

CRISIS MAY DRAG ON

Question of Peace or War Left Under British Cabinet.

LORD SALISBURY BACKED BY THE QUEEN

Determined Every Effort Shall Be Exhausted Before War is Resolved On.

SUPPORTED BY MAJORITY OF CABINET

Belief in Chamberlain's Sagacity Shaken by Attitude of Free State.

FEAR AN IMMEDIATE RAID BY BOERS

After the Cabinet Council the German Ambassador Visits the Premier, Lord Salisbury, and Holds Long Conference with Him.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Sept. 22.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Intense excitement prevails in the political clubs to-night over today's cabinet meeting. Ministers are extremely reticent and all manner of sensational rumors are flying about. I hear from a most reliable authority that the issue of peace or war was not decided today. Military preparations are being pushed on rapidly, as they cannot now be stayed until settlement is in sight.

Mr. Chamberlain laid before the council today some recent communications between Kruger and Kruger which show that the latter is profiting by the wise advice given in Sir William Harcourt's speech and is willing to renew negotiations if the British government will accept Harcourt's definition of the suzerainty which Salisbury hinted at. The strong influence of the queen, it is determined that every effort shall be exhausted before war is resolved on. Salisbury commands the support of the bulk of the cabinet, whose belief in Chamberlain's sagacity has been recently shaken by the somewhat hostile attitude of the Orange Free State and certainly now fully realize that civil war in Cape Colony itself cannot be averted if hostilities are once begun against the Transvaal.

I found belief prevalent in the best informed ministerial circles that the crisis will drag on probably two or three weeks, with gradually lessening tension and eventuating in a peaceful settlement.

The greatest peril in the situation lies in the possibility of Kruger being unable to restrain the forces of the Orange Free State, committing some reckless act of war, maddened beyond endurance as they are by the spectacle of elaborate preparations being made to crush them by might of Britain.

Associated Press Story. LONDON, Sept. 22.—A cabinet council was held today, beginning at 12:30 p. m. A large crowd assembled about Downing street early in the day. The ministers were loudly cheered, the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, receiving the lion's share of the applause.

Previous to the meeting of the cabinet Baron Rothschild visited the first lord of the treasury, Mr. Balfour. The conversation is unusual and is said to be in connection with the money difficulties the government is encountering regarding the prospective military campaign.

When the cabinet went into session no new developments in the Transvaal situation had transpired. The dispatches from the Cape continued of a warlike tone and voiced the indignation of the British contingent against the Orange Free State and Afrikaner attitudes.

The latest current here, though not published on anything tangible, was that publicly, the cabinet would only take steps tending to protract the negotiations, while secretly it would prepare the details of an aggressive campaign, perhaps deciding to co-opt Parliament, though it was scarcely believed the latter determination would be announced immediately.

News from South Africa is eagerly awaited, as many think the cabinet council will be immediately followed by a Boer raid. The cabinet meeting ended at 2:40 p. m. The ministers were cheered as they came out to the foreign office. Nothing transpired regarding the action taken, though the general impression expressed that a vigorous line had been adopted.

The secretary of state for war, marquis of Lansdowne, and the first lord of the admiralty, George J. Goschen, immediately proceeded to the war office.

The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon published a dispatch from Capetown which says it is stated the Boers have given a guarantee to their sympathizers in the Orange Free State and Cape Colony that the Transvaal will be the first to make war.

Immediately after the cabinet council the German ambassador, Count Von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg, visited the premier, Lord Salisbury, and had a long conference with him. The fact that the cabinet council immediately followed the previous cabinet council, leads some persons to attach significance to it, and to infer that Emperor William of Germany is taking an active part in Transvaal affairs. The official German press, however, has been so cautious in telling President Kruger that he need not expect German aid that it is scarcely possible to attach credence to that inference. It is much more probable that the question of Delagoa bay was discussed, if the dispatch printed today by the Pioneer is correct. Several negotiations had been concluded by Great Britain to take possession of Delagoa bay November 1, is correct.

Many rumors are current regarding the result of the cabinet council, professing to be based on good sources. But these are vague and contradictory. One news agency announces that immediate and decisive action has not been decided upon.

Later in the day various rumors were still current regarding the cabinet meeting, but the following, which the Pall Mall Gazette publishes, is believed to be correct: "The comparatively short duration of the council warrants the conclusion that nothing of supreme importance was decided at it, and such we believe to be the fact."

"Information in our possession is to the effect that an interim cabinet was summoned to consider an interim dispatch. It is believed that this paper, which met with the unanimous approval of Mr. Chamberlain and his colleagues, was as soon as received by the Boer government, on Monday, or at the latest, on Tuesday."

According to the Pall Mall Gazette the dispatch with an expression of regret at the unfavorable character of Secretary Reitz's last reply and proceeds with a very firm insistence upon the repudiation of the claims of the Transvaal to the status of a sovereign state, once more pointing out the readiness to negotiate on the nature of the proposed arbitration tribunal, provided the other British conditions are promptly and unreservedly accepted and concluding with the intimation that the imperial government is now engaged in drawing up its own terms and that the Trans-

vaal may expect to hear from them very shortly.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that another meeting of the cabinet will take place next Thursday or Friday, when the issues will be presented in a more serious shape.

Flourishing on Boer Forces. PRETORIA, Sept. 22.—The executive council will meet to-day at 10 o'clock yesterday evening. A telegram containing President Reitz's reply to Sir Alfred Milner, the British commissioner in South Africa, was received. A large order for dynamite was given in the Orange Free State. The field cornets say that in the event of mobilization 4,000 men will be available at Pretoria alone.

It is reported that an experiment at Zuurfontein with a locally manufactured dynamite resulted in the gun bursting, though no one was injured.

DURBAN, Natal, Sept. 22.—Refugees from Barberton complain bitterly of the arrogance of the field cornets. They say Boer boys of 15 years are placed on the lists of the commanding.

Americans in Transvaal Safe. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—No American citizens in the Transvaal republic stand in danger of imprisonment into the Boer army is the opinion of the State department and notwithstanding many appeals have been received from private sources to protect our citizens from such imprisonment it is not regarded as necessary to change in any manner the well established policy of the department in dealing with such subjects.

Russians Sympathize with Boers. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 22.—Believing that war between Great Britain and the Transvaal is imminent, most of the Russian newspapers make no attempt to conceal their sympathy with the Boers.

The Novoye Vremya raises the question of an international waterway for the whole of east Africa, from Cairo to the Cape of Good Hope, to be formed into a compact British colony. The Novosti comments in bitter terms upon "Great Britain's grab policy" and says that the war will not be a triumphal march.

Nothing Left but to Fight. NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Leading financiers in the city are convinced that war is inevitable, since neither President Kruger nor Mr. Chamberlain can retreat with honor and there is no other way out of it. That is the common expression heard in Lombard street, that each side has gone so far to turn back, and hence there is nothing to do but fight it out.

London Stock Market Nervous. LONDON, Sept. 22.—The stock market opened nervous and showed some irregularity for a time. Consols, for both money and the account, fell 3/16 and American shares were unchanged to 1/8 lower. After the first hour prices were steadier and the market was quiet awaiting news of the result of the cabinet meeting.

Transportation Charges High. BOMBAY, Sept. 22.—The remainder of the Nineteenth Hussars and the cavalry staff have sailed for the Cape.

The cost of transporting the Indian contingent to South Africa is estimated at \$400,000.

England to Take Delagoa Bay. ATLANTIC, British India, Sept. 22.—The cabinet has decided to take possession of Delagoa bay November 1.

NEW ODD FELLOW RULINGS Visitors to the Sovereign Lodge Need Not Be Members of Rebekah—Old Uniform Retain.

DETROIT, Sept. 22.—Many of the visiting Odd Fellows left the city today.

The business of the grand lodge will be completed tomorrow. This body, by a vote taken today, refused to abolish the old encampment branch of royal purple degree uniform. The Patriarchs' militant had strongly urged doing away with the division name.

The sovereign Legislature today adopted a resolution authorizing relief committees to raise funds for relief purposes by giving entertainments and by any other means which the state grand masters may approve.

The proposition for establishment of a sanitary fund in aid of Odd Fellows sanitariums in regions of resort for invalids, was recommended. It had been claimed that the burden of caring for invalid members by the local lodges of such regions is unduly heavy.

A report of the judiciary committee was adopted, deciding that visitors to the sovereign grand lodge need not be members of the Rebekah branch, although the grand representatives must be.

POLITICAL EXILES RETURN Landing Arouses Great Enthusiasm at the City of Santo Domingo.

SANTO DOMINGO, Sept. 22.—A war ship from Porto Rico, with forty political exiles on board, arrived here today.

The return of the exiles aroused much enthusiasm among the populace. The decree of the government fixing October 6 to October 8 for the primary elections and providing for the meeting of the electoral college during the last week in October, although a revolutionary action and against the constitution, has been well received. The government's action was ratified by a popular demonstration, the crowds crying: "Down with the constitution."

There was apparently no opposition to the decree. Officers will be elected for the full term, four years. Jimenez is the only candidate for the presidency of the republic.

Woman Jumps from Fourth Story. NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Mrs. Horace Cheney, wife of a wealthy resident of Larchmont Manor, N. Y., either jumped or fell from a fourth story window of the Hotel Marlborough today and was instantly killed.

Mrs. Cheney was 25 years old. She had been in delicate health for some time and had come to the hotel six weeks ago from her home in Larchmont. She was treated by the office of her physician, who was treating her for a nervous trouble.

At 3:30 this morning Mrs. Cheney asked her nurse to get her a glass of water. The nurse left the bedside to get the water. When she returned she found Mrs. Cheney lying on the floor. She was dead. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by suicide.

Strike Stops Work at Cramps. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—The strikers at Cramp's shipyard have joined today by the backsmen and their helpers, who have been at work at the dry dock. Several machinists and joiners who at first refused to join the nine-hour movement also deserted today. The workmen resorted in a total suspension of work.

San Juan Hero Killed. DENVER, Sept. 22.—Special to the News from Price, Utah, says: Private Holliday of the Ninth cavalry, at Fort Du Chesse, had his horse fall on him receiving injuries from which he died today. He was one of the heroes of San Juan.

Rev. Comes Instead of Boer. BEVERLY, Mass., Sept. 22.—Rev. Albert B. Coates of Beverly has accepted the nomination of the prohibition state committee for governor, in place of John Willis Boer, declined.

OTIS IS ASKED TO EXPLAIN

Called On to Elucidate the Exclusion of Chinese from Manila.

CHINESE MINISTER WANTS INFORMATION

Desires the Admission into the Philippines of Some Chinese—Question of Desecration of Churches is Passed Over.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—At the cabinet meeting today the subject of Chinese exclusion in the Philippines was discussed at some length. It was decided to ask General Otis for definite information as to what had been done, and especially in regard to a particular complaint from the Chinese minister that one shipload of Chinese had been stopped. General Otis will be asked to give reasons why this action was taken.

First Assistant Secretary Hill of the State department was present at the session on account of the Chinese exclusion topic.

The telegram from General Otis relating to the occupation of churches by United States troops in the Philippines was read and discussed. No orders will be sent to General Otis on this subject, as it is regarded as a part of warfare to occupy the churches.

The War department has received the following telegram from General Otis regarding the military use of church property in the Philippines: "Referring to your cablegram of September 18, sixteen churches in different localities occupied by United States troops. Four only partially occupied and religious services not interfered with. Also three convents occupied. These three and ten of sixteen churches were formerly occupied by insurgents. Church property is respected and protected by our troops."

The Chinese minister called at the State department today and held a long conference with Acting Secretary Hill respecting the admission into the Philippines of some Chinese. The case is an exceptional one and it is said that the general question of the validity and propriety of General Otis' extension of the Chinese exclusion laws to the Philippines was not an issue in the conference.

Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, happened to call at the time and was a participant in the discussion, giving the department the benefit of his views on the matter. He was assumed by his committee and perhaps by congress respecting such questions as that presented.

There are some indications that the adoption of a more elastic policy in the matter of Chinese exclusion will be suggested by the general Otis, but nothing has yet been done in that direction.

TO PURSUE FABIAN TACTICS

Aguinaldo Preparing to Worry the American Forces as Much as He Possibly Can.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) MANILA, Sept. 19.—Via Hong Kong, Sept. 22.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The Filipino newspaper, Independencia, says insurgent preparations are complete to annoy Tarlac if necessary.

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General Joseph Wheeler, after a skirmish at Parac, telegraphed to General Otis advising that the latter's cavalry so that Wheeler could annihilate a large body of insurgents and prevent a reassembling. General Otis reply was a curt refusal to send the cavalry until October.

Members of the pro-American party of Filipinos are utterly discouraged because of General Otis' protraction. His incompetencies and his obstructiveness. Even the most loyal pro-Americans among the natives are losing hope. Their lives have been threatened, their policy has been ridiculed, their plans have been thwarted. Then, too, their commissioners have been discredited by General Otis, who declares they have no status.

Three attempts have been made to assassinate Tavera, the leader of the pro-American Filipinos. Now General Otis refuses to allow soldiers to guard Tavera's house, therefore Tavera will leave the Philippines. The Filipino nation is determined to expel the Spanish friars, but General Otis and the Spanish archbishop are very friendly.

Friendship between General Otis and Tavera is a growing feeling among the natives and the native police that the recent judges are unreliable. An inquiry is now proceeding. Commercial dislocation has resulted in Manila because the goods ordinarily produced here are unobtainable since the provinces have been disturbed. The goods are only obtainable from abroad. The tariff, which is prohibitive, needs modifying, while the local supplies are suspended.

General Otis has renewed the monopoly enjoyed by a private firm for landing cargo and bonded warehouses. He also has renewed the opium monopoly. Both of these monopolies are highly injurious and their renewal arouses widespread indignation.

GILMORE'S MEN IN A BAD WAY

Maset Investigation Committee Still Trying to Learn Names of Water Company Stockholders.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Maset investigation committee today moved in a circle. Commencing with the Ramapo Water company, they swung round through tenement houses and building codes, and back to Ramapo water.

P. E. Nostrand, a member of the Ramapo company, was the first witness of the day. He declined to produce the maps and the documents of the company. Mr. Moss called President Dutcher of the Ramapo company to the stand. He sustained the position assumed by the chief engineer.

This called forth some lively comments from Moss, who seemed to think that unless the names of the stockholders of the Ramapo company were furnished to the investigating committee the general public would be actually be suspicious of the origin and the disposition of the stock.

WHITE IS DANGEROUSLY ILL

Former California Senator Suffering from a Severe Hemorrhage of the Lungs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—The Post says that former Senator White is lying dangerously ill at the Palace hotel and that today he suffered a severe hemorrhage of the lungs. The whole party was en route from a trip to the country, but he was so feeble that he was compelled to take to his bed. His condition today was such as to greatly alarm his friends.

American to Represent Colonies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Colonel George Bell, American consul at Sydney, arrived from the Philippines today. He will represent the United States at the commercial congress which meets October 16.

NEW PHILIPPINE ARMY PLAN

War Department May Create a Division Similar to That in Cuba.

PRESENT COMMANDERS TO REMAIN

Chief Object Sought to Give Protection to Peaceable Tribes and Relieve Them from Fear of Attacks from Tagalos.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—A plan is under consideration at the War department to create an army division of the Philippines and divide the division into departments on a basis similar to that in Cuba. The idea is to create four departments in the Philippines, at least three of them to be commanded by major generals. The Philippines heretofore have been known as the Department of the Pacific.

It is expected that one department of the proposed new division will consist of General MacArthur's command north of Manila, another will be General Lawton's command south of Manila and a third will be a new command to operate from Lingayen or Dagupan.

A fourth department will probably consist of troops in the islands south of Manila, which include the commands now at Iloilo, Cebu and other points.

The scheme has not yet taken such definite form as to determine the commands of the departments and divisions. There is little doubt, however, that Lawton and MacArthur will remain where they now are and probably the command in the islands south will be under a brigadier general. Another officer will have to be selected for the department in the far northern part of the island at the terminus of the Dagupan railroad.

The plan is to give each department commander all the troops that can be successfully operated and also insure sufficient garrisons for all points taken. Protection to the peaceable tribes is one of the chief objects sought, as representations made to the War department indicate that many of the inhabitants do not want to fight and if un molested and relieved from fear of attack by the Tagalos will assist in supporting the authority of the United States and make it impossible for the followers of Aguinaldo to subsist.

CLOSING UP THE DEWEY FUND

Committee Desires All Contributions in by the Time of Admiral's Arrival.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—A final meeting of the Dewey national home-fund committee was held at the office of the secretary of the treasury today. An account of stock was taken and plans perfected for closing the subscriptions before the arrival in New York of Admiral Dewey.

The committee, composed of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Vanderlip, Assistant Postmaster General Heath, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Allen, Adjutant General Corbin and United States Treasurer Ellis H. Roberts, were all present. At the conclusion of the meeting the committee requested the Associated Press to publish the following:

The Dewey national home-fund committee has received contributions from about 30,000 citizens, representing every state and territory in the union. These aggregate \$27,065, exclusive of the contributions received this morning. The fund has increased to at least \$50,000 to enable the committee to purchase a home at the capital of the nation, which will be a credit to the donors and a pride to the hero of Manila bay. Admiral Dewey has indicated to the committee a desire to make Washington his permanent home. Here, as the ranking officer of the United States navy, he will spend the remainder of his life. The admiral has expressed his grateful appreciation of the intention of the American people to present him a home and he will accept it in the spirit with which it is given.

"The committee must close the subscriptions before the end of next week, before the arrival of Admiral Dewey, and will be pleased to receive and acknowledge, by the issuance of a souvenir receipt, any contributions. A home will be purchased with whatever funds the committee may have at the end of next week.

"The time is now so short that the committee suggests that those who desire to make an immense success of this work by making liberal subscriptions to indicate their wishes by telegraph to Hon. Ellis H. Roberts, United States treasurer, Washington, D. C., who is treasurer of the fund, and to remit by first mail."

WIN MOST OF THEIR STRIKES

Industrial Commission Investigates the Labor Record of Electrical Workers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—R. W. Sherman of Rochester, secretary of the Electrical Workers of America, was the first witness before the industrial commission today. Most of the witnesses were Iliac. He said the dues of his organization were 60 cents per month. There was a \$100 benefit. There had been thirteen strikes in the organization in eighteen months, of these the organization had won eleven, lost one and one was still on. The organization did not include more than 2 per cent of electrical workers. As a rule the workers have steady employment. There was much extra work, for which extra pay was obtained. The average pay was about \$3 per day. His organization believed in compulsory arbitration.

In the strike at Cleveland the union had offered to appeal the issue to the State Board of Arbitration, but the telephone company refused. Compulsory arbitration, in his opinion, should carry with it power of enforcing acceptance of the decree by both parties.

FINANCIAL BILL WILL BE PUSHED.

New Speaker Hopes to Have Republican Caucus Act Early in Session.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—A prominent republican member of the next house of representatives today informed a reporter of the Washington Post that it was the purpose of General Henderson of Iowa, who will be the next speaker, to submit the new financial bill drafted by a special committee of republicans to a republican caucus soon after the house is organized and have it considered in caucus before reference to any committee.

By this plan it is hoped to avoid any wrangle over the proper reference of the bill to committee and to secure speedy action on it in the house.

No Unfits in Colorado.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The Indian agent at Fort Collins, reports to the Indian commissioner that the representative has returned from Colorado and reports positively that none of the Uintah Indians are in the state.

President Invited to Kalamazoo.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Senator Burrows of Michigan called on the president today and invited him to visit Kalamazoo on

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Generally Fair, Easterly Winds.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Hour. Day. Night.

5 a. m. 63 1 p. m. 77

6 a. m. 62 2 p. m. 79

7 a. m. 62 3 p. m. 80

8 a. m. 62 4 p. m. 81

9 a. m. 64 5 p. m. 79

10 a. m. 69 6 p. m. 79

11 a. m. 74 7 p. m. 78

12 m. 75 8 p. m. 78

12 m. 75 9 p. m. 68

his return trip from the west. The president, however, has made engagements which render it impossible for him to accept the invitation.

STOVER'S OLD PLACE READY

South Dakota's Colonel to Be Re-appointed Register—Hatch's Appointment Due.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—The resignation of H. A. Babcock as register of the Watertown (S. D.) land office was received today at the Interior department. Mr. Babcock succeeded Lieutenant Colonel Leo Stover as register at Watertown. When Colonel Stover went to Manila with the First South Dakota regiment an agreement was made that Babcock should resign today and Stover return to his country. Colonel Stover will be re-appointed register at once.

The Indian commissioner has directed Special Agent Reynolds to proceed to Cheyenne, S. D., and relieve Agent Reid from duty at that place. Announcement of Ir. Hatch's appointment to succeed Reid will probably be made tomorrow.

An order was issued today establishing a postoffice at Weber, Wayne county, Neb., and Frederick Weber was commissioned postmaster.

PEACE LIKELY AT CHICAGO

Local G. A. R. Offers to Pay for Another Cornerstone to Be Cut by Union Labor.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—A plan which it is believed will settle the differences over the laying of the cornerstone of the new Chicago postoffice was presented today in the shape of an offer from Judge Tutthill, representing the local Grand Army of the Republic, to secure a new stone cut by union labor.

Judge Tutthill declared to the labor leaders that the old soldiers would defray the cost of getting a new stone and would use their influence in settling existing difficulties between Contractor Ponce and the trades union men. This proposition was received favorably by a majority of the labor men, a minority remaining noncommittal, preferring to hold their votes till the meeting which will be held tonight.

A local firm has received from a London house notes for twenty shillings and other denominations for collection here. The notes are drawn on the Bank of Samoa and are elaborately engraved with Samoa scenes. There is no such concern as the Bank of Samoa and the notes are fictitious. The order received here are numbered as high as 1,600 and it is surmised that at least this number of notes has been put into circulation. The notes are signed by a person who was here over a year ago endeavoring to interest capital in a visionary coral scheme.

TRIPLE MURDER AND ARSON

Robbers Kill a West Virginia Miner and His Two Servants and Fire the House.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Sept. 22.—The home of Absalom Keeler, a miserly farmer aged 80, living on the West Virginia side of the two and a half mile Keapaw, was discovered on fire at 1 o'clock this morning and the neighbors were horrified to find Keeler and Albert Gross, his hired man, lifeless in the yard. The housekeeper, Anna Doman, was also murdered, but her body was consumed in the flames. The object of the crime evidently was robbery.

Keeler was known to keep a large sum of money about the house, but a few weeks ago was persuaded to put most of his money in the bank here. The robbers secured about \$200. It is believed that the miner and two with a blunt instrument to death, as they supposed, they set the building on fire to cover up their crime, but the men had life enough to crawl out into the yard. The officers claim to have a clue which they are working on.

ELECTRIC CAR TURNS OVER

Twenty People Injured, Several of Them Seriously—Speed Too Great.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Sept. 22.—An electric car filled with passengers and running at a high rate of speed jumped the track at Prince's curve, one mile from Carthage, turning over on its top. Twenty persons were injured, the most seriously hurt: H. Watson, Lebanon, collarbone broken.

Mr. Laker, jeweler, Chicago, badly bruised. Mrs. Laker, arm broken. W. L. Crawford, conductor, arm broken, head cut. Charles H. Landrum, Carthage, arm broken, head cut. Miss Grace Phillips, collarbone broken. L. B. Hutton, arm broken. William Meekly, Billings, Mo., arm broken.

DREYFUS TO WINTER IN TEXAS

French Officer Will Go to San Antonio for His Health, Accompanied by Mme. Dreyfus.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 22.—J. H. S. Eteen of Shreveport, La., has arrived here from Rennes, France, where he has been visiting his sister. He brings information that Captain Dreyfus and Mme. Dreyfus, together with Madame Bertha Morre, Lieutenant Max Rance-Morra, late of the French army, and Misses Ida and Emily Morre, will come to San Antonio and that Captain Alfred Dreyfus will spend the winter in this city for his health.

Mr. Eteen's sister is at Rennes and is an intimate friend of Mme. Dreyfus.

DR. MILLER'S GIFT UNVEILED

Bronze Bust of the Late Governor Seymour Formally Presented at Utica, N. Y.

HOOTS FOR SIMPSON

Sockless Statesman of Kansas Driven with Jeers from the Stage.

HIS REMARKS OFFEND GRAND ARMY MEN

Says He Would Rather Be With Aguinaldo Than With General Otis.

THIS SENTIMENT DOES NOT GO DOWN

Men and Women Rise in the Audience and Hiss the Speaker.

OLD SOLDIERS CRY "THROW HIM OUT"

Band Plays "The Star Spangled Banner" and Orator Jerry Retires, While the Crowd Cheers at His Departure.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 22.—A dispatch to the Journal from Wichita, Kan., says: Ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson was hooted off the platform here this evening while addressing a local Grand Army of the Republic reunion. Simpson said: "I glory in the name of Aguinaldo's men. They are simply fighting to regain the land the Catholics took from them."

"A local paper has asked: 'Who is John Brown's soul marching with—Otis or Aguinaldo?' I believe John Brown's soul is marching with Aguinaldo."

Simpson said in substance, that he would rather be with Aguinaldo than with General Otis. An old soldier in the audience arose and said the speech was drifting too much into politics. This was applauded and greeted with cries of "Throw him out!" and "Kick Simpson off the platform!"

Men and women arose and hissed and the men kept crying: "Put him out!" Simpson appealed to the crowd to sit down. "I am coming to my perforation," he said, although he had been speaking only fifteen minutes. Cries came: "Take your perforation to Aguinaldo!" Simpson attempted to go on, but no one could hear him ten feet away.

The band struck up "The Star Spangled Banner" and Simpson left the platform. His retirement was greeted with prolonged cheers.