

# Black Dress Goods---

We are showing the largest and most exclusive line of patterns in new fall goods. Rich and elegant crepons, the products of the very best makers in France.

pivotal state of Nebraska.

There was another burst of applause when

would be on the platform advocating the

to "reaffirm the cardinal principles of popu-

lism," and to declare in favor of the Mon-

Senator Allen now wandered off to a dis-

cussion of national questions. He said that

the present prosperity had been brought

about by bountiful crops and that in the

per cent in the price of manufactured ar-

Hanna was now working a scheme to have

Outline of Necessary Platform.

The necessary platform, as outlined by

Allen, was: First, free coinage at a ratio

of 16 to 1; second, abolishment of national

Mr. Allen closed his speech with an ap-

to induce the nomination of a weak man.

He also intimated that there were traitors

Mike O'Connell, one of the Douglas dele

gates, arose to explain that the home dele-

of such a poor hall, and said it was the

fault of the state chairman that a better

temporary organization was made perma-

Committees Appointed.

memorandum from his left vest pocket and

after a proper delay, announced the commit-

First district, G. W. Berge, W. P. Brooks

Second district, James Peabody, E. E.

Thomas; Third district, W. F. Bryant, H. C.

Keister; Fourth district, C. M. Lemar, Dr.

Cummings; Fifth district, Dr. Damarel, C

W. Stewart; Sixth district, H. F. Carson,

The committee retired to the hall of the

A Lancaster county delegate asked for the

appointment of a committee on organiza-tion of young men's clubs. V. O. Johnson

of Lancaster, W. C. Rose of Nance and J

O. Yelser of Douglas were appointed. On motion of W. F. Moran of Otoe a con-

First district, William Moran; Second dis-

D. Kelley; Fourth district, W. H. Taylor;

Fifth district, N. O. Alberts; Sixth district,

A committee of three on rules was ap-

pointed as follows: Ed L. Adams, Kearney

V. O. Wilson, one of the state huse at-

taches, moved that all resolutions be re-

ferred to the resolution committee without

was not put, the chair saying this was a

matter to be considered by the committee

Committee on Rules Reports.

the convention again convened the com-

mittee on rules reported. This report pro-

vided first for the election of a state cen-

tral committee by counties; second, nomina-

tion of a candidate for the supreme court

third, nomination of candidates for regents;

fourth, report of committee on resolutions

without debate, and the committee to be

This brought on trouble. Numerous dele-

gates opposed the report, which provided

for "gag rule." A standing vote was taken

and the chair announced that the report had

been adopted by a vote of 158 to 161. This

vote was questioned by a delegate from

The auditing committee reported that the

books and accounts of the treasurer of the

state committee had been found to be cor-

Mr. Morearity of Douglas spoke against

the report, and declared that there had

been a misappropriation of funds. A state-

ment made by Chairman Gaffin finally

New State Committee.

The time before supper was utilized in

naming a new state committee. A number

the names of committeemen by mail, and the

Adams, John Logan; Antelope, S. C. Fair-

child. Oakdafe; Boone, D. J. Poynter, Al-bion; Brown, Charley Potter, Ainsworth; Buffalo, H. F. Cassar; Burt, John B. Gen-

try, Tekamah; Cass, James Clark, Wabash

M. Chase, Haighler; Fillmore, Miles Andreson; Franklin, C. H. Rose, Franklin; Fron-

tier, W. A. Bradbury, Stockville; Gage, Wil-ham Wagner, Beatrice; Gasper, W. V. Mil-ler, Ellwood; Greelej, P. H. Barry, Greeley;

list as selected was as follows:

Thurston county, but the decision stood.

allowed to report at any time.

rect and in good shape.

A recess of one hour was taken and when

reading before the conveniton. The motion

county; W. H. Barnes, Jefferson county; F

R. H. Henry; at large, W. A. Garrett.

M. Howard, Hamilton county.

Judge Sullivan; at large, W. V. Allen

Peter Cooper club to deliberate.

A motion by C. W. Stewart of Platte

one was not provided.

nent.

tee as follows:

as follows:

on rules.

issued \$5,000,000,000 in bonds.

meantime there had been an increase of 75

roe doctrine and against imperialism.

A special lot of black crepons at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per yard. If you wish something exclusive, the

pattern suits in silk crepons at \$25.00

to \$50.00 for pattern are novelties of |

which no duplicates can be had. Silk crepons from \$2.25 to \$5.00 per yard. For black tailor made suits an endless variety of venetians, cheviots, broadcloth, clay worsted and English cork-BCTCWH.

# THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

serious opposition to Holcomb must come had lately shown too much inclination to from the democratic convention. It was quarrel among themselves, and therefore conceded that Holcomb would be endorsed, made a plea for harmony. He referred to but opinions varied as to the size of the the political capital that was being made fight that would be put up against him by over the soldier business, and declared that a hopeless but determined minority. That the resolution vetoed by Governor Poynter the necessity of throtling democratic oppo- was "a mass of empty words." He made an sition was realized by the leaders was ap- appea? that the supreme court and the conparent in the complexion of the speeches trol of the State university be "wrested that were made during the afternoon, from the iron grasp of the republicans." Every orator who appeared before the demo- This was doubly important, he said, becrats played on the single string of harmony, and appeals for votes for Holcomb were thinly veiled under this specious plea. the same time the leaders used all their Mr. Allen announced that next year be personal influence to bring reluctant delegates into line and prevent the feeling election of W. J. Bryan. He advised the against the prospective nominee from be-

coming too plainly apparent.

The result was evident when the question of the endorsement of Holcomb was reached. The opposition was fitful, uncertain and ineffective. There were men like Edgar Howard of Sarpy county, W. D. Oldham of Kearney, and others, who were bitterly and unalterably opposed to Holcomb's nomination. But in the face of the overwhelming sentiment that had been inspired by the wheel horses of the party they were unable to make a spectacular fight. To the close observer it was apparent that they felt deeply, but their feeble efforts to stem the current were scarcely descernible on the face of the proceedings. There was a vigorous attempt to create a boom for Allen on the part of the Douglas county delegation, it was cut short by Senator Allen himself. The feeling was apparent after the banks; third, direct issuance of money by nomination in studied remarks by disap-, the government; fourth, government ownerpointed delegates who took occasion, in nom- ship of railroads and telegraphs; fifth, favor inating candidates for regents, to eay that postal savings banks. they presented the name of a democrat for the first time to this convention, but these peal for the nomination of a strong man. ventures failed to attract notice. Holcomb and charging that money was being used was endorsed by an apparently overwhelming sentiment and it was only in the echoes that floated through the corridors that the in the conventions. bitterness engendered by the fight was apparent. In the convention hall it was eclipsed by the enthusiasm inspired by the gation had nothing to do with the hiring appeals of Bryan for union against the common enemy and his eloquent presentation

of democratic doctrines. If Douglas county was dissatisfied with that there were no contests, whereupon the the endorsement of Holcomb other countles were equally indignant on account of the manner in which the ballot for regent was ctuffed by the Douglas county The votes of a dozen counties, whose delegates had left the hall, were openly cast for Edson Rich by Douglas county delegates and the friends of A. T. Blackburn appealed from each congressional district and one more in favor of government ownership of from the state at large. The chair took a railroads. half burning with indignation and threatening to retaliate by wholesale elaughter of the Douglas county caudidate at the polls.

#### POPULISTS NAME HOLCOMB

Receives 839 Votes on the Informal Ballot, Which is at Once Declared Formal.

The populist convention was called to order at 2:20 o'clock by J. N. Gaffin, chairman of the state committee. The Creighton hall was comfortably filled and some scat tering delegates occupied the platform. Chairman Gaffin, in a short speech, an-

nounced that it was the purpose of the convention to nominate a man who would wrest from the republicans the last grip from the institutions of the state. He said that this would be an important election, as it would practically settle two campaigns. Secretary Thompson read the call for the convention, and it was noticed that many of the delegates winced when the anti-

proxy clause was read.

W. F. Bryant of Cedar county placed in nomination as permanent chairman R. D. Sutherland of Nuckolis county. The election was had without division, and Mr. Sutherland received a generous burst of applause when he took the platform. Just after dinner the Cornell-Lichty elements in the populist delegation from Richardson county took another twist at the situation. A meeting of the delegates was called and Auditor Cornell moved that Dep-

uty Jim Whittaker be allowed a seat on a proxy. This was opposed by Lichty, and the motion was defeated by a vote of five After Chairman Sutherland had made a

short speech, especially reminding the delegates that they were gentlemen and hoping that they would assist him in preserving and platform, all resolutions to be referred order, Gaffin presented a gaver, which he announced was the one which had been used when W. V. Allen was elected senator. Ed M. Hussing of Franklin, J. C. Ham-

mang of Washington, and E. W. Nelson of Lancaster were elected secretaries. Up to this time there had been no friction. and the chairman leaned over toward a

Wayne county delegate and asked: "Isn't that the way to rush it through?" Wayne delegate agreed that it was the

A committee on credentials was appointed, consisting of E. O. Kretsinger of Gage, Charles Nerones of Sarpy, Boise of Otoe, J. L. Daibey of Richardson and H. Cohen of Douglas.

The chair announced that no credentials quieted the fuss. had been received from the following counties: Banner, Blaine, Box Butte, Chase, Cheyenne, Deucl. Garfield. Grant, Hooker, Kimbad, Logan, McPherson, Rock, Scotts of the counties not represented had sent in Bluffs, Sioux, Thomas and Wheeler.

Senator Allen Makes an Address. While waiting for the committee to report ex-Senator Allen was called on for a speech. While Allen was going to the platform an enthusiastic delegate shouted, "Hurrah for the next supreme judge," which created some applause. Senator Allen opened his talk by stating that "under no conceivable circumstances could he be induced to accept the nomination as supreme judge."

try, Tekamah; Cass, James Clark, Wabash; Cedar, J. H. Melver, Hartington; Cherry, James Quigley, Valentine; Clay, C. W. Jensen, Clay Center; Colfax, John C. Sprecher; Cuming, L. Dewald, Wisner; Custer, C. H. Jeffords, Broken Bow; Dakota, M. B. Slocum, South Sioux City; Dawes, J. J. Adacus, Crawford; Dawson, J. H. Edmisten, Eddyville; Dixon, G. W. Walbock, Wisner; Dodge, R. D. Kelly, Fremont; Douglas, E. E. Thomas, Omaha; Dundy, M. Chase, Haighler; Fillmore, Miles Andre-Continuing, the speaker said that some socalled populists had wandered away from the fold, but he himself was not one of those. He reminded the delegates that the populists

## No Gripe, Pain

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Or discomfort, no irritation of the in-testines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Bee, Aug. 22, 1899.

Monroe; Polk, J. H. Coleman, Stromsburg; Red Willow, H. H. Piekens, McCook; Richardson, A. D. Humberger, Falls City; Saline, James Smith, Friend; Sarpy, D. L. Hileman, Gretna; Saunders, C. M. Lemar, Valparaiso; Seward, H. B. Cummings, Seward; Sheridan, H. F. Wasmund, Rushville; Sherman, A. W. Long, Loup City; Stauton, Al Post, Stanton; Thayer, W. J. Long, Hebron; Thurston, E. G. Kellner, Pender; Valley, I. S. Fretz, Geranium; Wayne, W. B. Wallace, Wayne; Webster, Edward Gilbert, Cowles; York, J. P. Small, York. Address by Governor Poynter. Upon the reassembling of the convention last evening an invitation was extended to W. J. Bryan to make an address. The chair appointed a committee of three to bring Mr. Bryan in. Governor Poynter was also invited to take a seat on the stage, and when Governor Poynter said that he had been unable to get to Omaha until late in the afternoon on account of the amount of business that was being done relative to the transportation of the First regiment from San Francisco. He told of the efforts to get a low rate for the soldiers, the speech being similar to the statement already made by the governor for publication. He said that although there were many shouts of "no! the manner in which the money had poured in was proof that the people had unbounded confidence in the state and were proud of the Nebraska soldiers. He thought the action in raising this money was more important than the erection of triumphal arches or the passage of resolutions, and yet was not an endorsement of the unholy war being

Coleman.

waged in the Philippines. The committee on conference brought in cause the eyes of the nation were on the report, providing that the conventions should proceed to nominate a candidate for judge of the supreme court, the candidate receiving the endorsement of the three conventions to be the nominee of the fusion forces. It also provided that the two conconvention to not "overload the platform with a lot of isms." It ought to be sufficient ventions not having the successful candidate from their parties should be entitled to name the candidates for regents. The report was adopted and the committee was

#### discharged. Holcomb Nominated.

The move to proceed to a nomination of a candidate for supreme judge brought about ball and was called upon for a speech. He Holcomb were greeted with cheers. The re- guished honor which had been conferred ticles. The country had been loaded with sult of the sormal ballot was: Holcomb, upon him and complimented the delegates a burden of \$463.000,000 in bonds and a \$39; Allen, 129; Kretzinger, 18; Maxwell, 5; on the way they had transacted the busideficit of \$60,000,000 per annum, while Mark | Wheeler, 2; Robbins, 1.

The counties which failed to vote solidly for Holcomb were: Buffalo-Holcomb, 8; Allen, 13.

Cass-Allen, 22. Colfax-Holcomb, 4; Allen, 8. Davies-Allen, 8. Dawson-Holcomb, 5; Allen, 5. Dodge-Holcomb, 16; Maxwell, 2. Douglas-Holcomb, 40; Allen, 47; Wheeler

Gage-Holcomb, 14 2-5; Kretsinger, 9 3-5. Lancaster-Holcomb, 45; Kretsinger, 1. Lincoln-Holcomb, 5; Allen, 5. Merrick-Holcomb, 8: Allen, 2. Nemaha-Holcomb, 814; Kretsinger, 814.

Platte-Holcomb, 15: Maxwell, 1: Allen 1. Richardson-Holcomb, 23; Kretsinger, 1. Sarpy-Holcomb, 4; Allen, 6.

Sherman-Allen, 7 Wayne-Holcomb, 3; Allen, 4; Robbins, 1. one was met with a storm of protest by free pass business that might have ocdelegates who were "not in favor of snap curred while he was occupying the office of

judgment," but the chair declared the mo- governor. tion adopted. county authorized the chair to appoint a the hall remarked that the way the railroads some, and some confusion resulted from a committee on resolutions, consisting of two had treated Governor Poynter made him number of delegates leaving the hall.

Tierney Arraigns the Populists.

This brought John C. Tierney of Douglas populists of the state were when the governor asked for money to bring the Nebraska corporation in the state to furnish the state had sold themselves when they accepted the money from such a source. There was a determined effort to howl Mr. Pierney down, but he had his say after a noisy delay of fifteen minutes.

Mrs. Bigelow of Lincoln came to the stage and spoke in defense of Mr. Thompson. She ference committee of seven was appointed also talked in favor of the fusion ticket The committee on organization of young trict, C. A. Whitford; Third district, R. men's clubs reported a long preamble and set of by-laws, which were adopted after some discussion.

The anti-pass resolutions from the silver epublican convention came before the populists in the shape of a report. Yeiser of Douglas moved that the resolutions be of all attempts to refer the matter to the platform committee. A vote was finally taken, and the silver republican report was

The Populist Platform The resolutions and platform adopted by

The people's independent party of Nebranka in

of principles: First-We affirm our devotion to the naherein contained.

Second-We declare the Monroe doctrine to be the doctrine of national self-preserva-tion and that safety is to be found alone in avoiding the quicksands of imperialism and the dangerous waters of militarism. And we oppose all foreign political alliance and all interference in European and Asiatic

Third-"We hold these truths to be selfwith certain inalienable rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." And "that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men de riving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Fourth-We condemn the administrative policy which has converted a war for humanity into a war of conquest. We believe same treatment as the Cubans and that as the Cubans were assured of ultimate inde-pendence and protection so the Filipinos should have been assured in the beginning of our nation's intention to give them independence as soon as a stable government could be established and protection from outside interference. Such assurance should be given now.

Fifth-We condemn the republican naional administration for its complicity with unlawful combinations which have increased nearly a hundred per cent within the last three years as a result of its failure to enact and enforce laws in the interests of

the people.
Sixth—in dealing with trusts and corporations having a monopoly of public neces-saries we claim that the law of the land requires that they shall serve the public for reasonable compensation and in the absence of any legislation upon the question of what s reasonable the judiciary may determine he question. The trust danger of this country is so appairing that the evils thereof be combatted by every branch of the nment. We demand judges who will government. shey the law that vests the judiciary with jurisdiction to protect the people from unreasonable and oppressive prices for the

Minden; Keya Paha, H. L. Millay, Spring-view; Knox, J. F. Lenger, Niobrara; Lan-caster, S. J. Keut, Lincoln; Lincoln, M. M. Holcombe, North Platte; Loup, F. A. Wisig, Taylor; Madison, C. W. Crumb, Madison;

Taylor: Madison, C. W. Crumb, Madison;
Merrick, S. F. Kennedy, Central City;
Nance, W. L. Rose, Fullerton; Nemaha, Ed
Ferneau, Auburn; Nuckoll, James Boyd,
Nelson; Otoc, T. A. Boise, Nebraska City;
Pawnee, W. H. Tarcott, Table Rock; Per-Eighth-We heartily endorse all efforts of organized labor to better its condition and we believe that all classes of citizens and all legitimate enterprises should receive the protection of the laws and that all atkins, Elmer Sager, Elsie; Phelps, W. A. Garrett, Holdrege; Platte, N. S. Hyatt, tempts to coerce honest fabor by injunction or by the use of the military is a violation of the constitution and the established rights of American citizens. Ninth—Municipal ownership of public

utilities is a public necessity.

Tenth—The history of the three spiendid military organizations furnished by Nebraska in the Spanish-American war is the just pride and glory of every citizen and for their brayery, valor and devotion to duty we offer them the heartfelt gratitude

of the patriotic people of the state.

Eleventh—We most heartily commend the able, patriotic and conservative administration of Governor Poynter and his official asclates and we congratulate the people of the state on his success in securing fretransportation for the gallant First Ne-braska to their respective homes.

C. J. Rundell of Wayne moved that the clause in the platform defining the attitude he came uo there was a round of applause. of the government toward the Philippines be stricken out.

W. V. Allen as a member of the platform committee spoke against any change in the wording of the platform, and moved to table he amendatory motion. This was done and the platform was then adopted.
A motion to declare Holcomb the unani-

mous choice for supreme judge was adopted,

from different parts of the hall. Teeters is Endorsed.

Word having come in that the silver republicans had selected J. L. Teeters as one of the regents of the state university the nomination was endorsed without division. V. E. Wilson of the State Banking board. read a resolution relating to educational matters, and moved that it be added to the platform. He explained that the resolution had been adoptped by the other conventions

The motion prevailed. A resolution referring to the services of the late Congressman W. L. Greene and sending condolences to his family were adopted

The state committee was authorized to fill all vacancies on the ticket. On motion of J. N. Gaffin the Coin Harvey scheme of

rganization in the state was endorsed. Holcomb Will Not Use a Pass.

At this point Holcomb appeared in the uch confusion, and the first votes cast for thanked the convention for the distinness. Compliments were also bestowed upon W. J. Bryan, W. V. Allen, Judge Kretsinger and Judge Wheeler. He referred to the unanimous manner in which the nomination had been made and declared that it had been without solicitation on his part. The question of such a nomination had been discussed for so long that he was quite sure the people had plenty of time to make the best selection possible. The speaker made a promise to uphold the constitution of the state and to administer the duties of the office in a faithful manner. He said that six years ago he was a candidate for supreme judge on an anti-pass platform and since then he had studied the Pawnee-Holcomb, 4; Allen, 4; Kret- question a great deal. This had led him to deliver to three legislatures recommendations for the abolishment of free passes. He now felt that occupying a judicial position it would not be wise to accept corporation favors. He would therefore promise not to ride on railroad passes, making A motion to declare this ballot a formal at the same time a feeble excuse for any

As was usual with him, ex-Governor Hol-One of the delegates in the back part of comb spoke so long that he became weari-

Bryan Talks to the Popocrate W. J. Bryan took the platform and promised to spend more than his usual amount of time in the Nebraska campaign to his feet. He wanted to know where the this fall. He felt that the reform forces would stand together against republicanism. He had thought the republicans were bad boys home. The men who talked so much enough in 1896, but he believed they were as a committee on resolutions. about government ownership sat back and growing worse. He pictured the republican allowed the leader of the most damnable party with Abraham Lincoln at one end and money. As a friend of organized labor he crats were praised for throwing Cleveland was prepared to say that the populists of the overboard, and the republicans were asked ers. He said a campaign text ought to be to agree on a plan of fusion. adopted which would say that "no farmer could afford to be a republican." In towns

> and vote and also convert so many new ones that the states of Kansas and Iowa would have to be drawn upon for converts. The democratic nomination of Edson Rich as regent was quickly endorsed and the con-

vention adjourned.

adopted, and insisted strongly, in the face DOINGS OF THE DEMOCRATS Endorse Holcomb for Supreme Judge and Stand Pat on the Chi-

Scarcely more than one-half of 1,029 the populist committee came in at 9:30 and delegates to the democratic state convention occupied seats in the Creighton theater when Chairman James C. Dahlman of its tenth annual state convention the state central committee called the conassembled adopts the following declaration vention to order yesterday afternoon. The empty seats were largely occupied by spectators, and although the afternoon session ional platform of 1896 and to every plank brought forth nothing beyond preliminary

work the proceedings were supplemented by a number of rather long speeches to which the convention listened with evident appreciation Mr. Dahlman briefly called attention to the importance of a fusion victory in Ne-

braska this fall and read the minutes of the meeting of the state central committee the delegates were again called to order. On evident: That all men are created equal at which it was decided to make W. H. motion of Dr. Dunn of Lancaster county, the by the people and for the people, and to and that they are endowed by their Creator Thompson of Grand Island temporary chair- report of the committee on resolutions was the end that the people may exert a more at which it was decided to make W. H. motion of Dr. Dunn of Lancaster county, the man, L. B. Fenner of Buffalo county, temporary secretary, and Fred D. Cosgrove of port was read by Mr. Bryan. The late preal-Omaha, assistant secretary. On motion of Matt Gering of Plattsmouth, the action of our applause when he appeared on the stage the committee was approved, and Geering and the demonstration was repeated when he of Cass county, Oldham of Buffalo and read the first plank of the platform that and congratulate all of the Nebraska sol-Loomis of Clay were designated to escort Mr. Thompson to the stage. He received an enthusiastic greeting from the delegates | report of the committee: to which he replied with an elaborate ad-Thompson's Speech.

He spoke for forty-five minutes and briefly referred to the issues that are pending in the coming campaign. His references to Bryan were enthusiastically received and the applause was particularly vigorous when

he closed by alluding to Bryan as he "new

Andrew Jackson." Mr. Thompson said in In the coming battle of 1900 we will reaffirm the platform of 1896 and renominate the same leader of democracy. We will be true to the pledge of our fathers.
We should treat the Filipino with the

frankness that becometh a great nation and with the charity inspired by a victorious army, as if sitting in the president's mansion, and not as a member of a board of trade. Do you say I am wrong? Then let the returning heroes answer. I appeal to the lips of the living and the writings of the dead, who knew and know. If "no man is good enough to govern another without his consent" by and with what authority is our president acting? What Cleveland tried to do by way of running, or rather ruining, the finances of

Hall, John R. Thompson, Grand Island; Becessities of life.

Seventh—We declare that the republican Charles Miller, Afma; Hayes, A. F. Dile, Hayes Center; Holt, M. H. McCarthy, O'Neill; Hitchcock, Robert Evans, Trenton; Howard, A. V. Swoboda, St. Paul; Jefferson, W. F. Cramb, Fairbury; Johnson, W. S.

Swan, Johnson: Kearney, G. J. Richmond.

Fall Model of the constant tried to do by way of running, or rather ruining, the finances of the finances of the finances of the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country, McKinley is trying by way a permanent increase in the volume of the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the finances of the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country, McKinley is trying by way a permanent increase in the volume of the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country of the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country, McKinley is trying by way to bimetallism as the means of securing the country of the

the issuance of additional interest-bearing and will cause the wreck and ruin of the bonds, and that its attempt to retire the greenbacks and turn over the issuing power of paper money to private corporations is a obtaining of one luxury, demands another. shameless and inexcusable surrender to the Once imperialism is adopted, this demands money power.

Once imperialism is adopted, this demands and must have as its support militarism; and these once obtained must have federates, and in order to have them we must have an alliance with some other nation, and our most natural alliance is with England. So here we have the annual

American alliance, In Regard to Trusts.

We hear the question seked as to what you are going to do about trusts. I would remove from them, first, the fostering care of the government. They are, to a great extent, in this country at least, the direct offspring of a protective tariff and the gold standard. The protective tariff makes the way easy and the gold standard makes it, in numerous cases, a business necessity. I would first remove the protection on every article, and when a trust without competi-tion was formed on any article of necessity I would make such organization a crime with imprisonment, and not a small crime as to punishment, and provide for the gov ernent taking charge of the trust and wind-ing up its affairs.

If the Interstate Commerce commission

cannot regulate transportation. I would assist them by providing for the extension of the drainage canal to the Mississippl; by canal shorten the trip through the lakes and assume absolute control of and con-struct a ship canal across the Ishmus of Panama, and then throw open the watercarrying trade to all and any who wish to engage therein.

Instead of fooling away our money in the far-off Philippines, if it is land we want, I would spend the millions in constructing reservoirs in the western states.

A law should be enacted providing for board of arbitration between capital and labor that would and could arbitrate, and thus stop the destruction of property, loss of lives, stagnation of business, and worse

than all, loss of respect for our laws and

You ask what the leading issue of 1900 will be. My answer is, good old-fashioned democracy all along the line, and our new Andrew Jackson feading the fight into every state in the union. Let every soldier en-listed in our cause select such guns from the many as may be best adapted to its use; then aim at the enemy and not at our own people. The war is not ended; it has just begun

Matt Gering Makes a Speech.

After Mr. Thompson's address there was an insistent demand for Bryan, who occupied a seat about half way down the parquet. Mr. Bryan excused himself at this time, but promised to speak later. This seemed to be satisfactory and, as there were no contests, the convention voted to dispense with the services of a committee on credentials.

A committee on permanent organization was appointed, consisting of Frank Morgan of Cass county, Patrick Walsh of Red Willow, J. J. Halligan of Lincoln, M. O'Mara of Kearney, G. A. Luckhardt of Madison, J. W. Tanner of Nance, and John Stevens of Adams.

There was a short interval in the absence of the committee and Matt Gering was pulled out of the audience to fill it with a speech. He aroused some enthusiasm by stating that Altgeld had told him to tell Bryan that there must be no recession from the platform of 1896. For himself he urged the delegates not to permit their prejudices to warp their judgment, but to work harmonicusly to effect the strangulation of republicanism. It was not a question of candidates, but of principle. He declared that promises should be kept in politics as well as in business. Two years ago there was an implied understanding that, if the populists would support J. J. Sullivan, a populist would be nominated for supreme judge in 1899. He exhorted the convention to redeem the obligation of the party by endorsing whatever candidate the populists should

Permanent Organization The committee on permanent organizaion then recommended W. H. Kelligar of emaha county as chairman, R. D. Logan of Frontier as secretary, and Mark Murray of Thurston as assistant secretary. The port was adopted without dissent and the permanent officers were escorted to the

W. J. Bryan of Lancaster county, J. S. Robinson of Madison, Matt Gering of Cass, Robert Oberfelder of Cheyenne, C. J. Smyth of Douglas, W. T. Wardlow of Dawes and J. M. Gilchrist of Otoe, were designated A conference committee consisting of

Senator Knepper of Butler county, James Mark Hanna at the other. The sliver demo- Hughs of Colfax, James Mollen of Dodge. Ed Falloern of Richardson and M. F. Lyons of Cherry, was appointed to feel the pulse to perform the same duty with their lead- of the populists and silver republicans and

A motion to take a recess was received with scant favor and after some delay A. this text could be changed to say, "no man J. Weaver of Falls City was induced to who lives off the farmer can afford to be fill the oratorical gap. He admitted that republicans had boldly stalked forth from a republican." He said the populists of the a republican." He said the populists of the the republican party has a glorious past, but state were to blame for not turning out to declared that it had parted from national vote last fall. They all ought to get out honesty on the money question.

Harrington Talks.

M. C. Harrington, the democratic can- people. didate for congress in the Sixth district, was then introduced and spoke at some length. He discussed the basic principles of the democratic party and announced his views on the money question, trusts, expansion and every other issue that is apparent in the campaign. He wound up with a review of the situation in the Sixth district, in which he declared that if both he oly wherever it manifests itself. We de-and Judge Neville remain in the race a retriot, in which he declared that if both he publican candidate will be elected. He exi if it should be decided that this is for the best interests of the party.

Business was resumed to the extent of appointing J. A. McGuire of Lancaster county, Rhodes of Thayer and Shellenberger similar committees from the other conventions with a view to forming a plan for the organization of young men's political clubs through the state. The convention then declared a recess until 7 o'clock.

Report of Committee on Resolutions There was much to be done during the recess in the way of adjusting outstanding differences and it was nearly 8 o'clock when called for, and after a short delay, the redential candidate was received with vigorconsisted of a wholesale endorsement of the diers upon the faithful performance of every Chicago platform. This is the text of the duty that fell to their lot. While the Second

We, the democrats of the state of Nebraska, in convention assembled, endorse and emphasize each and every plank of the national platform adopted at Chicago in

Our confidence in the principles set forth in that platform has been increased as those principles have been vindicated by events. The gold standard is less defensible now than it was in 1896, since the president has confessed its failure by sending a commission to Europe to secure international bi-metallism, while the inability of the commission to secure foreign aid is added proof that the people of the United States must act alone if they expect relief. The present legal ratio of 16 to 1 is the natural and necessary ratio and the opponents of that ratio have nothing to offer in it place, but the evasive and ambiguous phrase ology which for years furnished to the gold standard advocates a mask behind which to hide while they secretly labored to make gold mono-moyalism permanent. Any im-provement in business conditions due to the increased production of gold or to a favor able balance of trade, instead of supporting the gold standard doctrine shows that more money makes better times and points the way to bimetallism as the means of securing

WEDNESDAY, August 23-

AT THE EXPOSITION

CHILDREN'S DAY AND WATER CARNIVAL DAY.

Children Under Fifteen Years Admitted Free. M.-Bellstedt's Bend in Auditorium M .- Indian Dance with Indian Bond in front of Government

GRAND WATER CARNIVAL ON THE LAGOON Boys' Tub Races. Swimming Races.
Hawailan vs. Filipino Swimmers. Americans vs. Hawaiian and Filipino Swimmers.

Capt. Louis Sorcho will go down in his diving apparatus, remaining under water an hour, exploding sub-marine bombs. Capt. Billie Johnson, Charles Johnson and Margaret Johnson in life-saving

exhibitions, high diving, trick diving and the burial at sen-

FREE OPEN AIR EXTERTAINMENT ON LAGOON. M.-Relistedt's Band on Grand Plaza.

### ON THE MIDWAY.

8:45 P. M.-New Electrical Fountain.

The Cream of the Midway

--CYCLORAMA--THE BATTLE OF MISSIONARY RIDGE LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN

THE NEW DARKNESS AND DAWN: OR.

Heaven and Hell. THE OLD PLANTATION The Exposition Fun Factory.

> HOBSON . Sinking the Merrimac.

THE MOORISH PALACE -AND-CREAT PASSION PLAY. WARACRAPH

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The Battle of Manila.

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FAT MAN'S BEER GARDEN Col. Henri Cannon, weight 617 pounds.

HAWAIIAN VILLAGE COR. EAST MIDWAY

GRAND PLAZA. ducing classes of the country. The plan to retire the greenbacks in the interest of national bank notes, denounced by the dem-ocrats in 1896, but then defended by the

The industrial trusts spring up or every hand, testify to the administration's

tion of a gigantic paper money trust.

indifference to monopoly or to its inability to cope with it. We denounce the failure of the administration to enforce the present law against trusts or to recommend new laws if the present law is deemed insufficient. We are opposed to the principle of monop

Arbitration grows more necessary every

year and government by injunction grows

law, the enactment of such new legislation pressed his readiness to step down and out as may be necessary and a constitutional amendment, if the present constitution is construed to protect trusts, to the end that the monopolization of industry by private corporations may be absolutely prevented. Every trust rests upon a corporation and every corporation is a creature of laws, of Harlan as a committee to confer with and the laws, state and national, must place upon the corporations such limitations and restrictions as will protect the public from injury. We heartly commend Hon. C. . his efforts to enforce the state law against

> We are in favor of an amendment to the federal constitution specifically authorizing an income tax; we also favor tional amendment providing for the election We believe in a government of the people direct and potent influence upon legislation we favor the use of the initiative and referendum as far as the principle can be ap-

We point with pride to the prompt en listment of Nebraska's quota of and Third regiments were not called upon to prove their bravery upon the field of battle, the members of the First Nebraska have won for themselves and for the state imperishable fame.

We cordially commend the successful efforts of Governor Poynter to furnish to the members of the First Nebraska free transportation from San Francisco to their homeand we favor an appropriation to cover the expense. But while we commend the soldiers for obedience to all orders emanating from the chief executive, we condemn the sreal administrative policy which has converted 1899. war for humanity into a war of conquest received the same treatment as the Cubans and that, as the Cubans were assured of ultimate independence and protection, so the Filipinos should have been assured in the beginning of our nation's intention to give them independence as soon as stable government could be established and progovernment could be established and pro-tection frlom outside interference, such as-surance should be given now. If the Cu-bans, as stated in the resolution of inter-vention, are, and of right ought to be free, the same can be said of the Filipinos and this nation would suffer no humiliation in acknowledging adherence to

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Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

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(Continued on Fifth Page.)