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Be, April 9, 1900.

Spring Wash Goods

The choicest assortment in Omaha, a profusion of dainty patterns in fashionable fabrics. Included are the best Scotch Ginghams in novel weaves; new conceits in Dimities and lawns exquisitely figured in charming bow knots, dresden and other unique designs in delicate pastel colorings—there's hardly an end to the variety now.

GINGHAMS at 12¢, 15¢, 18¢, 20¢, 25¢.
MADRAS at 15¢, 18¢, 20¢, 25¢ yard.
NOVELTIES at 25¢, 35¢, 45¢, 50¢, 55¢,
60¢, 70¢, \$1.00 yard.
DIMITIES, 12¢, 15¢, 18¢.
COTTON CORDED BATISTE, 18¢.
COUSSE CORDED BATISTE, 18¢.
EMPIRE PONGEE, 15¢ yard.
SWISS MULL at 15¢.

Egyptian Tissues, 25¢ yard.
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Galathea Cloth, 15¢, 35¢ yard.
Cotton Coverts, 12¢, 15¢, 18¢ yard.
Cotton Bedford Cords, 25¢ yard.
Cotton Mummy Cloth, 15¢ yard.
Silk Striped Crepons in all the
new pastel colors at 30¢ yard.

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

0 CHURCH SCHOOLS FOR LO

Senate Decides that Indian Institutions Must Be Nonsectarian.

STRONG MAJORITY VOTES THAT WAY

Democrats Want Government Work on War Ships—Effort to Keep Laplanders Out of Gold Fields.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—After some further discussion the senate today rejected the sectarian school amendment to the Indian appropriation bill offered by Jones of Arkansas, by a vote of 46 to 40.

As has been the practice for two or three years, the free homes measure was offered as an amendment to the bill, but it was ruled out on the point of order that it was general legislation and therefore not germane to an appropriation bill.

Without division the bill was passed. The measure carries about \$8,414,000.

An unsuccessful effort was made to agree upon a date for a vote on the resolution relative to the seating of Quay as senator from Pennsylvania. The effort will be renewed tomorrow. During the last two hours of the session the Alaskan civil code bill was introduced.

At the opening of today's session of the senate the bill for the government of Hawaii, as passed by the house, was presented and at the request of Culkin was ordered printed. Culkin said he would not ask for a conference.

Gallinger in presenting a petition from the association of machinists, praying that work on our war ships be done in the shops of private corporations, said he thought the work ought to be done in the navy yards despite the plea of economy against it.

To Keep Out Laplanders.

The senate then resumed consideration of the Alaska civil code bill. Hansbrough proposed this amendment:

"That no persons who are not citizens of the United States or who, prior to making application to become such, shall be permitted to locate or engage in mining claims in said district of Alaska, nor shall any title to a mining claim acquired by location or purchase through any such person or persons be legal."

The amendment precipitated a lively debate. It was developed that some mining claims had been located at Cape Nome by Laplanders who had gone to Alaska on the relief expedition to take care of a herd of reindeer. It was stated that some of these Laplanders had made application to become American citizens before the United States commissioners in Alaska. They stated claims in the Nome district. Later they disposed of the claims. Stewart protested against the adoption of the amendment. He said that one C. D. Lane had acquired some Cape Nome claims from the Laplanders who had located them and had expended on them about \$300,000. Should the amendment be adopted, he added, Lane would lose not only the claims, but all he had invested in them. Subsequent to the location of the claims by the Laplanders the claims were relocated by other miners, who took possession of them. The adoption of the amendment, it was said, would give the re-locators the claims.

Teller held that the Laplanders had an

undoubted right to the claims they had located.

Daniel opposed the amendment. Mr. Hansbrough said the Laplanders had located from 1,000 to 2,000 claims on the various creeks in the district. They were not American citizens. Later American citizens arrived in the district and finding the richest claims located by "the savages" they re-located them. As American citizens they claimed only their rights. So far as he personally concerned, Hansbrough said he had no interest in the claims, direct or indirect, contingent or remote.

Teller maintained that it made no difference whether the Laplanders were citizens of the United States or not. While the law was that only citizens of the United States could locate mining claims, the question of citizenship could be raised only by the United States, and it was well understood the United States would never raise it. The pending bill was laid aside without further debate.

SENDING FOR HOUSE ABSENTEES.

Democrats Efforts for Full Vote on Porto Rico Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Great difficulty was manifested in the house today in getting out a full vote for the approaching final contest on the Porto Rico bill. The urgent telegrams sent by supporters of the bill to absent members brought a number of responses, but it was developed that the number of absences was unusually large and the telegrams exchanged between the house and the Senate to ascertain what the absentees would return. This introduced an element of doubt on the final result and encouraged the opponents of the bill to declare that there still was a good fighting chance to defeat it. Heretofore most of the absentees have been "nailed," but owing to the confusion over pairs and the claims of advantage in a recall voting an entirely new pair system has been inaugurated. A printed slip has been prepared succinctly stating the details of the pair, making it "not transferable" and requiring the signatures of both parties. These cuts off "dead pairs" and also cuts off the numerous private understandings between members under which a number of pairs have been conducted.

Sixty City Cases Decided.

The supreme court today affirmed with costs three cases which were submitted on briefs where the Credit Commutation company and Combination Bridge company of Sioux City were appellants and the United States in the first, F. Gordon Dexter and Oliver Ames in the second and Oliver Ames, second, and Samuel Carr, executor of last will and testament of Frederick L. Ames, deceased, were appellees. The Combination Bridge company is one of the bridge companies across the Missouri river at Sioux City. The Credit Commutation company is owner of the stock in this bridge and is also beneficiary under an assignment of three-quarters of the stock of the Sioux City & Northern Railway company, which owns a railroad extending northerly from Sioux City for a distance of 100 miles. It also owns a portion of the stock or all the stock as beneficiary under assignment of the Sioux City, O'Neill & Western Railroad company, which has a railroad extending westerly from Sioux City to O'Neill, Neb. In these three cases the Commutation company sought to intervene in three suits against the Union Pacific, which the appellants represent, on the ground that their property was seriously injured because the Union Pacific was carrying through its temporary terminal facilities and that the petitions were members of the public and that consequently they have the right to intervene for the purpose of protecting the interests of the

people of the state. This will include the intervention of the bill of the state of Iowa.

News of the Army.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(Special Telegram).—Second Lieutenant Ralph B. Lister, Tenth Infantry, has been relieved from duty at Fort Crook and ordered to duty with Company L, Tenth Infantry, at Fort Riley, Kan. Tenth Infantry, now at Fort Crook, has been ordered to join his regiment at Matanzas, Cuba.

COURT MAY PLAY BURGLAR

Judge May Possibly Be Compelled to Order a Lawyer's Case Blown Open.

SOUL FALLS, S. D., April 9.—(Special Telegram).—The struggle for the McClellan estate has developed another sensational feature and it may be necessary for the sheriff to blow open the safe in the office of U. S. Grant, one of the attorneys in the case. Cherry is in Ireland on matters connected with the fight for the estate. Prior to his departure over two weeks ago he procured the documents from County Judge Wilkes. Today Grigsby, Wright & Grigsby, attorneys for Arkansas and Texas claimants, announced their desire to have the documents in question for reference during their closing arguments in behalf of their clients. County Judge Wilkes therefore issued an order this morning requiring the sheriff to bring Cherry law papers to produce the documents in court at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. The papers, it is understood, could not be found in the office and are believed to be locked in the safe. Cherry did not leave the combination. If the documents are not produced in court tomorrow morning it is the purpose of the attorneys to ask for an order requiring the sheriff to secure the papers, when it may be necessary to forcibly open the safe.

G. R. Thadea, a saloon keeper of Denison, Ia., who was identified as the men named Greene and Martin as the men who one night last summer robbed him and another saloon at Garretson, blowing open a safe in one of the places. To prevent capture the two cracksmen terrorized the citizens of Garretson by firing revolvers. Greene and Martin are in jail at Denison serving brief terms for minor offenses. State's Attorney Bates of this county has decided to push the case against the men for their crime at Garretson and will procure requisition papers and have the two men returned here.

Dakota Tax Collections.

PIERRE, S. D., April 9.—(Special Telegram).—The total quarterly tax collections by the state for the quarter ending March 1 amounted to \$202,994, of which \$182,500 goes into the general fund, the law providing for the payment of taxes in two equal installments. The amount is 20 per cent below what it would have been on single payments with full payments. The quarterly returns would have been the largest for any quarter since South Dakota's statehood on the same levy.

Trouble Between Town and Railroad.

PIERRE, S. D., April 9.—(Special Telegram).—War is again brewing between the Great Northern Railroad company and the town of Viborg, Turner county. At a recent meet-

ing of the town board Main street, as laid out across the Great Northern tracks, was ordered graded, and the railroad company was ordered to put in a suitable crossing. The order has thus far been ignored, and several section crews are on guard at the crossing, with the apparent purpose of preventing the crossing being interfered with. It is said the railroad company is importing men to reinforce those already on the

public. Judge Lauben decided against the petitioners, the Credit Commutation company, whose decision was sustained today.

Supervising Architect Taylor has recommended that the appropriation for a public building at Aberdeen, S. D., be increased to \$150,000 from \$87,000 owing to the increased cost of building material.

Pettigrew Turned Down.

Senator Pettigrew's attempt to attach his free speech bill as a rider to the Indian appropriation bill was knocked out today on a point of order made by the chairman, Senator Thurston, which point was sustained by Senator Frye, presiding officer.

Congressman Nettie introduced a bill to increase the pension of James R. Swift to \$200.

Comptroller Dawes today approved the organization of the First National bank of Pleasantville, Ia., with a capital of \$25,000, O. L. Wright, S. V. Duncan, F. H. Spalti, W. E. Wright and J. S. Jordan incorporators.

The Shoe and Leather National bank of Kansas and the American National bank of Kansas City, Mo., were today approved as reserve agents for the South Omaha national bank; also the Hanover National bank for the First National bank of Harrison, Ia.; the National Live Stock bank of Chicago for the First National bank of Rock Valley, Ia.; and the Bankers' National bank of Chicago for the First National bank of Rock Valley, Ia.

Senator Kyle left for South Dakota today. He will remain in the state a week or ten days.

A postoffice was today ordered established at Bricker, Lee county, Ia., with Rachel C. Cole, postmistress. Mrs. Madge Bolt was appointed postmistress at Sciota, Montgomery county, Ia.

MAKE PLANS FOR DEWEY DAY

Chicago Reception Committee Has Final Interview with Admiral and Completes Arrangements.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The Chicago reception committee, consisting of W. B. Conkey and J. M. Glenn, has had a final interview with Admiral Dewey today. No mention was made of the admiral's name in allusion to the matter being that since he had accepted the invitation to visit Chicago last October conditions had so changed that he was accepting no further invitations. He assured the committee that he was glad to accept the hospitality of the city of Chicago. He told the committee he had received invitations from various organizations there to become their guest, but had not accepted them. He had placed himself solely in the hands of the city of Chicago. He requested that there be no separate entertainments for himself and Mrs. Dewey. He wished matters to be so arranged that she could attend all the functions at which he would be present.

The admiral, who received the committee in a most cordial manner, was assured that his wishes in this respect would be carried out and also was informed that arrangements had been made to have his son, who is now a resident of Chicago, participate in the various entertainments.

The admiral's party, consisting of himself and Mrs. Dewey, Lieutenant Caldwell, Mr. Maddy of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, a Chinese servant and Mrs. Dewey's maid, will leave this city in a special train on April 11. The maid is a member of the service, infantry, cavalry or artillery. There are also staff officers who have been interviewed on this question, who are unanimous in advocating that the rotary system provided by the bill should apply to officers to secure recognitions from those who occupy high positions in Washington and that merit would be lost sight of entirely, a man's ability to entertain society and to play the part of a carpet knight being the only desideratum for advancement.

The rotary system, as reflected by the bill, is applied to the general policy of allowing officers to serve but four years in the house and that in which the service is longer than one year in the case of a member of the service, infantry, cavalry or artillery. There are also staff officers who have been interviewed on this question, who are unanimous in advocating that the rotary system provided by the bill should apply to officers in the staff below the chief and that unlimited tenure by seniority should govern. It is believed here that should this bill have been championed by other than the secretary of war it would have been reported adversely or indefinitely postponed.

W. A. Dolan, father of Joseph Dolan,

well known third baseman of the Philadelphia league club, died yesterday evening.

NEWS OF THE ARMY.

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