CAUGHT IN BOER TRAP

Two British Batteries with Six Guns and Convoy Captured.

JUST TWENTY MILES FROM BLOEMFONTER

Boers Drive British Garrison from Thaba Nohu Into an Ambush.

ONLY REARGUARD MAKES ITS ESCAPE

Division Under General Colville Leaves Bloem ontein to Effect a Recapture.

DISASTER MAY DELAY ROBERTS' ADVANCE

Renewal of the Old Mistake of Underrating the Burghers Brings More Criticism Upon British

Army

BUSHMAN KOP, Saturday, March 31 .-Household cavalry, two horse batteries and under all circumstances." a force of mounted infantry under Colonel Pilcher, which had been garrisoning Thata Nchu, was obliged, in consequence of the near approach of a large force of Boers, to leave last night.

Colonel Broadwood marched to the Bloemfontein water works, south of the Modder where he encamped at 4 o'clock this moraling. At early dawn the camp was shelled by the enemy from a near point, Colonel Broadas a rear guard.

was captured, together with six guns. The loss of life was not great, since most

fore a shot was fired. General Colville's division, which left here at noon, and he is now shelling the

Roberts' Report Not Received.

LONDON, April 2.-General Buller's anxtous inquiry, whether British officers will ever learn the value of scouting, comes back with enforced emphasis to the British pub He today on receipt of tidings that a convoy with guns has walked deliberately into Boer ambush within about twenty miles of Resident of Kansas City Starts to

Lord Roberts' own report of the affair, if yet received by the War office, has not been published and no account is available to the public except the dispatch from Bushmankop. Nothirg, therefore, can be said regarding the details.

had occupie t

Six of twelve guns, comprising two batheart a ter their recent reverses.

but this is hardly likely in such a difficult Colville has extricated Colonel Broadwood

retrieve the disaster. Criticised for Underrating Boers.

Severe criticisms are heard regarding the renewal of the old mistake of underrating the Boers and the absence of proper precaution. No doubt the affair will revive Boer hopes and inspire confidence among the enemy at a critical moment.

Great things are expected by the Boers of the new commander-in-chief, General Rotha, who has made his reputation wholly during the present campaign. Foreign officers serving with the Boers have expressed surprise at his clever tactics. The proof of continuing Boer activity in the Free State will compel greater circumspection on the part of the British and will probably delay the march of Roberts northward.

Detailed accounts of the fight at Karee from 3,000 to 5,000 men. Brabrant's Horse occupied Wepener last

Thursday unopposed. notification at Kimberley: "I have received instructions that if any

disturbance occurs west of the Vaal river my force is to return and punish the rebels Immediately." Spenser Wilkinson, in the Morning Post

"The attack on Thaba Nehu and the convoy is a sample of the mode in which the Boers will try to conduct the war. It is a legitimate mode and the most effective for Schools, which has been in session here the me place the major upon it. Boer purposes. So long as the Boer army last two days, has adjourned, to meet in keeps the field such attacks will embarrass Chicago on the last Friday in March, 1901. came up with a hospital steward. the British and perhaps the best way to get Theee officers were elected: rid of the difficulty would be a swift advance and decisive blows against the main high schools, Minnesota; vice presidents, the heart. We carried the major to a Boer army."

The Times has the following from Mafeting, Basutoland, dated Friday, March 30; 'General Olivier has just passed Jammers-

collected for the Boers.

PREPARE FOR QUEEN'S COMING

Hotels at Dublin Are Crowded and Trainloads Are Arriving from

DUBLIN, April 1 .- The British channe squadron has arrived off Kingstown for the ucen's visit, which is awaited with intersoand ever-growing enthusiasm. Dublin is rapidly filling. Already the hotels are crowded and trainload after trainload is arriving from the provinces.

Grand stands have been erected in the streets, which are profusely decorated and seen it will be difficult to find space for hanging another flag. A general holiday has years ago have also been taken been proclaimed for Wednesday throughout the county of Dublin.

As a last attempt at a counter attraction the extremists have placarded the city with an invitation to citizens to join a mone-rous demonstration of nationalist societies which, according to the program, is to start from the Transvaal committee rooms on the night of her majesty's arrival. It is probable that the demonstration will be forbliden.

MASERU, Basutoland, March 31—President Steyn is reported to have gone to Liverpool, for New York—Arrived—La Bretagne, from Havre; Rotterdam, from Rotterdam, At Queenstown—Salled—Etruria, from Liverpool, for New York.

Ladybrand to stir up the burghers there to

renewed resistance.
The Boers have removed from the immediate vicinity of Plattberg and taken up

commanding position adjacent. The Dutch who surrendered their arms at Ladybrand are suffering seizures of their

BOTHA FAVORED BY JOUBERT TO STATE THEIR CAUSE TO THE PUBLIC

Last Expressed Wish of Dead General Was that Botha Should Succeed Him.

PRETORIA, Friday, March 30.-President Kruger said in public today that the last expressed desire of the late Commandant General Joubert was that he should be succeded as commandant general by Louis

Roberts' Sympathy for the Family. BLOEMFONTEIN, April L.-Lord Roberts has sent the following dispatch to President

"I have just heard of the death of General Joubert and desire to offer my sincere condolence upon the sad event. Would ask you to convey to General Joubert's family an expression of my most respectful sympathy with their sad bereavement and to assure them also from me that all ranks of her majesty's forces share my Jeelings of deep regret at the sudden and untimely end of so distinguished a general who devoted his life to the service of his country and whose The British force commanded by Colonel personal gallantry was only surpassed by Broadwood, consisting of the Tenth Hussars, his humane conduct and chivalrous bearing

Mortality Among the Captives Delays Departure for the Island of St. Helenn.

CAPETOWN, Saturday, March 31 .- The wood sent off a convoy with the batteries, delayed in consequence of the increased stump speeches in Ohio and the west for while the rest of the force remained to act sickness among the prisoners. Three died President McKinley in 1896 and has cam-The convoy arrived at a desp spruit week. Arrangements are being made to states since. He has been called the "or-(stream) where the Boers were concealed prevent overcrowding. The prisoners do ator of the administration." and the entire body walked into ambush and not complain of their treatment or their food. Many of General Cronje's men when captured were completely worn out with the of the British had walked into the trap be- hardships they had undergone and little strength was left them to fight disease. Moreover, the confinement on shipboard is Bloemfontein early this morning, arrived very irksome to men who have been acsustained to outdoor life.

CAPETOWN, April 1,-Army orders were issued today declaring the abolition of the talion commanded by Major John A. Logan title "Free State railways" and superseding in the Philippines, has written a letter to this by the title "international Military railways."

MAN KILLS BROTHER-IN-LAW

Murder a Family, but is Overpowered.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 1 .- Harboring Imaginary wrongs, John W. McKimm, aged 25 years, this afternoon shot and killed Dr. B. P. Shaw, his brother-in-law, as the Evidently Colone, Broadwood thought it latter sat reading the Sunday school lesson necessary to refreat in haste from Thaba to his 5-year-old daughter. Shaw died in-Nehu, as he rarched all through Friday stantly. McKimm, who had been an inmate night, apparer dy followed by a large force of a sanitarium and is believed to be insane, The forces and guns had to threatened to kill the other five members pass through a deep spruit, which the Boers of the family, and was only restrained after

many men fell into the hands of the Boers. since his wife died, and as was his custom whose dating, displayed so near Bloemfon- he spent Sunday at the McKimm house at tein, shows that they are rapidly recovering | 1517 Forest avenue. The family had caten dinner. Shaw seated himself in a chair in The hope is expressed here that General the parlor, and with his child before him Colville will recover the convoy and guns, on the floor was reading the Sunday school lesson to her. McKimm, as it developed country, and it is probable that the next later, had gone directly to his room from news will be that after a stiff fight General | the table and written a rambling statement in which he stated that he had not been from his difficult position, but failed to treated rightly and that he intended wiping out the entire family, consisting of Dr. Shaw and his child, his mother, two say

The Shaws and McKimms came to Mis- ahead of them. souri from Pennsylvania fifteen years ago. Dr. Shaw married Miss McKimm at Lathrop, siding estimate the Boer forces variously in his profession. McKimm has been conand was discharged from a local sanitarium his would, washing off the blood and dirt two years ago as cured. Recently, however, Lord Methuen has issued the following he had acted queerly. The McKimms are well-to-do.

SESSION OF TEACHERS ENDED

Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools Adjourns at St. Louis -Officers Named.

ST. LOUIS, April 1.-The North Central

two from each state embraced in association safer place and I went forward again to reterritory: Ohio, C. F. Thwing and W. port to someone for duty." bergdrift with 2,000 men, four guns and 800 Wright Sewell: Illinois, Henry Wade Rogers hit," said Lieutenant Gibbart, the recipient and S. G. Cooley; Wisconsin, J. W. Stearns of the letter, upon reading the communicawas accompanied by many women and H. H. Seeley: Missouri, H. T. Fuller and ably arose from the instant killing of the ernor of the province had dispatched a capital \$325,000; South Dakota 6, capital children.

G. B. Monson; Nebraska, C. E. Bessey and hospital steward while he was bending over force of cavalry to the scene of disturbance. \$150,000; Wyoming 3, capital \$75,000. The column, which extended thirty miles, and J. H. Pratt; lows, J. H. T. Main and tion, "but it seems to me that story prob-BERLIN, April 1.-Dr. Leyds informs the Lincoln Bowers; Kansas, F. H. Snow and Logan." Berlin press that 400,000 marks have been William M. Davidson; Celorado, J. H. Baker and W. M. Smiley, Secretary C. A. Waldo and Treasurer Carman were re-elected This executive committee was chosen: President W. F. Slocum, Colorado college; Superintendent A. F. Nightingale, High school Chicago; President A. F. Draper, University of Hilmois, and Prof. E. W. Coy, Hughes High school, Cincinnati.

> Old English Man-of-War Wreck. SAVANNAH. Ga., April 1.—The dredge Babcock, at work in the river for the fer-minal of the Georgia & Alabama railway, minal of the Georgia & Alabama railway, today picked up two old type English cannon, in a man-of-war wreck. One gun weighs about 1,000 pounds and the other \$50 pounds. The vessel is supposed to have been sunk at the time of the British accupation of this city, when the French ailies railed up the river to attack them. A number of cannon balls and several sliver coins of a date of more than 100 years ago, have also been taken out.

Suicide Goes by Gas Poute.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, April 1.

He Will Resign as Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

People of Pretoria, with Tears in Their Eyes, Implored Rim to Tell the American Pecple the Facts.

KANSAS CITY, April 1 .- A Journal spetal from Washington says: Webster Davis of Kansas City will to

morrow tender his resignation to the president as assistant secretary of the interior. Mr. Davis decided to take this course as the result of his visit to South Africa. He will deliver a public address tonight touching the entire scope of the present war and believes that he can best do so while free

from any restraint which his present position would impose upon him. When taking his departure for home from of him at the station. They appealed to the pledges given to the Japanese governhim in tears to state their cause to the ment at the time of annexation. American people and Mr. Davis says his recreant to that pitiful appeal.

He believes the American people are no truly informed on the situation. He will been the occasion of many social festivtherefore avail himself of an early opportun-BOER PRISONERS ARE DYING at a public meeting that shall be free to Ity to relate his experience and observations ception tendered by the Imperial university

Webster Davis is a noted erator. He | tionalities. was once mayor of Kansas City. Later he departure of the British transports with was a candidate for the republican nomthe Boer prisoners for St. Helena has been ination for governor of Missouri. He made

today and twelve have died during the palgued for the republican party in various JUST HOW MAJOR LOGAN DIED

ing to a Letter. CHICAGO, April 1.-Sergeant Major A. E. Gebert of Chicago, who served in the batmilitia associate in this city giving a de- Tasmania, for the Antartic region on Decemtailed account of the death of Major Logan. ber 19, 1898. Sergeant Gebert says in part:

Filipinos in Trees Passed by Amer-

ican Advance Shot Him, Accord-

indications of the enemy in the shape of an Mr. Borchgrevink's expedition consisted of and make a report of the discovery.

"When about three miles from San Jaacross the road about fifty yards directly in Ricevstad as medical officer. our front, some of them standing unarmed Mr. Fougnai was general utility man and as if to screen the trench. The discovery cook. With these went two natives of Finwas made just as we reached a boggy place land to look after nine y dogs. Enormous in the road, kneedeep with mud. Logan dashed, or rather floundered, across teries, all the wagens, and, it is feared, law, Mrs. McKimm, had cared for his child covered a head peeping over the fence and DISTURBANCES IN are insurgents!' Crack! went a rifle from Trouble Grows Out of Recent Action one of the sharrshooters, and the fight was

begun. "The Filipines who had been standing un armed jumped back into the trench and we received a rattling volley and several shots whistled by our ears, coming from the rear.

not to fire this way." "These were the last words I heard him with a view of reforming the constitution.

brothers and a sister. Then descending to "I started back to cross the bog, but as I bibited a performance of a cantati by Pavo, the parlor he slipped up behind Shaw, and reached it a bullet creased my left legging the poet, who was killed in a duel about two placing the revolver against the latter, fired, and another struck the mud a little in front years ago. The public protested and clam-Dr. Shaw never moved and died before the of one, both shots coming from our rear, and ored for Garibaldi's hymn. The poll c therefamily could reach his side. As the other as our column had deployed I could not upon intervened and amptied the theater. members of the family came running to the imagine who was doing the shooting until The demonstration was continued outside scene, McKimm coolly raised his revolver some man cried out to look in the trees and cries of "Long live socialism" and "Long to fire at the first that should enter the and I remembered the tactics employed by live the constituent assembly" were raised. Before he could fire a second time the Spaniards in Cuba. Well, you should The police were again compelled to interhe was overpowered by his two brothers have seen our boys do business with those vene and to disperse the crowd. and taken to the station. There the mur- trees, and seen the Filipinos come tumbling At Turin the authorities took steps to prederor refused to talk and appeared uncon- down. Just think of it, the enemy had let vent the workmen assembling at the railour column pass about twenty-five yards way station to receive Signor Morgari and

Mo. He graduated from the University of the road about ten or twenty yards in greeted the appearance of the socialist dep-Medical college in 1891 and was prominent front of me. I ran to him and found he had uties. Signor Costs made a brief address, sidered of unsound mind for several years ple. I poured water from my canteen over arrests were made, which had mixed with it and then bandaged CHINA ATONES FOR MURDER the wound. He was lying on his breast, his face toward the rear, whence the shots had

come from the trees. "His left cheek was pressed against the ground and both arms were close to his I tried to drag him to cover, as there was a hot fire being poured in on us all the time, but he was a very large man and I could not handle him alone.

"A broken sledge was lying near in the Association of Colleges and Secondary road and I caught hold of a man who helped 'A moment later the regimental surgeon latter stopped to help me with the rude President, G. B. Alton, state inspector of stretcher, when a bullet pierced him near

"The cables reported that Major Logan

MOVEMENTS OF TRANSPORTS Battalion of the Fourteenth Sails from Manila for the United

MANILA, April 1.-The United States transport Sherman sailed today with a battalion of the Fourteenth infantry, Captains Richard T. Yeatman, Armand I. Lassaeigne Field and Oliver, 175 military prisoners and twenty-five ingane,

States.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 1.-The probably remain for several days. The Sheridan brought from Manila 110 army and thirty-two discharged soldiers and eleven navy prisoners and fourteen sick pan-American congress

The transport Grant sailed for Manila to day with a number of assistant surgeons and 5,000 tons of army supplies.

Texas Counties on Contest. HOUSTON, Tex. April 1.—Two countles held primaries yesterday and voted on the contest for United States senator. Moncontest for Chiled States senator. Mon-tagu county, in Congressman Bailey's dis-trict, gave him a large majority. Wise county also declared for Mr. Bailey. In Tarrant county Senator Chilton's campaign manager was beaten for a county office, though a popular man.

DAVIS TO PLEAD FOR BOERS JAPANESE FAVOR BRITISH

Message of Congratulation to Queen Victoria from the Mikado-News from Japan.

> YOKOHAMA, March 14 (Via San Franisco). April 1.-The emperor's message of congratulation to Queen Victoria and the faction in all quarters of the empire and have emphasized the sympathy almost universally felt for the British in the South African struggle.

The death of Prof. Toyama, an ex-minister of education, removes one of the best known scholars of the realm and will attract attention in the west, especially in the United States, where his abilities were It is reported that the emperor will

shortly raise to the peerage Dr. Kentano Kenanko, the first of the Japanese to be Monday and Tuesday, will be devoted wholly granted the honorary degree of LL. D. by Harvard university. He is very well known ators Bate, Depew, Spooner, Cullom, Mason, in New England and Washington. Judging from the strictures of the native press there is fear of some friction be-

tween Japan and the United States on the Hawatian question. There are now some 60,000 Japanese subjects on the islands. It Pretoria 2,000 people gathered to take leave is claimed that the United States is ignoring There are indications that the visit of conscience would haunt him if he proved Prof. Agassiz and his scientific colleagues, who arriver recently on the United States

Fish commission steamer Albatross, has

ities, conspicuous among them being a re-

and the Japanese Harvard club.

The death of Consul General Gowey, which

EXPLORING PARTY RETURNS

Expedition Fitted Out by Sir George Newnes Arrives from South Polar Trip.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., April 1.- The exloring steamer Southern Cross, bearing C. uth Polar expedition fitted out in 1898 by Sir George Newnes of London, arrived today at Campbelltown, near Bluff harbor, New Zealand. Mr. Borchgrevink reports one day it is probable that the necessity for that the magnetic pole has been located. Mr. going on with the Clark case after Wednes-N. Hansen, one of the coologists who started with the expedition, died on the voyage. The Borchgrevink expedition left Hobart,

During the latter part of February, 1899, "The next morning the advance began, the members landed from the Southern Cross ith Major Logan's detachment in the van, near Cape Adair, Victorialand, it having The major, instead of remaining in the po- been arranged that the steamer should leave taken up. sition designated by the books, was in the them there with full equipment of every kind lead, and personally discovered the first and should return for them early in 1900.

outpost. He gave me his horse to ride back nine, including himself. Lieutenant Colonel Colbeck, R. N. R., was selected as first magnetic observer, to be assisted by Mr. Louis The Philippine resolution will be made the cinto a sharpshooter on the point discov- Bernacchie. Mr. N. Hansen and Mr. Hugh ered the enemy intrenched in a position Evans were chosen as zockoglets and Dr. H. on Porto Rico, and it will give way to the Imported. From France wines, hides, weel.

Major supplies of provisions were laid in.

of Socialist Members of the

ROME, April 1 .- Disturbances are reported teday from Bologna, Turin, Naples and Forli between students and socialists, growing "The major turned to me and said: 'Geb. out of the recent action of the socialist ert, tell the men in the rear for God's sake members of the Chamber of Deputies, who are now agitating for a constituent assembly

At Caglari, Sardinia, the authorities pro-

Signor Costa, members of the chamber. The "I looked around for the major in a few military occupied the station, the crowd minutes and found him lying on one side waiting outside. Loud cries of welcome been shot through the head near the tom- exhorting the people to be calm. Several

Government Makes Concessions for

Killing of Hev. Brooks by Executing Murderers.

PEKIN, April 1 .- The Chinese government has "settled" the controversy over the murder on December 31 last of Rev. Mr. Brooks of the Church Missionary society on the following terms: Two of the murderers will ten years, another for two years, a memorial chapel will be erected upon the site of the are made under the new law. murder and a tablet will be placed in Canterbury cathedral, England, at the expense

of the Chinese government. Shan Fung. He was captured in that vi- capital. Next comes Nebraska with 24 ap-L. Bliss; Indiana, Joseph Swain and May was bending over a wounded comrade when cinity and killed by members of the seditions and \$625,000 capital. Kansas has society known as "hexers," who had been very active in destroying villages and rado, 2 applications, capital \$50,000; Monslaughtering native Christians. The gov-tana 1, capital \$25,000; North Dakota 11 life of Mr. Brooks.

DIAZ OPENS MEXICAN CONGRESS.

Republic Will Take Pleasure in Welcoming Pan-American Assembly. CITY OF MEXICO, April 1.-President Diaz opened the spring session of congress this evening. In his memage President Diaz calls attention to the satisfactory termination of the suits entered in New York and William S. Biddle, Lieutenants Robert against Mexico by the Woodhouse bond claimants at the time the Morgans issued the Mexican loan. The president says that not for a moment did he recognize that transport Shoridan arrived from Manila to- Mexico could be sued in a foreign court and It reported typhoid fever aboard and that the American highest courts sustained was placed in quarantine, where is will this principle. The president reviews the Weil and Abra case, which the American courts decided so satisfactorily for Mexico, prisoners, eighty-six sick, eleven insane displaying notable impartiality. He says posed by Comptroller Dawes before granting Mexico will take pleasure in welcoming the

> Electric Curs in Santiago, Chile. SANTIAGO DE CHILE (Via Galveston, Tex.), April 1.-The first electric tram car ever operated in this city went over the in the event was keen,

Corea Grants Russian Demands.

Intention is to Vote on the Measure Tuesday Afternoon.

reply thereto have awakened lively satis- PASSAGE BY BG MAJORITY SEEMS SURE

It is Expected that Seven Republican Votes Will Be Cast Against It,

One Democrat Voting for the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, April 1.- The senate will vote upon the Porto Rican bill Tuesday at about \$7,500,000." 4 o'clock and, previous to that time, each session of the senate, beginning at 11 o'clock to this bill. Speeches will be made by Sen-Clay and Culberson, and probably by other senators. There will be a great rush of speakers

toward the close and the time allowed is considered too short to accommodate all who will desire to be heard. There is, however, the five fiscal years 1894-1898 has been preno disposition to extend the time agreed pared by Frank H. Hitchcock, chief of the upon for taking the vote. foreign markets section of the Agricultural All but two of the committee amendments department. Some of the more important

have been agreed to by the senate. These statements it contains are as follows: two relate to a delegate in congress and to citizenship, and probably will be voted upon agricultural imports of the United States Monday.

Passage is Counted Upon.

vegetable fibers, fruits and tea were the The friends of the bill count upon its passage by a handsome majority, but it is now articles imported most extensively. Measured Mr. Davis has decided on this course after mature deliberation and free consultation regret, not only in the American communitors Davis, Hoar, Mason, Nelson, Proctor, Simon and Wellington. Scnator McEnery, expected that seven republican votes will be democrat, and some independent senators will vote for the measure, but until the exact number of such votes is known the majority for the bill cannot be predicted.

The taking of the vote on the Porto Rican bill on Tuesday will displace the Quay resolution, which was set for that day, and Senator Chandler, chairman of the committee on elections, has given notice that he will postpone calling it up until Wednesday. The Borchgrevink and the survivors of the committee will adjourn the Clark hearing in order to give its attention to the Quay resolution Wednesday, but as it is not expected that the latter matter can be disposed of in day will cause another postponement of the Quay resolution. There are several speeches to be made on the Quay case and there is quite a noticeable disposition on the part of ome senators still further to postpone the vote on it. Senator Penrose, however, announces his purpose to press the consideration as rapidly as possible after it is once

Philippines, Alaska, Mearagua. The Quay resolution is subject to displace-

ment by appropriation bills, conference reports and the Spooner resolution for the temporary government of the Philippines. unfinished business after the vote is taken

Alaska code measure. After that it will divide the time with appropriation bills and conference reports. No the further reason that the Philippines pol-icy has received considerable attention in ada, \$9,882,491, largely farm products; Neth-confronts us. A careful consideration of

connection with Porto Rico. The committee on order of business is not yet thoroughly decided what subject to take up after the disposal of the Philippines resolution. There is strong pressure to secure hemp and sugar, averaged \$4,925,669. first place for the shipping substdy bill, and at present the indications are somewhat favorable to that measure. The Nicaragua canal bill is also pressing for first place and Senator Morgan expresses strong hope of suc-

cess. Hawali Bill in the House WASHINGTON, April 1 .- The program in he house this week is fully mapped out. Tomorrow is District of Columbia day. On

Tuesday, under a special order adopted some time ago, the house will enter upon the consideration of the bill to provide a civil government for Hawaii. By the terms of the order the general debate upon the bill will be read for amendment under the five-minute rule. The final vote will be taken at 4 'clock on Thursday.

Friday will be devoted to private pension legislation and Saturday has been set aside for paying tribute to the memory of the late Richard P. Bland of Missouri.

THE NEW NATIONAL BANKS Applications for Charters Under the Old and New Laws-Some Interesting Statistics.

WASHINGTON, April 1.- (Special.)-A report issued from the office of the comptroller of the currency, Washington, gives in detail the number and capital of banking organizations applying for charters under the new and old banking laws. The report covers the period from December 1 1899, to March 24, 1900. The total number of applications received is 433 and the amount of capital asked for is \$14,940,000. beheaded, one imprisoned for life, one for Most of the applications come from banks with capital of from \$25,000 to \$50,000 and

Western states are conspicuous in the number of applications for new charters. Iowa heads the list with 39 applications Rev. Mr. Brooks at the time of his murder with capital of \$945,000. Minnesota stands was stationed at Ping Yin, in the province of second with 29 applications and \$915,000 filed 17 applications, capital \$425,000; Colo-Journal of Commerce says: "None of these

banks, except a few of the large ones, where application for charters was made in Docember or January, have yet advanced their organization sufficiently to get their circulating notes affoat. It is evident that they will call for several millions of circulation, but the amount will not have such an effect upon the total banknote circulation as has been assumed in some quarters. The banks are not required to take more than 25 per cent of their capital in circulation. This would call for less than \$4,000,000. It is probable, however, that nearly all of the small banks will take circulation to the full amount of their capital. This will call for \$8,920,000 in circulating notes if none of the applications are sifted out when they are submitted to the tests which are procharters. In the case of the larger banks especially those in the east, which represent a considerable proportion of the recent applications, an allowance of circulation to the amount of 50 per cent of the capital applied for would probably be reasonable This would be about \$3,000,000. If the small lines to any successfully. Popular interest banks represented by the pending applications fail in some cases to materialize and others fall a little below their capital, their circulation may be put at \$7,000,000, rep-YOKOHAMA, April 2.-It is reported that resenting a total increase on account of ination. the government of Corea has granted the these new banks of about \$10,000,000. Each | He proposes that the council should found something like 25 per cent of its circula- with the proceeds of the sale of the land. | expense honds for \$100,000 were issued. The white falled to have and it went into the hands of a receiver. Russian demand for ground within the set- of them will probably lock up currency to traveling scholarships for Paris art studen s

TARIFF BILL STILL IN FRONT CONDITION OF THE WEATHER FOR A RESERVE ARMY Forecast for Nebraska-

Fair; Warmer in Eastern Portion

Hour.

7 p. m..... 52

9 p. m 49

m 50

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

tion, so that the net increase, which is dis

tinctly visible in the money supply as the

IMPORTS OF AGRICULTURE

Statement Showing What Foreign

Markets Have Furnished for

Five Years.

WASHINGTON, April 1 .- An interesting

statement showing the sources of the agri-

cultural imports of the United States during

During the five fiscal years 1894-1898 the

had an average annual value of \$368,748,457.

Sugar, coffee, hides and skins, wool, silk.

fifths of our total import trade in agricul-

tural products for the period mentioned

their combined value averaging about \$300,-

Of this sum more than one-half was paid

of the coffee imports, headed the list. Asido

Cuba, the principal source of the sugar

orchased by the United States, ranked next

o Brazil in importance. The average yearly value for 1894-1898 of our agricultural im-

ports from the Island amounted to \$37,403,-

32, or 10 per cent of the total. After sugar

the most important items were tobacco and

The agricultural imports from the United

Kingdom averaged annually \$33,084,065, a

large part being produce of British de-

endoncies re-exported by the mother coun-

ticles. From Germany the average annual

imports were \$23,004,787, beet sugar forming

the principal item; from China, \$17,278,849

Of all the tea imported more than half

Japan also furnished over a third of the tea

silk, fruit and nuts and vegetable o'ls were

erlands, \$8.961.119, Sumaira tobacco com-

The agricultural imports from the Philip-

Of the cources from which products of

disturbed conditions that prevailed on the

Next to the Cuban trade the most im-

000,000. The value for 1898 was only \$46,-

Over one-half the agricultural imports for

and consisted largely of products that can-

DEATH IN SCHOOL HOUSE FIRE

wo Killed and Number Injured in

OWOSSO, Mich., April 1.-Two firemen

The injured: Will Ross, Zene Ross and

The fire caught from a burning chimney

which spread through the cold air ducts to

all parts of the large building. The school

house was on a hill and the engines were

unable to furnish sufficient force to render

the fire department of much use. A por-

tion of the walls fell unexpectedly, carry-

ing Firemen Ross and Tucker down to the

basement with the debris. The other fire-

recover. The building was valued at \$125,-

ROBBERS LOOT A BREWERY

Secretary and Brother Locked in

Freight Car with Watchman

and Fireman.

men looted the Star brewery office at Belle-

ville. Ill., today, after first capturing and

confining the watchman and night fireman of

the plant in an empty refrigerator car near

open the big safe in the office. Hubert Hart-

man, secretary of the brewery, accompanied

by his brother, Hanse, entered the room.

They were promptly covered with three re-

volvers and before either of them realized

the situation, were marched to the same car

This gave the cracksmen undisputed pos-

session of the plant. After drilling the

safe, they applied charges and the outer

and inner doors were blown completely open.

As Saturday was pay day they secured a

they secured, but the amount is thought to

Opposition to American Grant.

Fortin to the city granting ground for the

before the resolutions committee for exam-

valuable papers, which were in the safe.

As the robbers were preparing to blow

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 1.-Three masked

were killed by falling walls today in a fire

Destruction of Building in

460,192, as against \$68,100,195 for 1894.

not be supplied from our own soil,

school were quite badly hurt.

FRANK TUCKER, fireman.

Solomon Vogel, school boys.

FRED ROSS, fireman.

000; insurance, \$46,000.

The dead:

ea and silk being the principal items.

Wool and hides were the leading ar-

from coffee the imports from Brazil were in-

000,000 a year.

considerable.

ruits.

coffee, \$83,570,106.

the leading items.

prising about half.

result of these new incorporations, would be

Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. 43 6 a. m. 42

8 a. m..... 40

9 a. m. 42

10 n. m..... 46 11 n. m.... 50 12 m.... 53

7 a. m.....

Plan to Create Volunteer Force from State Military Organizations.

1 p. m..... 54 2 p. m.... 59 3 p. m..... 57 4 p. m..... 56 5 p. m..... 55 5 p. m..... 55 6 p. m..... 54

IN LIEU OF LARGE STANDING ARMY Representative Hay to Present the Bill for

Naw Army Establishment.

BE MILITARY DIVISIONS

Boards = Officers to Hold Examinations for " Military Appointments.

FORCE NEEDED HEREAFTER GRE

Seacoast Defenses and Philippines Garrisons Will Call for More Men-Citizen Soldiery to Be Held 4 Ready for War.

WASHINGTON, April 1.-Representative Hay of Virginia, one of the prominent memhers of the military committee of the house, has prepared with great care a bill to create out of the militia of the several states a reserve volunteer army for use in time of

in value, these eight items formed over four- war to supplement the regular service. The bill contemplates a general broadening of the basis of the national guard, its equipment with the service rifle and its emplete organization in time of war in regiments, brigades, divisions and corps, for two commodities—sugar and coffee. The with the three battalion formations as in the average yearly value of the sugar imports regular service, and is designed to obviate for 1894-1898 amounted to \$90,418,685, and the necessity of a large standing army upon the expiration of the present law, July 1, Brazil, which furnishes about two-thirds | 1901, increasing the standing army to 65,000 and authorizing the present volunteer army

> The bill will be introduced in the house morrow and receives additional importance from the fact that Hay is chairman of the democratic caucius.

> The measure makes all chizens between the ages of 18 and 45 liable to military service in the volunteer army. It appropriates \$4,000,000 annually for the maintenance and equipment of the national guard of the several states, thus forming the nucleus of the volunteer army, and requires the secretary of war to keep in each state a supply of ordnance stores sufficient for ninety days' use of the national guard of the state in the event of war.

States as Military Districts. It provides a system of mobilization for the guard by dividing the states into millcame from China. From Japan the imports tary divisions and provides for a board of were \$16,892,735, silk being the most im- officers in each state, who shall hold examiportant item, about one-half of the total silk nations for the position of second lieutenant importations coming from that country. in the national guard, such officers to be promoted for merit and emclency.

"The time has come," said Hay today in explanation of his bill, "when it is necessary to consider carefully the future mill-Imports from other countries were: Ha- tary establishment of the United States. In prolonged discussion is expected on the Phil- wattan islands, \$12,073,440, sugar forming the the minds of many, the maintenance of a ippines resolution, owing to the fact that it principal part, and after that rice, coffee, large standing army seems a necessity and s considered a temporary matter, and for bananas and hides; British West Indies, at first blush it would seem that there is no the question has led to the belief that the situation can be met without a resort to that worst enemy of a republic, a large pine islands, consisting chiefly of Manila permanent military establishment. retary of war has well said 'that the regular establishment in the United States will agriculture were received in diminished probably never be, by itself, the whole ma-

quantities during the five years Cuba was chine with which any war will be fought." the most conspicuous. As a result of the "This being admitted, it will certainly not be contended that in time of peace the reguisland our agricultural imports from Cubit lar establishment will be 'the whole maeclined in value from \$73,451,355 in 1894 to chine. Conservative men will seek some only \$13,158,036 in 1898, a falling off of nearly means by which the regular establishment can be reduced to a minimum compatible with the requirements of the country in time portant decline occurred in the case of of peace, and at the same time will offer Brazil, our agricultural imports from that some plan by which an efficient army can be country showing a loss of more than \$20,- placed in the field should we unfortunately

engage in war. Where Forces Must Be Retained.

"On the first day of July, 1901, the presthe five years came from countries lying ent army will be reduced to its peace basis wholly or in chief part within the tropics of 26,610 men. Taking into account the situation which may confront us at that time. will it be necessary to increase the regular establishment beyond that number? reasons given for such increase are various, but the most important are that there must o a sufficient number of men to man effectively our seacoast defense, a sufficient number to preserve the order in the Philippine islands, and a sufficient number to do police duty against the Indians and to take care of the various posts in the United States. which destroyed the Central High school The number of men sufficient for these purof this city. Three other firemen were poses is variously estimated at from 65.000 seriously injured, and two pupils of the to 100,000 men, but it is not now necessary to determine this question, because a year may very materially change present conditions. But it will be admitted by all that the strongest argument which can be used against a large standing army is the crea-Edward Freet, firemen; Frank Davis and

This country has fought all of its wars with citizen soldiers, and no good reason can be given for departing from that policy. Money spent for the purpose of organizing and equipping the militia of the states is money saved, and the sconer this course is adopted the better it will be for the country. Heretofore the militia has not been organized men who fell with the wall were hadly with a view to war. The felly, not to say bruised and crushed, but are expected to crime, of such a policy was demonstrated in the Spanish war. The time has come when we must solve the problem of national defense, and solve it, if possible, in a way to prevent the creation of a large standing army. An organized citizen soldiery in ouch with the people and composed of the people does this. The object to be obtained is to enact a law which will effectively create an organized militia which will be avail-

tion of a well oragnized and thoroughly

equipped national guard.

able at a moment's notice. "The bill, if enacted into a law, will, it is confidently believed, go far toward solving successfully the intricate problem of national defense and at the same time obviate the necessity for any increase of the standing army."

Reciprocity with Italy.

ROME, April 1.- The treaties commission f the Italian Chamber of Deputies has approved the reciprocity arrangement under the third section of the Dingley act signed in which the fireman and watchman were last February in Washington by Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador, and John A. Kasson, special plenipotentiary for the United States.

Last of the Ferris Wheel. CHICAGO, April 1.—The Ferris Wheel, one of the attractions at the World's fair, is to be torn down and the 2,260 tons of iron and steel of which it is composed will small sum. It is not known just how much iron and steel of which it is composed will be sold as scrapiron. The work of demolishing the wheel will probably commence on Wednesday morning. Tomorrow L. V. Rice, the receiver in charge of the property, will ask the circuit court for permission to begin taking down the wheel. Unless a bid is made by some corporation to set up the whoel in some other city the material will be sold as junk. The removal of the wheel from the World's fair grounds to its present site, ten miles distant, cost \$175,000 in order to meet this expense bonds for \$100,000 were issued. The wheel falled to buy and it went into the be about \$100 besides some jewelry and PARIS, April 3 .- The opposition of Charles American National institute has been sent