

NEW COUNCIL OF INTEREST FROM IOWA COUNCIL BLUFFS.

MINOR MENTION.

Davis sells drugs. Moore's food kills worms and fatness. Budweiser beer, L. Rosenfeld, agent. Victor hot water heaters at Bixby's. Perry pictures, C. E. Alexander & Co. Mrs. N. O'Brien has returned from a visit to Avoca.

Heavy New leaves today for a week's visit in Denver, Colo.

C. B. Jacquemin & Co., jewelers and opticians, 27 South Main street.

Miss Maude Bryant has returned from her vacation trip to Kansas City.

Dr. V. L. Treynor left yesterday morning for a short visit to St. Louis.

Get your work done at the popular Eagle laundry, 724 Broadway, phone 127.

Mrs. H. M. Simpson and children have gone to Bayonne, N. J., to spend the summer.

Lily camp, No. 1, Royal Neighbors of America, will meet in regular session this evening.

Miss E. M. Foster will attend the commencement exercises at Drake university this week.

Up to last night the police had been unable to get any trace of Fred Barnes, the missing park policeman.

Cecil, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Van Camp, 429 Lincoln avenue, died yesterday afternoon from tetanus.

Miss Frances Madson, niece of Mr. Gus Stephens of Omaha, is now in a fair way to recover from a very serious illness.

Evans E. Hodgson and Mrs. Maggie Riley, both of Omaha, were married in this city yesterday. Justice Ferrier officiating.

A motion for a new trial in the suit of J. L. Osborn against Oscar Younkerman was filed yesterday in the district court.

J. P. Judson and wife filed for record at the county court house yesterday a plat of Judson's third addition to the town of Neola.

Mrs. Maggie Reinhold, charged with malicious trespass by B. J. Lund, had a hearing before Justice Ferrier yesterday and was discharged.

Sergeant Gus Bergman of the night police force went to Hawthorne lake Sunday for a few days' fishing, but the storm yesterday drove him home again.

H. N. Mudge and E. W. Irish, advertising agents for the passenger department of the Illinois Central railway, with headquarters at Chicago, are in the city.

Mr. Harris was granted a building permit yesterday for the erection of a one-story frame cottage on his property on South First street, to cost \$1,200.

Mrs. T. R. Drake of North avenue and her daughters, Mirtle and Lizzie, leave this morning for a summer's visit with relatives in the northern part of the state.

Elliott Marshall, division freight agent of the Burlington railway, is in the city. Mr. J. Joseph, who in the city yesterday on business connected with his road.

Sheriff and Mrs. John Morgan returned yesterday from a two weeks' visit in Wisconsin. They were accompanied by Mrs. Morgan's sister, Mrs. Brindley of Walnut.

Three more cases of measles were reported to the Board of Health yesterday. They are Grace L. Williams, 1510 Eighth avenue, and Clara Willardson, 1510 Eighth avenue.

The meeting of the High School Athletic association called for yesterday for the election of officers will be held at 9 o'clock this morning at 9 o'clock at the High school building.

R. Emmet Giffen and Miss Helene Lau, both of Lincoln, Neb., were married in this city yesterday. Justice Ferrier performing the ceremony. The groom was a surgeon in the Third Nebraska volunteers.

The members of the senior class of the High school will be the guests at a reception at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Finley Burke on Oakland avenue.

The Council Bluffs Women's club has taken up the matter of Sunday closing of all stores in the city and has prepared petitions which are being circulated among the people of the different churches.

Mrs. Townsend, Miss Johnson of Lincoln, Neb., are visiting their brother, Alderman A. D. Johnson, and attended the commencement exercises at the Dohany theater last night, their niece being one of the graduates.

Attorney J. J. Shea filed the petitions in the district court yesterday in the ten injunction suits against saloon keepers. The injunction suits against saloon keepers were filed by suit against S. Madsen, whose saloon is at 1005 South Main street.

Miss Augusta Bowker, formerly teacher of short hand at the High school and now a member of the faculty of the Institute for the Feeble Minded at Glenwood, was in the city yesterday to attend the commencement exercises at the Dohany theater.

The meeting of the retail clerks of the city announced for this evening has been postponed until tomorrow night to enable Max Morris of Denver, Colo., the secretary and treasurer of the national association, to be present. A large delegation from Omaha will also be present.

Grace Stubbs, the young girl who has been held the city jail for the last week pending some disposition of her case, managed to make her escape yesterday. She was recaptured after a two hours' search in the yards of the Northwestern road, where she was hiding in a box car.

The adjourned regular meeting of the city council slated for last night was postponed until this evening on account of the High school commencement exercises. City Assessor Hardin turned over the assessment books yesterday and the aldermen met as a board of equalization.

The hearing on the application of Fred S. McLafferty for a writ of mandamus to compel the manager of the Peru Plow and Implement company to show him the books and accounts of the company was held yesterday before Judge Smith in the district court. The court took its decision under advisement.

In the suit brought in the district court by Dan Carrigg against the Hoffman club to enjoin it from doing business, Mrs. Sarah Key, the owner of the building, made a party defendant to the action, filed her separate answer yesterday. It is she who claims that Carrigg is interested in the morals, welfare or good order of the city and asserts that he is a notorious gambler and a violator of the law.

F. W. Beckman of the Nonpareil staff, who leaves this morning for Sioux City, where he will take a position on the representative staff of the Hoffman club, had a complimentary farewell banquet at the Grand hotel yesterday by a number of his newspaper friends and co-workers. Those present were: Victor E. Bennett, Howard Robert Henderson, H. P. Barrett, C. F. P. Froom, Mrs. A. S. Richardson and F. W. Beckman.

N. Y. Plumbing company, Tel. 250.

Davis sells the best soda water.

Marriage Licenses. Licenses to wed were issued yesterday to the following persons:

Name and Residence. Age. Mrs. Maggie Riley, Omaha, 29. Rev. A. B. Morris, Greencastle, Ia., 29. Laura M. Chambers, Pottawattamie, 21. R. Emmet Giffen, Lincoln, Neb., 23. Helene Lau, Lincoln, Neb., 26.

A small square piano for sale at \$25.00 at Bourgeois' Music house, 325 Broadway, where the organ stands upon the building.

Davis sells the best soda water.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES BOUGHT For Cash or Loaned On. E. H. SHEAFE & CO., 5 Pearl Street, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

THEIR SCHOOL DAYS ENDED

Graduating Exercises of Senior Class at Dohany Opera House.

FIFTY-TWO PRESENTED WITH DIPLOMAS

Dr. Hensen of Chicago Delivers an Eloquent Address on "Old and Young America" to the Young Men and Women.

The graduating exercises of the senior class of the High school at the Dohany theater last night attracted an audience that filled the house to the doors. The stage was banked with ferns and palms, and hanging from the center of the proscenium was the class motto: "The World is in our hands." The exercises were in derision of letters of blue and white, the colors adopted by the class of '99. The motto translated is "Wisdom lies only in Truth." The seats for the fifty-two graduates were arranged in tiers with a back seat of palms. In addition to speakers ground of palms. In addition to speakers ground of palms. In addition to speakers ground of palms.

The exercises opened with the playing of the "Garden of Corps" by the Apollo club, followed by the offering of the invocation by Rev. George Edward Walk, rector of St. Paul's church. Miss Grace L. Barr rendered in a most pleasing manner "When the Heart is Young," which was the principal feature of the exercises. The address was by Dr. P. S. Hensen of Chicago.

Dr. Hensen's Address. Dr. Hensen's subject was "Old and Young America," and the theme of his discourse was that the preservation of the American spirit is essential to the American republic. He said in part:

Westward through all the ages the course of empire has taken its way; through the gates of Eden, through the gates of Asia, through the pillars of Hercules, over the Atlantic, through Hell Gate, past the Alleghenies, past the Rocky mountains, to the Golden Gate, which is the Ultima Thule, beyond which there is no farther shore. Humanity scattered at the Tower of Babel is coming together again in this western world. Polyglot peoples of every hue and nationality, we are looking each other over and considering whether we shall eat live together or whether this new world shall be a paradise or a pandemonium. The future of humanity is to be fought out and the destiny of the world to be determined on this continent.

For one am not a pessimist. I believe in God, in the republic and in the future of humanity. And yet we cannot blink the fact that grave dangers confront us. Foreignism is one of them. After our recent experience especially, America stands forth foremost among the world powers; and it is said that Spain was only a weakling, it must be borne in mind that when America was a weakling, she met the mightiest power of the globe and wrung from her her independence.

But the foreignism which we have met to date is not the foreignism which threatens us with battleships hovering along our coasts, but the Trojan horse within the gates. Not that I am prejudiced against a man with a foreign name or a foreign ancestry. Many of the foremost figures in the revolution and the foremost figures in the Anglo-Saxon world sound strange to our Anglo-Saxon ears. No matter whence a man comes to these shores, so that when he comes he takes root. We want no German-American party, no Irish-American party, no French floating above our city hall in New York or anywhere else. In the time of the civil war another flag was unfurled. We abhor it from the flagstaff and never mean to have another.

Domestic Dangers. Grave dangers of a domestic political content. One is the unscrupulous political demagogue, ever ready to "crook the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrive my foot-falling." Another is the plutocrat who wants the earth and would crowd his fellows off from it and trample them beneath his iron heel. Not that it is a sin to be rich. It is a sin not to be, if a man might have been by the diligent use of God-given opportunities in the pursuit of the good of the demagogue to array the poor man against the rich man because the former has to trudge on foot while the latter rides in a carriage. And there is danger from the proletariat, for whom all-wise indeed the American spirit, and in comfortable conditions can scarcely realize the desperation of many a brave man and out of money and out of work, with a family clinging about him and looking to him for bread, as he hears ever more the howling of the wolf coming nearer and nearer to his door. It is not to be wondered at that he sometimes feels like howling like a wolf himself.

The conflict between labor and capital threatens the very life of the nation, and the enormous conditions that are now being formed are introducing new conditions that threaten us like the shadow of an avalanche. Our only salvation from these dangers is to be found in the perpetuation of the American spirit and by the American spirit I do not mean just any kind of spirit that may be abroad, the vulgar spirit of the swashbuckler, which is supposed, especially by foreigners, to distinguish Americans, nor that love of money which is so characteristic of us and which does not regard the poor as in America; but that better spirit that gloried and glorified the fathers of the republic. Not that all of these were demagogues; there were Tories and traitors, slaves and slave drivers, even then and now; but there were some things pre-eminently typical of the earlier Americans that we do well to remember and to perpetuate, and one of these was love of liberty. They brought in their bosoms a spark that burst into flame on the Fourth of July, 1776, and that flared like the heavens and lighted up the whole world.

Love of Law. One hundred years of calm and storm have rolled away since then, but the flame is unquenchable. Politically, ecclesiastically, socially and civily, we must see to it that through all coming years America shall be free.

Love of Liberty. No less than love of liberty, distinguished the fathers. They said: "We hold these truths to be indubitable; that all men are entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." To secure these, governments were instituted among men. If these governments fail to serve their purpose it is the privilege of the people to alter or abolish them and to establish new governments founded upon such principles and with such powers as shall better serve their purpose. But they were no anarchists. They believed in government by the people and for the people. The prevalence of lynch law in these later days is one of the saddest omens of our times, and unless it be checked it means a relapse into barbarism. Let our motto be, "Lex rex." Let this be inscribed over the door of every school house, every court house, every state house and on the dome of the capitol at Washington.

Reverence for woman distinguished the fathers of the republic and must distinguish their sons. There is much nowadays of the coming woman, but she cannot be sweeter and nobler than the woman who has come. God forbid that she should be less. There is danger that the ambitious new woman, grasping at the shadow, may miss the substance; and when the sanctuary of the home becomes a memory, then "Ish-bod" may be written on the pillars of the republic.

Lastly the fathers of the republic were distinguished for their reverence for religion. They did not indeed believe in any incoherent alliance between the church and the state. Lord Baltimore, the Catholic, and Roger Williams, the Baptist, joined hands in the maintenance of religious freedom for America. The Pilgrim Fathers in the cabin of the Mayflower wrote out an instrument beginning, "We, whose names are hereunto set, for the glory of God, have determined to plant a colony." The fathers of the republic reverently recognized their dependence on the God of the universe and were betide us if we forget the God of our fathers.

The Graduates. Following the address the Misses Zoe Hill and Maude Robertson played a piano duet and then President Sims of the school board presented the diplomas to the following fifty-two young men and women who have completed their course in the public schools and are now ready to start out in life. They are: Mrs. Mary E. Daily is Chosen to Succeed Miss Petersen.

The Board of Trustees of the public library at the regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon elected Mrs. Mary E. Daily librarian in place of Miss Petersen, who has held the position for a number of years. The appointment of Mrs. Daily came as a great surprise here, until a few days ago, when it was reported that she had no intention that the board was figuring on a change. The new librarian is the widow of the late Colonel D. B. Dalley, a hero of the civil war, and her two sons are now serving as members of the Fifty-first Iowa in the Philippines.

Work of Burglars. The safe in the office of the Standard Oil company, at Four and Sixth streets, and Sixteenth avenue, was broken open Sunday night by burglars, who only secured 17 cents and a few freight bills for their trouble. Entrance to the building was secured by breaking open a window. The combination of the safe was not known, and the burglars could have opened it without going to the trouble they did. They drilled a hole through the lock and then broke the lock off with a sledge hammer. The inner doors they broke open with a sledge hammer and cold chisel. The safe was most clumsily done and the police believe the men were not professional cracksmen. The tools with which the safe was broken open were stolen from Bert Wymann's blacksmith shop at Fourth street and Tenth avenue. Several of the tools were found yesterday morning in the office and in the yard outside.

A clock that was standing on the top of the safe was found to have stopped at ten minutes after 10 o'clock Sunday night and it is supposed that this was the time that the safe was broken into, the jar of the blow from the sledge hammer stopping the clock.

Chris Johnson's shoe store at 913 Main street was broken into Sunday night and about a dozen pairs of shoes stolen. The thieves smashed in the front window, and helped themselves to the stock displayed there.

Welsbach burners at Bixby's. Tel. 193.

Real Estate Transfers. The following transfers were filed yesterday in the abstract, title and loan office of J. W. Squire, 191 East 12th street: Matthew Harris and wife to Matthew Harris and wife, \$4,500. Henry Hansen and wife to Henry Hansen and wife, \$4,000. Isaac G. Carter and wife to Isaac G. Carter and wife, \$1,000. Elizabeth Anna Frost et al to same, \$1,000. Elizabeth Anna Frost et al to same, \$1,000. Council Bluffs, W. d., 100.

Total, five transfers, \$12,500.

Cadets Will Elect Officers. The annual election of officers of the High school cadets will be held tomorrow afternoon and there is much wrangling by the several candidates. There are a number of candidates and each one has a strong following, which is making the contest an interesting one. The chief interest centers in the election of a major of the battalion to succeed Major O. G. Butts, who has been at the head of the organization since it was increased from a company to a battalion of two companies. There are three avowed candidates for the position of major. They are Lieutenants Lacy, Welch and Dyar. The interest in the contest for the captaincy of the two defeated candidates for major will secure these places. There are two candidates for adjutant of the battalion, Norene and Chamberlain. For the lieutenancy there is a big field of candidates, among the most prominent being: Fred E. Embley, Hubert, Hicks, Baldwin, Sanford, Rickman, Peterson, McPherson, Crane and Reynolds. There are four lieutenants to be elected.

Mining Companies' Elections. The annual meetings of the stockholders of the Argonaut-Juniata Mining company and the Matoa Gold Mining company will be held this morning in the office of Ross & Co. on Pearl street. The two mining companies are Colorado corporations incorporated under the laws of this state. H. P. Lillebridge and W. S. Reynolds arrived yesterday from Colorado Springs to attend the meeting of the Matoa company and Irving W. Roubright, secretary and treasurer of the Argonaut-Juniata company, is also in the city. The fight for supremacy between the two factions in the Argonaut-Juniata company that raged last year in a victory for the Bonbright party is likely to be renewed at the meeting today.

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Thomas Malloy and Patrick Malloy are at the hospital. Both are doing nicely and will recover from the effects of their injuries. The young men were greatly shocked when informed of the death of their parents and brother and sister.

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Mr. Smith detailed the organization of the Wholesale Grocers' association, which occurred in 1858. He said previous to this combination the wholesale grocers were selling their wares at cost price, including sugar, baking powder and soap and other articles of a uniform quality. There was special reason to complain of the price of sugar and the wholesalers had given especial attention to securing co-operation with the sugar refiners so as to insure a small profit. The American Sugar Refining company then, he said, controlled the manufacture of sugar and the wholesalers were able, after much consultation, to secure a uniform rate of 1 1/2-16 cents per pound, with the result that all who did not sell at less than this price should have a rebate at the end of three months of 1 1/2-16 cents on each 100 pounds of sugar purchased. This arrangement, said Mr. Smith, had continued until the present day and had relieved the grocers of the necessity of selling sugar at a loss.

Mr. Smith said the erection of refineries by Arbutck & Doscher had had the effect of rendering prices less certain and that they were now maintained at all with the various refineries in the field was due to the honor and fair dealing of the grocers themselves.

The witness confessed that he was a zealous advocate of the rebate system, considering it afforded the only method of securing an honest profit on business in certain articles. Asserting that there were no trusts, Mr. Smith said he had asked five lawyers to name one and they had failed to do so. As for combinations of capital they were necessary to do the business of the world, and when any of them should reach a point at which they were making excessive profits, competition would spring up, and thus furnish an antidote for the only possible evil that might arise from them. He knew that the combination of the sugar refiners had resulted in a reaction of price and it was also a fact that he was now able to buy three or four gallons of oil with the profit he formerly made on one gallon. He argued that such combinations were in the interest of the consumer.

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IOWA C. A. R. ENCAMPMENT

Great Preparations Made for the Veterans' Gathering at Waterloo.

LARGE DELEGATION FROM DES MOINES

Number of Soldiers of the Spanish-American War Expected to Be Present—More Cases of Smallpox.

DES MOINES, June 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Adjutant General Byers left the city this morning for Waterloo to attend the state Grand Army of the Republic encampment, which opens there tomorrow. The Des Moines delegation, a large one, leaves early in the morning. The opening proper will not take place until Wednesday, but it is expected that a great many veterans will arrive tomorrow. Governor Shaw goes to Mount Vernon this evening to attend a meeting of the trustees of Cornell college, and if possible he will go to Waterloo on Wednesday and be present at some of the exercises of the encampment. Everything has been done to make the encampment at Waterloo one of the largest the state has had in late years. It is expected that a number of Spanish-American soldiers will be in attendance. A new commander will be elected at the business meeting of the session. The choice is said to lie between M. B. Davis and George W. Bailey, both of Sioux City.

Dr. Kennedy of the State Board of Health received a telegram this morning notifying him of a new case of smallpox in Pleasant Valley township, Scott county. There have been a number of cases already reported from LeClaire, in the same county, and this case is supposed to have originated from an exposure to the cases at LeClaire, which is in an adjoining township. One case was also reported from Iowa City this morning. All possible precautions will be taken to prevent the spreading of the disease. The case in Pleasant Valley township is that of a farmer, and none of the members of his family will be allowed to leave the farm, nor will anyone be allowed to enter the farm. Of the cases at LeClaire, there has not as yet been a single death, and all the patients are reported as being on the road to recovery. The same may be said of the cases in Jones county, with the exception of one death.

SMITH STANDS UP FOR TRUSTS. Deceases the Name a Misnomer and that Combines Are in Interest of Consumer. WASHINGTON, June 12.—G. W. Smith of New York, president of the Wholesale Grocers' association, was the only witness before the industrial commission today, in connection with the trust investigation. Mr. Smith proved to be a defender of the trusts, but he refused to speak of the combinations of capital by this name. He indeed asserted that there were no trusts and that the combinations were so referred to unjustly.

Mr. Smith detailed the organization of the Wholesale Grocers' association, which occurred in 1858. He said previous to this combination the wholesale grocers were selling their wares at cost price, including sugar, baking powder and soap and other articles of a uniform quality. There was special reason to complain of the price of sugar and the wholesalers had given especial attention to securing co-operation with the sugar refiners so as to insure a small profit. The American Sugar Refining company then, he said, controlled the manufacture of sugar and the wholesalers were able, after much consultation, to secure a uniform rate of 1 1/2-16 cents per pound, with the result that all who did not sell at less than this price should have a rebate at the end of three months of 1 1/2-16 cents on each 100 pounds of sugar purchased. This arrangement, said Mr. Smith, had continued until the present day and had relieved the grocers of the necessity of selling sugar at a loss.

Mr. Smith said the erection of refineries by Arbutck & Doscher had had the effect of rendering prices less certain and that they were now maintained at all with the various refineries in the field was due to the honor and fair dealing of the grocers themselves.

The witness confessed that he was a zealous advocate of the rebate system, considering it afforded the only method of securing an honest profit on business in certain articles. Asserting that there were no trusts, Mr. Smith said he had asked five lawyers to name one and they had failed to do so. As for combinations of capital they were necessary to do the business of the world, and when any of them should reach a point at which they were making excessive profits, competition would spring up, and thus furnish an antidote for the only possible evil that might arise from them. He knew that the combination of the sugar refiners had resulted in a reaction of price and it was also a fact that he was now able to buy three or four gallons of oil with the profit he formerly made on one gallon. He argued that such combinations were in the interest of the consumer.

CANADIANS YIELD A POINT. Assurance of an Agreement in the Alaskan Boundary Dispute. WASHINGTON, June 12.—Washington is still waiting on London in the matter of a modus vivendi relative to the Alaskan boundary. Indirectly the intimation has reached here that the Canadians, to whom the last American proposition was referred, have consented to the boundary line proposed by the British government, but officially nothing is known here of this. The point at issue last Saturday was trifling, involving possession to a strip of land not much more than half a mile wide and not bearing upon the tidewater question.

HAUPT TO BE CALLED TO ACCOUNT. Interview Readers Him Ineligible as Member of Commission. WASHINGTON, June 12.—The president has taken no notice of the interview attributed to Prof. Lewis Haupt, a member of the Isthmian Canal commission and published in the newspapers last Saturday, to the effect that the whole project of the commission was only a scheme to delude people. Naturally the public expression of such a view, coming from a person connected with the commission was received with great surprise and Prof. Haupt either has been or will be immediately called upon for a statement. If he denies the authenticity of the interview, that will be regarded as