Telephones 618-694. Bee, Oct. 1, 1900.

New Dress Goods and Silks

No questionable lots or bankrupt stocks can enter this department at any price. Every yard of silk or dress goods offered here is fresh, stylish and of known high quality. Nobody wants "joblots" when good, reliable goods can be bought for so little money.

Handsome all wool cheviots, including the new castor and gray mixtures, 59c, 65c yd.
Stylish all wool Venetian Suiting, all the new mixtures, 50c a yard.
All wool French Serge, all colors and black, 44-inch, 50c yard.
All wool Homespuns, for tailor gowns and separate skirts, 65c yard.
One lot of handsome stylish novelties, small checks and stripes, 15c, 25c yard.

SPECIAL—Just received a handsome line of new Zibeline Suitings—looks like a $1.50 goods, but it isn't, in popular oxford-mix, blue-gray, brown-mix, garnet-mix in plain and hair striped effect. Our special price will be $1.00 a yard.

MORE NEW WAIST SILK.

Fancy Taffeta, Plisse Novelties in stripes, in fact silk of every description. All new choice goods, special value at $1.00 a yard.

Mr. Teruyo Katow, the Japanese artist, has arrived. Ladies interested in art embroidery should not fail to visit our store. He will be with us all this week.

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M.
AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

dashed past Johnson, where 200 people had gathered to cheer the governor as he passed. At Tecumseh Governor Roosevelt was escorted by a troop of Rough Riders to a bandstand on the court house square and was there introduced by Judge S. P. Davidson, true representative of American patriotism and citizenship. After looking out over his hearers and smiling broadly, he said:

I want to call your attention to one of two phases of this contest. There are doubtless among you men who fought in the great civil war. They received the undying gratitude of their countrymen and conferred undying honor upon the flag. Naturally when the call came in 1898, in a community like this, you sent your sons promptly to the front. No wonder that you raised your company instantly and that it was not able to take one in ten of the men who were ready to volunteer and who were sent off in the Second Nebraska from this town. Now, I ask you to see to it that the men in Washington do not undo the work done by your sons and brothers in the Philippines. Your governor has recently spoken of the soldiers of the regular army as $15-a-month hirelings. I have fought beside these "hirelings" at Santiago. I saw the First, the Third and Sixth white cavalry go up the hill. I saw them leave the cavalry go up the hill. I saw them leave behind them 200 dead and wounded hirelings, 200 men who have shed their blood for the honor of the flag; 200 men who died that we might be proud that their country still held in honor the flag and the reward is that these men should be sneered at as "hirelings."

When you sent your regiment to the Philippines its colonel died. He came from the regular army. It was Colonel Stotsenberg who wrote a new name on the honor roll of American history, who conferred honor, not only on your state, but on all the nation. Is he to be referred to as only a "hireling?" It is but a few weeks since Mr. Bryan himself spoke of our soldiers as 100,000 men walking about in idleness. Colonel Stotsenberg no longer walks about in idleness. General Lawton no longer walks about in idleness, nor does Liscum and Riley, who died at Tien Tsin. They have found rest where their comrades from 1861 to 1865, who gave their lives for the flag, have found rest. Woe to the country that has lost its capacity to appreciate the sacrifices of the gallant souls who do and dare and die for its honor and its glory. Of all ungenerous things the most ungenerous is to deny the proper merit or honor to the soldier, whether volunteers like yours, or the regular, as Colonel Stotsenberg was. Woe to the nation which refuses to give the proper meed of praise to such men.

Going from the bandstand to the carriage, a distance of only thirty feet, Governor Roosevelt shook hands with several hundred admirers. A blast from the whistle had indicated that time was up, yet he stopped to shake hands with those who crowded up to him.

"I wish I had as many hands as an octopus," he said, drawing a long breath and then seeing a woman carrying a baby in her hands, he looked over and delighted her by saying: "I'm an expert with those. I have six of them myself."

Crowd at Beatrice.

At Beatrice Roosevelt was heard by 10,000 people and seen by many more than that number. The street leading up from the depot was densely crowded for over a block and it was with much difficulty that an opening was forced for the carriage containing the New Yorker and three other men. Once through the crowd, the carriage was driven between two long lines of uniformed men, some mounted and wearing the rough rider costume; others dressed in army blue and still others in plain white. With Governor Roosevelt in the lead, escorted by C. B. Dempster, Colonel W. S. Tilton and a citizens' committee, the marching clubs formed in line and marched to the public commons. In the parade were 150 workmen from the Dempster mills, a marching club and band from Liberty, a marching club of 200 from Lewiston and the Second regiment band. Excursion trains had been run to Beatrice from Horton, Belleville, Marysville, Kan. and Lincoln, bringing upward of 2,000 people.

From a large platform in the center of the square Governor Roosevelt spoke for ten minutes and was followed by Curtis Guild and C. H. Dietrich. From Beatrice the train moved northward to Crete and then west over to the main line.

Enthusiasm at Dietrich's Home.

The most enthusiastic meeting of the day was at Hastings, the home of Charles Dietrich. Several hundred mounted men in rough rider costume escorted the distinguished visitor and his party to the city park and there over 8,000 persons yelled themselves hoarse.

At Grafton the school children were given a holiday and 100 of them formed in line on the platform and waited a salute as the train passed by. The western end of the day's trip was made behind one of the fastest engines of the west and seldom has better time been made on any western railroad. "Baldy" Conner, a pioneer engineer who knows every foot of ground on Nebraska railroads, was in charge of the engine and for seventy miles west from Oxford a speed of over a mile a minute was maintained. The last eight miles east of Arapahoe were covered in six minutes.

One of the features of the day was the presentation to Governor Roosevelt by Louis R. Bostwick of Omaha of a bunch of golden rod shortly after crossing the Nebraska line. After breaking off a few sprigs he removed the sunflower and replaced it with a stalk of golden rod and thanked Mr. Bostwick in the courtliest manner, saying that he would be proud to wear it through the state.

Great Demonstration at McCook.

The demonstration at McCook tonight was the principal and most notable feature of the day. As the train reached the city the steam whistles in the railroad yards were turned loose and a salute was fired from a cannon. People who have lived in McCook since it was founded said they never saw anything like it in the town before. Six excursion trains were run in from east and west and at 8 o'clock a train of boxcars containing over 1,000 men, women and children, all standing up, pulled in from the west end of the road. On the public square, where the meeting was held, there were gathered fully 12,000 people, completely surrounding the platform. Charles H. Dietrich was introduced as the presiding officer and W. S. Morlan, candidate for congress in the Fifth district, was the first speaker. Roosevelt spoke next and was followed by Gulid and others. Governor Roosevelt said: "Nebraska sent a regiment which won undying fame for itself in the Philippines. It furnished its martyrs to the cause for which we fought. I ask you to see to it that the blood of your gallant Colonel Stotsenburg was not shed in vain. I hope and pray that these people will keep the principles of orderly liberty which we have inherited from the men who fought through the civil war and I know that you will not in the face of the nations of the world allow the flag to be dishonored."

The special train reached Minden about 5:30 and the governor spoke from a stand erected near the station. He said:

"Make no mistake as to the issues of this campaign. We stand by the old issues. They have raised a new issue because they are afraid to stand on the issues that they had in 1896. They have now an issue which they call paramount. I wish they were able to make it so. I am perfectly willing to make the honor of the flag the paramount issue if they so desire."

BIG DAY FOR THE REPUBLICANS

Following Roosevelt Reception County Convention is Held at Falls City.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Oct. 1.—The special train bearing Governor Roosevelt's party reached this place at 8:20 today. The morning was rainy and the ground water-soaked, but the inhabitants of the place were at the station to hear Governor Roosevelt. Many wagons and carriages brought farmers and their families in from the adjoining country. Governor Roosevelt said:

"I noticed the other day that Mr. Bryan said that the republican party had no right to claim the benefit of the fact that pork and wheat and corn had gone up. He was speaking of hogs at the time. The republican party said four years ago that if its policies were adopted those articles would go up; its policies were adopted and they have gone up. You can proportion the responsibility between the evidence and the republican party as you choose, giving the republican party its share."

AUBURN, Neb., Oct. 1.—When the special train bearing Mr. Roosevelt arrived at Auburn a heavy rain was pouring and the outdoor meeting which had been arranged for was impracticable. The meeting was held in the opera house, which was well filled. Governor Roosevelt said in part:

During the last four years your home products here have increased 45 per cent; your beef products have increased 60 per cent and yet we were told four years ago there would be hard times if the republican ticket was elected. The value of your household goods has gone up 20 per cent; mortgages have been reduced 40 per cent and your savings accounts have increased by 35 per cent. Now you should judge our opponents by their prophesies, not one of which have come true, and judge us by our prophesies, which have been fulfilled.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Immediately following the Roosevelt reception the republican county convention was held for the purpose of nominating a candidate for county attorney and three candidates for the legislature.

Every precinct in the county was represented and the convention was characterized by the greatest of harmony. J. E. Leyda, the present incumbent, was renominated for county attorney and Robert Cain, jr., of Stella, M. H. Felt of Salem and Ferdinand Friedley of Verden were the choice of the convention for representatives.

This afternoon a large and enthusiastic meeting was held at the court house and addressed by G. M. Lambertson.

BIG RALLY AT BEATRICE

Roosevelt Day Begins Early in Morning and Lasts Till Late at Night.

BEATRICE, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—Beatrice turned loose today to show the people of Gage county and southeastern Nebraska what could be done in the nature of a political demonstration. When W. J. Bryan spoke here several weeks ago the fusionists were jubilant over a crowd of not exceeding 3,000, which they considered a remarkable gathering, and today the surprised and gloomy expression on the faces of their leaders was one of the amusing and laughable features of the day.

The day broke dark and gloomy, with short showers of rain and rumblings of thunder, but even this did not serve to check in any way the crowds that early began pouring into the city by train and wagon.

All Gage county and its adjoining neighbors were in town by 10:30 and when the clouds broke and the sun came out the bands began to play and added to the enthusiasm.

Crowd Was a Jam.

Long before the hour of arrival of the Roosevelt train a dense crowd packed around the speakers' stand and down the adjoining streets. Conservative estimates of the crowd by men of both parties placed it at from 18,000 to 20,000 people.

The special train bearing the vice presidential candidate and party arrived at 11:50 and was stopped at the Rock Island crossing. Sixth street for the quarter of a mile between the depot and the speakers' stand was packed with a dense mass of humanity that had given up all hopes of hearing the speakers, but anxious to get a glimpse of the great Teddy.

As the carriages bearing the Roosevelt party were driven up Sixth street, escorted by mounted marshals on each side and ahead, the din of cheers was deafening. Arriving at the stand Roosevelt was introduced to the vast audience and after a short address was followed by the other speakers of the party. Dietrich was cut off in the middle of his speech by the call of time by the master of ceremonies and the party, taking carriages, were driven rapidly to the Burlington depot, where their train was drawn up in waiting.

Governor Roosevelt said in part:

I want especially to say a word to the young men voters of this year who are beginning their life of American citizenship. I want those young men to follow the example of our comrades who fought in the great war and those like them. Do you want to see their country prosperous and held in honor at home and abroad and do they want to tread in the footsteps of their fathers and leave to their children a heritage of honor and renown? It is for them to choose.

Is it material prosperity alone that we are striving for? It is something more. We should be proud of the fact that we are free men and that in the past we have fought for freedom and that we are a great nation which dared to do and to be great and honored that we might remain so. We ask that every young man who wishes to see this nation stand foremost among the nations of the world and to see this nation do the work of a great nation and to bring civilization and order into the world's dark places should support us in this crisis. We do not wish the vote of the craven or the weakling. They belong away from us.

Celebration Goes Ahead.

The celebration of Roosevelt day continued from early this morning until a late hour tonight. Roosevelt's arrival and speech opened the official program for the day and shortly after the departure of the Roosevelt train the many mounted and uniformed clubs from over the county began assembling for the parade to the Chautauqua grounds, where a basket picnic and short afternoon program had been arranged.

At 1:30 o'clock the procession, which was nearly one-half mile in length, started from the corner of Sixth and Ella streets and headed by the Second Regiment band and other bands proceeded to the Chautauqua grounds, where Hon. John L. Webster addressed a vast audience in the large tabernacle.

Mr. Webster was introduced by Chairman Tilton of the county committee. Webster spoke about an hour and a half, devoting a larger portion of his time to the Bryan imperialism bugaboo, which he handled in a masterly style, ridiculing the issue and explaining its fallacy. The trusts occupied a considerable portion of his time and finally he wound up with a few remarks concerning the present era of prosperity, which the speaker said had never been excelled in the history of the country. After the speaking the crowd gradually drifted back to the business streets of the city, where the issues were discussed pro and con on the street corners.

Huge Torchlight Parade.

At 7 o'clock the assembling of the many clubs which participated in the grand torchlight parade began. Beatrice was represented by the Dempster uniformed club. A large uniformed flambeau club, mounted and foot rough riders and a strong battalion of old soldiers mounted. The Lewiston (Neb.) Marching club, seventy-five strong and uniformed, also participated, together with mounted and uniformed clubs from nearly every township in this and adjoining counties. The grand parade, which was over a mile and a half long, started at 8 o'clock and is conceded by all to be one of the largest and grandest in the history of the county.

The flaming flambeaus, Roman candles and a long line of torches interspersed here and there with catching transparencies aroused enthusiasm to a great heighth.

The large crowd was well handled and very few fights were reported by the police, the only altercation of any note being between Hon. George R. Fouke of Liberty and Democratic State Committeeman F. M. Davis of Beatrice. Fouke and Davis were engaged in a friendly discussion, when it is said by Fouke, Davis made some slighting remarks as to Roosevelt's military career and Fouke retaliated by remarking that it was rather strange that Bryan should resign the colonelcy of the Third Nebraska regiment just when they were ordered into active service in Cuba and thought that Roosevelt's military record would stand against Bryan's. It is claimed that Davis became excited and angered at the alleged reflections on Bryan's bravery and struck Fouke, when friends interfered and prevented further trouble.

SUTTON SEES A GREAT JAM

Many People Assemble There to Hear Several Good Republican Talks.

SUTTON, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Today has been a big day for the republican party and the largest crowd that has ever been in this city was in attendance, not less than 3,000 being present to greet the Roosevelt party.

Hon. Edward J. Fitch of Chicago addressed the assemblage from 2 p. m. to 3 p. m. and the audience were more than pleased, as the address was a scholarly one and was worthy of the close attention it received from the audience. Roosevelt was enthusiastically received and made large accessions to the party of prosperity and patriotism. Hon. C. H. Dietrich made a few remarks and was enthusiastically received, as was also General Giles.

Governor Roosevelt said in part:

You remember how Paul said in the Bible, "I am the citizen of no mean city." Now are we not people who shall say we are citizens of no mean country? I think you have the right to say that, because you fought for it. The best men we have for doing their duty at home are the men who need comes have gone out and fought for their country. It is a great thing to have a great work to do. I do not pity the man who pursues a pathway of endeavor through life and makes a success of it. I do not pity the man who has difficulties and who makes of each difficulty a stepping stone to success. But I do pity the poor creature who goes through life seeking only to shirk his duty and not to do it. And so it is with a great nation. A nation that shirks its duty cannot long remain great.

In the evening W. P. McCreary was billed for a speech, but the train was late, and Fred J. Warren, who had made a speech to the republican club of this place on Saturday night last, was invited to take his place. For over an hour he held his audience and round after round of applause greeted his speech.

CROWD GATHERS AT CRETE

Governor Roosevelt Speaks to a Large Audience at the Athletic Park.

CRETE, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Governor Roosevelt, republican candidate for vice president, spoke to a large crowd at Crete at 1:30 this afternoon in Athletic park. He was accompanied by Hon. C. H. Dietrich, republican candidate for governor, and several other prominent republicans.

Governor Roosevelt was escorted from the train to Athletic park by Hon. George W. Hastings, mayor of Crete, and other prominent republicans of Crete. The route from the governor's train to the speakers' stand in the park was guarded by the Ladies' McKinley and Roosevelt club of Lincoln and the Republican Flambeau club of Crete. Hon. George W. Hastings introduced Governor Roosevelt to the large audience.

The governor said that although the people of the United States were of all nationalities yet they were all Americans. He said further that in those islands where the American flag had been raised it should not be hauled down. He also said that if this country wished to continue its course of prosperity party feeling must be thrown aside and the present administration must be supported. The prosperity and honor of this nation depend on the voters of the republic.

Governor Roosevelt was cheered repeatedly and although not of the oratorical order he showed himself to be a man of keen judgment and forceful argument.

At Fairmont the governor spoke in a tent. He said:

"I have been introduced as a man who believed in a dollar of 100 cents and not a 48-cent dollar. You were told four years ago you would be better off if you accepted a debased dollar. We rejected that theory and we have continued to pay the last four years 100 per cent on the dollar and your mortgages have decreased. I tell you honesty pays and common sense does too. I appeal to you to stand by us, because when we have promised something we have made it good. I appeal to you to support us because we stand for the economic doctrine of sound money and a protective tariff, under which this country has achieved prosperity."

OMAHA RECEPTION COMMITTEE

Delegations Chosen to Welcome Governor Roosevelt at the Different Halls.

The reception committee of the McKinley and Roosevelt club of Douglas county, consisting of R. W. Richardson, H. H. Baldrige, W. H. Collins and M. J. Kennard, has named a general reception committee which will be arranged to greet the governor at the different halls where he speaks. The membership of this committee is as follows:

R. M. Allen, Ames, Neb.
David Anderson, Gustave Andreen, R. S. Baker, John N. Baldwin, I. G. Baright, Milton Barlow, E. M. Bartlett, Guy C. Barton, C. E. Bates, J. W. Battin, Irving Baxter, Louis Berka, R. S. Berlin, E. G. Bidwell, G. G. Blake, E. F. Bralley, Major Bradshaw, R. W. Breckenridge, F. A. Brogan, H. E. Bruce, Howard Bruner, J. R. Buchanan, B. S. Burbank, Vaclav Buresh, H. G. Burt, Clement Chase, R. A. Clark, Stella, Neb.
Levi Cohn, Frank Colpetzer, Albert Coleson, George E. Collins, W. J. Connell, S. A. Corneer, Daniel Costello, Robert Cowell, John C. Cowin, T. H. Crocker, Joseph Crow, Fred Davis, George A. Day, E. Dickinson, Chas. T. Dickinson, Luther Drake, C. S. Elgutter, Lee Estelle, Fred J. Etter, John H. Evans, Cornelius Farrell, Jacob Fawcett, T. F. Godfrey, Charles A. Goss, Charles J. Greene, C. H. Gulou, W. F. Gurley, Fred Hansmann, Jr., Haubert, A. G. Harte, Isaac Hascall, D. M. Haverly, C. S. Hayward, George Helmrod, J. F. Helin, A. H. Hennings, George Hines, G. W. Holdrege, J. L. Houston, Robert C. Howe, Fred Hoye, A. B. Hunt, P. E. Iler, Jacob L. Jacobson, A. W. Jefferis, Theo. H. Johnson, R. C. Jordan, J. L. Kaley, M. D. Karr, J. B. Kelby, A. R. Kelly, South Omaha, W. R. Kelly, W. W. Keysor, F. P. Kirkendall, Charles M. Knox, Herman Kountze, H. G. Leavitt, Ames, Neb.
G. A. Lindquest, E. C. Lindsay, C. E. Lieweizn, G. W. Loomis, C. W. Lyman, Hy McCoy, W. W. McCay, W. B. McHugh, T. P. Mallalieu, P. D. Manchee, South Omaha, Chas. F. Manderson, Peter Maupgold, George A. Mead, David H. Mercer, George W. Mercer, Joseph H. Millard, Rome Miller, R. V. Miskovskey, C. E. Morgan, D. T. Mount, P. M. Mullen, John A. Munroe, Frank Murphy, Fred A. Nash, Fred A. Nash, jr., A. E. Noyes, T. M. Orr, H. Penard, Grand Island.
Capt. H. E. Palmer, J. W. Parish, Carrol G. Pearse, M. C. Peters, J. O. Phillippi, E. C. Price, A. L. Reed, M. O. Ricketts, Charles M. Rigg, W. S. Robinson, Carleton Rohver, Edward Rosewater, Victor Rosewater, John Rush, Anton Sadil, R. B. Schneider, G. P. Shrum, John F. Schultz, E. W. Simeral, M. F. Singleton, W. W. Slabaugh, Major Slaughter, A. C. Smith, C. W. Smith, Alfred Sorenson, John Steel, Richard Stebbins, E. M. Sternberg, W. S. Strewn, W. S. Summers, Albert Swartzlander, Jadet Taylor, B. L. Thomas, G. H. Thummel, Dr. George Tilden, Simon Trostler, Mel Uhl, W. W. Umsted, John E. Utt, J. H. Van Dusen, D. M. Vinsonhaler, E. Wakeley, V. B. Walker, G. W. Wattles, John L. Webster, John R. Webster, C. F. Weller, J. C. Wharton, B. T. White, W. B. Whitehorn, B. E. Wilcox, C. F. Wilhelm, G. R. Williams, Charles E. Winter, James Wolshensky, J. M. Woolworth, W. S. Wright, Henry W. Yates, C. E. Yost, Fred M. Youngs, H. B. Zimman.

Republicans at Banquet.

GOTHENBURG, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—The McKinley-Roosevelt Republican club opened the campaign at this place by giving a banquet at the Houston hotel Saturday evening. At 8:30 p. m. the doors of the large dining room, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion, were thrown open and in less than ten minutes 150 republican voters were seated at the banquet tables, which were elegantly spread with all the edibles that a productive country can produce. T. L. Carroll presided as toastmaster and the banqueters were enthused by toasts from Dorr H. Carroll, Senator E. D. Owens, County Attorney W. A. Stewart and Rev. Scruggs, while the speech of the evening was made by Hon. Norris Brown of Kearney, who is one of the best campaigners in western Nebraska. Mr. Brown is a brilliant speaker and was roundly applauded several times during his discourse. The 150 banqueters represented the majority of the enterprising business men and farmers in this city, why by industry and economy have made their business and farming a success and propose to keep on doing so by electing McKinley and Roosevelt in November. It was the first banquet given by the club and was a success from start to finish.

The local glee club, consisting of eight male voices, rendered several splendid campaign songs and was heartily applauded after each selection and was compelled to sing several encores. The club is highly elated over its success and will continue to push the campaign until the close with the same vigor that made its banquet a success.

Brown and Burkett Speak.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Following the speech by Governor Roosevelt here today, Judge Norris Brown of Kearney royally entertained the large audience with a discussion of matters political. Judging from the frequent and demonstrative applause accorded him he pleased his auditors. Congressman E. J. Burkett was the attraction for the afternoon. For an hour and a half he held his hearers in close attention. He delivered a powerful speech and made votes for the cause of republicanism in Johnson county.

Populists Meeting at Stockville.

STOCKVILLE, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—A. C. Shellenbarger and M. A. Hartigan spoke to the people of this village Saturday night. The meeting had been well advertised and yet there was plenty of room for all and seats to spare. The attendance was not what had been expected. The handbills announced, "These are populist meetings." The committee seemed to think it necessary to call attention to this fact in the case of Mr. Shellenbarger.

Beemer Republicans Organize.

BEEMER, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—An enthusiastic McKinley and Roosevelt club was formed here last night with a membership of sixty. The officers elected were: Joe Baker, president; J. A. Hohf, secretary; W. L. Butcher, treasurer. A number of former demo-pops joined the club and by the interest manifested the present number of the club will be doubled at the next meeting, October 9. Dr. Crosby was appointed chairman of the music committee. Good music will be one of the entertaining features of future meetings. Messrs Decker, Albright and Beemer were appointed a reception committee.

Republicans Crowd Bruning.

HEBRON, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—A republican rally was held at Bruning, Thayer county, Saturday evening. The day was warm, the night was light and republicans flocked to town early in the evening. At 7 o'clock the entire hitching room was packed. Promptly at 8 the parade started from the school house. Men old in the service carried the torchlights, while the band played its best. This was followed by a carriage containing the speakers. It was 8:30 when the meeting was called to order. The hall was packed, fully 500 people being present and as many more on the street below. Attorney C. A. Capron of Hebron was first introduced and reviewed the political questions, touching upon the prophecies of 1896 and comparing those times with the present. He introduced Senator Steel of Fairbury, J. F. McCulston of Hebron and D. A. Sherwood of Alexandria, who responded and presented their various claims to the voters, after which Hon. Charles H. Sloan discussed the questions of the day for over two hours.

The people of Bruning are happy and confident for republican success and out of their 140 votes will without doubt give a republican majority of forty. Bruning is purely a German community.

Rally at Table Rock.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—The republican rally at this place Saturday evening was a success in every way. A very attractive feature was the street parade by the Flambeau club, numbering fifty, and the Ladies' Marching club, composed of thirty women. The address of Hon. G. L. Dobson, Iowa's secretary of state, reviewed the money and expansion questions in a very able and convincing manner and was appreciated by the large audience, which completely filled the opera house. The music for the occasion was furnished by the Ladies' quartet.

Not Pledged for Thompson.

SYRACUSE, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Arends was seen today concerning his alleged flop to D. E. Thompson, as set forth in last Sunday's issue of the World-Herald. The senator said: "I am not pledged to anyone for United States senator. If I am re-elected I shall vote for two good republicans, who they may be I cannot now say. I shall work for the best interests of the republican party."

Charged with Shooting.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—A negro hobo is under arrest this morning for shooting at the night watchman of the Union Pacific yards, Juergen Klintworth. Klintworth had ordered the negro out of the yards and had clubbed him. Later the negro took a shot at the watchman. When arrested the fellow had reloaded his revolver. Klintworth swears he is the right man. Prosecution is pending.

Decides Against Midroaders.

KEARNEY, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—The county clerk decided today that the names of the middle-of-the-road county candidates should not go on the ballots. He attributes his action to the statements made by the fusionists in their petition that not fifty voters were present at the mid-road county convention, held August 25, 1900. The mid-roaders will appeal to the district court.

North Bend Club Formed.

NORTH BEND, Neb., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—A republican club was organized two miles north of here Saturday night, at which place ex-Governor Crounse, candidate for state senator from this district, addressed a large audience. The speakers and a large crowd were hauled out from here by a traction engine, pulling two large carryalls and a carriage.

Eczema; No Cure, No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure ringworm, tetter, old ulcers and sores, pimples and blackheads on the face and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

CALLS ON THE PRESIDENT

Senator Penrose and John Barrett Pay Their Respects at McKinley's Home.

CANTON, O., Oct. 1.—Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania arrived this forenoon and was among the first callers to be granted an audience by President McKinley today. Hon. John Barrett of Washington, former minister to Siam and one of the best posted men in the country on affairs in the Orient, also arrived today to call on the president.

This is the birthday anniversary of Mrs. Sarah Duncan, the president's sister, who is a guest, and the day was observed in much the same manner as was the custom when Mother McKinley was living. Members of the family and others sent congratulatory telegrams and flowers and a dinner in honor of the occasion was served at noon at the president's home.

The president also received and shook hands with a delegation of about seventy-five men. They were members of the Stark county central committee who marched up to the McKinley yard from their regular meeting to pay their respects. There was no speech-making. In most cases introduction was not necessary. Some of the visitors seemed to forget the dignity of Mr. McKinley's high office and addressed him as "William" or "Major," and the president himself called some of the visitors by their first name. One of them presented him with a big red apple. He said it was one of fifteen, the first crop of a young tree in a democratic farmers' orchard, who had insisted that the committeemen bring it to the president with the farmer's compliments and good wishes.

FAVORABLE TO CHINESE

Federal Judge Holds That Celestials Sailing from One American Port May Land at Another.

HONOLULU, Sept. 24.—Via San Francisco, Oct. 1.—United States Judge Estee has rendered an important decision regarding the rights of Chinese to land in Hawaii. It was in the case of Ah Sing, who came here from New York as one of the crew of the ship Challenger and was refused permission to land in Honolulu. He was brought before Judge Estee on habeas corpus proceedings. The judge decided that, having shipped from New York, the Chinese had a right to land in any other American port and Honolulu is now an American port. The decision is regarded as highly important as bearing upon the question of whether the many Chinese in the Hawaiian Islands have a right to land on the mainland. A clause in the Hawaiian territorial act declares that the Chinese in Hawaii shall not be admitted to the coast of the United States. This clause is believed by some to be unconstitutional and the decision of Judge Estee is in line with that opinion. There are about 20,000 Chinese in Hawaii.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

FURTHER HELP IS NEEDED

Galveston Appeals to the Country for Money with Which to Provide Temporary Homes.

GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 1.—John Sealy, chairman of the finance committee, a subcommittee of the Galveston central relief committee, and custodian of the Galveston relief fund, has given the following to the Associated Press:

GALVESTON, Oct. 1.—All subscriptions that have been turned over to me up to and including October 1, 1900, from all sources, amount to $881,063.63. This amount includes all money received by me direct, all received by Mayor W. C. Jones and also $20,500 remitted to me by Governor Sayers out of subscriptions made to him. The governor has also ordered a further remittance of $100,000, which should reach me in the next few days, and he will send me from time to time such additional funds as he may receive. We are now arranging in proper shape a full itemized statement of all receipts and amounts expended, which will be duly published.

JOHN SEALY,
Chairman of Finance Committee.

Apropos of Mr. Sealy's report, the News tomorrow will say editorially:

The pressing need of Galveston is money with which to shelter more than 5,000 persons now homeless and to make habitable the homes of many others. Some correspondents have sent out statements to the effect that millions of dollars have been contributed for the relief of Galveston—one published statement fixed the amount at $15,000,000. These statements have led the public—the generous, liberal public—astray and have had a tendency to check the impulse to give, because it seemed that the requirements had been met. But the real truth is that Galveston has up to date received only $881,063.63, a sum but little more than sufficient to bury the dead, remove the debris, accomplish the work of sanitation and to pay the expenses for food and clothing which the relief committee had to buy before supplies of food and clothing began to arrive from the outside world. And in this connection, with a property loss of $20,000,000, Galveston is called upon to face a problem of rehabilitation and to provide for the housing of more than 8,000 homeless people.

Nature has been kind since the storm. There has been no rainfall of consequence, the weather has been pleasant and the winds have been tempered. But these conditions cannot last and much greater suffering than has been endured up to this time must inevitably ensue if provisions are not made, and made quickly, to house these victims of the storm.

Miss Clara Barton has told the world of the conditions existing in Galveston and has estimated that at least $5,000,000 would be required to meet the urgent necessities. The News supplements her appeal with the statement that the contributions up to date aggregate $881,063.63 and has asked the Associated Press to spread this statement to the world, in order that the false impressions made by unauthorized and unfounded publications may be counteracted so far as it is possible to do so.

WOMAN MURDERED FOR MONEY

Mrs. N. M. Herdin of South Dakota is the Victim of a Brutal Crime.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—Mrs. N. M. Herdin, a well known married woman, was murdered at midnight while sleeping in her home in the Garden City mining district, six miles from this city. The woman's husband worked as engineer at Kicking Horse mine and had accumulated considerable money, which was stolen after the shooting.

A little son of the murdered woman states than an old man pushed open the door and shot his mamma five times. After the killing the man stole a horse and buggy from a neighbor and made his escape.

A posse has been in pursuit most of the day. There are several suspects, based on the story of the little son.

Children at Corn Palace.

MITCHELL, S. D., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—This was children's day at the Corn Palace and aside from the 400 children present the buildings were nearly filled. All the features on the program were given, including the women's military drill. Tomorrow is republican day and Elk's day and excursion trains will be run here from all directions. Halstead and Baldwin will speak in the afternoon.

Populists Adopt a Name.

PIERRE, S. D., Oct. 1.—(Special Telegram.)—The populists have filed their certificates of nomination for state officers with the secretary of state under the title of "People's party ticket."

Accused of Shoplifting.

Mrs. Jenny Roselle, a suspected shoplifter, was arrested by Detective Greer last Monday afternoon at the Boston Store while in the act of secreting a lot of valuable silk under her long cape. Later her house at 1610½ Cuming street was searched by Detectives Donahue and Heifield, who found a lot of goods which had evidently been stolen. Some of the articles still had Boston Store tags and can be positively identified. A trunk heavily loaded could not be opened, as the key had been misplaced, but when it is found the detectives are confident some valuable plunder will be uncovered.

Charged with Embezzlement.

QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 1.—Captain J. V. Henry, who has just resigned as assistant postmaster, was arrested today for the alleged embezzlement of $3,500 of the funds of the Railway Mail Service Benevolent association, of which he had been secretary and treasurer since its organization. Henry had given the association a bond of $10,000. Quincy jail now holds Fred Thuman, former alderman; George G. Blunt, former Sunday school superintendent, and Captain Henry, former assistant postmaster, all charged with embezzlement from fraternal societies.

Negro Scottish Rite.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The triennial conclave of the sovereign grand council of the Scottish Rite (negro) was opened at the Masonic temple (negro) here today. The address of the day was delivered by the sovereign grand commander, John Jones of Chicago. The afternoon was devoted to the parade of the Mystic Shriners.

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SYPHILIS in all stages and conditions cured, and every trace of the disease is thoroughly eliminated from the blood.
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