



# Ribbon Special

Thursday morning we will place on special sale several lots of all silk ribbons, marked so cheap that you are apt to take home half as much again as you supposed your dollar would buy.

- 10c per yard for number 22 black all silk moire taffeta, reduced from 20c.
- 10c per yard for number 30, black all silk moire taffeta, reduced from 30c.
- 25c per yard for 5-inch wide fancy all silk taffeta, reduced from 65c.
- 10c per yard for numbers 3 and 7, fancy hair ribbons, reduced from 15c and 17c.

We are showing the latest patterns in fancy ribbons for neck and belt, handsome colorings, all marked at lowest possible prices. Black velvet ribbons, satin backs, in all widths, for ties—extra quality.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

## THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.  
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

### BANDITS TAUGHT A LESSON

Soldiers in Southern Islands Pursue Them Into the Mountains.

### ENLISTING M'N IN THE PHILIPPINES

Old Cables He Can Raise Another Regiment If Wanted—California Volunteers Call for Home.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Three cable messages from General Otis were received at the War department today. One reported another engagement with bandits in Cebu, in which the American force was victorious. It bears date of today and is as follows:

Following from Cebu today: Bandits in Cebu mountains robbing and impressing people of the coast towns. On Monday Lieutenant Moore, with detachment of twelve infantry, while scouting in the mountains, was fired upon from a strongly fortified position; one private killed, name not given; no other casualties. Enemy's loss, five bandits killed, seven captured.

Another refers to the organization of volunteer regiments in the Philippines as follows:

Bell has enlisted about 500 men. Wallace still south, has about 400. Lockett now enlisting; has over 400 applications, which are coming in rapidly. Might raise here an additional regiment, exclusively volunteer. Colonel Bell referred to in the dispatch is in command of the Thirty-sixth Infantry and Colonel Wallace of the Thirty-seventh. Colonel Lockett is in command of the cavalry regiment which is to be raised in the Philippines.

The third dispatch says: Storm has abated. Sherman cooled, leaves today with all troops from California; Grant being cooled, leaves in about four days with troops of North Dakota, Wyoming and Idaho. Minnesota preparing to leave on Sheridan soon as transport can be unloaded and cooled. Other volunteer organizations have soon as transports are available. General Otis has been called to send the volunteers home as rapidly as possible, it being the desire of the president to have no delay in the matter.

### CALIFORNIANS START HOME

Both Infantry and Artillery on Board the Transport Sherman.

MANILA, July 26.—12:24 p. m.—The transport Sherman sailed today for San Francisco, via Nagasaki and Yokohama, with the California Infantry, consisting of forty-eight officers and 950 men, two batteries of the California heavy artillery, nine officers and eighty-six men, and 275 discharged soldiers of other regiments.

### AS FRIENDS, NOT AS CONQUERORS.

Ots Permitted to Establish Provisional Government on That Islet.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is stated at the War department that General Otis has made no recommendations to the department regarding the organization of any provisional governments in the islands or provinces, but it is presumed that he may be doing so if conditions warrant.

General Otis is acting under instructions from the president dated December 1, 1898. These instructions said that the destruction of the Spanish fleet, the capture of Manila, practically effected the conquest of the Philippine Islands and suspension of Spanish sovereignty. They directed that the military government of the United States existing in Manila be extended with all possible dispatch to the whole district ceded to the United States by the treaty of peace. The military commander was directed to announce that "we come, not as invaders or conquerors, but as friends."

Those who submitted were to be promised support and protection, "all others will be brought within the lawful rule we have assumed with firmness, if need be, but without severity as far as may be possible. Suggestions were made as to the movement of the ceded territory and the rights of property, taxes, etc.

This letter of the president, together with the instructions of Secretary Hay to the Philippine commission, are the base of government which is to be established in the Philippines.

### WHEATON PRAISES HIS COMMAND.

Official Report Received Covering the Campaign Along the Pasig River.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The War department today made public reports received from General Lloyd Wheaton giving details of the operations under his command in the Philippines. They included clearing the Pasig river of the insurgents and the fighting from March 12 to May 21, when the report was dated. The command consisted of the Twentieth and Twenty-second regiments of infantry, two battalions of the First Washington, seven companies of the Second Oregon, a platoon of the Sixth artillery and three troops of the Fourth cavalry. General Wheaton speaks in high terms of the officers and men of his command.

The other reports relate to the taking of Calumpit, which has been received telegraphically already, and active operations from April 21. His command then consisted of the Twentieth Kansas, First Montana

and First battery of Utah light artillery. This was the engagement in which Colonel Funston crossed the river with his regiment and earned the commission of brigadier general.

General Wheaton mentions a number of officers as deserving of high praise for their gallantry and also commends the troops very highly.

Officers Ordered to Regiments. The following named officers, recently appointed, have been ordered to join their respective regiments: Twenty-sixth infantry, Captain Edward Gibson; Twenty-eighth infantry, Second Lieutenant James D. Danner; Twenty-ninth infantry, First Lieutenant John A. Rash; Seventh infantry, First Lieutenant Virgil C. Peckenpaugh; Thirty-first infantry, Captain Charles A. Reynolds and First Lieutenant Percy H. Hawkins; Thirty-second infantry, First Lieutenant Arthur B. Schaeffer; Thirty-third infantry, Captain John A. Hulen; Captain James S. Butler, Captain James M. Burroughs, First Lieutenant John W. Ward, First Lieutenant Dean Tompkins, First Lieutenant William S. Cunningham and First Lieutenant Carroll Power; Thirty-fourth infantry, Captain John A. Green, Captain Frank A. Sullivan, Captain Christopher J. Rollis, Captain Frank L. French, First Lieutenant Grenville D. Montgomery and First Lieutenant Cushman A. Rice.

Transports Clear for Manila. SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—The transports Ohio and Newport are scheduled to sail for Manila at 11 o'clock tonight. They will carry four companies of the Nineteenth infantry and about 700 recruits and casuals. The transport Tacoma is loading with horses and will probably sail tomorrow.

HERO IS VINDICATED (Continued from First Page.) An opportunity to defend himself against the complaints in question, it would be a manifest injustice to discharge him from the volunteer service in advance of the investigation already ordered, or of the muster out of his regiment. As soon as the report of the investigation shall be received at this office prompt attention will be taken in accordance therewith. Very respectfully, "H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant General."

### GUARD AT NATION'S GATES

Effort to Keep Out Criminals and Paupers Only Partially Successful.

### HARD TASK TO ENFORCE THE MEASURE

Section Regarding the Landing of Criminals Cannot Always Be Enforced—Cabin and Steerage Arrivals.

NEW YORK, July 26.—At today's session of the subcommittee of the United States industrial commission Roman Dobler, chief of the board of inspectors of immigration at the large office, testified that his experience was that the law requiring the United States in the second cabin with \$10 or \$50 were the first to become public charges. The witness prepared a table showing the comparative arrivals of passengers in the first and second cabins and the steerage. On such lines as the witness said, he said, Cunard, American, Anchor and White Star lines the number of saloon passengers almost equaled the arrivals in the steerage. In vessels from Mediterranean ports, however, the steerage passengers greatly exceeded the other classes. Moreover, he said, always came on vessels of the Anchor line from Glasgow in the second cabin. His figures showed that while 2,083 passengers came from Italian ports in the steerage only twenty-five came as cabin passengers.

Dr. Lorenzo Uilo, legal adviser of the immigration bureau, said there was great difficulty in enforcing the laws owing to the many contradictions found in the statutes relative to immigration. A case in point was the law regarding criminals coming to this country whose law requires shall be returned to the nation to which they belong and the port from which they came. Sometimes the criminal was an Oriental and came from Bremen. He thought the law should say such persons should simply not be permitted to land and the steamship companies left to do with them as they believed best. Witness said that in none of the immigration laws was there an express provision for the deportation of contract laborers. The laws of 1891 did so by implication and it was this act that the department was working.

The witness said he favored amending the law regarding contract laborers so as to include any agreement to come here to work, not rightly a contract, but a verbal agreement brought here by the steamship companies contrary to the immigration law of action against the owners of the vessel that brought them.

Mrs. Virginia Stuckler, the chief matron at the large office, testified regarding the treatment of exiles and women arriving here. Of 411 women arriving during the month in that condition fifty-two were married at the large office, twenty-eight were admitted on appeal and the others were found to be married women.

Mrs. Stuckler thought the laws should include an act prohibiting the landing of girls brought here for immoral purposes. There was no such prohibition in the present laws.

### PREFERENCE TO FOREIGN LABOR

William Weir of the Contract Labor Bureau, who was formerly president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, said 50 per cent of all the cheap labor coming here—Shanghai, the Russian Poles—went to Pennsylvania, where they not only worked on railroads and in the mines, but entered into competition in the industrial centers in the iron and glass works.

"It has been shown," said Mr. Weir, "that the companies give the preference to foreigners even when skilled American workmen offer to work for the same wages. In 1887 a tinplate mill at Harrisburg brought to this country two roll runners from Wales at \$30 and \$40 a week respectively. We had the best of the men in which these salaries were promised. They were written on the company's letterhead by the manager. The men came here and went to work. We could not prove that the president had authorized the manager to hire the men and the manager, a hired man the company could not be prosecuted."

Dr. Egisto Rossi, chief of the Italian bureau at the large office, said his bureau was supported by the Italian government. His government desires the immigration to this country. The bureau had been established here to break up the padrone system, and for the purpose of keeping a record of the Italian immigrants arriving in this country. He said his assistants had examined the privileges of other societies, representatives, of talking with immigrants detained in the pens, but not with those held for special inquiry. While he would not say his bureau had destroyed the padrone system yet he had been able to prevent many new arrivals from Italy coming into contact with the bankers and padrones in this country.

"Do you still regard Italian immigrants in this country as colonists?" asked Chairman Smith.

"We consider as colonists all Italians who have not taken out naturalization papers and notified the Italian government that they had renounced allegiance to King Humbert."

### Circular Letter Misunderstood.

"It is true that you issued a circular letter April 21, last, in which you said that, owing to the war with Spain, labor and industry had ceased in this country and advised your government not to grant passports to intending immigrants."

"No, the person who gave you such information did not understand my Italian circular. Many persons were arriving from Italy with insufficient funds and I simply advised the government to be careful in issuing passports, the more so as this country was engaged in a war and industrial enterprises were in a measure suspended."

"We have been informed that certain Italian government officials are interested in sending contract laborers to this country and share the profits with the padrone," said Major Farquhar.

"I do not believe it possible," said Dr. Rossi. "I should like names and data. American foremen acting for American contractors, have been employing the methods of the padrone since we have been able to repress the operations of the latter."

Commissioner Mcweeney was called and examined on several minor matters and the convention then adjourned to meet in Washington in September.

### Steel Company Buys Fleet.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—The Iron Trade Review tomorrow will say: On Friday of this week papers will be passed by the National Steel company acquiring the well known Chicago Wheeling and steel steels of the Mutual Transportation company and the Mercantile Transportation company. All these properties are familiarly known in the trade as allied to the Hanna interests, and L. C. Hanna, who is the active head of M. A. Hanna & Co., has represented in the negotiations the various owners of the part of the National Steel company the deal has been conducted by President W. E. Reil.

### Husband and Son Are Missing.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 26.—Mrs. Mary Manning has asked the police aid in locating her husband, Thomas Manning, and her son by her first husband, Martin Joyce, for both of whom she has been searching since July 15. Mr. Manning was employed in St. Paul and wrote to his wife at Lockport, Ill., to come and join him. She

### HEUREAUX MEETS HIS DEATH

President of Dominican Republic is Assassinated at Moca, San Domingo.

### MURDERER STILL ELUDS HIS PURSUERS

Authorities Are Energetic, However, and His Capture is Probable—Vacant Office is Filled by President-General.

FORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, July 26.—General Ulysses Heureaux, president of the Dominican republic, was assassinated at Moca, San Domingo, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. The name of the murderer is known, but the police have not succeeded in making his escape, but an energetic pursuit was at once begun and it is probable that he will soon be captured.

President General Wencelao Figueroa immediately upon the announcement of the president's death assumed the direction of affairs.

At present calmness prevails in the republic. The body of President Heureaux will probably be taken to San Domingo for the burial services.

### No Report from Consul.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—No information was received by half past 9 o'clock tonight from the consular representatives of the United States in San Domingo regarding the assassination there today of President Heureaux. Pending official advice of the assassination no formal action will be recalled that the consulate here has been made on the life of President Heureaux. Secretary Hay paid a brief tribute to the work of the deceased president, saying he understood that he had given the country a good administration.

Secretary Long said he could not recall that there were any ships of the United States navy now in San Domingan waters. Should the developments of the next few days show a feeling of unrest and uncertainty regarding the future affairs of the island a United States man-of-war will be dispatched to that vicinity to look out for the protection of American interests.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Senator Don Alejandro Woz Y Gil, consul of the Dominican republic, when seen at his home tonight could scarcely credit the news of the assassination of his president, Ulysses Heureaux.

"President Heureaux did wonders to make our people happy and give us prosperity. He was serving his second term, and in a year would have finished his labors as president. He was formerly minister of the interior and was secretary of war. Moca is a town three days' ride by horse from San Domingo."

### SEVERE CENSURE OF WEYLER

Minister of Interior Punishes His Presumption by Reminder of the Campaign in Cuba.

MADRID, July 26.—The discussion of the army bill in the senate today led to an exciting scene. General Weyler, arguing against any reduction of the strength of the army, warned the government that the present situation made a revolution highly probable, since it had never been so easy for the army and the people to make common cause. For himself, he said he had never thought of heading a rising, but it must be confessed that revolutions sometimes change the political atmosphere and accomplished the work of regeneration.

Senator Dato, minister of the interior, replying, severely censured General Weyler, declaring that a general who, with 300,000 men, had failed to suppress the Cuban rebellion had no right to make such threats and that any attempt at revolution would be vigorously proceeded against, no matter by whom started.

### REGRETS ARE SENT TO ITALY

Secretary Hay Assures Italians that Justice Will Be Done in the Talullah Affair.

ROME, July 26.—An official communication says that the United States secretary of state, John Hay, has instructed the American embassy in Rome to express to the Italian government the regret of Italy that the United States will adopt every legal measure warranted by the facts to insure justice in the Talullah affair. The communication adds that Secretary Hay has expressed to the Italian charge d'affaires at Washington the regret of the United States government for the deplorable occurrences.

Count Vinchi, the Italian charge here, had another interview with Assistant Secretary Hill at the State department today respecting the inquiry now in progress into the killing of the five Italians last week at Wickburg, La. Governor Foster has not yet submitted his report, but it has been learned unofficially that three of the five men killed were undoubtedly Italian citizens and two were naturalized American citizens.

### PROGRESS AT THE HAGUE

Drafting Committee Decides on the Form of Several Conventions to Be Signed Sunday.

THE HAGUE, July 26.—The drafting committee of the international peace conference today decided upon the form of a convention on the laws and customs of war, the adaptation of the Geneva convention to naval warfare, as well as formula for the arbitration convention only by unanimous consent of the signatory powers. Count Nigra, chief of the Italian delegation, proposed an amendment permitting such addition if no power opposes. It is hoped that the British foreign office will accept the amendment.

### Paupers Attack Their Attendants.

BERLIN, July 26.—At the poor house at Schrimm in the province of Posen, Friday last, nearly 400 inmates, most of them Poles, attacked the attendants and overcame with knives and clubs.

The police were summoned and were attacked by the rioters and obliged to use their weapons in self-defense. Several rioters were severely wounded, but finally the ringleaders were arrested and order was restored.

### Dewey Answers Many Letters.

TRIESTE, July 26.—Admiral Dewey was busily engaged during the day in replying to his immense American correspondence and in receiving private visitors.

The rumors that American politicians have arrived here to consult with the admiral regarding the present of the United States are without foundation.

### Enter the American Athletes.

LONDON, July 26.—The members of the Yale-Harvard athletic team were entertained at a garden party today by Mr. W. H. Grenfell, M. P., at Taplow, near the Thames, one of the most charming country houses in England. Tonight the athletes will attend the performance of "Bunaw" at the Savoy.

### GUATEMALAN RAILROAD SOLD

New York Syndicate Said to Have Purchased Incomplete Line Running Toward Port Barrios.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—President Cabrera of Guatemala had advised Consul General Gallego of this port of the sale of the Guatemala Central railroad to a New York syndicate. This road was originally planned by Rufino Barrios to extend from the city of Guatemala eastward to Port Barrios, where connection can be made with New Orleans by water. Practically when finished, it would be an extension of the Pacific Improvement company's road, which connects the city of Guatemala with the Pacific seaboard. There are yet sixty miles of road to be completed. There were three prospective purchasers, one of them being C. P. Huntington, and the other two New York syndicates. Mr. Huntington, it is said, declined to buy the road. Which of the two New York syndicates is the purchaser President Cabrera does not state. He, however, informs the consul general that as a result of the sale, exchange in Guatemala, which recently advanced to 4.80, has fallen to 3.80.

### Illinois Central Buys a Road.

CHICAGO, July 26.—The Tribune tomorrow will say: It is learned from reliable authority that arrangements have practically been completed that will give the Illinois Central control of the Peoria, Decatur & Evansville road, now in the hands of a receiver, but soon to be foreclosed. It has a line from Peoria to Evansville, 250 miles, where it connects with the Illinois Central's Louisville & New Orleans line. It also crosses the Illinois Central main line and its Chicago line. The Illinois Central at present has no direct outlet west from Evansville and Louisville. The Peoria, Decatur & Evansville will give the road outlets both to Peoria and Chicago.

### Bankers Purchase Erie Bonds.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Brown Brothers & Co. and Maitland, Gopple & Co. have purchased from the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad company the new first mortgage consolidated 4 per cent bonds, issued for the improvement of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, Cleveland, Canton & Southwestern and Cleveland lines. The same banking firms have undertaken to refund the Wheeling & Lake Erie division 5 per cent mortgage bonds into new 4 per cent bonds. The refunding plan will not be made public for some time.

### Change in Omaha Officials.

ST. PAUL, July 26.—William H. S. Wright, purchasing agent of the Omaha, has resigned to become northwestern agent of the Illinois Steel company. Mr. Wright is one of the best known officials connected with the Omaha and Louisville. He was purchasing agent for the road since its organization in 1880. He will be succeeded as purchasing agent of the Omaha by Isaac Sedgwick, who has been with the department as long as Mr. Wright, holding the position of chief clerk.

### CRUEL AND INHUMAN FIEND

Tennessee Farmer Kills a Man, Then Goes to His Home and Shoots Two of His Children.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 26.—Matthew Stanford, one of the most prominent farmers in Washington county, shot and killed Preston Carson last night near Washington. He then went to Carson's home and shot two of his victim's children—one 4 years old and the other 6. The younger will die. Stanford was captured by a posse and taken to jail tonight. The men had quarreled over farm work.

### THREW BABY'S BODY TO HOGS

Revolution Child Murderer by a Colored Couple Comes to Light in Pennsylvania.

WESTCHESTER, Pa., July 26.—A revolting murder case to light today. It is alleged that Mrs. Fannie Stevenson, colored, crushed her infant's head with an ax and then threw the body to some hogs which devoured it. The woman and her husband have fled.

### Southern Industrial League Organizes.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 26.—Permanent organization of the Southern Industrial league was effected today by a convention of southern merchants now in session here. The committee appointed an organization named E. Orr of Atlanta for president. The committee also recommended that each state be represented by a vice president, to be chosen by the delegates for the respective states. The object of the league is to encourage payment and collection of all debts, wipe from the statute books laws intended to hinder the collection of debts, protection of all forms of invested capital, to prevent the discounting of debts and to further the completion of the Nicaraguan canal.

### Feed Your Body Wisely

USE Grape-Nuts

HOW GRAPE-NUTS FOOD IS CONSTRUCTED.

Grape-Nuts food is made by taking the portions of Barley and Wheat containing the nutritive elements, subjecting the different parts to different forms of treatment, and finally blending them in proper proportions.

When ready for the market it is in the form of small granules from the size of a pin head to two or three times that size. These pieces glisten when held to the light, showing the grape sugar crystallized and deposited on each granule. This grape sugar is one of the most nutritive articles of food known, and is produced and evolved from the starchy part of the grains while in process of manufacture.

No Case or Beet Sugar is used in making Grape-Nuts.

The flavor is a very delicate sweet, and the food itself is crisp and delicious.

Being fully cooked at the factory, no preparation is required, but it is ready to be served instantly, with a little cream or milk, either hot or cold.

A marked increase in mental strength is found after 10 days use of Grape-Nuts.

The food contains elements which nature uses to re-build the cellular tissue of the brain.

All first class grocers sell Grape-Nuts at 15 cents per package.

### ON THE MIDWAY

The Cream of the Midway

THE BATTLE OF MISSIONARY RIDGE & LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN

THE NEW DARKNESS AND DAWN; OR, Heaven and Hell.

THE OLD PLANTATION The Exposition Fun Factory.

HOBBSON Sinking the Merrimac.

THE MOORISH PALACE AND—GREAT PASSION PLAY.

WARAGRAPH The Battle of Manila.

World's Congress of Beauty Forty Beautiful Women from all Parts of the World. The Feature of the Entire Midway WEST MIDWAY.

Lunette and At the Cross... WEST MIDWAY Admission 10c.

ROYAL ENGLISH ..MARIONETTES.. West Midway. Admission 10c.

NAIADS IN THE FOUNTAIN AND—GREEK MYSTERY. East Midway. Admission 10c.

FREE TO SEE. 25c TO SAW The GIANT SEE-SAW. Finest Panoramic View of the Entire Exposition Grounds.

SEE THE GREAT SEA FIGHT FIGHT BY ADMIRAL DEWEY. Grandest spectacle ever presented to the public. Destruction of the Spanish Fleet. Telephone for reserved seats or boxes. Arrive early, roller chairs, baby chairs and other conveniences offered. Telephone 200. Fred T. Cummins, Mgr.

The Most Scientific Entertainment CAPT. LOUIS BORCHO'S Deep Sea Diving & Novelty Co. Opposite Pabst Building. West Midway. Chas. A. Postley, Mgr.

Omaha Art Institute CEASED IN Drawing, Painting and Decorative Work... ALSO PRIVATE LESSONS. A. ROTHELY, Director. Hope Auditorium, 1813 Douglas.

HOTELS. THE MILLARD 13th and Douglas Sts., Omaha. AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN—CENTRALLY LOCATED. J. E. MARKEE & SON, Props.

On Friday Mr. G. C. Vassall of the Oxford-Cambridge team will conduct the Americans to Oxford. The company will disembark on Saturday, most of them returning on the steamer St. Louis, New York, while others will go to the continent.

HITCH IN TREATY PROGRAM Japanese Officials at Peking to Negotiate with the Chinese.

PEKING, July 26.—The Japanese admiral and four officers from the squadron at Takou, Gulf of Pe-Chi-Li, have arrived here to visit the Japanese minister, Prince Komura, who was with the squadron, was expected here in connection with pending treaty negotiations, but there appears to be a hitch regarding it.

The hitch is in regard to the measure of financial control to be accorded to Japan in return for reorganization of the Chinese army by Japanese officials. In Chinese circles it is believed that the difficulties cannot be surmounted. Prince Ching and the dowager empress are the principal advocates of the treaty. Others, though approving an arrangement that would be likely to secure China from foreign aggression, are fearful that the treaty might involve China in serious complications.

Body of Cenovitch Interred. ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—The body of the czarowitz was interred in the cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul today in the presence of the czar, the dowager empress and other members of the imperial family and Prince Waldemar of Denmark.

Great Fire Rages in West Prussia. BERLIN, July 26.—A great fire is raging at Marienburg, in West Prussia. At noon forty houses had been razed. The fire raged from Dantzic and Elbing were summoned to assist in subduing the fire.

Third Reading of Cable Bill. OTTAWA, Ont., July 26.—The Pacific cable bill, by which Canada contributes five-eighths of the cost of the liability for the work was read a third time in the House of Commons today.

Chief Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes. BOSTON, July 26.—Governor Wendell Holmes nominated Judge Oliver Wendell Holmes to succeed the late Walbridge A. Field as chief justice of the supreme court of Massachusetts.

### THE ARTIST'S STUDIO

The Art Feature of the Exposition. West Midway.

Don't Fail to See it! At the Water Carnival The suspension high bridge tower will perform the thrilling feat of diving from a tower 100 feet high on the West Midway.

THE NEW... Only Original Show on Midway. STREETS OF CAIRO Ride the Camel, See the Egyptian Dancing Girls.

The Phantom Swing... West Midway. The greatest marvel of the age. Thousands of people have tried to solve this STRANGE MYSTERY. Strange and mysterious attraction, well worth seeing by everyone.

GRIFFITH'S 10 cents for two round trips. ... SCENIC ... See Bombardment of Manila in Great Tunnel RAILWAY

CHUTES CAFE ON WEST MIDWAY. The Coolest and Most Amusing Place on the Exposition Grounds.

ROME MILLER'S Philippine Restaurant With his usual excellent service. ON THE WEST MIDWAY.

Society's Resort The Cuban Village The educational feature of the Midway—depicting life in Cuba and the Island of Porto Rico.

Question—Why is SCHLITZ PAVILION crowded all the time? Answer—Because reinvigorated and potato salad sell for 15c. ..Schlitz Pavilion.. FRITZ MUELLER, Prop.

MERRY GO ROUND ON WEST MIDWAY. Attractive and amusing entertainment—delightful resting place for ladies and children. Admission to building free. W. H. DOLAN, Manager.

HAWAIIAN VILLAGE COR. EAST MIDWAY and GRAND PLAZA.

AMUSEMENTS. THE FOURTH ANNUAL NEWSBOYS' PICNIC SUNDAY, JULY 30, at Anheuser-Busch Park, Fort Omaha.

Running and Bicycle Races, Base Ball and other sports. Good Union Music. Admission 25c with free carryall from car line to park. Tickets from your favorite newsboy.

Mogy Trens. and Mgr. Picnic Fund.

The Trocadero — W. W. COLE, New York's Favorite Comedian, WILLISONS AND ST