

Telephones 618-694.

See, Jan. 19, 1906.

For Friday's selling we will offer at our January clearing prices, which have become so well known for values, several lines of hose marked low, so that they will sell rapidly, as we must have the room.

12c per pair, reduced from 25c.

Extra quality black cotton hose, extra long, high spliced heels, double black cotton thread, 1 1/2" holes, size 8, 9, 10, reduced from 25c to 12 1/2c per pair.

Misses' black cashmere hose, 2x1 rib, double heels and toes, extra quality, reduced from 25c to 12 1/2c per pair.

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M. AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS. THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co. THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.

MINERS OPPOSE RADICALISM

Resolutions for Strikes When Courts Do Not Please and Initiative and Referendum Checked.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 18.—President Mitchell presided at today's session of the United Mine Workers of America. The committee on resolutions reported three resolutions. One was referred to the committee on constitution and the second denounced federal courts and asked the miners to use their political influence in elections.

The most radical proposition presented to the committee was in a resolution providing that if any federal judge imposed a sentence similar to that given John P. Reese, executive board member, by Judge Williams of Fort Scott, Kan., the entire forces of the United Mine Workers would be suspended until the court's order was rescinded.

The committee also reported resolutions to abolish "black me" stores and to boycott non-union made goods when men are not working, to pay for full time in cash was passed. The credentials committee failed to report on the 100 delegates yet without success.

The committee met and organized with W. D. Ryan of Illinois, president, and W. H. Haskins of Ohio, secretary. After adjournment of today's session, the committee again met and decided to take no action until after the election of a republic.

In a talk to the convention President Mitchell recommended the endorsement of the resolution adopted at the Detroit convention, advising all members of all organizations affiliated with the American Federation of Labor to withdraw from the Knights of Labor.

News has reached here that about 40,000 miners in the Anthracite district of Pennsylvania, near Scranton and Shamokin, who have been in a restless state for some time, have decided to strike.

Harvests Crop of Suckers. St. Louis "Get Rich Quick" Man Finds Plenty of Victims Ready to Bite.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 18.—The Post-Dispatch today says: Numerous complaints against John A. Baker, the commission broker who is charged with having been the originator of a "get rich quick" scheme, have reached Chief Postoffice Inspector Dice.

Mr. Dice declared to a reporter that the firm of Baker & Co., of which John A. Baker is the acknowledged head, had hundreds of intelligent patrons whose losses, figured together, would exceed \$200,000.

"I at first expected," said Mr. Dice, "that we knew his field of operations, but I find it embraces probably twenty states. I have just received communication from an attorney at Toledo, Kan., stating that he has invested \$5,000 with Baker. He received no dividends, and that when he made a demand on Baker the latter replied that he had temporarily suspended payment. There is not a dollar in sight so far as I know and I have been besieged for the last ten days by persons who invested their savings in the concern."

"For a while the plan worked successfully, outside of the part of the principals, but when business began to flag there was a slump. Baker found himself hard pressed, the banks refused to accept his money for deposit and he, deprived of checks, complained that he could not make payment."

"The south was pretty thoroughly covered by his agents, while he did a flourishing business throughout Missouri."

At Marissa, Ill., several citizens formed a club and invested their money in a lump sum. The sum total, I believe, was about \$7,000.

HE FAVORS FIELD DEPUTIES

Agent Matthews Thinks It Better to Have Them Restored.

INDIAN DRUNKENNESS ON THE INCREASE Caused, in the Agent's Opinion, by the Withdrawal of the Deputies—Alien Objections to a Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—C. P. Matthews, agent of the Omaha and Winnebago Indians in Thurston county, Neb., is in the city on business with the Interior Department. Captain Matthews, in speaking of the morals of his agency, said:

"There is a noticeable increase in drunkenness among our Indians since the Department of Justice decided to do away with field deputies connected with the United States marshal's office of Nebraska. When field deputies were around looking up sales of liquor to Indians and preventing possession of the same, the Indians were afraid to purchase or use brewer and consequently the condition of our Indians was greatly improved in the last two months. However, I have seen the Indians steadily going back to their former condition before what is known as the Matthews act became a law and some drastic action is demanded to rectify them. I believe the Department of Justice made a great mistake in removing the field deputies in Nebraska and I shall make it my business to talk Attorney General Griggs with the conditions are under the existing law."

"As to the objection of the Indian office to rebuilding the Winnebago school on the reservation, I hope to show Commissioner Jones the necessity for such a building and that the idea which seemingly obtained that the Indian should contribute to the support of the common schools of the country, as they largely patronize them, is not in accordance with the facts. A new school building is imperatively necessary on the Winnebago reservation to take the place of the one burned down and I hope the Indian appropriation bill will provide for rebuilding the one destroyed."

Colonel Clapp of the Pine Ridge, S. D., agency, is in the city, conferring with the Indian office regarding affairs at Pine Ridge. It is understood he has reiterated his intention of retiring from the army at the end of the present fiscal year. Colonel Clapp has made a suggestion in connection with his proposed retirement which has aroused the ire of South Dakota republicans and excited some comment in the department. He asks that he be permitted to name his successor.

Another Cannon for Omaha. Congressman Mercer and Burkett, notwithstanding an order of the War department that no more captured Spanish cannons were available for distribution to several states, have pooled issues and have been down on Arkansas. Prior to the present, such signal success that they announced tonight that they have secured one captured Spanish cannon each for Omaha and Lincoln. These cannons were captured at Santiago and are similar to the one now in the hands of the War department. They will be turned over to the mayors of Omaha and Lincoln, who will probably turn them over to the park commissioners of the cities named for final disposition.

Senator Allen Proposed Senator Walcott, chairman of the committee on pastures and post roads, to hold the nomination of Rufus Pryor to be postmaster at Newman Grove until he has fully satisfied himself whether Pryor should be confirmed. Allen says Pryor is a perfect candidate to him and he is inclined to antagonize his confirmation. Pryor was appointed postmaster last year, but the office has now been raised to the presidential class, which requires confirmation by the senate.

For a Supply Depot. Congressman Mercer introduced today a bill for the establishment of a permanent military supply depot at Omaha and appropriating \$50,000 therefor. The bill, as drawn by the Commercial club, states a poor chance of becoming a law, in view of the appropriation which it carries, according to members of the military affairs committee, and is regarded as a direct bid for Kansas City and St. Louis to enter the race for a military supply depot by those who know the rivalry existing against Omaha at department headquarters.

Congressman Burkett has accepted an invitation to deliver an address before the University club of Chicago March 1. He secured today an order for a special inspector to go to Lincoln and examine the sidewalk around the postoffice at that city. He is also preparing the same. Burkett introduced today a bill for the relief of Moses Davis of Brownville.

C. A. Potter, Dr. Saville and J. H. Winthrop of Omaha are in the city. They are the organizers of a League of Young Men in the east. In Washington, en route west, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Steele of Falls City, who have been in the city for several days, leave for their home tomorrow.

Dr. H. A. Herring of Omaha was today awarded the contract for supplying valves, pipe covering and air screen in the public building at that city.

John Postmaster's appointment: John Pettit, at Haverhill, Mass.; Myrtle, at Haverhill, Mass.; Myrtle, at Haverhill, Mass.; Myrtle, at Haverhill, Mass.

Union Printing and the Census. Hopkins of Illinois Tells House Members "Hats" Will Be Paroled.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The quartermaster general has been informed that the transport Kilduff, which was captured at Neuqua, is ready for the purpose of transporting a squadron of the Eighth cavalry, which has been relieved from further duty in Cuba, to Newport News. These troops are destined for Fort Riley, Kan. They will start from Neuqua in a few days.

CONDITIONS IN PUERTO RICO

Special Commissioner Carroll Reports Result of His Investigations.

FAVORS TERRITORIAL FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Death Rate Moderate—Crime is Not Excessive—Large Fees Exact—By Priests Prevent Marriage—People Industrious.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Henry K. Carroll, special commissioner for the United States to Puerto Rico under appointment by President Taft, in a report to the civil, industrial, financial and social conditions of the island, has made his report.

The report states that Puerto Rico has an area estimated at from 3,150 to 3,850 square miles. The climate is tropical. The population in 1907 numbered 899,829, exclusive of the Spanish military then occupying the island and the penal population. A comparison of the census of 1887 and 1897 shows that the colored race is decreasing, the whites now numbering 64 per cent of the whole. The Catholic was the state religion and at the time of the American occupation there were only two churches of any other faith in the island. There was one Protestant Episcopal church in Ponce and one Baptist church in the island of Vieques. The public charities are few and poorly supported. Crime is not excessive.

The statistics of births in 1897 show that about 85 per cent are illegitimate. At most of the hearings held by the commission, the witnesses stated that the fees exacted by the priests were too heavy for poor people, who preferred living together unwedded than to meet all the conditions of ecclesiastical marriage. These persons, it was said, are rarely untrue to each other.

Puerto Ricans Very Sociable. The statistics of the report says, are a kindly, hospitable, polite people, very sociable and always ready to do Americans a friendly service.

One of the greatest needs of the island, it is said, is good roads. This is of the highest importance and affects all human interests—social, educational, industrial, commercial and political.

The common estimate of Puerto Ricans is that only one-tenth of the cultivatable lands are in actual cultivation at any one time. The soil of the plains and valleys are generally very rich and have borne crops for generations without the use of fertilizers. The crops most generally raised are in the order of areas occupied in 1896: Coffee, 121,756 acres, area, 6,858 acres, 4,222 acres. Coffee cannot be raised without shade, as in Brazil. The coffee bushes need five years for full development under the shade of banana or other trees, and continue bearing twenty-five and even fifty years. Banana trees give both shade and fruit for the first year. Coffee farms are estimated to be in the first five years. The grapes of coffee are among the finest. The fruits of the island are such as are common to tropical countries. The raising of cattle is an important and lucrative industry. The daily average of the common cow is 12 to 15 cents. There are 50 cents. Women are rarely seen in the fields. The people are industrious.

Recommend Territorial Government. Commissioner Carroll recommends that the constitution and laws of the United States be extended to Puerto Rico and that a territorial form of government similar to that established in Oklahoma, be provided; that the executive power shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation, including regulations for the exercise of the elective franchise; that the local voters of the island be permitted to elect a delegate to congress; that a commission, consisting of three persons who shall be natives of the island, and two of the United States, be appointed by the president to revise the codes; that the jury system be abolished; that the bankrupt and patent laws of the United States be extended to the island; that a court of claims be established to adjudicate all claims to property, secular and ecclesiastical, arising under the treaty of Paris; that the rule adopted by the military government as to civil marriages be continued in force; that the Spanish silver coin be retired and the coin of the United States be substituted; that the lottery be prohibited, and that the governor general and the legislature be required to provide for universal and obligatory education in a system of free schools, where English shall be taught, and that an agricultural experiment station be established for the island.

ROBERTS CASE NEXT WEEK

Debate on Whether He Shall Be Admitted to Be Expelled or Excluded.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Chairman Taylor of the Roberts committee and Representative Littlefield of Maine are busy preparing the majority and minority reports respectively in the Roberts case. They will be filed together on Saturday. It is not expected that the case will be called up in the house till Tuesday or Wednesday of next week. The debate is expected to occupy two or three days. Roberts will be given an opportunity to be heard on the floor in his own defense. Littlefield and De Armond of Missouri, who will sign the minority report, are hopeful that the mode of procedure which they favor will allow Roberts to be born in and then expel him—will be followed. The majority of the committee, on the other hand, are confident that their report will be adopted and that Roberts will be excluded.

UNVEIL A STATE OF WEBSTER

President, Cabinet, Supreme Court and Congressmen Are Present.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—A distinguished gathering of public officials, including President McKinley and his entire cabinet, representative of the senate and house of representatives, the judiciary of the United States supreme court and other branches of public life, participated today in the exercises attending the unveiling of the colossal bronze statue of Daniel Webster, executed by the Italian sculptor Trentacoste, and presented to the United States by Silas Hinchins of this city. The statue occupies a position on Scott Circle, but prior to the actual unveiling the ceremonies of presentation and acceptance were held at the Lafayette opera house.

The president occupied a seat at the front of the stage and back of him sat Secretary Hay, Gage, Root, Louis, Hitchcock, Chief Justice Fuller, Justice Harlan, White and Gray. Senators Hoar, Lodge, Chandler, Allison, Bacon, Fairbanks, Proctor, Tillman; Representatives Lovering, Cousins, Clarke and others identified with the exercises and with the statue which has the honor of clustering about the illustrious Webster. Major General Miles and other representatives of the army, of the navy and of the diplomatic corps, added to

NEARLY ALL THE MEMBERS OF ONE REGIMENT FILE APPLICATIONS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—A large number of claims for pensions are being received by the pension office as a result of the Spanish war. Statistics prepared by the bureau show that the percentage of applications from volunteers is much larger than from the regulars. The battle of San Juan was selected by the bureau as a basis for calculation as the greatest number of casualties occurred there. There were 192 regulars killed, 1,097 wounded and fifty-five missing. Claims for pensions from the regular army number 2,962.

It is estimated that thirty-four volunteers were killed, 177 wounded and forty-five missing. The claims for pensions from volunteers number 3,568. There were twenty-three regiments of regulars and three batteries engaged in this fight, as against nine regiments of volunteers.

One regiment lost none killed, wounded or missing, but has 512 applications for pensions.

GEN. WHEELER FORFEITS SEAT

Must Seek a Re-Election to Serve in Congress Again.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Special to the Times from Washington says: If General Joseph Wheeler accepts to return to Washington to take a seat in congress without further formality it looks as if he would meet with disappointment. Inquiry has been made about the possibility of his being relieved from further duty in the Philippines and it is found that there is no general agreement on both sides of the house that it has been clearly shown by the examination of the case of Low and other precedents that the country would not seat a man in congress and that the only thing open to him is to go back to his district and seek re-election if he desires to continue service in congress.

BILL FOR A GOVERNMENT CANAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Representative Corliss of Michigan has introduced a bill for the construction and operation under the government of the United States of a canal connecting the St. Lawrence, St. James, Philippine islands and other countries. The bill is substantially the same as that of last year, providing for a government canal, except that the section creating a cable commission is eliminated and the president is authorized to acquire, by purchase, the maintenance, operation, etc., of the line to be placed under the control of the postmaster general, the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy. The bill appropriates \$500,000 and limits the cost of the canal to \$1,000,000. Authorization of the canal is to be arranged with Japan and China for cable landing points.

SOUTHERNERS AFTER COTTON MONEY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Southern senators express themselves as hopeful over the prospects of securing legislation during the present session of congress looking to the refunding of money paid into the treasury of the United States since the civil war as the result of the cotton embargo. There was originally about \$20,000,000 of this money, but a portion of it was paid to the owners of the cotton-roller after the close of the war. The remainder was left in the treasury and has remained there since. There is a bill for the refunding of this money, but it has not yet been introduced.

CONSIDERING CONSULAR REFORMS BILL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The house committee on foreign affairs today entered on the consideration of the bill for the reform of the consular service for the promotion and continuous service for consular officers. Adams of Pennsylvania is the author of the bill. It is identical with the bill favorably reported by the foreign affairs committee. The bill provides for the appointment of consular officers by the president, subject to the approval of the senate. It also provides for the removal of consular officers by the president, subject to the approval of the senate. The bill also provides for the appointment of consular officers by the president, subject to the approval of the senate.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS OF HAVANA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—According to a statement issued by the War department the total customs receipts at the port of Havana for the year ending September 30, 1905, were \$1,170,717. The total value of imports into the port of Havana for the eleven months ending November, 1899, was \$52,189,728. Of this amount \$7,658,438 was gold and silver coin. The total imports from the United States was \$19,746,000. The total value of exports from Havana for the year 1899 was \$8,500,552.

DRINKING CANNON INDIAN

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The supreme court of the United States took informal cognizance of the motion of the state of Missouri for leave to file a bill of complaint against the state of Illinois asking for an injunction against the Chicago drainage commission from extending a bill in the name of the state of Illinois.

TO BRING EIGHTH CAVALRY HOME

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The quartermaster general has been informed that the transport Kilduff, which was captured at Neuqua, is ready for the purpose of transporting a squadron of the Eighth cavalry, which has been relieved from further duty in Cuba, to Newport News. These troops are destined for Fort Riley, Kan. They will start from Neuqua in a few days.

TO COLLECT LUMBER STATISTICS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—William Wallace of Chicago was today appointed expert census taker in the census bureau, in charge of the collection of lumber manufacturing statistics. Wallace was for some years connected with journals interested in lumber and was afterward in the employ of a lumber company in Louisiana.

TO REPEAL BANKRUPTCY LAW

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Mr. De Armond of Missouri has introduced a bill in the house for the repeal of the bankruptcy law, with a reservation that proceedings now begun may be closed up.

ORDNANCE BOARD MEMBER APPOINTED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The president today nominated Thomas J. Henderson of Illinois to be civilian member of the board of ordnance and fortification.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF SUGAR

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The American Sugar Refining company announced a reduction of 5 points on soft sugars No. 2 and No. 7 to 10 inclusive, in any quantity, effective today. The company stated that the reduction was due to the fact that the market was overabundant and that the company was forced to sell at a loss.

TO CURE COLIC IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

TURN BRYAN DOWN AS LEADER

Maryland House of Delegates Refuses to Recognize Him as a Moses.

KILLS A RESOLUTION OF INVITATION

His Silver Oratory Not Wanted by the Legislative Body of Maryland. Although It is Overwhelmingly Democratic.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 18.—The Maryland house of delegates, which is overwhelmingly democratic, today refused to endorse W. Bryan as the "recognized leader of the democracy in the United States" and practically killed a resolution introduced by a free silver advocate to invite Bryan to address the body.

Willis of Talbot county, who introduced the resolution, asked that it be considered without debate, but the yeas and nays were voted down and the speaker referred it to the committee on federal relations.

DEATH RECORD

Captain Charles L. Steele. WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Adjutant general received a telegram saying that Captain Charles L. Steele, Eighteenth Infantry, died at Fort Bayard, N. M., today. He was born in Mississippi in 1856, was appointed to the military academy from Tennessee, graduating from the class of 1878. In December, 1898, he accompanied the regiment to the Philippines, where he was taken sick and was compelled to return to the United States.

Dr. C. A. Divin Dies of Peritonitis. ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 18.—Dr. C. L. Divin, D. D., pastor of Unity church in this city and well known throughout the country, died today of peritonitis, after an illness of about a week. He was born in Kentucky, educated in Missouri and Boston and preached in Montana, New York and Massachusetts before coming here.

Prominent Government Physician. WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Dr. Abraham H. Whitmer, first assistant physician at the Government Hospital for the Insane, died of heart failure today, aged 55 years. He had been connected with the Government Hospital for the Insane for over twenty years and was a member of a number of prominent medical societies. He leaves a widow and one child.

President of Brewing Company. PITTSBURGH, Jan. 18.—Alloysius Fraunholz, president of the Pittsburgh Brewing company and president of the Redbacher Publishing company, died this afternoon, after a lingering illness. The deceased was 50 years of age.

First Mayor of Sacramento. NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Thomas M. Dowell of South River, N. J., who was the first mayor of Sacramento, Cal., died today aged 83 years. His son is Melbourne McDowell, the actor.

HYMENEAL

Hutchinson-St. George. Captain Grote Hutchinson, who has been stationed at Omaha for several years, was married in Brooklyn on January 17 to Miss St. George of the latter city. They were accompanied by a large party of friends on a short tour. They will arrive in Omaha in February. Captain Hutchinson's leave was extended for thirty days, with permission to go beyond the seas, a provision which caused some bewilderment among the friends of the bride and groom.

Secretaryship Goes Begging. Representative Sherman Announces He Will Stay in the House. WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Representative Sherman of New York, who returned to Washington today and whose name has been mentioned in connection with the office, has definitely declined the secretaryship of the senate.

San Francisco. To Stan Hirschman Through the Influence of Consul Ho Yow, the Chinese Six companies of this city have agreed to indemnify the small Chinese laborer who has been injured in China for some time. The amount of the offer was \$17,000, which will be offered as a reward for the apprehension of the man who injured the laborer. The members of the Six companies protection from the vengeance of the highlanders for the action they have taken.

WHAT IS THE USE.

No Need to Go Through Life a Sufferer. Means of Relief is Near at Hand and Recommended by People You Know.

What is the use of you suffering from kidney backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and dizziness when a fifty-cent box of Morrow's Kid-Ne-oids will cure you? Probably you have not heard of Kid-Ne-oids, so if you will read the small book "Kid-Ne-oids" you can find out. We give you a reference Mrs. J. C. Davis of 605 South 20th Ave., who says: "My husband is shipping clerk for the Williams Wholesale Hardware Co. He has complained for some time of a dull lingering pain across the small of his back and was quite nervous and restless at night. The pain in his back was more severe at night and he also complained of rheumatism. Learning about Morrow's Kid-Ne-oids, he procured some and took them according to directions and was soon entirely relieved of all his former troubles. I am using Morrow's Liver-Lax and find them to be an excellent remedy for torpid liver, biliousness and spells of dizziness." Morrow's Kid-Ne-oids are not pills, but a natural remedy. Morrow's Liver-Lax are small red granules and sell at twenty-five cents a box. Both remedies can be purchased at all drug stores and from the Myers-Dillon Drug Co., 1515 Broadway, New York City. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

AMUSEMENTS

ORPHEUM. TONIGHT 8:15. THE WINDOW QUINETTE. EMMONS, EMMONS AND EMMONS. THE SOLLIKES and Their Friends. The Little Belgians. MAUDE MEGRETT. EVERETT TRIO. Special—SHEPHERD AND MILES. Prices never-changing—Evening. Reserved seats, 25c and 50c gallery. Box Matinee, 15c. Children, 10c. Sunday, any seat, 25c; children, 10c; gallery, 5c. Next Week—Williams and Walker's Big Company of 50 Artists.

BOYD'S

Woodward & Burgess, Managers, 742-1923. Sunday Matinee and Night and Monday Night.

TIM MURPHY

"The Carpet Bagger." Tues, Wed and Sat. From 11 to 12. "AT THE WHITE HORSE TAVERN."

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought. Castoria is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all ailments of the bowels, stomach, and lungs. It is especially useful for children, the elderly, and the infirm. It is sold in all drug stores and by mail.

Signature of J. C. Watson. Castoria is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all ailments of the bowels, stomach, and lungs. It is especially useful for children, the elderly, and the infirm. It is sold in all drug stores and by mail.

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