

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, SATURDAY

MORNING, JUNE 24, 1899—TWELVE PAGES.

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

INCREASE THE ARMY

Thirty Thousand Men to Be Recruited for Service in Philippines.

MAKE NO DIRECT CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS

New Regiments to Serve Two Years or Until Insurrection is Ended.

AGUINALDO AND HIS FORCES AGGRESSIVE

Missing Every Available Man in Front of MacArthur.

AMERICANS SLEEPING ON THEIR ARMS

Rather Enjoy the Prospect of a Brush When the Enemy Must Do the Wading Through the Swamps—Transport Aground.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—(Special Telegram.)—That a provisional army of 30,000 men, to be recruited from the states and territories and offered by members of the regular army, will be provided for as soon as the president returns to Washington, is confidently anticipated by the officials in the War department. It is not believed there will be any direct call for troops to put down the rebellion in the Philippines, but skeleton regiments will be organized admitting of easy transfer to their manly duties, and when service in the Philippines is confidently anticipated by the officials in the War department. It is not believed there will be any direct call for troops to put down the rebellion in the Philippines, but skeleton regiments will be organized admitting of easy transfer to their manly duties, and when service in the Philippines is confidently anticipated by the officials in the War department. It is not believed there will be any direct call for troops to put down the rebellion in the Philippines, but skeleton regiments will be organized admitting of easy transfer to their manly duties, and when service in the Philippines is confidently anticipated by the officials in the War department.

AGUINALDO IS AGGRESSIVE

MANILA, June 23.—(Special Telegram.)—The rebels do not seem to be satisfied with the attempt of the insurgents to retake San Fernando and he has taken command of General Luna's army and has massed the largest rebel force yet mobilized, bringing 2,000 men from the Antipolo region. He is expected to attack Manila last night. Men wounded two members of the Seventeenth regiment, General MacArthur's men are constantly on the alert to repel any attacks by the rebels, sleeping upon their arms. The general sincerely hopes that the Filipinos will give him another opportunity to fight them when they can do so without wading through swamps to reach them.

Railway trains between Manila and San Fernando have been stopped for several days, owing to the destruction of the railroads by the rebels. The Centennial, which has arrived here, had an exciting experience while rounding Point Engano, on the northern coast of Luzon, on Wednesday and remained fast for several hours, during which time it was surrounded by swarms of natives in canoes, who became menacing. Captain Eagle, who commanded the transport, was compelled to throw overboard 100 tons of supplies in order to lighten the ship sufficiently to get it afloat. Before this was effected the Filipinos had towed the cases ashore and were fighting over the spoils. The cruiser Baltimore recently grounded at the same point, but the natives feared to approach it.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The War department has received no official dispatches relative to the grounding of the transport Centennial on the north end of Luzon and the loss of 100 tons of supplies which were thrown overboard to lighten the ship.

ADMIRAL DEWEY AN EXPANSIONIST

Reported Interview with the Admiral Before He Departs for Manila.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 23.—George H. Holden, who has just returned to Minneapolis from the Philippines, tells of a talk with Admiral Dewey in Manila, during which the latter expressed expansionist convictions of the strongest type. Dewey requested Holden to give an opinion upon the future course of the government in the islands, and when his opinion was called for he said he thought the government could not afford to withdraw, that they were building for the future and not the present and that it was up to the world to remain, he heartily approved of the words: "Impress your view upon your friends and every American citizen," said Dewey.

Holden was asked by the admiral to visit a certain member of the foreign relations committee of the senate and urge him to facilitate the appointment of his successor. The fourth has been ordered to Manila and Colonel Compton will pass the age limit on January 1 next, hence his retirement.

Colonel Michael Money has been appointed to succeed Colonel Compton. Both Colonel Compton and Colonel Money have risen from the ranks to their present positions.

New York Offers Volunteers.

KANSAS CITY, June 23.—Governor Roosevelt authorized Local Manager Richards of the Postal Telegraph-Cable company to give to the press the substance of a telegram which he filed here with that company today.

ROW IN DEMOCRATIC RANKS

Delay in Report of Credentials Committee Stirrs Up a Lively Row.

ERUPTION IS TOO VIOLENT TO LAST

Man Who Raises All the Disturbance Four Oil on the Troubled Waters and the Delegates Take a Rest.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—For the third time in as many days the democratic state convention tonight held up its diseased members will enter upon the fourth day of its sessions tomorrow, without having accomplished anything more than temporary organization. The report of the committee on credentials was reached in the order of business tonight, but its consideration was prevented by the disturbing influence of persons who were admitted to the floor of the convention, though entitled to no seats. The Hardin place the responsibility for this on local sympathizers of the Stone-Goebel combination, but the latter candidates disclaim all knowledge of an attempt to pack the convention and declare the disturbance was due to loose methods of the arrangements committee. What influence the conference will have on the chances of the candidates can hardly be foretold, but Hardin is mostly likely to profit by it. It is thought the convention will get down to work in earnest tomorrow.

BREST, France, June 23.—The inhabitants of this port are absorbed in the pending arrival of Dreyfus. The question on every one's lips is, "When will he arrive?" but no one is able to reply. The news, however, seems perfectly calm. Along the favorite parade, the Cours Dajot, on the cliff overlooking the splendid harbor, in which half a dozen picturesque old three-deckers are lying moored alongside modern cruisers, a fine group of sailors and marines, gazing seaward.

When questioned they admitted that they were watching for the French cruiser Stax, bound from French Guiana with the famous prisoner on board, but in the same breath expressed the belief that it would not arrive in the daytime. They think the warship will be kept outside the harbor until night and that then Dreyfus will be landed inside the arsenal. This is the general opinion of the townspeople, who are eager to witness the landing.

The military and civil authorities profess to know nothing about the matter, not even if the Stax is coming to Brest.

A representative of the Associated Press called at the maritime prefecture this afternoon and had a conversation with the port admiral, Barrea, who was typical of French politeness, but who displayed most praiseworthy ignorance. He said:

"Up to now I have received absolutely no instructions. I am awaiting orders from the new minister of marine. I cannot even say Dreyfus will be landed here. In any case, he cannot arrive yet," and, taking a letter he traced the course of the Stax from the Cape Verde islands, which it left Tuesday, adding:

"You see it cannot have passed the Canary islands before yesterday. It will not arrive here at the earliest until Sunday."

The prefect of police also told the Associated press representative that he had not received any instructions regarding Dreyfus. The French first class cruiser Tago, now lying in the harbor, has been instructed in order to lighten the ship sufficiently to get it afloat. Before this was effected the Filipinos had towed the cases ashore and were fighting over the spoils.

RUSSIA SUBMITS PROPOSAL

Disarmament Not Intended, but a Cessation of Increase in Fighting Force.

THE HAGUE, June 23.—M. de Staal, president of the Peace conference, at a meeting of the committee today produced the Russian proposal looking to the arrest of armaments and read a declaration disclaiming all intention of proposing a reduction of the armaments at present. But, he added, he was of the opinion that if a standstill could be agreed upon, a reduction would soon come of itself. All the powers, he explained, had conferred with the czar relative to the immense evils of armed peace, and he, M. de Staal, now appealed to them to devote their energies toward the arrest of the continual increase in the cost of armaments, which he asserted, cost more than a tremendous war.

Colonel Glinksky of the Russian delegation moved that the powers should enter into an understanding for a term of, say five years, not to increase the effectiveness of the peace, feeling of their forces, with the exception of the colonial troops, and not to increase the amount of their military budgets, beyond their present figure.

The speeches and the resolutions were ordered to be printed and circulated, and the discussion was adjourned until Monday. A naval armistice resolution will be introduced later.

In spite of the refusal of Ahmed Reza Bey of the young Turks party to fight a duel with Rehid Bey, secretary of Turkhan Pasha, head of the Turkish delegation at the Peace conference, an Armenian, an Armenian, who was to have been one of the speakers at the meeting of the young Turks party, has written a letter to the Waterland denying remarks attributed to him, but nevertheless accepting the challenge which Reza Bey declined on the ground that the dueling was unlawful in Holland. The incident has aroused extraordinary interest among all classes.

TEMPORARY AGREEMENT REGARDING ALASKA NOW IN HANDS OF AMBASSADOR CHOATE.

LONDON, June 23.—The officials of the foreign office have sent the United States ambassador, Joseph H. Choate, a formal memorandum embodying the temporary agreement reached on the Alaskan boundary question.

SHAMROCK READY TO LAUNCH.

Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co., London. June 23.—New York News Cablegram.—Special Telegram.—The Shamrock is practically ready for launching. It was inspected Thursday by Lord Charles Berosford, naval expert of the British parliament. The party was surprised at the novel construction.

DISABLED SHIP REACHES PORT.

FALMOUTH, June 23.—The Atlantic Transport Line steamer Montana, from Baltimore June 4 for London, has arrived here in tow of the British steamer Elderslie, from New York June 7 for London.

NEW ENGLISH CONSUL IN SAMOA.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., June 23.—Major Nair, a judge from the New Zealand land court, has been appointed acting consul for Great Britain at Samoa.

CABLE SHIP REBOARDS SINGAPORE.

SINGAPORE, Straits Settlements, June 23.—The United States cable ship Hooker, from New York May 1 for Manila, arrived here yesterday.

REPUBLICANS COME TO OMAHA

State Convention Will Be Held Here on Thursday, September 21.

C. F. REAVIS FOR TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN

State Meeting is Well Attended and Proceeds with Confidence and Prevalent in Large Measure.

Omaha rounds out the list of political state conventions this year by securing that of the republicans, which will be held here on Thursday, September 21, at 2 o'clock p. m. The basis of representation will be one delegate for each 100 votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for Hon. M. L. Hayward for governor in 1888, and one delegate at large for each county. C. F. Reavis of Falls City will be the temporary chairman of the convention on recommendation of the state committee.

The committee met at the Millard hotel last evening, with a large attendance of the members and republicans from all portions of the state. Only seven seats were made for the temporary chairman of the convention and the remainder were represented by proxies. Those present were: R. B. Schneider of Fremont, chairman; P. O. Hedlund of Lincoln, secretary; and Luther Drake of Omaha, treasurer; C. F. Reavis, Falls City; T. J. Pickett, Wahon; R. S. Berlin, Dr. W. H. Hanchey, Victor Rosewater, proxy; Omaha; J. C. Elliott, West Point; H. H. Hart, Fremont; George Coupland, Elgin; J. C. Cleland, Fremont; Thomas Chivers, Pierce; M. D. Cameron, Schuyler; J. A. Armour, Broken Bow; J. T. Mallicaie, Kearney; B. D. Hayward, St. Paul; W. Watson, Central City; William Husenetter, Lincoln; R. J. Greene, and Dr. J. L. Green, by A. J. Cornish, proxy; Lincoln; R. W. Laffin, Wynona; J. D. Pope, Friend; F. M. Wetherald, Hebron; Clark Robinson, by F. Sloan, proxy; Fairmount; M. F. Stanley, Aurora; C. E. Moffer, Bloomington; C. W. McGrew, Hastings; F. A. Dean, Holdrege; H. C. Becker, Gothenburg.

Chairman Schneider called the committee to order and suggested it might be a good plan to talk over some of the features of the new election law. The republicans of Lancaster county, having already had experience with that law, their county convention having been held, Judge Cornish of that city was called upon to mention some of the important points in the statute which the voters should understand.

Explains New Law.

Mr. Cornish said the parties most interested in the new law were prospective candidates. They were required, ten days after a convention to file a statement of their convention expenses, and ten days after election had to file another affidavit giving a schedule of their campaign expenses. Candidates, he said, were limited to an expense of \$100 for 5,000 votes and \$150 for each 100 votes over 5,000. The violation of the statute providing for the act by candidates would disqualify them from taking the office if elected. Giving cigars, liquors or entertainments of any character, according to Mr. Cornish's interpretation, disqualified a candidate for holding an office. Defeated candidates were also required to make similar affidavits.

In answer to a question Mr. Cornish said the provisions as to time and manner of holding primaries and conventions were not changed in the new law.

A motion then prevailed that the state committee prepare a circular containing the important features of the law which the public should understand, and distribute throughout the state by means of the county committees.

The question of a state convention being next on the call, a motion was made that the convention be held on Thursday, September 21, at 2 o'clock p. m., with the basis of representation at one delegate-at-large from each county and one for each 125 votes or major fraction thereof cast for Hon. M. L. Hayward for governor in 1888; that no proxies be allowed, and that the delegates present cast the full vote of the county, and that the new county committees be selected at the first convention held where there were to be two.

An amendment to change the basis to 100 votes instead of 125 was accepted without debate.

An amendment to the original motion was made to include Lincoln as the place for the convention and another by Victor Rosewater to make Omaha the place.

It was decided to divide the motion, the time and place recommendations to be voted on first and the place second.

The first section was adopted unanimously, but for the second a roll call was ordered, resulting in fifteen for Omaha and eleven for Lincoln.

Those voting for Omaha were: Reavis, Pickett, Berlin, Rosewater, Elliott, Hart, Coupland, Chivers, Cameron, Hayward, Watson, Laffin, Stanley, M. F. Becker.

Those voting for Lincoln were: Cleland, Armour, Mallicaie, Husenetter, R. J. McGrew, Cornish, Pope, Wetherald, Sloan, McGee, Dean.

The question being raised as to the convenience for some counties to select their new county committee at the first convention held, Chairman Schneider said it was only a recommendation on the part of the state committee. The committee, he said, frequently found itself handicapped at the beginning of the campaign by having some counties unorganized, and old committees, on the eve of retiring from office, showing a lack of interest in the campaign. To avoid that, as far as possible this year, the committee decided to recommend that counties select their committees at the first convention, that organization might be perfected as soon as possible.

The name of C. F. Reavis of Falls City was presented as the committee's recommendation for temporary chairman of the convention. An over-enthusiastic Lincoln delegate nominated John L. Webster, who sat back with approval until a roll call was ordered, when he suddenly realized that the man from Lancaster was the sole Webster in the committee, and hastily withdrew his name. Reavis was chosen by acclamation.

The auditing committee reported that it had examined the accounts and expenditures of the state committee, finding the books to be all right with an overdraft of \$45.19.

The committee desired at this time to discuss some measures for the coming campaign, and that this might be done with more safety, it went into executive session.

While the discussion in the executive session was not made public, it was announced after the meeting adjourned that among other things a committee consisting of J. P. Mallicaie of Kearney, chairman; C. F. Reavis, Falls City; M. F. Stanley, Aurora; W. R. Watson, Central City; C. F. A. Armour, Broken Bow, had been appointed to collect data showing the practice in other states and to report to the next republican state convention on the advisability of reorganizing the committee with a view to its greater permanency.

Appointment of Delegates.

Under the provisions of the basis of representation adopted by the committee there

(Continued on Third Page.)

ELKS ON PLEASURE BENT

Business All Completed and Members Take in the Town—All Places Open to Them.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—The grand lodge, having elected officers and transacted other business that came before it, the members and other visiting Elks have nothing to do during the remainder of their stay here but enjoy themselves. They are doing with but little haste, and are here for a long stay. The official badge of the order admits the bearer to every place of entertainment in the city, with few exceptions. In the morning the numerous summer gardens with which St. Louis abounds are crowded.

Special entertainment for the visitors had been provided by the local committee at Meramec Highlands, sixteen miles from the city, and there a majority of the Elks spent the night with their ladies.

The fine weather that marked the opening days of the reunion continues. Although the heat is and has been oppressive, there have been no prostrations.

Tonight the award of prizes for the drills and hand contests and the special prizes for participants in Wednesday's parade were made at Lempi's park. The winners follow:

Mileage prizes, for the largest number of members coming longest distance. First prize, \$1,000; awarded to Cincinnati lodge No. 5, members, 183; miles, 842; total, 55,746. Second prize, \$1,000; awarded to Hartford lodge No. 19, members, 36; miles, 108; total, 48,328. Third prize, \$500; awarded to Grand Forks lodge No. 256, members, 39; miles, 1,034; total, 40,326. Fourth prize, \$250; awarded to Denver lodge No. 282, members, 20; miles, 1,000; total, 20,000. Fifth prize, \$150; awarded to Toledo lodge No. 53, members, 85; miles, 434; total, 37,324. Sixth prize, \$100; awarded to Louisville lodge No. 8, members, 35; miles, 621; total, 21,735.

Grand parade prizes, awarded for general appearance in parade. First prize, \$500; awarded to Duvernon lodge No. 288, members, 102; miles, 1,000; total, \$1,000. Second prize, \$250; awarded to Toledo lodge No. 53, members, 85; miles, 434; total, \$250. Third prize, \$100; awarded to Grand Forks lodge No. 256, members, 39; miles, 1,034; total, \$100. Fourth prize, \$50; awarded to St. Louis lodge No. 23, members, 18; miles, 100; total, \$50. Fifth prize, \$25; awarded to Toledo lodge No. 53, members, 85; miles, 434; total, \$25. Sixth prize, \$10; awarded to Louisville lodge No. 8, members, 35; miles, 621; total, \$10.

Most unique display in parade: First prize, \$500; awarded to Duvernon lodge No. 288, members, 102; miles, 1,000; total, \$500. Second prize, \$250; awarded to Toledo lodge No. 53, members, 85; miles, 434; total, \$250. Third prize, \$100; awarded to Grand Forks lodge No. 256, members, 39; miles, 1,034; total, \$100. Fourth prize, \$50; awarded to St. Louis lodge No. 23, members, 18; miles, 100; total, \$50. Fifth prize, \$25; awarded to Toledo lodge No. 53, members, 85; miles, 434; total, \$25. Sixth prize, \$10; awarded to Louisville lodge No. 8, members, 35; miles, 621; total, \$10.

When the noise and confusion had lasted about fifteen minutes, Charles Bronston, a fierce Hardinite, elbowed his way through the excited delegates and mounted the stage. He had great difficulty in making himself heard and, when he did his words already bittered by the flames of controversy, he exclaimed at the top of his voice, "Is in the hands of cutthroats and assassins."

The frenzied crowd was on his feet waving hats, banners and handkerchiefs and yelling like mad, "Get out of here!" and the Stone-Goebel people to cry them down. Every man was on his feet and the space immediately in front of the stage was jammed with an excited, gesticulating, noisy crowd. Bronston tried in vain to proceed. The battle of volleys raged for half a minute. Finally, Bronston, remembering that his voice was lost in the storm of yells, he continued to talk to those nearest to him but only a few of them could catch a word here and there.

Now, whether Bronston has miscalculated the extent of his words, or whether he had already been interrupted before he could qualify his remark is not clear. At any rate, when he made himself heard again, after five or ten minutes, he continued in a more conciliatory vein.

"But we must be patient," said he, "and we must not let our difference in this hall if this convention is again declared adjourned without regard to the rights of the delegates to elect another chairman and proceed with the business that brought us here."

This brought cheers from both sides and after several minutes of gradually subsiding excitement, the hall was cleared. This may have been the exhaust of a safety valve which prevented a bolt later in the proceedings. Certainly the feeling was intense and the passions ran high, and a recess was taken until 2 p. m. to await the report of the credentials committee, which it was announced had been in almost continuous session all night and still had enough contested seats to pass upon to keep it busy until the hour named. When the convention reassembled at the afternoon, a plea was made for more time, on behalf of the credentials committee. A Hardin man offered a resolution for the discharge of the committee and the disposal of the contents by the convention itself.

This was declared out of order, the delegates provoked the first demonstration of the gathering storm. Then came the motion to adjourn, and it broke with full force. After half an hour of the liveliest mass meeting ever in Kentucky democracy ever saw, the delegates left the hall with ominous words and looked with but little tranquillity for the evening session.

The delegates came back from dinner much refreshed and in a good condition for a renewal of the order of the afternoon. The Hardin people called attention to a number of persons in the hall who they charged were not entitled to seats. They made frantic appeals for the election of these people, saying uncompromising things of the Louisville police and urging that the convention be adjourned to Lexington. One or two speeches by delegates smoothed things somewhat, and at 9 o'clock the credentials committee was ready to report.

This announcement for which the convention had been waiting for three days did not meet the reception that might have been expected. The disorder continued to such an extent as to make it impossible to do any business. Then the officers of the convention and the representatives of the candidates began to consider seriously the question of an adjournment either until tomorrow or to Lexington at some future date.

MR. GAGE IS NOT WORRIED

Gold Exports Controlled Exclusively by the State of the Money Market.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Lazard Freres will ship \$2,000,000 gold to Europe on Saturday.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Secretary Gage attaches no importance to the engagement of the gold market of \$14,000,000 in gold for export in a month ago, and in consequence the equilibrium somewhat and has necessitated some considerable shipments to restore the normal conditions of exchange.

Treasury officials are of the opinion that the balance of trade between this country and Europe has little or no influence upon gold shipments.

The records of the department covering the last twenty years and more show that the balance of trade has no appreciable effect either upon the imports or exports of gold, and it has come to be a settled conviction that large gold movements are controlled almost entirely by the money markets at home and abroad. Other influences may control the movement, but the shipments at this time are not regarded as indicating any unfavorable conditions in this country.

THREE KILLED BY EXPLOSION

Drill Strikes an Old Blast Which Had Not Been Fired the Night Before.

ROSSLAND, B. C., June 23.—About 1 o'clock this morning a terrible explosion took place in the "New England" mine, which has been at work for some time. The explosion killed three men and is probably fatal to several others. Five men were working in the 625-foot level with machine drills, when one of the drills struck a mine of dynamite which had failed to go off last night. A frightful explosion took place and Charles Post and Charles Lee were instantly killed and Mike Griffin, a married man, was so badly injured that he died on the way to the hospital. Men from all parts of the mine rushed to the assistance of their comrades and they were carried out of the mine and removed to the hospital.

Dan Gran is injured beyond recovery. Charles Couson received severe injuries to his right arm. The flesh being torn off, but the surgeons have hopes of his recovery.

Convention of Commercial Travelers.

COLUMBUS, O., June 23.—The supreme annual convention of the Commercial Travelers began its eleventh annual session here today. Supreme Commissioner Charles W. Rice of St. Paul presided. The various committees were organized for the work of the session. The sessions are secret. Tomorrow night a reception will be given to the delegates.

(Continued on Third Page.)

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Probable: Thunder Showers and Warm; Fresh Southerly Winds.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Hour.	Temp.	Hour.	Temp.
5 a. m.	45	1 p. m.	73
6 a. m.	44	2 p. m.	74
7 a. m.	45	3 p. m.	76
8 a. m.	47	4 p. m.	77
9 a. m.	49	5 p. m.	77
10 a. m.	50	6 p. m.	74
11 a. m.	52	7 p. m.	74
12 m.	54	8 p. m.	72

CLEVELAND, O., June 23.—The strike among the employees of the Big Consolidated street railway is in a fair way to be settled. On Thursday the officers of the Big Consolidated issued what they styled their ultimatum. It was to the effect that the company was willing to take back all but one of the striking employes, the one percent of the striking employes would be reinstated. In the matter of other grievances the company made no changes, but its concessions have recently been agreeable to the strikers.

The strikers Thursday refused to accept the proposition of the company, saying the union men would not submit to work with the nonunion men.

Today the peace committee of the city council issued a call for a meeting of the strikers, which was held at Arch hall, in which an effort was made to induce the men to agree to the last proposal of the company. The result was that a statement was framed by the strikers which they said was their ultimatum. The statement practically agreed to the proposition of the company. They agreed to allow the company to retain control of present employes and the employees to agree to the last proposal of the company. The result was that a statement was framed by the strikers which they said was their ultimatum. The statement practically agreed to the proposition of the company. They agreed to allow the company to retain control of present employes and the employees to agree to the last proposal of the company.

Investigating San Francisco Mint and Stone Contract for Postoffice.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—F. A. Vanderville, assistant secretary of the treasury, arrived here today. He comes on two missions, one to inspect the local mint and the other to form one of the board of examiners who will investigate the letting of the stone contract for the new postoffice in this city. Eastern and western contractors have made bids for the stonework and a great effort is being made to have the new postoffice building constructed of native stone. The eastern stone is said to contain iron and to be therefore unfit for such a building. It is to determine this and other questions that a board of examiners has been appointed.

Mr. Vanderville will inaugurate a new system at the mint, tending to decrease expenses and to decrease charges to patrons. It is said that prices in the local mint are in some cases as high as 15 per cent higher than in other mints in this country.

WRECK OF A GRAVEL TRAIN

Twenty-Four Cars Piled in Heap and Several Men Thought to Be Under Debris.

DENVER, June 23.—A special to the News from Julesburg, Colo., gives meager news of a wreck which occurred this evening eight miles west of Julesburg, on the Union Pacific, in which four men are believed to have been killed and two others seriously injured.

A gravel train of fifty cars was running east at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour when the eighth car from the engine broke in two and twenty-four cars were piled up in a heap. Two unknown men were seen on the train and a few more are thought to be under the mass of wreckage. Conductor Simpson was slightly hurt about the neck. The wreck was caused by a broken flange on a wheel.

COMBINE IN REDWOOD LUMBER

Chicago Capitalists Said to Be Back of the Deal—Prices to Be Advanced.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—The Evening Post says that Chicago capitalists are behind a proposition looking to the formation of a trust in redwood lumber on this coast. The trust would control the principal redwood lumber supply and the prices to be paid for redwood lumber. All the lumber companies have been asked to submit an appraisal of their holdings. Herebefore overproduction has kept prices down and the consequent demoralization of the market. It is to prevent this overproduction, more than anything else, that the combine will be formed.

TRAIN PLUNGES OVER BANK

Passenger and Several of Crew Injured by Serious Wreck on Iowa Road.

MUSCATINE, Ia., June 23.—The passenger train of the Muscatine and Montezuma division of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, ran here at night, was wrecked on a ten-foot embankment, two miles beyond the city limits tonight, by a broken engine truck, the engine rolling down the bank and both coaches leaving the rails.

Injured. Charles Heller, engineer, Muscatine, right arm broken. William E. Houx, fireman, Muscatine, ribs broken, serious. Rev. W. A. Schwinley, Ashkum, Ill., head bruised.

Missouri Miners in Idaho.

WALLACE, Idaho, June 23.—One hundred and thirty-one Missouri miners from Joplin have been at the mine here at night, where they were out of 150 who started had deserted. No demonstration occurred. Deputies went to the mines today to issue permits. The defense today struck the indictments against strikers on the ground that J. H. Forney had no right to be present while the witnesses were being examined by the grand jury and that the strikers were in an extreme predicament, drew the grand jurors, all of whom were prejudiced against the defendants. The objection to Forney was that he was not a resident of the county in which he received a reward other than that allowed by the statutes.

RAH FOR ROOSEVELT

All Kansas Turns Out to Welcome the Famous Rough Rider Colonel.

TRIUMPHAL TOUR THROUGH THE STATE

Cheering Through Greet the Governor at Every Railroad Station.

RECIPIENT TAKES IT GOOD-NATURALLY

Tells the Kansans What He Thinks of Their Hero, General Funston.

THIS ELICITS THE WILDEST APPLAUSE

Fathers of Boys Who Fought at San Juan Press Forward