

FILIPINOS DEFEATED

Commander Otis Confirms the Report of a Severe Battle at San Fernando.

GENERAL MACARTHUR ROUTS THE ENEMY

Rice Fields and Bamboo Thickets Form Obstructions to the Advance.

TWELFTH AND SEVENTEENTH SHOW METTLE

They Participate in the Sharpest Engagements of the Decisive Struggle.

ARTILLERY IS ORDERED FORWARD AT ONCE

American Loss Merely Nominal, Although at Moment It is Impossible to State It with Accuracy.

MANILA, Aug. 9.—7:10 p. m.—Details of General MacArthur's advance beyond San Fernando showed that the Americans covered five miles at the first five hours and at 2 o'clock had advanced six miles along the railway, stretching on each side of it for two miles and resting at night three miles from Angeles...

The Twelfth and Seventeenth regiments had the sharpest engagements. The Filipinos were surprised, expecting the American forces to move against them. They followed their usual tactics of holding their trenches until they became too warm and then retreating in disorder. They are now falling back westward toward Pora.

The country our troops passed over is covered with rice fields and bamboo thickets, the hardest possible ground for marching. The mud in places was knee deep.

Reports from rebel sources say 150 Filipinos were killed in General Hall's engagement at Calamba and in the subsequent skirmishes.

The American loss in the fighting about San Fernando at 2 o'clock was known to be eight men killed and twenty-six wounded. The loss may possibly exceed these figures as the line is five miles long and it is impossible at this hour to hear from every point.

Waiting for the Artillery. Our troops are now about Angeles, waiting for the artillery, which has the greatest difficulty in moving owing to the wet ground in the morning, a battery of the First artillery shelling Bacolor on the left. Simultaneously Bell's Thirty-sixth Infantry struck Bacolor from the rear and drove the rebels out. Armored cars, each with a six-pounder and two Gatling guns on board, were mounted on the railroad track in the center of our lines. Soon afterward these guns did sharp execution.

Battery M of the Third artillery and 100 men of the Iowa regiment made a ferocious attack on the rebel lines. A body of troops, consisting of the Iowa regiment, the Seventeenth regiment and a battalion of the Twenty-second under General Wheaton, on the right, and the Ninth regiment, Twelfth regiment and Bell's regiment, under General Wheaton on the left, advanced steadily, pouring their fire into the rebels and receiving a heavy fire in return.

The rebels were well protected by trenches and seemed not to lack ammunition. But they were unable to withstand for any length of time the hot shot our artillery and infantry poured in on them and retreated, leaving dead and wounded on the field. A dozen prisoners were captured by our troops.

The reports indicate that the Ninth infantry suffered the most, though the fighting ability of all the regiments are not yet reported. The weather was extremely hot and our troops suffered greatly. But there was no faltering.

A company of the Sixteenth regiment went to the relief of Bell's regiment this afternoon. The firing, except at isolated points, had ceased by 10 o'clock.

Out After Angeles. Angeles is one of the richest towns north of Manila and is considered to be a better place than any other in the island. The forces at San Fernando consisted of the Iowa regiment, the Seventeenth regiment, Bell's Ninth regiment, the Twelfth regiment, Peck's New Thirty-sixth regiment, a battalion of the Sixteenth regiment, Troop E of the Fourth cavalry and a company of Philippine Scouts.

The movement had been planned for some time, but was delayed by rains. Finally, two days of sunshine dried the rice fields sufficiently to permit of the attempt.

The Americans' position had long been unpleasant. The rebels almost surrounded the town and fired nearly nightly into it. The Americans not replying except on extreme provocation. It was necessary to keep 500 or 600 men on outpost duty constantly.

Captain Deems, with a provost guard, last night captured a noted Filipino fakir with several aliases, who by means of ventriloquism had persuaded the natives that he has supernatural powers. He raised much money, ostensibly for the insurrection, which he kept for himself. Our soldiers surrounded the fakir and captured him. He was taken to Manila. Many others escaped. The troops also captured \$1,000.

Immanuel, the fakir is generally known, has been predicting the fall of Manila. His "prophecies" have created excitement among the natives who believed him.

Otis Confirms Report. WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—General Otis confirms the report of a battle at San Fernando in the following cablegram:

MANILA, Aug. 8.—Adjutant General, Washington: MacArthur with 4,000 men attacked insurgent army 6,000 strong concentrated around San Fernando at 3:15 this morning. At 10 o'clock a. m. had driven it five miles and resting at night three miles from Angeles. At 2 o'clock a. m. had driven it five miles and resting at night three miles from Angeles. At 2 o'clock a. m. had driven it five miles and resting at night three miles from Angeles.

SATURNUS A COMPLETE WRECK

Beached in Front of Insurgent Trenches and Abandoned by Its Crew.

MANILA, Aug. 9.—The steamer Saturnus of the Compania Maritima, coasting under the American flag, was discovered August 2 by the United States gunboat Pananza beached at San Fernando under the insurgent trenches there. The steamer was boarded by an armed boat's crew and the passengers were taken off. The cargo, consisting of general merchandise and \$100,000 in specie, had been sacked. Several attempts to tow the Saturnus off were unsuccessful. The Pananza then left San Fernando in search

KAISER PUFFS PEACE PIPE

William Believes that German-American Friendship Will Be Eternal.

FUTURE OF NATIONS LIES ON THE OCEAN

Large Naval Equipment Said to Involve No Threat to Other Powers, but to Be in Reality the Best Peace Conference.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Aug. 9.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram)—George Edmund Foss of Chicago, member of the house of representatives, accompanied by Captain Beecher, an American naval attaché, has been received by Emperor William on board the Hohenzollern at Kiel and had an audience lasting three-quarters of an hour. His majesty began by referring to remarks attributed to Admiral Dewey, and declared the sentiment as not given credence to newspaper reports.

Foss answered that he had just come from Trieste, where, with the American ambassador in Vienna, he had lengthy conversations with Dewey, who touched upon the Philippine question and in no way showed hostility to Germany.

The emperor declared his conviction that the relations of Germany and America would always remain friendly. He said, and would not permit any aggressive hostile policy toward Germany.

His majesty passed on to the increase in German and American fleets and remarked: "Formerly it was the German army which was the chief support to European peace, but the future of nations lies on the ocean. There each power must try to be sufficiently strong to protect its interests properly. An increase in the German fleet across the sea, the stronger a nation is at sea the more will others hesitate before beginning hostilities. An increase of navies is therefore in itself the best peace conference."

TOO MUCH RAIN AT MANILA

City It Turned Into an Immense Pond by the Recent Typhoons.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 9.—Manila advices received on the steamship Empress of Japan, in command of the navy in the Philippine archipelago, has been turned the city, wet enough at the best of times, into an immense pond, with gutters over a foot deep in water. Sampaico district was completely flooded so that the people were forced into the upper stories of the houses. The police and fire departments surrounded and soldiers stood guard and carried on patrol duty in two feet of running water.

Hundreds of creeks that intersect the city overflowed their banks and boats were seen on the streets. Admiral Watson had a narrow escape on the Pasig. His launch was about to pass under the Puerta Espana when the roaring water caught it up and jammed it broadside into a stone pier, breaking the funnel and tearing off the gunwale.

REBEL ADVANCE A SUCCESS

Regular Troops Are Said to Be Constantly Deserting to the Revolutionists.

CAPE HAYTIE, Hayti, Aug. 9.—General Francisco Liriano, sent from Monte Christo by the Dominican government to attack General Ramon Pacheco at Dabon, the headquarters of the rebels across the river Yaque, has been driven back to the interior. The forces of Don Juan Isidro Jimenez, leader of the revolution, are being augmented every day, and the news from all parts of the Dominican republic is favorable to him.

PUERTO PLATA, Aug. 9.—The Haytian government has seized at Fort Liberté arms and ammunition destined for Dominican insurgents. Several Dominicans in Hayti have been arrested for violating the neutrality laws. Among them is Francisco Dejean, in whose keeping arms were found. President Sam of Hayti has wired the Dominican government that insurgents will not be permitted to use Haytian territory as a base for operations.

PIRATES ARE PLYING TRADE

Attack British Cargo Boat on Canton River and Secure Boats—Sand-piper Gives Chase.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 9.—The Empress of Japan brings news that a British cargo boat on the Canton river was boarded by pirates, who carried away cargo worth \$5,000. The commander of the Sandpiper, an admiralty launch built last year at Hong Kong for protection of trade on the river, steamed after the pirates, who succeeded, however, in landing their goods near a village called Kamchut. The commander of the Sandpiper asked that the pirates be delivered to him and the goods be stored. No satisfaction was given to him and he shelved the place, which was entirely deserted.

GOVERNMENT RESTS EASILY

Ample Equipped to Deal with the Hostile Yagui Indians.

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 9.—A dispatch from Durango, Mexico, says that Manuel Lopez Serna, constructor in the service of the Federal Telegraph company, has just reached that city from the Yagui Indian country. He says the government is in much better shape to wage a campaign against the rebellious tribes than in any of the previous wars. There is hardly a point in the turbulent territory that is not in direct telegraphic communication with the war department, and every move the Yaguis make is instantly known to the military authorities and the movement of the troops is directed accordingly.

PREPARING FOR IMMIGRANTS

Governor of Newfoundland to Extend All Assistance Within His Power.

ST. JOHN'S, N. B., Aug. 9.—A deputation of Finlanders is here inspecting the country with a view for arranging for the immigration of thousands of Finlanders, who are emigrating because of the tyranny of the Russian government. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, sent him a special request to the governor of Newfoundland, Sir Hugh McCallum, that all assistance practical be rendered them. Today the deputation started on a tour of inspection of the various sections of the island which seem adaptable to their needs.

Lightning Snuffs Out Two Lives.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 9.—A Journal special from Camp Dodge, Wis., says: At Chilton, six miles from here, lightning struck the barn of Engelbert Jersey, destroying it and killing his two sons, Vincent and Engelbert, aged 16 and 22 years, respectively. Mrs. Jersey was also seriously injured. It was with difficulty that the bodies of the two sons who were in the barn were recovered.

Chinese Crew Strikers.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 9.—The Chinese crew of the steamship Victoria struck today because the ship has been turned into a transport to carry troops to Manila. They were engaged at Hong Kong for the trip to Tacoma and return, but refused to go to Manila. A white crew was engaged after several hours delay.

Pope Has Several Fainting Spells.

VIENNA, Aug. 9.—The Allegemeine Zeitung says that the pope is ill in consequence of the heat and has had several fainting fits. Dr. Lapouni, his physician, was hastily summoned.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The dispatches from Rome to the morning papers do not confirm the alarmist statements of the Allegemeine Zeitung regarding the pope. Dr. Lapouni, they assert that he holds in busy

QUAKERS TO VISIT OMAHA

Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment Accepts Mayor Moore's Offer of Hospitalities.

Mayor Moore last night received the following invitation to the city's invitation to the Tenth Pennsylvania volunteers:

(SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.) Mayor Frank E. Moore has been invited, with the hearty accord of the Tenth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, and their escort committee we accept your generous invitation to spend one day in your city as your guest. We will arrive there Friday evening, August 25. Chairman Pennsylvania Regiment Committee.

HURRICANE IN WEST INDIES

Damage on the Island of St. Croix—Winds Down and All Communication Suspended.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., Aug. 9.—A hurricane swept over the island of St. Croix Monday night. The lowest barometer was 29.12. Much damage was done, but no deaths have yet been reported. The force of the storm was also experienced at St. Thomas, but the damage done was slight. Negro huts were the chief sufferers. Enormous waves, however, did damage to the houses, but these are believed to have suffered, but communication with these islands is temporarily interrupted.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The weather bureau today issued the following special bulletin: "No West Indian reports received this morning from points east of Cuba. Hurricane center probably near Porto Rico."

Later advices from St. Kitt's said that on Monday afternoon a very severe hurricane with a velocity of 60 miles an hour, destroyed about 200 small houses in the town and did considerable damage to the estates. No injuries are reported.

Antigua also suffered severely in damage to estates and buildings in towns. There were few fatalities.

Later reports from St. Croix increase the amount of damage done there. Nearly every estate has been wrecked, the large buildings in the towns have been unroofed, stock has been killed and a minimum of eleven deaths has occurred among the laborers.

FATAL DISREGARD OF SIGNAL

Polson of French Fishing Boat Pays Penalty for Poaching.

FOLKESTONE, Eng., Aug. 9.—The British torpedo gubboat Leda this morning found a French fishing boat, the Etolite de Mer, belonging to Boulogne-sur-Mer, fishing within the three-mile limit. The fishermen attempted to escape and did not stop when the Leda's signal to heave to was given. The Leda then fired a shot, which disabled the Etolite de Mer and killed its helmsman.

The fishing boat was afterward towed to this port with the body of its helmsman on deck. The arrival of the Etolite de Mer has caused much excitement, where it is hoped the regrettable incident will draw attention to the serious inroads made by foreign fishermen in British waters.

The admiralty authorities express extreme surprise at the fact that the helmsman of the Leda's signal to heave to and in the absence of the official report they assume that the commander of the Leda only resorted to drastic measures when other means were ineffectual.

ENGLAND WILL NOT TURN BACK

Position Taken with the Transvaal Will Be Maintained at Any Cost.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Replying to various questions in the House of Commons today, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of the colonies, said no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal had declined to agree to a joint inquiry into the effect which the franchise reforms will have on the Outlanders.

Several regiments, he added, were about to be dispatched to South Africa for the defense of Natal, in response to the request of the Natal government, and preparation was being made for all contingencies.

The colonial secretary added that the charges of the Transvaal situation, which he pointed out, while serious, still remains doubtful. The colonial secretary added that he sincerely hoped that the report saying the inquiry proposal had been rejected was untrue. While he regretted the necessity of answering Mr. O'Connor, it would be a fatal mistake to allow the latter's views that a war was entirely needless and that the government ought to express willingness to wait, maybe twenty-five years, for a redress of the grievances of which they complained, to be considered.

REACH WATER HOURS TOO LATE

Herd of Five Hundred Horses Driven Into Spasms by Prolonged Thirst—Many Die.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 9.—A special to the Times from Billings, Mont., says: A train of 100 horses, which were being driven to North Dakota, were unloaded at the Northern Pacific stock yards here last night for water and feed. They had had no water since leaving Spokane, 100 hours previously. They were at once fed hay and water was run into the troughs. Soon after feeding and drinking the horses began to go into spasms and many died. They have been dying ever since and at this writing about half of the shipment is dead and it is feared they all will die. It was noticed that the horses were securing when they came in, but no one here seems able to solve the mystery of their taking ill. The stomachs of several which were saved for analysis by experts. They were a fine lot. The neighborhood of the stock yards looks like a hard fought battlefield.

SIX FIREMEN ARE INJURED

Serious Conflagration in San Francisco Which Nearly Results in Loss of Life.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—Six firemen were injured at a fire which broke out tonight in the restaurant of Star & Owen, near the corner of Sixth and Market streets. The flames spread to the saloons of Horn brothers and James Conway and from these to an adjoining lodging house. All of the buildings were of wood and only two stories high. Suddenly the roof of the Market street front fell in and several firemen were buried beneath the debris. They were extricated and all are expected to survive. James McGivern, skull fractured and leg and arm broken.

Dan Levy, scalp wound. Daniel Higgins, left leg broken. J. Feehan, sprained ankle. Edward O'Neill, leg broken. Eugene Crowe, head severely cut.

The property loss will not exceed \$15,000.

UNLUCKY, BUT JUSTIFIABLE

Shot from a British Cruiser Which Kills Helmsman on a French Smack.

ENGLAND APPROVES ENERGETIC ACTION

Chamberlain's Statement in House of Commons on Transvaal Situation Causes a Profound Sensation—Gratifies the Jingoes.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Aug. 9.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram)—The killing of the helmsman of a French fishing smack by a shot from the British torpedo destroyer Leda, commanded by Lieutenant St. John, is regarded as an unfortunate, but a justifiable incident. The French smack was trawling within the three-quarter-mile limit. Being ordered to lie to by a blank check from the Leda, the smack attempted instead to escape. Owing to increasing complaints recently made of the audacity of the French fisherman in infringing on the British limit, St. John fired the shot which killed the helmsman. The smack was towed into Folkestone with the body on the afterdeck, covered with the blood of the dead man, who was left lying where he fell.

St. John is 34 years old and a member of a family well known in the navy. He has been service in an expedition to the west coast of Africa. He is a smart, capable, determined man, and has for some time been marked out for promotion. The fishing prohibition along the south coast strongly approve of this energetic action, claiming that while the regulations are enforced against them along the French coast with the utmost rigour, the Frenchmen habitually poach within English limits.

The Chamberlain's statement today on the Transvaal crisis caused a profound sensation and intense gratification to the jingoists. It is a plain intimation that the ministers intend to enter on a more aggressive policy and that Chamberlain will give an option on a quick choice between surrender or war. Chamberlain did not deny the proposed joint Anglo-Ber inquiry into the operation of the new franchise law, by which all internal affairs reserved for the control of the Boer government will be investigated. Many have been ordered to Chamberlain's under the delusion of imagining that such a war would be popular in England.

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The captain of the Etolite de Mer has been ordered to appear before a court-martial. The coroner's jury on the body of the helmsman resulted in a verdict of accidental death, the jury exonerating the officers of the Leda.

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CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Variable Winds; Fair and Warm; Omaha yesterday:

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Temp., Wind, Clouds. Rows for 3 a.m., 6 a.m., 9 a.m., 12 m., 3 p.m., 6 p.m., 9 p.m., 12 m., 3 p.m., 6 p.m., 9 p.m.

AMERICANS MEET SPEAKER GULLY

LONDON, Aug. 9.—President McKinley's secretary, John Addison Porter, Solicitor General John K. Richards visited the United States embassy today and was afterwards introduced to Speaker Gully. They witnessed the prorogation of parliament.

VARIOUS CENSUS DISTRICTS

Headquarters at the Home Town of Supervisors—Census Authorities Send Out for Information.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—(Special Telegram)—Letters have been addressed to persons of Omaha, Lincoln, Sioux City and other large towns in the northwestern states by the acting director of the census bureau, asking for the political subdivision of those cities. This information is to be used in mapping out the precincts of the various census districts. During the last census the districts were outlined by the supervisors. This was found to be unsatisfactory and this work will be performed by the present officials at this end with the local information of the towns. The precincts in the larger towns of the country are being taken up first.

Acting Director Wines said today that the headquarters of the census districts will be in the home town of the supervisor, providing such a town is convenient to the other parts of the district, with facilities for transportation and communication.

Supervisor Rakestraw of the Indian school service, who has been transferred to the school district embracing Iowa and the Dakotas, has been ordered to Washington for a conference with the Indian officials.

The Indian commissioner has under consideration a report of Special Agent Dixon, who recently made an investigation of the charges filed against Superintendent Davis of the Indian school at Allerton, Ia. Mr. Dixon has arrived here and has had a conference with the commissioner today. It is probable that Mr. Davis will be transferred to another school.

The postoffice at Allerton, Ia., has been assigned to the presidential class and the salary of the postmaster increased to \$1,000.

CRYPTIC MASONS GATHERING

Impressive Ceremonies to Take Place on the Summit of Pike's Peak.

SUMMIT PIKE'S PEAK, Colo., Aug. 9.—The first installment of Cryptic Masons arrived on the summit of Pike's Peak this morning on four special cars on the Cog road. The ceremony was held in the southern rooms of the Cog depot, which had been especially reserved for the purpose. Tomorrow further delegations follow, first by three sunrise trains from Manitou to the summit, then by other special trains following fast and heavy trains.

The Cryptic Masons, for which, upon one of the great solid rocks of ages upon the northern end of the peak, just off the Cog road, the crypt has been prepared into which will be placed the records, which no hand of man can tamper with, and upon which the sun will rise and set for centuries to come, the hurricanes upon the cliff will blow continuously, but never rock, and future ages will look upon and view with awe and wonder, but dare not touch.

Tonight the peak is covered with people anxiously waiting to view the ceremonies. The weather is clear and fine. A fine sunset greeted those who looked across the broad plains and mountains for hundreds of miles around and a grand day for Cryptic Masons on the morrow is anticipated.

DISCUSS THE ELEVATOR TRUST

National Industrial Commission Takes Up Charges Made by Farmers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The subcommittee of the National Industrial commission appointed to investigate agricultural conditions met here today and took up the investigation of the alleged elevator trust. The charges of the farmers in the northwest, who allege that combination exists between the elevator interests and the railroads for the control of the visible supply of grain in the United States in general, were reiterated to the elevator people then to the receivers. Today's session was held in closed doors at the request of John Hill, Jr., of the Chicago Board of Trade, who was called as the first witness. The hearing committee a general outline of the situation, reading copies of agreements, contracts, etc., tending to show that the farmer was given the worst of it in the disposition of his grain. This afternoon an open session was held and several other witnesses examined.

CANAL COMMISSION SAILS

Will Spend Some Time in Paris Pursuing Papers and Data Relating to Panama Route.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—The remaining members of the subcommittee of the Isthmian Canal commission, who were appointed to go to Paris and look into the plans and financial affairs of the Panama enterprise, sailed today on the American line steamer St. Louis. The members who sailed today are Rear Admiral J. G. Walker, U. S. N., retired; Colonel Peter C. Walker, U. S. A., corps of engineers; G. S. Morrison, New York president of the Society of Civil Engineers; and W. H. Burr of Connecticut. The committee will spend some months in Paris studying the plans, papers and the route of the Panama canal.

Dead in Attitude of Prayer.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 9.—A special from Bessemer, Mich., says: Patsy Meager, the only survivor of the Lady Elgin disaster, was found dead, kneeling at his bedside. He is supposed to have been dead since last Sunday. He lived in a small shanty near the mine.

Movements of Ocean Vessels.

PHILADELPHIA FOR LIVERPOOL.—New England, from Boston for Liverpool. From London: Bremen, from Bremen. At Glasgow—Arrived—Ethiopia, from New York. At Queenstown—Arrived—Pennland, from Philadelphia for Liverpool; New England, from Boston for Liverpool. At Hong Kong—Arrived—Carlisle City, from San Diego via Yokohama. At Rotterdam—Arrived—Batendam, from New York.

KILLS FOUR FIREMEN

Fatal Electric Shock from Live Wire at the Mercer Fire.

TWO OTHERS ARE SERIOUSLY INJURED

Horrible Accident Occurs Just as the Fire is Conquered.

FALLING WIRE WINDS ABOUT THE VICTIMS

Causes Almost Instant Death to Four of the Entangled Men.

BODIES ARE REMOVED TO THE MORGUE

Severe Shock to the Community—Origin of the Fire is Unknown—Loss to Mercer Chemical Company Not Yet Ascertained.

OTTO GEISEKE, 1123 Harney street, truckman and ladder company No. 1. JAMES ADAMS, 1025 South Eighteenth street, engine company No. 3. CHARLES A. HOPPER, 2415 Bancroft street, pipeman, hose company No. 3. GEORGE BENSON, Twenty-fifth and Jones street, pipeman, hose company No. 3.

Albert T. Livingston, 1819 Farnam street, truckman, hook and ladder company No. 1. G. C. Farmer, 817 South Thirteenth street, substitute truckman, hook and ladder company No. 1.

Coming as a horrible climax to a short, heroic and brilliant exhibition of fire fighting on the part of the Omaha fire department, which had practically gained control of what promised to be a serious conflagration, four firemen sacrificed their lives in the brave discharge of duty and two others were seriously injured. The fire occurred at about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the crude drug room of the Mercer Chemical company, occupying the rear of the fifth floor of the Mercer block on Howard street. Hose company No. 3 and hook and ladder company No. 1, to which the firemen belonged who lost their lives, had done especially fine work on the fire, and a fire extinguisher issued from the windows of the fifth floor of the block, and after having gained the mastery the men were engaged in lowering the ladder of truck No. 1. This ladder had been in use in the rear of