Telephones 618-694. Bee, Dec. 8, 1899.

# Kid Gloves

An opportunity to replenish your gloves at one-half regular price—On Saturday, December 9th, we will place on special sale one lot of Trefousse make, ladies' kid gloves, two clasp, colors white, English reds, modes, brown and black. We have always sold these gloves at $1.00 per pair.

**Saturday, special price 50c per pair.**

We have a few sizes left of Foster Lace Gloves, mostly light tan shades, fancy stitchings on back, always sold at $1.50 per pair; now on sale at $1.00 per pair. Our Gloves for holiday gifts comprise the best of makes, in either hook or clasp, made from best selected kid skins, in all the new colorings.

We close Saturdays at 6 p. m.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

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THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.

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## ANSWERS BRIGHAM ROBERTS

Gentile Delegation from Utah, Now at Washington, Issues an Address.

SENTIMENTAL PEOPLE BEING MISLED

**Gentiles Assert Roberts Has No Claim on Sympathies of the People Because He Knowingly Violates the Law.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—An answer to Brigham Roberts' address to the "American people" was made today by a delegation representing the Gentile element in Utah, who are here to oppose Roberts. The answer is as follows:

In this morning's papers Mr. Roberts makes an appeal for sympathy in which are many statements needing correction, while many facts are suppressed.

In other states men who flaunt their violations of the law of decency before the public are sent to the penitentiary. It is only in Utah where such indecency is added to one's eligibility to political preferment.

Mr. Roberts claims that whatever were his civil disabilities before statehood, they were removed by the adoption of the state constitution. At the time of the passage of the enabling act Mr. Roberts was, as he seems in his appeal to admit, disfranchised by act of congress, and therefore not a full citizen of the United States, as by the constitution he must be to become a member of congress; then he is still in the same condition, because the constitution of Utah could not restore him to federal citizenship and the enabling act did not do it.

Mr. Roberts says he has not been convicted since statehood, but it does not follow that he is innocent. He is now a fugitive from justice in Salt Lake county on a charge of unlawful cohabitation, and in Davis county, Utah, where resides one of his polygamous wives with her illegitimate twins, born August 11, 1897, a charge of adultery (a felony under the laws of Utah) has been for two months pigeonholed by a Mormon prosecuting attorney.

Mr. Roberts in his attempt to belittle his crimes insists that he is only charged with a misdemeanor. He knows better. He knows that he had been, under oath and before the proper prosecuting officers, charged with the felony of adultery as well as the misdemeanor of unlawful cohabitation.

**Sentimental People Misled.**

Many sentimental people are being misled by Mr. Roberts' very ingenious suggestions, by which some people infer that he took his polygamous wives before he knew it to be unlawful. This is a mistake. Adultery was a crime in Utah when Mr. Roberts was born, and at the time of the Cullom anti-polygamy act Mr. Roberts was only 6 years old. His plea for sympathy therefore amounts only to this, that he should be allowed to continue his criminal practices notwithstanding he took his polygamous wives in defiance of law. We demand that he should support his families, but also demand that he shall cease the begetting of further illegitimate offspring, and this is our only bone of contention, the only thing demanded which he refuses to yield. In this matter we disclaim any desire to have him declared ineligible because he is a Mormon, but solely because he is violating the laws of Utah, and of the United States and of common decency.

Former Congressman W. S. King was and is a Mormon and no claim of ineligibility was ever made against him. We point to this fact as showing that we oppose Mr. Roberts not on the ground of any real opinions entertained by him, but because of his criminal practices. Neither is this a matter of religious or political persecution or prejudice. The undersigned include men of different churches and men who belong to no church, those who are republicans and those who are democrats. Mr. Roberts denies and we assert that the compact between Utah and the other states has been violated. That compact was evidenced by many public acts, as follows:

First—By the manifesto of the Mormon church in 1890, which by their leading men was interpreted under oath to prohibit the continuance of polygamous relations as well as contracting of new marriages.

Second—By the Utah legislature, which in 1892 made unlawful cohabitation as well as polygamy crimes against the territory.

Third—By the solemn pledges of the apostles of this alleged church, that these laws would be obeyed and enforced, which pledge was made in a petition to the president praying for a general amnesty proclamation.

Fourth—By the declarations made by prominent citizens of Utah before the congressional committee having the enabling act under consideration, where also the foregoing evidences and statements were used to secure statehood.

Fifth—By the declaration in the constitution of Utah, that polygamous marriages shall be forever prohibited.

Sixth—The act of the constitutional convention continuing in force the territorial laws punishing unlawful cohabitation as well as polygamy, of which convention Mr. Roberts was a member.

All these public acts combined show conclusively that the compact includes the discontinuance of old polygamous relations as well as the prevention of new ones.

**Evidence of Broken Compact.**

As evidence that this compact has been broken we point to the following:

First—That in Utah 1,000 illegitimate children have been born to polygamous wives since statehood.

Second—That about 2,000 polygamous households now exist in Utah and that the attempt to secure a punishment of these offenders is denounced by the majority, as we believe, of Utah's citizens.

Third—That the circumstantial evidence unmistakably points to the existence of new wives in polygamous households, the most conspicuous examples of which are the cases of Apostles Abraham H. Cannon, John Taylor and Apostle Teasdale, in at least the first of which the church organ of the dominant church refuses to deny the marriage and the new polygamous wife is employed as a teacher in a church academy.

Fourth—That the very men who interpreted the manifesto of 1890 to prohibit unlawful cohabitation with prior acquired wives now publicly justify its continuance.

Fifth—That most of the same men, who in a petition for amnesty pledged their sacred honor for the obedience of the law by their people, are now by example and precept encouraging the commission of the crime of unlawful cohabitation.

Sixth—As a further evidence of this bad faith, we call attention to the fact that men holding high church offices had plead guilty to the crime of unlawful cohabitation before the state courts without having their church standing affected, even in some cases having their fines paid by sympathetic friends.

Seventh—All this is by necessary implication endorsed by a majority of Utah's people in the election of Brigham H. Roberts, who during his campaign for election was publicly charged with being a violator of the laws, as evidenced by his illegitimate progeny, and in spite of these undenied charges he was elected by an overwhelming majority.

That Mr. Roberts himself understood that compact to mean the discontinuance of unlawful cohabitation, we point to his registration oath of 1895, in which he swore it to be his intention to obey the law prohibiting unlawful cohabitation.

T. C. ILIFF, Salt Lake.
G. W. MARTIN, Manti, Utah.
C. M. OWEN, Salt Lake.
J. M. COOMBS, Brigham City, Utah.
A. T. SCHROEDER, Salt Lake.

**SECRET SESSION ON ROBERTS.**

**House Committee Not Decided Yet on Rules of Procedure.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The committee which is to inquire into the status of Mr. Roberts of Utah held a protracted session behind closed doors today. During the early hours of the meeting Mr. Roberts was present and made a statement as to his general wishes in connection with the inquiry. He said he was specially desirous of having the committee first go into his prima facie right to a seat, afterward taking up the general merits of the subject. He said he favored open sessions. He had indicated also that he desired to present testimony relative to the manner in which the charges against him were prepared. He then retired and the committee continued in private session until 1 o'clock, when a recess was taken until 2 p. m. The details of procedure were still under consideration.

The 2 o'clock meeting was brief and was adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. No announcement was made except that Chairman Tayler of Ohio said the work was progressing satisfactorily and smoothly. It is understood that some question exists as to whether Roberts shall be treated as a contesting member, or be asked to plead as in a trial, and the committee will probably hear him further before reaching a conclusion.

## AMERICAN FRUIT IN BERLIN

**Authorities Begin the Seizures and Vexatious Inspections Again.**

BERLIN, Dec. 8.—The seizures and vexatious inspection of American fruit have begun again. The Nation tomorrow will contain a timely article by Dr. Dohrn, the well known expert, based mainly on a book by Dr. I. Krueger, to which a prize was recently awarded by the Stettin Pomological society, in which the writer furnished strong evidence that owing to climatic differences between the United States and Germany, particularly the American winters, American insects cannot spread here. Dr. Dohrn emphasizes Dr. Krueger's demolition of the long held hypothesis that the Colorado bug and the San Jose scale did severe damage here.

"Since our government experts themselves," says Dr. Dohrn, "now acknowledge that the scale cannot spread here, it is high time to abolish measures that are still enforced against American fruit, measures which lighten the price. There are instances in which the cost of inspection amounts to one-eighth of the market value of the fruit. If the imperial government of its own accord will not stop this nuisance, let us hope that the Reichstag will."

**INDULGES IN ANTI-BRITISH TALK.**

**Anti-Semite Member of the French Chamber is Applauded.**

PARIS, Dec. 8.—During the debate in the Chamber of Deputies today on the colonial budget Firmin Faure, anti-Semite, urged the necessity of strengthening the defenses of the colonies and the colonial army, in addition to a system of French-owned cables. He pointed out that while Mr. Chamberlain's Leicester speech was, perhaps, only his personal view, the fact that a British minister had indulged in such language toward France was sufficiently grave cause for its consideration by the Chamber, and he added it was high time to take notice of Mr. Chamberlain's warning.

M. Faure also intimated that British emissaries were overrunning Tunis, disguised as Protestant missionaries, and selling ammunition to the Arabs.

The anti-British remarks were heartily cheered.

**Accidents to Two Steamers.**

LONDON, Dec. 8.—The British steamer Craigneuk, which arrived at Hamburg on November 23, from Galveston, is ashore in the Tyne. All on board were saved.

The British steamer Maltby, which arrived at Liverpool on November 14 from Savannah and was reported yesterday ashore in the Tyne, has broken in two.

**Conservatives Come Into Power.**

MONTREAL, Dec. 8.—The latest returns to the Star from yesterday's legislative election in the province of Manitoba show the election of twenty-four conservatives and fourteen liberals, with two districts in doubt. The liberal party under Thomas Greenway has been in power for many years.

**Argentine Wheat Prospects Good.**

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 8.—The wheat prospects in the Argentine are excellent. There will probably be an exportable surplus of 2,000,000 bushels. The total wool clip is about 225,000 tons, which guarantees a surplus.

**Venezuelan Government is Hopeful.**

CARACAS, Venezuela, Dec. 8.—(Via Haytean Cable.)—Troops have left here for Maracaibo, which has been declared blockaded to trade. The situation from the government standpoint, it is announced, is improving daily.

**Pope Celebrates Mass.**

ROME, Dec. 8.—In spite of rainy weather and the advice of his physicians, the pope celebrated mass in his private chapel today.

*"Every Cloud Has a Silver Lining."*

*The clouds of bad blood enveloping humanity have a silver lining in the shape of a specific to remove them. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Medicine, which drives out all impurities from the blood, of either sex or any age.*

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**
Never Disappoints.

## LITTLE NEWS FROM NEGROS

Outbreak of Natives Due to the Circulation of False Reports.

FILIPINO JUNTA ACTIVE SPREADING NEWS

**Sick and Wounded Return from Vigan—Several Hundred Released Spanish Prisoners at that Point—Hare is Active.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—General Otis today cabled the War department in regard to the uprising in Negros as follows:

"MANILA, Dec. 8.—I am informed the outbreak of natives in the district of South Negros was the result of reported recent great insurgent victories in Luzon and Panay, which the natives believe. The extent of the outbreak not ascertained. Lieutenant A. C. Ledyard, Sixth infantry, killed; two privates wounded.

"One of our chief difficulties arises from the circulation of falsehoods among the natives, defamatory newspaper articles of United States and Europe promptly published in Spanish in San Francisco, Madrid and by Hong Kong junta and circulated in Philippines; insurgents have based all hope on false rumors."

A second dispatch from General Otis, dated today, says:

"Hospital ship Relief just returned from Vigan, bringing 272 sick soldiers, 232 Spanish prisoners; reports several hundred Spanish prisoners at Vigan, for which we send transport this evening. Colonel Hare, Thirty-third infantry, took Bangued 5th inst. and now with portion of regiment and battalion Thirty-fourth infantry in pursuit of insurgents on road southeast to Lepanto, thence to Bontoc, on which Aguinaldo and 300 insurgents are supposed to be retreating with American prisoners. Inhabitants of western Luzon coast friendly and give assistance."

General Otis also reports the arrival of the transport Olympia, with the Thirty-ninth infantry, one battalion of the Forty-fifth infantry and some recruits. There were no casualties during the voyage.

Lieutenant Ledyard was a son of President Henry B. Ledyard of the Michigan Central railroad and a nephew of General Ruggles, formerly adjutant general of the army. He enlisted as a private in the First artillery at the outbreak of the Spanish war. He was transferred into the regular service July 9, 1898, and was attached to General Miles' staff during the Porto Rican campaign.

**His Few Chances to Escape.**

The town of Bontoc, toward which Aguinaldo with his body guard is said to be retreating, lies in the mountain fastnesses about fifty-five or sixty miles southeast of Vigan. If this last report as to Aguinaldo's whereabouts is true it indicates that he has been headed off to the northward for the first time, and is being compelled to retrace his steps toward the south. If he is striving to regain his old stronghold in Cavite province his chances of success are very slight. Directly in his line of march is a considerable American force at Bayambong, to the westward of that point is Wheaton's force and to the east of Bayambong is an almost impassable mountain range. So with Young behind him, with Colonel Hare close in his rear, and his front obstructed, the War department officials feel that Aguinaldo has little chance of escaping to the southward. Major Batcheller is said to be making rapidly for Aparri, about the only port on the extreme north end of the island, so as to reduce the outlet in that direction. The best chance remaining to Aguinaldo is believed to be to abandon the escort of 300 now traveling with him, in which case he could easily insure his personal escape in disguise.

**News Broken to Ledyard's Father.**

DETROIT, Dec. 8.—The news of the death of Lieutenant Augustus C. Ledyard, who was killed in Negros, was broken today to his father, Henry B. Ledyard, president of the Michigan Central railroad, while the father was enroute home from New York. It was decided to send an intimate friend to meet the president's car and endeavor to soften the blow. The lieutenant was Mr. Ledyard's second son. He was at Yale at the outbreak of the Spanish war and had outlined for himself a railroad career. Joining the patriotic rush of students, he enlisted in a New York battery and spent most of his time as a volunteer in Camp Libre, near Tampa. Afterward, at his own and his father's desire, he entered the regular army as second lieutenant. He was a grandson of the famous General Lewis Cass.

## GENERAL YOUNG AGGRESSIVE

**Has Only a Small Force, but Does Not Hesitate to Attack the Enemy.**

MANILA, Dec. 8.—10:55 a. m.—There was considerable relief in Manila when the news was received today that General Young's small force had arrived safely at Vigan, province of South Ilocos, December 6. Anxiety has been felt for General Young and the garrison at Vigan since it was known that General Tino had a large aggressive body of insurgents operating in the vicinity. General Tino made a stand in the mountain pass between Narvacan and San Quinto. The natural strength of the position was augmented by trenches and pitfalls. The fight lasted five hours. General Young had three companies of the Thirty-fourth infantry under Lieutenant Colonel Robert L. Howze and two troops of the Third cavalry, Captain Swigart commanding, and one troop under Captain Chase. He was reinforced during the fight by Colonel Luther R. Hare with a battalion of the Thirty-third, enroute to Vigan. General Young ended the fight by charging and routing the enemy, who left twenty-five dead and several rifles and thousands of rounds of ammunition in the trenches. The enemy employed artillery. Only one American was seriously wounded.

The uprising in the island of Negros was led by the police of La Carlota district, where there is a small American garrison. The police inspired false reports of insurgent victories in Luzon and Panay. There are 250 native police in Negros, uniformed and armed with Springfield rifles.

Lieutenant Ledyard, the American officer killed, was a son of the president of the Michigan Central railroad and a popular officer.

**Brooklyn Arrives at Singapore.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The Brooklyn arrived at Singapore on its way to Manila yesterday. No word has been received of the New Orleans since it left Colombo, Ceylon, but it must be close behind.

## RULE ON THE FINANCE BILL

**Debate to Commence Monday and Vote to be Taken on Following Monday.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The house today adopted a special order for the consideration of the currency bill, beginning next Monday. The general debate will continue until Friday, on Saturday amendments may be offered under the five-minute rule and on the following Monday the vote will be taken. The democrats, populists and silverites presented a solid front against the adoption of the resolutions and every republican voted for it.

Richardson, leader of the minority, taunted some of the majority leaders with their change of front in coming out flatfootedly for the gold standard, but Grosvenor and Cannon good-naturedly replied that they had learned something with advancing years. The former said the democratic party was the only living demonstration of the survival of a great organization which refused to learn anything.

Representative Hitt introduced a bill to provide a territorial form of government for Hawaii. It is similar to the measure reported to the house last year, providing a territorial governor appointed by the president and a legislature of two houses.

Sherman of New York introduced a bill authorizing the postmaster general to contract with an American cable company to send official messages to Hawaii, the Philippines, Japan and China for twenty years at not to exceed $400,000 a year.

Other bills are: By Kerr of Ohio, admitting veterans of the war with Spain to the homes of disabled soldiers; Flynn of Oklahoma, for additional homestead lands to those who participated in the war with Spain or with the Philippines; by Hill of Connecticut, authorizing the establishment of national banks in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines; by McRae of Arkansas, extending the contract labor laws to Hawaii.

**MAY GET A NEW COALING STATION.**

**Lodge's Galapagos Islands Resolution Starts Talk in that Direction.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Senator Lodge called at the State department today to talk with Secretary Hay about his Galapagos islands resolution. As to the basis of his resolution of inquiry he said that all the information he had as to the reported attempt of the English government to secure the islands was derived from newspaper sources. The State department itself had no direct information of any recent movement looking to the acquisition of the islands, but will refer the resolution of inquiry to United States Minister Sampson at Quito for a response.

It would not be at all surprising, it is said here, if the ultimate result of the broaching of this subject now were the acquisition of a coaling station on these islands by the United States government. In fact, the Navy department has within the last year been making a quiet investigation into the facilities there existing with that object in view. Commander Tanner was dispatched to the Galapagos Islands just after the conclusion of the war with Spain to make a personal examination of the conditions existing. He found that the Ecuadorean government had some years ago abandoned its penal station on Charles island, leaving behind a large number of domestic animals in a half wild state, and these flocks had enormously increased. Only one of the half dozen islands was inhabited, namely, Chatham island, and that island had but one inhabitant, in the person of a Mr. Cohoss. He was of Ecuadorean birth, but was a naturalized American citizen.

**Britain Surprised at the Senate.**

LONDON, Dec. 8.—So far as can be ascertained by the Associated Press, Great Britain is not negotiating for the purchase of Galapagos islands from Ecuador, nor has it any intention of securing the islands. Official ignorance is professed on the whole matter and there is some astonishment at the action of the United States senate in passing Senator Lodge's resolution. The Associated Press learns that Ecuador may be said to have no intention of parting with the islands at any price. Whether or not unofficial steps were taken by Great Britain with the view of their possible purchase is a mere matter of surmise. But it is certain that, according to the highest British officials, these steps never reached the stage of official negotiations. Special cable dispatches from the United States interpreting the senate's action as emphasizing the United States' adherence to the Monroe doctrine have caused no stir in official circles here, as it is believed the international relations between the two countries have been so changed since the Venezuela affair that Monroeism will never again cause a misunderstanding.

**COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

**Estimates for This Year $114,298,578 More Than Last Year.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—An analytical comparison of the estimates for this year and the appropriations for last year was issued today by Messrs. Cleaves and Courtes, the clerks of the senate and house appropriation committees, respectively. It shows total estimates this year of $738,855,248, against $694,006,489 last year. The estimates this year are $114,298,578 more than the amount actually appropriated last year. The chief increases are: Army, $47,281,929; fortifications, $6,819,035; navy, $26,145,539; postoffice, $5,143,661; sundry civil, $21,686,777. The total estimates for this year exceed the total estimated revenue for 1901 by $71,081,994, but counting the sinking fund this excess is reduced to $18,081,994.

**Tariff on Tin is Needed.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Nathan A. Taylor of the N. & G. Taylor company, independent tinplate manufacturers of Philadelphia, was before the Industrial commission today. He said that the black plate manufactured in the United States is immensely superior to that made abroad and also that some improvements in the tinning process had been made in the United States. He, however, considered a tariff necessary to prevent foreign makers from at any time dumping any surplus of plate they might have on hand and thus demoralize the market. He said the American Tinplate company had manifested no disposition to take advantage of its opportunity to increase prices.

**Marine Corps Appointments.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The president has appointed the following named second lieutenants in the marine corps:

Herbert Mather of New Jersey, H. L. Roosevelt of New York, Jay M. Salladay of Illinois, Rush R. Wallace of Tennessee and Macker Babb of West Virginia. These young men were the only successful competitors in the recent examination out of a list of over twenty candidates. There are still twenty-two vacancies in the list of second lieutenants of marines and another examination will be held at the navy yard in this city January 2 for the purpose of filling the complement of the corps.

## WILL LOOK AFTER ISLANDS

**Committee on Insular Affairs Created by the House—Currency Resolution Offered.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Mr. Roberts, the Mormon representative-elect from Utah, was not in the hall when the house convened today. It was agreed immediately after the reading of the journal that when the house adjourned today it be to meet on Monday.

Mr. Dalzell, republican of Pennsylvania, from the committee on rules, then presented the amendments to the rules agreed upon by the committee for the creation of a committee on insular affairs, to consist of seventeen members, to have jurisdiction "over all matters (excepting those affecting the revenues and appropriations) pertaining to the islands which came to the United States through the treaty of 1899 with Spain and Cuba, and to increase the membership of the committees on foreign affairs, merchant marine and fisheries, public lands, military affairs, naval affairs and District of Columbia from fifteen to seventeen members and the committee on territories from thirteen to fifteen.

Mr. Bailey said the minority of the rules committee held no difference of opinion as to the propriety of the creation of the proposed insular committee, but it did dissent from the idea that the committee should be created for the purpose of "permanently dealing" with the islands.

Mr. Dalzell closed the debate and the special order was adopted, 163 to 144, a strict party vote. At 1:30 p. m. the house adjourned until Monday.

**About South American Revolutions.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The cruiser Detroit has sailed from Carthagena from Colon, where it will await orders from the Navy department, the revolutionary movement in Colombia being regarded as at an end. The captain of the Detroit reports, however, that the Colombian government is massing troops on the Venezuelan border and the understanding is that they are about to attack General Castro's forces, in revenge for the assistance which the general is supposed to have extended to the Colombian revolutionists.

**Cabinet Hears of Negros Uprising.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The cabinet meeting today was unimportant. Some minor diplomatic matters were brought up, among them the reported purchase by England of the Galapagos islands, but it was said nothing official had been received and nothing of a definite character was known in regard to it. Secretary Root read the dispatches received from General Otis in relation to the reported uprising in Negros island.

**Disinterring the Maine Victims.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Captain Greene, commanding the naval station at Havana, reported to the Navy department today that the work of disinterring and placing in sealed caskets the remains of the victims of the Maine who were buried at Havana will be completed by December 15. The Texas arrived at Norfolk today and as soon as she has coaled she will proceed at once to Havana to take aboard the caskets.

**Lieutenant Brumby Seriously Ill.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Lieutenant L. M. Brumby, the flag secretary to Admiral Dewey at the battle of Manila, is lying critically ill at the Garfield hospital in this city. He is suffering from a fever contracted as a result of his long stay in the tropics.

**Berry Working for Admiral Schley.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Representative Berry of Arkansas said today that he would use every effort to secure early consideration for his joint resolution, giving the thanks of congress to Rear Admiral Schley.

## HYMENEAL.

**Gingery-Paulk.**

HARLAN, Ia., Dec. 8.—(Special.)—Last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Paulk, Mr. John Gingery and Miss Ida Paulk were married, Rev. E. P. Childs of the Congregational church officiating. The groom is deputy treasurer of Shelby county.

**Avery-Woolsey.**

SUPERIOR, Neb., Dec. 8.—(Special.)—Miss Ora Woolsey, only daughter of G. W. Woolsey, proprietor of the Superior hotel, and Mr. Robert L. Avery of Edgar, Neb., were married last evening.

**Tama County Indian Case.**

DUBUQUE, Ia., Dec. 8.—The Tama county Indian case came before Judge Shiras today for trial. It may be some time before it is decided. The case is peculiar and will have considerable bearing on our labor regarding Indian children in the schools. This case grows out of troubles covering a period of two years, and several points were argued, one that married women cannot be compelled to attend schools; second, that state courts have no jurisdiction over Indians; third, that Indian agents have no right to compel Indian children to attend school against the consent of their parents.

**Samoan Natives Are Indifferent.**

AUCKLAND, N. Z., Dec. 8.—Advices received here from Apia, Samoa, dated November 28, says that the news of the German annexation of the islands as a result of the Samoan agreement was received by the natives with apparent indifference.

SYRUP of FIGS

ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY
DISPELS COLDS, HEADACHES & FEVERS
OVERCOMES CONSTIPATION
HABITUAL
PERMANENTLY TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE - MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE KY. SAN FRANCISCO CAL. NEW YORK N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE

Sorry she didn't quit coffee sooner

before kidneys became affected

"Since leaving off coffee and using Postum Food Coffee, my kidney trouble has been so much better that I am sorry I did not commence sooner, before the kidneys were so badly affected as they are now.

"The Postum Food Coffee was recommended to me by Rev. Gray and wife of Coldwater, who said it had been of great benefit to them, doing away with bad feeling of the heart, indigestion, etc., the truth of which I have since proved by actual experience. Postum Food Coffee, in my opinion (and this opinion endorsed by many others), is far above the bitter-tasting berry coffee, but Postum must be properly prepared, and that is easy if one will simply follow directions. For my part, I shall never use any other kind of coffee so long as I can get Postum Food Coffee." Mrs. L. A. Ross, Protection, Kansas.

# A Michigan Miracle

**Speech Restored after Nearly 13 Years.**

*The Ypsilanti Commercial, Ypsilanti, Mich.*

Many things appear miraculous that are really the result of natural laws, the workings of which can be accurately predicted. A striking example of this occurred in a prominent Michigan family recently, and there can be no question as to the truthfulness of the narrative since it is attested by Mrs. Harriet Begole, of Ypsilanti, Mich., a sister-in-law of Mr. Joshua Begole, who was Governor of Michigan in 1883-4. Mrs. Begole said:

"In 1886 I suffered from a severe illness, during which my voice left me and I did not speak above a whisper for nearly 13 years.

"I was treated by five local physicians and afterward consulted leading specialists of New York. They diagnosed my case as partial paralysis, stating that the left side of my throat was entirely paralyzed, the right side partially so. For nearly eight years I have suffered from a severe stomach disorder and about a year ago I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

*Mrs. Harriet Begole.*

"My stomach trouble was relieved, my general health became greatly improved and to my surprise I regained control of my vocal organs. I have used five boxes of the pills and last November I spoke aloud for the first time in almost 13 years. I am now 71 years of age and have full control of my voice.

(Signed) MRS. HARRIET A. BEGOLE."

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 19th day of May, 1899, at Ypsilanti, Michigan. JOHN P. KIRK, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

*Look for this trade mark on every package.*

DR WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
TRADE MARK REGISTERED

*Sold by all druggists, 50 cents per box; six boxes, $2.50.*

DR. WILLIAMS MEDICINE COMPANY, Schenectady, N. Y.

DENVER
Great Rock Island Route
BUFFET LIBRARY CARS
Best Dining Car Service.

HAVE YOU
# Piles
The worst case can be cured by using Magnet Pile Killer. Guaranteed. $1.00 per box by mail.
MAGNET CHEMICAL CO., Western Depot, Omaha, Neb.

# Radway's Pills

Purely Vegetable. Mild and Reliable. CURE ALL DISORDERS OF THE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

Sick Headache. Biliousness. Indigestion. Torpid Liver. Dizzy Feelings. Dyspepsia.

One or two of Radway's Pills, taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the Liver, will keep the system regular and secure healthy digestion.

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