. R. 152, by Spencer—A bill for an act to amend section 87 of chapter lxxvii, article 1, of the Compiled Statutes of 1899 and to repeal said original section, making county treasurers ex-officio collectors of taxes and town treasurers in counties under township organization collectors in their respective districts.

H. R. 153, by Crissey—An act for the purchase, equipment, erection and operation of a soft fiber commercial and binder twine factory at the penitentiary and appropriating $60,000 therefor.

H. R. 154, by Householder—An act to amend section 19, as amended in 1899, of chapter vii, entitled "County Attorneys," of the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska for the Year 1899, to fix the salary of county attorneys and deputies, and to repeal said amended section 19.

H. R. 155, by McCoy—An act to amend section 66 of an act entitled, "An act incorporating metropolitan cities and defining prescribing and regulating their duties, powers and government," and to repeal an act entitled, "An act incorporating metropolitan cities and defining, regulating and prescribing their duties, powers and government," approved March 30, 1887, and all acts amendatory thereof, being chapter xiii of the seventh edition of the Compiled Statutes of the State of Nebraska (edition of 1895), entitled "Cities of the metropolitan class," and to repeal said section 66 as now existing, and changing salaries of officers of the city of Omaha.

H. R. 156, by Wilcox—A bill for an act to incorporate cities of the first-class, having less than 40,000 and more than 25,000 inhabitants, and regulating their duties, powers and government.

H. R. 157, by Evans—An act to amend sections 19 and 21, chapter xclia, article iii, Compiled Statutes of Nebraska for the Year 1899, and to repeal said original sections 19 and 21. Relates to bonds issued by irrigation districts.

H. R. 158, by Evans—A bill for an act to regulate and fix the salaries of the clerk and reporter of the supreme court, providing for the payment of the same and providing for the disposition of all fees and costs collected by him, and to repeal all acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith. Fixes salary at $2,500.

H. R. 159, by Evans—An act to amend sections 16 and 20, chapter xclia, article iii, Compiled Statutes of Nebraska for the Year 1899, and to repeal said original sections 16 and 20. Relates to assessment for taxation.

H. R. 160, by Evans—An act to amend section 2, chapter xclia, article iii, Compiled Statutes of Nebraska for the Year 1899, and to repeal said original section 2. Relates to organization of irrigation districts.

PEOPLE SUPPORT ROSEWATER

Petition Sent to Senator Owens Asking Him to Vote for Him for Senator.

LINCOLN, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Senator Owens of Dawson county today received two petitions, one from his constituents in Dawson county and one from Cheyenne county, asking him to use his influence toward the election of Hon. Edward Rosewater for United States senator. The petitions were each signed by leading republican citizens of the respective counties and contained many names.

Tie-Up in Delaware.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 16.—The general assembly met in joint session today and voted for two United States senators, one for the full term, the other for the unexpired term of four years. The vote was practically the same as in separate session yesterday, the twenty-nine republicans again dividing on both propositions. The ballot for the long term was as follows: Kenney, democrat, 23; Addicks, union republican, 16; Dupont, republican, 8; scattering, republicans, 4.

For the short term: Saulsbury, democrat, 22; Addicks, union republican, 16; Richards, republican, 9; scattering, republicans and democrats, 4; absent, one regular republican; necessary to choice, 26.

Declare Patterson Elected.

DENVER, Jan. 16.—The two houses of the legislature met in joint session at noon today to canvass the vote for United States senator as cast yesterday. It appeared that Thomas M. Patterson had a majority in each house, and he was formally declared elected. The total vote was 69, of which Patterson received 39 and Edward O. Wolcott 8.

GOV'T LUNCHES.

Eminent Doctor Orders Grape-Nuts.

An old physician in Washington, D. C., comments on the general practice government employes have of taking with them for luncheon, buttered rolls and a variety of non-nutritious articles of food which they bolt down and go on with their work.

Ultimately dyspepsia and gastric troubles ensue, and in all such cases where he has been called in for consultation, the orders have been to abandon all sorts of food for the noonda lunch, except Grape-Nuts, which is a ready-cooked, predigested food and a concentrated form of nourishment.

This is eaten with a little fresh milk or cream which can be secured from the vendors who pass through the buildings during the noon hour. The doctor says: "For many reasons I would prefer not to have my name used publicly. Do not object to your furnishing same to any honest inquirer. I have been prescribing Grape-Nuts in numerous cases for about a year and a half and am pleased to say my patients have reason to be thoroughly satisfied with the results. I am myself a strong believer in Grape-Nuts and shall continue to be so long as the preparation gives the results I have obtained thus far." The doctor's name can be had of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

MERELY GOOD SAMARITANS

Damaging Circumstances in Bosschieter Case Glibly Explained Away.

EVERYTHING DONE FOR DEAD GIRL'S WEAL

Defense in Now Notorious Paterson Murder Case Concludes Its Evidence and Argument Will Begin Today.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 16.—Counsel for the defense in the Jennie Bosschieter murder trial today practically closed their case. William A. Death, Walter L. McAllister and Andrew Campbell, the three men on trial for the murder, went upon the stand in their own behalf and told their versions of the events of the night Jennie Bosschieter met her death while in their company. They told the same story practically and their testimony varied but little as to details. The plea set up by counsel for the three defendants was a general special denial of all the accusations made against the men. He opened with an attack on the moral character of the dead girl and claimed that the prisoners were in no way responsible for the death of the girl. He denied that she had been drugged and denied that she had been illtreated and assaulted.

McAllister, Death and Campbell were each on the stand. Their testimony was on the line that they were acting on a generous impulse when they took the girl out of the saloon to the hack. They claimed that she was "jolly drunk" for a time in the back room of Saal's saloon; said she was joking and laughing after the first drink; that she became "dopey" after taking the absinthe and then became dead drunk. They had thought a drive in the fresh air would do her good and had taken her across the river out into the country. The assault was denied. They had lifted the girl out of the hack because she was sick and they had conducted themselves like humanitarians in their efforts to bring her back to her senses. They had taken her to the brook to obtain water. They would have taken her home after she was dead, but when they reached the neighborhood they saw persons about.

Frightened at the Dead Girl.

They were frightened at "the dead girl" and did not want to get mixed up in the scandal. They maintained that they had no evil intentions against the girl. The meeting in the saloon was unintentional so far as McAllister was concerned and he had drawn his friend, Kerr, into the case unwittingly. Campbell became mixed up in it because Death did not want to be seen on the street with the girl lest some one tell his wife. The hack, it would appear from the statements made by the prisoners, was not intended for the party at first, but for McAllister, Kerr and two young women, whose names McAllister refused to divulge, on the ground that their names had not been mentioned before and he did not want to cause them annoyance. The step intended at Lee's was not connected with the girl they had with them, but because, although she had had enough to drink, the men had further capacity. The story as told by each appeared plausible, explanatory and reasonable, but conflicted with the testimony of the hackman and the alleged confessions of Death and Campbell, as introduced by the state and admitted as evidence. The state, which was beaten yesterday in the effort to introduce the confession said to have been made by Campbell, succeeded in getting it all in, in even more detailed manner than would have been possible yesterday.

Summing Up Begins Today.

Tomorrow the summing up will occur and probably the case will be left with the jury about sundown, although it may be that Judge Dixon will defer the charge to the jury until Friday.

When Judge Dixon opened court, counsel for the accused asked that Schulthorpe, the hack driver, be recalled so that he might be confronted with the record of his conviction of a crime of which he had previously been found guilty. Judge Dixon denied the request on the ground that the point sought to be made against Schulthorpe was immaterial.

Michael Dunn then delivered his address, opening the case for the defense. Counsel promised to prove that the death of Jennie Bosschieter was not the result of a criminal assault and that the charge of wilful murder could not stand before the defendants. Mr. Dunn proceeded with a narrative of the events preceeding the death of Jennie Bosschieter, the idea being to show that the meeting of the four ment, McAlister, Campbell, Death and Kerr, was not prearranged and that the girl made the first advances that opened the way for the meeting at Saal's saloon. In the saloon, according to counsel, the girl drank freely, taking cocktails and absinthe. She became drowsy. Then she was escorated from the saloon to the hack, McAlister and Death walking on either side of her. She was not carried, the attorney said. The narrative of counsel for the defense proceeded with the ride in the hack to the place where the girl died. She had become unconscious and the men lifted her from the hack to the ground, where they kneeled around her and made every effort to revive her. She was taken with nausea and the men used their pocket handkerchiefs to wipe her face. The hackman, counsel said, was mistaken when he testified that the accused men assaulted the girl. Despairing of succeeding in restoring the girl to consciousness the men put her back in the hack and drove for aid to the house of the nearest physician.

Says Death Was Accidental.

The death of Jennie Bosschieter, counsel said, was accidental, her drink was not drugged and her person was not violated by the defendant, Death, or either of the others of the party.

The misfortune that befell her might, counsel said, fail to any other girl under similar circumstances.

David Vermullen, an undertaker, who buried the body of the girl, was the first witness called for the defense. He testified that he assisted in embalming the body and two quarts of embalming fluid were used. Witness was not present at either of the autopsies. After the funeral he was directed to reopen the grave and a small box which he supposed contained parts of the girl's remains was taken out and delivered to the authorities.

Walter C. McAllister was called to the stand. He said that he had lived in Paterson all his life. Was associated with his father in the silk business. He was arrested on the Monday evening following October 18, and had since been in jail. The evening of October 18 saw Jennie Bosschieter with Death and Campbell. Had known Campbell about a year and Death about six months. Had known Jennie Bosschieter about two and one-half years. Had taken her riding when he first became acquainted with her, but had never been to any social affairs with her. Did not speak to her on the evening of the 18th when he first saw her, because he did not think she had seen him.

McAllister Details the Affair.

The witness and Kerr walked to Saal's saloon. Death came out of the back room and ordered drinks. McAllister asked Death whether he might join the party in the back room and Death replied that he would ask the girl. Jennie Bosschieter. Afterward he called to McAllister to come in. Subsequently the witness ordered a bottle of champagne. The girl drank two glasses of wine and then appeared to be "pretty full." There was a hack outside of the saloon and it was thought the drive would revive her. Kerr and Campbell went out and started down the street. The witness and Death got in the hack with the girl and overtook Kerr and Campbell, and, at the witness' invitation, they entered the hack. They then all drove up the Goffle road, intending to stop at Lee's place, but when they reached there it was closed. Then they turned around to drive home and had entered the Rock road when the girl complained of feeling ill and asked to be taken out of the carriage. Placing the hackman's blanket on the ground they laid the girl upon it and tried to revive her, but without avail. Placing the girl in the hack they drove to a brook in the vicinity, where they took her out of the hack again and bathed her face. They put her back into the hack and drove to Dr. Wiley's office and as he was not at home they hurried to Dr. Townsend's house.

Continuing McAllister said: "It was our intention to act on the suggestion of the hackman at first and drive to the dead girl's home. We purposed to leave the dead body on the front stoop of the Bosschieter home, but there were so many persons passing in the neighborhood that we decided to turn back and finally left the body where it would be easily found near Alea's ice house."

Cross-Examination.

This concluded McAllister's direct testimony and he settled back in his chair and seemed to prepare for an ordeal when Prosecutor Emley began the cross-examination.

"You had been leading a sporty life for some time," said the prosecutor.

This was promptly objected to by the defense and the objection was sustained.

In reply to another question McAllister said that he did not make any effort to go with Jennie Bosschieter for two years, although she had not objected to his company. He saw her on the night of October 16 going up the street, but he did not speak to her then, as he had an engagement with Kerr to meet some girls on the Yard street bridge. The girls are respectable and the witness declined to give their names. They expected to have a carriage ride. The girls and Kerr did not meet him and he went to Saal's saloon to get a drink. Campbell came from a side room and ordered some drinks. Campbell asked him what he was doing there and he told him that he had a little matter on hand. Campbell told him that Jernie Bosschieter was inside.

"Campbell ordered a cocktail, cider and a beer and the drinks were taken inside. Campbell came out a little latter and invited me in. I went in and in about twenty minutes told Kerr to go and get a rig. Death and Campbell were then having a second round of drinks with the girl and I ordered a quart bottle of champagne. When I first entered the room Jennie staggered over toward me and threw her arms around me and continued to hug me for several minutes. She finally became paralyzed drunk and we proposed a carriage ride. It was thought the fresh air would do her good. Jennie was able to walk out to the hack, but we had to support her. She said as she got in, 'We are going out for a drive.' Death and I assisted her in and she sat between the two of us in the back seat."

The witness denied that either he or anyone else had put anything in the girl's drink. He also denied that he or any of the others had taken liberties with the girl.

Death on the Stand.

Death, another of the accused, followed McAllister on the witness stand. His testimony did not differ materially from McAllister's.

Death said he met Jennie on the street and took her to Saal's saloon. There she drank a cocktail, an absinthe frappe and several glasses of wine. McAllister poured out the wine. Jennie acted in a drunken way when McAllister came into the room and put her arms around McAllister's neck. The champagne made her worse. In the back Jennie became sleepy and Campbell put his finger into her mouth in order to make her vomit. She vomited on Campbell's and McAlister's handkerchiefs. She seemed to be in pain while vomiting.

"You heard Detective Titus' testimony, and you heard him say that you spoke of Jennie and dope. You said that by dope you meant knockout drops."

"I said she got dopy after she had drunk absinthe."

Witness said in answer to a question that he did not assault Jennie on the night of her death, nor did McAllister or Campbell.

"Did you put anything in her drink, or did you know of anyone else doing so?"

"No, sir."

On cross-examination Death said that he did not tell the officers when arrested of the effect of the drink on Jennie, or the whole story as related in court. He said he was so excited that he did not know what he was saying to the officers. He had only told the whole story to his counsel and in court.

Campbell Saw Nothing Like Dope.

Andrew J. Campbell, the third defendant, was then placed on the stand. His account of the occurrences in the saloon and during the remainder of the night was practically the same as that given by McAllister and Death.

In reply to a question by his counsel, in regard to drinking in the saloon, Campbell said: "I saw nothing put in the glasses except the drinks."

On cross-examination Campbell denied telling the detectives that the contents of a bottle he saw McAllister have would make the girl lively. The only bottle he saw in McAllister's hands that night was the champagne bottle. Campbell denied he ever said McAllister was the first to assault the girl. No one asked the driver to participate in the assault. He did not see either Death or McAllister take any portion of her underclothing.

Dr. Charles J. Loffer of New York City testified that he had seen persons "knocked out" by absinthe. Much would depend upon whether a person was accustomed to take it and upon an almost empty stomach the drink would cause excitation and this would be followed by total collapse.

Prosecutor Emly then asked: "If a person had died after having taken absinthe and chloral was found in the stomach what would you say she died of?"

"From chloral poison," replied the witness.

Defense Ends Its Case.

Prof. F. C. Vanderburg, a chemist, told how by mixing whisky cocktails, absinthe and champagne obtained at Saal's saloon with embalming fluid he had procured a crystalline reaction. In reply to a question he said:

"It cannot be told with accuracy by the finding of ten grains of chloral in the stomach how much had been taken to produce them there."

The case for the defense was then closed.

Prosecutor Emly got Campbell to deny specifically each item in the alleged confession said to have been made by him on the night of his arrest. This alleged confession was ruled out yesterday. Detectives Titus, Lord and Taylor were recalled and each went over the same ground.

Where Campbell had denied they affirmed and where he affirmed they denied. The testimony of the detectives closed the rebuttal and the taking of testimony. The jury have the facts as claimed by both sides to exist.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Colorado Smelting Company.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—The Colorado Smelting and Mining company was incorporated here today with a capital of $5,000,000. The incorporators are Albert E. Reynolds of Denver and Charles A. Starbuck and John C. Thompson of New York.

DEATH RECORD

Eli Johnson of Elkhorn.

ELKHORN, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Eli Johnson, known throughout Douglas county as "Uncle Eli," died of heart failure last night at the home of R. C. Livingston. He was born in New York on March 24, 1816, came to Nebraska in 1856 and has since been a factor in the upbuilding of this section of country.

The deceased leaves two sons and three daughters, his wife having died about two years ago. One son lives in Ponca City, Okla., the other in Texas, and two daughters, Mrs. John Emerick and Mrs. David Hale, live in Omaha, while the third, Mrs. Custater, resides in Oklahoma. The remains will be taken from Elkhorn on Friday at 11 a. m. to the Methodist Episcopal church at the Britton cemetery, where the services will be held. The Masons will take charge of the remains after the religious ceremonies at the church, the deceased being a member of that order. Interment will be at the Britton cemetery.

Engineer of Sherman's March.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—William Rudolph Bergholz, 68 years old, died today. Mr. Bergholz came to this country when 22 years old. For a time he followed landscape gardening. He was in the south during the civil war and joined Sherman's army just before the march to the sea and was the only engineer with the army in its famous march. He served until the close of the war and was retired as a major. He laid out the Southern Pacific railroad through Texas and built the Alliance & Lake Erie road in Ohio and three towns in Ohio have been named after him. He secured the right of way through the government reservation for the West Shore railroad and built the Cleveland, Youngstown & Pittsburg road. During his later years he was interested in land speculation. He is survived by his wife and one son, Leo Allen Bergholz, United States consul at Erzeroum, Armenia.

Hon. Joseph M. King of Gering.

GERING, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Hon. Joseph M. King, one of the oldest citizens of this county, died yesterday, aged 70 years. He came to this place fifteen years ago from Iowa, where he was a prominent figure in politics, having served in the state legislature and other places of importance. He engaged here in the practice of law and was the first county judge of Scotts Bluff county. His wife survives him and his sons and a daughter, all adult, one being R. E. King of Atlantic, Ia.; another Wilford King, now a student in the university at Lincoln, and the daughter, who is the widow of Judge Morris J. Williams, of Ottumwa, Ia.

Theron Whitman of Schuyler.

SCHUYLER, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Theron W. Whitman, a prominent attorney of Schuyler and a pioneer settler in the county, died at his home in this city at an early hour yesterday morning, after less than one week's illness with Bright's disease. Mr. Whitman settled on a farm in Maple Creek precinct in 1872, where he remained about three years or until selected to act as deputy county clerk, in 1875, which position he filled throughout successive terms for many years, later studying law and being admitted to practice. He was born in South Wigmouth, Mass., in 1845.

Funeral of Albert B. Brady.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The body of Albert B. Brady, secretary of the S. S. McClure company, who died at Rome, Italy, on December 24, arrived today on the steamer Columbia, from Naples, accompanied by Mrs. Brady, her son, Dr. Homer Wakefield, his wife and family. The funeral will take place on Friday. Mr. Brady, whose parents live in Davenport, and his wife's relatives from Bloomington, have arrived in this city.

Martin Brooks of Fremont.

FREMONT, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Martin Brooks, proprietor of the Brooks house of this city, died last evening of a complication of diseases, aged 74 years. He has been the proprietor of that hotel since he came to this city in 1882. He leaves a widow, three sons and four daughters, all but two of whom were present during his last illness.

Henry Ream of Dakota County.

DAKOTA CITY, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Henry Ream, who has been a resident of Dakota county since May 1, 1856, is dead. The body was taken today to Homer, where interment will be made. He had long been prominent in county affairs, holding at different times the offices of sheriff, coroner, assessor and commissioner.

Veteran of Iowa.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 16.—Major H. F. Beebe died at his home in this city, aged 62 years. He served in the Ninth, Thirty-Fourth and Thirty-Eighth Iowa volunteers during the civil war and was formerly prominent in Iowa politics and took an important part in the development of southwest Missouri mines.

Ex-Governor Mount Drops Dead.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 16.—Ex-Governor Mount dropped dead at the Dennison hotel at 6:40 p. m.

A. B. Caldwell.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 16.—A. B. Caldwell, founder of the Independent Order of Foresters, died here.

RISKS

Are run by every woman who has household cares. It is so easy just to run out of the warm house into the fresh air, to pin a piece of lace to the clothes line. It is also easy to take cold in doing so. Then perhaps comes suppression and kindred evils. Whenever there is any disturbance of the normal womanly function Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription may be relied upon to re-establish perfect health. It is strictly a temperance medicine, containing no alcohol or whisky, neither opium, cocaine nor other narcotic.

"Several years ago I suffered severely from female weakness, prolapsus and menorrhagia, and used 'Favorite Prescription' with splendid effect," writes Fannie Shelton, of Washington, Iowa. "Glad I have not needed it for a few years past but if I should have a return of the old trouble would surely try 'Favorite Prescription.' I have recommended it to a number of my lady friends. I always tell them to try a bottle and if they are not benefited by it I will pay for the medicine. In every case they have spoken in praise of it."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Quality the highest, prices the lowest.

We're ahead on hats. We want more heads to put in them.

House cleaning has reached the hat department.

CONTINENTAL CLOTHING CO

N. E. CORNER 15th AND DOUGLAS.

If we please you tell others—If we don't tell us.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50. CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Kuhn & Co., 15th and Douglas St., Omaha, Neb.; Geo. S. Davis, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Poor Indeed

are those weighed down by mental depression. Men rise in this world through buoyant nerve force.

The loss of this force daily drags down to failure some of the world's brightest minds. Such a condition is commonly known as Nervous Debility.

When you lose self-confidence and feel your strength, energy and nerve force are slipping away, it is high time you seek sensible aid.

You prefer health and success to misery and failure.

Sex-ine Pills

have no equal as a nerve restorer. A couple of boxes will dispel that heavy feeling; the unnatural weariness disappears and replaces languor with new force and vigor of body and brain. Six boxes will cure any ordinary case of nervous