

BOER ENVOYS COMING

Commission to Sail for the United States Next Thursday.

NOTHING TO HOPE FOR FROM EUROPE

Netherlands Government Sends All the European Capitals Without Success.

MORE COMPLAINTS OF LORD ROBERTS

Failure of Elaborate Operations to Entrap Boers Causing Dissatisfaction.

CHASE BY FRENCH'S CAVALRY FRUITLESS

English Army's Need of Remounts Greater Than Ever—Roberts Decides to Abandon His Policy of Lethargy.

THE HAGUE, April 29.—The members of the Boer peace commission will sail from Rotterdam for the United States next Thursday evening by the Holland-American line steamship Maandam.

Dr. Leyds and Dr. Mueller will not accompany the delegates. The delegates will visit Amsterdam tomorrow.

LONDON, April 30.—The sudden decision of the Boer peace delegate to go to America is attributed to the fact that the government of the Netherlands, after sounding all the European capitals, told them they had nothing to hope for from Europe.

Failure of Roberts' Maneuvers. The only dispatch from Lord Roberts published yesterday was the usual list of deaths and sickness. The flood of newspaper dispatches today, describing the recent operations, throws no light whatever upon the present position of affairs or upon the great question as to when the main advance is to begin.

The Standard's announcement that General French's cavalry is returning to Bloemfontein is clear proof that there is no further hope of catching the retreating Boers and the London papers are beginning to display impatience at the practical failure of the elaborate operations of last week.

The Standard says: "It is disheartening to find that these elaborate maneuvers have had so small a result."

The Daily Chronicle remarks: "We are reluctant to criticize Lord Roberts, but it is impossible to shut our eyes to the fact that during the last ten days we have gained very little from our enormous display of force."

Without doubt, these operations have been of a very exhausting nature and will entail further delay. The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Times, writing on March 3, after the Paardeberg affair, describes Lord Roberts' army as a "wreck," because it was without horses and without transport.

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Post speaks now of the urgent need at present and always of more horses. There is very little news from other quarters.

The Daily Mail publishes a statement from Colonel Long, who was blamed for the loss of guns at Colenso, that in advancing the guns he did but merely obey orders and that the staff was quite ignorant of the proximity of the Boer positions.

Engagement at Karee Siding. Colonel Dalrymple's force at Weeper numbered 1,700. His losses during the siege were thirty killed and 140 wounded.

It is reported that there was an artillery engagement yesterday at Karee Siding, near Bloemfontein, but no details have been received.

The Durban correspondent of the Standard, telegraphing Saturday, says: "It is reported on good authority that the Klerksdorp commando has left Bignersburg to assist in opposing the relief column."

By the relief column is meant the troops going by way of Breda to the aid of Paikley. Roberts' Annals Lament Paikley. BLOEMFONTEIN, April 29.—The recent operations have tended to clear the military situation. General Potte-Carew, proceeding through the country, has brought home to the Free Staters the fact that the policy of lethargy has been abandoned.

The Boers are evidently returning to concentrate to oppose the British advance. Now that Thaba N'Chu, as well as the approaches, is strongly held, Ladybrand, with the unfriendly Basutos lining the border, is rendered a position of great tactical importance. The Boers, the gravity of which will be accentuated from the moment the British advance begins.

It is understood that the British will continue to hold Thaba N'Chu owing to its strategic importance to a series of the Boer view of checking future raids. The commando that had recently been operating in the direction of Thaba N'Chu are melting away, the Boers quietly returning to their farms and many of them taking the oath of alliance has shown, however, in many cases that this is only a pretense to enable the Boers to create disturbances on the rear of the British and vigorous methods will probably be necessary to force real disarmament.

IRISH M. P. CANNOT HARANGUE. Member Flynn Prevented from Making Speech at Newmarket by Two Hundred Police.

PLAGUE OF WOMEN A TERROR

What an Army Surgeon Says of the Amateur Nurses in South Africa.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, April 29.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Frederick Treves, a famous surgeon just returned from the war, was entertained with Sir William Barron at a banquet of the Red Cross club last night presided over by Lord Rosebery. Dr. Treves took occasion to administer a stinging rebuke to the smart ladies suffering from khaki fever who have gone as alleged nurses to the front. He said: "So far as the sick are concerned, there are only two plagues in South Africa—a plague of flies and a plague of women. The flies we get rid of by household wipers and other appliances, and the flies at least depart at night, but the women are absolutely and really a terror. They came out in guise of army nurses, after having exhausted every other form of excitement. Considering the war in which we are engaged the number of well dressed ladies in Capetown and elsewhere giving picnics is a blot on the campaign."

This onslaught on the latest fad of smart society electrified the audience and is certain to provoke bitter recriminations, but it is known all the same that Dr. Treves is perfectly justified.

FIGHT AT ISRAEL'S POORT

Details of Thursday's Engagement, in Which Twenty Canadian Were Killed and Wounded.

LONDON, April 30.—A special dispatch from Thaba N'Chu, dated Thursday, describing the fight at Israel's Poort, which is about seven miles west of Thaba N'Chu, says: "Three hundred Boers were strongly entrenched on two kopjes. The place of honor was given to the Canadians, who advanced very cleverly under the direction of their commander, Colonel Otter. The Boers reserved their fire until the Canadians had reached the fire entanglement, then they opened with a terrific hail of bullets.

"The Canadians, however, had taken good cover and were not greatly damaged. They were only slightly wounded in the assault by the Grahamstown horse. Successive rushes brought them right up to the kopjes, when Colonel Otter was struck twice, one bullet inflicting a nasty but not dangerous wound in the neck and the other tearing the hands from his shoulder. But he still cheered his men on until the kopjes were carried. The Boers bolted. The British losses were twenty killed and wounded.

"I learn that yesterday Boer reinforcements from Brandfort came too late to assist their comrades. We found a helicopter's body supported in the assault by the Grahamstown horse. Successive rushes brought them right up to the kopjes, when Colonel Otter was struck twice, one bullet inflicting a nasty but not dangerous wound in the neck and the other tearing the hands from his shoulder. But he still cheered his men on until the kopjes were carried. The Boers bolted. The British losses were twenty killed and wounded.

"I have visited a British outpost, the one nearest Brandfort. The Boers show no anxiety to learn the probable line of our advance and they declare they will not fire a shot from Brandfort, as they wish to save the town from bombardment.

"The enemy are entrenched on the hills southwest of Brandfort, but they are unlikely to resist any serious stand until we reach Kroonstad."

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, telegraphing Saturday, says: "A cavalry reconnaissance twenty-five miles northeast encountered 400 Boers. The British drove them out of a kopje north of Karee."

"Our outposts are still harassed by moving commandos. In an outpost affair on Sunday several Boers were killed. The enemy will certainly make a serious stand at Karee, where they have constructed miles of trenches."

REGENTS CHARGED WITH MURDER

He Was Unwilling to Make War Munitions for Oom Paul.

LONDON, April 30.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Johannesburg, dated Thursday, says: "Personal examination at the scene of the Begbie works shows that the works were destroyed by the explosion beyond repair, probably, although the shell making plant may be transferred to another factory."

CHICAGO OFFICER MURDERED

Desk Sergeant O'Connell Killed on a Viaduct, Supposedly by Foot-pads—One Arrested.

CHICAGO, April 29.—Desk Sergeant Timothy S. O'Connell of the Woodlawn police station was shot and instantly killed on the Eighteenth street viaduct tonight. The shooting is a mystery. Two men were seen running away from the scene of the crime. One of the shots was heard. When the body was found the officer's revolver was clutched tightly in his right hand. The weapon had not been discharged.

SUICIDE OF MINNIE WRAY

Lincoln Girl Takes Her Life by Shooting at the Palmer House in Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 29.—Miss Minnie M. Wray of Lincoln, Neb., was found dead in her room on the sixth floor of the Palmer house today, with her brain pierced by a bullet fired by her own hand.

DEWEY'S TRIP NONPOLITICAL

His Western Journal, He Says, Will Be Made an Admiral.

IMPERIAL LUXURY ON BOARD HIS TRAIN

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Admiral Dewey was seen today at his home just before leaving the city for Chicago and was asked if he had any statement to make about the presidency.

"No," said he. "I think it would be in bad taste for me to say anything of a political nature just at this time. As the admiral of the navy I accepted the invitations to visit Chicago from day to day; it has power to compel the attendance of witnesses and to award them; it may compel the production of papers and records; six members may render a decision, which must be reported to both houses of the general assembly, which shall finally determine the contest."

"This, it will be seen, that a hearing after reasonable notice is provided, and this is all due process of law means. It is not necessary that the process should issue from a judicial officer. Neither is it necessary that there should be a trial by jury."

The supreme court of the United States in the Iowa Central Railway Company against Iowa, 169 U. S. 422, is quoted to the effect that the power to determine by what process legal rights may be asserted, the method of proceeding for these purposes gives reasonable notice and affords a fair opportunity to be heard, before the law is applied.

THINK DEWEY WILL SAIL AWAY

Author of the Wilson Bill Talks of His Candidacy.

KANSAS CITY, April 29.—William L. Wilson, author of the Wilson tariff bill, while in this city on the way from Hot Springs, Ark., to St. Louis, Mo., today declared he is to be the guest of J. Sterling Morton, his associate in Cleveland's cabinet, said: "It is to be McKinley and Bryan. Mr. Cleveland will not allow his name to be mentioned and Dewey will not get an opportunity to be nominated. He will be nominated, but conditions are so changed that the campaign will be on new conditions. Both sides have so many new conditions to confront that the old tactics will not do. I think the democrats will win. We will go into Chicago with a majority."

Wilson gave an expression to his views regarding the candidacy of Admiral Dewey. "He is innocent of the game of politics," he said, "and has blundered in his bluntness as blunt people often do. He will blunder into the White House. Dewey does things suddenly. He generally anticipates and when the row is at its height he will surprise everybody by sailing away, or I am mistaken in the man."

SPECIAL ARRIVES AT PITTSBURG

PITTSBURG, April 29.—Admiral Dewey's special train over the Baltimore & Ohio railway arrived here today. Bryan came in the train. Dewey does things suddenly. He generally anticipates and when the row is at its height he will surprise everybody by sailing away, or I am mistaken in the man."

B'NAI BRITH PROXIES VOID

Sixteen American Delegates Representing Foreign Lodges Without Authority Barred from Voting.

CHICAGO, April 29.—Sixteen delegates to the convention of the grand lodge of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, which held its first session at the Auditorium today, were denied the right to vote in the deliberations of the convention. The delegates of the floor were given to them. The decision was arrived at after a spirited discussion of the question, when the committee on credentials reported that the delegates representing the lodges in Germany, Roumania and Austria had not been regularly elected as required by the constitution. The majority of the delegates were proxy representatives.

All the delegates who have been prevented from voting are from the United States, some of them living in Chicago and others in St. Louis, Denver, New Orleans and San Francisco. It appears that there were no delegates appointed to the present convention by the lodges in the foreign countries named, with the exception of one, Sigmund Borgel of Berlin, and proxy delegates were selected from the lodges in this country without the formality of an election.

Victor Abraham of Cincinnati was elected chairman, Dr. S. B. Wolfe of New Orleans secretary and Nat Strauss of New Orleans assistant secretary. Henry W. Case of New York, Jacob Pursh of St. Louis, P. L. Worme of Scranton, Pa., Jacob Greenbaum of San Francisco, Joseph Salates of Washington, Adolph Freund of Detroit, Jacques Loeb of Montgomery, Ala., and Sigmund Borgel of Berlin were elected vice presidents for the first eight districts of the lodge in the order named.

A message from the president of the executive committee, Julius Bien, dwelt at length on the past work of the organization along educational, charitable and fraternal lines, and made a number of suggestions for its future welfare. After the reading of the constitution an adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

The organization in the United States is divided into ten districts, and the convention will revise the laws and pass legislation for the government of the subordinate lodges. President Julius Bien of New York occupied the chair when the convention was called to order.

THEOSOPHISTS NAME OFFICERS

COLUMBIAS, O., April 29.—The annual meeting of the American Theosophical association was held in this city today. About 50 delegates were in attendance, representing twenty branches. The officers were chosen by ballot and the following were elected: Dr. J. D. Buck, Cincinnati, president; Dr. Stewart, New York, vice president; secretary and treasury executive committee, G. E. Carter, Chicago; William Main, New York; William Ludlow, Rhode Island; George F. Richmond, Fort Wayne; W. P. Phelps, New York, and J. D. Bond, Fort Wayne.

BECKHAM'S CAUSE IS STATED

Brief to Be Filed for Him in the Federal Supreme Court Today.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Lewis McQuown, attorney for J. C. W. Beckham, has prepared and will file his brief tomorrow in the supreme court in the case of Beckham against Iowa. On the motion to disallow, for want of jurisdiction in the supreme court, it is contended that the provisions of the constitution and statutes of Kentucky, governing the trial of contested elections for governor, applied to Beckham, and that the meaning of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, as to the sufficiency of the statute is laid:

"It will be perceived that by the provisions of the Kentucky statute notice of the contest, specifying the grounds must be given within thirty days after the action of the canvassing board; the members of the board must be selected by lot and sworn to by the contestant; he is required to assign a day for hearing the contest and may adjourn from day to day; it has power to compel the attendance of witnesses and to award them; it may compel the production of papers and records; six members may render a decision, which must be reported to both houses of the general assembly, which shall finally determine the contest."

"This, it will be seen, that a hearing after reasonable notice is provided, and this is all due process of law means. It is not necessary that the process should issue from a judicial officer. Neither is it necessary that there should be a trial by jury."

The supreme court of the United States in the Iowa Central Railway Company against Iowa, 169 U. S. 422, is quoted to the effect that the power to determine by what process legal rights may be asserted, the method of proceeding for these purposes gives reasonable notice and affords a fair opportunity to be heard, before the law is applied.

The provisions of the constitution of Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia, it is contended, are substantially the same as the Kentucky constitution and statute regulating the procedure on the trial of a contested election for governor. It is contended that if the objection be sustained in this case the corresponding provision in the organic laws of all the states referred to is likewise invalid."

BARKER IS NOT BACKWARD

Populist President Aspirant Sees No Hope for Bryan, but Some for Himself.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—Interest has been aroused in the approaching populist national convention which will be held in Cincinnati May 9, owing to the probability of that party turning its back upon W. J. Bryan. According to "Wharton Barker" of this city, who has been in attendance at the convention, the populist party is not backward in its opinion. There will be between 800 and 1,000 delegates at the national convention, the majority coming from the south, west and central west.

Asked as to the effect of his nomination for the presidency by the populists on Barker's candidacy, Barker said: "There can no longer be a doubt in the mind of anyone who considers the situation fairly that at least 1,500,000 of the 2,000,000 populist votes cast for Mr. Bryan in 1896 will this year be cast for him and cast for the presidential candidate of the people's party. The democratic leaders know this fact is made clear by the course of Hill, Patterson, Gorman and their associates. The democrats are practically giving up the idea of nominating one of their own. It is not because they are afraid of the populist party, but because they would like to see nominated."

Barker scouted the idea of a strong opposition to President McKinley at the republican convention. He asserted that the democrats are practically giving up the idea of nominating one of their own. It is not because they are afraid of the populist party, but because they would like to see nominated."

NEW BRYAN POLYLISTS GATHER

Missouri Convention of His Followers Held in St. Louis.

KANSAS CITY, April 29.—But few delegates had arrived tonight to attend the Missouri convention of Missouri populists called to meet here tomorrow to name twenty-three delegates to the national populist convention. The call was issued by W. R. Little, chairman of the regular populist state committee of Missouri, and it was stated that about 200 delegates would attend. The convention, besides selecting delegates, will set a date for a nominating convention to name a state ticket, and believed that an effort will be made to harmonize the differences existing between the regular organization and the middle-of-the-road wing, which recently held their convention here and selected delegates to Cincinnati, N. J.

GETTING READY AT CINCINNATI

CINCINNATI, April 29.—Joseph A. Parker of Louisville states there will be over 1,000 delegates here next week for the national populist convention. The call was issued by W. R. Little, chairman of the regular populist state committee of Missouri, and it was stated that about 200 delegates would attend. The convention, besides selecting delegates, will set a date for a nominating convention to name a state ticket, and believed that an effort will be made to harmonize the differences existing between the regular organization and the middle-of-the-road wing, which recently held their convention here and selected delegates to Cincinnati, N. J.

PIGREEE WITH THE DEMOCRATS

DETROIT, April 29.—Governor Pigreee asserted in an interview today that the hope of the people in this year's general elections is the democratic party. The governor has always hitherto been an independent republican. Speaking of the increasing power of trusts, Governor Pigreee said: "There is no use in hoping that the republican party will do anything with them."

"Are you preparing an announcement of withdrawal from the republican party?" the governor was asked.

"There is no announcement at all. I only say what I have said all the while. You have not heard me say anything against the democrats for some time. I believe that the hope of the people is in the democratic party this fall."

TO TIE UP NEW YORK CENTRAL

Striking Employees of the Big System Issue an Ultimatum.

THIRTY THOUSAND MEN MAY WALK OUT

Buffalo, N. Y., April 29.—The striking employees of the New York Central have given the company until 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to grant their demands. If the concessions are not made by that time it is the intention of the strike leaders to extend the strike and they predict that it will be the largest in the history of railroads of the east.

The strike leaders said tonight that they and their fellows had arranged their plans so neatly that within twenty-four hours after 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon 30,000 men would join the ranks of the strikers if the situation seemed to demand it. The New York Central strikers say that they have induced others to delay action pending a reply from the officials of the company. The members of the board of mediation and arbitration conceded that the situation was grave, and they did not disguise their belief that a great strike was imminent.

After talking with some of the railroad officials, Superintendent of Police Bull conferred with Mayor Diehl and Commissioner Cooper, and then promulgated an order declaring an emergency and calling the whole police force out.

NO COMPROMISE ACCEPTABLE

An important conference was held today between Commissioner Delehanty of the State Board of Arbitration and the committee of strikers, headed by Chairman A. S. Kelly. At the meeting of the arbitrators, the rock bottom terms which the men are willing to accept were presented. They are identical with the original demand, including a general increase in wages and the re-employment of the old union men who were discharged at the union of the company.

In response to the question as to whether a suggestion to compromise would be acceptable, the reply was a prompt negative and that there would be no settlement until the wages agreed to a union scale of wages.

Commissioner Delehanty urged that this plan be abandoned until after an effort had been made to adjust difficulties with the New York Central. To this the executive committee agreed and it was arranged that Commissioner Delehanty should start for New York at once in order to confer with Superintendent of Motive Power Wait of the New York Central the first thing tomorrow.

Commissioner Delehanty is to telegraph Wait's reply to Chairman Fish of the State Board of Arbitration. The strikers were given the unreserved promise of the executive committee that no move would be made by them to extend the strike or to affect the general situation in any way pending the receipt of his dispatch from New York. The strikers' executive committee of the executive committee that no move would be made by them to extend the strike or to affect the general situation in any way pending the receipt of his dispatch from New York.

QUITTING ON OTHER RAILS

Tonight 200 New York Central freight house employees announced that they would join the strikers tomorrow. Fifteen car cleaners and 200 freight house employees are also quitting. The other additions to the strikers' ranks tonight were 200 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western employees of the mechanical department and 100 employees of the Western New York & Pennsylvania.

The mass exodus of employees from the strike headquarters tonight was that 600 conductors and brakemen would refuse to work on the ground that the car inspection was inadequate.

ST. LOUIS STREET CAR MEN STRIKE

ST. LOUIS, April 29.—Twenty-seven crews on the suburban railway, an electric street car line running to different parts of St. Louis and the suburbs, struck today. They left their cars in the middle of the day, but their action caused no other inconvenience than the trouble of filling the vacancies with nonunion men. This was readily done and there was no interruption of the service.

RUSH TO CAPE NOME BEGINS

Revenue of Steamships to Be a Million and a Half Next Month.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 29.—The formal rush to the gold fields of Cape Nome will be inaugurated tomorrow, when the steamer Jeanie of the Pacific Steam Whaling company, the first steamer to start on the trip this year, is scheduled to sail, providing it arrives in the meantime from San Francisco. This vessel will take eighty passengers and 400 tons of freight from this port and expects to be one of the first to reach Nome.

Twenty-five steamships are scheduled to leave here for Nome in May, two promising to get away the last, seven the 10th, three the 15th, one on the 17th, two on the 18th, five on the 20th, one on the 24th, two on the 26th, one on the 30th and one on the 31st. The vessels to sail the 29th have booked 1,657 passengers and 4,500 tons of general merchandise. This probably will be the liveliest day of the year, as several vessels will also leave that day for Skagway.

The most conservative estimates of the traffic to Nome this year, based on actual returns, show that 5,833 persons have already engaged passage for the first sailings of the twenty-five steamships and that these vessels have already contracted for 25,225 tons of merchandise in their cargoes. Taking the average charge of \$90 per passenger and \$30 per ton for freight, and it is seen that the steamships will get a total gross revenue during next month of \$1,561,300.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair; Cool; Northerly Winds.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday: 5 a. m. 59 1 p. m. 70 6 a. m. 59 2 p. m. 67 7 a. m. 59 3 p. m. 67 8 a. m. 59 4 p. m. 65 9 a. m. 63 5 p. m. 63 10 a. m. 60 6 p. m. 61 11 a. m. 60 7 p. m. 58 12 m. 59 8 p. m. 54

WIVES SHOT AND SLASHED

Three Husbands of Domesticity Kill Sweethearts.

NEWARK, N. J., April 29.—Edward Norley, 37 years of age, at the home of C. W. Stiers, who is employed as a domestic, early this morning and attempted to kill her. He entered the kitchen, where she was employed, threw her on the floor, drew a razor from his pocket and inflicted several wounds on her face, leaving her, as he supposed, to die. He went into the rear yard and cut his own throat with the same weapon. He died in an hour. The woman will recover. Norley was worth \$15,000 a few years ago, but lost his money and drank heavily. His wife left him two years ago. Since then he has served several terms in the workhouse and county jail.

CHICAGO, April 29.—William Edmunds, 42 years of age, today shot his wife, Laura Edmunds, and then shot himself at their home, 111 West Sixty-sixth street. The wounds of both may prove fatal. It is said Edmunds was intoxicated and had been despondent.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., April 29.—William Holpary, who lived about seven miles from this place, was shot by his wife this afternoon and then killed himself. Holpary's wife had left him and he asked her today to return and live with him. The Bolparys came from Paris, Mo.

WATZKA, Ill., April 29.—Bert Underhill fatally wounded his sweetheart, Anna Davis, at her home near Plato, Iroquois county, last night and then sent a bullet through his own heart. Miss Davis was 17 years of age and a daughter of D. M. Davis, on whose farm Underhill worked. The parents had been quarreling about the union of the couple, who would neither see nor correspond with each other for three months. This period elapsed today. It is believed the couple had quarreled.

WHAT KILLED MRS. CLARK

Question the Coroner at Maryville and His Jury Are Now Investigating.

MARYVILLE, Mo., April 29.—(Special Telegram.)—At a late hour last night the coroner's inquest which was engaged yesterday in investigating the cause of the death of Mrs. Charles Clark at Hopkins, Mo., was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning. A physician was summoned and in a short time the woman was delivered of a child. She continued to have convulsions and at 2:30 p. m. Thursday she died.

There were suspicious of foul play and it was finally decided that a thorough investigation should be made. Yesterday afternoon Dr. E. L. Crowson impounded a jury and the woman's remains were exhumed and her stomach removed by Dr. Crowson and Dr. Vilas Martin. Last night a number of witnesses were examined and reports of the stomach was then hermetically sealed and sent to St. Joseph to have its contents analyzed by a chemist there and the inquest was adjourned awaiting the chemist's decision. If he decides Mrs. Clark was poisoned it is understood that the coroner will immediately follow. The suspected party is being kept under constant surveillance by the officers.

MANY HOMELESS AT WACO

Tents Shelter Numerous Families—Flood Situation Much Improved Over that of Saturday.

WACO, Tex., April 29.—The flood situation today is very much improved, the desiccation and suffering being nearly all provided with wearing apparel and foodstuffs. The citizens, especially the business men, gave out large amounts of food, which eliminated the suffering to a great extent. The principal difficulty of the committee of organized charity in charge of distribution of supplies is now with a place to house the homeless. Many houses contain several families, while numerous others are living in tents waiting to see if the predicted overflow of the Brazos materializes.

The prospects of the Brazos do not overflow are exceedingly bright, as the river has been steadily falling since yesterday and is now only ten feet above the low water mark. The crop situation in the bottoms is considerably worse than after the former huge general levee ago and many of the crops will have to be replanted, thus throwing the cotton crop, which is already late, backward about six weeks.

TAYLOR TO FACE ACCUSERS

Kentucky's Governor Returns to Frankfort to Silence All Rumors of Malicious Source.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 29.—Governor W. S. Taylor passed through this city this morning from Washington, bound for Frankfort. He was met by a large number of leading citizens at the depot. He stated that he returned to silence the rumors that he was endeavoring to escape indictment. His friends insist that these rumors were started by someone who took advantage of his absence. After attending to the matter of ascertaining whether there is any indictment against him, he will return to Washington. His wife accompanied him. He is looking well and appreciated the fact that his friends met him. A number of Lexingtonians will go to Frankfort on Monday to aid him in any way within their power.

WRECK OF A STEAMER FOUND

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 29.—The steamer New England arrived last night from the north coast of British Columbia, one of the larger part of an unknown ship. One of the New England's fishing boats, uncrewed, was discovered on the coast of Charlotte Islands and there found a dismasted schooner. It was evidently from the coast of British Columbia. The schooner's deck and stern had been so smashed on the rocks and the Indians, who had apparently looted it to trace of its identity was left. Some bones of animals or men were found in the bottom of the wreck.

WISE MEMORIAL SERVICES HELD

NEW YORK, April 29.—Special memorial services for the late Rabbi Wise, one of the leaders of Judaism in the United States and founder of the Hebrew Union college in Cincinnati, and its president at the time of his death, were held today in the New York Board of Jewish Ministers. Many prominent Hebrew clergymen and laymen were on the platform. Rev. Dr. Koehler, rabbi of Bethel synagogue, delivered the principal address.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN VESSELS, APRIL 29

At Queenstown—Sailed—Etruria, from Liverpool, for New York.

HORROR AT THE FAIR

Nine Lives Are Snuffed Out and Nine Other People Injured.

BRIDGE FALLS UPON GAY PARIS THROUGH

Structure Connecting a Sideshow with the Exposition Collapses.

CONDEMNED AS UNSAFE SHORTLY BEFORE

Worse Disaster Averted by Keeping People Off the Bridge.

ACCIDENT CASTS A PALL OVER THE DAY