Telephones 618-694. BEE, Jan. 28, 1900.

Final January Clearing Sale of Cloaks.

Tomorrow, Saturday, we will close out the balance of our winter Jackets. Now, we must tell you there are not many of them altogether, probably 60 or 70 garments. Some sold at $20.00, some at $18 00, some at $15.00. Come n and take your choice of any of them at $5.

We have six or seven fine Collarettes, one in krimmer and grey fox, regular price was $35.00; Saturday's price, $15.00.

Another is a beautiful Collarette made of Electric and Brown Wolf, our regular price was $30.00; Saturday's price, $15.00.

We have one elegant Collarette made of the best Persian Lamb and natural Marten; our regular price was $50.00; Saturday's price, $25.00.

We have a few very fine tailor-made suits to close. It will pay you to come in and look at what we have to show you. All our $18.00 and $20.00 ones will be sold at $10.00.

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

us that the French government is determined to preserve neutrality."

Colonel Riddell Among Killed.

The killed include Colonel Buchanan Riddell of the King's Royal Rifles. He served in the Niger war of 1881. It is not clear whether the casualties include those at Spionkop or only those resulting from the fighting prior to the Spionkop engagement.

It appears that the Boers had a better range on the British troops when they occupied the hill. Its capture was suspiciously easy. A galling fire was poured upon Warren's forces night and day. Being unable to advance further, he temporarily withdrew to shield his troops from the hail of iron and lead which was reducing his command. His men fought gallantly throughout.

Another advance is being planned.

Meeting of the Cabinet.

The cabinet met this afternoon under the presidency of Lord Salisbury, and doubtless the ministers fully canvassed the new situation, though primarily summoned to discuss the terms of the queen's speech.

Under other circumstances the news from Ladysmith showing greatly improved sanitary conditions, the plentifulness of provisions and the strengthening of the fortifications until the place is regarded as impregnable, would have inspired the nation, but these good tidings to the British are overshadowed by anxiety as to the situation on the upper Tugela.

General Buller's dispatch is dated Spearman's camp, January 26, 10:25 a. m., so there has been no delay in the communications passing between General Buller and the War office.

The thought that the heavy losses suffered during the struggle Tuesday night have counted for naught is dispiriting. Military circles made no effort to conceal their chagrin, expressing the gravest fears as to the ultimate fate of Ladysmith.

Look for White's Capture.

Such authorities as Major General Sir Frederick Carrington, who is under orders for South Africa, and Lord Gifford, who won the Victoria cross while scouting for Lord Wolseley during the Zulu war, would not be surprised to hear of the capture of General White's force within a week. Lord Gifford, who knows the country like a book, could not understand how in the world General Warren even got to the top of Spionkop without ascertaining what positions command it.

The poorness of the maps, it was pointed out, could hardly be an excuse for this, as there must be with General Warren several scouts, to say nothing of officers who at one time or another have served at Ladysmith and whose mere hunting expeditions would have given them knowledge of the country. While General Warren is not blamed for retreating under what is supposed to have been heavy shell fire, he is severely criticised for occupying a position to which he could not bring up his artillery.

BOERS SHELLING KIMBERLEY

Pretoria Reports that the New Long Range Gun in Rhodes' Town Has Collapsed.

PRETORIA, Wednesday, Jan. 24.—The federal forces have started a heavy bombardment of Kimberley. The garrison's new gun carried five miles, but collapsed after a few shots. A body of 200 lancers made a sortie from Ladysmith under cover of a heavy cannon and rifle fire from the forts opposite the laager of the Pretoria commando. The British retired with evident loss. One Boer was wounded. A heavy cannonade started this morning and still continues.

CAVALRY IS ORDERED READY

Fourth Division is Told to Be Ready to Embark Early in February.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Probably as an immediate effect of the receipt of the news of the abandonment of Spionkop by the British force under General Sir Charles Warren, orders have been sent to Aldershot to have the Fourth cavalry division in readiness to embark for South Africa early in February.

German Baron with Boers.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—The Record says: Word has reached Chicago that Curt Ernst Wilhelm, Baron von Biedenfeld, is fighting the British with the soldiers of Oom Paul. The nobleman, who left this city last April, following his acquittal of the murder of Constable Charles A. McDonald, is said to be in the thick of the South African war as a commissioned officer in a Boer regiment.

Transport Arrives at Capetown.

CAPETOWN, Jan. 26.—The British transport Lancaster Corporation has arrived here.

"He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints.

STANTON TO BE BURIED TODAY

Remains of "Fighting Paymaster" to Repose in Arlington Cemetery.

MILITARY ESCORT TO RESTING PLACE

Loyal Legion Will Meet the Body at the Station and Accompany it to the Tomb—Arrangements All Complete.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—The remains of Brigadier General Thaddeus H. Stanton, retired, late paymaster general of the army, who died in Omaha Tuesday, will reach Washington tomorrow afternoon and will be interred at Arlington cemetery. The regulations of the War department do not authorize military funerals, but General Stanton's remains will be received upon arrival of the train conveying his body with a military escort befitting his rank. While the Loyal Legion of the District of Columbia will not turn out in a body, because General Stanton was not a member of the District body, but of Omaha commandery, many of the District comrades will gather individually to do honor to the man who was so universally esteemed.

Senator George L. Shoup of Idaho was one of General Stanton's intimate friends and he has made all the preliminary arrangements, with the co-operation of Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn and Major Huxford, recorder of the Loyal Legion, for the funeral. Carriages have been engaged and will be at the Pennsylvania station when the train arrives to carry the family and the honorary pallbearers, Senators Hawley, Shoup and Thurston, Generals Corbin, Baird and Randall and Major John M. Carson, to the place of interment. The women of Senator Shoup's family will also be present to accompany the widow and her daughter to the grave. The War department will furnish an escort and at the cemetery the Loyal Legion chaplain will read a prayer. Brief remarks will be made by Senators Thurston and Hawley and perhaps some others. Mrs. Shoup will invite the women accompanying the remains from the west to become her guests during their stay in Washington.

HEPBURN'S BILL IS AMENDED

Nicaragua Canal Measure Changed to Make Only Ten Million Dollars Available for Present Use.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce today reconsidered the Nicaragua canal bill, which had been reported with an appropriation of $140,000,000, and changed the appropriation section so as to make $10,000,000 available, with authority to contract for the entire excavation, construction, defense and completion of the canal at a total cost not exceeding $140,000,000.

Before this action was taken Chairman Hepburn of the committee stated that as all the members of the committee were anxious for the success of the bill, it was well to consider some objections which had been raised. He had heard several objections on the ground that the whole $140,000,000 was appropriated now, but would support it if only a portion was made available at once to begin the work.

Corliss of Michigan thereupon offered the new section, which was adopted.

Fletcher of Minnesota asked: "When you get that canal half built for $140,000,000, what will you do for the other half?"

Corliss answered that the highest estimate of cost thus far was $133,000,000. Hepburn added that in the amended form the bill simply applied the contract system and limited the aggregate to $140,000,000.

In the amended form the bill was ordered reported.

The Pacific cable question was then taken up and General Wager Swayne of New York spoke in favor of private construction and operation of the cable line as against government ownership.

EUROPE NOT BEING CONSULTED.

No Exchanges with Foreign Governments Concerning the Canal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—A statement made last week by authority to the effect that the government has engaged in no exchanges with foreign governments regarding the Nicaraguan canal since the beginning of the present congress may now be reiterated. Certain conferences which have taken place in London between Mr. Choate, our ambassador, and Lord Salisbury have not, as erroneously inferred in some quarters, had to do with the subject of an isthmian canal, but related entirely to minor affairs.

Respecting the attitude of foreign nations toward the United States in the event that the pending Nicaraguan bill becomes a law it can be stated that the subject has received nothing more than a preliminary consideration and it is questionable whether inquiries from any foreign power would be acceptable while the bill itself is pending before congress and its fate is uncertain. In the event of the final passage of the bill it is probable that the first overtures directed to any foreign government by the United States in connection with this matter would be made to Costa Rica and Nicaragua and not to an European power.

Greely Suffers a Setback.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—General Greely has experienced quite a setback in the steady improvement of his condition in the severe cold contracted while on a visit to the War department. He is confined to his bed.

GERMANY ENTERS A PROTEST

Complaints Presented by Von Holleben Submitted to the House.

DISLIKE EXISTING CUSTOMS REGULATIONS

Ambassador Says System is Calculated to Injure German Export Trade by Disclosure of Business Secrets of Industry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Secretary Hay has sent to Speaker Henderson for submission to the house copies of complaints of the German government presented by its ambassador here, Dr. von Holleben, against the existing customs regulations of the United States applicable to merchandise imported from Germany.

These complaints, as summarized by Mr. Hay, are as follows:

First, that the regulations governing the authentication of invoices by the consular officers of the United States, confer upon them the power of obtaining from the shippers such information as might be used to the detriment of the German trade, if disclosed to American competitors, and that in any event the details which may be inquired into by the consul constitute a hindrance to the speedy transaction of this business and a cause of molestation.

Second, that in the American ports of arrival the consular certificates are merely examined with regard to their form, while the market value of the goods is finally decided by the American customs appraisers, without regard to the invoice statement.

Third, that owing to the mode of procedure of the appraisers it is hardly possible to prove the correctness of the declarations in the service, because their decisions are rendered on the strength of assertions and facts which never come to the knowledge of the exporters.

Secretary of the Treasury Gage, in a letter reviewing the ambassador's complaints, states that the existing consular and customs regulations cannot be modified without departure from the law of 1890 and that such regulations "are equally applicable to shipments from any foreign country and do not discriminate against or in favor of any particular foreign market." Gage suggests that congress deal with the matter.

Ambassador von Holleben's letter specifies that the system is highly calculated to injure the German export trade and in some cases lead to an entire disclosure of the conditions of production and the business secrets of German industry.

In conclusion he asks Secretary Hay "to give to the complaints of my government the kind consideration demanded by the friendly relations existing between the two countries."

OPPOSE THE MANILA CABLE CLAIM.

Strong Opposition in House to Paying Cost of Repairing Cable Cut.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The greater portion of the session of the house today was devoted to eulogies upon the life and public services of the late Vice President Hobart. The tributes paid to his memory were not the usual perfunctory eulogies, but breathed the love and admiration and respect in which he was universally held. Those who spoke were: Messrs. Gardner, Stewart, Parker, Fowler and Daly of New Jersey; Dolliver and Cousins of Iowa, Payne of New York, Dalzell and Brosius of Pennsylvania, Richardson of Tennessee and Griggs of Georgia.

Before the eulogies began the conference report on the census bill was adopted and an attempt was made to pass a bill to pay the cost of repairing the Manila cable, which Dewey cut just prior to his great victory. Opposition developed, however, and it went over.

Mahon of Pennsylvania called up the bill to authorize the secretary of state to pay the Australasia and China Telegraph company the amount of the expenses incurred in repairing the Manila-Hong Kong cable, cut by Admiral Dewey during the war with Spain. This was the first bill carrying an appropriation to indemnify a company for property destroyed during the Spanish war.

Mahon explained that the government took the position that it was not liable for loss due to the interruption of the cable, but only for the actual expenses of repairing the cable.

Ray of New York said the attorney general had reported that the company had no claim for indemnity. There were thousands of claims pending and he thought it would establish a dangerous precedent to pay one which the attorney general had reported against.

Hill of Illinois, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, thought the bill should be amended so as to state specifically that the claim was an act of grace.

Ray pointed out that since the American occupation of the Philippines the cable company had done more business in a single year than it would have done in twenty had the war not occurred. He thought there was no equity in the claim.

Moody of Massachusetts argued that the law of nations was well settled that property of neutrals within the theater of war operations had to take its chances. He cited the case of the American fisherman whose claims had been disputed and held up by Great Britain, and declared that before we paid citizens of Great Britain indemnity as an act of grace England should be compelled to pay what was due our own people.

No action was taken on the bill and at 2 o'clock the house suspended public business to listen to tributes to the memory of the late Vice President Hobart.

Washington Briefs.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Clerk hire at Fairbury has been increased from $120 to $140 per annum on a showing made by Postmaster Cross.

Congressman Neville introduced a bill today granting a pension to John Devine of Greeley, Neb.

Major John P. Baker, chief paymaster, Department of the Missouri, has been ordered to take station at Omaha.

To Investigate Idaho Labor Troubles.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The house committee on military affairs has agreed to proceed with the investigation of the Idaho labor troubles on February 14, and it was arranged that the governor and auditor of the state and Brigadier General Merriam should be asked to appear at that time. Sulzer and Lentz, who have been urging the inquiry, are to furnish the names of additional witnesses to be examined.

To Boycott American Meats.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—According to reports from United States consuls in Europe, the butchers of Germany and Austria are about to combine to keep out of those countries American meats. The Austrian butchers already have taken steps to convene a congress of butchers to take steps to meet our competition in meats, among other things.

Nothing Further from Conger.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Nothing further has been heard from United States Minister Conger at Pekin since his cablegram yesterday announcing the selection of an heir apparent to the Chinese throne. Hence it is concluded that the action taken by the convocation of Chinese notables was technically limited to the naming of Pu Chun as the heir apparent.

Spanish Coins Are Lightweight.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—At the cabinet meeting today Postmaster General Smith brought up the subject of lightweight Spanish coins that were being received in the insular service. The matter was turned over to the postmaster general and the secretary of the interior for further investigation and consideration.

Object to New Cable Line.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Mr. Thomas F. Clark, vice president of the Western Union Telegraph company, and Rush Taggart, solicitor of the company, were heard today by the house committee on insular affairs in opposition to the bill designed to give the Commercial Cable company of Cuba landing rights on that island. Mr. Clark reviewed the various concessions granted by Spain and maintained their regularity and the exclusive rights they conferred.

Nashville Given a Hotchkiss.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Secretary of the Navy Long, at the request of Representative Gaines, has presented the city of Nashville, Tenn., with a one-pound Hotchkiss gun which was aboard the gunboat Nashville and was the first American gun fired in the Spanish war.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25c.

DECISION SURPRISES BRAZIL

Addresses a Circular Note to Diplomats on Question of Venezuelan-British Boundary Finding.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 3.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The text of the circular note addressed to the Brazilian diplomats of Europe and America in regard to the question of limits between Great Britain and Venezuela has been published. The note says it was with great surprise that the government was apprised of the finding of the tribunal October 31 last, as the tribunal was made aware that to the south of Mount Roraima that part of the Schomburgk line adopted in the finding marks the litigious zone between Brazil and Great Britain which for more than fifty years has been the subject of constant diplomatic negotiations between these two nations. Brazil has likewise a treaty of limits with Venezuela, made in 1859, which Brazil presented to the tribunal.

The letter says that the finding can have no jurisdictional effect in international right, as it would have none in civil right, in regard to a third power foreign to the question in litigation. The tribunal itself, however, safeguarded the questions with Brazil existing and still to exist, and Brazil has no fear that Venezuela will come to dispute the waters that fall into the Rio Negro and the Amazon.

As to Great Britain their common frontier will be submitted in a short time to arbitration.

STRIKE AT PARIS EXPOSITION

Five Thousand Carpenters Demand an Increase and Upon Refusal Quit Work.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—A great strike of carpenters employed on the exposition buildings, involving 5,000 men, has been inaugurated. The strikers demand an increase of wages from 18 sous to 1 franc per hour.

All the work yards are now guarded by strong forces of police. The bridges are also guarded, but there is no danger unless other workmen join in a sympathetic movement, which does not seem probable. Small groups of carpenters discuss the situation here and there, but there have been no disturbances. The strike is not considered serious by the officials, who believe it will be settled in two or three days.

BITTER ARTICLE AGAINST MERCIER.

Figaro Attacks the General, Who is a Candidate for Senator.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The Figaro today publishes a bitter article against General Mercier on his arrival at Nantes, in support of his candidacy for the senate in next Sunday's election. It says:

"There is something terrifying and lugubrious in the ideas that the French aristocracy can descend to the level of putting forward a general not for military merits or victories—since Mercier's negligence and incapacity cost France the lives of 5,756 of her sons in Madagascar—but merely because he deceived a court-martial by sending it forged documents in order to secure the conviction of an innocent Jewish captain, who barely escaped becoming his 5,757th victim."

German Annexation in Disfavor.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 26.—Reports from Samoa indicate that annexation by Germany is regarded with increasing disfavor by both American and British residents and by the natives themselves. The latter are exceedingly dissatisfied at the turn affairs have taken. The Mataafa followers understood a protectorate was contemplated by the powers and that they would be allowed to select their own king. They have never recognized the provisional government in Samoa. Trouble with the natives is feared and English and Americans are leaving Upolu and Savaii to take up their residence in Fiji and Tonga and the more wealthy of the Malietoan natives are leaving.

Only Ten Recover from Plague.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 26.—News from Honolulu, per steamer Miowera, says: The total number of deaths up to the time the Miowera sailed for this port was twenty-nine out of thirty-nine cases. Two were whites and another was a half-caste. Six other whites who caught the disease were believed to be convalescent. The total death list is as follows: Two whites, one half-caste, ten Hawaiians, three Japanese and thirteen Chinese.

Lawton's Remains at Old Home.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 26.—Arrangements were completed here today for receiving the remains of General Lawton, which will lie in state here. Fort Wayne was Lawton's old home and here he enlisted for the civil war. The body will lie in state at the new court house. The military organizations of this and surrounding cities will escort the remains from and to the depot. A committee will go to Chicago to meet the funeral party and escort it to this city.

STRONG BICYCLER.

His Idea of Tea and Coffee.

"As a traveling representative of the Cycling Gazette and a good wheelman, I wish to say something regarding the use of tea and coffee.

"Two years ago I was almost an invalid. Today I am rugged and strong, and able to ride a wheel seventy-five miles a day. Formerly I was addicted to coffee and tea, but was compelled to give them up, and took to drinking Postum Coffee, for I knew that many wheel riders used it. The effect on myself and family has been very remarkable.

"The sustaining power of Postum Food Coffee is wonderful. Many a time I have gone out early in the morning for a ride, taking only a drink of Postum before starting and no other food before noon.

"Much depends on the making. A skillful cook can make good coffee; i. e., the better the cook, the better the coffee, but anybody who knows enough to boil water can make good Postum, if they will only use a large pot that will not let it boil over, and then boil it long enough. You cannot spoil it by boiling it too long. It won't be muddy, but always settles clear in a moment.

"No pecuniary inducement one could offer would tempt me to leave off Postum Food Coffee and take up ordinary tea and coffee again, for I esteem my health and strength too highly.

"With my hearty wishes for your continued success, which Postum fully merits." C. A. Jackson, 34 Anderson St., Marblehead, Mass.

OMAHA MARKSMEN IN LEAD

First Six Pairs in Inter-City Shoot Give Locals the Better Score.

BELIEVE LEAD CANNOT BE OVERCOME

Score in Initial Day's Shoot Results Omaha 271 and Kansas City 265—Parmelee and Elliott Will Shoot Today.

In the match shoot between the gun club teams of Omaha and Kansas City, which began Friday morning, the local team took the lead in the contest from the start and continued in the lead throughout the day. When the first day's shoot came to an end in the afternoon the Omaha men led by six birds, and it is hardly within the range of possibilities that the visitors will be able to overcome this lead durng the remainder of the shoot.

Interest in the shoot was by no means confined to the participants. The grounds of the Omaha Gun club across the river were thronged by a large crowd of spectators when the match began in the morning and interest did not flag at all during the day.

The match is for fifty live birds to the man and each team is composed of ten men. Shooting proceeded in pairs—a Kansas City man alternating with an Omaha shooter. The first pair consisted of Herman of Kansas City and Kimball of Omaha. From the time the first gun was fired until the conclusion of the day's sport the weather was all that could be desired. There was not a particle of wind stirring and the atmosphere was as clear as could be wished for. It was just cold enough to arouse the energy of the contestants to the utmost. Coupled with the perfect condition of the weather was the superior class of birds. They needed no urging to set them off from the traps and furnished numerous opportunities for excellent shooting. C. D. Linderman of Adams, Neb., Captain A. W. Money and W. F. Quimby of New York, alternately officiated as referees. G. F. Eastman of Concordia, Kan., acted as puller, and James Whitfield of Kansas City and Paul Litzke of Little Rock were the official scorers.

C. C. Herman of Kansas City fired the initial shot and brought his bird to the ground with the first barrel. Throughout the contest, however, the second barrel was, in most instances, employed. At the end of the first pair Omaha led the score by one bird. This lead was increased to three at the conclusion of the second pair. In the third Bramhall and "Grant" Kimball tied, each scoring 44. Smead increased the lead to six in his shoot with Kelley and in the remaining two Stockwell and Hardin tied on 48 and Cockrill and Read tied on 43. At the finish of the first day the score was 271 for Omaha against 265 for Kansas City. Out of a total of 600 birds shot at 536 were killed, giving each man an average of about 90 per cent.

Omaha Men Jubilant.

Omaha shooters were more than jubilant over the outcome of the first day's shoot. They consider it altogether improbable that the lead they have gained can be overcome and nothing but an unlooked for streak of ill-luck to the remaining Omaha shooters and an opposite run of good luck for the visitors can cause the defeat of the locals. Despite this fact Captain Walden of the Kansas City team confidently asserted last night that his team would be victorious in the contest. "We have our best shooters reserved until the second day," he said, "and are sure of overcoming the lead taken by the Omaha team. During the first shoot at Kansas City on the second day we lowered the lead of the Omaha team from eleven to two and expect to duplicate that record at this time."

Four pairs will be shot today, which will complete the team shooting. The final pair is the one in which principal interest centers. The contestants will be J. A. R. Elliott of Kansas City, the champion live bird shot of the world, and Frank Parmelee of this city. In addition to their interest in the team shoot these men have put up a wager of $200 a side on a 100-live bird shoot and the first fifty birds will be included in the score of the team shoot. Parmelee and Elliott will begin their match directly after noon.

Tonight at the Millard hotel a banquet will be served the visiting Kansas City shooters by the Omaha sportsmen. It promises to be a most successful affair in every respect and the menu prepared for the occasion is pronounced by hotel men as one of the finest ever served in Omaha.

Detailed scores of yesterday's shoot follow:

C. C. Herman	10221 21222 22222 20212 22221 22222 21122 22222 10222 22222	—47
R. Kimball	22222 22222 22222 20222 22222 22222 22222 20222 22222 22220	—48
A. Bersheim	22222 02222 02212 22220 22202 22020 22202 22222 20122 22220	—41
Ed Hickman	12122 02222 22222 21220 02200 22222 22022 02201 22022 22222	—39
J. W. Bramhall	2022 0201 2222 0212 2222 12222 2220 2220 2222 2222 2220 02222	—44
Kimball	2220 2222 2222 2222 2222 22222 2022 2220 2220 2222 2202 22202	—44
J. C. Smead	2222 1222 2022 0222 1221 02222 1222 2112 2222 0222 2222 12221	—47
R. Kelley	2221 2202 2122 2012 1221 11111 1212 2102 2220 1122 2021 22212	—44
G. Stockwell	22010 21112 1122 21111 11221 22212 11121 21222 12122 21121	—48
W. D. Hardin	11112 22211 12121 22222 21212 12222 12212 01011 22112 22211	—48
J. C. Read	02222 22222 22222 20222 20222 22222 22220 22220 20202 22222	—43
F. Cockrill	22202 22222 11212 01222 22222 22220 22222 22022 12102 02212	—43

Summary:

OMAHA.		KANSAS CITY.	
Kimball	48	Herman	47
Bersheim	41	Hickman	39
Grant	44	Bramhall	44
Smead	47	Kelley	44
Hardin	48	Stockwell	48
Read	43	Cockrill	43
Total	271	Total	265

Captain A. W. Money, referee.

FORBES WINS WITH HELPLESS ARM.

Stands Off Maurice Rauch for Six Rounds with One Hand.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—With his right arm helpless after the first round Harry Forbes, by constant left-hand jabbing, managed to stand Maurice Rauch off for six rounds tonight at the Fort Dearborn Athletic club and the referee called it a draw.

In the first round Forbes essayed McGovern's style of playing for his opponent's stomach in the clinches. He had the best of the fight while using McGovern's tactics, but in one of the mixups his right arm, which was injured in his fight with Young Simister in New York two weeks ago, became useless and he had to depend on his left for the rest of the fight. Rauch tried hard to land a knockout, but Forbes was too fast for him and jabbed him groggy in the fourth round. Rauch had a shade the better of it in the last two rounds and landed some telling swings to the head. It was a fast fight from start to finish. They met at 115 pounds ringside.

In one of the preliminaries Ed Morris of San Francisco was knocked out in one round by Shorty Ahearn of Chicago. Both are colored welterweights.

Results on the Running Tracks.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 26.—Dr. Walmsley and Acushla were the winning favorites today. Deponon, who won the second race, was played heavily and his price receded from 15 to 5. Results:

First race, seven furlongs, selling: Dr. Walmsley won, Cortialis second, J. E. Cline third. Time: 1:29.

Second race, one mile: Deponon won, Joe Wheeler second, Harry Lucesco third. Time: 1:43½.

Third race, one and one-eighth miles: Moncreith won, King Elkwood second, Tonto third. Time: 1:56.

Fourth race, one mile, handicap: Eva Rice won, Andes second, Florizar third. Time: 1:50¾.

Fifth race, one mile, selling: Acushla won, George B. Cox second, Demosetta third. Time: 1:42¼.

Sixth race, six and one-half furlongs: Ben Chance won, Fleuron second, Diana Fonso third. Time: 1:22½.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—Weather clear and track fast at Oakland today. Results:

First race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile, selling: Flamero won, Tim Toolin second, Colonel Root third. Time: 1:08.

Second race, six furlongs, selling: Cormorant won, St. Cuthbert second, Momentum third. Time: 1:23½.

Third race, one mile, selling: Perseus won, Stuttgart second, Alaria third. Time: 1:42.

Fourth race, five-eighths of a mile, purse: Kiddlove won, Lady Heloise second, Tiburon third. Time: 1:00¾.

Fifth race, one and one-sixteenth miles, selling: Scotch Plaid won, Mariposa second, Opponent third. Time: 1:46¾.

Sixth race, six furlongs, selling: Sly won, Mike Rice second, Ben Lodi third. Time: 1:13.

MYSTERIOUS BILLY SMITH WINS.

Knocks Out Frank McConnell in Twenty-Second Round.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—At the Broadway Athletic club tonight "Mysterious Billy" Smith of this city knocked out Frank McConnell of San Francisco with a right hook on the jaw in the twenty-second round of what was to have been a twenty-five-round bout. McConnell was the favorite in the betting, odds of 100 to 70 being laid on him before the bout began.

Why he should have been made a favorite over Smith was a puzzle to many, but the odds were influenced presumably by the showing the Californian made when he met and defeated Jimmy Handler of New York on his first appearance in this section. Tonight from the first round the western man was never in it and the odds on him quickly receded to even money and then there was a good deal of scurrying by the McConnell people to hedge. The men met at 148 pounds.

The western boxer had nearly two inches the better of his opponent as to height and certainly looked to be in the better condition of the two.

Billy was always on the aggressive, while his opponent used his legs to good advantage in getting out of tight places.

Toward the end of the fight Smith's bulldog rushes were too much for the western man, but at the close of the twenty-first round it was odds on McConnell staying the limit.

The end came in the twenty-second round. After some sparring Smith forced McConnell into the latter's corner. There Billy feinted with his left for the body, drawing McConnell's attention to the preservation of his lower parts, and this was just what Smith had been laying for, as the moment the Californian dropped his guard from the protection of his jaw, Smith with a half swinging blow landed his hook on the mark and McConnell fell, with his head striking the floor within a few inches of his anxious handlers, who threw a towel into the ring and jumped in to look after their man.

McConnell lay for several minutes flat on his back, but the club's physician revived him within six minutes, so that he was able to walk out of the ring with the assistance of his seconds.

The time of the last round was thirty-seven seconds.

Nebraska Whist Association.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Jan. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—The second annual meeting of the Nebraska Whist association opened here this afternoon with forty players in attendance from other places. Much interest was manifested. The result of the first sitting of the pair contest is: Harrison and Harriott, x, 7; Jones and Waddle, x, 4; Rourke and Cohn, x, 3; Bushnell and Corcoran, x, 1. Six other pairs also contested. The result of the first sitting, teams of four, contest for the Lincoln trophy: Ord defeated Lincoln by 11 tricks; Grand Island defeated Greeley by 9 tricks. Ord has 323 tricks and Grand Island 321; Greeley, 303 tricks and Lincoln 301. A business meeting occurs tomorrow.

Snowball Knocks Out Davis.

GALENA, Kan., Jan. 26.—Before a good-sized crowd here Jack Davis of Boston was knocked out in the third round by Snowball of Oklahoma. Snowball jarred Davis with a right hand swing on the neck and followed it up with a left on the jaw that put the Bostonian to sleep for ten minutes. The first round was in Davis' favor.

Yacht Isolde Bought by Hoyt.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—It is announced that Peter Donaldson has sold the yacht Isolde to an American, Mr. Hoyt, who intends to race it in the United States under the command of Captain Archie Hogarth.

NUNEZ AND LUDLOW CLASH

Each Claims He is the Proper Officer to Inspect and Approve Municipal Budget.

HAVANA, Jan. 26.—Civil Governor Emilio Nunez has asked Mayor Perfecto Lacoste to submit for his inspection and approval the budget of the municipality of Havana, acting in this request in accordance with the Spanish laws, which requires civil governors to give formal approval to municipal budgets before the latter are legally perfected.

The mayor replied that he could not furnish the budget to the civil governor, as he had received orders from Military Governor Ludlow to submit it to him.

Senor Nunez says he does not precisely understand his position, especially, in view of the fact that quite apart from the existing law the question of the budget being a civil question is one in which, according to the latest decree of the governor general, the military authorities should not figure. He will refer the matter to Senor Tamayo, secretary of state.

General Ludlow points to presidential orders Nos. 13 and 16, issued in December, 1898, naming him military governor of Havana and empowering him to deal with all matters affecting the finances of the city as well as others.

General Maximo Gomez said today, regarding the appointment of Monsignor Sbarretti as bishop of Havana:

"The Cubans have shed their blood in order that everything in the island might be born again. When Cuba was a Spanish colony the officials and clergy were Spaniards. Now that she is a free country such dignitaries should be Cubans. Cuba needs independence in matters religious as well as political. If Monsignor Sbarretti does not take into account the opposition Cubans feel in this respect, but accepts the bishopric, he will be indeed the genuine representative of an irritating usurpation."

Mr. Frye, superintendent of public schools, is in receipt of reports showing that 879 schools have already been organized. Reports are coming in at the rate of seventy-five a day and it is expected that the number will reach 2,000, representing 100,000 children.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Cures Coughs and Colds

cures them quicker and better than any cough mixture ever made. It does more. It enriches the blood, strengthens mind and body, gives vigor and vitality. Cough mixtures won't do this, nor will they cure deep-seated, stubborn coughs.

Scott's Emulsion will. Try it! At all druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Overwork and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality* in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Omaha, Neb., by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., 16th & Dodge Sts.; Geo. A. Fo sythe, 202 N. 16th St., Kuhn & Co., 15th & Howard Sts., C. De Haven, Druggist.

WISCONSIN LAWMAKER

O. A. Risum of Pulcifer, Wis., Interviewed Regarding Dodd's Kidney Pills.

A Member of the G. A. R. and the Loyal Legion—A Man of Weight in His State—Thoroughly Endorses Dodd's Kidney Pills.

PULCIFER, Wis., Jan. 30.—Few men in this state carry more influence and respect than does Honorable O. A. Risum, ex-representative of the district in the state assembly. Though born in Christiania, Norway, in 1835, Mr. Risum has lived in the United States for the last forty years and is as thoroughly American as if he was American born.

Mr. Risum has seen fit to publicly endorse Dodd's Kidney Pills, and as this is a more than usually significant testimonial emanating as it does from a man of such prominence, Mr. Risum was asked by a correspondent for particulars about his experience with this popular remedy.

"It is said that you have given your hearty endorsement to Dodd's Kidney Pills. Is that so?"

"It is," said Mr. Risum emphatically.

"That you have allowed your name to be freely used in backing up claims made for the medicine."

"And why not," asked Mr. Risum. "Dodd's Kidney Pills have reached my case when all other means failed—why should I refrain from giving the public the benefit of my experience?"

"There is no reason whatever," said the correspondent.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me of kidney disease," continued Representative Risum. "Nothing else would, for I tried everything that was recommended."

"You wrote the Dodd Medicine company a letter to that effect, did you not?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"Is it true that you gave permission for its publication as an advertisement for Dodd's Kidney Pills?"

"Perfectly true, and further, I wrote them a second letter, endorsing Dodd's Kidney Pills after having used them in my family."

Your correspondent secured a copy of this second letter, which follows herewith:

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.
ASSEMBLY CHAMBERS.

Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—It gives me pleasure to state that I have used Dodd's Kidney Pills in my family with the greatest success and can recommend the use of them to those afflicted with kidney complaint. Yours very truly, O. A. RISUM.

Burlington Route

GOING TO PARIS THIS SUMMER?

Yes? Then let us suggest that you AT ONCE arrange details of your trip.

Trans-Atlantic travel will attain record-breaking proportions this summer, and the sooner you reserve your berth, the easier it will be to secure desirable accommodations.

Drop in and see us about it—we can sell you a ticket through to Paris and back again.

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AMUSEMENTS.

CREIGHTON Orpheum Telephone 1531. Tonight 8:15

MATINEE TODAY.

Any Seat, 25c; Children, 10c; Gallery, 10c.

Last two times to see the show that kept New York laughing for six months.

WILLIAMS and WALKER

And their own Big Company—50 CLEVER ARTISTS—50.

The show that kept New York laughing Six Months.

BOYD'S Woodward & Burgess, M'g'rs. Telephone 1919

MATINEE TODAY.

LAST TIME TONIGHT.

"MLLE. FIFI"

The French farce that startled New York. An excellent cast, including Maud Granger, Edward Abeles, Jane Corcoran and others. It's the best thing in town.

PRICES—$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.

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