Stringency Not Broken and No Marked Elements of Relief in Sight.

CLEWS SEES UNUSUAL CAUSES AT WORK

Clews of the banking house of Henry Clews & Co., writes of the situation in Wall street as follows:

In Wall street, the speculative market has been waiting on the money market. The week opened with a feeling that lending had taken a turn toward ease. A moderate gain in the surplus reserves of the banks was construed as a hopeful symptom and Monday's buying was active and buoyant; but, when buyers came to make up their loans, they found a very different money market from what Saturday's bank exhibit had led them to expect. Instead of relief, there was a return to sirlingency as sharp as anything experienced within the last two months. Nobody seemed more surprised at the turn money had taken than the bankers themselves, who, while attributing something to the preparations for interest settlements on November 1, yet very generally agreed that the stringency is not yet broken find that no marked elements of relief are yet in sight. The interior currency movement is still against the banks, and whilst the demand from the west perhaps shows some abatement the requirements of the south are increasing.

Banking opinion very generally inclines to the conclusion that the fail return to ease will be much later this senson than in ordinary years. From such symptoms as are in sight bankers do— an interior business are expecting little lending below 6 per cent between now and the list of January. Unusual causes are at work in the money market, the breadth and force of which it is not easy to measure. Something more than the movements incident to this crop season have to be calculated upon. Credit operations have been radically influenced by the industrial revolution incidental to the great trust creations of the last ten months. Since January I corporations with a total of no less than \$2,000,000,000 of capital issues have been organized. These transformations have been attended with immense temporary disjocations of capital. The negotiations have been admitted them to be calculated upon. Credit operations; but many of the

#### Unusual Demand for Money.

In addition to this special employment of credit the demand for the ordinary purposes of business has far surpassed all precedent. The extraordinary development in our manufactures, our farming, our mining and our exports has placed an extraordinary pressure upon the credit resources of the country. There is a limit to the extent to which this sudden vast expansion of our credit requirements can be promptly responded to. It is not merely that we have no power to expand our currency proportionstely to these enlarged wants. Restriction falls equally upon the much larger

no power to expand our currency proportionately to these enlarged wants. Restriction falls equally upon the much larger class of gredit operations that are carried on without the employment of money—the ordinary loans and discounts of the banks, which are placed under sharp limitations by the banking laws.

The ability of the banks to lend is regulated by the amount of lawful money they can control as reserve against their deposits; and yet the activity of the retail trade and the increased requirements for payment of wages are keeping the greenbacks and gold in active circulation outside the banks. Had we an elastic bank currency system, which would enable the banks to distribute their notes under conditions like these, instead of paying out their reserve money, we should have a two-fold source of relief which we have not now—in the first place, a larger resource of retail circulation and in the next place a larger ability of the banks to discount.

Due to Legal Restrictions.

Due to Legal Restrictions.

It thus appears that the prevailing stringney is due, more than anything else, to the Cheese, steady; creams, 114,6124c. ency is due, more than anything else, to the legal restrictions upon banking operations and to the artificial regulation of our currency system. How far the injury from these restraints will be further developed under the present conditions, it is difficult to definitely indicate. It seems only too possible that some interests may suffer which, under freer conditions, might safely and properly be accommodated. The nature and causes of the stringency are not suggestive of early relief and make urgent appeal to congress for the earnest consideration of these credit and currency questions.

Toward the close of the week the stock market showed an upward tendency owing to the belief that the tension in the money market had reached the highest point, and market had reached the highest point, and that for some time to come excessive rates would not be obtainable. Bankers, however, anticipate full rates until after January I; the great commercial and industrial activity assuring a brisk demand for funds from regular borrowers. Good rates will exercise a wholesome restraint upon speculation, without which the incentive to take dangerous risks might prove irresistible. Some of the preferred shares of the industrials with their enormous earnings appear very tempting to the average operator; but the over-capitalizations and innate weakness of many of these combinations. weakness of many of these combinations are fully understood; and, fortunately for the stability of the stock market, the outside public has been exceedingly cautious regarding them, and only a fraction of these new "securities" have found their way into the hands of small investors.

## Railroad Earnings Heavy.

Railroad Earnings Heavy.

Railroad shares still offer the safest and surest opportunities for profitable purchase. Earnings continue phenomenally heavy, and trade conditions render it certain that the present period of prosperity will continue for some time to come—a year, if not longer. Confidence of this sort is emphasized by the recent immense orders placed for rails and equipment by shrewd railroad managers, who by training and position are able to see farther into the future than ordinary observers. Very likely expenses will increase considerably, so that those who entertain oversanguine expectations of increased dividends will be disappointed; but there is still a strong prospect that some of the non-dividend payers will be placed on a dividend basis before many months, and such securities must undergo a further important advance. The best class of stocks and bonds are still high; some of them have already discounted increased dividends; yet they are more likely to appreciate in value than to fall in these times. Facts are largely on the bull side of the market. Still, accidents may happen; so operations must be conducted with more prudence than in the rise of last spring. Gold imports are unlikely this fail; and events might happen which would force gold exports and thus revive a degree of monetary stringency that would heavily handicap any big bull movement.

## ENGLISH STOCK MARKET IS FIRM

In Spite of Bad War News British Are Confident of Victory.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—In spite of the bad news the Stock exchange last week maintained a firm tone, based upon the convic-tion that the hostilities in South Africa will result ultimately in a British victory over the Boers, but there is no doubt that this feeling is weaker than it was ten days ago.

the Hoers, but there is no doubt that this feeling is weaker than it was ten days ago. There was little buying, consequently the general disposition is to regard prices as quite high enough for the present, especially in view of the hardening tendency in money. Consols fluctuated freely during the week and closed ½ point down.

The material improvement established in American securities throughout the week was largely due to German buying, the chief demand being for Louisville & Nashville, Central Facilic and Southern Pacific, However, the natural hesitancy on the part of operators on the even of the elections caused a fractional decline in Americans along the whole line at the close.

Among the declines were: Southern Pacific, which fell ¾ point; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe ordinary, Illinois Central, ½; New York Central & Hudson River, ½; Northern Pacific common, ½; Union Pacific, ½; Chesapeake & Onio, ¾; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, ¾; Louisville & Nashville, ¾; Baltimore & Onio, ¼; Denver & Rio Grande preferred, ¼, and Erie 4s, ¼, Money was fairly abundant, On call at from 1½ to 2 per cent; on fixtures, 3, and on three months bills, 4%.

Foreign Finances.

rate of the policy of the poli

WAITING ON MONEY MARKET | 501,000 persetan; notes in circulation, increase, 8,435,000 persetan. CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Fentures of the Trading and Closing Prices on Saturday.
CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The overwhelming and apparently inexhaustible supply in

sight, coupled with a stagnant cash demand depressed wheat again today and December closed a shade lower at 68%c. Corn lost 14c. Oats closed a shade lower. Provisions im-

Credit Operations Have Reen Radically Influenced by the Industrial Revolution Incidental to Cremtion of Great Trusts.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—(Special.)—Henry Clews of the banking house of Henry Clews & Co., writes of the situation in Wall street as follows:

In Wall street, the speculative market has been waiting on the money market. The week opened with a feeling that lending had taken a turn toward case. An banking and in the surplus reserved symptoms and district of the conclusion of the conclusion that the full return to the south are increasing.

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*** *******	Profession and	A-4-1-1-1-1	4444 17 1	- Control of	100	m
*Wheat Dec. May	68%@14 7214@%		6774 TE 68	6814 7214	6814 (0.94 7214 (0.74	Total receipts
Dre. Jan.	30%	0.70	30146054	30%	30%	
May Oats-	32%6%		32464		32% (7%	G. H. Hammond Co 7 Swift and Company 55
Dec. May	22% 67%	22%@14 23%	2214 67%		22%度% 23%	Cudaby Packing Co 12 Armour & Co 20
Pork- Dec. Jan.	8 15 9 7214	8 20 9 77%	8 15 9 724	8 1714 9 7714		Huston & Co 4 .
Dec. Jan.	5 10 5 27%	5 10 5 271/2				
Dec. Jan.	4 9714	4 974	4 95	4 85 4 95	4 85 4 95	
*No. 2. Cash quotations were as follows:					for the last day of the week, bu	

FLOUR—Slow and easy; winter patents, 33.55@3.55; straights, 32.25@3.55; clears, \$3.10 @3.25; spring specials, \$4.10; spring patents, 33.40@3.50; straights, \$2.90@3.20; bakers, \$2.30

# OMAHA GENERAL MARKET.

Condition of Trade and Quotations on Staple and Fancy Produce.

EGGS—Recelpts liberal; good stock, 15c.
POULTRY—Hens, live, 5½c; spring chicksens, 6½c; old and staggy roosters, live, 3½
dec; ducks and geese, live, 6@7c; turkeys, live, 10c.

BUTTER—Common to fair, 15c; choice, 16
BUTTER—Common to fair, 15c; choice, 16
BUTC; separator, 22@23c; gathered creamery, 16@20c.

PIGEONS—Live per dox, 75c.

25@50c.

HOGS—Today's market was not much different from yesterday's late market, that is, the hogs sold largely at \$4.00@4.05. The close was weak and lower. The demand the most of the hogs changed hands early and the pens were cleared in good season. As a whole the market was in very satisfactory condition for the last day of the week. Staple and Fancy Produce.

PIGEONS—Live, per doz., 75c. PIGEONS—Live, per doz., 75c.
VEALS—Choice, 9c.
GAME—Prairie chickens, per doz., \$4.00@ 4.50; quall, per doz., \$1.50@1.75; mallards, \$3.00@3, 25; hlue wing teal, \$1.75; green wing teal, \$1.25@1.50; mixed ducks, \$1.50@2.00.
OYSTERS—Medium, per can, 20c; standards, per can, 24c; bulk standard, per gal, \$1.25; extra selects, per can, 32c; extra selects, per can, 40c; New York Counts, per can, 40c; New York Counts, per can, 40c; New York Counts, per ton, \$1.25.
HAY—Upland, choice, \$6.50; midland, choice, \$6.00; lowland, choice, \$5.00; rye straw, choice, \$5.50; No, 3 corn, 27c; No, 3 white oats, 32½c; cracked corn, per ton, \$12; corn and cats, chopped, per ton, \$12.50; bran, per ton, \$13; shorts, per ton, \$14.

VEGETABLES.
TOMATOES—Per crate, 55365c.
SWEET POTATOES—Per bbl., \$2.25.
POTATOES—Per bu, 20@25c.
CRANBERRIES—Cape Cod, \$5.50@6.00;
ancy Howes, \$6.50@7.00.
ONIONS—Retail way, 70@75c.
CELERY—Per doz., 20@40c.
TURNIFS—Rutabagga, per lb., 1½c.
CABBAGE—Per lb., 1½c.
EBULUTS VEGETABLES.

FRUITS. PLUMS-Oregon, per crate, \$1.00@1.25. CALIFORNIA PEACHES-No good shipping stock.

APPLES—Choice western shipping stock,
35.0043.25; Jonathans and Grimes' golden,
35.5044.00; New York stock, \$5.7524.00.

GRAPES—New York, 20c; California To-

tays, \$1.75.
PEARS-Western varieties. \$2.25@2.50.
TROPICAL FRUITS. ORANGES—Mexican, per box, \$4.50. LEMONS — California fancy, \$4.75@5.00; hoice California, \$4.00@4.50; Messina, \$5.00

BANANAS—Choice, crated, large stock, per bunch, \$2.00@2.50; medium-sized bunches, \$1.75@2.00. HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—No. 1 green hides, 8c; No. 2 green hides, 7c; No. 1 salted hides, \$4c; No. 2 salted hides, \$4c; No. 1 veal caif, 8 to 12 lbs., 10c; No. 2 veal caif, 12 to 15 lbs., 8c.

TALLOW, GREASE, ETC.—Tallow, No. 1.

34c; tallow, No. 2, 34c; rough tallow, 14c; white grease, 24,63c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HONEY—Per 24-section case, \$3,2563.50. HONEY—Per 24-section case, \$3,25@3.50. NUTS—Hickory nuts, per bu., \$1.00. FIGS—California layers, per 10-lb, box, 1.0; California carton, per 10-lb, box, \$1.20. MAPLE SUGAR—Per lb., \$c.

Liverpool Grain and Provisions.

Liverpool Grain and Provisions.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 4.—WHEAT—Spot.
duil; No. 1 California, 6s 2½d@6s 3d; No. 2
red western, winter, 5s 10d; No. 1 northern,
spring, 6s. Futures, quiet; December,
6s 104d; March 5s 114d; May 5s 114d.
CORN—Spot, firm; American mixed, new
and old, 3s 54d. Futures, quiet; No. 1 December, 3s 64d; January, 3s 64d.
FLOUR—St. Louis fancy, duil at 7s 9d.
FLOUR—St. Louis fancy, duil at 7s 9d.
PROVISIONS—Beef, strong; extra India
mess, 85s; prime mess, 7s 9d. Pork, strong;
prime mess, western, 5rs 6d. Hams, short
cut, 14 to 16 ibs., duil at 45s. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 2s to 30 ibs., duil at 3s; short
rbs, 18 to 22 ibs., firm at 34s 6d; long clear
middles, light, 30 to 35 bs., duil at 3s; short
rbs, 18 to 22 ibs., firm at 34s 6d; long clear
middles, heavy, 35 to 40 ibs., duil at
30s; short clear backs, 16 to 18 ibs., duil at
30s; clear beliles, 14 to 16 ibs., duil at 35s;
shoulders, square, 12 to 14 ibs., firm at 32s.
Lard, steady; prime western, in tierces,
27s 6d; American refined, in pails, 28s 6d.

Kansas City Grain and Provisions.

Kansas City Grain and Provisions. Kansas City Grain and Provisions.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 4.—WHEAT—December, 624c; May, 674c; cash, No. 2 hard, 64c; No. 3, 60@634c; No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3, 64disc; receipts, 78 cars.

CORN—December, 274c; May, 284c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 2844c; No. 2 white, 2946 294c; No. 3, 284c;
OATS—No. 3, 284c.
OATS—No. 2, white, 25@26c.

RYE—No. 2, 51c.
HAY—Choice timothy, \$8.50; choice prairie, \$7.5068.00.

\$7.50618.00. RECEIPTS-Wheat, 46,800 bu.; corn, 30,-600 bu; oats, 5,600 bu. SHIPMENTS-Wheat, 43,800 bu.; corn, 9,700 bu.; oats, 4,000 bu.

Milwaukee Grain Market. MILWAUKEE, Nov. 4—WHEAT—Lower; No. 1 northern, 67; 968; No. 2 northern, 66c. RYE—Nominal; No. 2, 53c. BARLEY—Duil; No. 2, 456:46c; sample, 38

OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKET

Saturday.

Cattle Show Little Change

for the Day.

40,646 44,570 29,648 35,194

.25,171

official number of cars of stock

Cattle, Hogs, Sheep.

Cattle, Hogs. Sheep

...... 998 4,708 1.915

1,111 903 1,119

.....

brought in today by each road was:

The disposition of the day's receipts was as follows, each buyer purchasing the number of head indicated:

CATTLE—There was a fair run of cattle for the last day of the week, but twenty-eight cars were consigned direct to pack-ers and were not offered for sale. There

15@25c lower, or pretty nearly back to the low time. The heaviest decline was on

low time. The heaviest decline was on stock calves, which have been coming in more freely than they were going out, so that everyone was loaded up with them and values on that kind of stuff dropped off

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Supply of Cattle on Hand Disposed Of

at Unchanged Prices.
CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—CATTLE—The small

supply of cattle received today was dis-

posed of at unchanged prices, sales being

on a basis of \$4.00@4.75 for common grassy lots, \$5.00@5.50 for medium grades of dressed

beef steers, \$5.75@6.00 for good shipping cat-

St. Louis Live Stock.

Recepts were:
Official Monday.
Official Tuesday .
Official Wednesday
Official Thursday
Official Friday .
Official Saturday .

Week ending Oct. 28. Week ending Oct. 21. Week ending Oct. 14. Average unit

\* Indicates Sunday.

beef and butcher steers, \$1.0005.60; steers und under 1,000 lts. \$1.0005.60; steers and teeders, \$2.5004.00; cows and helfers, \$2.0004.00; cows and lndian steers, \$2.0004.00; cows and helfers, \$2.5003.00; cows and he Light Receipts of Cattle as Uzual on a GOOD MARKET FOR END OF THE WEEK

4.15.
SHEEP-Receipts. 800 head; market steady; native muttons, \$3.80974.35; lambs, \$4.0075.65; stockers, \$2.00973.25; culls and bucks, \$2.00074.00.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—BEEVES—Receipts, 126 head; nominal; feeling steady; cables stoady; experise, 55 cattle, 70 sheep and 4.834 quarters of beef.

CALVES—Receipts, 56 head; slow; all sold; veals, \$5.0038.25; grassers, \$3.5034.00; city dressed veals, 124.c. pound.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 4.237 head; nineteen cars on sale; sheep slow; lambs, 15c lower; eight cars unsold; sheep, \$3.0034.124; lambs, \$5.1505.50; Canadian lambs, \$5.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,039 head; no sales; nominally steady. New York Tave Stock. Hogs Sell About on Par with Friday. but Close Lower-Sheep Lower-SOUTH OMAHA, Nov. 4.

Cattie Hoga Sheep. - 6.667 4.991 2.688 - 4.918 10.374 3.562 - 4.918 8.748 2.363 - 4.004 6.122 3.877 - 4.023 5.724 5.093 - 1.049 4.692 2.901 HOGS—Receipts, 2,039 head; no sales; nominally steady. Stock in Sight. | Stock in Sight | Following are the receipts at the four principal western markets for November 4: Cattle. Hoge Sheep. Court Omaha 1,045 4,592 2,901 Chicago 400 15,000 1,500 Kansas City 1,150 3,150 ... St. Louis 500 3,200 300 Average price paid for hogs for the last several days with comparisons: 1899, 11898, 11897, 11896, 11895, 11894, 11893, Totals ...... 3,099 26,042 St. Louis Grain and Provisions.

| 1899, | 1898 | 1897, | 1896, | 1895, | 1894, | 1893, | 1894, | 1893, | 1895, | 1895, | 1896, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, | 1895, ST. LOUIS Nov. 4.—WHEAT—Lower; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 584c; track, 706704c; December, 68466586c; May, 7386734c; No. 2 hard, 6946674c; No. 2 cash, 304c; track, 706704c; No. 2 cash, 304c; track, nard, 661/24267/4c. CORN-Lower: No. 2 cash, 311/2c; track, 224(c; December, 291/2c; May, 30%/6/30/4c. OATS-Lower: No. 2 cash, 24c; track, 25c; December, 231/4c; May, 247/3c; No. 2 white, 27c. RYE-Lower at 54%c. METALS-Lead, dull at \$4.45. Spelter,

OWER at \$1.70.
POULTRY—Dull: chickens, old, 614c.
roung, 7c; turkeys, 714c; ducks, 5140614c. eese; 566c. FLOUR—Dull, but unchanged; patents, 3,406;3.50; extra fancy, \$3.956;3.15; clear, \$2.90 93.10. SEEDS-Timothy, \$1.9062.25; flax, quiet,

SEEDS—Timothy, \$1.9062.25; flax, quiet, \$1.2661.27.
CORNMEAL—Stendy, \$1.7561.80.
RRAN—Firm: sacked, cast track, 64665c.
HAY—Timothy, steady, \$5.50610.00; prairie, firm, \$5.5062.80.
WHISKY—Steady, \$1.24.
COTTONTIES—Unchanged.
BAGGING—Unchanged.
HEMP TWINE—Unchanged.
PROVISIONS—Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders, \$5.75; extra shorts, \$5.3715; clear ribs, \$5.50; clear sides, \$5.62½. Baccoff, boxed shoulders, \$6.25; extra shorts, \$5.75; clear ribs, \$5.87½; clear sides, \$6.62½. Baccoff, boxed shoulders, \$6.25; extra shorts, \$5.75; clear ribs, \$5.87½; clear sides, \$6.62½.
BECEIPTS—Flour, 6,000 bbis.; wheat, 27,-000 bu; corn, 45,000 bu; outs, 25,000 bu.
SHIPMENTS—Flour, 7,000 bbis.; wheat, \$6.00 bbis.; corn, 26,000 bbis.; corn, 26,000 bbis.; wheat, \$6.00 bbis.; corn, 26,000 bbis.

Butter, Egg and Cheese Market. Butter, Egg and Cheese Market.
ST. LOUIS. Nov. 4.—BUTTER—Steady; creamery, 19@24½c; dairy, 15@21c.
EGGS—Steady at 16c.
CHICAGO. Nov. 4.—BUTTER—Firm; creameries, 15@23½c; dairy, 14@19c.
EGGS—Firm; fresh, 18c.
NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—BUTTER—Firmer; western creamery, 17@24½c; western factory, 15½@29c; state dairy, 17@23c; state creamery, 17@24½c; state.
CHEESE—Weak; small September fancy, 124@12¾c; finest October, 12@12¼c; large CHERSE West October, 12@124c; large 124@124c; finest October, 12@124c; large October finest, 114c.
EGGS—Steady: state and Pennsylvania, 214214c; western fresh, ungraded at mark,

214721½c; western fresh, ungraded at mark, 14418c.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 4.—EGGS—Market firm; trade active; receipts moved quickly; fresh Missouri and Kansas stock, 1sts, 15c per doz., cases returned.
BUTTER—Creamery, 2962c; dairy, 18c.
LIVERPOOL. Nov. 4.—BUTTER—Finest United States, #8s; good, 73s.
CHEESE—Steady; American finest white, 54s 6d; American finest colored, 56s.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—BUTTER—Firm; fancy western creamery, 24½c; fancy western prints, 25c.
EGGS—Firm; fresh nearby, 25@27c; fresh southwestern, 19c; southern, 18c. southwestern, 19c; southern, 18c. CHEESE-Quiet but firm. Minneapolis Wheat and Flour, MINNEAPOLIS. Nov. 4.—WHEAT—In tore: No. 1 northern, November, 64%c; De-ember, 64%c; May, 684668%c. On track; No. 1 hard, 67c; No. 1 northern, 65c; No. 2

No. 1 hard, 67c; No. 1 northern, 68c; No. 2 northern, 621-6.

FLOUR—Slow and unsatisfactory; some of the mills are down and the disposition is to shut down further capacity if the demand does not soon develop; first patents, \$3.70@3.80; second patents, \$3.50@3.70; first clears, \$2.80@2.90.

BRAN—In bulk, \$10.50@10.75. Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, Nov. 4.—WHEAT—Dull, lower; No. 2 cash, 68%c; December, 701/4c; May, 75c. No. 2 cash, 55%C; December, 70%C; May, CORN—Dull, steady; No. 2 mixed, 34c, OATS—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 23c, RYE—Nominal; No. 2 cash, 56c, SpEDS—Clover, dull, steady; prime ca November and December, \$5.55.

Peoria Market. PEORIA, Nov. 4 .- CORN-Firm; No. 2, OATS-Firm; No. 3 white, 24@2414c. WHISKY-Firm, on the basis of \$1.24 for

Duluth Grain Market. DULUTH. Nov. 4.—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, cash, 67c bid; No. 1 northern, cash, 66c bid; December, 65% bid; May, 69% bid; No. 2 northern, 63c bid; No. 3 spring, 59½e. BOER VERNACULAR.

factory condition for the last day or the week.

While the hog market has been in pretty good shape this week as regards supply and demand, the tendency of prices has been downward. The week opened with an easier market, and there was a decline of a big 5c on Tuesday and a still further decline on Wednesday of about 2½c During the last three day of the week the market did not show much change as indicated by the average prices paid for all the hogs.

The week closed with the market a good 5c lower than it was at the close of the previous week. Propunciation and Definition of Com monly Used Afrikander Words. Possibly the best-quoted word just now o 5c lower than it was at the close of the previous week.

SHEEP—For the last day of the week there was a pretty fair run of sheep, and the market In reasonably good shape. Values did not show much change as compared with yesterday. During the early part of the week the market showed some strength and prices paid at this point were high as compared with other market points. Later on in the week values eased off, so Dutch-South African origin, eavs the London Mail, is uitlander, sometimes written "Newcomer," or "outsider," "outlander." is perhaps the nearest that can be got to this in translation and the word is pronounced as nearly as possible like eightstrength and prices paid at this point were high as compared with other market points. Later on in the week values eased off, so that a part of the advance was lost. On Friday Chicago reported lambs 15a25c lower and difficult to sell even then, with sheep slow at a decline of 10c. The bad shape of the market at Chicago was responsible for the weakness that appeared in this market. Representative sales:

Quotations: Good to choice fed wethers, \$4.56a4.40; good to choice grass wethers, \$4.50a.365; fair to good grass ewes, \$3.25a3.50; good to choice grass ewes, \$3.25a3.50; good to choice mative lambs, \$5.00a.55; fair to good western lambs, \$4.65a4.80; feeder wethers, \$4.55a3.75; feeder yearlings, \$3.75a3.90; good to choice feeder lambs, \$4.65a4.40; fair to good feeding lambs, \$4.00a4.25. lander. The name of the president of the

Raadzaal and the Parliament the Volksraad, the "v" being sounded like "f." mountain, the plural being formed by the addition of "en" after the "g." A drift is a ford and a dorp a town or village. Thus we have Krugersdorp, Leydsdorp, etc.

Stad also means town, and winkel-pronounced vinkle—a store, where almost everything is sold. Fontein, as the name implies, means spring, and krantz, a cliff or precipice, Boschveld (pronounced bushfelt) is an open plain covered with bush. To trek is to travel, voortrekkers meaning ploneers.

A viei (flay) is a pool of water, mostly formed in the rainy season. Rooinek is the term of contempt applied to Britishers and means "red-neck;" it is not infrequently prefixed by the adjective "verdomde" (ferdomdy). Rooibaatjes is Cape Dutch for Tommy Atkineuses," or red-coats. A stoep (pronounced stoop) is a raised platform in front of a house comething like a veranda on which the Boer loves to take his weed, Vrouw-meaning housewife-is pronounced 'frow." Slim-often applied to General Piet Joubert-is cunning or artful, or, slangily speaking, "fly." "Kerel" is chap or fellow. Baas-pronounced so-is master, and baas op, bose up. To inspan is to harness, or tether, horses or cattle, to uitspan is to unharness. Uitspan is also applied to the resting place of the animals. Oorlog is war.

Kansas City Live Stock.

KANSAS CITY. Mo., Nov. 4.—CATTLE—
Recepts, 1,150 head; prices unchanged.
Percentage of high-priced cattle this week
was smaller, owing to lack of finish of offerings. Supply of half-fed, unfinished
cattle and common canners was too great
and prices for these classes are sharply
lower, while other killing grades wers
quickly disposed of at about steady prices.
Desirable stock and feeding cattle sold
steady; inferior grades slow and lower.
Heavy native steers brought \$5.4066.00;
lightweights, \$4.4966.00; stockers and feeders, \$1.2564.80; butcher cows and helfers,
\$3.7567.50; canners, \$2.5678.00; fed westerns,
\$3.7567.50; range steers, \$3.0074.50; Texans,
\$3.0074.30. The Forest Oil company says it owns the espest oil well in the world, in the Monon-\$3.0074.30. HOGS—Receipts, 3,150 head; steady to Ec gahela river valley. It has been drilled to a depth of 5,532 feet, but work has been suslower; closing prices for week are lowest of season, although when compared with corresponding dates last season present market is still 50c per 160 lbs. higher; bulk of sales ranged from \$4.00 to \$4.02½; top, pended owing to a break in the two and seven-eighths inch rope used. As a result 1,000 feet of rope and a string of tools are \$4.05.
SHEEP—Receipts for week, 20,000 head;
market this week was active and values on
good killing grades advanced 35;750c, while
common kinds and stockers and feeders
show a gain of 15;630c per 100.
LAMBS—Brought \$4.15;65.40; muttons, \$3.75
\$64.50; feeding lambs, \$4.00;64.25; feeding
sheep, \$3.50;63.90; stockers, \$2.75;65.50; culls,
\$2.00;72.75. at the bottom. Experts are at work on the fishing job and hope to be able to resume drilling soon. It is proposed to sink the well to the 6,000-foot mark, which will be in the carboniferous limestone, where oil may be found. Some of the deep wells are as follows: Pass, France, 2,000 feet; Paris, 1,793; Neusalwerk, 2,288; Kissingen, 1,878; Sperenberg near Berlin, 4,190; St. Louis, Mo., 3,843; ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—CATTLE—Receipts, 500 head; market dull, steady; native shipping and export steers, \$5.1056.00; dressed Louisville Ky., 2,086; Columbus, O., 3,775 1/2, and Charleston, S. C., 1,250 feet.

ILLNESS KEEPS ANSON FROM MIETING

Tom O'Rourke Represents New York and is an Important Factor in Excentive Meeting-Von Der Abe Also Takes Part.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5 .- An executive neeting of the recently organized American Association of Professional Base Ball clubs, of which Harry C. Quinn is president, was held here. Among those present were Thomas Navin, representing Detroit; C. S. Quinn and C. S. Havener, representing Milwaukee; Chris Von Der Ahe, Al Spink, George Schaefer and A. D. Doneta, representing St. Louis; Frank Hough of Phil- think God has been especially kind to give 2.901 resenting St. Louis; Frank Hough of Phil-1,500 adelphia; Michael Scanlon of Washington, me so many. Yes, sir, you can put me down and Thomas McCarthy of Boston. A. C. as believing in the married woman who bethe illness of a member of his family. At the conclusion of the session Secretary the Jersey Central railroad, has been re-Haugh said:

"We are more than satisfied with the work done at this meeting. The circuit giving birth to the twenty-fifth child. question was the main topic. As far as the west is concerned Milwaukee, St. Louis, Chicago and Detroit are solid. As to the east, we have New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington and Providence to draw from.

At the conference Tom O'Rourke seemed to be an important factor, as he represented the New York element, and in a statement after the meeing said: "I am with the association heart and soul

and hope things may be satisfactorily arranged for a club in this city. I have taken a great interest in the scheme and believe is a go. There is room in New York for another team if made up of championship material." Secretary Hough said it was not the in-

tention to fight the league, if that could be avoided.

It was announced that the association has a two-weeks' option on Charles River race-track in Boston. There has been some talk about bringing John McGraw, the head of the present Baltimore club, to New York to manage the New York team, but Secretary Haugh said that this proposed scheme had fallen through.
"McGraw and Robinson want to stay in

Baltimore and run a team there," said Hough, "In the event of the Baltimore team joining the new association McGraw and Robinson will probably join that team."

Fremonts Defent First Shots. Fremonts Defeat First Shots.

The Fremonts have met and defeated the First Shots at foot ball, 25 to 0, three times on the former's grounds, the last game being played Sunday. The feature was the fumbling of the First Shots, Line-up:
Fremonts. Position. First Shots, Diamond. Left end. Holton Blackman. Left tackle. Foley Schiller. Left guard. Okk Mohr. Center. Gambol Cavender. Right guard. Wiggins Bushey. Right tackle. Boone Doyle. Right end. McGandser Thompson. Quarterback. Bell (capt.) Swedeburg. Left haifback. Ahmonson O'Niel (capt.) Right haifback. Oschler Morton. Fullback. Oschler Substitutes: Fremonts—Fairbrother and Morton ...... Fullback ......... Oschler Substitutes: Fremonts-Fairbrother and

Mayor Stops Sunday Match.

The Baldwin-Crowe wrestling match, which was to have been pulled off at Washington hall Sunday night, did not materialize, as Mayor Moores interfered. He said a wrestling match could not be given with his consent in the city of Omaha on Sunday night, and a boxing match, such as was advertised to make the preliminary to the match, could not be given in Nebraska without a permit. The bout between Baldwin and Crowe was postponed until Thursday night, November 9, when it will take place in Washington hall. A good many sports went to the hall Sunday night, but they were sent away with a promise of some amusement later on. Mayor Stops Sunday Match.

McGovern-Haley Bout Postponed. McGovern-Haley Bout Postponed. CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The six-round contest between Terry McGovern and Patsy Haley, and McGovern and "Turkey Point" Billy Smith of Philadelphia, which were to have taken place Tuesday night at Tattersalis, have been postponed on account of inability to secure the building for that night. The contests will probably take place either Saturday, November 11, or the following Tuesday.

Chicago Drafts Dungan. DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 5.—The Chicago League club has drafted Sam Dungan of the Detroit club. Dungan led the Western league in hitting last season, with a percentage of 37. It is understood he will be played in the place of Lange, who has quit the game.

# MOTHER OF TWENTY-FIVE.

## Remarkable Achievement of a Penn-

sylvania Woman.

Mrs. Samuel Swartwood of Wilkesbarre, Pa., is the mother of the largest family in brought to Colorado in 1875. I had several the United States. Although a comparatively of their pups on my ranges and could fill a young woman, being only 41 years old, she volume with instances of their rare intelliis the mother of twenty-five children, twenty of whom are living. The youngest is only few days old and gives promise of being, hearty.

is no mean achievement and Mrs. Swartwood was missing. There were 1,600 head in the is proud of it, reports the Philadelphia bunch when they went out in the morning, limes. Her children are her greatest blessing and, singularly enough, they are all good, obedient children without the proverbial black sheep among them. Mrs. Swartwood said:

"My children are my joy. Though I have always had a baby"--she laughed modestly-"and sometimes two to look after they never seemed to be the trouble and worry some bables are. My last little one seems more cute and sweet than any of the others, but I suppose all babies seem interesting when they are just born."

Mrs. Swartwood is a remarkably well premonths after her marriage. They have been | died not long afterward. but five years since during which the household has failed to be blessed with a baby.

the hour and day each child was born.

Charles Heslog and has one child, January hunger and thirst. 1885; Ruth, September 23, 1886; Alonzo and Gertrude, the first twins, January 21, 1889; she refused to do, and, although she Gertrude is dead; Elmer, June 21, 1890; Calvin, July 31, 1891; Fiorence, November 19, 1892; Esther and Benjamin, the second twins, on December 31, 1893; Earl, March 1897; Lottle, September 5, 1898, and our baby,

year." Regarding her married life, Mrs. Smarta girl and I wanted to be married. Ever since, we have been very happy and I would not change places with any rich lady. "Look at these children! Ain't they riches enough and every one living at home except the two girls that got married. It's nice for father and me to have them all here, although it does crowd us a bit. We haven't

room there and look at the table."

makes about \$70 a month and the boys bring in about \$99 a month and while we get along nicely, we have nothing to spare. We've given all the children as good schooling as they can get around here.'

"What do you think of married life?" ventured to ask.

"Well, I ought to know, I guess. Who was it said married life was one long, sweet dream? Grover Cleveland, waen't it? Well, I agree with him. It has been for me. Every woman should get married, I think. I don't know much about the new woman, but if she don't believe in married life, I don't want to know anything about her. What's as happy

"None of my children has been a source of grief; trouble or anxiety to me and I

of grief, trouble or anxiety to me and it think God has been especially kind to give me so many. Yes, sir, you can put me down as believing in the married woman who be lieves in children."

Mr. Smariweed, who is an engineer on the Jersey Central railroad, has been reciving the congratulations of his fellow workmen for several days upon his wife giving birth to the twenty-fifth child.

STRANGE LAKES IN PERU.

No Surface Outlets—MacIstroms that Swallow Boats.

From Crucero Aito, the highest town in the world, the Southern railroad of Peru drops down into the Lagunillas, or lake region of the Cordilleras, where, li4,250 feet above the sea, is a group of large lakes of very cold, pure water without inlet or outlet. They receive the drainage of the surrounding hills and conceal it somewhere, writes a correspondent of the Chicago Record, but there is no visible means of its escape. A fringe of lee forms around the edges of the lakes every hight the year round, yet they contain an excellent variety of fish, called the pejerray, which is caught near the shore and Gachipascana, with several smaller ones in the same neighborhood, are owned by the Indians. There is a close of the dry and and in other neighboring towns. The two largest lakes, Saracocha and Cachipascana, with several smaller ones in the same neighborhood, are owned by the Indians there some No amount of rain will make any difference with their depth, which, however, in the center is unknown. And this adds to the awe and mystery with which they are regarded by the Indians. There is an congration of the Cordilleras, where composed of solids and liquides of great density, and contained no air. This however, in not the existence of deep sea sish, which are provided with air-indian of a correspondent of the Cordilleras, where the contract of they are regarded by the Indians. There are no boatc upon the lakes, except a few small balsas, or rafts, made of bundles of straw, which keep very close to the shore, for fear of being drawn into whirlpools that are said to exist in the center. There is some foundation for this fear, for only two or three years ago a balsa containing five men disappeared in the darkness, and was never heard of again. Of course, it may have tipped over and its occupants have been paralyzed by the cold water in an ordinary way. But their bodies never were discovered, nor did the balsa ever fluat to shore. Therefore the people think the whole shore. Therefore the people think the whole party was lured into a maelstrom and J. D. Bridges, editor "Democrat," Lancasswallowed up by the mysterious waters.

too near it. Boats that are drawn into the prevents consumption. current are whirled swiftly around a few times and then disappear. For the protection of navigators the government of JOBBERS & MANUFACTURERS Lake Popo and boatmen who observe them are in no danger. There is supposed to be an underground outflow from all of these lakes. It is claimed that articles which have been thrown into their waters have afterward been picked up on the seacoast near Africa, and careful observers say that on the beach in that locality are frequently found cornstalks, reeds and other debris which do not grow on the coast, but are found in great abundance among the interior lakes.

# WONDERFUL SHEEP DOGS.

A Celebrated Breed Brought Over From New Zenland. "The most celebrated breed of shepherd

ogs ever known in the west," said Jud Bristol, the old-time sheepman of Fort Collins, Colo., to a Denver Post reporter, "were those bred from a pair of New Zealand dogs gence and faithfulness. "I remember one pup in particular. H

was only six months old when he was sent like his brothers and sisters, hale and out one day to work on the range. At night, when the herd was brought up to the cor To be the mother of twenty-five children rais, we saw at once that a part of the herd but when we put them through the chuis we found that 200 were missing. The pup was also missing. Well, all hands turned out for the search. We hunted all that night and all of the next day and did not find the lost sheep until along toward night. But they were all herded in a little draw, about five miles from home, and there was the faithful dog standing guard. The wolves were very plentiful in those days and the dog had actually hidden the sheep from the animals in the draw. The poor fellow was nearly famished, as he had been for thirtysix hours without food or water. From that day he became a hero, but was so badly served woman. She was married when very affected by hunger, exposure and thiret and young and her first baby was born fourteen subsequent overfeeding and petting that he "This same pup's mother was an especially

fine animal. One night the herder brought Those years were 1874, 1883, 1887, 1888 and in his flocks and hurried to his cabin to cook 1896. But two of them were in succession himself some supper, for he was more than and in the succeeding years twins were usually hungry. But he missed the dog, which usually followed him to the cabin of Of the entire twenty-five children there an evening to have her supper. The herder were but the two sets of twins, which were thought it rather etrange, but made no born in 1889 and 1893. One of each set of search for the dog that night. But when twins is dead. Mrs. Swartwood can recite he went down to the corrals the next morning he found the gate open and the faithful "Walter was our first child," she said. "He dog standing guard over the flocks. This was married a little over a year ago. He herder in his haste the night before had was born on June 25, 1872. Louis came next forgotten to close the gate and the dog, more on September 9, 1873. Then came Thaddeus, faithful than her master, had remained at January 5, 1875; Maude, who is married to her post all night, though suffering from "On another occasion this same dog was

1879; Herbert, August 21, 1880; Warren, March 14, 1881; Elsie, April 27, 1882; Samuel, March 11, 1884; Daniel Script Samper. After he had eater his supper. After he had eater his supdog to put the sheep in the corral) This had no supper, she started off over the prairie as fast as the could go. The herder put the sheep in the corral and went to bed. About midnight he was awakened by the 20, 1895; Jesse, May 3, 1896; Edith, June 8, loud barking of a dog down by the corrals. He got up, dressed himself and went down which was born on September 17 of this to the corrals, and there found the with a band of about fifty sheep, which had strayed off during the previous day without wood talked freely. "I was married when I the herder's knowledge, but the poor dog was 14 years old. I loved Will when I was knew it, and also knew that they ought to be corralled, and she did it.

### WHY DO BIRDS MIGRATE? Question Which Naturalists Are Still

enough and every one living at home except the two girls that got married. It's nice for father and me to have them all here, although it does crowd us a bit. We haven't got a big house, as you can see and every bit of space is used. Walk into the diningroom there and look at the table."

It was a table to look at, of generous

Question Which Naturalists Are Still Unsale to Agree Upon.

A scientific journal deplores the lack of trustworthy data explanatory of the migration of birds. Naturalists have always differed on this subject, and the reason why birds migrate is still a mystery. It is undoubtedly a matter of instinct, and also of example from older to younger birds. In many cases the setting in of an early or late winter may be foretold by the early or got a big house, as you can see and every bit of space is used. Walk into the dining-

iate migration of birds from north to south. Some extraordinary stories are told of things done by birds in carrying out this migratory instinct. It has been calculated that the Virginia plover files at a height of two rolles, and at a speed of 25 miles an hour. It is recorded that a Wilson's black-cap warbier arrived at a certain bush in the north in three successive years at 1:30 p. m. of the satie day. One correspondent considers that the migration is fully accounted for by the susceptibility of the birds to temperature influences; that they seek in winter a warmer and in summer a cooler air, so as to avoid being subjected to great climatic victssitudes. But most naturalisis held that the migrations are largely a matter of the search after food. They leave a given region because a specific food is exhausted, and they if to another specific region because the experiences of the tribe as a whole have shown that desirable food can be found there. It is not the winds that drive them, nor the temperature that tempts them; but sheer hunver forces them from one place to another. The only weak point about this theory is that often the birds disappear without any apparent reason, when food conditions are seemingly perfect. The matter is still as great a puzzle to the eleverest ornithologist as to any one else.

#### IN THE OCEAN'S DEPTHS.

Something About the Temperature and Pressure of the Water.

ter, N. H., says: "One Minute Cough Cure The whirlpool near the center of Lake is the best remedy for croup I ever used." Popo which receives the waters of Lake Immediately relieves and cures coughs, Titicaca is well known and hundreds of colds, croup, asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis, men have lost their lives by venturing grippe and all throat and lung troubles. It

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