

Telephones 618-694.

See, Jan. 23, 1900.



New Irish Dainties

Dainty Irish Dainties, exquisite styles, delicate new blues, lavender blues, cadets, pinks, as well as a host of the other new colorings and designs...

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M. AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA. Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

CAPTURE TWO REBEL CANNON

Major Johnson Defeats Eight Hundred Insurgents at Taal.

GUNBOAT MARIETTA SHELLS THE PLACE

Two Americans Wounded and Ten Dead Filipinos Found on the Field-Schwann at Work in the South.

MANILA, Jan. 22, 5:45 p. m.—Two companies of the Forty-sixth infantry, under Major Johnson, and three companies of the Thirty-eighth infantry, commanded by Major Muir, defeated 800 insurgents at Taal, province of Batangas, Saturday, taking the town.

OTIS REPORTS JOHNSON'S VICTORY. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—General Otis informs the War department of the recent military operations in the Philippines in the following dispatch:

MANILA, Jan. 21.—Major Johnson, commanding battalion Forty-sixth infantry, Wheaton's brigade, reports from Lema, 18th and 20th inst., drove enemy through Balayan eastward, moving 15th, capturing sixteen rifles, three machine guns, two hours later, through Calaca, capturing four prisoners, four horses and equipments, six rifles, killed three insurgents; advanced toward Lema that afternoon, captured enemy's outpost, three men, six horses; advanced on Lema 5 o'clock p. m., enemy strongly entrenched; sent by navy gunboat to Taal for assistance, when three companies of Muir's battalion Thirty-eighth sent to Batangas, headquarters, Johnson, drove enemy through Lema on Taal; where he attacked southern portion of city and Muir, northern portion, enemy dispersed, retreating in many places; Johnson's casualties, one man killed, one seriously and two slightly wounded, four field pieces and quantity rifles captured; this movement of Johnson's army conducted and important in results.

ENEMY REPORTED IN LARGE FORCE AND HEAVILY ENTRACTED; sent by navy gunboat to Taal for assistance, when three companies of Muir's battalion Thirty-eighth sent to Batangas, headquarters, Johnson, drove enemy through Lema on Taal; where he attacked southern portion of city and Muir, northern portion, enemy dispersed, retreating in many places; Johnson's casualties, one man killed, one seriously and two slightly wounded, four field pieces and quantity rifles captured; this movement of Johnson's army conducted and important in results.

OTIS.

Casualty List from Manila.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The following list of casualties was received today at the War department from General Otis, under date of January 21, from Manila: Deaths—Victrola, December 31, John Gooding, H. Thirteenth infantry; 31, John Barrett, G. January 13, William B. Sisk, F. Thirty-third infantry; Dismytery, January 12, John C. Bortoff, D. Twenty-third infantry; 11th, William Brady, H. Ninth infantry; 16th, James Ross, E. Thirty-fifth infantry; 17th, William McQuade, sergeant, G. Third artillery; Chronic diarrhoea, January 14, Frank House, G. Fifth infantry; Rupture of aortic aneurism, January 15, George Gatwood, K. Twenty-fifth infantry.

Wounds in action, January 17, Peter Madden, B. Fourth infantry; 18th, Charles S. Gilman, G. Eleventh infantry; Found in Riozaga Bentista, Luzon, covered with incised wounds, January 6, Joseph Crisp, musician, A. Seventeenth infantry.

Tuberculosis, January 16, Robert Mills, corporal, E. Eleventh cavalry; Pneumonia, 15th, Walter Harris, E. Fortieth infantry; Gunshot, accidental, January 12, Clarence Burkla, corporal, M. Twenty-seventh infantry.

Transport Encounters Gates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—The transport Leelanau, which took a cargo of horses to the Philippines, arrived from Manila, after a voyage of thirty-three days, today. It called at Nagasaki and Kobe. From January 1 until last Tuesday the Leelanau encountered a succession of gales.

Wheeler to Sail Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The War department received cablegrams from General Otis today stating that General Wheeler will sail from Manila Wednesday on the transport Warren for the United States by way of Guam and Honolulu.

Rich Ore Chute Discovered.

GRAND ENCAMPMENT, Wyo., Jan. 22.—(Special)—A rich ore chute has been discovered on the Headlight property near this place. While workmen were excavating for a shaft house the rich ore was encountered. The vein is eight inches in width, while the ore is identical with that discovered in the famous Ureka mine. The discovery has caused considerable excitement in this camp.

At a depth of only twenty-eight feet, the looking copper ore has been struck in the "Sure Thing" mine. The ore runs about 16 per cent copper.

From the 26th of September, last, when work was begun on the new shaft in the

"To Err is Human."

But to err all the time is criminal or idiotic. Don't continue the mistake of neglecting your blood. When impurities manifest themselves in eruptions or when disordered conditions of stomach, kidneys, liver or bowels appear, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will make pure, live blood and put you in good health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

DAY OF ORATORY IN SENATE

Pritchard and Tillman Have Lively Tilt Over the Race Question.

TO INQUIRE AS TO POLYGAMY IN UTAH

Resolution of Senator Rawlins Adopted in a Modified Form—Allen Offers Another Resolution for Information.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—This was another day of oratory in the senate, little business beyond routine being transacted. Pritchard delivered a carefully prepared address upon the race question in the south, his remarks being addressed particularly against the proposed amendment to the constitution of North Carolina, which, if enacted, he said, would disfranchise a large class of voters, both white and black.

He was followed by Turner of Washington in a speech on the Philippine question in which he arraigned the administration's policy as set out in the president's message and in the speech of Beveridge. Turner was given close attention by his colleagues.

In the course of his speech Pritchard said that the cry of "negro domination" was the answer given to every proposition made by the republicans. He was interrupted by Tillman, who said that little else was to be expected from the administration continually thrust negro postmasters on the people of the south.

Pritchard: "There you have it. If I should have read the ten commandments to the senator he would cry 'Negro' back at me."

Tillman: "We say nigger in the south, not negro. Let us stick to the white."

Pritchard: "The senator may use whatever expression he likes. I'm satisfied to use mine."

Pritchard, upon resuming his speech, referred to the small vote in the state of Mississippi as compared with the population.

Money of Mississippi interrupted to explain the point Pritchard had made, when he, in turn, was interrupted by Chandler, who asked if an election had been held in Mississippi last year. Money replied evasively.

Chandler: "Well, I wish the senator would examine his mind and tell us whether he thinks an election was held in his state last year."

Money said an election was held in the state of Mississippi last year and intimated he had replied evasively to Chandler's question, because, he said: "I am afraid if the senator (Chandler) as I am of a monkey in a powder magazine with matches. I've been the victim of his wit before; I'm glad to give him any information I have."

To inquire as to polygamy. Hear, chairman of the judiciary committee, reported back in the senate the resolution of Rawlins of Utah for an inquiry upon polygamy with a recommendation that the first and last paragraphs of the resolution be adopted. The report was accepted and the resolution as amended adopted. As passed the resolution reads:

To what extent polygamy is practiced or polygamous marriage entered into in the United States or in places over which it has jurisdiction?

"What, if any, steps should be taken or measures enacted for the prevention of polygamy in the United States and places over which it has jurisdiction?"

Allen of Nebraska offered a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury to furnish the senate with all information consisting of correspondence and verbal communications he may have had with A. C. Hepburn and other officials of the National City bank of New York concerning the transmission of the custom house of New York to the National City bank. It went over under objection.

Depew, from the committee on international exposition, reported on a joint resolution authorizing the president to appoint a member of the Daughters of the Revolution as a representative of this government at the unveiling of the statue of Lafayette at the Paris exposition and also to represent the government at the exposition.

Lockyer of Missouri called attention to the fact that there was an understanding that no woman should represent this government at the Paris exposition, the French government having objected to women representatives.

Depew replied that he knew of no such restriction, but Allison said that such a restriction was made.

The senate, without acting on the resolution, went into executive session, and at 4:48 p. m. adjourned.

MISSOURI MUST WAIT AWHILE

In Drainage Canal Fight Sixty Days Are Required for Return of Service.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—In the case of the State of Missouri called attention to the fact that there was an understanding that no woman should represent this government at the Paris exposition, the French government having objected to women representatives.

Depew replied that he knew of no such restriction, but Allison said that such a restriction was made.

The senate, without acting on the resolution, went into executive session, and at 4:48 p. m. adjourned.

REORGANIZING MILITARY BOARD

New Men to Look After Seacoast Fortifications and Ordnance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The secretary of war has issued an order almost entirely reorganizing the Board of Ordnance and Fortifications. Major General N. A. Miles, who is ex-officio chairman, also a bill granting only member of the former board retained. The new members are Brigadier General John M. Wilson, chief of engineers; Brigadier General A. R. Buffington, chief of ordnance; Colonel John I. Rodgers of the Fifth Infantry; Major General Charles B. Wheeler of the ordnance department; and Captain Joseph E. Kuhn, corps of engineers.

The military members of the board who have been relieved from further service are: Colonel Royal T. Frank, formerly of the First Army; Major General Charles B. Wheeler of the ordnance department; and Captain Joseph E. Kuhn, corps of engineers.

Roberts May Talk at Length. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The special committee to investigate the Representative-elect Roberts of Utah today arranged the program for the consideration of the case in the house. It will be called up tomorrow immediately after the reading of the journal. Taylor of Ohio, chairman of the committee, will open the debate in favor of the majority resolution to exclude and will be followed by Littlefield of Maine, who will present the argument in favor of seating and then expelling Roberts. Roberts will then be given an opportunity to address the house. He will be allowed as much time as he desires within reasonable limits. The vote will be taken at 4:30 p. m. on Thursday.

Tapoca Flour Non-dutiable. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Justice Peckham of the United States supreme court today handed down the opinion of that court in the case of Chew Hing Lung & Co. against the Collector of Customs at San Francisco. The case involved the question as to whether the flour was dutiable as tapoca and admissible free of duty.

The court held that the flour was tapoca and non-dutiable, thus reversing the circuit court of appeals for the Ninth district.

Army Appointments. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The president sent these nominations to the senate today: Army—To be brigadier general, U. S. V., Colonel George M. Randall, Eighth infantry; U. S. A., Colonel James Bell, Twenty-seventh infantry; U. S. V., Sergeant Charles McG. Switzer, Company B, Forty-fifth infantry; U. S. V., To be Paymaster, U. S. A., With Rank of Major—Captain Alfred S. Frost.

French Information to Senate. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The president has sent to the senate, in response to a resolution of inquiry, a report from the \$50,000,000 defense appropriation expended by the State department. The total amount was \$49,800,000; the principal items being: Paris Peace commission, \$155,102; Philippine commission, \$138,420; transportation of destitute refugees from Cuba and Puerto Rico, \$13,800; pay of special agents, \$10,328; calligraphers, \$8,624.

Hearing on Pension Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—General Albert D. Shaw, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, and the pension committee of that organization, had a hearing today before the house committee on invalid pensions on the pending bill to amend and make more clear the act of June 27, 1890. General Shaw spoke briefly and the

main arguments were made by Chairman P. B. Brown of Zanesville, O., and General Daniel R. Sickles, the old commander of the 61st New York. The principal feature of the argument was that the law made so clear as to be beyond the possibility of misconstruction. Some minor changes were proposed in the Gallinger bill and in the main its provisions were approved as giving the remedies desired. General Sickles added at vigorous plea for equitable attention by the government to the veterans in their old age and infirmities.

HAZEN IS FATALLY INJURED

Weather Forecaster Thrown from Bicycle—Skull Cracked from Nose to Back of Head.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Henry A. Hazen, professor of meteorology and one of the chief forecasters of weather conditions at the weather bureau in this city, was probably fatally injured tonight by being thrown from his bicycle. The accident occurred while he was on his way to the bureau.

At the corner of sixteenth and M streets he ran into a colored man, the force of the contact throwing him from the wheel and pitching him forward on his head. The blow was a terrific one, the skull being cracked from over the nose to the back of the head and causing also a hemorrhage of the brain. Physicians afterward trepanned the skull and removed a large clot of blood from the right side. They say his injury is one of the most severe on record and the chances for recovery are very remote.

Prof. Hazen was for some time an assistant to Prof. Loomis of Yale university, but since 1881 has been identified with the government weather service at Washington.

Prof. Hazen was highly regarded as an efficient forecaster. He is 55 years of age, and was born in India of missionary parents.

Want Puerto Rican Free Trade. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The senate committee on Puerto Rico and Pacific islands listened to additional statements of delegates representing the Chamber of Commerce of Puerto Rico today. All urged freedom of trade between the island and the United States, saying it was necessary to the rehabilitation of Puerto Rico and would be largely beneficial to their sugar, tobacco and fruits.

Bennett for Senate Secretary. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Senator Platt of New York will present the name of ex-Secretary Bennett of New York to the republican caucus for secretary of the senate when it assembles on Wednesday and the general opinion is that he will be nominated. It is also believed that Daniel Handell of Indiana will be named for sergeant-at-arms.

Robinson Added to Committee. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Chairman Hay of the democratic house caucus has received the following additional names for membership on the congressional committee: Ohio, Representative Norton; Nebraska, Representative Robinson; California, Representative Devler; New York, Representative Ruppert.

Jones Would Reconsider Treaty. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—In the executive session of the senate today Senator Jones gave notice that at the next executive session he would call up his motion to reconsider the vote by which the Samoan treaty was ratified.

Washington News Boiled Down. Secretary Gage has sent to congress a summary of \$7,500,000 in savings collected during the past fiscal year.

The board on naval construction estimates the cost of rebuilding the Olympia at \$90,000. The work will be done at the Boston yard.

The Chicago drainage canal board has appointed Ex-Congressman W. M. Springer of Washington to take charge of the legal work of the board.

The resignation of Joseph W. Ivey as collector of customs at Sitka, Alaska, has been accepted to take effect on appointment and qualification of his successor.

The remains of forty-six soldiers recently brought to this country from the abandoned Fort Myer at Arlington cemetery with full military honors Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

The secretary of the interior has recalled previous instructions in regard to the right of the state of Utah to sections of school lands within the limits of the abandoned Fort Cameron military reservation.

The December statement of the collection of internal revenue shows the receipts to have been \$2,233,000, an increase over December, 1899, of \$233,000. The total receipts for the six months of the present fiscal year were \$13,780,158, an increase of \$2,457,000 over the corresponding period of last year.

The senate committee on public lands has reported favorably on a bill granting 50,000 acres in Wyoming for the benefit of the State Soldiers' and Sailors' Relief act; also a bill granting the abandoned Fort Myer military reservation to the state of Kansas for a branch agricultural college.

Representative Henry has introduced a bill to provide a form of government for the state of Puerto Rico. It provides for a governor and secretary and a legislative branch consisting of two houses, viz: a senate of fifteen members and a house of representatives of twenty-six members. The right of suffrage is given to all male inhabitants over 21 years of age who are able to read and write either the English or Spanish language.

RESCUE TWO ENTOMBED MEN. All Out but One, Who is Supposed to Be Buried Under Mass of Earth.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 22.—Street Car Inspector Lambie, who was injured by the caving-in of a tunnel here yesterday, is dead. Early this morning two of the entombed men, John Mitchell and John Eckhart, were rescued. They were imprisoned between the first caving-in and one which immediately followed further in the tunnel. They were able to talk with their fellow workers through the mass of earth and it was learned that all were alive except William Payer, who was probably buried at the tunnel entrance.

Stops the Cough and Wreaks Off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25c.

Burglars Interrupted. Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning two men attempted to rob the Columbia Optical company store, but were driven off by the Douglas streets, but their plans were frustrated by the watchful police.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

The police officers were called to the scene of the burglary by the sound of a bell which had been rung by a man who had been thrown through the window of the store by the burglar. The man was injured and the police were called to the scene.

land and Springfield. A few District of Columbia bills of minor importance were passed.

WOOD ON TOUR OF INSPECTION

Governor General Arrives at Cienfuegos and Visits Its Institutions.

TO REFORM THE CUBAN JUDICIAL SYSTEM

Newly Appointed Commission Will Begin Work Immediately—Severe Enactments Are to Be Instituted Against Perjury.

Cienfuegos, Cuba, Jan. 22.—General Wood, General Lee, General Chaffee, Mrs. Chaffee, General Ruiz Rivera, Mrs. Rivera, Miss Lee, Miss Richards, Colonel Burton, inspector general; Colonel Black, chief engineer of the division of Cuba; Lieutenant Harper, aide de camp to General Chaffee; Senior Lieutenant, General Wood's secretary; Senior Judge, General Lee's secretary, and the correspondent of the Associated Press arrived here by special train from Havana this afternoon.

General Wood had previously visited that he did not desire any public reception or demonstration of any nature. He said he was out for work, not pleasure, and that while the women of the party would avail themselves of all opportunities for enjoyment he was personally on a tour of inspection.

The party left Havana at 6:15 a. m. The train halted half an hour at Matanzas, where Chaffee was taken, although the party did not leave the depot.

The band of the Tenth infantry played a selection and all the officers on duty at Matanzas presented themselves. At other places where the train stopped the mayors came on board to make various requests, chiefly for assistance. Most of them asserted that the total absence of public work of any kind had greatly impeded the circulation of money in their districts and that capitalists were apparently not investing to any large extent.

The civil government and chief of the rural guard boarded the train at Santa Inigo and accompanied the party to Cienfuegos. Here General Wood went over all the public institutions of the town, General Chaffee accompanying him.

At all the stations on the way the rural guards lined up and presented arms. General Wood and the party will leave this evening for Trinidad.

To Reform Cuban Judicial System. HAVANA, Jan. 22.—The newly appointed law reform commission will begin work almost immediately. Among the principal innovations will be the establishment of police correctional courts, presided over by salaried judges. The judicial system throughout the island will be made to lend itself to the speedy handling of cases in order that justice may be obtained without delay. At the same time facility to appeal will be granted. Severe enactments will be instituted against perjury, the commission being of the opinion that a few severe statutes will do more toward stopping that crime. Prosecutors are to be abolished. They are a class of "runners" between the courts and the lawyers, often receiving money from both parties to litigation and being quite unnecessary.

General Wood is a statesman rather than a soldier. This is exemplified in his latest decree, in which he softens the harsh and abrupt rules of the military regime and aims to stimulate civil procedure, as well as to avoid any friction between the military and civil authorities.

During December 2,000 houses were disinfecting in Havana.

Senor de Quesada has returned from his tour of the island and reports that the police are cheerful and confident of Cuba's future under the administration of General Wood. He is now busy preparing exhibits for the Paris exposition. These, he says, will be varied and numerous. He has a large assortment of tropical woods, tobacco and sugar and a really splendid collection of mineral specimens.

OFFICERS' SALARIES RAISED. United Mine Workers' Organization Gives Evidence of Being in a Prosperous Condition.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 22.—At the seventh day's session of the United Mine Workers' following board officers were re-elected: Fred Dilcher, Nelsonville, O.; Benjamin James, Jamesville, Pa.; James Burton, Sparta, Ill.; Harry Stogbender, Eastbourne, W. V.; R. F. Fisher, Pratt City, Ala.; G. W. Purcell, Terra Haute, Ind.; Edward McKay, Buena Vista, Pa. A second ballot will be taken for vice president and to select a successor for Board Member John P. Jones of Iowa, who has a long way toward the constitution as amended, gives President Mitchell greater power. It makes him almost supreme and he can suspend certain officers and appoint their successors.

An amendment was passed to increase salaries of officers today. President, from \$1,200 to \$1,500; secretary treasurer, \$1,000 to \$1,200; vice president, \$800 to \$1,200; editors of the Mine Workers' Journal, \$3 per day to \$1,200 per year; national board members, \$250 per day to \$3. These officers also have all expenses paid.

At the opening of the night session of the following special committee to formulate a plan for the establishment of a defense fund: John M. Hunter, Illinois; William Boddy, Pennsylvania; George Young, Alabama; J. H. Kennedy, Indiana; John P. Reese, Iowa; Albert Struble, Arkansas; Thomas L. Lewis, Ohio; John Nugent, Michigan; T. P. Hayes, Pennsylvania, and George Harris, Central Pennsylvania.

The president announced the committee to fix a scale for laborers outside the mine as follows: D. H. Sullivan, Ohio; T. H. Foulds, Indianapolis; Walter Munn, Illinois; M. McTaggart, Central Pennsylvania; Joseph Heffer, Pennsylvania; Joseph Vasey, Tennessee; Phil Roberts, Indiana, and James White, Iowa.

He further announced that the joint meeting between the delegates and operators would be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Tonight the gulf between miners and operators seemed wider than ever. The Indiana operators, at the secret meeting, decided to stand out for the present differential of 25 per cent between pick and machine mined coal, amounting to about 10 cents a ton, and to insist on the right to use screens.

The Illinois operators followed on a 10-cent differential and the use of screens. The

THE TASTE OF "APENTA"

is preferable to that of other Purgative Waters. More gentle in action. Does not cause crampy pains.

THE HOSPITALS OF EUROPE and the UNITED STATES use Apenta regularly. It is recommended by the leading Physicians of the World.

The Name of the APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London, on the label is a guarantee of uniformity and superiority.

THE TASTE OF "APENTA"

is preferable to that of other Purgative Waters. More gentle in action. Does not cause crampy pains.

THE HOSPITALS OF EUROPE and the UNITED STATES use Apenta regularly. It is recommended by the leading Physicians of the World.

The Name of the APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London, on the label is a guarantee of uniformity and superiority.

THE TASTE OF "APENTA"

is preferable to that of other Purgative Waters. More gentle in action. Does not cause crampy pains.

THE HOSPITALS OF EUROPE and the UNITED STATES use Apenta regularly. It is recommended by the leading Physicians of the World.

The Name of the APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London, on the label is a guarantee of uniformity and superiority.

THE TASTE OF "APENTA"

is preferable to that of other Purgative Waters. More gentle in action. Does not cause crampy pains.

THE HOSPITALS OF EUROPE and the UNITED STATES use Apenta regularly. It is recommended by the leading Physicians of the World.

The Name of the APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London, on the label is a guarantee of uniformity and superiority.

THE TASTE OF "APENTA"

is preferable to that of other Purgative Waters. More gentle in action. Does not cause crampy pains.

THE HOSPITALS OF EUROPE and the UNITED STATES use Apenta regularly. It is recommended by the leading Physicians of the World.

The Name of the APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London, on the label is a guarantee of uniformity and superiority.

WOOD ON TOUR OF INSPECTION

Governor General Arrives at Cienfuegos and Visits Its Institutions.

TO REFORM THE CUBAN JUDICIAL SYSTEM

Newly Appointed Commission Will Begin Work Immediately—Severe Enactments