Miraculous Cure by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have effected cures in cases of Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Rheumatism, Scrofula and other serious diseases of the Blood and Nerves, when all other means known to the medical profession have been tried and failed; they have saved many who were on the brink of Consumption, and have restored to the helpless invalid the full use of limbs that had long been powerless. That such wonders have been performed by this great life giving medicine is the best guarantee that it will not disappoint when used for simpler ailments.

At all druggists or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., postpaid on receipt of price 50 cts. per box, six boxes $2.50.

Richard D. Creech, of 1062 Second Street, Appleton, Wis., says: "Our son Willard was absolutely helpless. His lower limbs were paralyzed, and when we used electricity he could not feel it below his hips. Finally my mother, who lives in Canada, wrote advising the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I bought some. This was when our boy had been on a stretcher for an entire year and helpless for nine months. In six weeks after taking the pills we noted signs of vitality in his legs, and in four months he was able to go to school. It was nothing else in the world that saved the boy than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."—*From the Crescent, Appleton, Wis.*

TALE TOLD BY YELLOW BOOK

Complete Story of Chinese Trouble Laid Before French Parliament.

FRANCE URGED ACTION AS EARLY AS MARCH

Unwillingness of United States to Participate in Naval Demonstration Deterred International Demonstration.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The Chinese "yellow book," which was distributed in parliament today, shows that early in March M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs, urging a combined naval demonstration, in view of the agitation in China, was opposed by a majority of the powers, Lord Salisbury saying that in view of the uncertainty it was preferable to let the situation ripen, pointing out that the government of the United States had already declared it would not participate in a naval demonstration, which was contrary to its policy.

Count von Buelow, German minister of foreign affairs, under date of April 4, also thought the trouble in Shan Tung province had completely calmed down.

M. Jules Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, under date of April 5, replying to M. Delcasse's inquiry as to an American vessel, with British and German ships, being sent to the gulf of Pe-Chi-Li, said the Washington government thought the growing agitation of the secret societies justified precautions which ought to take the character of a joint demonstration of the powers, as Minister Conger requested. Secretary Hay thought the fears manifested in China were exaggerated.

M. Cambon, on June 8, reported a conversation with Secretary Hay, who said Minister Conger was only instructed to do what was essential to protect American interests. Minister Conger did not desire to amalgamate his action with that of the European powers.

The most interesting dispatch in the book to Americans is the telegram which M. Delcasse sent to the French ambassadors at Washington and St. Petersburg on September 13, as follows:

The ambassador of the United States, at my reception yesterday, was pleased to recall that since the commencement of affairs in China, France, Russia and the United States have acted together in perfect agreement. He believed that this accord will be maintained and that the United States will retire from Pekin on the same conditions as France and Russia. I told General Porter that the manifestation of this continued accord was calculated to influence the definitive resolutions of the other powers. Such is the opinion of General Porter, who believes Japan will be the first to follow the example.

The French minister at Tokio on September 15 announced that Japan would withdraw her unnecessary troops and her legation from Pekin. The text of M. Delcasse's reply to the Anglo-German agreement on October 30 runs thus:

The government of the republic has for a long time past manifested the desire to see China open to the economic activity of the whole world. This explains the speedy adhesion it gave in December last to America's proposition, which was dictated by the same preoccupations. The government affirms all the more readily the principle of the integrity of China, inasmuch as it made it the basis of its policy in the crisis wherein the common efforts of the powers tend to secure a satisfactory solution. Universal acquiescence to this principle appears to be given a sure guaranty of its observance and if, in spite of every expectation, it should be impaired, France would be guided by circumstances in safeguarding her interests and treaty rights.

A number of other dispatches to and from America are published, the text of which is already known. A long, graphic report from M. Pinchon, the French minister at Pekin, of the siege of the legations, includes the following abstract from his diary:

During the night the Americans and Russians captured a barricade which the Chinese had constructed twenty-five meters from their own. It was necessary to carry it at the point of the bayonet. An American captain was wounded and two marines were killed. The Chinese lost heavily. The operation was brilliantly carried out and does great honor to those who took part in it. This barricade will henceforth be occupied by the Americans and Russians and appears to be one of our principal safeguards.

EXECUTE FOUR OFFICIALS

Acting Viceroy of Pe Chi Li Among Those Who Pay the Penalty.

PEKIN, Nov. 8.—(Via Shanghai, Nov. 9.)—Four of the leading officials of Pao Ting Fu, including Ting Yang, the acting viceroy of Pe Chi Li, and General Kusi Hing, were executed November 5 under the sentence imposed by the tribunal of the allies.

Renewed reports of the death of the empress dowager are in circulation, but they lack verification and are discredited.

Reformer Tortured at Canton.

CANTON, Nov. 8.—The reformer, Szki-Nu (the leading man in the anti-dynastic party organized by Sun Yat Sen), who was sentenced to death in connection with the recent yamen explosion here, was repeatedly tortured in order to extort a confession from him, but he refused to make a statement in regard to the explosion.

Captured a Bunch of Celestials.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—A special dispatch from Tien Tsin dated November 7 says:

A detachment of Italian troops returning to Pekin intercepted three battalions of Chinese near Kunan Hsien, the latter surrendering without firing a shot.

Monterey Meets with Mishap.

HONG KONG, Nov. 9.—The United States turret ship Monterey has returned here, having failed to reach Canton on account of an accident to her machinery.

VOTE AGAINST THE MINISTRY

Majority Against It in the French Chamber of Deputies is Twenty-One.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The vote of censure on the ministry finally passed by the Chamber of Deputies at yesterday's session, after the Chamber had refused to vote the order of the day in its entirety, was adopted by 316 to 237.

Bernhardt's Coming Delayed.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The members of the French dramatic company, headed by Mme. Bernhardt and M. Coquelin, who had expected to leave for New York this evening to begin the company's American tour at the Garden theater in that city, have been delayed in consequence of an accident to the steamer, but they will leave Havre next Monday on the L'Acquitaine.

The New Orleans Opera company, consisting of ninety-seven persons, under the management of M. Henri Barriel, is similarly delayed. The artists of this company include M. Jerome, tenor; M. Bouxmann, basso, and Mlle. Talexi and Miss Electa Gifford of Chicago, sopranos.

French Make a Protest.

ROME, Nov. 9.—The Tribuna's Pekin correspondent cables under date of November 4:

"The French commanders have protested against the Italians and Germans attacking the Chinese near Pao Ting Fu, claiming the Chinese there are under French protection.

"A French zouave having killed an Italian soldier by mistake, the Italian troops were greatly excited, but the officers succeeded in calming them."

Discord at French Military Academy.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Disorder reigns in the Fontainebleu Military school in consequence of the disciplinary measures enforced by General Andre, minister of war, for the bad treatment to which the Jewish captain, Koblentz, was subjected by his brother officers there. Two pupils have fought a duel with swords, a captain and a professor have also met, and other encounters are imminent.

Break in Cabinet Circles.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Thomas Wallace Russell, who represented South Tyrone in the late Parliament has resigned the Parliamentary secretaryship of the local government board because Lord Salisbury declined to adopt his scheme of compulsory land purchase in Ireland, a project which would have involved the expenditure of £120,000,000. He announces his intention to devote his whole time to rendering the present land system impossible.

Iron Mines Are Valueless.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 9.—The iron mines discovered a year ago in the government of Kursk (in the south of European Russia), for the working of which eighteen companies were partly established, prove to be valueless.

Sweet butter can't be made in a sour churn. The stomach is a churn. A foul stomach fouls the food put into it. When the food is fouled the blood made from it is fouled also. Foul blood means disease. Cleanse the churn and you have sweet butter. Cleanse the stomach and you have pure blood. The far reaching action of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is due to its effect on the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. Diseases that begin in the stomach are cured through the stomach.

"Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has proved a great blessing to me," writes Mrs. Ellen E. Bacon, of Shutesbury, Franklin Co., Mass. "Prior to September, 1897, I had doctored for my stomach trouble for several years, going through a course of treatment without any real benefit. In September, 1896, I had very sick spells and grew worse; could eat but little. I commenced to take Dr. Pierce's medicine and in a short time I could eat and work. I have gained twenty pounds in two months."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper-bound volume, or 31 cents for cloth binding, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

IT MEANS NATIONAL HONOR

Lord Salisbury Analizes Sweeping Republican Victory.

SIGNIFICANT SPEECH AT LONDON BANQUET

War Fever Prevailing in England is Satirized in Gloomy Words by the Premier in Course of His Speech.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—What is probably the most brilliant of all functions in England, the lord mayor's banquet, took place this evening. It will be memorable even to Americans, by reason of the following remarkable utterance of Lord Salisbury, who, in the presence of 900 guests, including United States Ambassador Choate, the members of the British cabinet and many of the leading men in England, spoke as follows of the American elections:

"We believe that the cause which has won was the cause of civilization and commercial honor. We believe those principles to be at the root of all prosperity and all progress in the world. Therefore we claim that we have as much right to rejoice in what has taken place as the distinguished gentleman (referring to Mr. Choate) who sits at my side."

This was followed by loud and prolonged cheering, which made the gold plate on the oaken shelves shiver and the great rafters of the guild hall ring and ring again.

Lord Salisbury's incursion into the internal politics of the United States was preceded by an apology, in the course of which he said:

"One of the circumstances which has gratified me most during the last year is the very hearty friendly feeling displayed between this county and the United States. I hope Mr. Choate will forgive me if there is an irregularity in my expression. It is quite wrong for a secretary of state to make any observations with respect to the internal politics of any other country; but I am soon to give up my office and in view of this abandonment, which is close at hand, I hope Mr. Choate will forgive me for expressing the supreme satisfaction with which all of us have heard of what has recently taken place in the United States."

Mr. Choate, replying a few minutes later to the toast of the diplomatic corps, declared that Lord Salisbury had stated with such truth, simplicity and earnestness the result of the election that he (Choate) would not attempt to add to it, although he would venture to congratulate the noble lord upon the fact that his remarks had been made after, instead of before, the election. (Laughter.)

War Fever is Satisfied.

Except in its reference to the United States the speech of the premier cast an extraordinary gloom over the gorgeous banquet. Following directly after the colonel commanding the city imperial volunteers, Lord Salisbury startled his hearers, who caught the drift of his remarks, by satirizing the war fever, although praising the courage of the soldiers, and declaring that the passionate admiration of military valor evinced by the populace must produce a change of attitude on the part of the outside world when viewing English character.

Then, with lowered voice and almost trembling accent, he went on to speak of the price of victory and the ravages of death, dealing especially with the queen's bereavement in the loss of Prince Christian Victor. Finally, with bent head and hands clasped, he uttered a hope, almost a prayer, that Lord Roberts might be spared the sorrow now hanging over him by reason of the critical condition of his daughter. Tears sprang to the eyes of women, and men moved uncomfortably in their seats. The silence and solemnity grew oppressive.

Awakening from self-abstraction, the premier reviewed the events of the last twelve months. Mr. Kruger and the empress of China, he went on to say, had forced war upon Great Britain. He maintained that the British War office deserved great credit for the way in which it had handled these emergencies.

"Despite nebulous and fictitious attacks we should be glad to improve all the defects of the War office," he continued, "and our utmost efforts will be devoted to that task, but I should rather deprecate any unnecessary examination into what has occurred. You will not add to the enthusiasm of your troops by doing so."

Ties of Mother Country and Colonies

He dilated upon the strengthened ties between the mother country and the colonies during the year and poked fun at the delay consequent upon the European concert when dealing with China. It was not appropriate for him, he declared, to comment upon negotiations while in progress, but he said he would make an exception in the Anglo-German compact. "This," he remarked, "represents the feelings of most, if not all the powers allied. It is impossible to lay too much emphasis upon the integrity of China and the powers should have expressed themselves in favor of these federal principles, for if they are achieved the issue of the China problem need not concern us very anxiously."

He maintained earnestly that the idea of invading China with "our scanty force," or of "approaching the stupendous task of governing China instead of leaving it to be governed by the Chinese," was most dangerous.

Possibility of War with France.

Relapsing into pessimism, Lord Salisbury admitted that the trend of recent events has almost put an end to the hopes of the Russian emperor and others who took part in the peace conference at The Hague. The extraordinary speech closed with a fervid appeal to the people of England to maintain their defenses in such a perfect condition that "we shall not be exposed to any sudden interruption of the peace upon which our prosperity depends."

"The supreme condition," exclaimed the premier, "is that no reform, no improvement is of the slightest value unless security against external interference is obtained by putting our defenses in such a position that no accident may happen beyond our borders that shall make our security doubtful."

The majority of Lord Salisbury's hearers believed that this warning, which was delivered in his most impressive manner, referred to the possibility of France's antagonism.

DEWET MEETS WITH DEFEAT

General Roberts Reports the Boers as Breaking Up Into Small Bands.

BOTHAVILLE, Nov. 8.—There has been heavy fighting since November 6, resulting in the defeat of the Boers, who lost twenty-three killed, thirty wounded and 100 taken prisoners. Seven of their guns also were captured.

The British lost three officers and four men killed.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Lord Roberts, telegraphing from Johannesburg under date of November 8, gives details of the defeat of the Boers near Bothaville, and adds to the facts already known the following:

"Colonel Le Gallais was heavily engaged for five hours with 1,000 Boers. Knox reinforced Le Gallais and completely defeated the Boers. Dewet and Steyn, with the Boers, left in great haste and were pursued some miles to the southeast. The enemy broke up into small parties. Le Gallais was among the killed. Steyn's secretary, Devilliers, was wounded and captured."

Lord Roberts also reports a number of small affairs, the most important of which was an engagement fought November 6, by Smith-Dorrien, south of Dalmanutha, which resulted in the Boers being driven to the east of the Komati river.

AWAITS ARRIVAL OF OOM PAUL

Granddaughter Says Mr. Kruger Brings to Europe Efficacious Means of Action.

MARSEILLES, Nov. 9.—Mrs. Eloff has arrived here to wait the arrival of Mr. Kruger, her grandfather, on the Dutch cruiser Geldland. In the course of an interview today she said:

"The difficulties surrounding Great Britain are so great that the Boers are convinced they will finally gain the upper hand. We have the greatest confidence in the journey of the president, who, in spite of his great age and fatigue, will travel across Europe. He only decided to come because he has in his possession a very efficacious means of action."

BULLER BACK IN ENGLAND

Lord Wolseley and His Staff Greet General on His Home Coming from Africa.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 9.—General Sir Redvers Buller, on the Dunraven Castle, from Cape Town, reached the quay at Southampton last evening at 8:30. He was greeted by Lord Wolseley and his staff as well as by an immense assembly of townspeople. At 9 o'clock he sat down to the mayoral banquet, the first of a long series of functions in his honor.

Protests Against Harsh Measures.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Times this morning gives prominence to a two-column letter from Leonard Courtney, who represented the Bodmin division of Cornwall in the late Parliament, protesting against the burning of the farm buildings of the burghers and other harsh measures adopted against the Boers.

Referring editorially to Mr. Courtney's argument, the Times justifies the measures taken by Lord Roberts as necessary, and "no worse than the means employed by other nations under similar circumstances."

DOWN TO DAVY JONES' LOCKER

Nineteen Sailors on the Ill-Fated Collier, City of Vienna, Find Watery Graves.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Later details of the loss of the steamer collier, City of Vienna, which sank in the channel yesterday while bound from Swansea to Rotterdam, after a collision with an unknown vessel, show that nineteen of her crew were drowned.

For the serious diseases that attack the kidneys, Prickley Ash Bitters is an unfailing remedy. Relieves backache, swelling of the feet and persistent headache—symptoms which indicate kidney trouble.

Marriage Licenses.

Permits to wed have been issued to the following persons:

Name and Residence.	Age.
Christen Jacobsen, Omaha	26
Dagmar C. Pedersen, Omaha	21
Charles Waneck, South Omaha	31
Marie Kratky, South Omaha	22
Edwin H. Rood, Omaha	24
Grace Lammon, Alliance	18
Fred Sedan, St. Lawrence, S. D.	25
Mildred Cheney, Bennett, Neb.	22

For a Cold in the Head.
LAXATIVE BROMO-QNININE TABLETS.

Wins Over Many Competitors.

Howard J. Rogers, director of education and social economy at the Paris exposition has mailed Superintendent Pearse of the Omaha schools copies of the official catalogue and annex of the United States exhibitors at the exposition. This catalogue shows that there were several hundred American competitors in group No. 1 of class No. 1, in which the Omaha Board of Education won a gold medal. The boards of education of all the principal cities in the United States had exhibits in competition.

Kapp Sends Congratulations.

A. L. Kapp of Bluffton, Ind., visited Omaha a few weeks ago and was greatly interested in the fight the republicans of Nebraska were making against the fusion forces. City Treasurer Kapp has received a letter from Mr. Kapp yesterday, in which he congratulates Nebraska republicans and rejoices that Indiana has given McKinley such a handsome majority. In spite of the fact that Mr. Kapp's home county is usually a strong democratic county, he says that it has given the republicans a substantial majority.

Doctor Loses His Books.

Dr. R. F. Pries, who has offices in the Arlington block, called at the police station to swear out a search warrant with a view to recovering possession of his account books, which, he alleges, have been removed from his office by his wife, from whom he has recently obtained a divorce. He says that, according to the ruling of the court, he has to pay her $50 a month allimony; he permitted the payment for October to lapse, explaining to her that his receipts for that month were so small that he was unable to pay. Immediately afterward he missed the books and now takes it for granted that she appropriated them to inquire into his financial condition.

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50c Per Package.

HUDYAN is now sold by all druggists at 50c per package, six packages for $2.50, or you can send for it direct. HUDYAN cures disorders of the Nervous System and bad blood. HUDYAN cures men and women of Nervousness, Nervous Weakness, Nervous Exhaustion, Impaired Vitality, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Mental Depression, Hysteria, Paralysis, Numbness, Tremblings, Pains in Side, Pains in Back, Pains in Head, Pains in Shoulder, Pains in Arms, Pains in Joints, Pains in Muscles, Pains in Face, Pains in Eyes, Pains over Kidneys, Pains over Liver, Spine Pains, Bearing-Down Pains, Headache Pains, Dizzy Pains, Racking Pains.

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Deputy Court Angelina, No. 3422, I. O. Foresters, Cal
Minnesota Chapter, No. 1, R. A. Masons.
Garnet Lodge, No. 166, F. and A. M., Minn.
La Fiesta Camp, No. 63, W. of the W., Cal.
Los Angeles Temple, No. 422, G. O., Orient.
Al Borak Temple, No. 75, D. O. K. K., Cal

OFFICE OF

A. H. S. PERKINS,

FRATERNAL WRITER, AUTHOR AND CORRESPONDENT.

Fraternal Editor, Los Angeles Times; Editor Pythian Wave and The Fraternal Brotherhood.

Correspondent and Representative—California Odd Fellows, Sacramento, Cal. Fraternal Monitor, Rochester, N. Y.; National Underwriter, Baltimore, Md.

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HUDYAN REMEDY CO.—Gentlemen: For twelve years before coming to California in 1893 mine was a busy, tiresome life in active newspaper work; one in which a man can be more "run down" and not realize it than almost any other line of business on earth. Hard work along those lines, together with the rigorous Minnesota winters, had broken my health. At the repeated advice of medical friends I was induced to come to the Golden State for the recuperation which I so much needed. Climate had done much; but an attack of eczema about two years ago left me with an added weakness. After trying numerous tonics without apparent beneficial results, I was induced by the nature of Hudyan announcements to apply to you for relief. While I have not been inclined to put much faith in nostrums (for humanity is prone to apply the word "quack" to all such), yet I gave you the benefit of the doubt, and have profited thereby. I can truthfully say, that after taking your Hudyan and treatment I am now enjoying better health than at any time in the past seven years, and while still actively engaged in newspaper work, there is a remarkable lack of "that tired feeling" so common to newspaper writers. My weight has not perceptibly increased, for it is not my nature, but my appetite is good, and I sleep the allotted number of hours, and feel real strong in every way.

I have no hesitancy in recommending your Hudyan and treatment to those men who, through ill health or other cause, have become impaired in strength. By actual experience I know it is a good thing, and you can with confidence use my indorsement. Gratefully yours, A. H. S. PERKINS.

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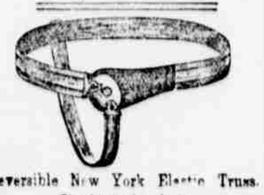
TRUSSES



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Extra special sale misses' and children's shoes Saturday.

Misses' shoes worth up to $2.50, sale price, $1.29. Misses' shoes worth up to $1.75, sale price, 79c. Children's shoes, all sizes, 39c up. Baby shoes, soft soles, all colors, lace or button, 16c.

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Successors to The Howe.

About Candy—

We can make better candy than we can buy—We can buy materials that are purer—keep a stock that is fresher and in every way make candy that is better—Reliable goods and low prices are our signals that business has a clear track—There is no two-priced trade here—We sell our confectionery for one price and that price the lowest that the market will permit—If you want a delicious candy take home with you a box of our chocolate bon bons—they possess a delicacy of flavor and a rich, satisfying deliciousness that cannot be found in other chocolates.

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