TURN OUT FOR BRYAN'S SAKE

Ringmaster Croker's Whip Lashes Tammany Tiger to Dance Attendance.

HEELERS PACK MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

Touching Mottoes Said to Have Been Originated by the Great Commoner Who Controls Destinies of New York in Evidence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—William J. Bryan arrived in this city at 2:55 this afternoon. His reception was an emphatic ovation. As the train steamed in the annex of the Grand Central depot that part of the immense building was thronged with a multitude. Colonel Bryan was driven to the Hoffman house in an open carriage, where he sat next to Richard Croker and with uncovered head, bowed and smiled to the thousands who cheered him.

Forty-second street presented an animated scene. From Lexington avenue on one side to Sixth avenue on the other, the sidewalks were lined with the populace.

About 2 o'clock Captain Price at the Grand Central station began to take active measures to open a passageway for the Tammany Hall committee to the depot.

A squad of policemen cleared Forty-second street, and about sixty more policemen under Captain Price marched to the annex and established police lines beyond which the curious could not go.

The open carriages containing the Tammany Hall reception committee went to the annex. William R. Hearst, led the way followed by O. H. P. Belmont, James Shevlin, Lewis Nixon, Lawrence Delmour and about a dozen others. Three cheers for Croker were given.

Sits by Hon. Dick Croker.

Then came the mad scramble to reach the rear car of the train, in which Colonel Bryan was supposed to be. Mr. Croker, Mr. Hearst and the other members of the reception committee tried to walk in a dignified manner to and the train to greet the presidential candidate, but the crowd was too great. They were pushed and shoved until they had to almost break into a run before they could swing themselves onto the rear platform and give Colonel Bryan greeting.

Meanwhile the crowd had worked itself up to a great degree of enthusiasm. It cheered and shouted as Colonel Bryan stepped out on the platform. Then, escorted by Richard Croker and the committee, he began the journey toward the street. A number of people grasped Colonel Bryan's hands. The candidate smiled good-naturedly through it all, in spite of the fact that both he and Mr. Croker were being rather roughly jostled about. As he entered the open carriage and took his seat Mr. Bryan took off his hat and smiled and bowed on every side. Richard Croker sat next to him, while Mr. Hearst and Mr. Shevlin occupied the other two seats in the carriage. It took some time to clear a passageway to Forty-second street, but it was managed and the carriages in which were the reception committee members started for the Hoffman house.

Given Church Fair Cane.

The party drove through Forty-second street to Fifth avenue and down to the Hoffman house. Mr. Bryan reached the Hoffman house at 3:20 p. m. All the way down Fifth avenue he was cheered by the crowds. The demonstration as Mr. Bryan left his carriage and entered the Twenty-sixth street entrance of the hotel was a repetition of that along the line. Mr. Bryan then went to his room. A few minutes later he received a delegation from St. Matthew's Lutheran church, Brooklyn. Rev. Augustus Sommers, the pastor, presented him with a gold-headed cane, which had been won by Mr. Bryan, who received the largest number of votes at a fair held by the church. He made a speech of thanks and then retired to rest before the banquet.

At 5:30 o'clock to the minute, the sound of exploding bombs outside the garden announced the opening of the doors. Instantly there was a great rush by the people from the Madison avenue hallway and the Twenty-sixth street entrances, which were to be kept clear for ticket-holders. In the first rush were a few women, who got near the speakers' stand. In less than ten minutes every seat on the floor was taken, and the crowd which had begun to pour in from all sides, attacked the galleries. Five minutes later saw the balcony and a part of the galleries black with people. The rush was then over, but there came a steady stream through the principal doors and all empty seats were soon filled. The crowd did not appear at first to be demonstrative.

Touching Sentiment by Croker.

When the lights were all turned on there came a big cheer. The big semi-circular electric display above the speakers' stand brought out the portraits of the democratic candidates, the democratic emblem and the democratic watchword, credited to Mr. Croker, "We wish to remain free people," in great letters of light. Then the band struck up a national air and as the people recognized "Yankee Doodle" they got up in their seats with uncovered heads and, as they waved thousands of small American flags, shouted out the words of the song.

The garden was decorated in the national colors only. Streamers radiated from the center of the roof under the skylight, to the heads of the iron pillars under the galleries, and festoons of banners of the different states lined the galleries. The speakers' stand was draped simply with the American flag and red, white and blue bunting.

At 6:30 o'clock the only seats remaining vacant in the entire garden was an occasional box, the tickets for which remained good until 7 o'clock. The crowd was orderly and frequent performances by the band brought out enthusiasm.

The entrance of the Tammany men brought out the first strong applause. As 7 o'clock approached, the hour when Colonel Bryan was expected to arrive, the crowd began to warm up. The garden was jammed. The police kept the aisles fairly well cleared and back of the gallery seats there was not an inch of available space. Colonel Bryan entered the garden at 7:15. As the face of Mr. Croker, behind which appeared Colonel Baryan's, was seen the crowd burst forth in one great, prolonged yell. Everyone stood tiptoe on his seat and the garden was a sea of waving flags. When Mr. Bryan, accompanied by Mr. Croker, mounted the speakers' stand the cheering was continuous.

The cheering continued, now dying down, now being renewed with increased vigor. It continued for five minutes, not abating when Colonel Bryan rose to his feet and raised his hands. Mr. Croker pulled him back into his seat. The cheering went on. Then Mr. Croker rose, hesitated a moment, and raised his hand for silence. Instead of ceasing the crowd broke forth louder than ever. Do what he could Mr. Croker could not silence the crowd. After nearly fifteen minutes of cheering the cheers began to decrease. Mingled cheers and hisses, the latter for silence, lasted a minute longer. "Three cheers for our next president," brought out a final cheer, but an effort to repeat it was drowned in cries of "Put him out!" The enthusiasm nearly carried the crowd away. The throng at the Madison avenue end of the garden jammed down the aisles and the sixty odd policemen at that quarter had to do sincere battle with the crowd to keep it under control.

Kansas City Platform Endorsed.

When quiet was restored Mr. Croker rose, took Mr. Shepard by the arm and introduced him to the audience as chairman of the meeting.

Before Mr. Shepard could get into the subject of "imperialism," to which most of his address was devoted, the crowd got so impatient to hear Mr. Bryan that Mr. Shepard could not proceed. He suddenly stopped and introduced President Guggenheimer of the council, who offered the resolutions of the evening. These welcomed Bryan and Stevenson to the city, approved the Kansas City platform, opposed imperialism, opposed an immense standing army, praised the volunteer army as being sufficient in emergency, opposed entangling foreign alliances, sympathized with the Boers, denounced trusts, pledged the party to bring back to the people constitutional government and charged the republicans with having raised a gigantic corruption fund. The resolutions were cheered, mingled with shouts for Bryan, and Mr. Shepard at once introduced the latter in a few short sentences.

Colonel Bryan stepped to the railing about the stand, as the throng broke out afresh into cheers. He raised his hand for silence, but the cheers did not subside. Colonel Bryan was dressed simply in a black suit, with a short sack coat. "Three cheers for our next president," came up from the audience. Colonel Bryan raised his hand in deprecation. The crowd was about to become quiet, when with a boom and a flash of fire a flashlight bomb went off in the center of the room. Women shrieked and the crowd yelled, not knowing what it all meant, there was great disorder for a moment and calls for the police. A dozen policemen rushed to the spot where the man sat who had fired the bomb, grabbed him and hustled his camera out into the aisle and out of the garden.

Colonel Bryan had stood calmly at the rail. There was another attempt to renew the cheering, but hisses greeted it and Colonel Bryan commenced speaking.

When Colonel Bryan began speaking his voice was scarcely audible 100 feet from the stand, but he gradually spoke louder and in a moment his voice could be heard by the galleries. The crowd listened in silence for a time, but when the speaker declared that the democratic party recognized the right of ability of mind and muscle to the fruits of its toil the crowd broke forth into cheering.

Bouquet for Dick Croker.

"We are not opposed to that wealth which comes as the reward of honest toil and is enjoyed by those who give to society something in return for that which society throws upon them," said Mr. Bryan, and he went on to say that the party draws the line between honest wealth and predatory wealth, "between that wealth which is a just compensation for services rendered and that wealth which simply measures the advantages which some citizen has taken over many citizens."

He then went on to enumerate the various classes to which he said the republicans were making specious appeals, and he included in the list the farmer, the laborer, etc. "It gives the laborer," he said, "the assurance that he will have a full dinner pail and then it assures him that there will be a large army to make him satisfied with his full dinner pail."

Colonel Bryan claimed he was willing to admit that the army contractors and the trust magnates might be prosperous. A man who gets special privileges at the hands of the government can prosper under republican management," he said, "but I deny that the wealth producers of the country are enjoying their share of the government's productions."

"If a republican tells you," he said, "that the ice trust is hurting the people, you tell them you have so much confidence in the republican governor that you know he would not be out west making speeches if the people were suffering from the ice trust."

This remark was received with cheers.

Colonel Bryan said he was not satisfied to prevent extortion, but that he would make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States. This was met with cheers and cries of "Good." He said he would squeeze the water out of the stock. "There would be a flood for a while," he declared, "but there would be honest corporations afterwards."

Army to Coerce Citizens.

Colonel Bryan then turned his attention to the increase of the standing army, and when he asked if we should have a large army in the United States there were several responses of "No" from the audience.

"I believe," he said, repeating previous utterances, "that one of the reasons why they want a large army is to build a fort in every large city and use the army to suppress by force that discontent that ought to be cured by legislation."

He then took up the question of his connection with the ratification of the treaty, and said the republicans would not find a senator who would say he had voted for it because he (Mr. Bryan) had favored it, and continued: "But I can prove by Senator Wellington, a republican, that without his vote it would not have been ratified. He would not have voted for it but for the fact that the president promised him the Philippine islands would not be held permanently."

Colonel Bryan referred to the charge that he was responsible for the continuation of the war in the Philippines and said: "If I am guilty of this charge, then who is responsible for the fact that our forefathers fought the same battle a hundred years before I was born?"

In closing, he said instead of being a nation ever ready to resort to force, he wanted it to be a peacemaker among nations.

Stevenson Clears the Hall.

Colonel Bryan concluded his speech at 9 o'clock precisely, having spoken one hour and fifty-one minutes. The crowd rose and cheered as he left the platform in company with Mr. Croker, shaking hands as he left. The applause for Colonel Bryan as he went away blended with that for A. E. Stevenson, as he rose to speak.

The cheers died out and the noise of the crowd getting out prevented Mr. Stevenson from speaking. Three minutes after Mr. Bryan left there were vacant seats all over the building, large patches showing everywhere on the galleries and main floor. Mr. Stevenson made an attempt to speak, but his voice could not be heard fifty feet away. Over half of the crowd left. Frequent attempts were made by Chairman Shepard and Mr. Stevenson to detain the crowd, but they were unavailable.

Webster Davis was the next speaker. In discussing the South African war, he said the United States government was not even neutral, that absolute neutrality would mean that if nules and breadstuffs could be sold to the British the same things could be sold to the Boers. He charged that a shipload of foodstuffs consigned to the Boers had been seized by the British and that the United States had not even entered a protest. Mr. Davis also blamed the United States' representative in Natal for allowing the Stars and Stripes to float beside the English flag in honor of the defeat of Cronje.

"Golden Rule" Jones Speaks.

At the close of Webster Davis' speech Mayor Jones of Toledo was introduced. He was heartily received.

The 4,000 or 5,000 who had remained to hear Mr. Davis and Mr. Jones cheered Mr. Stanchfield when he was introduced. A number started to go out as he began speaking and he was interrupted as Mr. Stevenson had been.

At the close of Mr. Stanchfield's address Chairman Shepard introduced William Mackay, candidate for lieutenant governor. When Mr. Mackay concluded the band struck up "Dixie" and the small remaining portion of the crowd filed out.

The crowd that surged about the open air stand at Madison avenue and Twenty-fourth street, crushing the weak and almost smothering those who were so tightly packed that the air, which reeked with the fumes of green fire, could not reach them, may have numbered 20,000, and there was not one in that crowd who cared to hear anyone else but Mr. Bryan. Half a dozen speakers tried to keep them quiet until Mr. Bryan came, but the most successful speaker had a hard job.

Wouldn't Listen to 'Em.

Commissioner Keller presided. Congressman Quinn started to speak, but gave up in disgust. He had not fairly begun when the band started to play.

Augustus T. Doherty, Assistant District Attorney Osborne, James Lindsay Gordon, James Hamilton Lewis, D. J. Cavanagh and others tried to speak, but the crowd gave them small chance. It was shortly after 9 o'clock when the cavalcade heading the Bryan party rode down Madison avenue to the stand. The carriages could not drive within fifty feet of it and Colonel Bryan, Mr. Crocker, Mr. Hearst, James Shelvin of Brooklyn, who were in the carriages, walked to the stand. The ovation to the candidate was deafeningly loud and prolonged. After shaking hands with Mr. Keller and those on the stand who could stretch their hands to him, Colonel Bryan stood facing the crowd in front of the stand. He uncovered his head, but the bombs were exploding overhead and the fire from one almost struck him. Mr. Bryan drew away as if to dodge it. The band was playing "Hail to the Chief" when Mr. Bryan outstretched his hand to command silence. He spoke very briefly, and the moment he stopped speaking Mr. Croker took his arm and led him to the rear of the stand to see the crowd assembled there. He waved his hat to them and Mr. Croker asked him: "Did you ever see anything like it?"

"Wonderful, wonderful," Colonel Bryan said.

Then the party, after handshaking all around, left the stand and got into the carriages.

The trip to Tammany hall was made through streets lined with cheering thousands. Colonel Bryan and his party arrived at 9:20. Senator Mackey was speaking, but as soon as the crowd recognized Bryan it rose to its feet and cheered for several minutes. Richard Croker, who accompanied Colonel Bryan, took a seat on the rear of the platform while the candidate went to the front and acknowledged the greeting. When the cheering had continued for a couple of minutes he raised his hand to command silence.

Closing Meeting of Evening.

At 10 o'clock Mr. Bryan arrived at Cooper Union. His appearance on the platform was the signal for one of the most enthusiastic greetings ever accorded to any one man there. It was fully five minutes before quiet was restored. Then John Dewitt Warner, chairman of the meeting, introduced Colonel Bryan.

John B. Stanchfield followed Mr. Bryan. Then came William Mackey, Franklin Quinby and Chairman Sulzer. It was 10:30 when Mr. Bryan and his party came out of Cooper Union. The crowd seemed to go crazy. It was the most dangerous outlook of the evening and it seemed as though scores were to be trampled under foot. Repeatedly the police charged to get Colonel Bryan's carriage through. Night sticks were finally drawn and a lane opened long enough to let the Bryan carriages into Irving Place. Through that street it went in a dash and on up Broadway. Several hundred people ran in pursuit and kept right after the carriage and escort to Union square while hundreds were on the curb. Toward Madison avenue the crowd tired, but an immense crowd was in front of the Hoffman house to meet Colonel Bryan when he got out of his carriage. He was taken to his suite at once. There he received the national, state and local committees and was finally turned over to Chairman Frank Campbell for his four days' tour of the state, beginning tomorrow. It was announced that Colonel Bryan's party will leave the Hoffman house at 8:15 a. m. He will go direct to the Grand Central depot.

DIDN'T DRINK HIS WINE

Like an Island in Mid Ocean, Bryan Was the Only Dry Spot at Tammany Banquet.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The dinner tendered Mr. Bryan at the Hoffman house at 5:30 this afternoon was not held in the Moorish room, as at first intended, but in the Salon Louis Quinz. Fifty plates were laid. The room was beautifully decorated with laurel leaves, palms and evergreens. Colonel Bryan's portrait, framed in a silk American flag, was just behind the chair reserved for Mayor Van Wyck, the presiding officer. It was discovered during the afternoon that the decorator had in arranging the portrait of Colonel Bryan intertwined the Filipino and American colors about the picture. This was believed to be an error, and at dinner time the colors of Aguinaldo were absent. Fifteen persons sat at the table reserved for the guest of honor and more distinguished persons. The remaining guests sat at smaller tables. All the tables were decorated with flowers, roses predominating.

The service was the best the house could provide, linens of the most costly sort, the heaviest plate, cut glass and the best of china. Although Colonel Bryan did not drink his wine, glasses were provided just as for the other guests.

Mayor Van Wyck sat in an invalid chair brought from Arabia. On either side of him, two and two, were special chairs on which sat Mr. Bryan, Mr. Croker, Adlai E. Stevenson and W. R. Hearst. When all were seated Colonel Bryan was between Richard Croker and Mayor Van Wyck.

The guests at the main table were: In the chair, Robert Van Wyck; on his right, W. J. Bryan, Richard Croker, John B. Stanchfield, William J. Stone, William F. Mackey, Edward F. Shepard, John W. Keller; on the mayor's left, A. E. Stevenson, W. R. Hearst, Webster Davis, John D. Richardson, Norman E. Mack, John Dewitt Warner and George V. Vanhoesen.

At each plate was placed a souvenir bouquet in dark paper with the name in gold on the covering.

The menu was on cards, plain except for a portrait of Colonel Bryan above the American flag to the right. The estimated cost of the dinner was settled by the Hoffman house management, which said that the cost was $1,200, exclusive of the wines.

It took from 5:30 p. m. to 7 to dispose of the many courses, and soon after the party got into carriages and were driven to the Madison Square Garden.

MAKES NO SPEECHES ENROUTE

Candidate Bryan Goes Right Through from Cleveland to New York City.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 16.—W. J. Bryan reached Utica at 8:58 today enroute from Cleveland to New York City, where he will make his first speeech in the state tonight. Mr. Bryan was accompanied from Cleveland by Mayor Jones of Toledo, who will be with him during the greater part of his New York tour. He was also joined at Cleveland by Norman E. Mack, democratic national committeeman for this state. Mr. Bryan entered his stateroom immediately upon returing from the last of his Cleveland meetings last night and did not emerge therefrom until breakfast was announced. There were several calls for him by crowds on the way after leaving Cleveland, but he did not respond to any of them. It had not been his intention to make any speeches on his way to New York City and the train stops were not long enough to permit his doing so if he desired. Mr. Bryan has prepared no speech for New York, but will talk extemporaneously in all his meetings there. Mr. Bryan expresses his gratification over the success of the Ohio meetings.

South Omaha News.

A great deal of interest is being manifested by republicans in the meetings to be held here on Saturday night of this week and the central committee is being congratulated on all sides for having secured so many distinguished speakers for the meetings advertised. Miles Mitchell and Mayor Kelly are arranging the details and in this they are being assisted by representatives of all of the republican clubs in the city. It has been arranged that Senator Hanna will make three twenty-minute speeches in three halls. The schedule of addresses will be printed as soon as the arrangements are completed. Among the speakers who will address the various meetings are Messrs. O'Donnell, Baldwin, Hanna and Rosewater. Mr. Rosewater will speak especially to the voters of the Second ward at Koutsky's hall and will be followed by Senator Hanna.

The idea of a mounted escort of Rough Riders for the distinguished visitors is considered an excellent one and Mayor Kelly announces a call for volunteers. Every republican who desires to act as an escort for Senator Hanna and the others is requested to send his name to Mayor Kelly at once. Miles Mitchell, chief of police, will most likely be named as the commander of this mounted escort, with W. L. Holland as his lieutenant.

The intention is to meet the carriages conveying Senator Hanna and party in Omaha and escort the speakers to the Magic City.

For a Hospital Building.

Through the efforts of Mrs. D. L. Helmes and other members of the South Omaha Hospital association steps have been taken to secure the erection of a hospital building in this city. The matter was taken up at a meeting of prominent members of the Commercial club Monday night and a committee was appointed to raise funds for the project. This committee is composed of Harry Christie, F. A. Cressey, George H. Brewer, Thomas J. O'Neil and Dr. W. H. Slabaugh.

For the purpose of raising funds lapel buttons will be sold at $1 apiece and with the aid of the women it is expected that at least 2,000 buttons can be sold without any difficulty. The intention of the association is to purchase lots in the central portion of the city and erect thereon a modern building. Naturally the corporations will be expected to donate liberally to the scheme, as nearly two-thirds of the patients at the hospital are employes of either the railroads, stock yards or packing houses.

In addition to the sale of buttons the committee in charge of the financial end of the project will solicit subscriptions. In this way it is thought that quite a sum can be raised in addition to the sale of the buttons. Nearly everyone in the city realizes the necessity for a first-class hospital here and it is expected that everyone will assist in carrying out the present plans for a building.

Registration Thursday.

Thursday is the first day of registration. Every voter must register this fall or else be compelled to swear in his vote. New registration books have been provided and exceptional care has been taken in the selection of the registrars, so that there is a prospect now of the records being properly kept. Here is a list of the registrars and the location of the booths:

First Ward—First precinct, 418 North Twenty-fourth street: James Pivonka, Floyd T. McKay, T. B. Hatcher. Second precinct, 624 North Twenty-fourth street: Kay W. Hunt, E. L. Delanney, M. Mabery. Third precinct, Collins' music store, Twenty-fourth and K streets: James Smith, Burton Rice, Al Keenan.

Second Ward—First precinct, Remer's hotel, Twenty-fifth and O streets: Charles Johnson, Arthur Tighe, Peter Young. Second precinct, Hoffman building, Twenty-first and Q streets: Joseph Marik, J. M. Tobias. Third precinct, Morrill's feed store, Albright: J. S. Ridgeway, D. Morrill, Arthur Eas.

Third Ward—First precinct, Evans' hall, Twenty-eighth and R streets: Emmet Farmer, John Corcoran, Silas James. Second precinct, Kilker building, Thirty-first and Q streets: George Dunscombe, George Byrne.

Fourth Ward—Store building, Sharp and L streets: R. W. Mullins, Henry George, William Broderick.

Two vacancies exist at the present time, but these will be filled today by the mayor. All appointees are expected to call at the Mayor's office at once and qualify.

For Better Fire Protection.

The new fire hall in the Second ward is coming along nicely and with good weather it will be completed by the middle of next month. Nothing has been done so far toward the purchase of the equipment for this new house.

A hose wagon will cost about $850 and Mayor Kelly is in favor of buying a hose reel. He says that an apparatus of this kind can be bought for $350 and that the hose keeps better and lasts longer when on a reel than when stretched in a wagon. He considers that a reel is just as serviceable as a wagon, but members of the council dispute this assertion. Mayor Kelly's idea is economy. He wants to give the best service possible for the least money. A team of horses will cost at least $300 and hose for the cart or wagon will cause an expenditure of not less than $600, as good hose cannot be purchased now for much less than $1.10 a foot.

Arrangements will be made immediately for the purchase of the apparatus to be used in the new fire hall and the hose will doubtless be ordered at the next meeting of the council.

Epworth League Election.

The Epworth league has elected the following officers: Eldon Smith, president; Richard Laverty, first vice president; Mrs. Osborne, second vice president; Miss Ethel McMillan, third vice president; Miss Bertha Housman, fourth vice president, J. E. Lush, secretary; M. Winchester, assistant secretary; Horace Brass, treasurer; Miss Bessie Martin, organist; Clarence Peterson, chorister; Allen Bentz, usher.

Petition Candidates.

Petition candidates for assessor are bobbing up every day. In the Fourth ward two candidates by petition are in the field and the contest promises to be a lively one. The latest petition candidate is William Voltz, Thirty-fourth and N streets. He has a petition signed by 250 voters, 200 of this number being property owners.

Magic City Gossip.

Don't forget to register on Thursday. It is the first day of registration.

Robert Parks is up from Leavenworth. He will spend a day or two with relatives here.

Send your name to Mayor Kelly if you want to ride in the Hanna escort Saturday night.

New puzzle switches are being placed in position at the N street crossing by the railroad companies.

Republicans say that Congressman Mercer and Candidates Schultz and Wilcox are gaining ground every day.

Politicians assert that over 3,000 votes will be cast at the November election. Every one must register this fall.

Ed Stokesberry, the alleged chicken thief, will not be prosecuted by his sister, but he is being held for the authorities at Blair.

An ordinance is being drafted for the issuing of $70,000 in funding bonds. The rate of interest to be paid will be lower this year than ever before.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Councilman D. T. Mount is in Wyoming.

J. L. Bailey of Denver is at the Millard.

A. F. McArthur of Chicago is in the city.

J. J. Bonekemper of Sutton is at the Her Grand.

J. T. Margrave of Gordon is at the Her Grand.

B. C. Taylor of Wheeling, W. Va., is at the Murray.

Alex Maitland of Kansas City is at the Merchants.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Gonden of Lincoln are at the Millard.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Truax of Brainard are at the Millard.

M. H. Hudson and wife of Minneapolis are in Omaha.

Dr. Charles F. Martin of Kansas City is at the Her Grand.

C. F. Tierney and J. A. Harris of Broken Bow are in the city.

W. H. Cooper, a St. Louis railroad man, is stopping at the Murray.

Con Kirk of North Platte, a Union Pacific trainmaster, is a patron of the Murray.

J. B. Barnes, judge of the district court at Norfolk, is stopping at the Merchants.

Gilbert Potter and W. D. Hardwed of Pawnee City, Neb., are patrons of the Her Grand.

J. F. Hartsough of Kansas City, traveling freight agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, is staying at the Millard.

A. H. Rock, E. D. Robeson, J. W. Daugherty, F. N. Oxley and R. M. Hoffman, all of Chicago, are stopping at the Millard.

Eugene V. Debs of Terre Haute, Ind., the man who is running for the presidency on the socialist-democratic ticket, is a guest of the Murray.

E. N. S. James of Grafton, C. W. Lincoln of Beatrice, W. N. Richardson of Red Cloud, G. R. Souter of Lincoln, A. C. McIntyre of Hastings and D. M. Owen of Norfolk are state guests at the Murray.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Megeath of Salt Lake are visiting former Omaha friends for a few days, Mr. Megeath having gone east recently to meet Mrs. Megeath upon her return from a visit in Scotland.

Judge Vinsonhaler and Judge Ogden have returned from their fishing expedition to Lake Ida, Minnesota, bringing back the recollection of having snared something over 800 pounds of fish on the trip and numerous trophies of their valor and good fortune.

Nebraskans at the Merchants: F. E. Hughes, Dan Hill, Joseph Mielki and W. W. Knepper of Gordon, H. M. Mathes and N. H. Conger of Loup City, J. H. Johnson and N. H. Johnson of Seward, A. J. Wright of Tecumseh, Matt Daugherty of Sidney, R. M. Faddis of Valentine, R. L. Shaw of Fremont, T. H. Woodruff of Georgetown, E. A. Winslow of Ogallala and J. F. Trommerhauser of Ewing.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Diphtheria is under quarantine at 2565 North Eighteenth street.

Six typewriters have been purchased by the Board of Education for the commercial department in the High school.

Three rooms are now in use at the new Beal school and a fourth room will be ready for occupancy before the end of the week.

Four-year-old Howard Rosenthal, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Rosenthal, was thrown from a burro in Krug's park Sunday, receiving several scratches and bruises, but was not seriously hurt.

The Germans and Hungarians of Van Camp's addition met last night at 918 Hamer street to consider the construction of a new Catholic school house adjacent to the church at Seventeenth and Center streets. A committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions for the project.

J. J. Smith offered a resolution at Monday night's meeting of the Board of Education authorizing the payment of the $17 fee due the inspector of buildings for the High school building permit. The resolution was ruled out of order on the ground that the matter was referred to the buildings and property committee, which has not made a report as yet.

A defective cylinder allowed the east elevator in the city hall to drop a few feet Monday evening about 5 o'clock. Two school teachers who were in the elevator when the accident occurred were badly frightened, but came out little the worse for the shaking up they received. For some time the elevator has not been working well and it will be completely overhauled before being put into use again.

W. C. Vandervoort and family of Chicago are visiting friends in the city. Mr. Vandervoort is assistant superintendent of the railway mail service and is returning from a trip over the Alliance-Denver branch of the Burlington route, which he inspected with a view of establishing a railway mail service over the new line. He will report favorably on the plan and the route may be established within the next sixty days.

We've a little book on the hair and its diseases which tells you a good many things you should know. It's full of pictures, too, of what Ayer's Hair Vigor has done for all sorts and conditions of people.

We should be glad to send you one. A postal card request will do.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla | Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills | Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Ague Cure | Ayer's Cosmetic

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice

and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have restored health and happiness to scores of women. This is not a mere advertising claim, but a positive fact.

The reason Mrs. Pinkham is so qualified to advise women is because for 20 years she has been treating and studying woman's ills. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

If you are ill, write to her for help, as thousands of women are doing.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

relieves painful periods and regulates menstruation. It cures backache, kidney troubles and all uterine disorders.

Read the letters from women appearing regularly in this paper.

SKIN TORTURES

And Every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with CUTICURA SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors with loss of hair, and has received the endorsement of physicians, chemists, and nurses throughout the world.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, exclusively, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, VIZ., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet soap and best baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, Price, $1.25.,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society

Unparalleled in Growth.

Unequalled In Dividends.

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Unhesitating In Payments.

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Assets $280,191,267.00

Surplus $61,117,478.00

H. D. NEELY,

Mgr. For Nebraska,

206-208 Bee Building,

Omaha.

KEEPING IT UP

Each selling day of the week. The special Dining Room Furniture values we offered Monday, continue throughout this week. Our new patterns just received and we can show you the handsomest line of these goods in the west—

BUFFET—Made of the choicest grained quarter-sawed oak, piano polished in rich golden finish, drawer lined in birdseye maple, has pretty pattern shape top, price, only **8.20**

A large selection at $10.00, $13.00, $16.50, $27.50, $33.00, $50.00 up.

SIDEBOARD—The one we particularly wish to talk about has a canopy top, with very pretty French bevel mirror, double swell top and drawers, one drawer lined for silverware, made of select figured oak, nicely polished, golden, richly ornamented with carving, a very artistic piece, all for only **21.00**

Others at $12.50, $13.50, $15, $17, $21, $25, $30, $33 up.

DINING TABLE—A very choice quarter sawed oak table, has heavy moulded rim, heavy fluted and turned legs, has large 44x44-inch square top, high quality throughout, price, only **10.00**

Others at $5.00, $6.50, $7.50, $10.50, $13.50, $15.00, $16.50 up.

CHAIR—The best dining chair for the price that money can buy anywhere. It is made of best figured select grained quarter-sawed golden oak, highly polished, broad panel back, saddle, wood or cane seat, price, only **2.00**

Others at 75c, 80c, $1.00, $1.10, $1.20, $1.50, $1.65, $1.90, $2.00 up.

PLATE RACKS—A very pretty plate rack, Flemish oak or mahogany finish, fitted with cup hooks, a bargain at only **1.75**

Others at $2.75, $3.50, $4.75, $5.00, $8.00, $10.00 up.

New Fall Catalogue Mailed Free.

Orchard & Wilhelm Carpet Co.

1414-1416-1418 Douglas Street.

A Splendid Wholesale Location

The building formerly occupied by The Bee at 916 Farnam street will be vacant November 1st. It has four stories and a basement, which was formerly used as The Bee press room. This will be rented very reasonably. If interested, apply at once to C. C. Rosewater, Secretary, Room 100 Bee Building.

Ready November First