

CAPE DUTCH RISING

British Governor at Capetown Proclaims Martial Law in Four Districts.

BOER RAIDERS STRIKE FARMERS

Frieska, Barkley West, Kenhardt and Bont-Town Included in Proclamation.

REBELLION IN NORTHWESTERN SECTION

After Occupying Kenhardt Rebel Forces Start to March Southeastward.

MILNER WOULD DISCOURAGE OTHERS

Sir Alfred in His Proclamation Says Many British Subjects Have Taken Up Arms Against the Government.

CAPE TOWN, March 5.—Sir Alfred Milner has issued the following proclamation:

"Whereas, the enemy's forces have invaded the district of Frieska, Kenhardt, Bont-Town and Barkley West, and

"Whereas, many British subjects have taken up arms, and

"Whereas, it is necessary to repel invasion and suppress rebellion, now, therefore, Martial law is hereby proclaimed in these districts.

Boer raiders are unnumbered active in the northwestern section of Cape Colony, where they are stirring up the Dutch.

Martial law has been declared in the hope of discouraging farmers still at their homes from joining any hostile movement.

Sunday's dispatches contained the information that the rebels of Griquatland, reinforced by 600 Dutch farmers from the Frieska district, occupied Kenhardt, 100 miles west of Frieska, after a sharp conflict with the Kaifre, and were marching southward to a town where there are grain stores.

Four hundred refugees from Kenhardt have reached Carnarvon. The natives in that district are reported restless.

OPINIONS OF THE EXPERTS

Military Writers Continue Their Discussions on the Conduct of the African War.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, March 5.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The Post expert says: "A Capetown telegram announces a strong force on the march from Kimberley northward. It is to be assumed as a column for the relief of Mafeking. No telegram from Roberts was published yesterday, from which it may be inferred his army is more busily engaged in the continuance of operations. Churchill's telegram giving a brief review of the recent operations about Ladysmith shows that his tactical and strategical moves of action have not been fully disclosed to the army and correspondents and that some of them await with much interest a further authoritative report."

The leader expert says: "The position selected by the Boers at the junction of the Modder river and Kraalpruit, if well provisioned, may prove a veritable fortress and mobile command can operate in connection with a fixed position as long as these bodies have a supply basis for their limited food. Roberts will probably have to strike at the railway far behind the Boer position on the upper Orange river. The question appears to be solving itself. It is possible there may not be even a fight for the passage of the stream."

VIENNA, March 5.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Blösch, war expert, says: "England's desire to obtain supremacy over the Transvaal can be obtained by peaceful means. The Boers are unfitted for trade or industry. Their civilization is less advanced than that of the British and other Europeans. The latter classes will continue to overrun the Transvaal until they form an overwhelming majority as opposed to a small, weak minority. The Boers are England's supremacy will then follow as a matter of course, while a continuation of the war can only retard the attainment of this object."

LITTLE HEARD FROM 'BOBS'

Commander-in-Chief, as Usual, Keeping His Own Counsel During His Movements.

LONDON, March 5.—The air of mystery which covers the movements of the main British army in South Africa continues, though what information leaks through indicates that the campaign is being carried on with steady progress. The Boers are practically three British armies in the field, one in the Free State, one in Cape Colony and the other in Natal.

All that is known about the first and most important is that it is in close touch with a band of forces estimated to number 6,000 men. Speculation as to the direction and method of General Roberts' advance into the Free State is quite worthless, so carefully are the plans concealed. In Cape Colony the general's headquarters are at Mafeking and the two horns of the army, under General Gatacre and Clements, command the main Boer force in check. General Gatacre and Clements will probably combine and advance on Bloemfontein, with General Buller guarding the right flank with the mobile column. This movement will be subsequent to securing a line of communications along the lines of the Free State railroads, which, according to the latest dispatches, seems almost accomplished.

The third army, that in Natal, is comparatively inactive, save with the exception of sorties, a serious movement can hardly be expected from it this week. When it will be ready to advance its movements must greatly depend upon how much distance the retreating Boers put between themselves and General Buller. As an incident of the British main objective, which at last is clearly outlined as Pretoria, the relief of Mafeking by a force from the south may be expected any day. Colonel Plummer's force on the north seems incapable of accomplishing it.

The only other untoward phase of the military situation that the critics can discern is the enforced temporary inactivity of the Natal army, an instance of which is contained in the dispatches announcing that the flying column which attempted to intercept the Boer retreat only succeeded in driving the enemy further north. General Whittaker's men, according to the Times' correspondent at Ladysmith, will require a fortnight's recuperation.

It is said on good authority that the government budget proposals include a war loan of between £20,000,000 and £30,000,000, extending over a period of ten or twelve years.

Admiral Hay Doing Well. WASHINGTON, March 5.—A cablegram received at the State department today from

ADOLPH HAY, United States consul at Pretoria, indicates that he is having no trouble whatever in the full exercise of his functions and is on an excellent footing with Boer officials, who give him any information desired as to the condition of the British soldiers, prisoners at Pretoria.

KITCHENER IS INEXORABLE

Works Hard and Makes Everyone Under Him Do the Same.

NEW YORK, March 5.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: One of the results of the pacification of the Dutch districts of Cape Colony may be the purchase of large numbers of horses from the farmers. But the amounts set down are believed to be inadequate. General Kitchener can work out the transport problem to Pretoria if anybody can do it. Letters received from officers at Capetown describe General Roberts as a man of business. A staff officer of engineers told General Roberts that he could do certain work assigned to him in the course of a fortnight. "I am sure," said General Roberts, "that you will do as well as you can."

General Kitchener asked the same officer how much time he would require for the job. "A fortnight," was the answer.

"Kitchener smiled grimly. 'Either you will do it in a week,' he said, 'or you will be sent home.' The work was finished in a week. It is this tireless, exacting energy of Kitchener that is putting England's work through in South Africa.

There are other notable instances of his conference of Presidents Kruger and Steyn respecting peace negotiations. South Africans in London have never ceased to regard President Steyn as more directly responsible than President Kruger for the peace negotiations. They are confident that he will be the first to suggest retirement from a hopeless conflict. Steyn in their estimation is an ambitious schemer without Kruger's sturdy qualities and the States general might hinge upon the vote from Douglas county in the legislature, and for that reason it was essential that the fusionists should have control of the city machinery. This is but a sample of what is being said by the supporters of the fusionists, which goes to show the desperate character of the fight being put up to defeat Moore's.

Neville further remarked that he was a candidate for re-nomination and did not expect any opposition; that he was not a candidate for the senate; that the fusionists elected the legislature the two senators to be elected would come from the populist and democratic ranks, in which event Allen would probably succeed himself from the North Platte country and a democrat from the State of Nebraska. Neville stated that he believed the republicans in the Sixth Nebraska district would nominate Judge H. M. Grimes to make the race against him.

ITALY READY TO MEDIATE

Minister of Foreign Affairs Tells Chamber of Deputies Time is Not Ripe.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) ROME, March 5.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Vincenzo Venosta, minister of foreign affairs, replying to an interpellation by Deputy Bosdari, declared Italy was ready to offer mediation when the opportunity comes, but added that the right moment had not yet arrived. He expressed his cordial friendship for England, and the Chamber of Deputies applauded Venosta's declaration, which produced a sensation here.

TOTAL LOSSES OF BULLER

Five Thousand Officers and Men Out of an Army of Twenty-Five Thousand.

LONDON, March 6.—Winston Churchill, describing the relief of Ladysmith in a dispatch published by the Morning Post, says: "The British army lost 5,000 officers and men in an army only 25,000 strong."

General Buller's revised list of casualties from February 14 to February 27, gives 93 men killed, 854 wounded and 25 missing.

GETS MORE LEAD THAN RATONS.

Lady Sarah Wilson Wires that General Buller's Total Losses for England's Daily Mail from Mafeking, under date of February 19, as follows:

"The shelling of the town is less severe, but bullets are more plentiful. Women and children are deliberately aimed at. For this reason Colonel Baden-Powell is having a network of trenches dug all over the town for pedestrians. There are now miles of these trenches, but in wet weather they are impassable and so rats must be run over. (Presumably this means that the rats are served out as a part of the ration.)"

Comment on Leyds' Statement.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, March 5.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Leyds' statement is the leading topic of discussion by the London jingo papers today, whose comments indicate their apprehension of the effect of the selling in Europe and the United States of the British war and honest pronouncement they display an implacable spirit in which the republic may expect to be dealt with if England is victorious, as imperialists anticipate. The Times says:

"Mr. Leyds, it appears, is quite satisfied with the situation, but we doubt whether his equanimity is shared by Joubert or by the Boers, or by such Holland officials as have not yet taken a long leave of absence in Europe."

WAR VESSELS SENT SOUTH

Detroit and Marblehead Sent to Central America on Account of Impending Trouble.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—This statement was posted at the Navy department today.

"The Detroit and the Marblehead have been sent to Central America on account of a dispatch received from our representative in that country, which indicates some recurrence of the disturbed state of affairs and for the purpose of protecting American interests there."

The officials of both the State and Navy departments are in the habit of what reports are meant. It is stated in answer to inquiry that the action of the Navy department was taken at the instance of the State department, which in turn was moved to make a recommendation that ships be sent rather than general reports of threatening conditions in Central America than from any specific official advice. The trouble in the present instance is supposed to grow out of the organization in Nicaraguan territory of a revolutionary expedition under the leadership of Mora, the purpose of which is to overthrow President Iglesias of Costa Rica.

OPPOSITION IS DESPERATE

Fusion State Machinery to Be Used in Effort to Elect Poppletton.

POPULIST CONGRESSMAN GIVES IT OUT

Neville Wants the Mongrel Ticket to Succeed for the Effect It Will Have on the Presidential Campaign.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The whole machinery of the state of Nebraska is to be exerted at tomorrow's election in favor of the fusion ticket. That much was learned through a populist congressman talking to a friend today. Election in Omaha is looked upon as having an important bearing on the fall elections and the fusion forces mean to use every effort to carry Poppletton and the re-branded ticket through for the moral effect it will have in the state.

Only the most pressing republican canvass keeps the residents of Omaha now in Washington at their posts, but their earnest sympathy is with Moore and the whole republican ticket. Not in years has there been a local election here at which the national capital as is shown over the issues at stake this year in the Omaha election. Republicans here realize the desperate fight the common enemy is making to gain control of Omaha's city affairs and they have used every legitimate effort to defeat the fusionists.

Congressman Neville said today that the fusion delegation in congress was hopeful that Poppletton would win because it would have a decided bearing on the November election. He also said that the fusionists States senators might hinge upon the vote from Douglas county in the legislature, and for that reason it was essential that the fusionists should have control of the city machinery. This is but a sample of what is being said by the supporters of the fusionists, which goes to show the desperate character of the fight being put up to defeat Moore's.

Neville further remarked that he was a candidate for re-nomination and did not expect any opposition; that he was not a candidate for the senate; that the fusionists elected the legislature the two senators to be elected would come from the populist and democratic ranks, in which event Allen would probably succeed himself from the North Platte country and a democrat from the State of Nebraska. Neville stated that he believed the republicans in the Sixth Nebraska district would nominate Judge H. M. Grimes to make the race against him.

BURKET'S FIRST BILL

Congressman Burket passed his first bill today authorizing a survey of Frontier country. He will tomorrow make a speech in favor of seating Aldrich against Robinson. Burket will also, especially on the stand to be taken by the populists from Nebraska, as Aldrich is a populist and Robinson a democrat; whether or not they will be consistent and vote for their "populist" brother or follow the lead of the democrats and vote to retain Robinson in his seat.

Congressman Neville is known as a site seeker in congress, having no less than four bills to purchase sites for public buildings in his district, at Chadron, Broken Bow, North Platte and Kearney, and on Saturday he introduced a bill appropriating \$75,000 to purchase a site and erect a public building at Kearney.

Representative Sutherland today filed a petition with the first assistant postmaster general from upward of 100 citizens of Phelps county, praying for a rural free delivery route between Holdrege and Williamsburg. Sutherland was assured that the petition would be given immediate attention and that a special agent would be sent at once to investigate.

Senator Allen introduced a bill granting right of way to the Nebraska, Sioux City & Black Hills Railroad company, across the State Indian reservation.

Senator Pettigrew introduced a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the purchase of a site and erection of a public building at Huron, S. D.

The allowance for clerk hire, through Senator Thurston's efforts, at Oxford, Neb., has been increased from \$100 to \$130 per annum, effective April 1.

A report of the National Bank of Lincoln, at the close of business February 13, was today made public. Compared with the previous statement in December last individual deposits have dropped from \$1,781,280 to \$1,525,936 and loans and discounts from \$1,442,115 to \$1,606,933. The bank's assets are 25.96 per cent against 20.84 per cent in December. Present gold holdings aggregate \$109,215, a gain of about \$25,000 since December. The National City bank of New York was today approved as reserve agent for the City National bank of Lincoln, Neb.; the Third National bank of St. Louis for the First National bank of Muscatine, Ia., and the Commercial National bank of Chicago for the First National bank of Woodbury, Ia.

O. M. Dulman was today appointed postmaster at Shindler, Lincoln county, S. D.

NONUNION MEN JOIN STRIKE

Move Causes Some Uneasiness to Labor Leaders—No Strike on Railroads.

CHICAGO, March 5.—The labor situation in Chicago took on a new phase today. The rapidity with which the strike of the union machinists has spread and the apparent willingness of the nonunion machinists to follow the example of the union men in laying down their tools has made the labor leaders rather apprehensive of the strike becoming unwieldy and President O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists said today that for the present, at least, nonunion strikers would not receive the encouragement of the union. Efforts will be made to confine the trouble to union machinists and sympathetic strikes will be avoided until the situation demands support of that character.

President O'Connell also made the statement that no strikes will be ordered among the machinists employed by traffic lines.

"It is not the intention to allow the strike to interfere with the public convenience," said President O'Connell, "and I have issued strict orders to this effect."

"Union men employed by all traffic lines, not only the railroads, but the surface and

elevated roads in Chicago as well, have been told that strikes will not be countenanced; not only that, but if they walk out, I will fill their places immediately."

About 200 machinists walked out of the Illinois Steel Company's plant at South Chicago today, but 150 of them returned to work at once, convinced that the strike would be a failure.

It was reported that the company had about 200 men ready to take the places of strikers immediately after their departure. The company today, but 150 of them returned to work at once, convinced that the strike would be a failure.

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FUSION HOPES WANE

Desperation of the Poppletton Cause Shown on Every Side.

HIS MANAGERS TURN THEIR LAST TRICKS

Their Only Hope Now Lies in Terrorizing Republican Opponents.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS TO OVERHAUL VOTERS

Popocrats Resort to Outlawry to Ward Off Certain Defeat.

DEMOCRATIC COLONIZATION UNCOVERED

How and Cry Raised by Gang Simply a Blind to Cover Tracks of Their Own Crookedness.

The fusion machine engineering the Poppletton campaign is desperate. Realizing that if left to the free vote of the people their candidate is ignominiously defeated they are bending all their energies to terrorizing voters by swearing in deputy sheriffs to provoke conflicts with the police and inaugurate a reign of terror. They are accused of being members of the gang that held up the Union Pacific train last June at Wilcox, Wyo. Bob Curry claims to be able to prove an alibi and much apparently good evidence supports his claim.

According to reports from Cheyenne the gang which perpetrated the robbery and afterward killed Sheriff Hazen consisted of George Currie, Dutch Cassidy, Tom Dixon, alias Tom Roberts, with three other fellows whose names cannot now be made public. Currie, Cassidy and Dixon have been traced to Arizona. Records of the \$20 bills taken at Wilcox were found in an Arizona town. Harvey Curry, Lon Curry and Bob Curry, it is claimed, are in no way related to George Currie, who spells his name differently. Bob Curry, who says he is Robert Lee Curry, is now in jail in Cheyenne. "I have plenty of friends in Colorado and Missouri. It's going to cost money, but I'm going to establish an alibi and a good one."

Last June when the robbery occurred I was mining at Blackhawk, Colo., for Judge J. H. Mott. My associate, Mr. Assessor Burdette, told me that he had seen a man named Mott who had been in the mine at Denver him some gold on the 8th of last June. I never was in Wyoming. I came west some years ago from my home in Missouri. My mother is living there."

If it turns out that Curry is innocent a new phase of the case is given to the whole matter, particularly the killing of Lon Curry, or Logan, in Missouri, which may prove to be a mistake so far as the train robbery is concerned.

Sample Case of Fraud. What foundation there is for these outbursts was disclosed when a warrant sworn out by the democratic faction was served on a man named Joyce, living at the Windsor hotel, accused of registering, falsely under the name of Judge.

"Why, I work for M. E. Smith & Co.," said Joyce, "and Arthur Smith has been telling me he can get Poppletton and I promised him I would vote for Poppletton. But I'll be blamed if I'll do it now after a Poppletton man has me arrested and thrown into jail for sticking up for him. A workman would be a fool to vote for any man who registers under a false name."

It develops that Joyce did not attempt duplicate registration, but one of the registrars did not catch his name right, so that it appears with one spelling on one of the books and another spelling on the others, which, of course, he was not at fault.

Notorious Ex-Police Men Interfere. Of a piece with these disgraceful exhibitions of ex-police men, under the leadership of ex-Captain Mostyn and ex-Captain Haze, sworn in as deputy sheriffs, spent yesterday in going around to the boarding houses in the Third ward and threatening to arrest every inmate who would dare to vote at the election tomorrow.

Under pressure of the Poppletton managers the democratic sheriff has commissioned a deputy a goody goody of ex-police men, dropped from the force for reasons not to their credit, including Sigward, Keyser, Mostyn, Haze and others, to overawe voters at the polls today, and at the same time act as democratic workers. Never before has there been such a display of ex-police men, interfering with the city elections, the preservation of law and order at the polls being always left to the city police, except in cases where they themselves should say that they were unable to handle the people.

Scandal Registration Books. Another evidence of the fine work of the gang was seen in the entire disappearance of the registration books of the Second precinct of the Third ward. These books were in the hands of one of the members of the election board, Daniel P. Custer, who carried them to the County Democracy headquarters at the rooms of the County Democracy. Search high and low for Custer proved unavailing, until Officer Drummond, in the Third ward, where Custer's office was located, was informed that he had been brought to Chicago and placed in the Illinois Central hospital.

Joseph Hobbs, the most seriously injured of the car, was taken out of the wreck apparently dead. He was pinned to the floor of the car by the rear end of the car, which had been twisted into a shape less mass by the force of the collision. The car in the meantime was burning fiercely and it was with the greatest difficulty that the injured man was finally hoisted through the splintered roof.

Forty Miners Hurt, Two Killed. Miners' Train in Indiana Is Run Into

BRAZIL, Ind., March 5.—A miners' train carrying 400 workmen employed at the mines north of here to their homes in this city was run into by a local freight train on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad at 6 o'clock this evening and the caboose and two cars were smashed to splinters. Melvin Easter and Charles Crompey were instantly killed and more than forty persons severely wounded. Among those seriously injured, many of whom will die, are: Thomas Barrowman, both legs broken; Will Dowdell, injured internally; William J. Lundson, arm broken, injured in chest; Samuel Lynch, internal injuries; John Dickson, back broken; Thomas Davis, both arms broken; John Taylor, both arms broken; William Vesper, internal injuries.

The railroad company sent a special train and brought the wounded to this city. Hundreds of women gathered at the depot and grasped their maimed and bleeding husbands and brothers in their arms when they were carried from the train.

READY TO MEET THE YAQUIS

Troops Ordered to Prevent Them from Crossing the Border.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—A special from Benson, Ariz., says: Rumors have reached here that a large body of Yaqui Indians are headed for the international line. Orders have been issued by General Merriam to the commanding officer at Fort Huachuca to hold troops in readiness, or immediate field service to be used to repel any attempt to cross the line into the United States.

ON TRIAL FOR GOEBEL'S DEATH

Whittaker and Jones Will Be Announced for Connection with Assassination of Governor.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 5.—The examining trials of Harland Whittaker of Butler county and Lee Jones of White county, were suspended in connection with the Goebel assassination trial for tomorrow. Attorney Jones agreed that Jones may be allowed bail without the examination of witnesses. The county prosecutor would not consent to bail for Whittaker and will make a fight to hold him to the April grand jury without bail.

Ship Arrives in London.