

END OF PRINCE'S GANG

Notorious Shukert Fur Robbers of Omaha Come to Grief at Quincy.

TWO ARE KILLED IN A ROBBERY

Gang is Wounded in a Desperate Battle with Police Officers.

ONE DEAD MAN BELIEVED TO BE PRINCE

Trunks Are Found to Contain Burglars' Tools and Skeleton Keys.

MOST DARING CLOQUE OF DESPERADOES

Recalls the Recovery of the Shukert Furs After a Clever Piece of Detective Work by Omaha Officers.

The killing of two safekeepers and the fatal wounding of another at Quincy, Ill., Sunday morning, as told in Associated Press dispatches...

The men who committed the Shukert robbery were known as Tom Monahan, Charles Dennis and Charles Prince...

The shooting at Quincy was one of the most tragic incidents that has been recorded in police annals within recent years.

The bullet that struck Prince in the neck was fatal. The bullet took effect in the skull and death was almost instantaneous.

Prize money kills another. A patrolman who was with the chief killed another one of the robbers on the stairway of the hotel.

Police on the Alert. After the reception of this information the police were on the lookout for the men and when a detective accosted one of them...

It was for the robbery of the Loan bank at Quincy that Prince and his gang were hounded by the police...

The dead robbers were laid out at an undertaking establishment and the wounded member was cared for at the hotel where he was registered.

Clever Work of Martin White. It is conceded by prominent detectives all over the United States that the work of Martin White, the late chief of police of Omaha, in connection with the robbery...

Prince is Wily. But Prince was wily and he studiously kept away from St. Louis. With his pals he appeared in Joplin, the center of the Missouri-Kansas lead and zinc belt...

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Jan. 28. At New York Arrived—Steamers St. Louis, from Southampton; Palatia, from Hamburg; Aller, from Bremen.

NEW QUESTION UP TO BRYAN

Texas Populists Say He Must Make Direct Legislation Paramount Issue—Assert He Will.

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 28.—Populists of Texas publicly announce that J. Bryan will accept the nomination that party for president if it is tendered him.

Dear Sir: You are no doubt aware of the fact that if the Bryan democracy, when they meet in national convention...

"A plan has been suggested and is being discussed all over the nation. The details of this plan are in part: That when our national convention...

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GOODBYE, LADYSMITH

Surrender of the Besieged Town is Now Regarded as Inevitable.

BULLER'S RETREAT SETTLES ITS FATE

General Roberts Believed to Have Advised Surrendering the Place.

WHITE MAY TRY TO CUT HIS WAY OUT

Supplies in the Besieged Town Will Very Soon Be Exhausted.

BULLER'S MEN DISCOURAGED BY DEFEAT

His Force is Paralyzed for a Longer Period Than White Can Endure

-Week in London Opens in Deep Gloom.

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CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair; Warmer; Variable Winds.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

5 a. m. -5 10 a. m. -2

11 a. m. -1 4 p. m. 2

8 a. m. -2 11 a. m. 5

10 a. m. -2 5 p. m. 10

12 m. -1 8 p. m. 7

Below zero.

Great Military Activities. There has been great activity in military quarters in all parts of England since Saturday morning.

The situation at other points is unchanged, but indications that Lord Roberts is preparing plans for an advance across the Orange river come in a dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from Sterksfontein, dated January 25.

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FIFTEEN HUNDRED ARE KILLED

Terrific Slaughter of the Queen's Troops in the Affair at Spionkop.

WARREN'S FORCES RETREAT ACROSS THE TUGELA

Probable Intention of Reaching Ladysmith by More Feasible Route.

BOER ARTILLERY FIRE TOO HOT TO BE ENDURED

Buller Sends in a Full Report of the Advance and Retreat, but Fails to Give Any List of Casualties—London War Office Says it Has No News from the Front.

BOER HEAD LAAGER, LADYSMITH, Jan. 25.—7 p. m.—The British dead left on the battlefield yesterday numbered 1,500.

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LONDON, Jan. 28.—11:35 p. m.—The war office announces that it has no news from the front.

BULLER TELLS ALL ABOUT IT THEY FLEE FROM THE HILL

How the Advance on Spionkop Was Executed and the Retreat Accomplished.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Following is the text of General Buller's dispatch dated Spionkop, Saturday, January 27, 6:10 p. m.:

"On January 20 Warren drove back the enemy and obtained possession of the southern crest of the high mountain extending from the line of Acton Homes and Hengsdorp to the western Ladysmith hills. From then to January 25 he remained in close contact with the enemy.

"The enemy held a strong position on a range of small kopjes stretching from north-west to southeast across the plateau from Acton Homes through Spionkop to the left bank of the Tugela.

"The actual position held was perfectly tenable, but did not lend itself to an advance, as the southern slopes were so steep that Warren could not get an effective artillery position and water supply was a difficulty.

"On January 23 I assented to his attacking Spionkop, but found it very difficult to hold, which was evidently the key to the position, which was far more accessible from the north than from the south.

"On the night of January 23 he attacked Spionkop, but found it too large and strong which he had been led to believe existed in this extraordinary season, was found difficult to obtain.

"The crests were held all that day against severe attacks and a heavy shell fire. Our men fought with great gallantry, but especially mention the conduct of the Second Lancashire Fusiliers and the Third King's Rifles, who supported the attack on the mountain from the steep side and in such a manner that they were not shot down and did so before dawn of January 25.

"I reached Warren's camp at 5 a. m. on January 25 and decided that a second attack upon Spionkop was useless and that the enemy's right was too strong to allow me to force it.

"Accordingly, I decided to withdraw the force to the south of the Tugela. At 6 a. m. we commenced withdrawing the train and by 8 a. m. January 25 (Saturday) Warren's force was concentrated south of the Tugela with the loss of a man or a couple of stores.

"The fact that the force could withdraw from actual touch—in some cases the lines were less than 1,000 yards apart—with the enemy in the manner I did is I think sufficient evidence of the morale of the troops, and that we were permitted to withdraw our cumbersome and slow transports across the river, eighty-five yards broad, with twenty-foot banks and a very swift current, is a fact of which the Boers are justly proud."

"General Woodgate, who was in command at the summit, having been wounded, the officer who succeeded him decided on the night of January 24 to abandon the position and did so before dawn of January 25."

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