

THE OMAHA DAILY PRESS.

DOWN TO BUSINESS

General MacArthur Adopts Policy Toward the Philippines... Rules of War to Govern in the Future... Proclamation Setting Forth the Principles to Be Followed Issues Today...

NON-COMBATANTS INCLUDED IN MANIFESTO

Threatening Friendly Natives as Well as Actual Violence Investigated Against... SECRET COMMITTEES MUST BE ROUTED OUT... Especial Warning is Given to the People of Manila, Which is Referred to as the Rendezvous of Emisaries of Insurrection.

MANILA, Dec. 19.—Tomorrow General MacArthur will issue a proclamation...

Residents of places occupied by Americans will be notified that compliance with the demands of the enemy will create a presumption that such acts are voluntary and malicious.

The proclamation will say that its warnings and requirements are to apply with special force to Manila, "the rendezvous of the emissaries of insurrection."

Newspapers will be warned against publishing seditious and the proclamation will declare that the rebels, who are not entitled to the privileges of prisoners of war, adding that the fact that they have not hitherto been held responsible is "evidence of the solicitude of the United States to avoid the appearance of harshness."

The proclamation will clearly disavow any recognition of technical belligerency.

LOOK FOR RE-ENLISTMENTS

Belief Many Volunteers in Philippines Will Join the Regulars.

MANILA, Dec. 19.—The tariff commission is still at work on the tariff. Officers here consider that the return of the volunteers will necessitate little about the tariff.

It is believed that many volunteers will re-enlist here if bonuses are offered, the amount to be about equivalent to the expense of equipping and bringing out a recruit.

DREYFUS WILL NOT DOWN

In Spite of the Passage of the Amnesty Bill Army Senators Still Hedges Trouble.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—The Dreyfus affair is not over yet, in spite of the passage of the amnesty bill, it is evident from a letter of Major Cugnet in the morning papers asking the assistance of the secretary of war in a suit for libel against the Stele, which has charged him with forgery.

From this Major Cugnet and General Chamoin have been proceeding with the divorce proceedings, which are now being conducted in the House of Deputies by M. Joseph Lasclès, asserting on the authority of a letter written by Major Cugnet that M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, had written a Chamber an untruth when he said that Major Cugnet had approved the interpretation placed on the Panardiz telegram.

Fatal Steamship Explosion

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Dec. 19.—The British steamer Domingo de Larrazola, Captain Gibson, which left Liverpool November 28 for Port Eads, La., has arrived here in time to meet a gale December 15 her main steamship burst, killing three crewmen and scalding others.

SELECTS LYNE FOR PREMIER. SYDNEY, N. S. W., Dec. 19.—The earl of Hopetoun, governor general of the commonwealth of Australia, has requested William John Lyne, premier of New South Wales, to form the first federal ministry. Mr. Lyne is considering the proposition.

STEAMER POSTED AS MISSING. LONDON, Dec. 19.—The British steamer Halls of Invernauld, from Newport News on October 4 for Buenos Ayres, has been posted at Lloyd's as missing. The vessel has never been heard of since she sailed.

CHRISTIANS KILLED IN TURKEY. LONDON, Dec. 19.—A dispatch to the Daily Express from Vienna reports recent Moslem excesses against the Christian population in the central provinces of Turkey, where 200 Christians have been killed.

ENGLAND BUYS AMERICAN STEEL MILLS. LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Daily Chronicle announces that a contract for 20,000 tons of steel rails and fishplates for the Victorian railways has been placed with the Illinois Steel company of Chicago.

POPULATION OF GERMAN CITIES. BERLIN, Dec. 19.—The census shows thirty-three cities, with populations exceeding 100,000, whose aggregate, including Essen, is 9,077,934, or an increase of 1,151,582 since 1895.

Mrs. Dixon Gets Divorce. BOSTON, Dec. 19.—Judge Fessenden today filed his decision in the divorce proceedings of Mrs. J. J. Dixon, former pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist church, this city, and his wife, Annie, entering a decree in favor of Mrs. Dixon on the ground of adultery. The bill of Mrs. Dixon against his wife on the charge of adultery was dismissed as unproved. Mrs. Ella M. Ammerman, widow of former Congressman Ammerman of Pennsylvania, who died some months ago, was named as co-respondent by Mrs. Dixon. The decision rendered today, it is said, will play an important part in the contest over the will left by Mrs. Ammerman, which bequeathed \$5,000 to Dr. Dixon. The relatives of the woman contest the will on the ground of alleged undue influence.

FRANCE SHOWS CONFIDENCE

Government Offers Decoration of Legion of Honor to American Agent of Disclosing Gun Secrets.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—The French government has given the most emphatic denials to French officials who tried to involve France in the disclosure of the Legion of Honor to Lieutenant W. S. Sims, the former United States naval attaché at Paris, whom the French press described as the person guilty of disclosing the gun's features.

When the news was first published here the anti-governmental press attempted to use it as a weapon against the ministry and La Presse accused, anonymously, the ex-attaché of the United States embassy, making the disclosure a distinct diplomatic circle knew Lieutenant Sims was intended. It said, among other things, that he acted almost openly as a spy for several powers.

The news became public today that M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, had offered the cross of the Legion of Honor to Lieutenant Sims, who is now on board the battleship Kentucky. As the lieutenant is a government official, he is unable to accept the honor without the consent of congress.

GERMAN BANKER IN TROUBLE. Financier to the Kaiser, Involved by Mortgage Bank Failures, Asks for Moratorium.

BERLIN, Dec. 19.—The banking house of Anhalt & Wagner is in difficulties owing to its connection with the Prussia Hypothekbank Aktienbank and the Deutsche Reichsbank. The proprietor, Herr Schmidt, is the Kaiser's private banker, and president of the board of overseers of the two embarrassed mortgage banks.

Most of the Berlin papers will raise their prices in January, owing to the increased cost of paper.

Count von Buelow, who is now making a tour of the courts of the empire, while in Munich sat to Franz Lantsch, the painter, for his portrait.

Dr. Lantsch, convict and sentenced to death last summer for poisoning Louise Berger, who he induced to believe he was a magician, and then to drink a potion containing strychnine, so that she died at Grunewald, a suburb of Berlin, has been pronounced insane.

GERMAN DUTIES ON GRAIN

Statement Made That Count von Buelow Has Agreed to Make Rate Sixty to Seventy Marks a Ton.

BERLIN, Dec. 19.—Count von Kilschewski, conservative, informed an agrarian meeting at Koenigsburg today that Count von Buelow had agreed to impose grain duties ranging from 60 to 70 marks a ton.

He also announced that the centrist, free conservative and a part of the national liberals had already accepted this arrangement. The town council of Munich has adopted a resolution against an increase of the grain and meat duties. All the other social and political parties have adopted similar resolutions.

The German Association of Cotton Yarn Consumers has addressed a note to Count von Buelow asking for long-term commercial treaties. Four special textile associations, representing 500 firms, have signed the petition.

CHANCE FOR ANOTHER WAR

The Netherlands Informs Great Britain It Will Not Accept Paris-Venezuelan Award.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 19.—Baron von Goldstein von Oldenard, minister of the Netherlands, London, has notified the British government and that the Netherlands were not a party to the frontier dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela the government of the Netherlands cannot consider itself bound by the Paris arbitration awards delimiting the Anglo-Dutch frontier.

Austrian Invents an Airship. The NEW YORK DISPATCH dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Vienna says: The Austrian engineer, Wilhelm Kress, has invented an airship which is pronounced to be better than Zeppelin's. The emperor's attention being called to the model, he is much interested and expressed the belief that it will be a success.

Kress, not having money to build a large airship, the emperor said he would fix that and contribute \$1,000 out of his own pocket. Numerous offers followed suit, and Kress will build the ship.

Talks of Scandinavian Colonization. STOCKHOLM, Dec. 19.—William W. Thomson, United States minister to Sweden and Norway, tonight addressed the English society in Stockholm on "Scandinavian Colonization in America and its Effect on American Civilization." A portrait of President McKinley, handsomely framed, was presented to Mr. Thomson.

Westernland Lines Propeller. LONDON, Dec. 19.—Timothy Harrington, Somerhill, from Newport News on December 6 for Ipswich, passed the Lizard today having in tow the steamer Westernland, which sailed from Antwerp on December 15 for New York. The Westernland had lost its propeller and the Somerhill was towing it to Southampton.

Harrington Sues for Libel. DUBLIN, Dec. 19.—Timothy Harrington, nationalist member of Parliament for the Harbor division of Dublin, will sue the Freeman's Journal for libel in having intimated that his vote on the public corporations bill had been influenced by pecuniary considerations. He demands \$2,000 as compensation.

Chote Denies Report. LONDON, Dec. 19.—United States Ambassador Chote denies the report that he is about to resign his post, which report, he says, is based on the belief that the death of his partner, Charles C. Beaman, would necessitate his return to his law practice.

Atlantic liner Disabled. PORT SAUND, DELAWARE, Dec. 19.—The North German Lloyd steamer Trier, Captain von Deeken, which sailed from Bremen December 1 for New York, has put in here with its machinery out of order. It has 630 passengers on board.

Steamer Still Aground. LONDON, Dec. 19.—All attempts to float the British steamer Laura, Captain Yule, from Spavannah, via Norfolk, for Bremen, ashore on the coast of Holland near Petten, have been unsuccessful.

Russia Favors America. ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 19.—Discussing the Nicaragua canal the Novoye Vremya says Russia is not interested in the matter, but naturally sides with America.

Sale of Indian Bills. LONDON, Dec. 18.—India council bills were allotted today at 14-1/4-1/8.

KRUGER IS NOT A FUGITIVE

Asserts that He is in Europe at the Command of His Government.

PLACES LITTLE RELIANCE ON PRINCES. Former President of the Transvaal Given a Cordial Reception by People and Officials of Amsterdam.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 19.—Mr. Kruger arrived here today. He was met at the railroad station by the municipal and communal authorities. Speeches were exchanged in the royal waiting rooms. A bouquet was presented to Mr. Kruger, whose every appearance was a signal for friends of applause.

Very large crowds of people lined the route to the town hall, where the burgomaster and aldermen had been obliged to hope Mr. Kruger would succeed in his efforts to secure honorable peace. Mr. Kruger, in the course of his reply, said: "In 1884 we obtained our independence, but that honorable action was not known to the invaders who then against me, but we again the day when God will be known to us all. I have not come to the British Empire, women and children against us."

Luncheon followed. Mr. Kruger subsequently visited the headquarters of the South African refugees.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—It is reported this afternoon that General Knox has been obliged to abandon the pursuit of General Dewet owing to the situation created in Cape Colony by the Boers crossing the Orange river. It is said that 3,000 republicans have entered Cape Colony and a similar number have reached Philippstown. The report adds that Dewet has about 4,000 men, is northeast of the Orange river, and that an attack upon Wimpburg is momentarily expected.

VOLUNTEERS TIRED OF WAR

Officers in the British Service in South Africa Tender Their Resignations.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—The government publicly requires employers, who in open situations for yeomanry, colonials and volunteers, to continue their patriotic efforts to minimize the sacrifices of these men in the service of their country.

The War office has issued the queen's orders, expressing her reliance that those abroad will continue to aid the regulars. The foregoing are designed to quiet those in the field who are waiting to go home.

Numbers of volunteer officers, resignations are gazetted today. The British yeomanry and volunteers, who have urgently represented that their affairs are going to ruin. The War office, owing to these representations, has let them off.

Pitched Battle Imminent. KRUGER'S DRIFT, Transvaal, Sunday, Dec. 16.—A pitched battle is imminent between the British under General Clooms, who has been forced, and the Boers under General Delany.

British Losses at Voortgedacht. LONDON, Dec. 19.—The British losses at Voortgedacht, according to the official accounts, were eighty-two killed and wounded, with forty-four missing and still unaccounted for.

MISTAKE EXPLAINED AT LAST

Change or Omission of Single Digit Responsible for Delay on Joint Note to China.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—It is now learned that the entire misunderstanding which has delayed the consummation of the agreement at Pekin was caused by the change or omission of the single digit in a complex group of figures making up one of the cipher messages to the United States. Curiously enough the change in this single digit exactly reversed the meaning of the entire message, so that Mr. Conger, in opposing the English view, was actually exactly contrary to the spirit of his instructions, though it was the letter.

The United States government, far from seeking to induce the British government and the others interested to accept the term "irrevocable" as defining the purposes of the powers in dealing with China, actually intended to take exactly the opposite view of the matter. Through the afore said error, however, the British government, which also objected to the use of the word "irrevocable," was led to believe that the United States government desired the word to be retained. After a long delay it consented to accept the word. But this is exactly what our government does not want. The exchanges which are proceeding rapidly are with a purpose on the part of the government to get rid of the "irrevocable" term, or idea, but it began to appear that this is going to be difficult of accomplishment, for even Great Britain, though accepting the word against its original judgment, appears now disposed to allow it to remain.

ALL ACCEPT JOINT NOTE

Foreign Ministers at Pekin Agree to Modifications Suggested by Great Britain.

PEKIN, Dec. 19.—At a meeting of the foreign ministers late this evening everything in regard to the terms of the joint note was agreed to, including the British modifications. The ministers refused to disclose anything in connection with the matter, believing that the home governments should give the particulars to the public.

PROTEST ON VON WALDERSEE

Russian Paper Asserts that Soldiers Complain of His Brutality.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 19.—The Novoye Vremya observes that there are evidences of discontent in all the armies, including the German, with Field Marshal von Waldersee's brutality. The paper supports the demand that each army act henceforth on its own responsibility.

Bishop Chatard to Retain His See. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 19.—Bishop Chatard of Indianapolis has written to his brother, Dr. Thomas M. Chatard, that his health has improved to so great an extent that he has reconsidered resigning the see of Indianapolis and will continue to govern it, aided by his newly appointed coadjutor, Bishop O'Donoghue. Bishop Chatard suffered a stroke of apoplexy on August 28, 1899. He was formerly head of the American college at Rome.

Official Vote of Minnesota. ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 19.—The official vote of Minnesota was announced today as follows: For president, McKinley, 156,821; Bryan, 11,580; For vice president, McKinley, 1,328; McKinley, a plurality of 77,243 for governor. Van Sant, republican, 152,960; Lind, democratic, 15,015; Hagan, republican, 5,430; Lucas, socialist democratic, 1,546; Kress, socialist labor, 86; Palestine, middle of the road populist, 762; Van Sant's plurality, 2,284.

NAVY AS A REFORM SCHOOL

Unruly Youths of Chicago Hereafter Will Be Turned Over to Training Ships.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.—The United States navy, by agreement with the juvenile court here, is to become a reform school for unruly Chicago boys. The John Worshy school, accordingly, will lose scores of the older lads sent there for correction. Boys out on probation and under the supervision of officers will be picked up and future candidates of the institution will be sent directly to the government's training ships.

This will greatly lengthen the period for discipline and increase the chances of thoroughly reforming wayward youths. As it is, good behavior secures the release of many from John Worshy school after two or three months. Some of them find their way back again and others remain at large or with their parents. The navy plan will hold them in check for a term of from three to five years and under the best of restraint and under influences likely to produce the best results.

The matter was discussed in Judge Tutbill's court today. A representative of the navy recruiting office conferred with the judge and said that the navy would be glad to avail itself of such an opportunity. The question arose, however, as to the authority of the court and the legality of the proposed change. Investigation showed that the statutes clearly grant the court the power. It demonstrated that when a boy is brought before the juvenile court and once adjudged delinquent or delinquent he is from that time until he becomes 20 years of age ward of the court. His parents no longer have authority over him, so he is in the custody of the state.

Arrangements were made whereby the system set on foot to operate at once. Superintendent Sloan of the John Worshy school was notified and tomorrow the recruiting officer will visit the institution to select a number of the most desirable boys. An examination will then be held to decide which of the lads meets the requirements of the United States government. Those passing will thereupon become apprentice to the navy.

ENGINE BUILDER TESTIFIES

Representative of Baldwin Locomotive Works Gives Industrial Commission Interesting Statistics.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 19.—John H. Converse, a member of the firm of Burnham, Williams & Co., which contracts for Baldwin locomotives works, appeared before the industrial commission today. He stated that the industry was established in 1831 and has constantly and steadily grown until the system as it exists today is one of the world. The capacity of the plant is 1,200 locomotives a year, or practically four locomotives for each working day. The capital employed Mr. Converse estimated at not less than \$1,000,000. About \$500,000 are engaged at the present time.

The foreign trade in locomotives, he said, has been a growth of the last forty years. At first it was confined to Cuba and South America, but during the last twenty-five years it has extended to the eastern hemisphere.

Mr. Converse gave as reasons for the introduction of American locomotives abroad the possibility of earlier delivery, preference for American locomotives as to type, cost and quality, and the fact that the engines have been constructed, witness said, at less cost per unit of weight than the ordinary foreign locomotives.

In answer to a question by Chairman Clark, Mr. Converse said the wages of the firm's employes are higher than those paid abroad.

"In that case," said Chairman Clark, "how can you produce locomotives at less cost than the foreign product?"

Mr. Converse explained the fact to be due to the industry and intelligence of the American workman and the much larger use of improved machinery here than abroad.

As to the question of speed, Mr. Converse stated that the introduction of steel rails for those of iron permitted an increase of weight in engines, which resulted in greater speed. The increase in speed and capacity brought about a reduction in the cost of transporting material.

Regarding the conditions, Mr. Converse said that owing to the government ownership system existing in most foreign countries no difficulty was ever encountered in that respect.

It is argued that to make up the additional cost of an eight-hour basis the mill owners would have to add only 1 cent a barrel to the price of flour to permit the change. Other milling centers in this locality would be expected to join the union. Local mill-owners have already formed a union and an eight-hour day no doubt is one of the first things it will seek to obtain.

FOUR-HOUR DAY FOR MILLERS

Operatives Say That One Cent Added to the Price of Every Barrel Will Cover Extra Expense.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 19.—According to the Northwest Miller the mill operatives of Minneapolis are at this time earnestly discussing the question of an eight-hour day as a substitute for the present twelve-hour day. The mill operatives are in a state of excitement. The issue of the mill-employees is quietly feeling its way toward proposing an eight-hour day to the mill owners and the subject is likely to come up for discussion within a comparatively short time.

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JONES ANXIOUS TO RESIGN

Chairman of Democratic National Committee Satisfied with His Two Waterloos.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.—The Record will say tomorrow: Senator J. K. Jones, according to reports in democratic circles, will soon call a meeting of the national democratic committee in Washington for the purpose of resigning as chairman. This information came to Chicago today straight from men who are close to Senator Jones. They said that the manager of Colonel Bryan's last campaign was anxious to get out so that the committee can elect his successor. They said that J. G. Johnson, who was chairman of the executive committee, is an active candidate for the chairmanship of the general committee and that ex-Governor Stone of Missouri would like to be chairman.

It is said a majority of the committee are in favor of Mayor Tassart of Indianapolis, the Indiana committee man.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN VESSELS

GRAND VESSEL, Dec. 19.—G. L. Mason, a Dowle elder of Chicago, is supposed to be arriving here today. He is on his way to the Grand opera house. The speaker made a bitter attack on the Masons and other secret organizations and was assailed with rotten eggs, vegetables and other missiles. In the confusion Mason was pushed over on the floor. He appealed for protection and a number of men gathered about him and kept the crowd back while he was escorted to a place of safety.

Funeral of Mrs. Curtis Brice. LIMA, O., Dec. 19.—The funeral of Mrs. Curtis Brice, wife of the late Senator, took place at the Presbyterian church today at 11 o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. John J. Thompson, pastor of the church, assisted by Dr. Thomson, formerly president of the Miami university, who delivered an address at the funeral of Senator Brice.

A MALICIOUS ROORBACK

Mayor Kelly's Chief of Police Lets Out Hot Air Strong.

GOES ON WITNESS STAND FOR FUSIONISTS. While There He Delivers Glaringly Inconsistent Yarn About Mr. Rosewater's Alleged Attempt to Create an Election Riot.

The taking of testimony in the election contest cases was resumed yesterday, two weeks after the fact of the election. Chief of Police Kelly's chief of police, who was on the witness stand for fusionists, delivered a yarn about Mr. Rosewater's alleged attempt to create an election riot. The yarn was so glaringly inconsistent that it was met with much laughter by the other witnesses.

Several men who had been reported as having been registered illegally were brought forward during the course of the morning session, and these testified that they were legal voters in the city of South Omaha. Ed Powers, who works for Cudahy, and lives at the Cudahy fire hall, testified that only a dozen men slept at the fire hall. He stays there and has been there, he asserts, since the time of the election.

Continuing, witness said that twelve men constitute the Cudahy fire department. The registration books show that fourteen men were on the Cudahy fire roll. Several men who had been reported as having been registered illegally were brought forward during the course of the morning session, and these testified that they were legal voters in the city of South Omaha. Ed Powers, who works for Cudahy, and lives at the Cudahy fire hall, testified that only a dozen men slept at the fire hall. He stays there and has been there, he asserts, since the time of the election.

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