Telephone 618-694. Bee, Aug. 19, 1900.

Our Great Annual Windup Sale

—on Wash Goods commences Monday, August 20th, at 8 a. m. A sale that is acknowledged to be the most important bargain event of the season. All of our fine lawns, dimities that sold up to 25c per yard in this sale at—

5 Cents Per Yard.

All of our 18c, 20c, 25c Linen Skirtings at 10c per yard.

New Fall Dress Goods Stuffs for the tailor-made, street and outing costumes.

The rough face pebble camel hair cheviots or the finely combed zibeline with a silk like luster, Scotch and English cheviots, to the smooth Venetians and broadcloths.

SPECIAL—All wool Venetian suiting, in the new mixed shades of brown, castor, gray and blue—50c a yard.

NEW ZIBELINES—with a handsome silk luster, very new, 50-inch, $1.50 yard.

STYLISH NEW HOMESPUNS—Our special number—all the new mixed effects—equal in appearance to the average cloth costing twice as much—our special price, 38-in., all wool, 65c yd.

Other fine values—75c, $1.00, $1.50 a yd.

NEW VENETIAN FINISHED PRUNELLA—one of this season's most dressy wool fabrics—all plain, rich fall colors—equal in appearance to any all silk material. We specially recommend them where a handsome plain fabric is wanted—$1.50 a yard.

New Waists— Ladies' black silk and satin waists at $5.00, $6.50, $7.00 and $7.50 each French Flannel Waists. at $5.00 each, silk embroidered. All new fall styles and exceedingly pretty.

Tailor-made Suits Special prices on ladies' tailor-made suits. $15 suits reduced to $10. $25 suits reduced to $15 each—all this season's goods.

Silk Gloves Black silk gloves in sizes 6 only—that have sold at 75c and $1.00 per pair—to close out this line we have marked them all one price—25c per pair.

Reduced Prices on Children's Caps and Bonnets We have two choice lots caps which we wish to close out—

Our $3.50, $3.00 and $2.00 Caps, in French and poke styles, either in lace or embroidery trimmed, in sizes 14, 15 and 16—choice $1.00 each.

Our $1.25, $1.00 and 90c Caps, daintily trimmed with lace and ribbon—choice 50c each.

Summer Corsets at Half Price The sizes of summer corsets are broken. All worthy sorts all perfect goods, worth as much to you as though we had a full stock of them.

With us it's different—can't afford the room—so to close out summer corsets we reduce them to one-half price.

50c Corsets for 25c each.

All standard makes—regular price $1.00—reduced to 50c each. R. & G., W. B., J. B., Kabo, Royal Worcester, W. C. C. G. D. Chicago Waist—your size is somewhere in the lot surely.

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

president. It was said that the man was a most undesirable immigrant. I may have a more interesting story to tell later."

Chief Hazen was interviewed in his office in the federal building today. He refused to give the technical charge on which Maresca and Weida are detained. He further said that Maresca is a typical anarchist. A number of papers in Italian were found on the two men and have been turned over to Commissioner Fitchie. No weapons were found on either of the men.

Captain Howard, supervising inspector of the Contract Labor bureau, has charge of the suspects during the absence of Immigration Commissioner Fitchie and Deputy Commissioner McSweeny. Captain Howard refuses to allow any one to see the prisoners and said that no Italians had called to inquire about them. Maresca and Weida spent Thursday and Friday nights on the Narragansett, which is moored off Ellis island. Yesterday they were kept in the detention pen in the barge office.

About 10 o'clock Antonio Weida, who says he is a brother of the detained Weida and who lives in this city, called at the barge office, accompanied by a lawyer, and asked to see his brother, but permission was refused until the two detained men had been before the board of special inquiry, which will meet today. Antonio made the following statement:

"My brother, father, mother, sister and myself all lived at Sorrento, near Naples, until four months ago. My brother and I had been soldiers in the Italian navy. When I came to America four months ago he was in the navy. I did not expect him on this boat, although I knew he intended following me to America. I do not believe he ever belonged to any anarchist, socialist, political or secret society. He was never imprisoned nor arrested to my knowledge. We have no relatives in this country, except my uncle in this city. I am positive my brother knows no anarchist in Paterson or New York."

Chief Hazen, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor, Dr. Uller and Commissioner Fitchie held a conference at noon. When it was finished the three refused to discuss the matter in any phase. Chief Hazen saying he had nothing to do with it now, but that it was entirely in the hands of the immigration authorities.

Commissioner Fitchie said there would be no hearing of the alleged anarchists before the board today. When the matter will be brought up he refused to say.

Captain Howard said Chief Hazen had returned to the barge office the papers found on the men and that they contain no incriminating evidence.

The baggage of the two men is lost. It is not known whether it is in Brooklyn or New York, and the barge office officials are hunting for it.

Guiseppe Costa, supposed to be one of the anarchists, who is detained on the Narragansett, jumped from that ship last night and remained in the water until morning. At daybreak, thoroughly exhausted, he went ashore at Bedloe's island and was found naked and unconscious by a captain of an excursion boat. Costa said he had come over as a stowaway on the Gallia. He was clothed and was detained at the barge office.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Local secret service agents tonight said that advices had been received from the Italian government to the effect that Maresca and Guida, two of the Italians detained, are wanted by the Naples authorities in Italy. It is understood here that they are charged with complicity with the recent plot to assassinate King Humbert. Secret service officers unite in denying that any of the foreign Italians detained are accused of plotting against the life of President McKinley. It is understood that twelve of the men will be sent back to Europe at once on the ground that they are undesirable immigrants. No warrants will be issued for their arrest, but the two men, Maresca and Guida, will be placed under arrest and held for the arrival of the Naples authorities, when arrangements will be made for their extradition.

Omaha Musical Festival Coupon.

One vote for.....
Name of piece.
.....
Composer.

—AS A—

Special Request Number

For the Program of the BELLSTEDT BAND CONCERTS.

Bring or mail this Coupon to A. Hospe, Chairman, 1513 Douglas Street.

Send this coupon and

Only 10c

to The Bee Publishing Co., Omaha, Neb

For part.....

Paris Exposition Pictures.

Sent postpaid to any address.

Stay at home and enjoy the great exposition. 16 to 20 views every week, covering all points of interest. Altogether there will be 20 parts containing 350 views. The entire set mailed for $2.00.

LAUGHS AT OLD FOE

(Continued from First Page.)

the companies declined to do. The drivers are now out with an appeal to the public and are visiting various municipal headquarters in an effort to arouse public interest. Thus far the effort has not been a brilliant success. There are 4,000 strikers, though the inconvenience to the public has not been noticeable.

Flotsam and Jetsam.

The "fours" and "eights" of the Vesper Boat club of Philadelphia are to be seen daily on the Seine working hard for the preparation for the regatta which is fixed for August 25.

On Friday United States Commissioner General Peck was the author of an international courtesy which is highly appreciated. He was received at the foreign office and there, after brief formalities, presented to M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, a souvenir commemorative of the accord between the two nations and a token of gratitude for the attitude of the foreign office toward the commission.

The National pavilion is now utilized for concerts given three days each week, for which American artists make up the program. The public attends without cards, the innovation providing a pleasant form of amusement for visiting Americans.

Major B. C. Trueman of Los Angeles and C. L. P. Marais of San Francisco have been appointed delegates to the national petroleum congress to be held here on August 20. Both will read papers on "Petroleum in Southern California."

ROBERTS TO BE RELIEVED

Subordinate Will Have the Job of Chasing Down the Bands of Boers.

(Copyright, 190, by the Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The government is arranging to relieve Lord Roberts in South Africa, deputing to a general of less consequence the vexatious work of running down the partisan bands there. The present purpose, it is understood, is to recall Lord Roberts in October, announcing then that the war, as a war, it at an end. General Lord Wolseley will relinquish the post of commander-in-chief of the army in October, and Lord Roberts will almost certainly replace him.

Lord Roberts has settled the controversy in the religious papers as to the denomination to which he belongs (the strict Baptists are especially claiming him) by writing to a correspondent that he belongs to the Church of England.

England is thoroughly irritated over the government's seemingly changeable course respecting the landing of troops at Shanghai. Even the semblance of yielding to pressure by the powers or the Chinese viceroys is regarded as impairing British prestige in the east and in Europe. The papers from the Times down are lecturing the government on its supposed vacillation and faint-heartedness.

British troops, after all, occupy the nerve center of the richest region in China, which sustains a population of 150,000,000, and were landed with the consent and approval of the powers. The Foreign office adjutants are bewildered at the ado raised throughout the country by what they consider an amusing little game of Lord Salisbury, ending to England's advantage. It is explained thus to the Associated Press:

First, the formal announcement that troops would be landed; then a five days' wait in which the foreign consuls at Shanghai wagged their heads and wired to their home governments; mutterings of disapproval on the continent and the stirring up of Chinese opposition at Shanghai; troops arrive at Shanghai and the viceroy resists their landing, saying that France and Russia object; the consuls meet and several of them assert "if the British land we will land troops, too;" Admiral Seymour, after wiring London, announces that England withdraws and the troops do not land; a sailing hour is appointed; the next day every variety of foreign commercial interest in Shanghai cries out in dismay, the consuls reverse their views and join in requesting their governments to induce the British to land for the security of Shanghai; the British sail away; intimations are received at the Foreign office from France, Germany and Austria that they are quite willing that the troops should land; the troops are pursued and brought back and disembarked. The Foreign office expresses the opinion that the business was admirably worked.

As the barracks in the United Kingdom are full of embodied militia, temporary wooden quarters have already been begun at Aldershot and elsewhere in which to house the returning South African troops.

The Marquis of Londonderry, the postmaster general, has issued a hard and fast order to postoffice clerks that "esq." shall be used in the future in addressing all male correspondents unless "they are evidently laborers, personal servants or tradesmen." In cases of doubt the "esq." must be used. Depositors in postal savings banks are not entitled to the "esq."

Stonyhurst college has just sold for £4,000 a small madonna painted by Olivelli. Lady Arundell of Wardour bought the painting some seventy years ago for £5 and presented it to the college.

Layton's "tuckshop," beloved of Eaton boys for 100 years, a little confectionery store 20x30 feet, has been sold at auction for £24,000.

Lord Mowbay and St. Horton's claim to the earldom of Norfolk, held by the Duke of Norfolk, rests on the fact that he is descended from the female line of the duke's family, which is nearer in blood to the original ancestor than the male line from which the duke is descended. The claimant holds the baronies of Mowbray and Seagrave on precisely similar tenure. Lord Mowbray is the head of one of the five oldest families in England, of titles dating back to 1283.

Americans at Paris Elated.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—Americans here were elated today to learn that the highest award given for pianos goes to the United States, this honor being conferred on Baldwin of Cincinnati.

Report Revolutionists Surrendering.

PANAMA, Aug. 18.—The Star and Herald has a dispatch from Buena Adventura announcing advices received there from Sorrocco, August 16, which said the revolutionary army under Vargas Santos, Forcion Soto and Uribe, who are the three liberal leaders, was surrendering at San Vinconte.

Oliver Typewriter Wins Medal.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The gold medal has been awarded to the Oliver typewriter of Chicago in competition with the world at the Paris exposition.

Capture Barges of Ammunition.

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Aug. 18.—The Portuguese gunboat El Liberal recently discovered two barges loaded with war munitions, towed by a steam launch on the Tember river. The destination of the barges are unknown.

Armour Meat Products Triumph.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—(Special Cable to The Bee.)—Armour, Chicago, awarded gold medals on extract of beef canned meats, etc.

Prominent Venezuelan Dead.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Aug. 18.—Former President Andreuza Palacio is dead.

NEW HOPE FOR MRS. MAYBRICK

Interest in Her Case Revived by Article in Liverpool Post.

ATTACKS LORD CHIEF JUSTICE RUSSELL

Leading English Paper Asserts That Woman's Counsel Neglected Her Case When She Might Have Been Acquitted.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.)

LONDON, Aug. 18.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The case of Mrs. Maybrick has been revived by an extraordinary attack upon the late Baron Russell, lord chief justice of England, which has appeared in the columns of the Liverpool Post, owned by Commoner Edward Russell. The Post declares that Baron Russell, who was Mrs. Maybrick's attorney, neglected the case and even failed to declare his personal conviction of his client's innocence.

"Had he done this," says the Post, "despite the decrepit judge who presided, Mrs. Maybrick would have been acquitted."

So extraordinary an attack on the dead chief justice by so prominent a journal at once aroused Mrs. Maybrick's friends. Dr. Clark Bell of New York, her counsel, hurried to London from Paris yesterday and had a long consultation with Ambassador Choate, who is keenly interested, and it is understood has promised to renew his efforts to secure the prisoner's release.

Dr. Bell said to me: "This is a most remarkable attack. It comes from no friend of Mrs. Maybrick. It is a great injustice to Lord Russell. Every home secretary and American ambassador in England since Mrs. Maybrick's conviction knows Lord Russell had absolute confidence in her innocence."

MUZZAFIR-ED-DIN AS A FREAK

Paris Papers Full of Stories of the Personal Peculiarities of the Shah of Persia.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, Aug. 18.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Since the departure of the shah of Persia for Ostend the Paris papers are filled with curious anecdotes about him and his suite during his stay here. It is said that while constraining himself to use a fork on state occasions, the shah, whenever eating away from Europeans or official dignitaries, preferred to employ his fingers in dealing with meats and salads. Another story told of him is that he caused his Persian servants to be flogged almost daily for the least offense and once even ordered one who had upset a candlestick on the table, burning the shah's hand slightly, to be decapitated. French advisers had great trouble in making the eastern ruler understand that he must refrain from such practices.

Among the shah's remarkable purchases was more than two tons of French candies, principally sugar almonds, which he munched at the rate of a pound a day after his discovery of these dainties at a confectioner's.

The thing that bewildered the shah more than all the other wonders that he saw was the affection of the European husband for his wife, even long after age had rendered her unattractive. At an official banquet given to the shah by President Loubet the Asiatic monarch critically surveyed the low-necked matrons around the table, almost all middle-aged wives of high personages, and then remarked, bluntly, to General Parent, who sat next to him: "I can't understand why you retain your attachment for women, and especially why you bring them out when they have reached such an advanced age. In my harem all the women are young."

The papers say that he engaged two young and pretty acrobats, whom he noticed at the Hippodrome circus, to perform later at his palace and that five French girls, four of whom were dancers and one an expert photographer, were sent to Teheran to await his return. The shah and the grand vizier are known to have bought more than 150 women's dresses of the most fashionable and costly varieties. The Figaro says that the cost of the shah's purchases while he was here was more than $1,600,000.

When the shah and his Persian colony vacated the sumptuous mansion provided by the French government for visiting royalty, it was found necessary to thoroughly clean the establishment. Many priceless tapestries, carpets and pieces of furniture were ruined. The shah took but one bath during his stay, and that was scalding hot and not for the sake of cleanliness, but to allay rheumatic pains. During his visit the shah decorated 240 people, including Cheiro, the American palmist, who predicted the attempted shooting of the shah four days before the event.

HUSBAND'S SOUL ENTERS DOG

Strange Story of Transmigration Comes from a Little French Seaport Town.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, Aug. 18.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—One of the most wonderful stories of the transmigration of souls ever told comes from L'Orient, a seaport on the bay of Biscay, where seven persons of good intelligence and a reputation for truth, swear upon their honor that a dog spoke to them intelligently.

Ten years ago, according to their testimony, a mariner named Kerbec, who had always been a firm believer in the transmigration of the human soul to the body of an inferior being, told his wife that after he died he would return to her in the disguise of some domestic pet. Four years ago a strange dog wandered into the house and remained, being well taken care of by the family. Three days ago Widow Kerbec, her three grown children and three neighbors, including a skeptical schoolmaster, were spending the evening together at the house, chatting pleasantly, when suddenly the dog, crouching away in a dark corner began to moan piteously.

Everyone thought that the animal was dreaming, but presently he rose on his hind lefs and spoke distinctly in a faraway, unnatural voice, these words: "Adieu, wife and children; adieu, friends!" and then fell stone dead.

Nothing can shake the conviction of the witnesses of this scene that the dog really spoke. The schoolmaster even asserts that he saw the animal's jaws move as he uttered his uncanny farewell. Many of the citizens of L'Orient are deeply incensed because the Catholic church authorities decline to hold religious ceremonies for the burial of the dog.

WORRIES LONDON FINANCIERS

Situation of Money Market Places Capital at the Mercy of New York and Paris.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Statist, in an article reviewing the money market, says: Besides the £3,000,000 in gold attracted to the Bank of England from America, and £200,000 from India, it has brought or further £2,500,000, which will shortly arrive, and an inflow of £800,000 from the United Kingdom is expected. Thus the bank will secure over £4,000,000 and may succeed in raising the reserve at the end of the week to £23,000,000. The outflow of cash from London to the country usually reaches £4,000,000. During the last four months of the year we may be called on to find several millions of gold for Egypt and Argentina and there is little prospect of more gold from New York. With a reserve of £23,000,000 we may have to meet a demand of £6,000,000 or £7,000,000. Hence, later, it may be necessary to take further measures for attracting gold or for diverting Egyptian and South African demands for gold to Paris or New York. Under these circumstances it will be evident that any ease of the London market must be of a temporary nature. It should be clearly understood that both New York and Paris are in a position to withdraw a very large amount of money from London if it does not pay to leave their balances here.

NO NEED TO WORRY

(Continued from First Page.)

great outer walls, fifty feet high and far more formidable than the inner walls, they would have comparatively little difficulty in moving where the commanders desired in the city.

Aside from the question of the withdrawal of the troops from China there is the further question of the withdrawal of troops from Pekin. Both of these questions are for the present in abeyance, pending definite news from General Chaffee and Minister Conger. Certainly there can be no immediate withdrawal from Pekin and the government is yet to learn what plans will be devised for escorting the legationers and the several thousand native Christians to the coast.

WINTER PORT IN CHINA

War Department Learns That Shan Hai Kuan is Free from Ice All Through the Year.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Previous to the capture of Pekin and while there existed some question as to what would be done with the United States troops already in China, the quartermasters and missionary department took into consideration the question of supplies for the troops, should it be found necessary for them to remain in China during the winter. Owing to the blockade of ice in the gulf of Pe Chi Li, it was known that it would be impracticable to transport supplies to be landed at Taku and unless some other port could be found the supplies would have to be shipped within the next thirty days in order to be landed. The War department has received information that there is an open port during the winter at Shan Hai Kuan, near Lin Yu. Supplies can be landed by tugs and lighters at this port during the entire year and can be sent by rail to a point opposite Taku, the railroad connecting with the same road that runs from Taku through Tien Tsin and on toward Pekin. The commissary department has ascertained that sufficient quantities of fresh beef can be sent to supply the troops all winter, which was one of the doubtful questions when the matter was first considered. The port of Sha Hai Kuan is the one selected by the Germans for landing the troops now on the way to China and is almost directly east of Pekin.

MORE DETAILS OF THE FIGHT

Dispatch from Tokio States that Wall Was Obstinately Held by Enemy.

TOKIO, Aug. 17.—General Yamaguchi wires from Pekin under date of August 16 as follows:

The allies attacked Pekin early yesterday, opening with artillery on the eastern side. The wall was obstinately held by the enemy. Japanese and Russians were on the northward of the Tung Chow canal. The Americans and British were on the outside. At nightfall the Japanese blew up the two eastern gates of the Tartar city and entered. In the meantime the Americans and British entered the Chinese city by the Tung Pien gates. Detachments of each force were sent toward the legations. The parties met near the legations and opened communication. All the ministers and their staffs were found safe. The Japanese loss was over 100 killed, including three officers. The losses of the allies have not been ascertained. Four hundred Chinese were killed.

Soldiers to Leave Snelling for China.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 18.—An order has been received at Fort Snelling from the War department directing that the Second battalion of the Eighth infantry be sent from Fort Snelling to San Francisco not later than September 6, whence it is scheduled to sail on the transport Thomas, September 16.

The Second battalion consists of four companies, E, F, G and H, and 128 enlisted men in each company. The headquarters, staff and band accompany this battalion, leaving but three companies of the First battalion to garrison Fort Snelling.

Promotions in Marine Corps.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The following commissions have been issued in the marine corps:

As colonel, F. H. Harrington; as lieutenant colonel, O. C. Perryman; as major, H. A. Haines.

Shaw Congratulates Conger.

DES MOINES, Aug. 18.—Governor Shaw tonight cabled Minister Conger as follows:

"All Iowa congratulates. After prolonged anxiety great rejoicing by state, national and all Christendom. SHAW."

Kempff Arrives at Cavite.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The flagship Newark, having on board Admiral Kempff, arrived at Cavite, P. I., today from Taku.

SHAH SEEMS TO BE FATED

Report Comes from Ostend of Another Attack on Persian Monarch's Life.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—The Siecle says a private telegram from Ostend states that an attack similar in all points to that made by the anarchist Salson in Paris on August 2 was made yesterday on the shah of Persia. Details of the assault are lacking.

The Echo de Paris publishes the bare statement from Ostend that an attempt had been made upon the life of the Shah, adding that owing to the lateness of the hour it was impossible to obtain confirmation of the report.

Order Restored at Liberty.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 18.—Governor Candler received a telegram from Sheriff Brewer of Liberty county tonight saying that the negroes in that locality who had been giving considerable trouble during the last few days had now dispersed and that there was no longer any need of the Liberty Guards remaining on the scene. The citizens who had armed themselves have returned to their homes and order has been restored.

Ohio Editor Hung in Effigy.

SANDUSKY, O., Aug. 18.—I. F. Mack, editor of a local paper, was hanged in effigy here today as a result of the position taken by his paper in supporting the local "reform" movement. The saloons are to close tomorrow and the mayor will stop all labor, close all stores and stop all street cars and milk wagons. Much feeling is resulting from the matter and extremes are being resorted to.

Exposition Names Sioux City Man.

BUFFALO, Aug. 18.—Director General Buchanan of the Panamerican exposition today announced the appointment of James V. Mahoney of Sioux City, Ia., as superintendent of the passenger department of the bureau of transportation.

Mr. Mahoney was for a number of years traffic manager of the Sioux City & Northern railroad, which was absorbed some time ago by the Great Northern.

MANY AMERICANS IN LONDON

After Doing the Exposition They Flock to British Metropolis.

ELECTRICAL MEN ARE IN EVIDENCE

Looking for Chances to Build Street Railways—Depew Talks on the Future Influence of the United States.

(Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The tide of American travel is still strong toward London. Many residents of the other side of the Atlantic, having exhausted the Paris exposition, are recuperating in London and the hotels frequented by Americans are filled this week as they have not been since the opening of the season. Coaching is the delight of most of the Americans. Since Albert L. Johnson of Brooklyn drove his six-horse coach through London there have been many candidates for similar honors. Among the energetic younger coachmen is Charles De Young, a son of Michael De Young, proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle. E. H. Butler, proprietor of the Buffalo News, another enthusiastic driver, has bought a coach as a birthday present for his son.

There have been enough American electric railroad promoters at the Carlton this week to carry through any scheme for rapid transit in London which can be devised. T. L. Johnson of Brooklyn came from Paris Thursday and under the same roof were W. L. Elkins and P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia (who have since gone to the continent) and Edward Johnson, representing the Edison company. Mr. Elkins informed a representative of the Associated Press that he and his associates really had no definite plans for work in London, in spite of the fact that they have been in consultation with several of the city railroad owners.

The outgoing transatlantic steamers today were crowded. Senator Chauncey M. Depew sailed on the steamer New York. He spent the last days of his stay here in examining the new electric underground railroad. He has also been in consultation with British financiers who are specially interested in the ability of the United States to make loans to Europe. The senator said:

"The sudden development of our industries, added to the immense accumulation of money growing out of the fact that Europe is paying $600,000,000 annually for American products, has not only brought the bank rate and call loans up 1 and 2 per cent respectively, but the western banks are now buying paper in the east, because there is no demand for money. The fact that half the British war loan (all, if it had been permitted) was taken in the United States demonstrates these conditions which have already made New York one of the financial centers of the world. If the conditions continue, however, no doubt New York will soon be a dangerous rival of London in financing the government enterprises of the world. The rapid information we are acquiring regarding the industrial conditions of the world, the necessity of finding a market for our increasing surplus products and also our active participation in the solution of the Chinese problem tend to make New York an active competitor in the schemes for the development of the far east. It is a near possibility that the New York Stock exchange will actively deal in many foreign stocks and bonds. The United States, with 3,000 miles of ocean free from European governmental complications, will never take a militant part in the rivalries, jealousies and wars of Europe. These very miseries, the wars, make the United States every year stronger as a financial factor and will, I believe, make New York the financial center of the world. Up to two years ago the European cabinets took no interest in American diplomacy and finance. America was regarded as a granary in times of poor harvest on this side and as a dumping ground for surplus population. Now no cabinet in Europe makes a move without considering what is the position of the United States in the matter."

TRIES TO DRAG IN BOTHA

Prosecution of Cordua for Conspiracy to Kidnap Lord Roberts After Boer Commandant.

PRETORIA, Aug. 18.—The trial of Lieutenant Cordua of the Staats artillery, charged with being concerned in the plot to kidnap General Lord Roberts, was continued today. The prisoner admitted his implication, but declared that he was overpersuaded to join the conspiracy by a man named Gano, who was the originator of the plot and who professed to have been in the British secret service, but wanted to assist the Boers.

The prosecution tried to connect the commandant general, Botha, with the affair. Cordua admitted that, at the suggestion of Gano, he and Gano started out with the object of visiting Botha, but were captured and sent back. The evidence appeared to show that Cordua had some communication with Botha, although Cordua denied it. Several witnesses testified that Cordua had been drinking heavily of late.

DEWET AFTER BADEN-POWELL

Boer Commander Demands Surrender of Unfortunate British General.

PRETORIA, Aug. 18.—General DeWet appeared yesterday at North Commando Neb, held by General Baden-Powell, and sent in a flag of truce, asking the surrender of the British force. General Baden-Powell replied, asking what terms DeWet was prepared to offer.

DeWet is evidently moving westward.

General Lord Roberts is issuing new orders, severer and more rigorous, rescinding the one previously issued.

BOER REPORTS OF VICTORY

Rumor that Dewet Has Defeated and Captured Four Thousand British.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—A special cable to the Journal from Delagoa bay says that according to Boer reports General DeWet has turned on the British, defeated them and captured 4,000 men.

Supplies Short at Johannesburg.

CAPETOWN, Aug. 18.—The United States consul, Mr. James G. Stowe, says that when he left Johannesburg there was only three days' meat supply ahead and other food was scant, all the transport facilities being required to feed the army. Besides this the rolling stock was worn and the resumption of mining, therefore, is impossible at present.

Bridge Accident at Exposition.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Another accident has occurred at the exposition, the railing of the bridge over the Boulevard La Tour Mabourg having given way. Thirty persons were injured, five of them seriously. Two of these have since died. Two are believed to be mortally hurt and another sustained a fractured skull. Most of the victims were women.

Austrian Minister Wounded.

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—The Austrian foreign office has received a dispatch announcing that the Austrian acting minister at Pekin, Dr. von Rosthorn, is slightly wounded.

The Stomach Makes The Man

Nearly every disease from which man suffers has its starting point in impure blood, which results from a diseased Stomach. The food we eat feeds the blood. If the Stomach does not digest the food properly the blood will be fed, not with good food, but with poisonous food, and every part of the body will suffer as a result.

Drs. Shepard and Headrick call attention to the following remarks which are suggested by their experience in the treatment of diseases of the digestive organs:

* * *

If you have intense nervousness, headache, dimness of vision, backache, cold hands and feet, sleeplessness or slumbers broken by hideous dreams, exhaustion instead of refreshment upon awakening in the morning, poor circulation of the blood, weakness, a constant trembling of the hands—these are some of the most marked symptoms that in nearly every instance may be traced to a stomach that is sick and diseased.

* * *

If your heart jumps and jerks and flutters, and palpitates and causes a smothering sensation that wakes you at night—it isn't your heart; it's your stomach that is wrong.

* * *

When you have a dull pain at the base of the skull, or sharp pains through your limbs, or an occasional sensation of allgoneness and collapse all over the body, it isn't nerve tonics you need, but a treatment that will restore to your stomach its power to make pure blood for your brain and nerves.

* * *

When you have a sensation, after trying to eat, of your heart seeming to cease to beat, and of a blind dizziness that drives you for a time to your bed, don't blame it on your heart or your head; it is simply a warning that your stomach is feeding these other organs with impoverished blood.

* * *

When a very sudden sound or jar sets you in a quiver, when you seem to have lost all hope or ambition for everything, the first thing to do is to get your stomach in a healthy condition.

* * *

When you feel that every muscle in the body is drawn to its utmost tension and that the slightest effort involves a strain, your weakened brain and half-starved nerves are only warning you of their poverty because your stomach can't perform its duty regularly and promptly.

* * *

OUR SPECIALTIES

Deafness, Catarrh of the Head, Nose, Throat, Bronchial Tubes, Lungs and Stomach, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Blood and Skin Diseases. These affections, when of a mild form, may be treated with excellent success by the mail or home treatment. In exceptional cases, involving complications, the patient should visit the office or come to our private Hospital.

HOME TREATMENT

Write for information about taking a course of treatment at your home. In very many cases of common, curable disease this has proved entirely satisfactory. The charges are very low and uniform.

Callers at the office are welcome to a trial treatment and examination without charge.

DRS. SHEPARD & HEADRICK,

306, 307, 308 New York Life Building, Omaha, Neb.

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 5. SUNDAYS—12 to 1.

NEW COMMANDER G. A. R.

Major Rauszeur of St. Louis Said to Have Field Practically to Himself.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—The Chronicle tomorrow will say:

Major Leo Rauszeur of St. Louis will be elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army at the national encampment week after next. Other candidates for the place have one after another withdrawn from the race, and yesterday the only one in the field was the St. Louis man, who is a judge on the bench. Some of the friends of John C. Black, past commander of the Department of Illinois, and cherished a hope that he might be chosen, but General Black discouraged all agitation in his favor. His law practice is absorbing all of his time. Friends of the general announced yesterday that no objection would be made by Illinois to the election of the St. Louis man. Unless the unexpected should happen, Major Rauszeur would have no opposition from other sources. The place belongs to the west this year, according to the accepted rule of rotation in office.

Drummer Kills Merchant.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 18.—A special to the Sentinel from Rhinelander, Wis., says:

William Fenelon, one of Rhinelander's foremost citizens, was shot at the Rapids house office tonight by a young man named J. Bascom Robbins, salesman for the Chicago Crockery company.

About 8 o'clock Robbins entered Fenelon & Co.'s store and made a small purchase of one of the women clerks and made a request of her to meet him after she left the store, which was resented.

Mr. Fenelon hearing the request drove Robbins out of the store and to within a block of the Rapids house. Robbins ran to the hotel and is said to have gone to his room and procured a revolver. Mr. Fenelon returned to his store and after closing went to the hotel. As he entered the office Robbins was standing near the desk and immediately fired at Mr. Fenelon, killing him instantly. Robbins made no resistance or attempt to escape and was taken by the sheriff to the county jail at Wausau.

More Pay for Wet Ore.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 18.—The ore handlers at the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio ore dock today refused to unload the steamer Simon J. Murphy unless they were paid 28 cents per ton instead of 22 on account of the ore being wet. The increased cost of unloading this cargo was $1,800. Captain John Mitchell, the owner of the largest fleet of boats on the lakes, declares that he will not carry ore to the dock where the increased charge is made. The vessel owners fear that the demand of the ore handlers will spread, as nearly all the ore at the head of the lakes has been wet by heavy rains and will continue wet until next winter.

Dead Man Has Son in Deadwood.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—Phillip Koenigberger, 54 years old, a New York tobacco dealer, who cut his throat in a barber shop Wednesday, died at the French hospital today from the effects of the injury.

The physicians believe that Mr. Koenigberger was temporarily insane when he used the razor. He leaves a widow and three grown children. Mrs. Koenigberger and her daughter are now traveling in Europe. One son resides in New York and another in Deadwood, S. D.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of Dr. Joseph Neville will take place from the family home, corner 29th and Dodge street, at 2 o'clock p. m. Monday, August 20. Friends of the family are invited.

DIED.

MUNSON—Emma C., at 4 a. m. Saturday, aged 28, at her late home, 220 North 28th avenue.

Funeral will take place from Swedish Mission church, 23d and Davenport, at 3 p. m. Sunday. Friends invited.

Special Food for Brains

Grape-Nuts

Healty Brains make a fat Pocket Book.