STATE TREASURY BALANCES

Semi-Annual Report Shows Six Hundred Thousand Dollars.

UNINVESTED SCHOOL FUND REDUCED

State Treasurer Meserve Makes a Showing of His Department's Operations During the Time Since June 1 Last.

LINCOLN, Dec. 6.—(Special.)—Treasurer Meserve today submitted his last semi-annual report for inspection by Governor Poynter. The document was filed in the executive department and will be supplemented on December 31 by a final report covering the last month of the present treasurer's term of office. The disbursements of the state treasury during the six months ending with December were $1,372,406.17, while the receipts for the same period, not including the balance on May 31, were $1,166,142.80. The total balance of all funds on December 1 was $615,018.34, and the total balance at the beginning of the period was $819,281.71.

Of the total balance, $159,947.95 are contained in the educational trust and endowment funds. Whatever portions of these funds that remains uninvested when Treasurer Meserve retires from office must be turned over to his successor in actual money. It is estimated now that the uninvested school money at the end of the present month will amount to slightly more than $150,000.

During the six months covered by the report the suspended account, made by shortages and losses in bank failures, was reduced by the payment of $36,897.08, of which $35,454.27 was dividends on the state's deposit in the Capital National bank and $1,422.81 a partial payment of the state's deposit in the Exchange bank of Atkinson. Of the total of $337,763.27 of state money deposited in banks that failed only $35,953.27 has been recovered, leaving the broken banks still owing the state $301,808.

Condition of the Funds.

The following shows the receipts, disbursements and balances of all funds for the half-year covered by the treasurer's report:

	Balance, May 31.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Balance, Dec. 1.
General fund	$ 76,883.91	$ 422,415.64	$ 409,706.09	$ 89,594.46
Sinking fund	49,971.78	41,196.65	35,000.00	56,168.43
Permanent school fund	203,471.70	590,254.11	267,729.23	525,996.58
Temporary school fund	272,254.74	87,946.75	258,571.69	101,629.80
Permanent university	364,470.00			364,470.00
Temporary university	56,015.50	16,295.88	45,000.00	27,311.38
Normal university		139.95	139.95	
State Hospital Insane		87,046.75	87,046.75	
State library		238.47	238.47	
University cash	14,331.50		200.00	14,131.50
Normal library	2,296.18		115.11	2,181.07
Normal endowment	3,415.24		1,042.34	
Penitentiary labor	31,692.32	5,076.56	5,168.95	31,599.93
Penitentiary land	1,800.00	2,275.00		4,075.00
Agricultural and Mechan. Arts	1,276.00	1,030.00	1,305.00	1,001.00
U. S. Express station	5,611.54	11,780.14	8,715.26	8,676.42
Totals	$819,281.71	$1,166,142.80	$1,372,406.17	$615,018.34

Winter Course in Farming.

Preparations are now being made for the winter course in agriculture at the University of Nebraska. This course offers simple and practical instruction in agriculture for eleven weeks at a season of the year when farm work is least pressing. Requirement for entrance is simply a good knowledge of the primary English branches as taught in the district schools. The subjects that will be pursued the first year are: The soil, dairying, horticulture, stock raising, diseases of animals, plant pests, engineering and carpentry and blacksmithing. In the second year the student is given an opportunity to pursue work in field crops, soil laboratories, farm accounts, horticulture, stock breeding, injurious insects, mathematics and agricultural engineering. The estimated expense for the eleven weeks' course is between $35 and $40, proportioned about as follows: Room rent, $9; table board, $24; books, $3; shop deposits, $1; registration fee, $1. Excellent facilities are provided at the university for giving this instruction. The new farm school building, erected last winter at a cost of $30,000, provides ample lecture room for classes. The dairy hall is large and well equipped and there is also in the same a stock judging room and a laboratory for soil study. A veterinary hospital and an agricultural chemical laboratory are also located at the farm. On the campus proper the libraries, museums, baths, lectures, concerts and other accessories are available to the students. This is certainly an excellent opportunity for a young man who is obliged to spend most of his time in actual work on the farm to take eleven weeks of lecture work combined with actual practice in those branches requiring skill and knowledge. The attendance the last few years has grown rapidly and all indications point to double the number for the coming session. The course will begin January 2, 1901, and continue until March 23.

Fees in Secretary's Office.

In his report to the governor, Secretary of State Porter will account for the receipt of $20,526.26 as fees during his last term of office. This money was paid for notarial commissions, for affixing seals, for filing articles of incorporation and trademarks and for transcripts of records.

The supreme court will hear argument in eight cases at its next sitting instead of only one as previously announced. It is the intention of the judges to finish all business on the call in a single day. Of the eight cases assigned for hearing only six are expected to occupy the attention of the court for more than a very few minutes. The cases called are: Ellis against Musselman, Gage; Brown against Nelson, Sarpy; Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company against Hunter, Jefferson; Biddle against Jenkins, Clay; Home Fire Insurance Company against Collins, Adams; Sheibley against Dixon County, Dixon; Watson against Cowles, Otoe; First National bank, Sutton, against Groshans, Clay; Stover against Stark, Hamilton; Cooney against State, Dawson.

An alternative writ of mandamus has been issued by the court commanding Judge Norris of the Fourteenth judicial district to immediately enter judgment in the case of Bullard & Co. against Sallie De Groff, et al, or appear and show cause for not so doing. The case grew out of a dispute over a building contract. A judgment was awarded by the district court in favor of the defendant, but the supreme court reversed this decision and directed another judgment for the plaintiff for a stipulated sum. The trial court then deducted interest from the amount stipulated by the supreme court before entering the final judgment. The order of the supreme court commands the district judge to leave the interest in the judgment.

Odd Fellows' Wives Surprise Them.

LYONS, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—Logan Valley lodge No. 89, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, gave its annual banquet to its members at the hall last evening. These banquets are usually for local and visiting members only, but the program last evening was not carried out as usual on account of the members' wives swooping down upon them, overpowering the outside guards and serving the members a treat of good things in their own way.

HASTINGS CITIZEN KILLED

F. L. Knapp, a Grain Buyer, is Struck by Burlington Flyer in the Yards.

HASTINGS, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—F. L. Knapp, one of Hastings' prominent grain buyers, was killed this morning by a westbound Burlington flyer. Mr. Knapp was walking south close to the Burlington tracks and being somewhat deaf he did not hear the incoming passenger train until within the yards. Acting on an impulse to move forward he attempted to clear the track, but was struck by the engine and tossed high in the air, alighting on the top of a box car. He died almost instantly.

ANTONE'S AIM WAS VERY POOR

Plattsmouth Man Tries to Shoot His Wife and Child and Wounds Himself.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Dec. 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Charles Antone, one of Plattsmouth's old citizens, went home last night about 12 o'clock and shot himself through the left shoulder. His wife says he intended to shoot her and their child. He was under the influence of liquor. He may recover unless blood poison sets in.

One Case Proves Fatal.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—The Board of Health of the city, of which the mayor is chairman, is pushing the quarantine regulations to a finish this morning and is somewhat relieving public anxiety. Dr. Boyden, who was the first to report the disease to the physicians—about ten days ago—informed the council last evening that the second case at the house of prostitution, taken from a mild case, was a most virulent form of smallpox and the patient had practically no chances to recover. He thought the guard, which had been removed yesterday, was most necessary. The patient, a woman named Dot Le Ross and who came here from Omaha about three weeks ago, died this morning, making the first fatality. There are, so far as reported, no other violent cases. Dr. Towne of the State Board of Health appeared before the council last evening and informed them that if prompt measures were taken to stamp out the disease Grand Island might in five weeks be free from the contagion; if strict quarantine regulations were not observed, in five weeks Grand Island might have from 300 to 500 cases.

The missing witness in the Drews case has been summoned in Gage county and will be here in a few days to attend the trial.

Missing Accountant is a Nebraskan.

BEATRICE, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Charles Thom, the bookkeeper, so badly wanted at Sioux City at present, formerly resided at Virginia, a small town in this county, and remembered by Beatrice people, though he never resided or worked here. He is a son of Peter Thom, a wealthy farmer near Virginia, now deceased.

Six Italian peddlers recently arrested for peddling throughout Gage county without a state license, were arraigned today and on promise to leave the state at once were let off with a $20 fine. They migrated at once.

Eugene Cobbey, the young son of Judge J. E. Cobbey, United States commissioner at this point, was found lying unconscious on Sixth street, near the south bridge last evening. The young man was picked up and taken home, where he regained consciousness during the night. The boy has no recollection of what happened to him, but is supposed to have fallen from the end of a wagon, while catching a ride.

For Taking the Widow's Horses.

SIDNEY, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—The case against Watkins for alleged cattle stealing closed last night. The arguments of the attorneys lasted several hours. Judge Grimes submitted a very impartial charge and the jury retired. At 1 o'clock this afternoon they came in and said they were unable to agree, but the court insisted that they again retire and endeavor to come to an agreement. It is reported on the street that the jury stand ten to two for conviction.

Bert Polley pleaded guilty to horse stealing and Judge Grimes deferred sentence until Saturday.

John Bartling will be tried tomorrow for horse stealing. He, Bert Polley and a young man named Mose Shutts are said to have stolen five horses from a widow named Ingraham living near Camp Clark. Polley confessed. The horses were recovered.

To Test Validity of Bonds.

BLAIR, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—At a special meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Washington county, held here yesterday for the purpose of taking action on the advisability of appealing the bond case, which was recently decided against the county, a motion carried to appeal the case to the highest court. Attorneys Howell and Kennedy, who have had charge of the case are to receive $3,500 if the county is relieved from paying the bonds, otherwise they get only their actual expenses. This action of the board to determine for once and all the validity of the Sioux City & Pacific railroad bonds held against this county meets with the approval of the taxpayers in general throughout the county.

Pender and Smallpox.

PENDER, Neb., Dec. 6.—To the Editor of The Bee: In view of the fact that reports are being given out that there is smallpox in the village of Pender and the immediate vicinity, we respectfully request that your publication give out notice to the contrary. There is not at this time, and has not been, a case of smallpox nearer than six miles. The authorities of the town are doing all in their power to keep out the disease and have so far succeeded. The village of Pender Board of Health certifies that there is not a case, and has not been, of smallpox in the town nor within the health limits of the town. There are cases among the Omaha Indians. THOMAS L. SLOAN, Chairman of the Board of Health.

News to Bryan.

LINCOLN, Dec. 6.—W. J. Bryan said this evening he knew nothing of the movement for the organization of a new political party announced by Charles M. Walters of Indianapolis. Furthermore, he said he had no knowledge of the coming meeting at Indianapolis. He declined to discuss the mention of his name in connection with the formation of the proposed new party.

Mr. Bryan says he was much pleased to hear of the appointment of Charles A. Towne to a seat in the senate.

New Quarters for Jacksonians.

The Jacksonian club will move into its new quarters at 1417 Farnam street Sunday, and the annual meeting next Saturday night will be held there. Ed P. Smith, who has served two terms as president of the club, will not accept the honor again and there has been some speculation as to his successor. W. O. Gilbert, chairman of the democratic city committee, has been mentioned for the presidency and a number of his friends are quite sure the choice will fall to him. Mr. Gilbert is out of the city, but is expected to return by Saturday night.

MANY UNIONS REPRESENTED

Annual Convention of American Federation of Labor is Well Attended.

CREDENTIALS OF 217 DELEGATES FILED

Editor Higgins Extends Welcome for Louisville—Gompers' Annual Address Reviewing Work of the Federation.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 6.—The twentieth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor convened at 10:15 o'clock this morning in Music hall, with 217 delegates present. Among them were representatives of the British Trades Union congress and the Canadian Trades and Labor congress, three women delegates and two colored. President Gompers, in a few words, introduced William M. Higgins, editor of the Irish-American of Louisville, who delivered the address of welcome, to which Mr. Gompers replied.

Following Mr. Gompers' address, Thomas Tracy of Boston, chairman of the committee on credentials, presented the report of that committee, showing the committee had examined the credentials of 205 delegates, representing sixty-one national and international unions, ten state branches, forty-two central labor unions, fifty-nine local trades unions and three foreign federations.

The report was unanimously adopted and the delegates seated.

President Gompers then began his annual address.

Problems of Social Life.

Our economic and social life presents to us new and complex problems. The century now opens before us the keenest appreciation on the part of all that upon ourselves and upon our unity and upon our action lies the safety of manhood, womanhood and childhood of our country. There have been no rights accorded unless they have been conquered through unity, the wisdom and the willingness of those who have acquired them to bear burdens and make sacrifices. What is true of the past is true of the present, and will be equally true of the future. To organize the yet unorganized workers; to build up national and international unions; to make our organizations daily more effective to defend the toilers; to protect and promote their interests in every way; to assure beyond all peradventure the vantage ground already gained; to progress continually in abolishing that which the workers, their wives and children have too long borne, and the achievement of that justice to which they are entitled. The success of these, as typified by our great cause, now and for all time to come, rests entirely upon the working class itself.

The last year has witnessed almost remarkable growth in organization among the workers, who have realized that there is no protection for their interests or hope for justice and freedom in the future unless it results from the unity of the wage-working masses. While the growth is very gratifying, there is another feature connected with it which is an even greater source of congratulation. The workers have organized in the unions of their trades and callings; new unions have been formed and several unions created from heretofore scattered and isolated locals, and thus the stability of the labor movement has been more nearly insured.

We have issued direct from the American Federation of Labor during the last year 849 charters—to national and international unions, 14; state federations of labor, 8; city central labor unions, 96; local trade unions (having no national), 484; federal labor unions, 250.

We had at the end of the fiscal year, October 31, 1900, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor: National and international unions, 82; state federations, 16; city central labor unions, 206; local trade unions and federal labor unions, 1,051.

There were issued during the year from national and international unions and the American Federation of Labor (direct) charters to the following: Newly formed unions, 3,375; charters surrendered or unions disbanded, 348; leaving a net increase of local unions for the year of 3,027, and a gain in membership of 294,329.

Seek to Avoid Strikes.

Our movement seeks and has to a considerable extent secured a diminution in the number of strikes, particularly among the best organized. In fact, the number and extent of strikes can be accurately gauged by the extent, power and financial resources of an organization in any trade or calling. The barometer of strikes rises with lack of or weakness in organization, and diminishes in extent with the power of trade unions.

Through more compact and better-equipped trade unions have come joint agreements and conciliations between the workmen and associated employers, and only when conciliation has failed has it been necessary to resort to arbitration, and then the only successful arbitration was arbitration voluntarily entered into.

It is strange how much men desire to compel other men to do by law. What we aim to achieve is freedom through organization. Arbitration is only possible when voluntary. It never can be successfully carried unless the parties to a dispute or controversy are equal or nearly equal in power to protect and defend themselves, to inflict injury upon the other.

No Place for Color Line.

Realizing the necessity for the unity of the wage earners of our country, the American Federation of Labor has upon all occasions declared that trades unions should open their portals to all wage-workers, irrespective of creed, color, nationality, sex or politics. Nothing has transpired in recent years which has called for a change of our declared policy upon this question; on the contrary, every evidence tends to confirm us in this conviction; for, even if it were not a matter of principle, self-preservation would prompt the workers to organize intelligently and to make common cause. In making the declaration we have, we do not necessarily proclaim that the social barrier existing between the whites and blacks could or should be felled with one stroke of the pen, but when white and black workers are compelled to work side by side under the same adverse circumstances and under equally unfair conditions, it seems an anomaly that we should refuse to accord the right of organization to workers because of a difference in their color. Unless we shall give the negro workers the opportunity to organize and thus place them where they can protect and defend themselves against the rapacity and cupidity of their employers; unless we continue the policy of endeavoring to make friends of them, there can be no question that they will not only be forced down in the economic idea, and be against any effort made by us for our economic and social advancement, but race prejudice will be made more bitter and to the injury of all.

Immediately upon reconvening at 2:30 o'clock, Secretary Frank Morrison presented his report to the convention.

The secretary's report was unanimously adopted.

Treasurer John B. Lennon then read his report, which was referred to the proper committee. He reports receipts of $79,675 and expenses of $68,373. The total funds on hand amount to $12,301.

South Omaha News.

In the council chamber tonight the peoples' charter revision committee and the committee of the council appointed to revise the charter will meet to talk matters over. Three committees are now at work on this charter, and it is possible that some arrangement may be made whereby sub-committees of both general committees may be named to work together and consider the needs of the city in connection with a new charter. So many things are needed that it will really be a hard matter to determine, to the satisfaction of all, what is best for the city. As there are so many fingers in the pie it is thought that the effort will be a fizzle, unless each of the three committees get together and name one or two men who can be relied upon to work on the proposition.

One of the suggestions made by a business man is that the city be authorized by charter to remit taxes for from three to five years for factories intending to locate here. This remittance of taxes to take place of the customary bonus. Another point suggested is that there be an official meter reader, whose duty shall be to take the readings of all water, gas and electric light meters in order that the people may not be overcharged. This office, it is stated, can be filled at a cost of $60 a month, and, it is asserted, will be a great saving to the residents, the inference being that those who read meters will be careful and jot down the exact figures, knowing that their work will be checked. Other suggestions, it is expected, will be made at the meeting tonight, which will be considered by the sub-committees.

Estimates of Supplies to Be Made.

Heads of departments of the city government are complaining about the restrictions in the purchase of supplies, as according to a resolution passed by the council Monday night all supplies must be advertised for. Each head of a department has been requested to make an estimate of the needs of his department for six months, in order that the articles needed may be purchased in quantities.

According to the resolution the list of supplies needed by the various departments must be completed and filed with the city clerk today. There is going to be a lot of trouble about this new order in case an effort is made to carry out all of its provisions. There is, in the original resolution, an emergency clause allowing $25 to be expended in cases of immediate need, but the Johnston resolution, which seeks to amend portions of the Martin resolution, does not provide for any expenditure without the consent of the council.

Clerk Shrigley says that if he wants a paper of pins or half a gross of lead pencils he cannot spare the time to run all over the stock yards hunting the chairman of the proper committee for an order. Then, again, there is a feeling among the city officials that there will be an election in the spring, and if six months' supplies of stationery are purchased a great deal of such material will be useless. The general impression prevails that the council is straining at a gnat in an effort to curtail legitimate expenses.

Complain of Draymen.

Repeated complaints are being entered at the police station over the standing of drays and draymen at the corner of Twenty-fifth and N streets. The number that are usually located at this point almost totally block the street, while the sidewalk, on the sunny side, is generally filled with men. The police say that it constitutes almost a public nuisance, and presents a very bad appearance to strangers in the city. An effort will be made to have them removed to the corner of Twenty-fifth and M streets, where there is a vacant corner, and which street is not so extensively traveled as where they now stand.

Donations to Hospital.

The women of the South Omaha Hospital association acknowledge receipt of many donations. The largest amount of cash that was given to them was by the Royal Neighbors of America, $50, being one-half of the amount they received in their quilt raffle during the campaign. Besides this there is another cash donation of about $10, reading material, groceries, bedding, flowers and other articles of necessary value to them. The statement which they make covers the two months of October and November.

Magic City Gossip.

Mrs. D. L. Holmes is on the sick list.

Mrs. P. A. Wells has gone to Kansas City for medical treatment.

Charter revision committees will meet at the council chamber tonight.

There is a demand by the packers for additional help at the postoffice.

Excelsior lodge of the Good Templars will meet tonight at the hall over the South Omaha National bank.

Edgar Howard is reported having purchased a paper at Columbus, where he will make his future home.

Mayor and Mrs. Kelly entertained the Home Circle club at their home on Twenty-second street last night.

George B. Reed of Topeka, Kan., is here for a few days, looking after the interests of the Woodmen of the World.

Owners of property abbutting on J street, near Twenty-fourth, are desirous of having the street graded at that point.

Barney Greer left last night for Hastings to interview Governor Dietrich in regard to an appointment as executive messenger.

Marriage Licenses.

The following licenses to wed have been issued from the office of the county judge:

Name and Address.	Age.
Frank McVea, Omaha	29
Ada Erwin, Omaha	31
Lee A. Smith, Omaha	22
Bessie E. Paff, Omaha	19
Harry Y. Griswold, Omaha	21
Alice C. Atchison, Omaha	19

FORECAST OF THE WEATHER

Northern Winds, Becoming Variable, Likely to Accompany Fair Heavens.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

For Nebraska and Kansas—Fair Friday and Saturday; northerly winds, becoming variable.

Iowa—Cloudy Friday; probably snow in eastern portion. Saturday fair; northerly winds.

For Missouri—Fair in western, rain in eastern portion Friday; colder in southeast portion. Saturday fair; northerly winds.

For North Dakota—Fair in eastern, probably snow in western portion Friday. Saturday, snow; variable winds.

For South Dakota—Fair Friday. Saturday probably snow or rain; northerly winds, becoming variable.

For Colorado and Wyoming—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; variable winds.

Montana—Cloudy Friday; probably snow in northeast portion. Saturday fair; variable winds.

For Illinois—Rain in southern, snow or rain in northern portion Friday; colder in extreme southern portion. Saturday fair; fresh southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

For Arkansas—Rain in eastern, fair in western portion Friday. Saturday fair; winds becoming northwesterly.

For Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Fair Friday and Saturday; northerly winds.

For Eastern Texas, Western Texas and New Mexico—Fair Friday and Saturday; variable winds.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Dec. 6.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

	1900.	1899.	1898.	1897.
Maximum temperature	41	42	33	45
Minimum temperature	36	28	19	27
Precipitation	T	.00	.00	.00

Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day and since March 1, 1900:

Normal temperature	29
Excess for the day	9
Total excess since March 1	894
Normal precipitation	.04 inch
Deficiency for the day	.04 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	29.78 inches
Excess since March 1	.72 inch
Deficiency for cor. period, 1899	4.75 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1898	3.17 inches

Report from Stations at 8 P. M.

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.	Temperature at 8 P. M.	Maximum temperature	Precipitation
Omaha, misting	37	41	T
North Platte, clear	42	54	T
Cheyenne, partly cloudy	42	48	.00
Salt Lake City, cloudy	44	46	.00
Rapid City, clear	42	50	T
Huron, cloudy	34	38	.02
Williston, cloudy	34	38	.00
Chicago, raining	38	42	.08
St. Louis, raining	50	54	.01
St. Paul, cloudy	30	32	.00
Davenport, raining	36	38	.08
Kansas City, cloudy	42	44	.08
Helena, cloudy	52	58	T
Havre, partly cloudy	28	50	.00
Bismarck, snowing	30	36	T
Galveston, partly cloudy	58	62	.00

T indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecast Official.

STILL AT WORK ON CREED

Presbyterian Committee Will Vote on Five Propositions Today.

CHIEF DIFFERENCE SAID TO BE IN DETAIL

Report Which is Adopted Will Be Submitted to General Assembly for Its Consideration at May Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The committee of sixteen ministers and laymen of the Presbyterian church now in session here for the purpose of agreeing on some recommendation to be made to the next general assembly on the revision of the confession of faith made material progress today. Action was taken by a subcommittee of five which provides for a vote tomorrow by the full body on each of five propositions contemplating some change or revision in the confessional. One of these, it is expected, will be adopted, thus bringing the question before the general assembly in May.

Five members of the committee, Drs. Samuel J. Niccolls of St. Louis, Henry Van Dyke of Princeton university, Stephen W. Dana of Philadelphia, Justice Harlan of the supreme court and E. W. Humphrey of Louisville, submitted papers for the consideration of the committee, which will form the basis of action on the subject of revision. These papers in general propose either an actual revision of the confession or the adoption of an explanatory statement of doctrinal difficulties in the confession, or the formulation of a brief popular statement of the essential doctrines of the confession.

After mature consideration by the full committee the papers were referred to a subcommittee of five consisting of Messrs. Van Dyke, Johnson, McKibbin, Parsons and Humphrey, which, after a prolonged meeting tonight, decided that the full committee shall vote tomorrow on the propositions in the order in which they were submitted.

The report of the committee, said Dr. Roberts, the secretary to the committee, tonight, probably will secure a decision as to which method of stating the doctrines of the church shall be followed.

Each of the papers containing the proposition, it is understood, cover the same grounds, differing mainly in detail and in the manner in which the proposed change or changes shall be made.

RIIS LIKES WESTERN FOLKS

New York Reformer Surprised by What He Has Seen of Trans-mississippi People.

Jacob A. Riis, the New York police reporter, who has made a national reputation through his work for the redemption of the slums, in an interview at the Iler Grand last night, said:

"This is my first visit to Nebraska, and if all of your people are as strong and healthy, mentally and physically, as those in my audience at Boyd's tonight appeared to be, you certainly have the strenuous life, which makes for great achievements. I have been as far west as Chicago several times, but this is the first time I have crossed the Mississippi and the Missouri, and I am most agreeably surprised in the kind of people I have found out here. I have lectured in many of the cities of the east, but I never had an audience so quick in perception and appreciation as the one I spoke to tonight.

"My work in which the public is interested is confined to the redemption of the slums. You have no tenements here such as are found in New York and Chicago, yet you have slum life and it ought to receive the careful attention of your good citizens. The beginning of a criminal career by a boy is too often the result of the slum life that he is born to. It is the unfortunate environment of a bad home that leads many a young man to commit his first infraction of the law. See that the homes of the poor and ignorant are clean, even if small and scantily furnished, provide parks and playgrounds for the children, do not encourage idleness and carelessness with misdirected charity and you will do much toward abating the evils of the slums.

"I understand tramps are given free lodging at your police station. That is a very bad practice. The city that furnishes such accommodations is always an attractive point for tramps. What are you to do with them? Why, just provide a municipal lodging house and instead of giving them a place on the floor to sleep give them a good bed and a good breakfast in the morning, and then have an experienced charity officer separate the wheat from the chaff. Send the bad ones to the workhouse or put them in jail, and keep the good ones at the lodging house until some kind of employment is secured for them or until they can relieve themselves in some way. While they are being thus cared for make them pay for it by sawing wood, shoveling snow or cleaning the streets."

Like the Eternal Rocks

It is built, not for today, but for the next century. If you move into

The Bee Building

you can rest assured you will never wish to move out again. Many of our tenants have been in it since it was built. When you move—move to stay.

R. C. Peters & Co.
Rental Agents.
Ground Floor, Bee Building

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

For sale by Kuhn & Co., 15th and Douglas St., Omaha, Neb.; Geo. S. Davis, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

MEN NERVE SEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored. $1 at Sherman & McConnells, Kuhn & Co. and other druggists or mailed by Nerve Beans Co. Buffalo N Y

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Do You Have Rheumatism? Have You Bladder or Uric Acid Trouble?

To Prove What Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy, will do for YOU all our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistakable evidence of kidney trouble. It is nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these danger signals are unheeded, more serious results are sure to follow; Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and the extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle for the asking.

Lame back is only one symptom of kidney trouble—one of many. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times at night; inability to hold your urine, smarting or irritation in passing, brick dust or sediment in the urine, catarrh of the bladder, uric acid, constant headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, irregular heart beating, rheumatism, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

If you have the slightest symptom of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you free by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book of wonderful Swamp-Root testimonials. Be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Omaha Morning Bee.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one dollar size bottles at drug stores. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

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Best selling 10¢ Cigar in the United States

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MEN
Cured While You Sleep In Fifteen Days

"Gran-Solvent" dissolves Stricture like snow beneath the sun, reduces Enlarged Prostate and strengthens the Seminal Ducts, stopping Drains and Emissions in Fifteen Days.

No drugs to ruin the stomach, but a direct local and positive application to the entire urethral tract. Gran-Solvent is not a liquid. It is prepared in the form of Crayons or Pencils, smooth and flexible, and so narrow as to pass the closest stricture.

Every Man Should Know Himself.

The St. James Assn., Box 24, Cincinnati, O., has prepared at great expense an exhaustive illustrated Treatise upon the male system, which they will send to any male applicant. FREE!

Anti-Kawf For every day colds and coughs there is nothing like Anti-Kawf—25c a bottle at the drug stores.