ABUSE AS A DEFENSE

Chamberlain Answers Stead's Charges by MONEY TO BE PAID INDIANS Personal Attack on Stanhope.

SPEAKER REPROVES COLONIAL

No Attempt is Made to Disprove Complicity in the Jameson Raid.

EFFORT IS SHOWN TO EVADE ACCUSATION

Raid Chapter Said to Have Been Closed When Of 'sial Inquiry Ended.

STEAD'S ALLEGATIONS GIVEN IN DETAIL

Upon Warning from Rhodes That Loss of South Africa Impended, the Colonial Office is Said to Ha e Promoted the Plot.

House of Commons tonight attracted an per capita than last year. immense audience, including Ambassador Stead's charges, and was called to order by Jameson raid chapter was closed by the this evasion excited a loud protest from the Stead's accusations of Chamberlain's complicity in the raid.

to produce the letter written to Chamber- to Nebraska for distribution. lain before the Jameson raid inquiry by man, who, however, were both parties to vice H. Roggensack, resigned. hushed-up raid inquiry. I learn that this letter is a lengthy document containing Roberts county. specific proofs of the complicity of the colonial office in the Jameson raid and threatening Chamberlain with exposure for his denunciation in the House of Commons of

Bannerman refuses to accept Chamberlain's offer by asking for the letter, but Harcourt has not definitely replied so far. Chamberlain's position is much weakened by tonight's proceedings.

Charges Made by Stead. In this pamphlet Stead says:

Before the prime minister of the Cape went very far in the conspiracy he found it necessary to enlist the support of the colonial office in his designs. He sent over to London his fidus Achates, Dr. Rutherford Harris, with instructions to inform Mr. Chamberlain of what was brewing.

'Dr. Harris executed his mission and cabled Cecil Rhodes the result of the interview, At first Chamberlain refused, but nbagan atly after Harris had maken openly to Mr. Fairfield of the colonial of communicated to Chamberlain the contents of a cablegram from Rhodes, warning him that if he thwarted the conspiracy he would icse South Africa, Chamberlain gave way on the convenient pretext of the necessity for

protecting the builders of the Bechuanaland railway from non-existent savage tribes. "Further, Kruger has heard that communications between the conspirators' emisconstant and that during the whole month of corporations, such as railroads and insursaries and the colonial office were close and November cablegrams were constantly pase- ance companies, he suggested general pubing and repassing between the chief conspirator at Capetown and the trusted emissaries and friends in London who were on to corporation laws of the state authorizing direct or indirect with Mr. Rhodes on any touch with the movements. He knows also shares of capital stock without any nominal He had seen that gentleman with reference his behalf keeping the colonial office in that on November 4 Mr. Fajrfield advised or par value, and constituting merely a to the Cape-to-Cairo railway project and the removal of the imperial troops before

the ugly row began in which the leading role

was to be played by the forces of the chartered company. This letter is one of the few documents that are in evidence. Chamberlain Deep in Intrigue. "He has heard also that so far from Mr. Chamberlain knowing nothing of the plot he took so keen and close an interest in its development that he insisted that Jameson's men should go in under the union jack and that the next governor of the Transvaal should be appointed by the colonial office. Further, he knows that just before the raid took place a cablegram was received at Capetown from a trusted friend of Rhodes in London who, immediately after a long

interview with Chamberlain, telegraphed to "President Kruger also knows that when Rhodes went home to face the music after the raid his first step was to send Mr. Hawkesley to tell Mr. Fairfield of the existence of the cablegram, which had passed between Capetown and London, which established the complicity of the colonial office in the conspiracy.

"Mr. Rhodes after this had two hours" conversation with Chamberlain at the colonial office. Mr. Chamberlain then stood up in the House of Commons and solemnly declared that to the best of his knowledge and belief everybody, Rhodes included, were all equally ignorant of the intention or action of Jameson and that belief he expressed after having carefully examined all statements of all parties concerned. Ten months later Chamberlain admitted he had never discussed the subject with Rhodes, whose confidences were not wanted, being indeed unnecessary. Rhodes then returned Africa, where he met Tatton Egerton, M. P., who told him plainly tha Chamberlain

was in the conspiracy up to the hilt. "Mr. Kruger also knows that it has been publicly stated in London, and never contradicted, that when Tatton Egerton was confronted with the colonial secretary he was asked, 'Who told you I was in it?" 'Rhodes himself,' said Mr. Egerton, 'The traitor! was said to be Mr. Chamberlain's only reply.

'Kruger also knows that copies of all incriminating cablegrams were furnished by Newark and Providence with a view to the Hawkesley to Chamberlain; that they were kept by him for some days and then returned. He has further heard that correspondence accompanying these letters frankly recognizes complicity of the colonial office in the conspiracy."

Kniser William Defines Science. CHARLOTTENBURG, Prussia, Oct. 19 .-At the celebration of the centenary of the Technical High school here today Emperor William and the empress, with five of their sons, were present. The minister of public decree empowering technical high schools to keep in close correspondence with the orinstruction, Dr. von Woyauch, read a rayol out the connection between his cabinet and for approval. universities and dwelt upon the great progress of technical science.

"Technical science," said his majesty, "like fixed hereafter.

The proceedings terminated with

three cheers for the emperor.

Omnhas and Winnebagues Soon to Receive Snug Sum to Tide Them Over Winter.

Oct. 19 .- (Special Telesioner Jones of the Indian office today is ed an order making payable to the Omaha and Winnebago Indians in Thurston county, Nebraska, on tribal lands, annual interest annuities and leases. While the interest is not payable until spring Commissioner Jones has made an exception to the policy of the department in ordering this payment, largely upon the recommendations of Senator Thurston and Secretary Meiklejohn, who have represented Agent Matthewson, Agent Matthewson, according to the statement made to the commissioner,

will receive in all probability a \$15 per capita payment, the balance to be paid (Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) next May. One payment only will be made LONDON, Oct. 19 .- (New York World Ca- to the Winnebagoes, but it will reach about imperial government is aware, there is no blegram-Special Telegram.)-Chamberlain's \$20 per capita, the increase of rentals on defense of his policy of diplomacy in the grass lands this year bringing about a higher

Commissioner Jones, in speaking about the Choate, who sat in the diplomatic gallery order, said it was issued because the debetween the Danish and Spanish ambas- partment felt the Indians might need the sadors throughout Chamberlain's 160-minute money to tide them over winter. He said Chamberlain's performance was a the money was due the Indians and as the disappointment in every aspect. He opened treasury had it on hand it would be sent with a flerce personal attack on Phillip them as soon as possible. When asked as to Stanhope, who had challenged him to answer the amount to be distributed between the two tribes, he said approximately it would the speaker for implying that Stanhope was be about \$20,000. Last year the Winnebadishonest. Chambersain claimed that the goes received \$10,000 from treaty provisions Jameson raid chapter was closed by the and \$7,000 from the lease of grass and that findings of the Parliamentary inquiry and the Omahas received in the neighborhood of opposition and gained increased credence for \$20,000 last year for grass lands. Assuming fact that he (Mr. Redmond) in suggesting a that Agent Matthewson knows what he is Stanhope had also challenged Chamberlain between \$20,000 and \$25,000 would be sent majesty's grandson, the German emperor.

Nebraska postmasters appointed: William Hawkesley, secretary of the British South Butler, at Cooper, Cherry county, vice P. C. African company. Chamberlain refused to Albright, resigned; B. H. Smith, at Ericson, submit the letter to Stanhope, but offered, if Wheeler county, vice P. Dahlsten, resigned; asked, to show it to Harcourt or Banner- G. S. Harris, at Somerville, Dodge county,

South Dakota: Edward Loken, at Vernon, Wyoming: E. E. Woodard, at Tle Siding,

Albany county. An order was issued today establishing a cetoffice at Scandia, Custer county, Neb.,

with James L. Smith postmaster. Weston Small of Michigan was today appointed draftsman in the engineering department at Sioux City, at \$75 per month.

TESTIMONY ON CORPORATIONS

Lawyer Stetson, Former Partner of Ex-President Cleveland, Before Industrial Commission.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.-The industrial ommission today heard testimony of Francis Lynde Stetson of New York, former law partner of ex-President Cleveland, and Elbert M. Gary, president of the Federal Steel company.

Mr. Statson advocated fullest freedom of that persons having business with them should learn to inquire concerning their responsibility just as they would in dealing with individuals. He deprecated tendency toward paternalism and said legislation could not make business men of lunatics

and paupers. He believed that all stockholders in any company were entitled to know who their co-owners were and for all purely public tablished.

licity. ital. He opposed a national corporation law as useless and dangerous,

New Jersey's popularity as an incorporataxes were low; to the immunity of stock- berley. (Cheers.) holders from personal liability and to the fact that no limitation is put upon amount of indebtedness a company may contract. Mr. Gary explained the organization of the Federal Steel company, whose authorized capital stock is \$200,000,000, of which almost cent events and of the utterances of Pres-\$100,000,000 had been issued. He explained ident Kruger he had come to the concluthat the stock issued included the actual slon that war had always been inevitable, book valuation of property owned by various although it was only of late that he had plants, \$45,000,000; cash capital, \$10,000,000; increase in value of property not represented on the books, \$31,000,000; money advanced by J. P. Morgan & Co., bankers, who had engineered the consolidation, \$14,000,000. The remaining stock had not been issued and would not be for less than par value in cash. Morgan & Co., had received about

\$200,000 for their services in the transaction. He contended that the Federal Steel company was not a trust, because the constituent members of it had never been rivals in business. Nor is it, he said, a monopoly, because it does not control the entire product in any article.

In reply to questions he said the company had never made any contributions to tect. British subjects wherever they have assist in political campaigns and laborers suffered injustice and oppression. Great of the various companies were free to do as Britain must remain the paramount power they might please in the matter of politics. Referring to the tariff, Mr. Gary said in the German and Portuguese possessions, some protection was necessary, but it need but in the two republics and British colanyone. He also said he did not believe the is determined to maintain these great printariff had anything to do with the present prices of steel.

CONDEMN OVERTIME WORK

Council of American Federation of Labor Consider Practice an Injury to Employes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19 .- The executive uncil of the American Federation of Labor at its session today voted that the federation financially assist the jewelers of New York, more thorough organization of the trade Transvaal respecting the treatment of the a new and immense naval bill. The and to be helpful in every way to secure natives. Then came the Jameson raid and peror's words cannot be construed oth a recognition of the union as well as a reduction in the hours of their daily labor. In consequence of the fact that a large sage. The Boers in their own words number of employers are alleged to be un- trekked because they wanted to 'wallop the

necessarily forcing their employes to work niggers." long hours per day under the pretense of overtime, the executive council passed resolutions condemning the practice. The organization of the workers of the to withdraw the remark. The latter refar west was again taken up and the officers sponded: located at headquarters were instructed to

confer the degree of doctor. Emperor Wil- ganizers and to submit the names of adliam, in the course of an address, pointed ditional organizers to the executive council will not occur again." The council adjourned this afternoon to premacy. Chamberlain said: "The whole the revolution. In the meantime bodies of

Sympathy for Boers.

CHAMBERLAIN REPLIES TO CRITICISMS

Colonial Secretary Defends Action of Government in Dealing with Kruger and Blames the Boers for War.

LONDON, Oct. 19.-Floor and galleries were densely crowded today in the House of Commons in anticipation of a speech by the secretary of state for the colonies,

policy in South Africa. Mr. Balfour, in reply to an interpellation as to whether the imperial government was now reviewing the action of the Cape Colony has increased the revenues of both tribes premier, Mr. Schreiner, and other members from rentals over what they had received of the Cape government, and as to whether in previous years more than 50 per cent and the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Alfred he wants the Indians to have a portion of Milner, would be allowed to dismiss the what is their due at this time rather than Schreiner ministry, to dissolve the Cape legdefer payment until spring. The Omahas islature and temporarily to assume full authority, said:

"This question is apparently founded upon newspaper reports for which, so far as the foundation.

the first lord of the treasury whether the ried into effect there would be no occasion attention of the government had been directed to certain speeches and letters by and emanating from the members for Kilkenny not mean foreign powers must have interproposed to take in the matter.

Mr. Redmond rose quickly and said that

before the first lord of the treasury replied he desired to ask him whether it were not a message of sympathy to President Kruger talking about, the commissioner said that had only followed the precedent set by her (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Balfour replied as follows: "I was not aware that the honorable member for East Clare framed himself upon such an august model. (Laughter). I may point out among the differences between himself and the emperor of Germany that his imperial majesty is not a Britisher nor a member of this house."

Chamberlain Criticises Opposition. Mr. Chamberlain, who was loudly cheered on rising, began with a severe criticism of the action of the opposition at the previous meeting of Parliament. Their statements, he said, were calculated to encourage President Kruger's resistance and to embarrass the government in "most difficult and most critical functions."

Referring to Mr. Stanhope's demand yesterday for the production of his (Chamberlain's) letter to Hawkesly, he said he would gladly produce this if Sir William Vernon Harcourt and John Morley, who were members of the South African committee, demanded it. Mr. Stanhope's criticism, he characterized as "neither honest nor honorable."

The speaker, William Court Gully, intervened, saying that the language of the colonial secretary was "beyond parliamentary bounds."

hope's accusation that he (Mr. Chamberlain) and Sir Alfred Milner had fomented war. Dealing with the criticisms made upon the South African league he said he could not claim acquaintance with a single member of it. The league was one of the poorest pecuniarily, but at the same time most representative political organizations ever es-

With regard to the allegations respecting his own associations with Cecil Rhodes, he declared that from the time of the Jameson He recommended a general amendment raid he had had no communication either corporations to organize with power to issue subject connected with South African policy. stated proportional part of the total cap- with reference to Rhodesia, but the conversations had never touched upon the subjects now under discussion and he would remind the house that Mr. Rhodes, although a miltion state, he said, was due to the fact that lionaire, had gone to face danger at Kim-

South African Policy.

Chamberlain said that in the light of re- adequate in important respects. himself most reluctantly reached this view. He had hoped for peace and striven t maintain it; and up to a recent date he had believed that peace was possible. He had always been determined to secure justice for the Britishers in South Africa and to maintain the paramountcy of Great Britain: but with those things assured, he desired peace. Whenever there had been a doubt as to President Kruger's motives the government had always given him the benefit of

the doubt. Turning to the principles involved in the war the colonial secretary went on to say: "If we maintain our existence as a great power in South Africa we are bound to show that we are willing and able to pro-

in South Africa. I do not mean paramount high enough to give a monopoly to onles. Everyone on both sides of the house ciples. The peace of South Africa depends the Transvaal.

"The Boer oligarchy has placed British subjects in a position of inferiority; and ways than one." what would have been the British position if they had submitted to that inferiority?

with the natives, Mr. Chamberlain said: the blue book. I mean the disgraceful Boer mund speeches. While the former promi message to Sir Hercules Robinson for the project, this speech at Hamburg announ our South African officials decided that they wise.' could not with propriety present the mes-

John Dillon cried: "That is not true." This was followed by loud demands for order and the speaker called upon Mr. Dillon

"I have not impeached the veracity of the colonial secretary."

The speaker: "I hope such expressions

Proceeding to discuss the question of su- is trying to surround Durand, the head of meet next at Detroit, Mich., at a date to be object of the Boers has been to oust the revolutionists are surrendering under govqueen from her position as suzerain. Now ernment guarantees.

all true science, is traceable to God, who enables man to penetrate the mysteries of LIVELY SCENES IN COMMONS they have thrown off the mask and declared themselves a sovereign independent state. FIRST DAY'S REGISTRATION Her majesty's government have had a suspicion amounting to the knowledge that Two Members Arraigned for Expressing the mission of Dr. Leyus one with foreign powers against Great Britain. (Loud cheers.) The Transvaal and Free State have an ideal which is dangerous to Great Britain and by the continuous accretions of arms the Transvaal has become by far the most powerful military state in Africa-That was a danger and we have escaped one of the greatest dangers we were ever subjected to in Africa. The whole point of difference between the opposition and the government is as to the details of the negotiations."

Justifying his conduct of affairs, Chamberlain denied that the question of Joseph Chamberlain, on the government's the negotiations. As far as the franchise for the outlanders, he declared that the govand that every point advanced at the Bloemfontein conference by Sir Alfred Milner had remained on the paper until the ultimatum. Mr. Chamberlain added: "I am too excessive."

Last Proposals Remain a Secret. "The government's reply to the Transvaal excepted the five-year franchise proposal except in respect of the pledge that Great Britain would not reinterfere in the Trans-Henry Seton-Karr, conservative, in ac- vaal's internal affairs, but they hoped that cordance with notice given yesterday, asked if the five-year franchise measure was car-

"I believe that influential advisers-I do and East Clare, Messrs. Patrick O'Brien vened and induced the Transvaal to with-and William Redmond, Parnellites, advocating the cause of the Boers, attempting to formulated by the British government I seduce British soldiers and inciting them may say that the desire of the right honactively to assist the enemies of the queen, orable member of Westmonmouthshire (Sir and what action, if any, the government William Vernon Harcourt) that they be published will never be gratified. That ultimatum is buried and is not likely to be resurrected. (Laughter.)

"I challenge anyone to see a sign of provcreased the garrisons for defense on pressure from the Natal administration, to all returns are in.
whom gratitude and thanks are due. Never During the morni efore had the administration and colony of Natal so completely identified themselves with the mother country. They knew they would be the first to bear the brunt of at- and men are consequently employed tack, yet they threw in their lot, heart and throughout the working hours. The regissoul, with the mother country.

nent could have claimed, to be anxious for from the booths, the honor and interests of the country. That

their effort to maintain seare the govern- cinct. ment has shown endless patience. It was appeal, believing our que rel just."

Henry White, secretary of the United Sta Chamberlain's speech.

BOUNDARY DISPUTE TO REAR Modus Vivendi Is Approved in Eng-

land with Small Changes and

Will Be Signed at Once. LONDON, Oct. 19 .- The British foreign office asserts that the verbal changes in the terms of the Alaska modus vivendi are of no practical significance and have been readily agreed to, and that it is assumed that the United States secretary of state, Colone John Hay, and the British charge d'affaire

in Washington will sign tomorrow. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19 .- Up to the clos of the State department this afternoon nothing had been heard from London respecting the Alaskan modus vivendi. When the details of the arrangement are made public, which will follow immediately upo its conclusion, it will be found that near Passing to the general question of the all of the attempts made up to this poin government's South African policy, Mr. to describe the new boundary line were in

ANOTHER CUP CHALLENGE

Millionaire Soapmaker of England Likely to Make a Try for the Trophy.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co LONDON, Oct. 19 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-It is state on good authority in Liverpool that in th event of Shamrock failing to win the Amer ica's cup, W. H. Lever, a millionaire soa maker of Port Sunlight, near Birkenhea will next year enter the lists on behalf England.

COMMENT ON EMPEROR'S SPEEC Majority of Papers Do Not Notice I Some Not Complimentary.

BERLIN, Oct. 19 .- Today's papers are the most part barren of comment upon speech of Emperor William at Hambu yesterday at a luncheon following launching of the battleship Kaiser Karl Grosse. The Berliner Tageblatt, however says: "His majesty's expressions of upon Great Britain accepting responsibility gret that his wish for a big fleet did not me with intelligent furtherance eight years will be found insignificant just now in me

The socialist organ, the Vorwaerts, sa Boer Treatment of Natives.

Referring to the relations of the Boers fleet enthusiasm and Dr. Von Miquel's no partisan sammelpolitik. It dovetails in "There is one subject not dealt with in program with the Osynhausen and Do treatment of the natives, unworthy of a an anti-strike bill and the latter proclaim civilized power. In 1896 I actually sent a a determination to carry through the ca-

> Teuton Traders Are Reconciled. BERLIN, Oct. 19 .- Private dispatches from Germans now attending the Philadelphia congress declare that they are extremely well satisfied with the reception accorded them by the Americans and that the joint committee to discuss the differences between German and American traders will accomplish much good.

Sixth

Totals

Peru Revolutionists Surrendering. LIMA, Peru, via Galveston, Oct. 19.-The government by strategic movement of troops

the mission of Dr. Leyds has been one con- Total Far in Excess of First Day of Last Year's Registration is Shown.

Democrats and Populists Poorly Represented-Alleged Silver Republicans Cannot Be Found with a Search Warrant.

*First Day's Registration 6,016 suzerainty had needlessly irritated the Registered as Republicans 3,920 Transvaal government or seriously affected Registered as Democrats......1,168 Registered as Populists...... Registered as Silver Republicans 131 (*Several precincts missing in three wards.)

The registration of voters under the new much more afraid of the charge of being law began yesterday morning in Omaha and First too moderate than of the charge of being South Omaha at 8 o'clock and ended at 9 Sacond o'clock in the evening. There are only two more days for registration-October 27 and November 4.

> far in excess of the first day of last year's registration-an evidence of deep interest in the coming election. The figures indicate that the republican vote is being fairly registered, while that of the democrats and populists is poorly represented. The total of the first day's registration in the city of Omaha was 6,016, with several

precincts of the Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards to hear from. The total of the first day's registration last year for the whole city was 5,081. These figures show a healthy increase in registration. In the precincts reported were registered yesterday 3,928 republicans, 1.168 democrats, 131 populists, 49 silver republicans and no party affiliations,

In South Omaha 1,100 were registered, of whom 414 were republicans, 410 democrats, ocation, blood guiltiness or desire of war | 32 populists and 244 gave no party affiliation. in the negotiations. The government in- The total registration of Omaha and South Omaha will therefore he over 8,000 when

During the morning hours the registration proceeded rather slowly, the real rush be ing deferred owing to the fact that the prosperous days of republican rule are upon us

of these is the maintenance of equality be- a sign also had to be posted and the mistake

All over the city where store buildings lo so with reverence I & we accept that dations were generally quite acceptable. One registration party in an upper ward en-

embassy, were in the chamber during Mr. The scarcity of populists and alleged silver conductors, engineers, firemen, brakemen Further details say that the British scouts tures of the day.

The registrars are expected to send returns ficial exhibit may be tabulated for public information. The figures by wards and precincts follow: FIRST WARD.

PRECINCT.

d-			3			:	1 2		management. Since last March grievance Li
at	First Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Elebth	36	231		1		931	65	committees have been almost constantly in
at l	Second	35	99	1	1	7	66	35	THE STATE STATES
el	Third	20	12	3	2 .		37	67	with the railway officials, but without re- of
es	Fourth	31	18	4	'''i		117	37 72	sult. th
	Fifth	26	28	3		15	63	39	tt
se	Seventh	49	15	2	3	9	78	73	BIG PULLMAN CAR DIVIDENDS IS
on	Eighth	52	11	1	9	4	70	29	pid rollimit on biribana
e-		-			-	-		4400	Company Paid Out Over Three Mil-
en	Totals	339	140	12	7.5	63	574	417	lion Dollars to the Stock-
de	SEC								
on	First	55	20	3		8	84	61	holders Last Year. fi
1	First Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Eighth Ninth Tenth Eleventh	43	11	- 1		7	75 91	75	a
rly	Fourth	50	31	1		29	87	49	CHICAGO, Oct. 19 At the annual meet-
int	Fifth	44	16			13	73	38	ing of the stockholders of the Pulman Car o
n-	Sixth	31	17	1		25	65	62	Company about two-thirds of the stock was b
- 1	Seventh	49	26	- 2		15	93	71	represented. The old directors were elected. b
	Eighth	31	22	1		14	68	72	At a subsequent meeting of the directors T
	Ninth	34	29	1		17	92	86	At a subsequent meeting of the directors 1
R	Eleventh	26	32 12		1700000	10	50	51	the following officers were elected: Robert a
	Tatorema	-		_	-		-	-	T. Lincoln, president; Thomas H. Wickes, a
in	Totals	432	214	18	1	143	811	686	vice president; A. S. Winsheimer, secretary, S
	Totals	IRD	W.	ARI	D.				The total revenue of the company for the
	Wild Company	1 24	99	0	1	12		75	year was \$11,478,929, of which amount 3
	Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Eighth Ninth	25	5	2		6	38	23	\$9,748,756 came from the earnings of cars a
	Third	65	23	2	4 . 5.4	37		52 83	and \$1,735,475 from manufacturing, rentals,
(.0.)	Fourth	17	8	i		21	49	39	and \$1,150,415 from mandiacturing, female,
rld	Pirth	20	10			10		23	etc. Operating expenses were \$4,559,881
ted	Seventh	38	6			16	60	50	and the company paid out in dividends
the	Eighth	66	11	1		5 2 22	83 71	46	\$3,149,550. The surplus for the year was
er-			22			2	71	86	\$2,295,465
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of	FU	CKI	11)	V ALI		1 1	71	57	
	First Second Third Fourth Sixth Seventh Fighth	1 08	17		* ****	12			She Accompanies Party of Missouri
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CH.	Fourth	. 95	2	3	1 1	8	128	98	ts Royally Treated.
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It-	Sixth	46	1	5	1 1	15	85	48	
	Seventh	43	1	6	4	1 1			
	Taight	101	i			12	127	85	Warner of the Missouri Pacific railroad,
for				-	-	-		-	
the	Totals	. 58	0 12	6	8 8	7	808	693	General Manager Doddridge, Dr. Munn, di-
ourg	TOTAL STREET	WAR	D-	(Inc	omp	lete.	.)		rector, and Mrs. McCracken, wife of the
	First Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth	.1 9	4 3	4	1	1	131	77	president of the University of the City of
	Swond	. 6	5	7	3 3	1	0 7	6.2	New York, arrived here today on a special
der	Third	. 7	2 3	0	2	1	2 11	53	train over the Missouri Pacific to attend
ver.	Fourth	. 5	4 3	0	1	, 1	5 10	68	1 it - remark date
re-	Fifth	****				3.0	1444	7	
neet	Seventh	7.4.4		1111				3	train and is the guest of the town. Governor
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nore		27	5 10	1	6	3 4	0 42	2 44	Stanley is her escort. Miss Gould says that
	8	EXT	H	VAR	D.				Kausas people treat her too well.
	Diest	1 5	0 1	6	13	3 1	2 9	4) 8	CHIEF TO OTOD CALE OF MINE
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non	- Fourth	6	4	4	2	1	3 8		Minority Stockholders of Homes
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ort	Sixth	10 1	10	11	7.1		3	4 4	The state of the s
	TARREST PROFESSION		7	21	6	1 2	1 14	6 9	Object to Sale.
lise	- Dinth	248.44	24 NOW	3		1	8 115	7	9
ime	Tenth	!	3	14	1	5	8 8	1 8	3 SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Suit has been
ana	Tenth Eleventh	3	34	6j.,			3 8	2 7	3 commenced in this city against Colonel W.
ince	8	-		100	ner .		0.50	01 20	
em	Totals	0	0 1	100	91	3 3	19	10	company of Nevada, by A. H. Ricketts, rep-
her	SE				ARD				the street of a the liberal days to be a second
mer	First		181	131	3	1 3	7 11 12 14	1 5	resenting minority stockholders, to prevent
	Second	1	16]	101	3	1 1	12 14	MA 4	the sale of the Homes property and other

453 89 10

88 28 1 ... 42 ... 56 22 3 ... 46 15 4 ... 86 23 2 ... 25 19 3 ...

455 144 15

NINTH WARD.

25 19 3 45 60 17 12 89 52 20 2 1 13 85

EIGHTH WARD.

Forecast for Nebraska-Partly cloudy; southerly winds Temperature at Omaha yesterday: Hour, Deg. 5 n. m..... 41 Hour. 6 p. m..... 41 7 n. m..... 40 8 n. m.... 40 REPUBLICANS FAIRLY WELL REGISTERED 4 p. m 9 n. m..... 43 10 n. m..... 44 5 p. m..... 62 6 p. m..... 66 7 p. m..... 58 12 m..... 53 S p. m..... 57 Fifth 69 17 2 3 7 88 7. Sixth 87 10 1 1 14 113 8 Tobuls Totals 462 96 14 6 95 646 467 FIRST WARD-SOUTH OMAHA. 229 153 12 ... 110 504 SECOND WARD-SOUTH OMAHA. 1 24 94 4 34 118 3 65

71 108 THIRD WARD-SOUTH OMAHA. 57 47 3 6 113 24 64 3 21 112 81 111 6 27 223 FOURTH WARD-SOUTH OMAHA. First . 33 38 6 17 94 The first day's registration shows a total Reenpitulation.

330 140 12 432 214 18 408 120 11 589 126 6 575 101 6 516 135 37 453 89 17 455 144 15 462 36 14 3 157 678 502 8 78 808 693 3 40 422 445 14 83 600 408 1 65 680 691 6 66 646 467 3920 1168 131 49 727 6016 5081 *Incomplete.

SOUTH OMAHA. 229 | 153 | 12 | ... | 110 | 504 | ... | 71 | 108 | 8 | ... | 30 | 277 | ... | 81 | 111 | 6 | ... | 27 | 225 | ... | 23 | 38 | 6 | ... | 17 | 94 Totals 414 410 32 244 1100 . WHISKY ON SOLDIER TRAINS

Forty-Sixth Regiment Has Revel En Route to Manila and Discipline Is Meted Out.

regiment of volunteers enroute from Massa-"Her majesty's present advisers claim stores and factories been working overtime forced drumhead court-martial on account of tration would have been larger had not the chusetts to Manila was delayed here by enquite as earnestly as any previous govern- to fill orders, thus keeping employes away an epidemic of drunkenness. The first section arrived yesterday over the Chesapeake Some misunderstanding arose in several & Ohio and held high carnival. They had is why they have supported the principle of precincts over the location of the places of whisky secreted on the train. Colonel Hegprotection for British subjects. That is registration. In the Third precinct of the why they uphold the sur rainty of England. Ninth ward the registration officers moved martial, which sent thirty of the offenders "Our countrymen have seen a magnificent from Thirty-ninth and Cuming streets to to the Columbus barracks. As the other secdemonstration, not only of loyalty, but of Fortieth and Hamilton, leaving a sign at tions arrived during the day it was found sympathy with the objets of the govern- the former place to designate the removal. that there was plenty of whisky aboard. ment on the part of the colonies. I have in the Seventh precinct of the Fourth ward The four sections were all sidetracked at been as anxious for pear as any man, but the booth was placed at Seventeenth and Valley Junction for more trials by drumhead the government holds that there we consid- Leavenworth, instead of at Eighteenth and court-martial and additional installments erations more important than peace, and one Leavenworth, as advertised. At this place were today sentenced to the Columbus barracks guardhouse, awaiting further action. tween the white races in South Africa. In kept down the registration also in that pre- Instead of proceeding to St. Louis the trains were today still held at Valley Junction.

Mr. Chamberlain, ra hours and three or the income of the control o refusing to answer being a small percentage. within a very few days. It will include on the advance of the Fifth Lancers republicans was one of the noteworthy fea- and switchmen and the men expect to tie near Tintwa came across a Boer commando the road up from end to end. In the great seven or eight hundred strong, which had strike of five years ago the conductors held advanced to a small mountain seven miles to the city clerk so that a complete and of- aloof, but they have been brought into the from the foot of Tintwa pass. The Boers present trouble by a recent order requiring opened on the cavalry with their field arthem to pay for bonds covering damages tillery. The shooting, which was at long to trains under their charge. The list of range, was exceedingly wild by both sides. grievances given by the men is a long one The object was either to draw the British and they claim to have been unable to secure anything like satisfaction from the management. Since last March grievance Ladysmith. management. Since last March grievance Ladysmith.

SS GOULD GUEST OF TOWN e Accompanies Party of Missouri

w York, arrived here today on a special in the town were well. ain over the Missouri Pacific to attend street fair. Miss Gould was given a reception at the ain and is the guest of the town. Governor

ausas people treat her too well. UIT TO STOP SALE OF MINE inority Stockholders of Homes Mining Company of Nevada

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Suit has been ommenced in this city against Colonel W. Sutherland, president of the Homes Mining ompany of Nevada, by A. H. Ricketts, rep senting minority stockholders, to prevent he sale of the Homes property and other Nevada mining properties to an English syndicate for \$4,000,000. The suit is brought for the protection of the minority stock-

GLUCOSE COMPANY A TRUST

Its Charter is in Violation of Anti-Trust Law, and is Void.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 19 .- The su- into a pitched battle. preme court this morning handed down a decision declaring the American Glucose 1891 and 1892, and therefore void.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER KILLED BY HUNDREDS

Hour. Deg. Large Numbers of Boers Reported Slain by

1 p. m..... 57
2 p. m..... 60
3 p. m..... 63
the Explosion of Mines.

BURGHERS DRAWN ON TO THEIR DEATH

p p. m..... 50 Fifteen Hundred Pead as the Result of an Attack on Klerksdorp.

WOUNDED ARE TAKEN TO JOHANNESBURG

British in Camp Near Ladysmith Are Expecting Battle Today.

ORANGE FREE STATE TAKES INITIATIVE

Two Thousand of Orange Boers with Artillery Are Within Seven Miles of the Town All. Ready to Fight.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Oct. 19 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The Daily Mail's special from Pietermaritzburg says: "The Basuto natives are fighting with the Boers. It is reported that sixteen Boers have been killed. The cavalry is still bivouacked out and slight skirmishes are

The Daily Mail's correspondent at Capetown, Thursday, says: "A refugee who reached Grahamstown today from the Rand states a train arrived at Johannesburg Monday evening from Klerksdorp containing at least 300 wounded burghers."

The Daily News' Capetown correspondent, the course of a somewhat similar account, says: "The Boers were drawn over Lyddite mines, which were laid for the defense of the town, and the killed numbered CINCINNATI, Oct. 19.-The Forty-sixth 1,500. Ecery conveyance was requisitioned to take the wounded men to the hospital."

BOERS ARE NEAR LADYSMITH Two Thousand from the Orange Free State Are All Ready to Do Bloody Work

Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LADYSMITH, British Colony of Natal, Oct. 18 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-1 have just returned from the camp of the British troops, Plainly battle is expected tomorrow. The newspaper correspondents were not permited to pass the pickets in the neighborhood of the town, so it is impossible to give particulars about the movement of troops here, President Kruger who se led the issue. He had been rented for registration places in appealed to the god of titles. If I may stead of the old-time booths the accommotine of the orange free State have taken the initiaalthough they are manifesting the greatest General Strike Likely to Occur in tive in the attack. It is reported that 2,000 ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 19.—A general the enemy last evening. The Boers opened

mittees have been almost constantly in | The Boers are well informed by some city trying to reach some agreement "underground telegraph" of the movements the raifway officials, but without re- of British troops. Nor is there any doubt that the British scouts are in touch with the enemy. The force of Transvaal Boers PULLMAN CAR DIVIDENDS is not more than thirteen miles from this place.

A storekeeper from Acton Homes came here this afternoon. He reports he heard firing in vicinity of his store. Firing is also reported in the neighborhood of Bes-HICAGO, Oct. 19.—At the annual meet- ter's farm. It is reported that Bester, who of the stockholders of the Pulman Car owns one of the largest firms in Natal, has apany about two-thirds of the stock was been arrested for cutting telegraph wires, resented. The old directors were elected. but it is impossible to confirm the report. a subsequent meeting of the directors Three carbineers today brought in Deljanger, following officers were elected: Robert a Dutch farmer near here suspected of being Lincoln, president; Thomas H. Wickes, a spy. I never saw a man so frightened. president; A. S. Winsheimer, secretary, Several spys have been arrested near here. he total revenue of the company for the The rumor that Helpmakaar was captured was \$11,478,929, of which amount yesterday is false. The Boers have not yet 48,756 came from the earnings of cars advanced beyond Ingagnai. If Helpmakaar \$1.735,475 from manufacturing, rentals, should be captured it would not be by the Operating expenses were \$4,559,881 main column of Transvaal Boers but by Luthe company paid out in dividends cas Mayer, a subordinate commander who, 49,550. The surplus for the year was with his small command, is now probably passing through fugitives drifting near

Helpmakaar. It is reported tonight from Glencoe camp that the British troops there have been un-der fire. A strong patrol of Boers was encountered eight miles from the camp and was repulsed, the British suffering no casualties. Two Boers on bicycles, one of them carrying a white flag, yesterday carried a letter written by a British magistrate in Newcastle to a picket outside Glencoe. The letter, which was delivered by permisctor, and Mrs. McCracken, wife of the sion of General Joubert, who occupied New-esident of the University of the City of castle yesterday, stated that all the British

Shortly after 1 o'clock today a mixed train from Ladysmith to Dundee was captured about a mile this side of Elandslaagle station. The train contained four trucks of live stock for the army. It is reported that one imperial officer, Mitchell, the Johannesburg Star war correspondent, and one other correspondent were on the preceding train containing passengers, which was fired on unsuccessfully. Telegraphic communication north of Elandslaagle is cut off. There is no further information concerning the movements of the Boers, who appear to be holding the position indicated in the last cable.

ALL EYES FIXED ON NATAL Combined Advance of the Boer Forces

is Being Made on the British

Positions. LONDON, Oct. 19 .- Natal again claims a share of the attention which during the last few days has been focused upon the baleaguered garrison at Mafeking. The combined advance of the Boer forces on the Supreme Court of Illinois Declares positions held by the British general commanding in Natal, Sir George Stewart White,

posts, which possibly has since developed The Boers, according to the latest information at hand, do not appear to have company of Peoria a trust and its charter in | been driven back. Perhaps, however, their violation of the anti-trust law of Illinois of movements are only part of a general plan to isolate both Ladysmith and Glencoe from

has already occasioned a sharp affair of out-