# RETURN TO ROUTINE

Nebraskans in Camp at the Presidio Take Up Regular Duties.

GUARD MOUNT, BAND CONCERT, PARADE

Drilling Will Soon Be Dispensed with and Men Relieved of Guns.

SOLDIERS HAVE A FINE BILL OF FARE

Even Poynter and Stark Can Discover No Ground for Complaint.

GOVERNMENT TAKES GOOD CARE OF MEN

Members of the Regiment Repudiate Interviews Published for the Purpose of Attacking the National Administration.

a pleasant night in camp and the boys are master to the regiment. feeling good today. The weather is fine and number than usual at sick call today.

Orders were issued at the camp today and of duties as follows:

Guard mount at 7:40 in the morning, band concert at 4 o'clock and parade at 6:30. It is probable that all drilling of the rethat within a short time they will be relieved of their guns.

Governor Poynter and Congressman Stark dainties for the soldiers. visited the camp this afternoon and gave a close inspection to all the conveniences and surroundings. They found that the government was taking such good care of the boys that nothing further could be de-

## Concert by the Band.

The band concert today was the first regular one given since the fighting began. At the opening of hostilities with the Fillpinos the band men went into the ranks and have made good soldiers. Since the regiment was taken from the front the band took up practice again and is now in good shape. has twenty men. Since enlistment fifty-two men have served in the band.

In order that they might have every care, eleven men who answered to sick call were sent to the general hospital today. They were Roy Wiltamuth, Company M. fever; Fred Trilch, Company H, ulcer; William Stevens, Company G. abscess; Charles Mohler, Company G, burn; F. Dunning, Company E, convalescing from wounds; Peter Anderson, Company E. fever; P. A. Reyner, Company M, diarrhoea; L. Hottenstein, Company H, convalescing from wound; Joseph Jones, Company H. diarrhoea; Lugene Beall, Company C, boil; Mark Pavers, Company C, diarrhoea. None of these are serious and all were

able to walk over to the hospital. Sergeant J. B. Miller of Company A received notice by wire today of his discharge, in order that he may go home to see his sick father. He will start as soon as the discharge is completed. It is learned from an official source that any man in the hospital may be immediately discharged in back home again, but their joy is tinged uestions and spoke in a loud, angry tone case his relatives or friends are here ready with sadness on account of the death of to give him proper care. This course must, however, be approved by the regimental commander and surgeon in each case.

# Plenty to Ent.

The soldiers at the Presidio have an excellent bill of fare. Besides the regular ration of fresh meat, bread, potatoes, coffee and vegetables, they have canned fruit, butter and milk. The companies also have fruits and vegetables. The new kitchens and dining halls are found to be models from certain sources that the boys are being them to re-enlist

Omaha attachment. A few interviews with Nebraska boys have been printed denounc- expected." ing General Otis. These interviews, when seen in print, are for the most part repudiated by the men, who say the language is that of an unscrupulous reporter instead of their own. Silent consent to the sugges tive remarks of the interviewer is made the pretext for columns of pretended interviews Colonel Mulford heard from The Bee correspondent the first definite news of his new commission in the army and of the effort being made to get him a better one. He

says General Otis offered him a lieutenant colonelcy, but he preferred to come home with his troops, depending on proper recognition from the War department after reaching here. F. A. HARRISON.

# SENATOR COMES INTO PORT

Colonel Hawkins of the Pennsylvania Dies at Sea-One Tardy Nebraskan is Aboard.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.-The United States transport Senator arrived tonight from Manila with its flag at half mast on account of the death of Colonel Alexander Hawkins, commander of the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment. United States volunteers. The Senator sailed from Manila on July

with thirty-eight officers and 721 enlisted men. The transport was at Nagasaki on July 15, when Colonel Hawkins was taken ill with cancer of the bowels, from which he had been a sufferer during the greater part of his campaign in the Philippines, and for which he had undergone treatment in the military hospital at Manila. His illness continued during the day (July 16), when the Senator was at Yokohama and two days later he passed away at sea.

Colonel Hawkins' illness dated from the battle of Malolos, when he exposed himself almost recklessly in the disease-breeding climate. He was respected and loved by every man of his command and his death is deeply mourned by the troops. His body was placed in a hermetically sealed casket and on the Sunday following his death im pressive funeral services were conducted by the chaplain of the regiment, all of his men being in attendance.

The body was placed in the stern of the vessel and lay in state, tended day and night by a guard of honor, during the remainder of the voyage. The casket will be taken ashore tomorrow with ceremonies befitting Colonel Hawkins' rank, after which the body of the dead commander will be sent to Pennsylvania for interment.

After the death of Colonel Hawkins the command of the regiment was vested in Lieutenant Colonel Barnett, who, like the dead commander, is popular among the enlisted men, and made a good record in the WAT.

Of the 759 officers and men whom Colonel Barnett brought to San Francisco three are

privates in the Sixth artillery, United States army, and one is a member of the Nebraska regiment, who was left behind at Yokohama when his companions sailed for this port on the Hancock. A dozen stowaways were also concealed in the hold and were soon brought to light after the Senator left

Has Pleasant Voyage.

a good trip from Japan.

be sad Illness and imander, there barring a fev cases of sea sicks. If a dozen cases of dysentery. At sign. land all the invalids were able to leave their bunks and line up on the main deck except one poor chap, who has developed symptoms of appendicitis and who will be operated upon in the hospital here.

When the Tenth Pennsylvania sailed from San Francisco for the Philippines last year six weeks' vacation, was the examination of the muster comprised 850 men. Twenty- Messrs. Hogan and Slattery, a firm of archfour were killed in battle or died in the Manila hospital and the rest of the sick and they have had work on steamboats, jails wounded, to the number of seven, are on gardens, station houses, dump scows, etc., the hospital ship Relief, which will arrive here within the next few days.

about 7 o'clock and after a careful inspec- for the committee, applied to them the title tion passed crew and passengers. The transport had dropped anchor off the Folsom | Mr. Moss devoted the morning to trying to street wharf and it was decided that the bring out facts showing why this firm of attack on America in the August number regiment should not land until tomorrow, architects received many contracts in the Under cover of darkness, however, two privates slipped off in a tug dropping down by SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1 .- (Special Tele- | a rope which had been used to haul up two | tects. Mr. Slattery declined to answer quesgram.)—The First Nebraska regiment spent sacks of mail matter sent out by the post-

The privates who thus absented themselves Horgan, and a lively controversy ensued. the dust which bothered somewhat yesterday without leave announced their intention of is not stirring today. Very few of the men seeing the town tonight and of rejoining the have caught cold and there were a smaller ranks when the regiment is lined up on the dock tomorrow.

As the official committee on reception to the Nebraskans took up the regular routine | the regiment will not arrive here from Phiradelphia until tomorrow evening, the substitute committee appointed informally undertook that duty. A tug had been chartered for tomorrow, with the expectation that the Senturned troops will be dispensed with and ator would not arrive tonight, and arrangements made to go out to meet the transport with a band, stacks of flowers and tons of

The premature appearance of the transport this evening did not permit the carrying out of all these plans, but the committee, comprising John Barclay of Greensburg, Pa., who has come out in advance of the regular committee of which he is a member, to meet his badly wounded brother of the Tenth, who is on the Relief; John M. Beall, agent here of the Piedmont Air line, formerly of Philadelphia; Alexander Coulter, Greensburg, Pa.; M. M. Ogden of Governor Gage's staff, formerly a Pittsburg newspaper man; M. M. Lear of Denver, Colo., formerly of Greensburg, whose brother, W. A. Lear, is captain in the Tenth; Colonel Henry Hall of the Pittsburg Times, a member of Governor Stone's staff, and James A. Campbell of the Philadelphia Times, hastily embarked and were soon alongside the Senator extending a warm greeting to their fellow Pennsylvanians and welcoming the brave lads back to their native land,

Demonstration is Not Noisy.

Out of respect to the dead regimental commander there was little cheering or explained their delight at the first glimpse Nebraska regiments, the Pennsylvania who drew the plans for the new hall of troops, prior to sailing from Manila, voted records building. in favor of being mustered out in San Francisco.

Lieutenant Colonel Barnett, who is now in command of the regiment, in the course of an interview tonight, said: "The boys are all glad of co

Colonel Hawkins. The colonel was a most kind and considerate commander, who took Mr. Mazet called him to order. a keen individual interest in his men and it is little wonder, therefore, that the boys feel that his loss is a personal bereavement.

"Colonel Hawkins was a sick man at the beginning of the campaign which ended in the capture of Malolos. The regmental surgeon had advised him to retire for rest and mess funds with which they buy fresh medical attention, but the colonel peremp- at all; that, in fact, you do not know any wherever his men went. When the final vor- a lie?" of convenience. In fact, the complaint comes ley was fired at Malolos, Colonel Hawkins was right in front of the firing line, urging treated extra good as an inducement for his men onward and encouraging them with in every instance he had drawn all the his exhibtion of personal bravery. After that plans and specifications for city work him-As was expected a general attack is being decisive battle the colonel's illness increased. made on the national administration by a The ailment developed rapidly in the un-San Francisco paper with a New York and healthy climate. After we embarked he sank steadily and his death at sea was not un-

# COME HOME MUSTERED OUT

Nebraska Volunteers Want to Receive Their Discharges While on the Pacific Const.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-Adjutant General Corbin this morning received the following telegram from Major General Shafter at San Francisco in relation to the mustering out of the volun-

teers on the Pacific coast: "I saw the commanding officer of the Oregon regiment yesterday and that regiment is unanimous in their wish to be mustered I have also seen the commanding officer of the Nebraska regiment and the Utah artillery. They express the same de-The fact is the men wish to be discharged here on account of the additional money and allowances they get and would e very much dissatisfied should other arrangements be made. I am aware that this will be unsatisfactory to their friends at home, but think the soldiers' wishes should

"Scarcely any sick on returning transports 'SHAFTER, Major General."

# MULFORD WANTS TO RETURN

be complied with.

First Nebraska's Colonel Desires to Raise a Regiment for Service in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-The dissatisfaction alleged to exist n the First Nebraska over the conduct of now appears in the War department. Colohe can raise a regiment for service in the Philippines and expresses a hearty desire fore leaving Manila he was offered a lieu- \$220,917. tenant colonelcy in Bell's regiment by General Otis, but declined on the ground that Nebraska deserved higher recognition. Colonel Mulford desires to go back to Luzon meet his wishes, although how this is to be done will be a problem for the War department to decide. It is now believed that Colonel Mulford will decline the captaincy in the Thirty-second infantry to which he was appointed in view of his strong enorsement from Generals Otis, Hale and

Soldier Dies at Nagasaki. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.-General Otis today cabled the War department that the the mosaic floors, marble staircases and

(Continued on Second Page.)

Board Renews Sittings to Investigate Government of New York City.

PUBLIC ARCHITECTS BROUGHT BEFORE BAR

Alleged Partiality in Construction of the New Hall of Records and the Tombs Prison is Taken Notice Of.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.-The feature of the Mazet legislative investigation committee, which today resumed its sessions after about itects and contractors, who testified that for various city departments. On account of the amount of the work performed by The quarantine officer boarded the Senator | Hogan & Slattery, Mr. Moss, the attorney

of "municipal architects." tions touching his qualifications as an architect, referred Mr. Moss to his partner, Mr.

Statute Only Partially Applies. Deputy Sheriff Mulvaney was the first me God." witness. Mr. Moss, counsel for the committee, wanted to know if the sheriff had absence of such preventive steps by the po-

imperfectly policed.

"Our object," explained Mr. Moss, "in it incumbent on sheriffs to suppress crime. attention of all the public authorities within the provisions of these resolutions."

Mr. Moss then called President Michael O. Murphy of the health department and questioned him concerning work done by Horgan & Slattery, city architects.

Colonel Murphy said Horgan & Slattery had erected Willard hospital. There had been no public competition for this work. Arthur J. Horgan of Horgan & Slattery was called. He said he designed the new city prison, that the steel cells cost \$310,000 and that his firm got 5 per cent for their work. He had never talked with John F. Carroll any money. He had made most of the drawings for the steel cells himself. None had been made by a western designer. Criticism Is Upheld.

Vincent J. Slattery, Horgan's partner, naturalized." confirmed Horgan's statement that the firm had never paid any money to Mr. Carroll, noisy demonstration, but the men quietly Slattery said that the leading architects and architectural papers had upheld his firm's of the Golden Gate. Like the Oregon and criticism of the work of John H. Thomas, Kingdom, every child of such father who

"Was that criticism professional?" "It was, and the city saved \$1,000,000

by it." Mr. Slattery said his firm's report on Mr. Thomas' plan was drawn up by Mr. Hor- leading members of Parliament no surprise disinfection of mail matter sent by the inwhen Mr. Moss insinuated that he had been

"What kind of marble, in your opinion, asked Mr. Moss, "is most suitable for interior decorations in public buildings?" "Connemara marble," said the witness.

"Now, Mr. Slattery," said Mr. Moss, "it has been charged in the public press, in the newspapers, that you are not an architect torily refused, declaring that he would go thing about architectural work. Is that

"Yes, it is a lie." Mr. Horgan was recalled. He said that

"Which do you consider the most serv iccable, an ordinary parallelogram beam or one with flanges?" asked Mr. Moss.

"I prefer a beam with flanges." "Give us the scientific explanation as why you do so.' "I am not here to give you theories as to

"Not to the city of New York, which paye "You are not the city of New York.

em not here to undergo an examination as to my architectural abilities."

"That's just what you are here for." "You are not fit to examine me.

Plans of Tombs Prison.

the questions I ask. "I don't have to.

Recess.

After recess Frederick Clark Withers o he firm of Withers & Dickson, said his firm direction of Former Commissioner

drew the plans for the Tombs prison under Wright. Early in 1898 Commissioner Lantry informed his firm that Horgan & Slatter: were to amend its plans. Commissioner Lantry, the witness said, told him that he the administration. It was intimated that witness' firm had better retire from the work, and finally it was dismissed. The plans of witness' firm called for the construction of cells costing \$170,000. Horgan & Slattery's plans called for an expendicalled for to strengthen the girders. Horgan men with two or three exceptions have re-& Slattery used more material than the original specifications called for in art decor-Such art work on prison cells was bad, Mr. Withers said, because it gave a place for vermin to lodge.

Mr. Withers said he first heard of Horgan & Slattery as architects when they did the war as represented by certain eastern ways regarded Horgan & Slattery as builders work on the Democratic club. He had alnewspapers is not borne out by the facts, as rather than architects. Mr. Moss read the original estimate for the Tombs building, as net Mulford has assured the officials that prepared by Withers & Dickson, and compared it item for item with the estimate in the contract as finally awarded to Horgan return to the scene of his and the First & Slattery. The additional cost to the city Nebraska's triumphs. It is stated that be- under the Horgan & Slattery contract is

Mr. Dickson of Withers & Dickson testifled that he knew about the plans for the beams in the new Tombs building. There was no reason for the substitution of other and efforts will undoubtedly be made to plans calling for a heavier structure than the plans perpared by his firm. The whole purpose was to underrate his firm's work so that Horgan & Slattery could get in.

No False Economy Adopted. John R. Thomas, the architect who designed the new hall of record in 1897, said it was the intention to produce a monumental building which would be a credit to the city. He denied that Horgan & Stattery's plans were adopted which left out consul at Nagasaki has informed him of the other decorations thereon which might be saving of \$400,000.

Mr. Moss wanted to know whether the

MAZET SEARCHES OUT FRAUD substitution of certain work in imitation INFECTION IS UNDER CONTROL work would not detract from the art work of the building. Witness said he believed

it would. He said that the mayor had been deceived by Horgan & Slattery. Mr. Horgan was recalled and Mr. Moss

asked a great many technical questions which witness refused to answer Witness said that a boy could answer

some of the questions asked. Mr. Horgan said that the firm of Horgan & Slattery was a corporation. Mrs. Hor-gan and Mrs. Slattery owned most of the stock. No dividends had been declared and no part of the income of the corporation had been used to pay creditors The committee adjourned until tomorrow

### ASTOR DESERTS HIS COUNTRY Takes Oath of Allegiance to Queen Victoria and Becomes British Subject.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co. LONDON, Aug. 1 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-William Waldorf Astor's naturalization as a British subject was announced tenight in the London Gazette, fulfilling anticipations gener-Mr. Moss devoted the morning to trying to ally entertained since the publication of his of his Pall Mall Magazine. Following are city and how it was that they had been al- the exact words of the oath of allegiance lowed to condemn the plans of other archicate of naturalization:

"I, William Waldorf Astor, do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to her majesty, Queen Victoria, her heirs and successors, according to law. So help

Astor's naturalization was effected under the naturalization act of 1870, which emtaken any action to stop gambling in the powers the secretary of state to grant letters of naturalization to any five-years' resident of the United Kingdom of The deputy sheriff said he was aware that intention to reside in the United Kingdom a statute provided for such action, but be- he is satisfied. The act further provides lieved it applied to such counties as were that "the applicant shall adduce in supporof his application such evidence of his residence and his intention to reside in Engbringing you here was to call your atten- land as the secretary of state may require tion to the section of the law which makes and if satisfied with the evidence adduced shall take the case of the applicant into Betting on horse races is now practiced in consideration and may with or without asthis city to an extraordinary extent, and it signing any reason give or withhold a ceris our intention to bring this fact to the tificate as he thinks most conducive to the public good. And no appeal shall lie from his decision."

There is still a possibility, however, that the United States may enjoin the advantage of Astor's citizenship when residing within

its borders, for the act provides: "An alien to whom a certificate of naturalization is granted shall in the United Kingdom be entitled to all political and other rights, powers, privileges and be subject to all obligations to which a natural born British subject is entitled or a subject in the United Kingdom with this qualification: that he shall not, when within the Carroll about the work, nor had he paid limits of the foreign state of which he was a subject previously to obtaining his certificate of naturalization, be deemed to be a the present and will supervise matters along trict, including the states of Nebraska, British subject, if that state in pursuance of the laws thereof, or in pursuance of a treaty, holds that he has not been legally

The status of his children is dealt with in another section of the act, which provides: "Where the father has obtained a certificate of naturalization in the United during infancy has become a resident with such father in any p. of the United Kingdom, shall be deemed to be a naturalized British subject."

Astor at present is at Marienbad. When his naturalization was mentioned to several was expressed, every one regarding it as a foregone conclusion. He is already a member of the Carlton club and it is expected out of the city lately to avoid a subpoena. he will stand for Parliament at the next general election in the Tory interests. Should he subscribe liberally to the funds of the Tory party there is no reason why in ten years or so, he should not be Lord

## BELGIAN - CABINET RESIGNS Rejection of Electoral Bills Brings

About the Crisis-King Form-

ing a New One. BRUSSELS, Aug. 1.-The cabinet minis-

ters decided this morning that in view of the rejection yesterday by the parliamentary committee of fifteen of all the government electoral bills which had been referred to it, it was their duty to resign. After the meeting the premier, M. Vanden Pereboom, placed the cabinet's resignation in the hands of the king, who is now conferring with M. de Smet de Nayer, the former premier. At the opening of the session of the Cham-

ber of Deputies today M. Vanden Pereboom announced the resignation of the ministry and added that if the Chamber did not object the government would remain at its disposition for the conduct of current business. M. Van de Wilde, socialist, protested against this proposal and demanded he left the home. "Prove to me my ignorance by answering Chamber, he added, could not discuss questhat all debates be adjourned, as the tions in the absence of a responsible gov-

The chamber decided to deal with noncontentious measures only.

# OLYMPIA SAILS FOR NAPLES

Expects to Arrive at that City Satur-day Morning-All on Board and the people in that vicinity.

At the War department it is said the Are Well.

wished to have architects in sympathy with (Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The Olympla departed at 4 p. m. and is due at Naples | Cape Charles and thence by rail to Bat Saturday morning. Admiral Dewey rather tery Point. None of the transportation comexpects to call at Nice and Genoa before panies operating in Chesapeake bay and Gibraltar. He and everybody aboard were Hampton Roads would take the troops by ture of \$310,000. The sum of \$11,000 was greatly benefited by the stay here. All of his water to Battery Point. covered from the fever. The admiral to glad to get back on the beloved Olympia. He did not find the hotel where he stayed while the Olympia was coaling so cool and comfortable as the ship, but he enjoyed walks about the town

The admirat, unless meeting unforeseer circumstances, will go to Naples and Genoa, and then leave Gibraltar about September 15. He will steam slowly across, so he will surely be in New York harbor the night of September 30.

Reed in House of Commons.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing LONDON, Aug. 1 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Speaker Reed them out of his own appropriations. visited the House of Commons this evening. accompanied by Choate, and listened with discussion of an educational bill. Reed looks greatly improved in health since his visit to the continent.

Evidence in Venezuelan Case. PARIS, Aug. 1 .- At the session today of the Venezuelan Arbitration commission the argument of M. Malet Prevost, the secretary of the commission, in his presentation of the Venezuelan case was confined to

trade of Guiana was in the hands of Spain Second Reading of Niger Bill. LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Niger bill passed its second reading in the House of Lords

evidence showing that in 1861 the whole

Situation at Hampton is Regarded as Much More Favorable Now.

DISTRICT IS UNDER STRICT QUARANTINE

Three New Cases and One Death Is Record of Day, Making in All Forty Cases-Infection in Phoebus Is Probable.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- "Three new cases of yellow fever in the Soldiers' home at Hampton and one death," is the official report received tonight by Surgeon General Wyman from General Wasdin, the yellow fever expert on duty at the institution. In addition to Dr. Wasdin's figures sent yesterday, this makes up to date forty cases in all, which have occurred at the home, of which eight have proved fatal. Surgeon General White today telegraphed Dr. Wydoubt there had been some little fever infection in the neighboring village of Phoebus, but the surgeon general said tonight that this dispatch had not been followed by

Should the fever develop there, however, no surprise will be felt in view of the proximity of the place to the Soldiers' home and the mixing of the inmates of the institution with the people of Phoebus.

Its appearance at Phoebus, Dr. Wyman thinks, under these circumstances, would be simply a coincidence. The opinion was expressed tonight that the situation continues encouraging, inasmuch as the disease has been kept within its original bound, None of the nearby towns other than Phoebus has reported the appearance of infection or suspicious cases. The people for miles around the home are much alarmed, but are quiet. No restrictions have been placed on the departure of the several hundred visitors at Old Point Comfort, but Dr. Pettus, in charge of affairs there, will exercise supervision of those who may leave, so as to avoid danger of their communicating the disease. This will apply also to the soldiers now stationed on the government reservation there and who have been ordered to proceed to Battery Point, Del. Word reached the surgeon general today that arrangements had been or Newport News. made for the transportation of the army through army headquarters at Philadelphia. Battery Point is an isolated place and Dr. Wyman has no fear that the soldiers

will carry any infection with them.

Medical Corps is Increased. The surgeon general continues his precautions to prevent the spread of the disthe line of the railroad between that city and Richmond, Hospital Steward Kolb, who is a yellow fever immune now at Norfolk, has been directed to report to Dr. White and render what service he may be called on to perform. Dr. White will remain in charge at Hampton, though he is not to visit the home, as his immunity from the disease is doubtful. Surgeon Fricks, now at the South Atlantic quarantine station, has been ordered to Norfolk and Past Assistant Surgeon Stimpson, now at St.

Louis, has been directed to report at Old Arrangements have been made for the mates of the home to their friends. Two suspect veterans, who have been at the Hampton home, have been detained by

the local authorities in this city, but they appear to be all right and no alarm is felt over their presence in Washington. Situation More Favorable. The situation is regarded as favorable to-

day. There has been no outbreak of fever outside of the original quarantine line. Each day that passes without such development increases the confidence of the surgeon general that the fever will be confined to the original focus of infection and stamped out there. The usual period of incubation of the disease is from three to five days, although it has extended to eleven days. The time since the first outbreak is now almost up to the usual quarantine limit. It is believed, however, that even in case of an outbreak in the little settlement of Phoebus the community there can be so guarded as to pre-

vent any further spread. The old soldier who is supposed to be responsible for the importation of the fever from Cuba to Hampton has not yet been apprehended, although several inmates of the home have been recognized and detained at various points. It is said by the marine hospital authorities that there is but little danger of the further spread of the disease by the soldier in question. He had not developed the fever himself when

Objections have already been raised to the determination reached by General Merritt to send the garrison at Fort Monroe to Battery Point, Delaware. Surgeon General Wyman has called the attention of the War department to the fact that it is not far enough north to take a garrison which possibly may have yellow fever infection. would be dangerous, he says, to the troops

whole matter had been turned over to General Merritt. Surgeon General Wyman has refused to allow the troops to be sent by TRIESTE, Aug. 1 .- (New York World rail through Washington from Fort Monroe and they will be taken across the bay to

Epidemic Not Extending. Surgeon General Sternberg today received

the following telegram from Surgeon Vickery, in charge at the National Soldiers' home at Hampton, Va., the scene of the yellow fever epidemic: "Our epidemic is not extending. Last

immune surgeons and nurses?" Surgeon General Sternberg has responded Surgeon Vickery's question in the affirmative and will furnish him immediately with a list of the surgeons and nurses who may be employed by him, for the surgeon is without authority to pay for

Dr. White of the marine hospital service wired Surgeon General Wyman from Phoebus great apparent interest for some time to the today, saying there was little doubt that there "had been infection in Phoebus" and that the place was under quarantine. Surgeon General Wyman, during the afternoon, received a message from Surgeon

Vickery of the Hampton home, thanking

him for the prompt efforts of the Marine

was no further spread of the epidemic in the home. The message ended: "Two cases, one death last day, The Washington officials were undecided what this meant, in view of the statement that the disease had not spread.

Wyman in Charge of Quarantine. Surgeon White wired Dr. Wyman that be arrived at Hampton last night, that the ton, for Liverpool.

Forecast for Nebraska-Pair; Continued High Temperature Temperature at Omaha yesterdayı Hour. Deg. 5 s. m..... 71 6 s. m..... 70 Hour. 1 p. m. . . . 86 2 p. m . . . 87 3 p. m . . . 87 4 p. m . . . . 90 7 n. m. . . . . 71 8 a. m..... 78 9 n. m..... 77 5 p. m ..... 10 a. m . . . . . . 6 p. m..... 87 11 n. m ..... 83 8 p. m..... 82 0 p. m..... 70 12 m..... 85

quarantine had been unanimously turned over by the health authorities to the Marinhospital service and that he had accepted

it. He said: "There is little doubt that there may have been infection in Phoebus. Place under quarantine. Work will be heavy, but we hope for the best. Please approve my order to Richmond for freight train to come

here and to Phoebus to bring supplies. General Corbin transmitted to Dr. Wyman an order from General Miles to Gen eral Merritt, commanding the Department man that in his opinion there was little of the East, saying that hereafter no vessels should tie up at the Fort Monroe wharf unless by order of Surgeon Pettus, the (Marine hospital officer in charge of the quarantine there. The acting secretary any evidence of a positive case at that of the treasury has transmitted a request to the secretary of war to notify the officer commanding at Fort Monroe that all quarantine measures for the enforcement of the treasury regulations there are in the hands of Surgeon Pettus.

It was stated at the office of the Marine hospital service today that there were not G. S. Robinson of Sioux City, at the repubmore than 200 or 300 people left at Old lican state convention tomorrow. If the more than 200 or 300 people left at Old Point. Special trains will be run there at move the inhabitants, subject to such inspection and detention as may be deemed necessary at Richmond.

Surgeon General Van Reypen of the navy or fourth ballot and it is expected that these received word during the day that a guard of a dozen marines had been sent from the naval barracks at Norfolk to the Naval hospital, located between Norfolk and Portsmouth, to see that persons might not land from the small craft coming up the Elizabeth river from the fever district.

Quarantine Against Hampton. CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 1.—The Charleston Health board today declared a quarantine against Hampton, Va. No quar-

Decided Falling Off in Consumption of

Brewery Product During the

Past Year. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- (Special Teleease and is dispatching additional help to gram.)-A preliminary report of the comthe surgeons now on the ground. Dr. Wer- missioner of internal revenue just issued tenbaker will remain at Newport News for shows that collections in the Nebraska dis-North and South Dakota, amounted last year to \$3,428,079. Iowa's collectons were \$2,003,265, while Colorado, which includes Wyoming, amounted to \$1,248,135. The report shows that there has been a decided falling off in consumption of beer and a corresponding increase in the use of spirit-

> John M. Mann was today appointed postmaster at Gary, Banner county, Neb., vice W. Reep resigned; also Alex M. Finotti, postmaster at Mission Hill, Yankton county, S. D., and H. A. Ransom, at Jordan, Big Horn county, Wyo. An order was issued today assigning two

additional carriers to duty in the Cedar s (1a.) postoffice. The order takes effect October 1. The secretary of the interior today denied the motion for a review in the case of F. D. Clark vs. C. H. Purdy, involving lands

in the Huron (S. D.) land district On recommendation of Senator Warren, Miss Winifred W. Woods has been appointed clerk in the land office at Cheyenne, Wyo., at a salary of \$900 a year.

MUST OBSERVE EIGHT-HOUR LAW Department Decides that No Stress

Exists Sufficient to Vary Rule. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.-The Navy department has rendered a decision construing the eight-hour law that will be of importance to all labor interests as well as to government contractors. The commandant of the Washington navy yard recently asked authority from the department to permit the contractor who is building the new guns in his shipyard to employ his workmen ten hours per day. In support of this application it was stated that during the progress of the work the machinery was to be stopped and the floor was being damaged by exposure to rains.

The judge advocate general's department has pointed out that the law permits the employment of workmen on government works for more than eight hours per day Gear and his opponent, Cummins, are on the only "in case of extraordinary emergency, and lays down a new doctrine in the construction of this law, as follows: "Inasmuch as the conditions reported are

such as must have been foreseen when the contract was made and are such as necessarily exist to a greater or less degree whenever work of the character referred to is in progress the department is of the opinion that the case cannot be regarded as one of extraordinary emergency.

"In a case of this character it would appear that if the government property cannot be sufficiently protected from damage otherwise the proper remedy would be to employ a force of men in relays, by which the work could be expedited much more effectively.

NO ALLIANCE OF SOUTHERN STATES.

Rumor of United Hostility from Central and South America is Denied. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.-The renewal of the report, this time from Rome, that South and Central American countries are forming an alliance to offset the American tendency toward expansion and imperialism excites only derision in the diplomatic circles of the southern republics. One of the best posted of these officials said today: "There has been no such movement so

far as I can learn from letters and reports | ried on until the Filipinos surrender. day two cases and one death. Origin not from many quarters in South and Central discovered. Do you know it we can get America and from constant association with representatives from these countries. These show the utmost cordiality toward the a day. The plant will cost \$500,000. United States and some of the countries mentioned as taking part in an alliance have recently given strong expressions in favo of the United States. The Argentine Republic is said to be a prime mover in the plan, but the president of Argentine, in his recent message to congress, paid a glow ing tribute to 'our friend and neighbor, the great republic of the north.

> osing this country and as a matter of fact no responsible official has ever proposed such a movement. Movements of Ocean Vessels, Aug. 1. At New York-Arrived: Jamburg: Friedrich Der Grosse. from

'No administration in any southern re

public could stand long on a policy of op-

hospital service officials and saying there Hamburg: Westernland, from Antwerp At Plymouth-Arrived: Pennsylvania.

# CONDITION OF THE WEATHER LINING UP FOR FRAY

Iowa Republicans Assemble at Des Moines for Their State Convention.

GATHERING MEETS AT ELEVEN TODAY

Principal Contest Will Be Over a Nominee for Supreme Judgeship.

LATE INDICATIONS POINT TO BURNHAM

Combinations Likely to Bring About His Nomination on Fourth Ballot.

NO FIGHT OVER THE OTHER NOMINATIONS

Platform Will Be in Line with the National Administration - Considerable Work Being Done in Senatorial Contest.

DES MOINES, Aug. 1 .- (Special Telegram.)-A combination of forces was expected here tonight which will, in all probability, nominate Judge G. W. Burnham of Vinton as supreme judge, to succeed Judge plan carries Judge Robert Sloan of Keosausuch intervals as may be necessary to re- qua and Judge T. N. Fee of Centerville will throw their strength to Judge Burnham, Judge John C. Sherwin of Mason City will also turn his votes to Burnham on the third votes will be sufficient to elect the Benton county man. If Robinson wins it will be because some of the parties to the combination refuse to abide by the agreement when slow accretions would without doubt elect

Robinson after a number of ballots. Burnham is the Gear candidate and the Gear managers have consummated the deal to save the Fifth district for Gear. If the election went to Sherwin, it would mean that Gear might lose the Fifth district, and the Fourth, Sherwin's district, is practically for antine has yet been declared against Norfolk Cummins anyway. It is claimed that it is part of the plan to nominate Sherwin next to succeed Judge C. T. Granger of the MORE WHISKY AND LESS BEER Fourth. The election of Burnham by the combination mentioned will mean a decided victory for Gear.

After repeated conferences between the Cummins and Gear managers it was decided to make no fight on the permanent organization. A written statement was given out to the press saying that ex-Congressman George H. Curtis of Clinton had been agreed upon by both sides for permanent chairman.

Senntorial Contest.

The statement further specifies that no significance is to be attached by either side to the agreement, as far as the senatorial contest is concerned. It also says that Temporary Chairman Charles Pickett of Waterloo is a Gear man. It is said that the Cummins managers objected strongly to this specification. Curtis was a member of the national house from the Second district, preceding Congressman Joe Lane. It is claimed that the selection of Curtis is in the nature of a boom for Curtis for governor in two years. In the reorganization of the state central committee it was decided that Chairman C. T. Hancock of Dubuque will act in

that capacity again this year Only five out of the eleven districts elect members on the committee this year. these H. O. Weaver of the First and S. H. Leach of the Seventh have no opposition. The work in the political lobbles the whole day has been decidedly animated. The town is crowded with delegates and the hotels

are taxed to accommodate them. The convention will be called to order at 11 o'clock by Chairman Hancock

Associated Press Story. DES MOINES, Aug. 1 .- A majority of the delegates to the republican state convention. which meets tomorrow morning, have arrived in the city. The new auditorium is ready for the convention and is handsomely decorated. The nomination for governor, lieutenant governor, railroad commissioner and superintendent of public instruction will go to the present incumbents by acclamation On the supreme judgeship there is a warm contest and no one expects a nomination to be reached before the third or fourth ballot. The friends of Judges Robinson, Sherwin Burnham, Fee, Sloan and Giffen claim all the way from 150 to 350 votes each on the

first ballot. It will take 625 to nominate. The platform will be in line with the national administration on all issues. Considerable work is being done on the United States senatorial question. Both Senator ground and each has a host of friends. Both sides are claiming the advantage of the legislative nominations so far made, but the

situation is still in doubt. Charles E. Pickett of Waterloo will be the temporary chairman and deliver the principal address. Former Congressman George Curtis of Clinton will be permanent chairman. Charles T. Hancock of Dubuque will remain chairman of the state central committee another year.

MANY THORNS IN BRYAN'S PATH Senator Clark Foresees Possible Check in Store for the Ambition of Silver Leader.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 1 .- Senator W. A. Clark, who is in the city, stated in an interview today that in his opinion there is nothing sure about W. J. Bryan's nomina tion by the democratic party at its next national convention. The senator also said that he is not sure about silver being the great issue of the next campaign, though he still calls himself a bimetallist. He believes to a certain extent in expansion and feels that the war in the Philippines must be car-Senator Clark will build a new sugar factory on the Cerillos ranch he recently purchased. The capacity will be 1,000 barrels

# MERCHANTS WIN THE GOLD

Prospectors in Klondike Find it

Profitable to Abandon the Pick for the Counter. MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 1 .- A special to the imes from Duluth, Minn., says:

Emerson Bull of this city has returned after eighteen months spent in the Klondike country. Mr. Bull says the people who are making money in the Klondike are those in business. They get all the small miners' money. Last winter Bull was on the summit of White pass engaged it freighting. Early in the spring Mr. Kilgore, also of Duluth, and Bull started for At Liverpool—Arrived: Pennsylvania, from New York: Sailed: Servia, for New York: Scow to go down the river. On arrival at At Southampton—Sailed: Bremen, for New Dawson they found that market bare and Dawson they found that market bare and two hours after opening their stock they had New York, for Hamburg.

Queenstown—Arrived: Cephalonia, Bos. at \$85 a case, potatoes brought 67 cents a sold it for \$7,200. Eggs went like hot cakes pound and lemons \$65 for 300.