

CENSOR EDITS NEW

Capetown Message Delayed Forty-Eight Hours in Transmission.

KIMBERLEY IS PRACTICALLY ISOLATED

Boers Succeed in Cutting All Railway and Telegraph Lines.

SEIZE THE STATION AT SPYFONTEIN

Strong Defending Forces at the Modder and Orange River Bridges.

STORMS HINDER MOVEMENTS OF ARMY

Object of the Energetic Operations in Vicinity of Kimberley is Believed to Be Capture of Cecil Rhodes.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Oct. 15.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—(Message delayed forty-eight hours—probably held back and "edited" by the British military censor.)—Special dispatch from correspondent in the field in Natal:

LADYSMITH, British Colony of Natal, Southeast Africa, Oct. 13.—(Friday Night.)—The last railway train from Newcastle has come in, bringing all the government officials and telegraph instruments. The town had not been captured up to noon today, although the surrounding country was entirely in the hands of the Boers.

We are supposed to be living here in a state of war, but Ladysmith has all the aspects of a peaceful garrison town in England. The Boers show no disposition to attack us. They certainly have missed their opportunity, for now I consider the strength of the British forces in the colony sufficient to resist any possible attack. It is the general wish of officers and men of the imperial troops that the Boers would come on for a rough tussle. The struggle will be hard, but the British expect to win.

Boer patrols were signaled today in the hills about two miles from Newcastle. Sir Harry Escombe, after premier of this colony, came here yesterday from Newcastle. He says the Boers evidently are in earnest, as was shown by the manner in which 600 men, without draught animals, pulled heavy guns to the stations on an Ohgwana mountain, near Mafaba Hill.

A poor country is this Natal. Snow has fallen on the Drakensberg range of mountains from Van Renssen's pass south to Tintwa pass, a distance of perhaps twenty miles. This range of mountains forms the boundary between Natal and the Orange Free State.

The Natal Dutch are very quiet now. Their mysterious galloping across the country has ceased. They are armed, but still spying the towns.

BOERS BESIEGE KIMBERLEY

Massing Their Forces Around Town, Which is Practically Isolated—Lines of Communication Cut.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Daily Mail's Capetown correspondent, telegraphing Sunday evening, says: "Kimberley is besieged and the Boers are massing in force. No details are obtainable.

"The Boers have cut the railway at Belmont, have seized the Spyfontein railway station and constructed fortified earthworks. There are strong defending forces at Modder bridge and the Orange river bridge.

"The object of these energetic operations is believed to be the capture of Cecil Rhodes. Kimberley is now isolated, both telegraph and telegraphic communication being cut."

Railway Line Torn Up

CAPETOWN, Oct. 15.—The rumor that a heavy engagement has occurred at Spyfontein is without foundation. The railway authorities have received a dispatch announcing that the railway line was torn up for two miles beyond the Modder river, but no mention was made of fighting having occurred.

Number of English Troops in Natal.

DURBAN, Oct. 15.—Following are the strength and disposition of the troops in Natal: At Ladysmith, seven batteries, thirty-two guns, 4,000 infantry; at Estcourt, 200 volunteers, and at Colenso, 427 volunteers. These, with the force at Pietermaritzburg, make a total of 15,000 men in Natal.

Proclamation of Neutrality.

CAPETOWN, Oct. 14.—(Delayed in Transmission.)—The German consul general has issued a proclamation of neutrality, commanding all Germans to hold aloof from hostilities.

Boers Capture Police Patrol.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Daily Mail's Gleaner correspondent, under date of Sunday, says: "A force under Commandant Viljoen from Spitzkop occupied Newcastle Saturday afternoon and it is reported landed its flag over the town hall.

"It is rumored that the Boers have captured a police patrol of six men at De Jagers' drift on the Buffalo river.

Use Train to Carry Troops.

DURBAN, Oct. 15.—(Evening.)—Fifteen refugees from Harrismith have reached Ladysmith. Among them is the guard of the Natal train, which was commandeered by the Orange Free State. He says that the English driver and fireman were detained to work the train, which is used in carrying Free State troops to Van Renssen Pass, where earthworks have been thrown up and two guns have been placed in position.

Greene Shows Great Favor.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 15.—(Evening.)—Conyngham Greene, British agent at Pretoria, received every civility on his journey from the Transvaal capital. Six of President Kruger's bodyguard accompanied Mr. Greene to the border of the Free State and he received the same courteous treatment in the Free State.

The news of fighting at Modder River is not confirmed. The stake master at Mod-

DISCOVER PLOT IN MANILA

Outbreak Falls to Materialists Because of Vigorous Action of the Authorities.

ARREST THREE NATIVE POLICEMEN

Held on a Charge of Plotting an Uprising—Their Comrades Informed—Authorities, Indicating Loyalty of the Police Force.

MANILA, Oct. 15.—9:10 a. m.—The authorities were informed yesterday from reliable sources that an outbreak in the poorer districts of Manila had been carefully planned for daylight on Sunday. It failed to occur, probably on account of the vigorous measures enforced. Many natives of the Ponds district left, taking their valuables.

All the small shops, which the guards usually forced to close at 8:30 p. m., were shut at sunset. A general feeling of uneasiness was apparent.

The guards of the city were doubled and a strong force stationed at the slaughter house, the center of an unruly section. Two guns of the Sixth artillery were stationed nearby at a point commanding the native quarter. The commanders of the reserve troops were ordered to be prepared for a call at daylight.

Three native policemen have been arrested on a charge of plotting an uprising. The fact that their comrades informed the authorities of their treachery indicates that the police force is loyal.

DUELS IN FRENCH CAPITAL

Castellane Promises to Bring Prince Monaco to Account and Reszke is Also Furious.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) PARIS, Oct. 15.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—A curious anecdote is going the rounds of the clubs and saloons. It seems when Jean de Reszke was last in Paris he was invited to dinner by the baron de Castellane. During the reception which followed, the tenor was requested to sing, which he willingly did several times.

At the conclusion of the last piece the baron stalked from among the group and handing Reszke a blank check, said loudly before the assembled guests:

"We are all delighted, monsieur, I don't know what your prices are, but you may write your own figure upon this check."

Jean de Reszke, blanching with anger, tore the paper into fragments and answered:

"I came here as your guest, sir, and sang because you requested it, and I am pleased me; you shall hear of this further."

Then he bowed around and departed. It is said the tenor sent a second to the baron, who explained that he knew it was customary for Reszke to sing at private functions for money. He believed Jean's attitude a pose, and is convinced that the singer would have accepted the check if not offered publicly. It was purposely so offered, because during the evening the singer appeared to forget his place. For these reasons Baron Rothschild declined to consider the challenge.

Another affair which is exciting attention is the deferred duel between Prince Monaco and Count Boni de Castellane. The prince is just now in Paris, where he made himself conspicuous a few nights ago by rather uproarious fun at Le Balais de Glace, the fashionable skating rink, in company with fashionable rouders and professional skating girls of the establishment. Castellane's friends telegraphed him that Monaco is here and Boni is said to be coming for another week, and to bring him to the rink.

He remembers that when the prince offered Dreyfus hospitality, Castellane wrote an impudent letter in the evident hope of getting notoriety out of a duel with such an adversary. Boni's little note remained completely ignored, however, and has had no effect but jibes. Since Monaco has been away of a northern cruise, the count could do nothing but swear he would force him to fight some day even if publicly. Now the day has come when the two aristocrats will settle their account and Paris is awaiting the impending clash with interest.

Besides the prospective duels, Paris is discussing two which really took place. The first was fought between two lieutenants of the Twenty-second infantry, Gendron and Oliver. The latter, openly a Dreyfusard, was being ostracized and persecuted by fellow officers when two days ago Gendron went too far, saying something which Oliver immediately resented by slapping the other with a glove. They fought with pistols.

Gendron, coldly furious, did his best to kill his adversary. Oliver, as his friend Picquart has said, was a similar occasion stood calmly before the fire, refusing to return it. When the second declared honor satisfied, Oliver twice offered his hand, which Gendron refused to take. Officers of the Twenty-second regiment now express open admiration of Oliver's generosity and blame Gendron's vindictive attitude.

To Stop Religious Political Agitation.

LILLE, France, Oct. 15.—M. Millerand, minister of commerce, in a speech here today announced that M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the premier, intended to submit to the Chamber of Deputies a bill dealing with the law of association. The government said that Millerand does not intend to permit political agitation under the guise of religion.

FAIR WEATHER IS PREDICTED

Good Yachting Winds Have Prevailed at Marblehead Course with Calm at New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Fair weather is again predicted for tomorrow. For a period of ten days or more an almost unbroken calm has prevailed in and around New York.

To the north on the New England coast and over the famous Marblehead course, which eastern yachtsmen are so fond of talking about, good yachting winds have prevailed. In strength they have at times reached ten to fifteen knots an hour.

The Columbia and Shamrock did not leave their moorings inside Sandy Hook today. Not a sail cover was taken off, notwithstanding the fact that the sun shone brightly a good part of the day and would have afforded an excellent opportunity to dry out what has been soiled by the rain.

It is rumored that the Boers have captured a police patrol of six men at De Jagers' drift on the Buffalo river.

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SOLD THE FILIPINOS ARMS

Counsel for Owner of Steamer Abbey, Seized as a Filibuster, Defends Action of Consul Bedloe.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Edwin B. Hay, counsel for W. F. Sylvester, owner of the steamer Abbey, which was seized as a filibuster carrying arms and ammunition to the Filipino insurgents, today made the following statement before the national committee of the United States:

"I am advised that the steamer Abbey, owned by W. F. Sylvester, was seized at Canton, China, against whom charges were made in connection with the grant of an American registry to the Abbey.

"Sylvester sold only one parcel of arms and ammunition to the Filipinos, and that parcel was sold at a time when the sale was equivalent to assisting the United States forces, the whole transaction being made with the knowledge and consent of the United States officials.

"On or about June 6, 1898, Sylvester entered into a contract with the Philippine sell and deliver 5,000 Mauser rifles, 600,000 rounds of ammunition and two Maxim machine guns, the price to include cost of a steamer delivery, etc. The British steamer Abbey was purchased, the merchandise secured and details arranged for its shipment, but as the goods were being placed aboard the steamer the British government revoked the export permit.

"Sylvester believed it was his duty either to deliver the goods or to sell to the best advantage and make shipment to the Filipinos. He tried in various ways to accomplish this he sold to the Chinese officials at Canton the arms and ammunition. The terms of this sale were one-third cash, one-third in thirty days and one-third in sixty days. Upon making the delivery the Chinese objected to 492 Mauser rifles and 600,000 rounds of ammunition, and as there was no ammunition for the Maxim guns they declined to accept these. This left Sylvester with the goods on his hands and also the ship, which under the above conditions, the Filipinos were the largest owners, he tried to deliver the goods, thus closing the transaction.

NOTED HILLMON CASE AGAIN

Sixth Trial of the Great Kansas Insurance Trial in the Federal Court Begins Today.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Oct. 15.—The sixth trial of the noted Hillmon case will begin in the United States circuit court here tomorrow. The case will be tried under William C. Hook, federal judge of the district of Kansas, and he will be the sixth federal judge who has tried the case, each time a different judge presiding.

The Hillmon case is the most noted in the west and of its kind in the United States, if not in the world. The plaintiff in the action, Mrs. Sallie E. Hillmon, now Smith, since her second marriage, has sought for twenty years to recover \$25,000 insurance on the life of her husband, John W. Hillmon, who died or disappeared in 1879 near Medicine Lodge, Kan.

A body was shipped to Mrs. Hillmon at her home in Lawrence, Kan., which she swore was the body of her husband, and which the insurance company denied, refusing to pay the policy on the life of Hillmon. From this contention the case has come through the Kansas courts time and again.

The original amount of the insurance has grown by accrued interest until the sum due Mrs. Hillmon. If the courts decide in her favor, will amount to nearly \$100,000.

DEWEY'S FRIENDS TOO FREE

Necessary for Admiral to Have an Escort to Go to Railway Station to Take Train.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.—Amid the cheers of 10,000 people, Admiral Dewey departed from Boston tonight on the Federal express for Washington.

The admiral spent a very quiet day in the city. After breakfast he spent some time with his mail and then Governor Rollins of New Hampshire called.

Later, accompanied by Lieutenant Brumby, the admiral left the hotel and walked through the common to the Somerset club, where he had a luncheon.

McCLERNAND IN BAD CONDITION

General is Still Unable to Eat and There Are Fears that He Will Not Recover.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 15.—General John McClernand spent a restless day today and toward evening his temperature rose. He is still unable to eat and there are fears that he will not recover.

His son, Colonel Edward J. McClernand, forty-four United States infantry, now at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and under orders to go to the Philippines, has been telegraphed to come, has not arrived nor has been heard from.

BID REV. WILLIAMS FAREWELL

Leaves Chicago for Omaha to Be Consecrated Bishop Coadjutor of Nebraska Diocese.

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JUAN BOYLE FILES PROTEST

Makes Formal Objection to the Candidacy of Judge Neville.

PORTER WILL GRANT EARLY HEARING

Full Text of the Document as Placed on File at the State House—Reasons Why Objections Are Made.

LINCOLN, Oct. 15.—(Special.)—Secretary of State Porter will probably grant an early hearing on the protest filed with him last night by Juan Boyle of Kearney, but it is not generally believed that it will be upheld. The state house crowd, of course, is in sympathy with Neville and it is not at all probable that the propestate secretary of state will allow himself to be convinced that the popular nominee in the Sixth district did not receive the democratic nomination. Following is the protest of Juan Boyle in full:

"To the Hon. William F. Porter, Secretary of State: And now comes Juan Boyle, a resident of the city of Kearney, in the county of Buffalo, and who has resided in said city of Kearney for the past sixteen years, who is a duly qualified elector and taxpayer in said county of Buffalo and of the counties comprising the Sixth congressional district of Nebraska, and objects to the certificate of nomination of William Neville as a candidate for congress of the Sixth congressional district of Nebraska, and to the certificate of nomination of the democratic candidate, the Hon. J. B. McNeil, secretary of said congressional committee, which certificate was filed in the office of the secretary of state on the 12th day of October, 1899, and for the following reasons:

"First—For the reason that the said P. H. McEvoy was never chosen or nominated to be chairman of the democratic congressional committee for the Sixth congressional district, either by said democratic congressional convention, which was held on the 18th day of August, 1899, at Lexington, Dawson county, Nebraska, or by the congressional committee of said congressional district as constituted by said convention.

"Second—For the reason that neither on the 9th day of October, 1899, at North Platte, nor at any other time was there any quorum present of the members constituting the democratic congressional committee of the Sixth congressional district.

"Third—That the said William Neville has never been nominated, appointed or chosen by the democratic congressional committee for the Sixth congressional district of Nebraska, as constituted by the congressional convention, that met in said district, at Lexington on the 18th day of August, 1899.

"Fourth—For the reason that said democratic congressional convention did not authorize or empower the democratic congressional committee of said Sixth district, either by resolution or otherwise, to place in nomination the said Neville for congress from said congressional district, as will appear from the minutes of the said democratic convention now in the hands of Secretary W. B. McNeil of said democratic congressional committee.

"Fifth—That said William Neville was not nominated by said democratic congressional convention.

"Sixth—That said William Neville was not nominated or appointed or elected as a candidate for congress from the Sixth congressional district, by a majority of the members from said congressional committee, as will appear from the minutes of the said democratic congressional convention.

"Seventh—For the reason that said William Neville is not the nominee of the democratic party of the Sixth congressional district, and has no right to have his name placed as a candidate for congress on the democratic ticket for the counties comprising said Sixth congressional district.

"Eighth—And the said Juan Boyle further objects to the honorable secretary of state making any certificate of the nomination of said William Neville by the democratic congressional committee of the Sixth congressional district, and to the issuance of any certificate of the nomination of said William Neville by the democratic congressional committee of the Sixth congressional district, and for the reasons heretofore given.

"Witness my hand this 14th day of October, 1899. JUAN BOYLE.

"State of Nebraska, Lancaster county, ss: Juan Boyle, being first duly sworn, says that the contents of the foregoing protest are true as he verily believes.

"JUAN BOYLE.

"Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me this 14th day of October, 1899. My commission expires April 11, 1901. NARCISSEUS SNELL, Notary Public.

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The crowd which followed was a large one and a great one was at the station. The party went aboard the express, which immediately left, the enthusiastic people running down the track after it.

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CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair and colder; Northwest winds. Temperature at Omaha yesterday.

one to uphold the proposition that the glory which the boys achieved shall be in the slightest degree dimmed by questioning the righteousness of the cause in which they were engaged.

"Mr. Bryan criticizes in vain the administration for its course in the conduct of the Philippine war, when at the same time he claims to be largely responsible for the ratification of the treaty which made the islands a part of our government. His criticism of President McKinley implies that he thinks the president should step aside from his sworn constitutional duty and assume powers which belong to congress. Our people are intelligent and he cannot impress them with this idea. They remember that in the past Mr. Bryan has made predictions as to the results which would follow if certain policies contrary to his ideas were adopted, and events have brought it forcibly to their minds that he had the faculty