Detectives Arrest Two Oriminals with Abruptness of a Holdup.

Officers Seize Upon Thieves Whose Guilt is Betrayed by Their Possession of Heap of Yellow Coin.

Somewhere in one of the old-fashioned through the wild and woolly west. The recognized as a notorious thug named story is a serial in many chapters, but the Howard. The other was a stranger. The lates to the time she passed through Omaha finally saw them make a dash to board the work of that inflammatory human bacillus, in the summer of 1894. It is a tale of train- train. robbers-four of them-great burly, broad-

and made him stop the train. The gentle old woman, no doubt, dwells armament, at length and with no little dramatic effect | Not until the twain was scarched at the a real live trainrobber while plying his pieces in their pockets and the light-

The white-haired raconteur thinks she is that day were in reality peace officers in visit. the employ of the city. But such is the case. Their names are J. J. Donahue, now chief of police; H. P. Haze, H. W. Dunn and Dan Davis

After all, the mistake of the sweet-faced passenger is easily explained. The officers of the twain and marched them away she

may not have observed. 'I have laughed a hundred times since as her hards, which were spread over her face, and her voice trembled as she gasped 'My! I've heard of the wild and woolly west, but I never thought the robbers were so bold they'd hold up a trainload of people in broad daylight, and right in the city,

Incident Occurred Six Years Ago.

This incident occurred six years ago at the Burlington station in Believue and was the sequel of a robbery the night before in South Omaha. Two robbers in the dead of night entered the residence of Pat Bresnahart, a saloon keeper, and began their quest for plunder. A sister of Mr. Bresnahart, who slept downstairs, being awakened by their noise, found herself gazing into the muzzles of a brace of pistols and heard a her covered with their weapons and threatobeyed their commands and marched before them to the sleeping apartment upstairs.

proach, but he was unarmed and they had feared a breakdown. the drop on him. However, he showed Then, as the head of the house lay unconbureau drawers and secured \$250 in gold. The money was all in \$5 gold pieces save one coin-a \$10 gold piece, and this, Mr. Bresnahart remembered, was remarkable because of its color. The gold of which it was made was of a lighter shade of yellow than is commonly used by the United States

The burglary was reported to the police and the four detectives named were as- wine with a beautiful boquet-Cook's Imsigned to run the bandits to earth. There perial Extra Dry Champagne.

SLEUTHS IN ROBBERS' ROLE was little enough to work upon. As the marauders had worn masks, their victims could not describe them. No personal prop-erty had been stolen which might be pawned or sold and thereby afford a clue. To the lay mind the case would have appeared a closed book-but not so to the four sleuths. They had this fact upon which to build their theories: Two suspicious char-VENERABLE TRAVELER HAS SEVERE SHOCK acters had been making their headquarters at a house near Bellevue.

Detectives Spot Their Men. The morning following the burglary the four detectives sauntered down toward the Burlington depot in compliance with a purely routine rule, which enjoins "keeping cases" at such times upon arrivals and departures. As they approached they saw the owner of the house at which the New England states—presumably Massachu- strangers were staying standing upon the setts-there is a gentle, white-haired old platform. This was the first tip; it caused a blaze, the origin of which is not apwoman, who, these winter evenings, is them to prick up their ears. Next, just telling her grandchildren a thrilling story as the passenger train from the west rolled in, they caught sight of two men skulking behind a freight car. One of these was

Then occurred the incident which the old shouldered fellows, who drew pistols, woman mistook for a train robbery. Depointed them at the passengers right in tectives Davis and Dunn seized Howard will fire buildings by the most ingenius broad daylight, and made them produce and Donahue and Haze gave their attentheir money. One of these bandits, who tion to the other bandit, who afterward seemed to be the ringleader, thrust his proved to be a novice in crime named Joe revolver into the face of the conductor Frank. Both resisted, but were quickly favorite schemes of the incendiary calls cowed by reason of superior numbers and

upon the details of this holdup, and the police station did the sieuths know they is tied a strong cord. The cord is passed grandchildren regard her as a very re- had captured the Bresnahart burgiars, but out through a window. The firebug pulls markable personage, indeed, to have beheld the fact that the latter had \$240 in \$5 gold the cord at the desired moment, upsets the olored \$10 gold piece established their telling the truth; but she isn't. It would ever, the case against them never came light bulb and a box of cloth clippings. be quite difficult, probably, to convince her to trial. Bresnahart said they didn't look The current of electricity is turned on that the persons she mistook for robbers like the men who paid him that midnight and the lighted built is packed in the clip-

TO KILL THE DANKUFF GERM.

s the Only Possible Way of Having a Permanent Cure. If you see a woman or a man with luxuriant glossy hair, you may be sure neither were not in uniform, but, being detectives, has dandruff to amount to anything. In were in citizens' clothes, so it was per- nearly every case where women and men feetly natural that she should jump at a have thin, brittle hair, they owe it to dandwrong conclusion, especially since they ruff. There are hundreds of preparations flashed revolvers and felt through the pock- that "claim" to cure dandruff, but not one ets of the two men. The fact that they aft- but Newbro's Herpicide tells you that danderwards clapped handcuffe upon the wrists ruff is the result of a germ burrowing into the scalp, and that permanent cure of dandruff and its consequent falling and baldness, can only be had by killing the germ. I thought of that old woman," said Court and there is no other preparation that will Officer Dan Davis the other day. "She was destroy that germ but Newbro's Herpicide. peering at us from between the fingers of "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect." Destroy the cause, you remove the effect."

PAY THEIR ELECTION BETS. Women Who Lost Wagers Settle Their Obligations in Public. Keystone hall at Reading, Pa., was filled

to overflowing the other evening to witness

number of women pay a lot of freak elecion bets. It was one of the funniest things ever seen in Reading. Mrs. Carrie Kirschmann, democrat, was required to give the entire hall a good sweeping, while Mrs. Susan Neider, republican, "bossed the job" and saw that it was done right. This consumed considerable time. Mrs. Kirschmann wielded the broom

with a will and literally "made the dust Mrs. Marie Weidner, republican, hauled gruff voice ordering her to get up and point Mrs. Ltille Hendrick, also republican, on a the way to her brother's room. She had no toy express wagon and both enjoyed their choice but to comply. As the robbers kept situation immensely. Mrs. Weidner is a weman with a strong muscle and she ened to shoot if she made an outcry, she cantered around the hall in good style, with spread rapidly throughout the room. Thinkher charge sitting on a small vehicle, the kind that can be purchased anywhere for Bresnahart sprang to his feet at their ap- 25 cents. It stood its weight, though many

Finally Mrs. Salinda Schroeder, democrat. fight and was knocked down for his pains. made her appearance grinding a hand organ. while the crowd applauded. Henry X. Keeler, scious on the floor, the bandits searched the a prohibitionist, acting like a monkey, accompanied her. Popular airs were played. while Mr. Keeler took up a good-sized collection. The friends of the women congratulated them on their spunk in carrying out the bet. Light refreshments were then served. The women who participated are

the wives of well known citizens Buy it and try it if you want a delicious

ORIGIN OF MYSTERIOUS FIRES

of Unexplained Cases.

Variety of Ways in Which Combus tion Begins-Dangerous and Unexplained Explosives Generated in Closed Buildings.

Suspicious fires are of daily occurrence in all the great cities. Wherever there is parent, a cry of incendiarism is at once raised. Yet investigation shows that less than 1 per cent of such fires are the result of a deliberate attempt to destroy property. There are forty known causes of

the firebug. There are, however, in every city professional incendiaries; men who for pay son is the collection of the insurance by the owner of the property. One of the for a chair, an oil stove and a long cord. The stove is placed upon the chair and the wick lighted. To the back of the chair chair and the burning oil from the dislocated stove starts the conflagration. Anidentity beyond a reasonable doubt. How- other scheme requires only an electric pings. Experiments have shown that it requires fourteen minutes to melt the glass bulb and set afire the materials surcounding it.

The firebug, however, accomplishes comparatively little compared to his friends, the jerry builder, the careless carpenter, incompetent electrician, and the the plumber and the painter, who are too free Seerey, the fire marshal of Greater New York, there were only two fires which were absolutely proven to have been of incendiary origin. In several other cases persons were arrested on the charge of arson, but juries

of these fires resulted in the arrest of twelve persons, the majority of whom were discharged by magistrates for the lack of conclusive evidence. In most of the cases there seemed to be a moral certainty of the guilt of the accused persons. There were in the city of New York in that year

4.239 fires from all causes. Those whose duty it is to investigate fires of suspicious origin are confronted with many difficulties. Not the least of these is the manner in which citizens, apparently for no good reason, deliberately mislead the investigators. A deputy fire marshal once spent nearly a day in the investigation of a fire which he believed to have been the work of incendiary. He would probably have still been in the dark with regard to it had he not overheard a conversation as he was leaving the tenement where the fire had occurred. A woman was singeing a chicken in the kitchen of one of the apartments. A blaze from the burning paper had ignited a towel which was drying over the stove and the fire ing that she would be consured for carelessness she had evaded the questions of the officials and put them to a great deal of trouble, besides bringing innocent perzons under suspicion.

Queer Causes of Fires. selves. It was only a few years ago that

a dry goods house was nearly destroyed

because the proprietor did not know the destructive qualities of oil and of the In-dian dye. Lampblack when packed away in an ill-ventilated room often generates enough heat to set itself on fire. In one Incendiarism Responsible for a Small Part of the principal cities of the United States the laboratory of a perfumer was nearly wrecked by a terrific explosion. The maker of scents believed that a discharged em-LARGE NUMBER OF KNOWN CAUSES ploye had set fire to the building, but he badn't. The fire was due to the slow evaporation of a high spirit in a room in which a small laboratory gas stove had seen left hurning.

There passed through the streets of Boston a few years ago a load of hay which suddenly became enveloped in flame. The driver of the hay wagon was about to as-sault a guileless youth who was smoking a cigarette nearby. The trouble, however, had nothing to do with the eigarete smoker, but was caused by the tire of a wheel rubbing against an iron rod on the side of the wagon. A bystander had seen the spark caused by the contact between the pieces of metal fly into the inflammable hay. In fires which must be considered in advance all manufacturing establishments a fremost fascinating of all its installments re- detectives watched the pair a moment and of a theory that the conflagration was the through which it passes from floor to floor In a fancy goods house a large iron vault was blown open by some force generated within and there issued a sheet of flame. Nebody had been in the vault for at least twelve hours. The steel box was filled with paper dolls, between each pair of which there was a film of celluloid. A three-inch steampipe was placed against the rear of the vault and the heat it gave out had raised the temperature of the iron box to such a degree that the celluloid films had taken fire. Guncotton is one of the component parts of celluloid and the explosion was the natural result of a combination of guncotton and high temperature One of the most stubborn fires which ever visited Chicago had its origin in a plateglass window. The vitreous pane concentrated the heat of the August sun upon a celluloid comb. The comb blazed and sput-tered and soon the other samples of celluloid which were around it were on fire. The flames communicated rapidly to the remainder of a stock of inflammable mer chandise.

Mice and Matches.

The overweening fondness of mice and rats for sulphur has been the cause of many with their spirit lamps. In an investigation fires. A deputy fire marshal told the of 565 suspicious fires made in 1898, by Peter writer recently that he had in several cases seen nests of matches which the rats and mice had made between the floors of buildings. It is no unusual thing when structures are being torn down to find that the rodents have lined their abodes with failed to convict them. The investigation the brimstone-annointed sticks. The mice and rats will steal an old-fashioned sulphur match whenever they get an opportunity and take it away to chew at their leisure The gnawing process results in the ignition of the matches and there follows a mysterious and suspicious fire. The rodents regard parafine as a choice delicacy. If the insulation . an electric wire contains this waxy product of petroleum the rats will eat it. The bared wire thus becomes

a ready means of starting a blaze. In many cases the steamfitter is responsible for destructive fires. If a steam pipe is too close to woodwork, a slow process of carbonizing takes place. A litte extra heat or draft of air may fan a flame from the carbonized wood. Another cause of conflagrations is the carelessness of carpenters. From time immemorial it has been a habit of the trade to sweep shavings In between the toists of floors. In these days of electric wiring the supposedly insulated wires pass beneath the floors. If either the wire or the shavings were properly insulated, there would be no trouble. But in one way or another the wire 1 exposed and communicates a spark to the shavings which may be lying near it. The spark may smoulder for days and then in the dead of night there comes a cry of

"Fire!" The houses of the wealthy, even in these An investigator of fires of peculiar ori- more of firetraps than the meanest tenegin, such as are constantly occurring in ments. The flues in the abodes of wealth large cities, must have a saving knowledge and luxury are often defective. In many of chemistry, physics, architecture and of cases only the width of a brick intervenes a variety of other arts and sciences. It between intense heat and highly varnished is not generally known, for instance, that and inflammable cabinet work. Rich hang-a combination of indigo and linseed oil is ings and upholstered furniture give the prolific source of destructive lines. Fabries dyed with indigo and finished with a fective electric wiring has many sins to preparation of linseed oil will, if stored answer for in these days. Electricians who in a confined space, take fire of them- are supposed to be competent will cross wires and violate nearly every principal of common sense and of electrical science Some of them lead strands of wire through wooden boxes which in the event of fire, become roaring flues. Some of the most destructive fires known in the large cities have been due to carelessness in placing the wires for electric lighting.

Mysterious Gas Generated. One of the greatest dangers that fire-

men have to face is the sudden explosive burst of flame in a burning building where no known explosives are present. theory has been advanced by experts in fire fighting that these explosions are caused by a gas generated in a closed building by a high degree of heat. The exact nature of this gas they do not attempt to define, but they say that it is a high explosive and extremely inflammable in the open air. This theory was borne out in a remarkable way by a fire in Syracuse several years ago. On two sides of a large storehouse building there was fire. The burning buildings were both separated from the storehouse by the width of the street. Streams of water from hose were playing upon it in the hope of saving it. The building was filled with cloth and other nonexplosive materials. Without preliminary flickering or other warning the enfire darted forth from them and at the same time great columns of flame spurted air inside the tightly closed building had roof. it had an explosive quality was equally apparent. This same gas, it is claimed, is responsible for the vivid and beautiful "fire fallocus" that sail up into the air

above large fires. There is a mysterious property in dust. which under certain conditions produces violent explosions. There have been instances in postoffices where the dust from the mail bags suspended in the air of a close room has exploded with terrific force. Dust explosions are of frequent occurrence in flour and drug mills. The precise conditions under which such accidents occur have never been determined. It is the theory of those who have made mysterious fires a lifelong study that the explosions always occur in rooms where little air is admitted and where the temperature

Overworked Excuse.

Spontaneous combustion covers a multitude of the sins of carelessness. The origin of many fires in tailer shops may be traced to the so-called dry-cleaning of clothes. A rag dipped in naphtha is frequently used in removing grease spots from garments. The rag soaked with inflammable fluid is thrown upon the floor. When the shop is closed up and the air is confined the naphtha-soaked material will of itself generate fire. Bales of cotton, placed in the hold of a ship, are often the cause of disastrous fires. Frequently a spark from a cigar finds a resting place in a cotton bale, where it smoulders for

One of the most prolific causes of tenement house fires is the dark hall. The law provides that hallways shall be lighted until 10 o'clock at night. Frequently persons come in after that hour and strike matches in order to find their way. In many cases their senses are befuddled with drink and the burning matcheticks are

weakness, heakache, costiveness, sleeplessness, bloating. dizziness, coated tongue,

emaciation, nervousness, sallow complexion, loss of appetite, lack of energy, impaired memory, soreness in stomach,

are symptoms of stomach and liver disorder. **HUDYAN CURES** 50c

Most ills to which human flesh is heir are due to an impairment of one or more of the organs whose work it is to furnish pure, healthy nutriment to the blood-the digestive organs. The health of every man and woman depends upon proper digestion and assimilation. Symptoms that are remote from the seat of trouble, that refer to the heart, the lungs, the nerves, the skin, nine times out of ten may be traced to the nutritive function.

HUDYAN strengthens all the organs concerned in the process of digestion, thereby insuring a full current of pure blood, rich in the red corpuscies of perfect health and strength. HUDYAN furnishes nature with the nutrition that produces muscular strength, firm flesh, a clear skin, healthy lung tissue and nerve fibre. HUDYAN'S cures are permanent.

HUDYAN CURED HIM OF DYSPEPSIA
AND CONSTIPATION.
SPOKANE, WASH.
Gentlemen—I used the four packages of Hudyan and am pleased to say that I am entirely cured. I used to suffer with pain in stomach, headaches, nervousness and extreme costiveness. After the third dose I felt great relief, and now I am weil. I have gained in weight and in strength. Hudyan is splendid. S. D. CASBERG.

HUDYAN CURED HIM OF ENLARGE-TION AND FEMALE WEAKNESS.

Dear Birs—I am so grateful to you for your Hudyan, and will always speak in highest praise of it. My trouble was enlargement of liver and stomach complication. I fried many remedies and several doctors, all to no purpose. Hudyan came to my rescue, for it has cured me perfectly. My friends all remark that I look like a new being.

MENT OF THE LIVER.

SPEARFISH, S. D.
Dear Doctors—Your Hudyan is a wonder-ful remedy, and I am sure that it saved my life. I was such an invalid—was weak and pale, and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and over bowels. Doctors told me I never would get well. Hudyan removed the pain in stomach, beack and over bowels. Doctors told me, it was such an invalid—was weak and pale, and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and over bowels. Doctors told me, it was such an invalid—was weak and pale, and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and over bowels. Doctors told me, it was such an invalid—was weak and pale, and suffered with pain in y rescue, for it has cured me perfectly.

My friends all remark that I look like a new being.

MENT OF THE LIVER.

TION AND FEMALE WEAKNESS.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Dear Doctors—Your Hudyan is a wonder-ful remedy, and I am sure that it saved my life. I was such an invalid—was weak and pale, and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and over bowels. Doctors told me, it was such an invalid—was weak and pale, and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and pale, and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and pale, and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and pale and suffered with pain in stomach, beack and pale, and suffered with pain in stom

HUDYAN cures diseases of the blood and nerves, Nervousness, Weakness, Exhausted Nerve Vitality, Rheumatism, Sciatica. Locomotor Ataxia, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Headache, Despondency, Mental Depression, Hysteria, Neuralgia, Pains in Side and Back, Epileptic Fits, Palpitation of Heart. Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Mental Worry, Early Decay, Constipation, all Female Weaknesses, Pale and Sallow Complexions. HUDYAN is for sale by druggists, 50c a package, or six packages for \$2.50.

If your druggist does not keep HUDYAN, send direct to the HUDYAN REMEDY COMPANY, corner Stockton, Ellis and Market streets, San Francisco, Cal. YOU MAY CONSULT THE HUDYAN DOCTORS ABOUT YOUR CASE FREE OF CHARGE.

Druggists-Kuhn & Co., Sherman & McConnel Drug Co., Myers-Dillon Drug Co., J. A. Fuller & Co., Chas H. Schnefer, J. H. Schmidt, Omaha, Camp Bros, Council Bluffs, Dillon Drug Co., South Omaha-All sell and recommend Hudyan.

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Wine of Cardui has done wonders for me and I am getting along nicely. I am going to continue taking it until the baby is born. I have taken three bottles of Wine of Cardui and my husband is well pleased with it. He says I look so much better. I feel like a new woman, myself. Mrs. MAGGIÉ L. SULLIVAN.

There are few women who are not seized with uncanny forebodings as they approach the period of childbirth. They imagine some terrible trial is about to overtake them. And a trial it is to a woman whose life and strength are drained by female diseases. But a strong and healthy woman who takes an occasional dose of Wine of Cardui, may hail with joy the coming of her child. Nature intended this great medicine for your use at this time. You should not needlessly endure the grinding tortures of female ills. Unhealthy or weak organs make childbirth dangerous.

WINE OF CARDUI

will prepare you for the ordeal of childbirth by strengthening the organs which make you a woman and by creating a fund of constitutional energy which makes delivery comparatively painless. If you are an expectant mother you should take Wine of Cardui to lessen the pain of labor and dispel the nervous terrors of pregnancy. Thousands of women use it at this period. All druggists sell \$1.00 bottles.

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department", The Chattaneoga Medicine Co., Chattaneoga, Tenn.

thrown upon the floor. Here the matches may come in contact with greasy matting or with bits of paper and start a fire which smolders for hours and in the early hours of the morning spreads through tire building suddenly burst into flames, the house. Rainy days cause all manner The windows were violently blown out and of fires. It is the custom of the housewife to hang wet garments in the kitchen when the weather conditions will not admit of up from the roof. It was evident that the the drying of the family wash upon the air inside the tightly closed building had roof. Frequently she leaves the damp become suddenly ignited on all sides. That clothes hanging in the kitchen near a stove. The garments dry out during the night and, becoming lighter, are easily blown against the stove by draughts of air. They take fire and before many minutes the whole kitchen is in flames.

Frequent recommendations have been made by the chiefs of city fire departments that the swinging gas bracket be abolished by law. Whenever the authorities of the fire department get a chance they order such brackets to be moved or made stationary. Hundreds of fires have been caused by the carelessness of persons who left these swinging brackets in such a position that the flame could come in contact with lace curtains. With a special reference apparently to causing as many fires as possible, the gasfitter always puts a swinging bracket where he knows the housekeeper will wish to hang a lace curtain. The combination of curtain and bracket is often fatal. One of the most active causes of fires is the mantel decoration. In many homes a silken scarf is hung from the mantel itself. Whenever there is a fire in the grate there is danger of the flimsy scarf taking fire. In tenement houses small stoves are often placed before the mantel. The mantel shelves are none the less duly decorated with yards of embroidered and tinselled cloth. In many cases this decoration has caught fire from the stove, fallen to the floor and ignited the fat-soaked carpet or matting. In some houses there are wardrobes and closets near the chimneys. The clothing hung behind the closed doors and subjected in the winter time to a steady heat from the chimney is liable to com-

Chemical Combinations. In places where chemicals are kept the

ZMANATANANANANANANANANANANANANAN

Don't You Think It's Your Move? Don't You Think

Just look around your office! Are your windows clean? Is the gas light dim? Do you come up in a dinkey, crowded little elevator that doesn't run nights or Sundays, and is run by a fresh elevator boy who jars your breakfast every time you ride? If so your office is not in

.. The Bee Building..

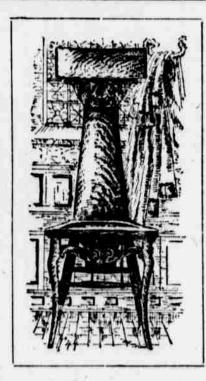
But it ought to be. There is no janitor service like theirs. You have electric light, steam heat and perfect elevator service. There are no undesirable offices in the building. We'll take pleasure in showing you them.

R. C. PETERS & CO., Rental Agents Ground Floor, Bee Building.

erate heat sufficient to start a lively blaze. cannot be exercised. The fact must be which had communicated to the cotton. The fire, however, generated heat sufficient to liberate the chloride from a quantty of bleaching powder. The chloride materially varieties of fires are almost countiess. death of some of the sailors who went into results in every case." There is nothing

One of the Atlantic freighters came to taken into consideration that where air this port recently with a cargo composed does not circulate the chances of fire are of crude chemicals and cotton. There had greatly increased. The observance of the been an explosion of acids before the are. simple rules laid down by fire departments It seemed impossible to check the flames, would frequently obviate the necessity of investigating the origin of mysterious fires.

Dr. C. J. Bishop, Agnew, Mich., says: "I aided in keeping the fire in check, although have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three its suffocating fumes nearly caused the very severe cases of pneumonia with good Comparatively innocent substances in the hold to fight the flames. In the stor- se good. Dillons' drug store, South Omaha; themselves may come in contact and gen- age of all kinds of materials too much care Myers-Dillon Drug Co., Omaha.



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No. 24-Flemish Hall Arm Chairmade of quartered oak heavy carving on back—a beautiful design-

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golden finish-beautifully carved and \$15.00 scrolled frame, solid brass hooks, 24x30

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