THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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BOER LOSS IS HEAVY

Report That Over Five Hun[illegible] at Mafeking.

DUTCH GET AMMUNITION AT VRYBURG

Commandant Schooman Easily Seizes the Town of Krokodileport.

DESTROYS RAILWAY BRIDGE THERE

Boers Threaten Native Chiefs Who Are Loyal to Great Britain.

TRY TO HEAD OFF RHODESIAN FORCE

Intend to Destroy Railway to Buluwayo and Prevent Colonel Plummer Going to Relief of the British at Mafeking.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The magistrate at Vryburg is responsible for the report made to Premier Schreiner at Capetown that 513 Boers were killed at Mafeking.

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 27.—The following dispatch has been received here from Pretoria, filed yesterday:

"The government has issued a proclamation, declaring that no rents or interests on bonds can be claimed during the continuance of martial law, nor within a certain fixed period after the repeal of the same.

"The Boers at Vryburg have secured a quantity of ammunition. Commandant Schooman has seized Krokodileport and destroyed the railway bridge there.

"President Kruger is in excellent health."

Boers Threaten Native Chiefs.

CAPETOWN, Oct. 27.—A telegram from Buluwayo, Rhodesia, dated Monday, says:

A Boer force is threatening Chief Khama and Chief Linchwe, who are loyal to Great Britain. The two chiefs' country lies at the extreme northwest of the Transvaal and includes Bechuanaland. It seems a gross mistake for the Boers to provoke war among the natives. The probable explanation is that the Boer force intends to destroy the railway to Buluwayo and thus prevent any attempt of Colonel Plummer's Rhodesian force to go to the relief of Mafeking. Already there have been stories of a Rhodesian armored train engaging the Boers some distance north of Mafeking.

Chamberlain Endorsed at Polls.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The parliamentary bye-election for the Bow and Bromley division of the Tower Hamlets, London, held today to replace the Hon. Lionel R. Holland, conservative, was fought on the government's Transvaal policy and resulted in a big victory for the government, the conservative candidate, William Guthrie, being elected by 4,328 votes against 2,123 votes cast for his liberal and radical opponent, Harold Spender. The conservative majority was practically twice that secured at the election of Mr. Holland.

PARIS, Oct. 27.—An authoritative statement was issued this afternoon, formally denying the rumors of intended Franco-Russian intervention in the Transvaal war and declaring that France has no ground and no desire for any such intervention at present, and that Russia is most likely placed in the same position, adding that Germany is the only power directly concerned in the matter.

Boers Are Aggressive.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The Daily Telegraph has the following from Ladysmith dated Wednesday:

"Our cavalry patrols have been fired on this forenoon and chased by the enemy near the scene of the Rietfontein engagement. The Boers show signs of becoming aggressive. We learned of the capture of the Hussars in response to a military wire sent to Commandant General Joubert."

DAVITT GIVES HIS REASONS

Irish Leader Tells Why He Resigned His Membership in the House of Commons.

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LONDON, Oct. 27.—(New York World Cablegram — Special Telegram.) — Michael Davitt has given me the highly important signed statement that follows, setting forth his reasons for resigning his seat in the British Parliament:

"My resignation is prompted by three reasons, closely related to each other.

"I have spoken in the house of this war with the Boers as 'organized infamy.' This is what the civilized world, outside of the jingoes will call it. But the House of Commons approves this war, supplies the money for its prosecution and indorses the criminal policy which led up to it. The only protest still left to me to make against this monstrous action of the British Parliament is to cease to be a member of it.

"Secondly—I feel most strongly about the non-attendance of the nationalist members in the house during the fight for the Transvaal's cause. To combat the selfish ferocity of the jingo war policy were left only Dillon and three or four more of us, with an average backing of thirty. In the division our colleagues remained in the lobbies. This is a disgrace to the popular representatives of Ireland, who number eighty-one men. Some of the absentees are known to be pro-British and opposed to the Boers in this war. I shall do my best, now that I am again a free man, to hunt these supporters of British infamy out of their Irish constituencies.

"Thirdly—I am convinced that it is a waste of time and energy for me to remain in the house appealing for justice to an assembly that is dominated by money and lust for conquest. England is now the most unscrupulous enemy of liberty among the civilized nations. Her money and her callous commerce are poisoning the wells of liberty all over the world.

"Apart from this war against the Dutch race in South Africa, English forces have slaughtered thousands upon thousands of natives in the region of the Soudan, the negro in Sierra Leone, Coomassie, Uganda and elsewhere during the seven years I have been in the house.

"To me all this is murder and robbery on a scale of imperial magnitude and for the basest motives. It has been done hypocritically, professing the purposes of civilization and human edict, which the devil himself would be ashamed to assume, under such circumstances.

"Lastly, I ask myself this question: 'If two little nations like the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, with a combined population less than that of San Francisco, can challenge England's military might on the field of battle, can beat English soldiers, even when outnumbered, as the Boers did both at Dundee and Elandslaagte, can threaten the prestige of England with the most serious blow it has received during this century; if, I say, a handful of people can do this in their fight for independence, the Irish race, which numbers at least 20,000,000 at the present day, is called upon to view the problem of home rule in the new light of these startling facts.

"Today we are simply scolding about England's rule in Ireland. Women could do that [illegible] than men. If that is all men can do, [illegible] cause will be dead and deservedly

MICHAEL DAVITT."

FREN[illegible] ORDER CRUISERS OUT

Report that a Squadron is to Be Sent to Delagoa Bay at an Early Date.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—The Journal asserts that five cruisers of the French squadron now at The Piraeus, the Port of Athens, have been ordered to place themselves in readiness to go to the Cape.

A dispatch to the Petit Journal from Toulon says:

"Two or three of the fastest cruisers have been ordered to go to Delagoa bay and Russian warships will follow them."

The Figaro, while pointing out the contradictory rumors from Toulon on the subject of the dispatch of a naval division from the southeast coast, says: "It is certain that the cruiser Cassard sailed from Toulon to Port Said on the receipt of an important telegram enclosing sealed orders."

TUESDAY'S BATTLE IN DETAIL

British Account of the Conflict at Rietfontein Shows It to Be Distinctly a Boer Defeat.

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LONDON, Oct. 27.—(New York World Cablegram — Special Telegram.)—Advices from Ladysmith dated October 24, at 6:25 p. m., give the following details of Tuesday's battle at Rietfontein:

"The British force rested two miles south of the point where the railway crosses Modderspruit. On the left flank are two enormous kopjes with a smaller kopje between.

"The Boers at the right at 5 a. m. fired toward the British scouts near Modderspruit, then suddenly fired at the staff. The first shell dropped within fifteen yards, while the Forty-second British battery promptly came into action. The first shot silenced one Boer gun.

"At 8:30 a. m. continuous firing was heard to the British right between them and the ridge lying in from the kopjes. At 9 a. m. the Forty-second battery reopened from this ridge, the Fifty-third following suit. The mountain battery came into the action shortly after.

"The Natal volunteer forces recalled from Modderspruit took the extreme left and engaged the Boers on a different kopje. The Gloucesters and Liverpools formed the first infantry fighting line, taking cover along the summit ridge. The Deuons, originally reserve, afterward manned the ridge on the left.

"From 10 to 10:30 a. m. the firing was heavy, but by 11 a. m. the Boer firing became desultory. At 11 o'clock the heavy Maxim firing of the British on the left was heard.

"At 12:30 there was renewal of heavy firing along the whole line.

"At 1 o'clock from my position on the firing line I saw at least 500 Boers retreating on Bester's. The total force is estimated at 2,000. At 1:30 p. m. only a few Boer sharpshooters were left.

"At 2:30 p. m. the British force retired, though a few Boers kept up desultory firing. The British artillery made a splendid practice.

"It is impossible to estimate the number of Boers killed. The character of fighting was quite different from Elandslaagte, a single Boer marksman aiming at individuals, especially officers. The object of the attack was to prevent the Free Staters from reaching Helpmakaar to interfere with Yule's retreat.

"A burial party returned from Elandslaagte bringing Chisholm's body and reported having buried sixty-seven Boers, also that the Boers carried from the field many of their dead in wagons. The Kaffirs state that the Boers practiced artillery from Intinehoni yesterday afternoon in order to find the ranges. This accounts for local rumors of heavy firing. The action is regarded by the British as distinctly a Boer defeat."

CHAMBERLAIN UNDER FIRE

Opponents of His Policy Continue to Harass Him with Questions in Parliament.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The third reading of the appropriation bill in the House of Commons today gave the opportunity for further attacks on the government's war policy. Gavin Brown Clark, radical, formerly consul general of the Transvaal, accused the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, of publishing an emasculated version of the Boer franchise bill passed by the Volksraad.

Mr. Chamberlain tartly repudiated this. He said the bill was published exactly as received from Secretary of State Reitz.

Thomas Gibson Bowles, conservative member for Lynn Regis, referred to the heavy military task before the government and said he feared the foreign powers would take advantage of Great Britain's difficulties to make an attempt upon its possessions. All the great powers, except Austria, he asserted, hated Great Britain.

Mr. Lloyd-George, radical member for the Carnarvon district, declared the offers of the Transvaal had been misrepresented, whereupon Mr. Chamberlain and the speaker, William Court Gully, intervened. Mr. Lloyd-George then withdrew his expression regarding misrepresentation.

The session was then suspended until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. When the house reassembled the queen's speech was read and Parliament was prorogued, with the usual formalities.

The queen's speech at the prorogation of Parliament today was as follows:

My Lords and Gentlemen: I am happy to be able to release you of the exceptional duties which have been imposed upon you by the exigencies of public service.

I congratulate you on the brilliant qualities which have been displayed by the brave regiments upon whom the task of repelling the invasion of my South African colonies has been laid. In doing so I cannot but express my profound sorrow that so many gallant officers and soldiers should have fallen in the performance of their duty.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: I acknowledge with gratitude the liberal provisions you have made to repay the expenses of the military operations in South Africa.

My Lords and Gentlemen: I trust that the divine blessing may rest upon your efforts and those of my gallant army to restore peace and good government to that portion of my empire and to vindicate the honor of this country.

The House of Commons passed the appropriation bill prior to the suspension of business there, after which the measure was taken to the House of Lords and passed through all the stages.

Nine Hundred Boer Prisoners.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—A special dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, dated October 24, says: Nine hundred and eighty-eight Boer prisoners arrived here this morning. They include Captains DeWitt, Hammer, Forthus, Dorey, Van Legger and Dottner.

THURSTON TAKES THE STUMP

Nebraska's Senior Senator Begins Campaigning in His Home State.

TALKS TO GOOD AUDIENCE AT WAKEFIELD

Discusses the Tariff in a Masterly Manner and Upholds the Administration's Policy in the Philippine Islands.

WAKEFIELD, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator John M. Thurston spoke to an audience here tonight that filled the large opera house to its utmost capacity and never in the history of the city did any political speaker receive a more enthusiastic ovation. A delegation of 100 or more was here from Pender, accompanied by band and marching club. Large delegations were present from the other towns of Dixon county and from Wayne.

The speaker devoted his attention to the tariff question first and made a masterly argument for the republican position. He devoted some time to the Philippine situation and upheld the president with logic and vigor. It was a great event for Dixon county republicans and the senator's speech was a vote winner from start to finish.

Senator Thurston was most hospitably entertained while here by State Senator H. P. Shumway and other enthusiastic republicans.

FARMERS LISTEN TO KINKAID

Chaplain Mailley's Tour is Interrupted by Illness—Other Meetings of Republicans.

COZAD, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—M. P. Kinkaid spoke at this place this afternoon to a large audience composed largely of farmers. The meeting was to have been addressed by Chaplain Mailley, who was taken suddenly ill and unable to travel. The large audience, though much disappointed, listened with close interest to Judge Kinkaid, who spoke for an hour and a half, making an excellent impression upon his hearers. The Lexington Knights of Pythias band entertained the people after the speaking. In the evening Norris Brown delivered a splendid address to a large audience. Republicanism is at high tide in this county and Dawson county will give a good report in November.

ALEXANDRIA, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—Wednesday night E. H. Hinshaw of Fairbury spoke to about 150 voters in Knox's opera house. The weather was unfavorable for any gathering, it having rained all night and the roads were very muddy. Mr. Hinshaw drove across the county from Tobias. He spoke for over an hour on the political issues of the day and described Judge M. B. Reese as a jurist, gentleman and scholar.

HERMAN, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—Senator Van Dusen of South Omaha and Judge Baker addressed a good-sized audience at Herman last night. About 150 voters were in attendance. Both addresses were well received. At the close of the meeting a republican club of thirty members was organized, with J. H. Chambers, president; H. H. Herzog, vice president; Colonel Rankin, secretary, and Giles Mead, treasurer. The republicans of Herman will give the entire ticket a good vote.

SYRACUSE, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—Last night Hon. J. J. McCarty of Dixon county delivered a forcible and able speech on the issues of the day. Holcomb's record on the district bench and in the governor's chair was laid bare. Paul Jessen, candidate for district judge, was the next speaker. Jessen appealed to the sterling common sense and patriotism of the people. During the meeting several songs were rendered by a quartet of native Filipinos, who have declared their intention to become citizens.

CARLETON, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—A large crowd in the opera house listened with attention last night to good republican speeches. E. H. Hinshaw and C. L. Richards were at their best. S. W. Christie of Edgar and nearly all the county candidates were present and made a good impression. The music was an attractive feature.

LARGE CROWD AWAITS FAIRBANKS.

Indiana Senator Arrives After Delay and is Well Received.

YORK, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—Owing to Senator Fairbank's failure to make train connections a large number of farmers were disappointed in not hearing him yesterday afternoon at the auditorium. Ex-Congressman J. B. Strode very acceptably filled his place and delivered one of the best speeches on state issues heard in York. Posters were gotten out in the afternoon announcing that Senator Fairbanks would be here and speak at the opera house in the morning. A large audience gathered and patiently waited until nearly 9 o'clock, when the senator arrived. The speech was loudly applauded throughout.

Senator Fairbanks contrasted the conditions prevailing now with those three years ago when manufacturers could not pay wages and tradesmen could not obtain work. He described the situation leading up to the Spanish war and praised the wisdom and skill with which President McKinley carried on the campaign. He deprecated the attitude of Americans who compared Aguinaldo to George Washington and pointed out the mercenary spirit of the native chief. The speaker defended the acquisition of the Philippines, the key to the Orient and one-third of the world's population.

LIGHT THROWN ON STATE ISSUES.

Edward Rosewater Discusses Attitudes of the Various Candidates.

WAHOO, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—Edward Rosewater, editor of The Bee, spoke to an audience of attentive listeners at the Wahoo opera house last night. Upon being introduced by Chairman T. J. Pickett, Mr. Rosewater entered at once into a clear and forcible presentation of all the live political issues, state and national, in which the voters are at the present time interested. He discussed the trust and war questions and showed up the sophistries of Bryanism in the stand taken upon these two important subjects. Ex-Governor Holcomb's unsavory record in connection with the house rent, ballot frauds and farcical settlement with ex-Treasurer Bartley, was reviewed at length and many present were for the first time fully and clearly informed of the details of these scandalous transactions. Mr. Rosewater spoke two hours and his speech was an educator.

CHAPLAIN MAILLEY AT MILFORD.

He Rouses Enthusiasm and Talks to a Large Audience.

MILFORD, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Chaplain Mailley of the Fighting First Nebraska opened the republican campaign here tonight and never in the history of the city did a speaker ever receive a greater ovation than that tendered him. It was by far the most enthusiastic meeting of the campaign in this locality and to illustrate the general feeling it need only be compared with the meeting held by the populists Tuesday, at which W. D. Oldham addressed sixty-five or seventy men, women and children. The fusion meeting was held in the Maccabee hall, which seats 140. Mailley delivered his address in Masonic hall, which has a capacity of about 300. All the seats were occupied and standing room was at a premium. The speaker received the closest attention and was liberally applauded. He paid a glowing tribute to the patriotism of William McKinley and strongly endorsed the attitude of the administration toward the Philippines. His explanation of the situation in the islands was heartily approved.

WILL NOT GRANT MANDAMUS

Judge Hastings Decides Against the Republicans in the Saline County Ballot Case.

LINCOLN, Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—At midnight tonight a message was received at republican headquarters announcing that Judge Hastings had denied the mandamus in the Saline county ballot case. The republican committeeman had applied for a writ to compel the county clerk to give the republican candidates the precedence on the ballots. After going somewhat into the history of the case, the decision of the judge reads as follows:

"The primary meaning of the word 'polled' in connection with election seems to be to register and count as votes, cause them to be registered and counted. Such clearly is its meaning in section 127, where the polling of 1 per cent of the total vote is required as a condition to the official existence of a party. If that meaning is to be applied here, then any votes which a party secures to be polled for the head of its ticket by fusion or otherwise should be credited to it. That the word 'poll' is frequently used in the sense of 'cast,' in relation to votes, is no doubt true. It is, however, only a derived meaning and grows out of the fact that the votes must be cast in order to be registered and counted. I conclude that either the legislature did not contemplate the present situation or purposely used words requiring that the matter be summarily determined by examining the total number of votes cast for the head of the ticket at the last election. In either event the right of the relator would seem not to be clear and distinct."

MEIKLEJOHN TALKS WITH BROWN.

Citizens of Valley County Listen to Two Good Republican Speakers.

ORD, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn and Hon. Norris Brown of Kearney addressed a large audience at the court house here tonight. Mr. Meiklejohn created great enthusiasm during the two hours of his speech and while many populists were present nearly all were in accord with his sentiments. Mr. Meiklejohn called the attention of his hearers to the fact that prosperity is here and produced facts and figures to prove it. He showed how labor had been more extensively employed and how wages had been increased. After contrasting conditions under the present administration with the Cleveland administration he took up the war and showed how the opposition favored the war, how the trouble all came about and explained all that the War department had done. He made throughout a logical and powerful speech. Norris Brown spoke for thirty minutes and was cheered to the echo. He has many friends here, who enjoy his wit and logic. He has heretofore made some of the best speeches ever made in the county and this was no exception. On the whole the meeting was a success and very enthusiastic. The republican cause in Valley county is gaining support every day.

FAIRBANKS SPEAKS AT COLUMBUS.

Indiana Statesman Handles National Questions in an Able Manner.

COLUMBUS, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana addressed a large and enthusiastic crowd at the opera house in this city this evening. He was escorted from the hotel to the hall by the Reese club, headed by the Columbus Cornet band, and was introduced by J. G. Reeder, chairman of the county committee. He spoke for more than an hour and was paid the most marked attention, particularly by the populists and democrats, a number of whom were in the room. He handled the currency question in an able manner and convincingly exploded the fallcies of W. J. Bryan on that subject. He touched on expansion and imperialism and left no doubt in the minds of his hearers that the administration was pursuing the proper course in these matters. The treaty at Paris and all the prominent events since that date were fully discussed and left no doubt in the minds of his audience that President McKinley could not with honor withdraw the American flag from the Philippines. That the senator made votes here tonight is generally conceded.

BRYAN DISCUSSES WORN TOPICS.

Passes from Silver Question to Trusts and President's War Policy.

BEATRICE, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—W. J. Bryan spoke here this afternoon, coming from Cortland, where he addressed an audience earlier in the day. He was escorted from Cortland by a committee from Beatrice. His speech was made from an out-door platform. The day was pleasant and a fair-sized crowd was present.

Mr. Bryan, in the beginning of his speech, referred to the silver question, and this portion of the address was prolonged by questions from the audience. The greater portion of his talk was devoted to trusts, imperialism and the course of the administration in dealing with the Philippine question. He also gave some time to a defense of the income tax.

Hainer Dissects Popocrats.

ASHLAND, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—E. J. Hainer of Aurora, former congressman from the Fourth district, delivered a stirring address to the voters of this precinct tonight. Mr. Hainer began his speech by referring to state issues, showing up the records of the fusion "reformers." He then spoke on national issues, taking advanced ground on the subject of expansion and showed the record of the democratic party from the time of Jefferson to favor larger development of the nation. He touched on the question of "government without the consent of the governed," asking the popocrats whether the Indians consented to the settlement of America by the white people and tracing the question up to the present time. Mr. Hainer's speech was a logical and clear presentation of the issues.

Crounse Speaks at Blair.

BLAIR, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Governor Crounse spoke to a well-filled house tonight at Kennard and his address along the line of state and national issues was well received. The county holds him in high esteem, and his words fell with heavy weight on his audience that had gathered to listen to the distinguished fellow citizen. Many a democrat went home from the meeting thinking new thoughts.

Political Debate at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Neb., Oct. 27.—(Special.)—A conflict in dates in republican and populist meetings at Memphis was the occasion of a joint debate between Charles H. Sloan of Geneva and Congressman Stark of Aurora. P. J. Hall was chairman for the republicans and Greeley Gilkerson for the populists.

REPUBLICANS HOLD LEAD

Fusionists Fall Further Behind on Second Day of Registration.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS SORELY PERPLEXED

Percentage of Voters Who Decline to Specify Their Party Affiliations is Increased in Nearly Every Precinct.

REGISTRATION IN OMAHA.

	1st Day.	2d Day.	Total.
Republicans	4,415	2,415	6,830
Democrats	1,324	1,245	2,569
Populists	144	141	285
Silver Rep'ns	56	51	107
No answer	808	1,553	2,361
Total	6,747	5,405	12,152

Republican excess over fusionists 3,869

Republican excess over all others 1,508

The predictions of the party managers that the second day of registration would be an improvement upon the first in the work of getting out the voters of the city were not substantiated by results, as the registration fell several hundred short of the figure reached the first day. During the day the registration was discouragingly slow, but during the late hours of the afternoon and the closing hours of the evening more spirit was manifested around the booths.

Especially did the predictions of the fusion managers that they would win a lap or two in yesterday's registration, to atone for their backwardness the previous week, prove untimely. During the entire day the republicans maintained their lead remarkably well.

The proportion of republicans to the total vote registered yesterday was not quite as high as last week, but it was ample. In the registration of the first day 65 per cent of the total vote gave their party affiliation as republican, 22 per cent as fusionists and 13 per cent refused to state their party preferences. Yesterday 53 per cent of those registering professed to be republicans and 24 per cent fusionists, leaving about 23 per cent unidentified as to political affiliations.

The republican managers were naturally elated over the way the thing was going, while the fusionists were correspondingly depressed. The latter were much perplexed at some of the names they found enrolled as republicans and were unable to explain the situation, as they pretended to find many enrolled as republicans whom they had known formerly as fusionists and workers in the fusion cause. One of the party managers stationed at headquarters unburdened his woes as follows:

"I cannot understand why some of these fellows are registering as republicans. Why, in looking over the lists I can find listed as republicans over 100 men whom I know to be democrats. I tell you there is a big surprise in store for somebody on election day. I haven't any doubt that when the registration is completed three-fifths of the votes will be listed as republicans. In a total vote of 20,000, if these men vote as they register, this would give the republicans 4,000 majority. Take the Fourth precinct of the Third ward as an example. A year ago there were eighty-one republican votes cast there and eighty fusion votes, with a few scattering, making the total 183. During the first day of registration last week there were ninety-seven votes registered in the precinct, of whom forty-four registered as republicans and nine as democrats. Why, here is one fellow who is registered as a republican who wants to officiate as a democratic judge of election and I am told that some members of the Jacksonian club refused to give their party affiliations."

An incident that occurred in one of the precincts of the Fourth ward may explain the fact that many who have heretofore been recognized as fusionists are enrolling themselves as republicans. When one of the applicants for registration encountered the query, "With what party do you wish to affiliate?" he replied: "With the republican party until the war is over."

In South Omaha the registration yesterday exceeded by a considerable figure that of the first day and ran remarkably even, so that at the close the republicans had 954 registered, the democrats 949 and the populists 62.

The returns are as follows:

FIRST WARD.

PRECINCT.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	S. R.	No Party.	Total.
First	34	14	1	9	23	81
Second	25	17	2	....	8	52
Third	25	29	2	....	44	100
Fourth	17	14	3	....	21	55
Fifth	32	26	....	....	19	77
Sixth	22	14	....	1	22	59
Seventh	25	12	6	....	29	72
Eighth	16	8	1	1	2	28
Totals	196	134	15	11	168	524
First day	330	140	12	9	63	674
Totals, two days.	526	274	27	20	231	1198
SECOND WARD.						
First	28	16	12	....	32	88
Second	26	15	8	....	22	71
Third	47	25	....	3	57	129
Fourth	37	40	6	....	5	87
Fifth	18	29	....	....	16	63
Sixth	19	21	9	....	14	63
Seventh	21	50	11	....	17	99
Eighth	26	57	....	1	29	93
Ninth	16	18	2	....	19	57
Tenth	37	34	2	....	32	105
Eleventh	26	26	1	....	38	91
Totals	301	309	47	4	281	946
First day	432	214	18	1	143	811
Totals, two days.	733	523	65	5	434	1757
THIRD WARD.						
First	33	12	3	....	52	100
Third	34	11	....	....	24	69
Fourth	51	17	....	....	33	101
Fifth	23	21	....	....	21	65
Sixth	17	10	1	....	25	53
Seventh	22	13	....	....	28	63
Eighth	38	8	....	....	....	46
Ninth	25	22	....	....	12	59
Tenth	16	3	3	....	12	34
*Totals	259	117	7	....	207	490
First day	408	120	11	3	137	678
*Totals, two days	667	237	18	3	344	1168
*One precinct missing.						
FOURTH WARD.						
First	26	12	2	3	11	54
Second	59	19	....	....	19	88
Third	32	6	....	....	9	47
Fourth	49	9	....	1	14	64
Fifth	47	11	2	1	17	78
Sixth	22	14	1	....	16	53
Seventh	37	18	3	....	18	76
Eighth	27	10	....	....	15	52
Ninth	42	14	....	....	30	86
Totals	323	113	12	5	145	598
First day	589	126	8	8	78	808
Totals, two days.	912	239	20	13	223	1406
FIFTH WARD.						
First	57	20	....	....	37	114
Second	59	19	....	....	14	92
Third	42	13	1	....	27	83
Fourth	42	16	....	1	29	88
Fifth	40	27	1	2	3	73
Sixth	32	17	....	1	20	70
Seventh	28	20	1	....	9	58
Totals	300	132	3	4	139	578
First day	368	156	10	6	68	615
Totals, two days.	668	288	13	10	207	1193
SIXTH WARD.						
First	49	11	2	2	45	110
Third	57	13	7	3	36	116
Fourth	40	20	1	1	27	89
Fifth	52	19	....	....	15	86
Sixth	27	12	5	1	13	58
Seventh	23	11	2	....	27	63
Eighth	67	20	2	....	38	127
Tenth	62	13	3	1	17	96
Eleventh	22	20	....	....	28	70
*Totals	401	139	23	8	246	827
First day	685	177	42	16	116	1036
*Totals, two days	1086	316	65	24	362	1863
*Two precincts missing.						
SEVENTH WARD.						
First	59	11	....	5	12	87
Second	49	15	....	....	11	75
Third	46	13	4	....	12	75
Fourth	45	12	....	1	22	80
Fifth	34	15	....	1	15	65
Sixth	32	11	1	....	16	60
Totals	265	77	5	7	88	442
First day	453	89	10	4	53	609
Totals, two days.	718	166	15	11	141	1051
EIGHTH WARD.						
First	69	32	4	1	18	124
Second	42	33	6	3	34	118
Third	27	23	1	2	19	72
Fourth	26	8	1	2	8	45
Fifth	35	14	3	2	15	69
Sixth	59	23	1	....	37	119
Seventh	32	14	....	....	27	73
Eighth	55	16	3	....	31	105
Totals	345	162	19	10	189	725
First day	482	199	17	3	73	717
Totals, two days.	827	322	36	13	262	1442
NINTH WARD.						
First	26	14	1	....	13	54
Second	51	19	....	....	13	83
Third	56	19	....	....	13	88
Fourth	36	21	1	1	26	85
Fifth	37	16	2	1	9	65
Sixth	45	19	8	....	18	90
Totals	251	108	12	2	92	465
First day	462	96	14	6	65	646
Totals, two days.	713	204	26	8	157	1111
South Omaha.						
FIRST WARD.						
First	97	89	2	....	37	238
Second	81	47	2	....	24	154
Third	100	44	5	....	30	179
Totals	278	180	9	....	91	571
SECOND WARD.						
First	74	74	3	....	59	211
Second	70	65	....	....	52	187
Third	23	25	4	....	22	74
Totals	167	64	7	....	133	472
THIRD WARD.						
First	52	49	7	....	57	165
Second	25	77	6	....	40	148
Totals	77	126	13	....	97	313
FOURTH WARD.						
First	18	69	1	....	61	149

REGISTRATION IN SOUTH OMAHA.

	First day.	Second day.	Total.
Republicans	414	540	954
Democrats	410	539	949
Populists	32	30	62
No answer	244	382	626
Totals	1,100	1,505	2,605

REPUBLICANS ARE IN THE LEAD.

Overwhelming Majority of Them Have Registered at Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Oct. 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Today's registration shows an overwhelming majority of republicans, the proportion being about the same as the first registration. The indications are that a light vote will be polled. Those registering, including both days, expressed their politics as follows: Republicans, 1,817; democrats, 122; populists, 97; prohibitionists, 25; silver republicans, 52; refused, 322.

CRUSADE AGAINST ROBERTS

Miss Helen Gould Donates Funds to Make the Campaign Against Him.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Miss Helen Miller Gould has given $6,000 to the League for Social Service, to be used in a crusade against Mormonism. The league has issued 1,000,000 pamphlets in pursuance of Miss Gould's directions. They are aimed directly at Mormonism and Brigham H. Roberts as congressman and will be distributed all over the country. When they are exhausted millions more will follow them. The pamphlets and blank petitions will be sent to 50,000 clergymen and to hundreds of clubs and societies. These, together with a varied assortment of other printed matter, are expected to enlist the co-operation and financial support of people of all classes throughout the country. Clergymen will be asked to preach on the subject of Mormon practices and also to take up collections for use in the crusade against them. As fast as the blank petitions are filled in they are to be returned to the league in New York. Only the names of qualified voters will be solicited for the petitions and instead of presenting the names in a single list there will be a separate petition for each congressional district. When they are received by the league they will be presented to the respective congressmen of the districts.

CAPTAIN WATKINS' PLEA WINS

United States Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels Modifies Order Suspending His License.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Captain George H. Starbuck, United States supervising inspector of steam vessels, has modified the order of the local board of inspectors in suspending the license of Captain Frederick H. Watkins of the American Line steamship Paris, for two years, because of his running that vessel on the rocks near the Manacles, off the coast of Cornwall on May 21, last.

The ruling of the supervising inspector suspends the license of Captain Watkins for six moths, dating from yesterday, October 26. This action was taken on the plea of Captain Watkins that the grounding of the Paris was due to an error on his part and not to carelessness.

FIGHT FOR WICHITA STREETS

District Judge Dale Grants Permanent Injunction Restraining Street Railway from Operating.

WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 27.—Judge Dale of the district court granted a permanent injunction restraining the Wichita Street Railway company from operating its plant and ordering all the cars and track from the street. The injunction was asked as a last resort by the mayor and city council to get a new system of street railway.

A company with $200,000 capital was organized two months ago and given a franchise by the city council to build a new line, but the old company refused to surrender the streets.

BIG MINERS' STRIKE ENDED

Spring Valley Coal Company Grants Demands Made by Miners with One Exception.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., Oct. 27.—The big strike inaugurated by the 2,000 miners on the Spring Valley Coal company on October 17 was brought to an end today.

All the demands of the organization were granted except that of weighing coal at the bottom of the shafts and this was not pressed by the union

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—

Fair; Warmer; Variable Winds.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	39	1 p. m.	50
6 a. m.	39	2 p. m.	53
7 a. m.	38	3 p. m.	54
8 a. m.	37	4 p. m.	54
9 a. m.	38	5 p. m.	53
10 a. m.	38	6 p. m.	53
11 a. m.	41	7 p. m.	53
12 m.	47	8 p. m.	52
		9 p. m.	49

DONE TO HELP BRYAN

Reason Why William Neville's Name Was Placed on the Democratic Ticket.

SOME INSIDE WORKINGS OF THE COMBINE

Interesting Revelations Made in the Testimony in Boyle Contest Case.

ATTEMPT TO