

HOLD LAST MEETING

Ministers in Peking Finally Agree Upon Terms of Treaty.

NOW UP TO GOVERNMENTS FOR APPROVAL

Principal Articles Much the Same as Given in French Note.

YANKEE'S STILL FIGHTING, HOWEVER

American Cavalry Disperses Bandit Band in Village Near Peking.

LONDON PAPERS' COMMENT SOUNDS MILD

Correspondents Send Report of Sian Fu's Secret Order to Revert to Primitive Arms and Capture of Sixteen Murderers.

PEKIN, Saturday, Nov. 24.—The diplomatic body held a final meeting this morning and agreed upon the terms of the preliminary treaty. Nothing now remains except to secure the approval of the respective governments before definite negotiations with the Chinese peace commissioners are begun.

The precise terms of the settlement have not yet been made public here, but it is believed, outside the diplomatic corps, that the main points are in a substantial agreement with those contained in the French note to the powers, namely: punishment for the guilty, indemnity to governments and individuals, retention of strong legation guards and the occupation of certain places between Peking and Taku.

A party of American cavalry went today to disperse a band of bandits in a village sixteen miles from Peking. The village was found strongly fortified, but the Americans attacked and captured it, killing seven Chinese.

A secret edict from Sian Fu to the provincial viceroys and governors orders them to cease the manufacture of modern arms and to revert to the old type of weapons because modern arms "have proved utterly useless against the foreigners."

Conditions More Favorable.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Such information as has come to the State department in the last few days is said to indicate a more favorable condition of affairs respecting the chances for a satisfactory understanding among the ministers of the powers than during the early part of last week, when a deadlock seemed imminent. Just what in the nature of this information is not stated, but probably it came as the result of Secretary Hay's latest note to the powers setting out afresh the object of the United States government as to China. This note contained the instructions that have been sent to Minister Conger and are believed to be of such a nature as to constitute an appeal from the extreme course suggested by some of the Chinese government on some of the matters upon which the ministers have been unable to agree.

Nothing has come from Minister Conger during the last forty-eight hours.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—"The foreign envoys have agreed to demand," says a special dispatch from Peking, "an extension of the legation zone, so as to embrace everything from the Ha-Tu-Mou gate to the Tansen gate, between the walls of the imperial and Tartar cities, a strip a mile long and a third of a mile wide. Mr. DeGiers (Russian minister) has declined to yield on the point, but probably it will be settled by verbal compromise has been arranged."

The Morning Post publishes the following from its Peking correspondent, dated "Wang Wen Chiao, now a cabinet minister, has resigned his post as minister of Sian Fu that Emperor Kwang Su would like to return to Peking, but that his majesty would 'lose his face' if foreign troops were there."

The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Standard writes that the Russian vote favors dates from the czar's illness."

Rumors from Shanghai.

Shanghai sends another batch of reports from Chinese sources. Among these is a rumor that the allies have reached Wei Hu Fu, 300 miles east of Sian Fu, and are proceeding westward. Another is that the taotai of Chu Chau Fu, in the province of Che Kiang, has been ordered to lead sixteen ringleaders of missionary murders have been captured. A third says that a Chinese official has arrived at the capital of the province of Hu Nan with orders to organize a militia force of 50,000 boxers.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express writes that the Russians are assuring the Chinese that the Amur massacres were really perpetrated by the Russian officers, but were carried out under orders of Count von Waldersee.

This satisfaction is expressed in the London papers this morning at the news that the diplomats in Peking have arrived at a preliminary understanding, but no great confidence seems to be felt that any real step has been made in the endless negotiations. It is recognized that there is little for Germany to do but to concede wherever the United States and Russia agree.

The standard says: "It is hardly possible for Germany to hold out, deeply offended as she is, if the United States, Russia, France and Japan are disposed to moderation. Our Berlin correspondent believes that Germany is prepared to waive the death penalty."

Russia Sure to Retain It.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Peking Saturday, confirms the report of Russia's decision to retain the railway until her troops are withdrawn from the province of Chi Li.

"This change," he says, "is coincident with the arrival of Prince Ukhtomsky, whose mission avowedly concerns the railway. The Chinese believe Russia's assurance that she is retaining the line in their interest."

German expedition to Kalgan is encountering no opposition. The other expeditions which Count von Waldersee has dispatched to harass the neighborhood of Peking are mainly expeditions in search of loot. They are incorrectly described by the Germans as important military operations."

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times telegraphs that advances from Peking say that the United States have refused to join in the demand for the execution of the princes and other high officials.

Glad to Be Rid of Soldiers.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The Times has the following from a Shanghai correspondent: "Ten thousand Chinese soldiers are said to be retiring in the direction of Kalgan before Colonel York's expedition. It is said that the population is friendly and glad to be rid of Ho's soldiers."

STILL FEAR FOR THE CZAR

Persistent Rumor in St. Petersburg That Ruler's Condition is Worse Than Reported.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 25.—12 m.—The following was issued this morning at Livadia: "The czar's condition yesterday was such that his temperature rose to 102.4. His pulse was 95. At 9 o'clock in the evening the temperature was 102.2 and the pulse 89."

"His majesty slept well during the night. This morning his general condition and strength are satisfactory. Temperature, 99.5; pulse, 75. No complications whatever have been observed."

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The following special dispatch, dated St. Petersburg, Nov. 25, 3:40 a. m., has been received here: "It is positively rumored in St. Petersburg that the condition of Emperor Nicholas is critical. Well informed people here declare that the disease has made far greater progress than the czar's physicians have publicly admitted. A fatal issue is now gravely feared."

ST. PETERSBURG, Saturday, Nov. 24.—From the three sources of information, directly connected with as many ministries of state, the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Associated Press, today ascertained that Imperial officials are becoming extremely pessimistic regarding the condition of Emperor Nicholas and that the Livadia bulletins conceal the gravity of his illness.

In spite of the notorious ease with which an alarmist rumor can be circulated in the Russian capital, many good judges believe that the chances of the czar's recovery are dimming. It is reported that the emperor, in addition to typhoid fever, with pericarditis, has brain fever, the result of the blow he received from a fanatic policeman during his tour in Japan and it is even asserted in some quarters that the czar's condition is such that the Imperial physicians have assumed wider powers in administration since his majesty's illness began, the whole machine of government is affected by his disability and many departments are almost at a standstill.

Russian laws and customs impose an immense burden of detail work, particularly in the matter of signatures, upon the czar, for example, special pensions, whose payment on each occasion requires the emperor's name.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—While the latest bulletin regarding the czar's condition is much less favorable than its predecessors, there is nothing as yet to confirm the alarming rumors. Queen Victoria daily receives a telegram from the czar and it is understood that no exceptional anxiety is yet displayed.

According to the Moscow correspondent of the Daily Express, an examination of water taken from the well used for drinking purposes at Livadia proved the presence of typhoid germs. An Odessa dispatch to the Daily News, dated Thursday, says: "Reports for the last two days indicate a serious decline in the strength of the czar."

Russian censorship prevents any leakage of news. It is understood that the czarina will remain at Livadia for her confinement, and even under the best conditions it will be impossible to remove the czar before February.

SPINNERS ALL STAND PAT

Advance in Cotton Results in Firm Adherence to High Quotations in Manchester.

MANCHESTER, Nov. 25.—Influenced by the advance in cotton, the spinners firmly adhere to their high quotations, restricting business, which now aggregates scarcely the average. Inquiry is abundant at the prices lately accepted. Many producers are only indifferently supplied with orders, and in some instances engagements are almost run off the supply of cotton is found deficient as compared with the world's demand for workable cloth.

The demand for India last week was small and that for China comparatively unimportant. There were numerous minor Asiatic inquiries, but the prices ruling the eastern market are generally below Lancashire equivalents.

Some Mediterranean orders were placed with easy sellers. Central American and South American buyers have been operating quietly, but with a revival of the South African trade, the absent market tells upon many smaller industries. Nor is the home demand as flourishing as it ought to be.

WANT A STRING ON WILLIAM

Circulars Demand That Germany Have Imperial Supreme Court, and Specifies Its Jurisdiction.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The contrast or clerical demands of the imperial government, the creation of an imperial supreme court having the following jurisdiction: "First—The adjustment of differences between the empire and the states of the empire, and also differences between the states themselves.

Second—The supervision of issues affecting the responsibility of the imperial chancellor and his subordinates before the Reichstag.

Third—The settlement of controversies relating to the jurisdiction of the empire in states of the empire where the question of whether state laws are in conflict in any case with the laws of the empire.

From the Wreck of the St. Olaf.

QEBEN, Nov. 25.—The steamer St. Olaf, which left seven islands on Saturday afternoon to rescue any of the passengers or crew of the wrecked steamer St. Olaf, who might have reached land, returned this evening. They report having found only one body, that of Miss Fay, buried in the snow and ice. The general opinion among the rescuers is that the disaster occurred during the night of Wednesday last, as Miss Fay was attired in night robes and that twenty passengers succeeded in landing only to die from cold and starvation on Boule Island and that their bodies were found under snow, which is three feet deep there. Another searching party will go out tomorrow to search for bodies in the snow.

To Tax Manufactured Imports.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The Daily Mail, endorsing an article in its columns this morning from the pen of Mr. Frederick Greenwood, founder and first editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, advocates meeting the budget by a tax of from 5 to 10 per cent on foreign manufactured imports.

Anti-Hall Congress.

ROME, Nov. 25.—An international congress, attended by 1,000 delegates, assembled in Rome yesterday to discuss the use of cannon to prevent hail, which is so destructive to crops. The theory is that bringing cannon into the air would have the effect of breaking up rain clouds.

OMAHA MOTHER'S SAD PLIGHT

Mrs. Claudia Staples Searches New York for Missing Husband.

MOTHER AND BABE BOTH NEARLY STARVED

Had Been Four Days Without Food When Found and Cared for by Police—Will Probably Be Sent Back to Omaha.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—A policeman found a starving woman with her 18-month-old starving girl baby on Broadway this afternoon, the clothing of both being saturated with the rain and the woman wandering aimlessly about in a half-dazed condition. She is Claudia Staples, of Omaha, in search of her husband, who, she says, has deserted her. Her father is a ranch owner, outside Omaha.

The woman is 35 years of age and was clad in ragged clothing. Her baby was much better clothed than she. The woman is almost wandering from the lack of nourishment. She was taken to a police station and when it was found she had been about four days without food, a suitable meal was provided. Then mother and babe were sent to Bellevue hospital.

The woman told a story of having been deserted by her husband and of leaving two little children in Omaha, while she came east in search of him, taking the youngest child with her. Her money did not last long and she was forced to leave her child and went into the halls of a building. The police said the authorities will probably pay the woman's fare back to Omaha.

The name Staples appears in the 1900 city directory three times, but none of the persons of that name could be found last night. The name Claudia Staples does not appear, and the dispatch unfortunately does not give her husband's initials.

URGES A DIFFERENT BILL

Chicago Commercial Club Opposes the Frye-Payne Subsidy and Commends the President's.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—Merchant marine interests were discussed last night by the Commercial club at its banquet at the Auditorium hotel. The Frye-Payne subsidy bill, which is expected to be introduced early in the next congress, was criticized by a speaker as a measure designed to promote the interests of a limited number of companies.

President W. J. Chalmers presented the subject to the club with a review of marine statistics illustrative of the decline of the American merchant marine. Henry W. Peabody of Boston, with large interests in transoceanic trade, who has been active in efforts to secure a revision of the Frye-Payne bill, analyzed the features of the measure which he considered detrimental to the general interests of the merchant navy.

In substitution of the subsidy bill he urged one framed upon the suggestions of President McKinley and Secretary Gage as made twice to congress. The bill, he said, was supposed to represent the wishes of the administration, but he declared it was widely divergent from what the president desired.

The objection to it, he claimed, aside from the fact that it advocated the interests of the committee on promotion and foreign trade companies, was that it did not guard the ownership of the vessels and insist that they should remain in American hands after they had been registered.

This bill is not in the interests of the country at large," he said, "it does not represent the wishes of the administration, as it has been claimed. It represents the interests of the committee on promotion. If it becomes a law there can be no hope for the American merchant marine for twenty years to come."

Mr. Peabody advised enactment into a law of the president's suggestion that a certain number of foreign-built vessels be permitted to come under the American flag and be registered as American vessels upon the provision that there was a deck to be constructed in American shipyards by the companies making the foreign purchases.

"If the members of this club will think well enough of the recommendation to endorse it," he said, "they will encourage the administration to recommend it again, as it has twice in the past."

Former Congressman George E. Adams proposed the recreation of the merchant marine by a consolidation of its three branches, by which it would be possible for shipyards on the lake to compete with shipyards on the coast. The linking of coastwise trade with foreign trade, he said, could be made possible by the building of the Nicaragua canal and the consolidation of international and foreign trade by the construction of a twenty-foot canal from the lakes to the gulf.

FATAL FIGHT OVER A WOMAN

Minneapolis Millionaire Strangled by a Newspaper Reporter During a Quarrel.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 25.—Frank H. Hamilton, a newspaper man, is a prisoner at the central police station, charged with murder as the result of the stabbing to death of Leonard Day, a young millionaire society member of the city, at West hotel early this morning. Hamilton, who has been in the custody of detectives since the tragedy, was not formally placed under arrest until this afternoon, when the coroner's jury returned a verdict holding him responsible for the death of young Day.

The tragedy took place in the billiard room of the hotel at 2 o'clock in the morning, after a quarrel over a woman, participated in by Hamilton, Day and a number of other prominent men. During the fight, Fred George, a society leader, was badly cut in the right hand.

George and Day were, in company with C. S. Force, another society notable, playing pool when Hamilton and a few of his friends entered. Hamilton and Day began quarreling. An effort was made to separate them by several bystanders and for a few moments quiet was restored. Then the trouble broke out anew and ended only when Day lay dying on the floor. Hamilton, whom he had been striking, was the first to bend over him and offer aid, but it was too late, for in five minutes the injured man was dead. The men who had taken any hand in the affray at once left the place, but were later found by the police, who took charge of the case.

Coroner Nelson, at the request of friends of the prisoner and of the dead man, held an inquest this afternoon, when all of the witnesses of the tragedy testified. None saw the fatal blow struck, but all agreed that Hamilton was the only man with whom Day had been fighting. He was well known in society circles.

Frank H. Hamilton came to this city last spring and has since been employed as a sporting reporter on one of the local papers. He has a wealthy uncle in New York.

FLOODS IN THE OHIO VALLEY

Continuous Rains Since Last Week Are Resulting in Floods Along the Miami Rivers.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 25.—Floods are reported all along the Ohio valley tonight. In almost the entire valley it has been raining since last Tuesday and almost continuously since Friday. While no lives are reported lost, the damage to property is considerable. The Licking river in Kentucky is very high and caused some damage on the Ohio side by its waters rushing across the Ohio channel.

One of the bridges over the Licking river connecting Covington and Newport was swept away. The lumber yards, mills and shipping generally suffered great loss.

On the Ohio side of the Great and the Little Miami rivers, both heavy and food along the tributaries of the Ohio river are reported everywhere. The Ohio rose eight feet here during the last twenty-four hours and is rising more rapidly tonight.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Nov. 25.—It has been raining in the Susquehanna river for the last forty-eight hours and the prospects for a fresher are bright. A fresher is most devoutly hoped for by the lumbermen here, as there has been no good the entire season on which the 600,000,000 feet or of logs could be floated to the booms here.

Reports from Clearfield, the point from which the estimates of the heights of the water here are based, showed a three and a half foot rise there and still raining.

The prospects are that there will be a twelve-foot flood here before the storm ceases. This is what is considered a good logging flood and it will bring in all the back timber. No damage can be done by the flood here, as it will pass a great boom. Between 200,000,000 and 300,000,000 feet of logs is stranded between this city and Reno and the timber is expected to arrive here by the middle of this week. All the mills in the city will immediately start in an effort to saw the logs before a freeze-up occurs.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 25.—The Ohio river at the dam tonight is 8.4 feet and rising rapidly. By tomorrow fourteen feet or more is expected and 5,000,000 bushels of coal will be shipped to southern points. The Consolidated Coal Company has arranged for every boat in the port, twenty-five in number, to go out on this rise and the boats coming up with the empties will be returned as rapidly as possible until the 30,000,000 bushels now loaded are on their way south.

The engineers' strike so far as the Consolidated company is concerned is settled. A number of the strikers conferred with the company officials today and after much talk the men were granted the scale, but recognition of the union was refused. The officials say enough men have agreed to equip all the boats with full crews.

The scale agreed upon calls for \$100 between Pittsburg and Louisville and \$125 if the trip extends below that point.

JOCKEYS HAVE ROUGH RIDE

Sloan and Freeman Sail Stormy Sea on Their Return from Scene of Foreign Trip.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The new French jockey, La Lorraine, which arrived today, expects to sail for France tomorrow. In addition to the weather, the sea was exceedingly rough and several accidents occurred to the machinery, which caused the vessel to slow down while repairs were being made. Her bridge rail was smashed and there was a dent in the smoking room roof caused by the giant waves which broke over her forward. Two of the seamen are in the ship's hospital. One man was struck in the head by the nozzle of a hose. On the La Lorraine were "Cash" Sloan and N. Freeman, American jockeys, who had been riding in the American under contract to the Duke of Grammont, Baron Leonino having second call on his services. He said that he had ridden in about 144 races, winning one out of four.

He won him the highest percent of any jockey in France. He came in second in twenty races and in many of the others secured third. Freeman, who rode for Gaston Dreyfus, and Maurice de Ghest, second call, rode in 130 races, winning seventeen. Both jockeys will go from here to Louisville for a visit.

HONORS NAVAL NAMESAKE

St. Paul Has Tablet Cast to Commemorate Service of Boat of That Name.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 25.—The memorial tablet to be presented by the St. Paul club of this city to the steamship St. Paul, to commemorate its services during the Spanish-American war, was successfully placed at the Manual Arts Training school. This is the first art or statutory bronze has been cast in the northwestern part of the city.

Prof. Weltbrecht, principal of the school, who superintended the operation, is elated over his success. The tablet is three feet high by two feet wide and weighs 120 pounds. It is made of bronze and is inscribed with the name of the Spanish cruiser Maria Theresa, the torpedo destroyer Terror and the collier Merrimack, which Lieutenant Hobson sunk in the channel at Santiago. The pictorial design is by Edith H. Ogden of this city and represents the battle between the St. Paul and the destroyer Terror in the harbor of San Juan, Porto Rico. The lettering gives a chronological history of the services of the steamship while acting as a converted gunboat.

The latter part of his address was on the desirability of retaining the Philippines. Lieutenant Hobson's address was a review of the life of Admiral Philip as an officer and a Christian. General O. O. Howard presided.

MASSING AGAINST GAMBLERS

Large Meeting Sunday Afternoon Marks Beginning of Crusade in Denver Against Gambling Evil.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 25.—A mass meeting which filled Trinity Methodist Episcopal church in this city was held today, at which the city government was scored for its laxity in enforcing the laws against gambling and kindred evils. Addresses were delivered by a number of ministers of all denominations, denunciatory of the fire and police board. A petition to "all executive and judicial officers of the city of Denver and county of Arapahoe to impartially and rigidly enforce all ordinances and laws and especially those which relate to the moral welfare of the community" was circulated and signed by nearly all present.

The petition was presented to the city government and a resolution was passed to present a petition to the city government, signed by 18,000 additional names for the petition. One of the speakers declared that he knew of fifty-four gambling houses in the city, one within a stone's throw of his church.

DEDICATE THE BARON'S GIFT

New Agricultural and Industrial School for Hebrews Accepted by Baron de Hirsch Fund.

WOODBINE, N. J., Nov. 25.—The new Baron de Hirsch agricultural and industrial school building located here was dedicated today, many prominent Hebrews of Philadelphia and New York being present. The school was founded by Baron de Hirsch, who died in 1897, and is the training of Jewish youth and women to become practical and intelligent farmers and assistants in dairy, poultry, horticultural and other farming departments. It is a part of the agricultural fund in America; Henry H. Rice, of New York, presided at the dedicatory exercises. William B. Hackelburg of Philadelphia, on behalf of the Woodbine committee, presented the building to the association and Acting President Rice accepted it.

AGREES UPON NEW SCALE

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 25.—The grievance of the Lehigh Valley railroad has been settled. At the conference held at Bethlehem today, between the officials of the road and committed composed of twenty-one men, representing the Federated Brotherhoods, a new wage scale was agreed upon.

FIRE FOLLOWS EXPLOSION

Large Block in Beatrice Destroyed by a Peculiar Combination.

FRONT BLOWN OUT OF THE BUILDING

Wreck Takes Fire and Damage to the Extent of Ninety Thousand Results Before Flames Die Out.

BEATRICE, Neb., Nov. 25.—(Special Telegram.)—Shortly before noon today and just about the time when the main streets of the city were deserted, the large plate glass window of the Begole & Vanarsdale company's dry goods store blew out. Immediately after two distinct explosions were heard and a second later the entire front of the large store was a mass of seething flames. The fire alarm soon brought the fire companies to the scene. A dozen streams of water were soon playing upon the building. It was soon evident that the building and stock would be a total loss and the tendons of the fire department were at once directed toward trying to save the adjacent buildings which were already on fire at the rear. For three hours the firemen waged a fierce battle against the flames, but without avail. The Wyomere fire department was called for, but later the order was discontinued when it was seen that the fire could be confined to the Begole-Vanarsdale block.

In the second story of the building were several physicians' and dentists' offices. When the flames burst through the front of the building Dr. Fall, one of the physicians, was engaged in attending a patient and only with difficulty did they save themselves. The doctor managed to grab his ledger, which was all he saved from his entire office. The only thing saved was a diploma belonging to Dr. F. C. Allen, dentist, which was found after the fire unharmed.

Losses and Insurance.

The building and stock of goods belonging to the Begole & Vanarsdale company were insured as follows: Stock, \$29,000; value, \$50,000; Hartford, \$2,000; Hanover, \$2,000; Commercial Union, \$2,000; Fire Association, Philadelphia, \$4,000; Royal Exchange, \$2,000; Insurance Company of North America, \$2,000; German American, Newark, \$2,000; American Fire, Philadelphia, \$2,000; Insurance Company of Pennsylvania, \$2,000; Pennsylvania Fire, \$2,000; Hinkley Agency, \$2,000. The building was valued at \$15,000 and is a total loss, as follows: Hartford, \$2,000; Springfield (Mass.), \$2,000; Fire Association, Philadelphia, \$2,000.

Other losses in the building were: J. H. Woods, photographer, loss, \$2,900; insurance, \$1,500 in Commercial Union; Anderson Grocery company, loss by water and smoke, \$1,000; insurance, \$500, in German of Freeport.

Estimated damage to Hoagland Drug block, owned by Ports Wilson of Lincoln, \$5,000; covered by insurance in Hartford, Queens and North British and Mercantile. "Nebraska" Telephone company, estimated loss, \$300, not insured.

Mayor Jackson, whose office was in the Hoagland building, suffered a loss of \$200; no insurance.

The total loss will aggregate \$90,000.

WERE ATTACKED BY BOLEMON

Two Hundred Cases of Primitive Weapons Assisted in Recent Battle on Island of Panay.

MANILA, Nov. 25.—Particulars have just been received from Iloilo of the battle of October 20 at Daguapan, Island of Panay, when 200 bolomen and fifty riflemen attacked the Americans, who lost three killed—Lieutenant H. M. Koonz, Sergeant Kitchener and Corporal Burns, all of Company F, Forty-fourth Infantry.

It appears that Corporal Burns was killed while reconnoitering and Lieutenant Koonz and Sergeant Kitchener were pierced by spears while going to relieve an outpost.

When the garrison force attacked the rebels forty-nine of the latter were killed. None of the other parties of attacking natives made much of a stand and the insurgents lost 103 killed, all told.

Lieutenant Albert E. McCabe of "Nebraska" Telephone company, has been appointed inspector in the forestry bureau.

FOUR NATIVES TO HANG

MANILA, Nov. 25.—The funeral of Baron Dumarais, the Frenchman who was killed by the insurgents while within their lines last year, where he had gone to intercede with General Aguinaldo for the release of the Spanish prisoners, took place today in the great church of San Augustin in Manila. It was attended by a distinguished concourse, including generals, commissioners, consuls and hundreds of Americans who lined up on each side of the catafalque, in front of the altar. Archbishop Chapelle blessed the remains.

Four natives will be hanged at Daguapan, Luzon, next Thursday. They are under conviction for arson and murder, the victims of the latter crime including two American prisoners. The military courts are now returning numerous death sentences upon natives.

MISS YOUNGLOVE HAS NERVE

She Walked a Narrow Ledge Thirty Feet from Ground to Turn in a Burglar Alarm.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—Walking a narrow stone ledge, thirty feet from the ground, connecting the balcony of her father's residence, 4518 Forrestville avenue, with that of a neighbor, Miss Jennie Younglove early this morning gave the alarm that a burglar was at work in her home.

A squad of policemen responded to a telephone call, but the intruder, after frightening Miss Younglove's mother into hysterics, had escaped.

Mr. Younglove was absent from the city and the women and servant were alone in the house. Having given the alarm, Miss Younglove retraced her steps to protect her mother. The burglar took nothing of value.

CUBANS PROTEST TO BISHOP

General Gomez Suggests Sending Invitation to Sharett to Resign in Favor of Some Cuban.

HAVANA, Nov. 25.—At a meeting held in Havana today by the opponents of Mer. Sharett, bishop of Havana, General Gomez presented a resolution that all the municipalities should send the bishop telegrams informing him that he was not wanted by the Cubans and asking him to retire in favor of a Cuban ecclesiastic.

All the speakers accused Mer. Sharett of being too much of an American in his policy of favoring annexation to the United States.

WANTS CUBAN EDITOR'S BLOOD

HAVANA, Nov. 25.—It is said that General Rodriguez, mayor of Havana, has challenged Senor Miguel, editor of La Lucha, to fight a duel, in consequence of an alleged libelous article attacking the integrity of the mayor's office. General Rodriguez has written Senor Alouan as follows: "I have no intention of attacking the character of the mayor. Both parties deny that the matter will be carried any further, but the friends of both say that the denial is only a ruse to put the police off the scent."

COME AS DELEGATED TO CONVENTION

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The Gunader Carabalia, which arrived in quarantine Saturday evening came to its dock early this morning. It had a rough passage, experiencing seasickness and squalls almost all the way across. Among those who arrived on the general Federation of "Unions of Great Britain, and John Weir. They come here as delegates to a labor convention at Louisville.

ATTACKS IMPERIAL TROOPS

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The Lokal Anzeiger publishes a dispatch from Peking saying that a force of German cavalry attacked a detachment of the Chinese Imperial troops under General Hsiang and Admiral Ho between Sian Fu and Hui Nan, killing Chinese and capturing six ammunition wagons.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Generally Fair; Warmer; South Winds. Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. Data points for various hours and temperatures.