

Greater American Exposition

Today, Sept. 22 Saturday, Sept. 23. 11 a. m.

2:30 p. m. Destruction of Battleship Maine... 4 p. m. Indian Sham Battle... 7 p. m. Venetian Water Carnival... 5:00 p. m. Sioux Indian War Dance... 11:00 p. m. Ball of All Nations... \$1,000 Fireworks Display... Prof. Alfrenno, the Daring High Wire Walker... Orchard & Wilhelm Carpet Co. "Fall Opening" Saturday, Sept. 23rd to 30th. Free. Free. ADMIRAL DEWEY SPOON... This handsome souvenir spoon, free to all lady visitors... Orchard & Wilhelm Carpet Co.

Decorations of Chivalry... Patriarchs Militant Prize Drills... Syracuse, N. Y. Team Captures First Prize-Captain of Crank Team from Muncie, Ind., Omits Several Movements and Losses... Detroit, Mich., Sept. 21.-Before 2,000 people in Light Guard armory this afternoon Major General J. R. Elliott of Chicago conferred the grand decoration of chivalry, the highest step in Odd Fellowship, upon General Elliott of Chicago. The armor was beautifully decorated with palms, flags and bunting. The cantons of Patriarchs Militant assisted in the impressive ceremony, which required two hours to complete. Under an arch of swords the candidates marched the length of the armory to where General Elliott stood prepared to give them their orders. When the candidates had received their obligations and knelt beside a bible and sworn to uphold them, a gleaming sword was laid on the shoulder of either and he was presented with the badge of chivalry. The prize drills of the Patriarchs Militant, which were held on the Detroit Athletic club field, furnished the other feature of the day. The drills took place under favorable weather conditions before a large number of spectators. Each of the classes were well filled with entries and some remarkably fine drilling was seen. The captain of the Muncie (Ind.) class A team inadvertently omitted several of the movements in the schedule, otherwise they would have captured the prize. The following are the results of the contests: Best military appearing canton in yesterday's parade, prize \$100; Lincoln, No. 38, Syracuse, N. Y. Prize Drills-Class A: First, Lincoln, No. 38, Syracuse, N. Y., prize \$400; second, McKee, No. 2, Detroit, Mich., prize \$200; third, Lucas, No. 3, Toledo, Ohio, prize \$100. Class B: First, Colonel Fenton, No. 28, Flint, Mich., prize \$200; second, Oswego, No. 18, Oswego, N. Y., prize \$125; third, Victoria, No. 35, St. Thomas, Ont., prize \$75. Class C: First, Newburg, No. 35, Hartford, Conn., prize \$200; second, Hamilton, No. 4, Hamilton, Ont., prize \$100; third, Syracuse, No. 3, Syracuse, N. Y., prize \$75. Individual Prize Sword Drills-Class A: First, D. W. Hickey, Terre Haute, Ind., prize \$200; second, D. Knapp, Toledo, Ohio, prize \$100. Class B: First, E. A. Johnson, Flint, Mich., prize \$50; second, William Wright, Toledo, Ohio, prize \$25. Class C: First, George Rapp, Hartford, Conn., prize \$25; second, William Cox, Hamilton, Ont., prize \$10. The Sovereign Grand lodge held its first afternoon session today and spent most of the time discussing ritual work. The constitution of the Rebekah lodge was amended so as to make married daughters, sisters and mothers of Odd Fellows and deceased Odd Fellows eligible for membership whether they are married to Odd Fellows or otherwise. Heretofore marriages to a non-odd fellow rendered them ineligible. The mileage and per diem committee made its report, showing total expense for the Sovereign Grand lodge meeting of \$26,842. A resolution making members of the five civilized Indian tribes in Indian Territory eligible for membership in the order was defeated.

Will Not Pay Cuban Debts... Spain Repudiates Them and the United States Never Agreed to Assume Them... NEW YORK, Sept. 21.-A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Washington says the decision by the Spanish cabinet that the interest on the Cuban bonds made by the United States government is a virtual announcement that Spain will not pay the interest and that the bonds are valueless. Involved in this announcement is the condition that there may be an attempt to entangle congress in a discussion of the responsibility of the United States government for the interest during the American occupation of the island. The action of the Spanish cabinet was referred to the State department, from which the following authoritative statement was obtained: "The United States commissioners at Paris never at any time or in any degree agreed that the United States should become responsible for Spain's Cuban debt. There never was any understanding that any other party should be responsible for that debt than Spain. The reason the United States did not assume the debt, or any part of it, was that the debt was incurred almost wholly by Spain to crush the several insurrections. The United States never had assumed to guarantee this debt because the funds had been expended in internal improvements in Cuba. "This government, as is well known, consented to pay Spain \$20,000,000 in the case of the Philippine islands, solely on the ground that approximately that amount had been expended by Spain in improvements in the islands. "The United States, therefore, has assumed no obligations for, and has no interest whatever in, the declarations of the Spanish cabinet on the debts of Spain or how they shall be paid. The present declaration looks like a repudiation of the debt, principal and interest. "The State department argues that when Spain relinquished its sovereignty in Cuba it relieved that land of debts contracted to keep it in bondage. "This construction, it is held, is affirmed in the notes which passed between the two disputing commissions when the treaty was under discussion in Paris.

Outline Anti-Trust Laws... After Two Days' Speechmaking Conference Resolves and Dissolves... TROUBLE DRAFTING THE RESOLUTIONS... Committee Totals Until After Midnight and Then Adjourns Without Completing Its Labors... ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.-After two days of speechmaking the governors, attorneys general and other state representatives who have been holding a conference here on invitation of Governor Sayres of Texas adopted resolutions outlining the legislation needed to control the so-called trusts and combines and adjourned sine die. The recommendations embodied were agreed after a long session of the committee on resolution. So widely divergent were the views presented for its consideration that it was after midnight when the committee was able to arrive at any conclusion. The whole matter was then referred to a subcommittee composed of Governor McMullin of Tennessee and Attorney General Smith of Texas and Campbell of Colorado to put into proper shape. The conference was to have met at 9 o'clock, but it was noon before it got down to business, as the committee on resolutions had not been ready to report until then. The views of the committee on resolutions were read and then Governor McMullin, chairman of the committee on resolutions, presented the report of that committee. It was as follows: "The committee on resolutions, to which were referred several resolutions and papers, in lieu of them submits the following, with the recommendation that it be adopted by this conference: "That we believe the best present available remedies lie along the following lines: "1. The enactment of an act to amend, both by the several states, the constitution of the nation, so that the elements of competition that shall adequately and fully define an crime any attempted monopolization or restraint of trade in any line of industrial activity, with provisions for adequate punishment, both of the individual and of the corporation, to be enforced by the courts; punishment to the corporation to the extent of its dissolution. "2. The enactment by each of the states of the union of legislation for the adequate and proper control and regulation of corporations chartered by the state, and we recommend as efficacious a system of reports to, and examination by, state authority of the corporations organized under its laws, to the end that they be brought to a fair observance of the laws under which they are created. "3. The enactment by each state of laws that will prevent the entrance of any foreign corporation into its limits for any other purpose than interstate commerce, except on terms that will put the foreign corporation on a basis of equality with the domestic corporation of the state, and we recommend subject to the same laws, rules and regulations of the state that it enters which are applicable to the domestic corporations of that state, and to this end we recommend legislation that shall make it mandatory upon any corporation seeking to do business outside the state of their creation that they procure licenses from the foreign state as a condition precedent to their entry into such state; such licenses to be granted on such terms and subject to such restrictions as will prevent the corporation from evading the control, inspection, supervision and regulation as the domestic corporations of that state, and subject to be revocable if the conditions thereof are violated. "4. Blow at New Jersey. "The enactment of state legislation declaring that a corporation created in one state to do business exclusively in other states than where created shall be prohibited from admission into any state. This proposition is supported by decisions of the supreme courts of several states, and we believe it should become a legislative enactment, uniform throughout the states. "5. That no corporation should be formed in whole or part by another corporation. "6. That no corporation shall own or hold any stock in another corporation engaged in a similar or competitive business, and that no officer or director of a corporation shall be the officer or director of the owner of stock in another corporation engaged in a similar or competitive business, the object or result of which is to create a trust or monopoly. "7. Recognizing that trusts are usually composed of corporations and that corporations are but creatures of the law and can only exist in the place of their creation and cannot migrate to another sovereignty without the consent of the legislature of that state, we recommend that this consent may be withheld when desired, we recommend, as the sense of this conference, that each state pass laws providing that no corporation which is a member of any pool or trust in that state or elsewhere can be a member of another pool or trust in any other state. "Resolved, That it is the sense of this conference that all the capital stock of private corporations should be fully paid, either, first, in lawful money; or, second, in property of the actual cash value of the amount of the capital stock in the hands of private corporations with a capital stock issued in excess of the amount actually paid up as above provided the shareholders shall be liable to the extent of twice the face value of the stock held by each. "On the suggestion of somebody present the Attorney General of Arkansas made a few remarks in favor of the resolutions, in the course of which he deplored the fact that anything had come up during the conference to mar the harmony of its proceedings. Chairman Sayres then put the question and the resolutions were unanimously adopted by the representatives of the states remaining. Governors Shaw of Iowa and Thomas of Colorado and Attorney General Taylor of Indiana having gone home last evening, left only eight states represented. Attorney General Campbell of Colorado moved that a committee of five be appointed to formulate a bill along the line of the resolutions adopted, and that each governor here present it to his legislature and recommendation to the chief executives of other states. Mr. Hester of Wisconsin and Governor Jones of Arkansas objected to this on general principles and the motion was lost. Resolutions thanking St. Louisans, the management of the Platters' hotel, the press and chairman Sayres for their efforts in behalf of the conference were adopted. Chairman Sayres then made a short address telling of his disinterestedness in calling the conference. He said he did not believe the trust was a question of politics, but one purely of patriotism. On the suggestion of somebody present Secretary Moore promised to have a copy of the proceedings furnished to the governor of every state in the union. The conference then adjourned sine die. Arthur Whitworth, living at the Madison hotel, near Sixteenth and Dodge streets, is hunting for his bicycle stolen from the hotel porch Wednesday afternoon.

Philadelphia Wins a Couple... Holmes Muff in Ninth Makes Two Extra Innings Necessary... PHILADELPHIAS BEATEN BY THE RED... Inability to Hit Hahn Was Cause of Their Downfall-Colonels Take Double-Header from Senators by Small Margins... BALTIMORE, Sept. 21.-Baltimore played a double-header today with Cleveland and won both. Holmes' muff in the first contest made two extra innings necessary. Two singles and a sacrifice allowed Baltimore to score the winning run in the eleventh inning. Harper was unsteady in the second game, while McGinnity was effective, a passed ball saving the visitors from a shut-out. Attendance, 1,289. Score, first game: BALTIMORE, R.H.O.A.E. Baltimore, 10; Cleveland, 0. Second game: BALTIMORE, R.H.O.A.E. Baltimore, 10; Cleveland, 0. World's Record Tie at Hastings... HASTINGS, Neb., Sept. 21.-[Special Telegram.]-The world's record was tied today at Hastings, Neb., when a 100-yard dash was won by Saddle in a close second. Time, 0:18. Sporting Events Surely a Go... HASTINGS, Neb., Sept. 21.-[Special Telegram.]-All the wrestling and boxing contests on Thursday, Friday and Saturday will take place at Hastings, Neb., at the Hastings Street Fair general strike... RUMOR OF GENERAL STRIKE... Some Talk of Trouble in Building Circles, but Little to Substantiate It... The meeting of the Building Trades' council was held at anticipated results Thursday evening. It was held during the evening that the council might adopt resolutions declaring a general strike in support of the carpenters, and it was also said that the council might make a proposition to the carpenters looking to a compromise of the matter. But nothing was done beyond to stand by the carpenters, for the time being at least. The contractors and the executive committee of the carpenters held meetings last evening. The contractors transacted no business. At the meeting of the executive committee it was reported that but twenty-five men belonging to the union are idle. It is estimated that so far about 125 men belonging to all unions are out of work on account of the walkout of the carpenters. At the meeting of the contractors it was reported authoritatively that union plumbers were working with non-union men upon a certain job in the city. At the Labor temple all knowledge of such actions on the part of the union men was denied. During the meeting of the Building Trades' council one firm of contractors was declared unfair on account of its activity in the present controversy and politics. At the meeting of the executive committee of the carpenters the following statement relative to the walkout was prepared for the general public: "OMAHA, Sept. 21.-During the last two weeks it has been frequently stated by the press and the union men that the carpenters are on a strike. Such not being the case we wish to set the public right on our position. During the entire season quite a large per cent of the carpenters have been receiving 35 and 40 cents per hour. The union, No. 427, established a scale of 35 cents per hour and part of the contractors refused to pay the same, while others paid it and kept their men at work. The union carpenters have been ready to work for any man that would pay the wages at all times. Had there been a strike of the Carpenters' union no man would have been allowed to go to work. At the present time there are at least three hundred men working at the union scale of 35 cents per hour and more are being put to work every day. C. E. SPARKS, F. F. COCHRAN, Secretary, President.

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