Nebraska Man Mentioned as Possible Timber for the Cabinet.

GRIGGS TO STEP INTO ALGER'S SHOES

Omaha Lawyer Then to Be Offered the Attorney Generalship.

RECENT COMBINATION BEING FEATURED

Cowin and President McKinley Old-Time Acquaintances in Ohio.

EXECUTIVE FRIENDLY TO THE NEBRASKAN

Antelope State Attorney Said Once to Have Declined a Cabinet Position, but Will Accept if Again Favored.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- (Special Telegram.)-An evening paper, speaking of the different combinations that are being featured on the street, made possible by the resignation of Secretary Alger, has this to say of a well known Nebraskan:

"Attorney General Griggs for secretary of war and John C. Cowin of Nebraska for the treaty will be signed on Saturday. attorney general is one of the combinations talked about. It is said that General Griggs is already familiar with War department matters, especially many intricate questions which have arisen in relation to the administration of the island governments, for such questions have been referred to him for opinions and several are still pending before him. In addition this, he has been long enough in the views of the president relating to military the War department.

not care to sacrifice his practice. It is cabinet position and told him not to dehe is offered a cabinet office he would prefer to be attorney general.

"Mr. Cowin and President McKinley began in Ohio. He has been district attorney in never sought a position."

Revenue Stamp Printing.

view with Commissioner of Internal Reve- of a week, more or less." nue Wilson in relation to the Klopp & Bart let Printing company of Omaha, who are the re-ognized agents of the government for imprinting revenue stamps. The firm has refused to go on with the work on the ground that one of its employes has not been appointed assistant counter, Senator Thurs ton having designated Dr. M. O. Ricketts for the place. Senator Thurston, speaking of oner Wilso

rule that two counters are required in every are to be printed and he positively refuses to make any deviation from the rule and in this position he is supported by Secretary Bliss. The view of the commissioner is that a mistake has been made in allowing these stamps to be printed all over the country without proper supervision. He be lieves that not more than four places should be designated for printing stamps and that persons receiving the contract should be in no other business than that of printing stamps and that this, with a government inspectorship, rigid and severe, would fully protect the United States from any possible violation of the law or regulations. As to appointing any one at the instance of the printing company, Commissioner Wilson absolutely refused to consider the question for moment and nothing can change him in this regard. I am very sorry that such conditions have arisen. I have done my best to adjust matters, but with small success If Omaha printers cannot find a profit in printing stamps under the present governwill go elsewhere.

Honor for Peter Jansen.

Peter Jansen, one of the best known republicans of Nebraska, is to be one of twelve commissioners to represent the government of the United States at the Paris exposition. Senator Thurston has secured this promise from President McKinley, who has indicated to Secretary Hay that when the list of commissioners is appointed Ma Jansen's name be one of the twelve. expected the list will go to congress short!; after its convening in December.

Herbert T. Leavitt of Omaha was today appointed special revenue agent, vice Richard Smith, resigned.

Senator Thurston left tonight for New York en route to Omaha, which he expects to reach the first of the week. He will spend a week or so in Nebraska and then go to the mountains for a rest.

Roy D. Hassler of this city left for Pawner City, Neb., today to be present, if possible, at the funeral of his father, A. D. Hassler, editor of the Pawnee Republican.

The report of Inspector Tinker of the Interior department, who was recently detailed to make an investigation of the charges made against Agent Reed of the Cheyenne River agency in South Dakota, is expected here this week. Efforts have been made for some time by National Committeeman Kittridge to take Reed's official scalp, but they have so far failed. In the present instance it is understood that Reed is charged with mismanagement of the affairs of the agency. and it is learned that Bishop Hare of South Dakota is one of the complainants. Officials of the Interior department refuse to discuss the nature of the charges preferred against

the agent. Condition of Omaha Banks

Comptroller Dawes has received a report of the condition of the national banks of Compared with the previous statement in April the banks have materially strengthened their individual deposits and the average reserve, while a shrinkage is noted in toans and discounts. Individual deposits have increased from \$9,795,956 in April to \$10,345,764, and the average reserve held is 89.25 per cent, against 34.30 per cent Loans and discounts have dropped rom \$11,714.831 in April to \$11,479,095. Present holdings of gold coin aggregate \$1,280,292, a gain of more than \$138,000 since

Iowa postmasters appointed: Jacob Jenwein, at Boyd, Chickasaw county; Samuel

Only Three Days Remain in Which to Adjust Serious Differences-The

French Lose Their Engerness.

July 20.-The Franco megotiations have again and as only three nore days re be framed under to Dingley act there is considerable anxiety as to the final success of the treaty. The conditions have entirely changed within the last few days and whereas at one time the French ambassador M. Cambon, and the special reciprocity delegate, M. Charpentier, were quite desirous of closing the matter, it is understood they no longer show any anxiety in that direction. This is said to arise chiefly from an agitatreaty on the ground that it threatens to bring American goods in competition with French goods and to throw out of employment many French workmen. This unex-

of a reciprocity treaty, but if the treaty fails, good humor. He said in part: the French government will immediately "From the south I bring you a patriotic apply the maximum rate. The difference in greeting. The Spanish and Philippine wars duty on this one product is said to amount did not unite us as members of an indisto \$5,000,000. In case the present sharp dif- soluble union; they only demonstrated the ferences are adjusted, the expectation is that fact that we are already united, that we

GOOD SERVICE OF GUNBOATS

the large concessions proposed.

Rivers and Bayons of Archipelago Kept Under Close Surveillance-More Seamen Needed.

who succeeded Admiral Dewey in command near the north pole. cabinet to be aware of the intentions and at Manila, writes to the Navy department, matters as well as the administration of at the cordial co-operation of the army and navy in putting in service the small gun-"Mr. Cowin is known as one of the able boats bought by the army to use in the politicians make the conditions that prolawyers of the west. He was employed in the settlement of the Union Pacific debt, rivers and bayous during the military movements. Commander Sperry of the Yorkand his ability was brought prominently to town reported to Captain Barker from Hollo It is said he has once been offered a position in the cabinet, but declined, as he did H. Standley being in command. This was not care to sacrifice his practice. It is done with some difficulty, owing to the lack hown that his friends have recently advised him that he would be again offered a supplied an army detail of five men. Comcline it again. It is understood that in case mander Sperry says the Yorktown needs more men and he adds the following as to a contemplated expedition:

"General Smith has returned from Negros "Mr. Cowin and President activities ago and he agrees with me that the set value the practice of law together many years ago the Albany will be of the greatest value and he agrees with me that the service of Nebraska, and while active in politics has in breaking up the illicit traffic between Cebu, Panay and Negros and in breaking up the gangs of insurgent marauders which are infesting the coast. My intention is to Senator Thurston today had a long inter- send the Albany out tomorrow for a cruise

GRASS FOR THE UTAH SHEEP

Restricted Use of the Utah Reserva tion Will Be Permitted by the Interior Department.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The Interior dethorizing the admission of cattle into cer-"The commissioner has made an absolute tain portions of the Uintah reservation lands in Utah for grazing purposes. They recently had been prohibited altogether, as the privilege was wanted for about 2,000,000 would be injurious to the lands. On further advices, however, it has been decided that certain portions of the reservation can be opened without injury if the owners will agree to keep their sheep out of the prohibited portions, the penalty of which will be absolute exclusion from all grazing interests. Not to exceed 200,000 sheep will be admitted. Their admission is to be limited to sixty days of the year. To insure fairness to the smaller owners as well as make a pro rata arrangement among themselves as to the 200,000 or less admitted.

War Ship Models Go to Paris. WASHINGTON, July 20.-Commissione General Peck of the Paris exposition had a consultation with the president today, in the course of which he explained his plans for the government exhibition at the great fair, and they received the president's ment regulations, then I suppose the work hearty approval. The representatives of the ommissioners are to select the exhibits from the various departments of the government and the heads of the departments are to be instructed to furnish whatever may be selected. It will be the purpose of the comnission to make an especially fine showing in the exhibits of the Navy, War and Agricultural departments. Models of all our world-famous war ships will form a large part of the navy exhibit.

> Aptiquated Ordnance a Burden. WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The Bureau of Ordnance has taken steps to relieve the coast forts of the country from the large accumulation of obselete ordnance that has been piling up ever since the change in ordnance construction from cast iron steel guns. It is worth less as junk than the cost of removing it and breaking it up. The secretary has been asking authority to collect it and sell it and if no bids are received the guns and carriages will have to be destroyed at government expense. There are also large quantities of obselete ordnance stores, which it is hoped to dispose of at the same time.

More Overconts Than Needed.

WASHINGTON, July 20.-Investigation of the complaint that the Oregon troops were not properly clothed brings out the fact that the quartermaster of that regiment turned into the quartermaster at San Francisco a considerable amount of clothing, including more than 700 great coats, a number of blankets and heavy underclothing. This clothing, when received by the United States, s not charged to the regiment and is accepted if it has not been used.

Horses for the Philippines. WASHINGTON, July 20 .- In response to he recently cabled request of General Otis during the fall campaign, the quartermaster's ple should secure this equipment." department has chartered three vessels,

capable of carrying half that number, the first of which will probably leave Seattle on August 10. The vessels are the Garonne, the Port Albert and the Victoria. The Garonne night will also be able to take about 150 first class

WASHINGTON, July 20.-Secretary Alger oday approved plans for a building for the refrigerator plant at Manila. The building ings. will cost \$230,000 and the plant \$400,000.

Recruits Come in Rapidly. WASHINGTON, July 20.-The number of G. Wilson, at Delta, Keokuk county, and enlistments yesterday was 451, making a anniversary of the country's independence. Thomas W. Nilson, at Norwood, Lucas total of 3,129. The Thirty-first regiment The public offices are closed and all buelstill leads with 690 men.

Methodist Organization Begins Sessions of International Convention.

which a treaty can OPENING ADDRESS BY BISHOP FITZGERALD

Representative of Southern Wing of the Church Brings Patriotic Greeting-Educational and Religious Subjects Discussed.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 20 .- The opening tion which has begun in France against the the Epworth league, conducted simulsession of the international convention of taneously today in Tomlinson hall and the Epworth tent, was attended by 10,000 peo-ple. Only 4,000 delegates had arrived, but pected opposition in France appears to have the attendance to overflowing. Five hunnduced the government to use much circum- dred colored delegates from the southern spection in closing the treaty. This, in states arrived just before the convention turn, is finding expression in the negotiations opened and mingled with their brother here and there is an unwillingness to grant leaguers, exemplifying the obliteration of the line of division.

An unexpected phase of the negotiations The entire session was devoted to speeches. has developed of late. This is that the Bishop O. P. Fitzgerald of Nashville, Tenn., American export of mineral oils, which is representing the Methodist Episcopal Church very heavy to France, at present secures the South, delivered an address in Tomlinson minimum rate, in anticipation of the closing hall which kept the audience in continued

one destiny. The heroes of these wars are common property. Dewey, Roosevelt and Funston belong to us as truly as Joe flag wherever it goes, whether to protect our brunette orphan asylums in the tropics, or to secure to our miners the privilege WASHINGTON, July 20 .- Captain Parker, of digging gold and freezing to death at or

Mob Law is Condemned.

"Our best people are a unit against mob law. Bestiality, mean whisky and small that the army gunboat Albany had been white and black population in the south done with some difficulty, owing to the lack put a stop to the whole abominable busia disgrace to American manhood. In the name of humanity, civilization and religion, away with it. The race question requires courage, time and patience under God for ts solution.

"A growing nation, like a growing boy has growing pains. That is what is the matter with us now. The growing boy's appetite is miraculous, his power of assimilation is limited, so it is with a young nation like ours. The national appetite would scarcely be satisfied with the whole world. Cuba, the Philippines and Hawail would hardly make a breakfast for us. But, as already suggested, unripe fruit will gripe even a growing boy. Annexation and assimilation ought to be inseparable correlatives. The fruit will ripen and then fall where God wills-one thing being sure, namely, no Spanish or other foreign power shall ever again dominate the lands over which now floats our star-spangled banner. partment telegraphed instructions today au- The young life of the church feels this vast assembly there is not one groaning or growling pessimist. In the truest and deepest sense of the word, there is only one church of Christ. There is one fold and one shepherd. Practical unity is making rapid progress in this, our age. Visible unity will come in God's good time and in His good way. The perfected, unified church will be the triumphant church; it will carry not only Indiana, but all America

and all the world." Night Session in Three Places.

The night session was held in three places, the tent. Tomlinson hall and an opera house, the larger, the stockmen are required to to standing room. The fore part of the three the leadership of E. O. Excell, of Chicago; W. A. Hemphill, Texas, and J. M. Black, Williamsport, Pa. Henry W. 'togers, Evanston, Ill., pre-

sided in the tent. Rev. A. Carman, Toronto, in Tomlinson hall and Rev. H. A. Gobin, Castle Green, Ind., in the opera house. The following four topics were discussed: The High School and College:" "Self-Cul-

and Reading;" "The Bible and Intellectual The speakers of the evening were: In the tent-Rev. G. C. Workman, Toronto; Rev. S. H. Werlin, Kansas City; Rev. Frank Hamilton, Boston; Rev. W. F. McDowell, New York. Opera house-Rev. W. F. Lloyd, Fort Worth, Tex.: Rev. E. L. Thorpe, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Rev. Samuel Plantz, Appleton, Wis.; Rev. D. A. Haynes, Evanston, Ill. Tomlinson hall-Rev. J. M. Bashford, Delaware, O.: Rev. James Elliott, Kingston, Ont.; Rev. H. D. Knickerbocker, Los Angeles,

Rev. Werlin, Kansas City, spoke on "Self-Culture." He said in part: Culture the Result of Labor. "A human being comes into the world

Cal.; Rev. J. W. E. Plowman, Atlanta, Ga

and finds here what his ancestors left behind them, all of which he may assimilate and to which he may add "The illiteracy of many of our young peo ple is not the lack of opportunity, but is

Culture is not an inheritance or an accident, It is the result of labor. The world deshall fail to bring flowers of thought from the garden of his mind who will work to that end."

Lloyd, Fort Worth, Tex. He said, in part "To my mind there are three great reasons why higher education should be eagerly sought by our young people: First, a colfor its own sake; second, a college educa- for Mataafa tion must be secured by our young people for necessity's sake; third, an educationcollegiate education-for Christ's sake, is the for 4.000 horses for use in the Philippines final reason that I give why our young peo-Department conferences will occupy the

day tomorrow and the meeting places will include several of the city churches. The following message was received to "WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20 .- Chair

man Epworth Convention, Indianapolis, Ind. Please accept for the convention my cordial best wishes and heartiest good will "WILLIAM M'KINLEY." The message was read at the three meet-

Notable Analyersary in Colombia COLON, Colombia, July 20.—All Colom-bia is today celebrating the eighty-ninth ness is suspended in honor of the occasion. quake shock here at 5 o'clock this morning.

GOSSIP ABOUT COWIN TRADE TREATY WITH FRANCE LEAGUERS' BANNER FLYING DEWEY ARRIVES AT TRIESTE DEMOCRATS FEAST ON WORDS

Admiral Appears in Good Health, Having Gained Ten Pounds on the Voyage.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) TRIESTE, July 20 .- (New York World Cablegram — Special Telegram — Admiral Dewey on the Olympia arrived here at 8:30 a. m. Heisting his flag, the admiral saluted the Austrian flag. The forts, the Austrian war ships and a Greek man-of-war returned the salute. Then United States Minister to Austria Addison C. Harris, the members of the legation, United States consuls and the port authorities visited the admiral. Afterward he received the foreign consuls and as pointedly cordial to Mr. Churchill, the British consul,

The admiral said he was charmed with the voyage. He is today in fine spirits and robust health; in better health than the great majority of the Olympia's officers and men. For lately there has been more sick-Indianapolis people turned out and swelled ness on the flagship than at any time during its vigil at Manila. After leaving Colombo fever of the type peculiar to the Philip-pines developed among the officers and crew. Every officer in the wardroom has suffered from it. One hundred juckies have had the fever; thirty are now more or less ill, but none seriously. There has been no death and all are rapidly convalescing. It is likely that all will get well in a week in this beautiful atmosphere

out seeming to catch it, only to have it appear when he got into another climate. Admiral Dewey is the only officer who entirely escaped the fever. He has gained are one people with one country, one flag ten pounds since he left Manila and his appetite is returning. Minister Harris invited the admiral to go

to Carlabad. Mr. Harris rather expected other purpose Dewey had in going so far out of his route. "I expect to remain here for two weeks

"I know Trieste well. This air is today. go to Genoa from here." The admiral returned the visits of the

perfect day, even at Trieste, for such cere-monious purposex. Tomorrow Dewey will repay Minister Harris' official call. He and his officers have accepted invitations to the banquet offered them tomorrow evening. That the admiral's appetite is heartier is proven by almost the first question he asked on his arrival. Quarantine against the plague prevented communication with the shore at Port Sald. Arriving here officers and men had been ten days without

fresh food supplies. "What can be had to eat on shore? asked Dewey.

Arbitration Scheme with Minor Exceptions is Adopted by the Third Committee.

THE HAGUE, July 29.—The third committee has adopted the thirty-four articles of the arbitration scheme, with the exception of the five clauses relating 15 international courts of inquiry, acting 15 which awaits the result of instructions from the Roumanian and Servian governments to their delember of the said:

"The last time I had the pleasure of addressing a Chicago audience was the night before the election in 1896 and they were just as well and roared just as loudly as you do. But what did you do next day? You surrendered to the dictates of the men who had you employed, if any of you are harmly and obscure enough to be employed.

gates. An effort was made to obtain the substi- You went to the polls and voted for your tution in Article xxvii of the words "deem slavery." it useful" for the phrase "consider it their duty," but Mr. Hills, secretary of the American delegation, and Dr. Zorn, one of the brought forward by Mr. Darrow and his ad-German delegates, vigorously defended the dress was greeted with cheers. He said: original reading, which was adopted unant- "Connecticut democracy sends greeting to mously.

tee of the international peace conference New Haven salutes the democracy of Chi met today. M. Van Karnebeck, represent- cago and Chicago should feel proud of the ing Holland, submitted amendments to the distinction of the new declaration of in report, omitting the prohibition clause from dependence adopted in the platform of the the first four points of Count Muravieff's national democratic party is circular, but expressing the desire that the George Frederick remaining three points be made the subject at considerable length, denouncing of a formal convention. A long discussion trusts and the policy The evening trains augmented the number followed, after which the committee unan-ministration in the Philippines. and the three meeting places were crowded imously supported the prohibition of firing remarks concerning what he called the explosives from balloons. The delegates meetings was devoted to song service under representing the United States and Great cheers. He concluded with an earnest ap-Britain voted together against the prohibi- peal to the democrats of Illinois to make tion of the use of asphyxiating gases and up their differences and support the Chicago explosive bullets. Because unanimity was platform. impossible, Captain Mahan of the American delegation declared that he could not mod- Williams there were loud calls for Altgeld, ify his views and that he would maintain his so long continued that the ex-governor, who

previous attitude. The American delegates explained that pelled to come to the front and make they voted with the British delegation on short address. ture, Its Value and Possibilities;" "Books the subject of explosive bullets because they did not wish to modify their objection to rise and sing "America." to any kind of restriction upon the pro-suddenly punctuated with a cheer as Mr duction of war material. Captain Mahan Bryan walked upon the stage. He was given and Sir Julian Pauncefote finally moved a welcome, the echo of which endured for the suppression of the clauses pro- several minutes. When quiet was restored posing a formal convention upon the other Chairman Darrow introduced Congressman three points of the Muravieff circular. This Lentz of Ohio, who was followed by ex-Govwas agreed to and the amended report will ernor William J. Stone of Missouri. The be submitted to the full conference tomor- latter spoke briefly because of illness. He row, when it will be decided whether the confined himself mostly to predictions of a conclusion of a convention upon the three democratic triumph in 1900 and urging demdisputed points is possible. A fresh con- ocrats to unite and make a strong effort for vention for adapting to naval warfare the success. He was followed by General Fin Geneva convention of 1864 will also be sub- ley of Ohio and following General Finley Mr mitted to the conference tomorrow.

RESULT PLEASES GERMANS spoke as follows: Take Outcome in Samos as a Diplo matic Victory-Demands

of Matanfa.

BERLIN, July 20 .- The Cologne Gazette's Apia correspondent cables that Germans the consequence of disinclination to inform there are highly pleased over the successes themselves and exert their mental powers, achieved by Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German member of the Samoan commission. against the opposition of the commissioner lights to honor self-cultured men. No one of Great Britain, Mr. Elliott. The German commissioner, the dispatch adds, acceded to the demand of the United States commissioner, Mr. Bartlett Tripp, for the con-"The High School and the College" was firmation of Chief Justice Chambers' dethe title of the address by Rev. W. F. cision merely as a matter of form and in order to preserve the valuable American friendship. Germany's influence with the natives, according to the Cologne Gazette's dispatch, is stronger than ever. It is added lege education should be secured first of all | that the Samoans demand special privileges

> leving Gets a Degree. GLASGOW, July 20,-Glasgow university today conferred the honorary degree of doctor of laws upon Sir Henry Irving, who, on the occasion was given an ovation by a large and fashionable audience. Upon the conferring of the degree the students sang 'He's a Joffy Good Fellow."

PARIS, July 20.—The court of cassation has suspended M. Grosjean, the Versailles and not only be given independence, but projudge, for two months for cummunicating to tected from outside interference while they the newspapers a document concerning the work out their destiny." Drevfus case.

ST SEBASTIAN, July 20.-The royal fam-

ily of Spain have arrived here. They were

warmly greeted by the people.

Earthquake Shock at Rome. ROME, July 20 .- There was a slight earth-

Find Fault with Gold Standard and War in the Philippines.

BRYAN REGRETS RUPTURE IN ILLINOIS Nebraska Leader is Seriously Embar-

rassed in His Endeavor to Please Both the Harrison and Altgeld Adherents,

the aweltering heat to attend the political meeting given under the auspices of the Chicago platform democrats. It was from first to last a silver meeting, an Altgeld meeting, an anti-trust and anti-expansion meeting. against the war in the Philippine islands. The speech of Mr. Bryan evoked great when he declared that the American government should pursue in Luzon the same policy as was pursued in Cuba. The Philippines,

he said, came into our hands by accident of There is nothing surprising that the fever should have developed thus. A man can remain a long time in the Philippines withpolicy of the United States, he claimed, should have been to create a republic of the Philippines, and say to the world: "Hands off and leave that republic alone." audience was in sympathy with his suggestions regarding the Philippines and punctuated his speech with cheers.

The meeting was largely made up of lo Wheeler, Hobson and Schley belong to you the admiral would go to some inland health cal adherents of the Chicago platform and ware one nation. We will all follow the resort. He could not understand what personal followers of ex-Governor Altgeld. The meeting therefore partook somewhat of the nature of a personal tribute to him. Many of the speakers alluded to him in a and I will stay on board," the admiral said laudatory term and at every mention of his name the audience shouted approval. Mr. already doing me a world of good and it will Altgeld did not occupy a seat on the platsoon restore the officers and mer. We will form, but throughout the meeting remained in the rear part in an upper box and only made his appearance at the front of the box Austrian officials this afternoon. It is a when the demand of the audience to hear from him became too loud for Chairman Clarence S. Darrow to subdue.

About one-half of the members of the na ional committee occupied seats on the platform, the balance of them failing to put in an appearance.

Chairman Darrow made a short address defining the objects of the meeting and urging his hearers to stand firmly by the principles enunciated in the Chicago platform of 1896. He introduced as the first speaker James P. Tarvin of Kentucky. The mention of the name of Altgeld by Mr. Tarvin produced a great demonstration, men standing upon their chairs and cheering wildly. THIRTY-FOUR ARTICLES PASS The next speaker, who was neatly introduced, was James F. Brown of New York. Reproach from Tillman.

Senator Tillman of South Carolina came next and was greeted with great applause.

He said: humble and obscure enough to be employed.

Alexander Troup, the national committee man from Connecticut, was humorously the democracy of Illinois and the democrac THE HAGUE, July 20 .- The first commit- of the United States. The democracy o Williams spake

"war of aggression" were greeted with

At the conclusion of the address of Mr was sitting in the rear of a box, was com-

Chairman Darrow called upon the people Darrow briefly introduced Mr. Bryan, who was given an enthusiastic welcome. He

Split Embarrasses Bryan

"In speaking in Chicago I am embarrasse by the fact that the advocates of the Chicago platform are divided into two camps. to so impress upon all democrats the imciples that all local differences will be lost sight of in the determination to restore

Mr. Bryan dwelt on the following points: Klondike and the importation of gold from and improved times it is evident that more money makes better times and times could be still further improved and the improvement made permanent by the restoration of bimetallism, which would make silver, as well as gold, available for coinage.

"The republican party is powerless to extinguish the trusts so long as the trusts furnish the money to continue the republican party in power. "The Filipinos, having fallen into ou hands by accident of war, should be dealt

with according to American principles, Clash of Rival Factions. CHICAGO, July 20.-No friction developed

at the meeting of the democratic national

ommittee today and the men who made such selligerent assertions last uight failed to make them good today. Not a single warlike note was sounded and no defiance was ut-

(Continued On Second Page.)

Forecast for Nebraska-Threatening; Southerly Winds

Temperature at Omaha yesterday: Hour, Deg Hour, Deg. 5 n. m. . . . 68 1 p. m. . . . 84 6 n. m. . . . 67 2 p. m 85 7 n. m 70 3 p. m S7 S a. m..... 72 5 p. m..... 6 p. m..... 9 n. m. 77 10 n. m..... 78 11 n. m..... 80 7 p. m. 8

12 m 82

LARGE FORCE IS PUT TO ROUT

8 p. m..... 85 9 p. m..... 85

CHICAGO, July 20 .- Four thousand people Small Band of Americans Kill Hunrowded into the Auditorium tonight despite dred and Fifteen, Suffering the Loss of One Man.

MANILA, July 21.-11:15 a. m.-News has been received from General Smith, Iloilo, of a severe fight on Wednesday at Bobong, Aft the speakers save ex-Governor Stone of between Captain Byrne of the Sixteenth in-Missouri, who was ill, and talked less than fantry with seventy men, and a force of two minutes, declared in favor of 16 to 1 and | 450 Babaylones, who surprised the American troops. One hundred and fifteen of the enemy were killed, as shown by actual enthusiasm among his hearers, especially count; many were wounded and one was taken prisoner.

The American loss was one man killed and one wounded.

The fighting was mostly at close quarters, with bayonets and clubbed guns. A considerable stock of supplies and rams has been captured by Captain Byne, who is in expressed intention to appear before the command of the battalion operating at La Carlota, in the district of Negros.

BEATS THE RECORD FOR RAIN

More Than Twice Average Precipitation at Manila-Storms Delny Transports.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The following dispatch has been received at the War department: MANILA, July 20.-Adjutant General, Washington: Storms still prevailing; bar-

ometer rising, indicating improving weather conditions. Average rainfall July several years, fourteen and one-half inches; twenty days now closed, fully forty-one inches; country flooded. Troops on outposts have suffered and former lines of communication cut in some instances; not serious. No material increase in sickness reported. Telegraphic communication maintained San Fernando, Bacor and nearly all other points. Fernando, Bacor and nearly an output.
Unable yet to coal returning transports.
OTIS.

TELEGRAM FROM THE PRESIDENT. ated no surprise in the committee room of

Philippine Soldiers Thanked for Patriotism by Remaining in Service. WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The War departnent today made public a telegram from the president to General Otis thanking the men in the Philippines for their patriotism in remaining in service after the ratification of the treaty of peace. The message, which was forwarded through the War department, is dated July 1 and is as follows:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 1.—Otis, Manila: The president desires to express in the most public manner his appreciation of the lofty patriotism shown by the volunteers and regulars of the Eighth army corps in performing willing service through severe campaigns and battles through severe campaigns and battles against the insurgents in Luzon, when under the terms of their enlistment they would have been entitled to their discharge upon the ratification of the treaty of peace with

This action on their part was noble and heroic. It will stand forth as an example of the self-sacrifice and public consecration which have ever characterized the American

to congress that a special medal of honor be given to the officers and soldiers of the Eighth army corps who performed this great duty voluntarily and enthusiastically or their country. WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

MOLINEUX HELD FOR MURDER

Alleged Poisoner of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams is Indicted by the Grand Jury.

NEW YORK, July 20 .- The grand jury ound an indictment for murder in the firs legree against Robert B. Molineux this aftrnoon. The jury finished its consideration f the case in thirty minutes after a preliminary consideration and disposed of in a way that was unusual and peculiar Up to this morning there had been no case of Robert B. Molineaux considered. All witnesses were summoned in the name of John Doe, who was charged with having caused the death of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams. During the week these witnesses, both expert and otherwise, were minutely examined as to the case. They all gave t is their opinion that Roland B. Molineux as connected with the case and some believed that he was the guilty person.

Today the evidence was presented form illy against Roland B. Molineux and his indictment followed. It was said at the office of the district attorney today that conspiracy proceedings will be begun against Walter S. Swayne of New Haven Conn., who said a few days ago that he had sold a poisonous decoction to Harry Cornish in

SUES FOR BREACH OF PROMISE

Red Oak, In., Girl Asks for Ten Thousand Dollars for Her Lac-

BURLINGTON, Kan., July 20 .- (Special Telegram.)-Miss Frances Stone has brought sult in the district court against Warren McBride for \$10,000 damages for breach of It is not my business to establish a secret promise of marriage. Miss Stone alleges service to ascertain what democrats are that in August, 1896, in Red Oak, Ia., she most devoted to the principles set forth in and Mr. McBride agreed to get married the last party creed. All Chicago platform and that she at once began to get her weddemocrats look alike to me and instead of ding clothes ready. When the clothes were trying to drive acmy professed believer in ready, so she says, McBride wanted the marthat platform out of the party, my aim is riage postponed and it was postponed sev eral times. Finally, the petition says, Mcportance of the triumph of democratic prin- Bride said he would sell his lowa property and make a new home for his bride-to-be, and said his eldest daughter objected to the the government to the foundations laid by wedding. He came to Coffey county and sent for her. She came in May last and then he asked for another postponement and a quar-"If the increased production of gold in the rel followed. Miss Stone says at the time she promised to marry McBride she had an Europe have increased the volume of money opportunity to marry a man with a comfortable home in Iowa and she therefore the same publicity and currency. wants \$10,000 damages.

> Oklahoma Murderer Under Arrest. LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 20.—The police here have arrested a man who has gone under the name of Frank Jones, but who confesses that he is Clyde Mattox and is wanted at Newkirk, O. T., for murder. The wanted at Newkirk, O. T., for murder. The Holcotab knew nothing ab-sheriff at Newkirk telegraphed the chief of to the alleged frauds of wipolice here that a satchel had been sent ad- speaking. dressed to Frank Jones and that the sus pected Jones was Mattox. When Jones was arrested he admitted the fact. The chief here has telegraphed for particulars and structions. Maitox refused to talk about his made to say: crime.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, July 20. Liverpool-Arrived-Waesland, from Philadelphia; Teutonic, from New York

At Bremen-Arrived-Lahn, from New ork, via Cherbourg and Southampton. At Yokohama-Sailed-Victoria, for Ta-

New York, via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER HOLCOMB BACKS OUT

Late Popocratio Governor Decides He Does Not Want to Be Investigated.

ASSUMES ROLE OF READY LETTER WRITER

Addresses Several Sarcastic Communications to the Prout Committee.

DENIES THEIR AUTHORITY SOME MORE

Also Improves the Opportunity to Deny Sundry Other Things.

SAYS SOMEBODY HAS LIED ABOUT HIM

Investigation Keeps Mr. Poynter's Predecessor Quite Busy Giving the Lie to the Testimony Laid Be-

fore the Committee.

LINCOLN, July 20.-Special Telegram.)senate committee. He came in person to the lobby of the Lincoln hotel, handed a note to a messenger to deliver to the committee and hurriedly left the building.

The note read as follows: LINCOLN, July 19.-To Hon. F. N. Prout LixColla, July 19.—To Hon. F. N. Prout and Others, Lincoln Hotel: Gentlemen—Upon my return from Custer county this afternoon I find your very lawyer-like and argumentative, if not imperative, letter on my desk. From the tone of it the case is probably prejudged and anything I might say will not likely affect the conclusion reached by you. I not you avident desire. reached by you. I note your evident desire to have me appear as a witness and ac-knowlede your authority.

I reiterate what I have heretofore said regarding your authority and decline to ecognize you as having any legal standing whatever, nor do I recognize your action as being characterized by disinterested motives, or for any good purpose.

I shall offer at the first opportunity to sub-mit a statement regarding the matters referred to, which you can consider or not, as may suit your pleasure. Very respectfully yours. SILAS A. HOLCOMB. The receipt of such a communication cre-

among the outsiders who were made acquainted with its contents, as it was believed all the time that the "demand" made by Holcomb last Saturday to be allowed to testify was simply a "grandstand play," and his convenient absence from the city for several days only confirmed this belief. It is not probable that the committee will consent to receive a written communication from a man who declines to appear in person to be questioned. Up to the present

time no written statements on any of the evidence have been considered. Ex-Governor Holcomb had not appeared before the investigating committee when it adjourned this afternoon. Today he prepared the following communication, a copy of which was sent to each newspaper and

also to the chairman of the committee: LINCOLN, Neb., July 20, 1899. - Hon, F. Front and Others, Lincoln Hotel, Ciry-Gentlemen: I see that the pseudo investi-gating committee has subpoenaed Mrs. Gould, the wife of my landlord, during his absence, and had her testify regarding expenditures

ider the legislative an I do not know how far Mrs. Gould's knowl. edge extends regarding the matter. The methods of these gentlemen, however, are entirely consistent with their other actions and I can only express my utter contempt for the same. I have not since conversed with Mrs. Gould nor have I seen her testimony, except as reported in the press. What she did say, however, has been distorted, misquoted and changed out of all semblance of truth. Some person connected with the so-called investigation or the newspapers has willfully prevariented regarding the ter and has changed the truth so that it is worse than an outright falsehood Since the matter has been given to the blie in this garbled form, I will look up the necessary data and make a full stateent of the facts. There need be no misun

orstanding regarding the subject and I will place the facts beyond controversy. SILAS A. HOLCOMB.

Startling Disclosures. Additional testimony corroborating the tories of P. O. Hedlund and E. L. Simon regarding the recount fraud was taken by the committee. Martin H. Howe, who was secretary of the populist state central committee at the time of the recount, made some startling disclosures which involve members of the committee in the attempt to count in

the supreme court amendment. He testified that Attorney M. F. Harrington of O'Neill, when he was employed in the Simon-Edmisten libel suit, filed a claim for \$200 attorney's fees. This claim, he testified, was paid and of the amount \$80 was taken from the treasury of the populist committee. This action on the part of Edmisten caused a howl among the committee, but as

soon as they heard his explanation nothing more was said of the matter. Mr. Howe testified that Edmisten said that at a conference at the home of Governor Holcomb, at which Messrs. Dahlman, Maret, Kirkpatrick, Holcomb and himself were present, it was decided to support the attempted fraud and that by reason of this lecision he thought he should be allowed

to draw from the treasury for necessary excenses. The witness also corroborated the former estimony regarding the trap door arrangement in the room occupied by Edmisten.

More Holcomb Manuscript. Late this afternoon the following exclanation was addressed to the investigating ommittee by ex-Governor Holcomb:

LINCOLN, Neb., July 29, 1899 .- To Hon. F. N. Prout. Hon. J. H. Van Dusen and Hon. Jacob Rocke—Gentlemen: I submit this statement to you in writing as a matter of self-protection. I do not wish to have my statements garbled or misquoted, or to give opportunity for the same.

While I deny your authority to make the pretended investigation in which you are engaged and do not recognize you as having any such authority you have assumed to hear witnesses, receive testimony and give I insist upon my right to submit this state.

ment, which concerns only references that have been made to me or my official actions by those who have appeared before you. I notice by the press that one E. L. Sim-on, who has been before you, makes the statement that "So far as he knew, Governor

o the alleged frauds of which he had been Then, at the suggestion of Mr. Prout, be led to say that he did have a talk with me at my office regarding some ballots from Fremont, in Dodge county, in which I was

"I am sorry you told me

because I do not want to know anything Whether the statement was made by this man Simon voluntarily or at the suggestion of a member of this alleged committee, I At Queenstown—Arrived—Canada, from wish to brand it as entirely devoid of truth with no fact whatever upon which to base such a statement. There is not in it timent, word, letter or syllable that a particle of truth. It is a dispole

no fact whatever upon which to base It is a disbolical false hood made out of whole cloth At Hamburg-Arrived-Vogelgesang, from conversation, nor anything similar, with Mr