

NEW BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Stead Writes a Volume on the United States of Europe.

VOLUMES OF MORE THAN USUAL INTEREST

Lord Charles Beresford Gives Results of His Investigations Into Conditions of Chinese Empire and Suggests Needed Remedies.

In many respects one of the most important works of the year is "The United States of Europe," by W. T. Stead. It is especially timely, coming in at a time when the parliament of peace is in session. The author, who is the editor of the English Review of Reviews, has lately returned from a trip to all the capitals of Europe, where he has talked with the important men of each country, from the czar of Russia down to the president of the United States of Europe. In this book he gives the views of the statesmen of the old world on the political situation of 1899, in the light of the czar's peace rescript and of American expansion. Besides treating of America's part in the West Indies and the Philippines, the "Chinese Puzzle," South African problems, the Fashoda muddle, the concert of Europe and its work in Crete and Candia, and many other matters of current interest, Mr. Stead forecasts very interestingly the immediate political future. More than a hundred portraits, views and maps illustrate the volume. The author, in his preface, says: "In the year 1898, two strange things happened. It is difficult to say which was more unexpected. In the west, the American republic, which had prospered for a hundred years had made its proudest boast its haughty indifference to the temptation of territorial conquest, suddenly abjured its secular creed and concluded a war upon which it had entered with every pretension of absolute disinterestedness by annexations as sweeping as to invest the United States with all that was left of the heritage of imperial Spain. In the east a sovereign autocrat, commanding the bayonets of 5,000,000 of trained soldiers and the implicit obedience of 120,000,000 of loyal subjects, amazed and bewildered mankind by formally and publicly arraigning the armaments of the modern world and summoning a conference of all the powers to discuss practical measures for the abatement of a peril which threatened to banish civilization from the globe. Published by Doubleday & McClure company, New York. Cloth, \$2.

Another work of great importance, by reason of the prominence of the writer and its timeliness is "The Break-Up of China," by Lord Charles Beresford. The interest shown in Lord Beresford's trip by the chambers of commerce of all the principal cities in the United States, many of which entertained him, has already created a demand for his work. It is an admirable statement of the views of a British statesman and officer and Lord Beresford affirms emphatically that the only way to avoid international complications and at the same time to advance the interests of the normal trade of all nations in China is to prevent the so-called "spheres-of-influence" policy (that is, the policy, in danger of being carried out, of each European nation securing a portion of China and preventing any trade in that portion other than that of its own nationality) and to insist upon what has come to be called "The Open Door." The whole book is a series of well authenticated statements of the present situation and of the necessary work to be carried out if the Chinese empire is to be held together, based upon interviews with the great Chinese viceroys, the famous taung-tai-yamen, the former, Kang Yuwei, Li Wei, and others. It is safe to say that no book upon China has been published during this century that gives in such small space so clear and straightforward a statement of the position China occupies and is likely to occupy in the commerce and politics of the world. Harper & Brothers, New York. Cloth, \$3.00.

A work that is of no little importance and one that certainly ought to receive attention especially from the legal fraternity is "State Trials," edited by Charles Edward Lloyd. A southern woman, who had written for years for the magazines and newspapers, was placed in charge of the exhibit of the Department of Justice at the Omaha Exposition. Among other things entrusted to her was the editing of a number of valuable old law books, the Pandects of Justinian, Colonial Laws and copies of the State Trials in Great Britain from the reign of Richard II to that of George III. She not only read them herself, but she bought a table and chairs, placed them in the hall, and she herself, in a room provided and permitted her more cultured visitors to read them. This table filled with books became a favorite resort for judges, lawyers and scholars. The popularity of the books, especially the State Trials of Francis Hastings and T. B. Howell, equals, convinced her that if the best of these books could be put in handy volumes at a cheap price there would be a demand for them. The first volume is now at hand and contains the trials of Mary, Queen of Scots, Sir Walter Raleigh and Captain Kidd, the pirates. These are contained, but everything of special interest is given in full. There is no better way of impressing English history on one's mind than by reading these trials. No lawyer can fail to find a romantic interest in every page of the book and it will be annotated at the language and the ruling of some of the lawyers and judges of the dates given. Callaghan & Co., publishers, Chicago.

Works of Fiction. The latest addition to the Ivory series of novels or novelettes is "A Civilian Attache," by Helen Daves Brown. It is a story of a frontier army post and the characters that enter into it are quite interesting people. At the present time when the army is all in all, a story that has to do more or less with the army people is sure of attracting attention. The Ivory series is about as neat and attractive a set of uniform bindings as has been brought out, but what has proven a still more drawing card is the fact that good writers have contributed. Among the number are stories by Arthur T. Quiller-Couch, Robert Louis Stevenson, E. W. Hornung, George W. Cable and Thomas Nelson Page. Charles Scribner's Sons, New York; cloth, 75c.

"Madame Izan," by Mrs. Campbell-Fraed, is one of the recent additions to Appleton's Town and Country Library. It is a picturesque tale of travel and love-making in the orient, which ought to be of special interest at the present time, when matters

oriental occupy so much of the public attention. The novelty of the chief situations imparts zest to the story, which abounds in vivid glimpses of oriental scenes and experiences, particularly in Japan. The Town and Country Library has been very successful owing almost entirely to the general excellence of the fiction put out under that name. D. Appleton & Co., New York; cloth, \$1.00.

"Pursued by the Law" is the latest work by Madison Cawman and it is a striking and entertaining story showing the possibilities of modern life in the way of adventure. Mr. Cawman is already known to the public as a story teller through his "The King of Andaman," "The Red Sultan," and "The Angel of the Convent," and his reputation will be improved by his more recent effort. "Pursued by the Law" is bound uniformly with Appleton's Town and Country Library, being a part of that series. D. Appleton & Co., New York; cloth, \$1.00.

Religious Works. "Why Men Do Not Go to Church" is a question to which Cortland Myers, minister at Baptist temple, Brooklyn, has devoted a little volume. As the author says in his introductory remarks, "Why men do not go to church is one of the burning questions of the hour. Facts are not to be ignored, they are to be studied, and every true man ought to go into training to fight the facts, so that the church may not faint away some day at the sight of the foe. More than one-half of the inhabitants of this country do not attend our churches today." The writer is of the opinion that if the cause for this state of affairs can be learned there will be a better opportunity for the discovery of a remedy. Mr. Myers has made an earnest study of the question and he considers boldly the faults of the church, the faults of the man, and the faults of society, urging at the same time cures for these faults. Funk & Wagnalls Co., New York; cloth, 60c.

"My Young Man" is a new work by Rev. Louis Albert Banks and is, in a certain sense, a companion volume of a very recent work by the same author entitled "The Christian Education of the Young Man." The subject is treated with skill and the article is illustrated with excellent half-tones, including a rare portrait of Shakespeare. "A Rattle in Naples," by Dora M. Jones, is of exceptional interest, both in matter and illustrations. The Melchior Magazine Publishing company, St. Louis.

Books Received. "Richard Carvel," a novel by Winston Churchill. The Macmillan company, New York; cloth, \$1.50. "The Philosophy of Natural Philosophy," in two volumes, by James Ferguson. Published by the author, Talmage, Neb.; cloth, \$1.50. "The Victory of the Will," by Victor Charbonnel, translated from the French by Lillian Whiting. Little, Brown & Co., Boston; cloth, \$1.50. "Each Life Unfulfilled," a novel of American life of today, by Anna Chapin Ray. Little, Brown & Co., Boston; cloth, \$1.25. "Pastor Naudin's Young Wife," by Edward Hodder-Williams, translated from the French by Bradley Gilman. Little, Brown & Co., Boston; cloth, \$1.25. "Sir Roger De Coverley and the Spectator's Club," by Richard Steele and Joseph Addison. Cassell's National Library; paper, 10 cents.

Magazines Received. The Alkathet, published by the Alkathet Publishing Co., Atlanta, Ga. States Duty, official organ of the State and Territorial Government, published at Lincoln. The Kiote, a literary monthly published at Lincoln. Municipal Engineering, published by Municipal Engineering Co., Indianapolis. Meehan's Monthly, devoted to gardening and horticulture. Thomas Meehan, Germantown, Pa. The Sanitarian, published by Dr. A. N. Peil, 327 Clinton street, Brooklyn.

Literary Notes. Mr. Dooley is to have another book, Small, Maynard & Co., New York. The new volume will be entitled "Mr. Dooley; In the Hearts of His Countrymen." Little, Brown & Co. of Boston are getting out a handsome reprint of Parkman's complete works in twelve volumes with illustrations. The paper, binding and print are said to be beautiful. George H. Richmond & Son have sold their interest in "Expatriation," to S. L. C. Page & Co. of Boston, who will hereafter be the publishers in this country of the works of the well-known Italian novelist. "The Development of the English Novel," by W. L. Crooks, published by the publisher at Yale will be published immediately by the Macmillan company. The field covered by this work has been hitherto uncultivated. Prof. Albert Bushnell Hart of Harvard has written a "Source Book of American History" which will be published immediately by the Macmillan company. The book is made up of 130 extracts, taken from a temporary with the events which they describe. "Landmarks in English Industrial History," is the title of a new book by George Townsend Warner which the Macmillan company will publish. The author's intention is to bring out the salient features of England's industrial and commercial progress in the past.

The new edition of Edward Bellamy's greatest book, "Equality," which will soon come from the press of D. Appleton & Co., will contain a new chapter on the history of the industrial and commercial progress in the past.

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Magazines for June. Among the more important papers in the June Forum are: "The Crisis in the Church of England," by Francis Allison Gunning. "The Value of Porto Rico," by Robert T. Hill. "England's Decline in the West Indies," by Brooks Ad-

PRISONERS DENIED A TRIAL

Shields' Neglect Keeps Them in Jail While the Court is Idle.

OTHERS ESCAPE ON MERE TECHNICALITIES

Incompetent Prosecution Effects Frequent Criticisms from the Bench—Baxter Makes a New Record—Doings in Various Courts.

Some of the attorneys who have clients in the county jail awaiting trial are decidedly dissatisfied over the delay in their cases, which criminal cases are being prosecuted. The cause of the fact that there are now sixteen or eighteen prisoners locked up, who are ready for trial, no cases are set until Thursday morning. Two cases were set Monday, but one of the defendants pleaded guilty and his attorney withdrew. The entire proceedings occupied scarcely fifteen minutes. Yesterday the county attorney had no cases ready, and the same story was told when Judge Baker mounted the bench this morning.

Under these circumstances the court took occasion to express a very decided opinion with reference to the matter. Deputy County Attorney Grossman suggested that the failure to have cases ready was due to a misunderstanding between the court and the county attorney, owing to a suggestion that Judge Baker would be out of town Tuesday and Wednesday. Judge Baker very emphatically declared that he had taken special care to assure the county attorney that he would not go away unless he could see some other judge at least on the criminal day. He had been unable to do so, and he had consequently given up his two days' vacation and was ready for business. The prosecutor insisted that there were no cases that could be taken up before Thursday, and the jury was consequently discharged for the sake of the court.

This is one of several incidents that have occurred during the term that illustrate the looseness that prevails in the county attorney's office. In spite of the fact that Shields is given the services of an extra deputy, he has not so much as secured an extra deputy in Lee Hiesley more time has been wasted on account of his failure to have cases ready for trial than during any previous term of the criminal court. Even after cases are called it is a matter of fact that the court is often delayed or postponed on account of some incompetency or neglect on the part of the county attorney or his assistants. Only the other day a man named Benson, who was charged with a very aggravated assault with a knife, by H. Whitney, was not so much as dismissed because the county attorney had forgotten to have him arraigned. The jury was selected and sworn in, and then the attorney for the defense called attention to the oversight and moved a dismissal. His contention was very strong and the court did not sustain the motion.

An equally significant incident occurred during the trial of John Pyle, accused of shooting William Mason with intent to kill. Deputy Attorney Dunn empaneled the jury Thursday and conducted the prosecution. Pyle's case was still on, but no Dunn appeared. Neither was there any explanation for his absence. Judge Baker set for Deputy Grossman and compelled him to go into the case entirely without preparation and take it up where Dunn left. The jury was not so much as consulted against the defendant, and Grossman succeeded in securing a conviction in spite of the fact that he knew nothing about the case.

These and similar instances of dereliction on the part of the county attorney have elicited a number of sharp criticisms from the bench, but Shields has a supply of excuses that hold out like the widow's crust. In the meantime a number of attorneys are preparing petitions in habeas corpus through which they expect to secure the release of prisoners who have been held in jail without being given a speedy trial that the law allows them.

Baxter Makes a New Record. Judge Baxter returned from his eastern trip yesterday and called the June civil docket during the forenoon. There are seventy-three cases on the call and this is the lightest docket that has been known in county court in ten years. When Judge Baxter happened that the evidence was conclusive against the defendant, and Grossman succeeded in securing a conviction in spite of the fact that he knew nothing about the case.

Charges Made for Lost Reason. Lizzie Lane has been appointed guardian of Frank Knezacek, a helpless idiot. He had been the subject of a suit against the Omaha and Grant Smelting and Refining company for \$25,000 damages on account of a sunstroke, which is alleged to have caused the loss of reason and for which the smelting company is held responsible. The case was set for trial in July, 1898. Frank Knezacek was employed in the cupola of the smelter, but, as he was not well, he asked the foreman for a layoff. This was refused him and he worked until he sustained a sunstroke, which ended in insanity. He then entered the hospital, and the smelting company should support him during the rest of his life and asks for damages in the amount named.

Minor Matters in Court. Lizzie Lane has been granted a decree of divorce from Matthew Lane. Judge Sanborn of the United States circuit court has entered an order releasing and discharging the receiver of the Omaha & Omaha road, the same having come into the possession of the Union Pacific Railway company.

The board of May Foster, charged with largely on the person and who failed to appear, has been declared forfeited and the complaining witness has been released from the county jail. The case against Yellowback and James See More, Winnebago Indians charged with introducing liquor upon the reservation, has been nolleed, the United States being unable to find the defendants. Orville Carcon, convicted of selling liquor without a license at Fairmont, this state, was called before Judge Munger and that portion of the sentence relating to the fine of \$100 was remitted. He will have to serve only ten days in the county jail, as he has already been there fifty days.

The suit of John D. Howe against George J. Berry and others has been dismissed by Judge Keyer in the instance of the plaintiff. This was the case in which Howe brought suit as a stockholder in the Benita Park company, a corporation which had been organized to freeze out the smaller stockholders. Judge Slabaugh is hearing a suit brought by the Citizens' Bank of Omaha against M. Webster to collect \$5,000 on a check for \$100,000. The suit was brought by Webster to J. A. Patrick and by him turned over to the bank. Patrick was an employee of the bank and it is represented that the suit was brought by Webster with him as a result of which the check was abstracted by Patrick from the vaults of the bank.

Immigrants Lose Their Bearings. A party of five Russians, one of them a woman, arrived at the union depot in this city last night. They were in a state of confusion and it was some time before they were able to get to their rooms. They are destined to York. The three say their tickets were forwarded to them from Omaha

SUPPORTS ADMINISTRATION

Citizen of Avery Argues in Favor of the President's Policy in the Philippines.

AVERY, Neb., June 6.—To the Editor of The Bee: Kindly allow me to reply to an article in the Bee of May 29, signed A. L. Hunting of Arapahoe.

While I sympathize with Mr. Hunting in his beratement as to his son, who lies wounded in a hospital at Manila, I deplore his course and his attitude towards the administration. I have seen fit to criticize the administration's course in regard to the Philippines. Some are honest citizens, some are doubtless the whines of wily politicians who seek to show any obstacle in the way of Mr. McKinley and his brilliant and thus far successful administration, financially, financially and politically.

Mr. Hunting says that he has voted for every republican from Lincoln to McKinley. For this Mr. Hunting deserves credit, also for his vote for the war for the union in 1861 and '62, as my father and three brothers did. Also, like Mr. Hunting, I am proud of it.

A favorite expression of all anti-expansionists, as well as Mr. Hunting, is the oft-quoted passage: "The district derives its just powers from the consent of the governed."

Why not carry this phraseology to a logical conclusion and see where it will start and finish? What right had the white man to take the country from the Indian through bribe or bayonet? What condition do we find him in today?

Why did Mr. Hunting enlist and fight to drive the seceding states of the south into the union; for, in my opinion, what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander.

Governmental derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. If Billy Bryan is successful as another John C. Calhoun in making the west believe the east is its enemy, as he often has stated, and that the west has a right to secede, and the south did in 1861, then Mr. Hunting will not lend a helping hand to drive them back as he did when he enlisted in 1861-2. Then from this standpoint we are only a government an aggregation of states. This being the case, the doctrine of the seceding states, which President Lincoln told us to establish a government of its own and so on until we have forty-five governments and more territory to hear from.

As there is only one step from the ridiculous to the sublime, let us reflect a moment on what President Lincoln told us the delegation of powers which waited on him at the beginning of the war, whose spokesman, among other things, reminded President Lincoln he hoped the Lord was on our side. But President Lincoln reminded them, that no Neigher is left by the wayside, the delegation of powers which waited on him at the beginning of the war, whose spokesman, among other things, reminded President Lincoln he hoped the Lord was on our side. But President Lincoln reminded them, that no Neigher is left by the wayside, the delegation of powers which waited on him at the beginning of the war, whose spokesman, among other things, reminded President Lincoln he hoped the Lord was on our side.

It seems a little singular that all the great inventions and discoveries that have been made for the use of mankind, have been made by the Americans. This is true, in the face of the fact that other nations have stumbled over them for centuries and centuries.

No other form of government except the American can enjoy the blessings of these inventions and discoveries. No other form of government can consume so much of the world's products. No other people under any other form of government can enjoy the blessings that we do.

The spirit of liberty is a potent factor as to higher wages. Higher wages mean more production. The necessities of everyday wants of all the people, which leads to a higher plane of civilization whether here or in Europe. Beginning with England, France, Germany, Belgium, Italy, Russia and ending with China the spirit of liberty is graded and wages, too, Canada on north with a territory larger than the United States and a population less than the great state of New York is an object lesson. Climate of course is a drawback, but not the greatest by any means. Mexico on our south has another example of the spirit of liberty from us and drifting to a higher plane of civilization year by year.

It seems only selfishness or cowardice forbids the American, I care not who he is, from reaching out the hand of fellowship and conferring the blessings of liberty on the people of the Philippines. The government when it presents itself as it does Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines.

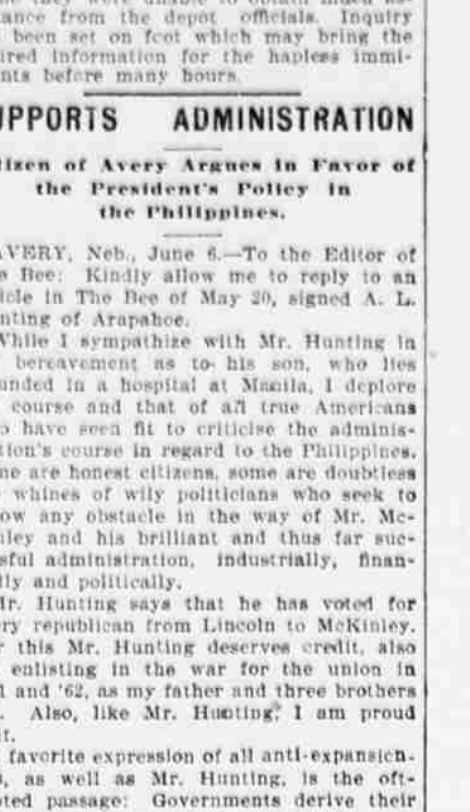
I hardly believe Mr. Hunting or any other true American will say to Mr. McKinley: "Call off our army and navy and let the Philippines establish their own government throughout the islands." Then why all this hue and cry of anticipation, when we take into consideration the circumstances surrounding the battle of Manila? The government found itself, either by accident or providence, in the position it occupies today. It is a matter of right, it is wrong, if there is any, or uphold the right for human liberty. Whether at home or abroad wherever our flag has been raised in the interests of humanity, I care not whether it be for and in the interests of the slaves of our own states or those of the littoral slaves lately of Spain. In justice to the southern states, however, I will say it took five years to drive them back into the union. I believe it will take ten years to drive them out of it now, judging from the past and present responses to patriotism. It is not only the new generation, but from those that took part thirty-eight years ago to destroy our union. All honor to those who upheld our flag, no matter when or where.

Here's a New "Con" Game. A somewhat unique fraud is being perpetrated by a woman who represents herself as the widow of the late Dr. F. D. Wilson, who died recently in Texas. She is selling the rounds of the offices in the downtown buildings selling a patent soap and she alleges that this is for the purpose of securing money with which to pay the funeral expenses and support her family. She has evidently got hold of some of the Wilson family history and has succeeded in making the deception go with quite a number of people. This is most distasteful to the genuine Mrs. Wilson, who declares that her double is a fraud of the first water.

Drinking and Sewer Bonds to Be Sold. City Treasurer Edwards has issued a call for bonds for the purchase of \$25,000 worth of city of Omaha bonds. Half of the bonds will be sold for the benefit of the paving fund and the others for the sewer fund. The bonds are to be sold by noon of June 14. The bonds are to run twenty years, and are to bear a per cent interest. The bonded indebtedness of the city, including this issue, will be \$2,411,100 in long time bonds voted by electors and \$1,477,000 by special assessments under the charter.

Drinking Grain-O. After you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee, it is not a medicine, but a habit, and it is healthy, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich, brown, honest flavor that is so much enjoyed. It is like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food containing nothing but the purest nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. He and so.

There is a "comfortable feeling" that comes after a bath with Ivory Soap which is conducive to a good night's rest.



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IT FLOATS.

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MODERN WOODMEN ON WING

Hundreds of Members Prepare to Attend Meeting of the Head Camp.

FIVE HUNDRED WILL GO FROM OMAHA

Special Train Will Carry Excursionists—Foresters Will Compete—Nebraska Men Who Want Recognition in Election Officers.

Five Hundred Modern Woodmen of America are packing their grips and making arrangements tonight for a trip to Kansas City, where they will attend the meeting of the head camp. They will leave the Burlington depot at 9:30, traveling on a special train, which they expect to arrive in Kansas City Thursday morning at 6:30. A band will accompany the excursionists, who will remain in the convention city until Friday night. Five teams of Foresters will accompany them to compete in the drills which will occur during the meeting of the head camp. It is expected that Nebraska will send nearly 1,000 Modern Woodmen to the meeting as hundreds have reported their intention to attend from other cities.

The arrangements for the excursion have been in the hands of the Twin City promotion committee, consisting of three representatives from the eleven Omaha and South Omaha camps. C. H. Rippen is chairman, E. F. Bralley secretary, and A. H. Vosburgh treasurer. The committee succeeded in getting a rate of \$3.50 for the round trip from the railroads. The train will return over the Missouri Pacific. C. H. Rippen, E. F. Bralley, W. H. Beck, H. Schonstadt and E. D. Miller will have charge of the train and much of the arrangements for the excursion.

It is estimated that Douglas county alone contains 3,000 of the 25,000 Modern Woodmen in the state. The Omaha lodges are: Omaha camp, No. 120; Maple camp, No. 945; South Omaha camp, No. 1055; Beech camp, No. 1454; Magnolia camp, No. 1833; B. & M. camp, No. 2722; Mechanics' camp, South Omaha, No. 4085; Nebraska camp, Bohemian, No. 4771; Omaha camp, Hebrew, 4944; Hickory camp, No. 5128; Broomfield camp, No. 5573. Five of these camps will have a team of Foresters, each composed of eighteen men. In the drills at Kansas City. These teams are from Omaha camp, No. 120, Beech camp, No. 1454, B. & M. camp, No. 2722, Hebrew camp, No. 4944, and South Omaha camp, No. 1055. The teams have been drilling hard, and the precision with which they maneuver has caused considerable enthusiasm among the Modern Woodmen who expect their favorites to make a fine showing at Kansas City.

Nebraska Woodmen are looking forward to a great time on the trip because they are sure the state will have the best representation it has ever enjoyed at a meeting of the head camp outside of Nebraska. They propose to advertise the state and the Greater America exposition in every way possible, the exposition having furnished them with an immense amount of advertising matter, badges and souvenirs for distribution among the throng.

Besides the delegates from the state and those who will look on, Nebraska will be represented in the highest ranks of the order. A. R. Talbot of Lincoln, member of the Supreme Board of Directors, Dr. F. S. Ashby of Fairmont, head physician for Nebraska, Dr. A. G. Faulkner of Lincoln, state deputy, and the district deputies, G. R. Kimmel, Lincoln, W. E. Taylor, Omaha, W. H. Hoguewood, Wayne, Ed J. Kingman, Albion, J. E. Shears, Central City, and G. M. Christian of Crete, will be in the great audience. Mr. Talbot and Dr. Ashby hope for re-election to the positions they occupy and the fine record both have made is urged in their support. Dr. Blair of Wayne, however, is anxious to succeed Dr. Ashby as head physician, and expects to make a hard fight for it. J. W. Houder of Omaha has received a number of endorsements for appointment as state deputy, but he has a strong opponent in Dr. Faulkner who longs to fill the position for another term. The doctor has also been endorsed by several of the Omaha lodges, so the Omaha delegation will be divided when it comes to the appointment.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough. Last winter, during an epidemic of whooping cough, my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—JOHN E. CLIFFORD, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y.

Steel Billets Double in Price. PITTSBURGH, June 6.—Steel billets and pig iron have again advanced. The price of steel billets is now placed at \$31 a ton. Pig iron is selling at \$17.50 in the west, with the price in Pittsburgh is \$18.50. One lot of 600 tons and several smaller lots of billets were sold at \$31 a ton. It is said by prominent steel brokers that it is very hard to fill large orders, on account of the heavy demand. Less than six months ago steel billets sold at \$15 a ton.

There is a time for all things. The time to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers is when you are suffering from constipation, biliousness, sick-headaches, indigestion, or other stomach or liver troubles. They never gripe.

Sick People's

wants are now supplied by us with a full stock of Homoeopathic Medicines from the well known house of

Gross and Dilbridge Co.

We furnish these in any quantity wanted to either the sick or physicians, giving the usual trade discount to the physicians. Prescriptions carefully compounded by competent pharmacists.

THE ALOE & PENFOLD CO., Largest Retail Drug House.

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We're Laying the Wires—

for a big trade on the men's shoes at \$2—now you've heard of \$2 shoes, but Drexel L. Shooman has a \$2 shoe that under ordinary circumstances would sell and does sell, for \$2.50—some places \$3 is asked—that he will put up against the whole field of \$2 shoes—that is a man's shoe—good, honest leather, good, honest shoes—a mechanic's shoe in every sense of the word—a shoe for any one that is on his feet a great deal!—You are not taking any chances when you pay \$2 for these leather shoes.

Drexel Shoe Co.,

Omaha's Up-to-date Shoe House,

1619 FARNAM STREET.

New Spring Catalogue now ready—Sent for the asking.

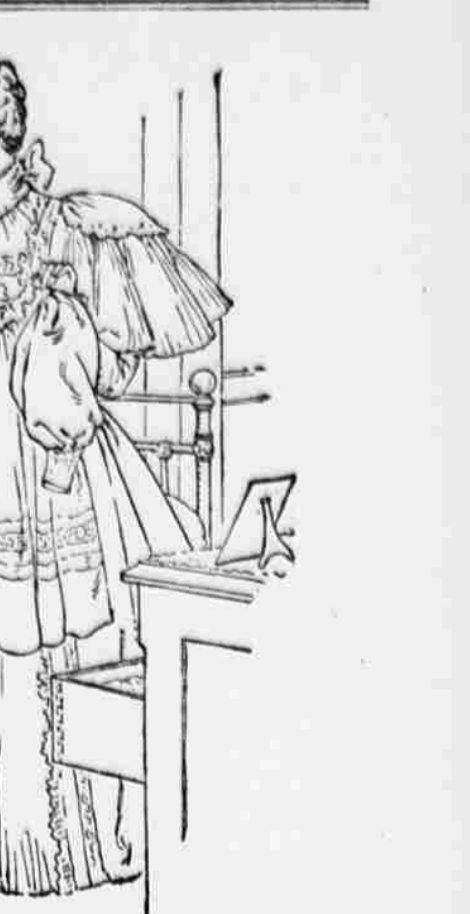
It is a Well Known Fact—

that we sell pianos on such easy terms that the payments stretch out like a coupon railroad ticket—Things that you should remember—that we have only one price—you pay no more when you buy from us on time than if you paid us all cash—that we have over thirty different makes, including such pianos as the Knabe, Kimball, Krantz & Bach, Hallett & Davis and Hoppe pianos, that have won their high standard by actual merit.

A. HOSPE,

We celebrate our 25th business anniversary Oct. 23rd, 1899.

Music and Art. 1513 Douglas.



There is a "comfortable feeling" that comes after a bath with Ivory Soap which is conducive to a good night's rest.

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Five Hundred Modern Woodmen of America are packing their grips and making arrangements tonight for a trip to Kansas City, where they will attend the meeting of the head camp. They will leave the Burlington depot at 9:30, traveling on a special train, which they expect to arrive in Kansas City Thursday morning at 6:30. A band will accompany the excursionists, who will remain in the convention city until Friday night. Five teams of Foresters will accompany them to compete in the drills which will occur during the meeting of the head camp. It is expected that Nebraska will send nearly 1,000 Modern Woodmen to the meeting as hundreds have reported their intention to attend from other cities.

The arrangements for the excursion have been in the hands of the Twin City promotion committee, consisting of three representatives from the eleven Omaha and South Omaha camps. C. H. Rippen is chairman, E. F. Bralley secretary, and A. H. Vosburgh treasurer. The committee succeeded in getting a rate of \$3.50 for the round trip from the railroads. The train will return over the Missouri Pacific. C. H. Rippen, E. F. Bralley, W. H. Beck, H. Schonstadt and E. D. Miller will have charge of the train and much of the arrangements for the excursion.

It is estimated that Douglas county alone contains 3,000 of the 25,000 Modern Woodmen in the state. The Omaha lodges are: Omaha camp, No. 120; Maple camp, No. 945; South Omaha camp, No. 1055; Beech camp, No. 1454; Magnolia camp, No. 1833; B. & M. camp, No. 2722; Mechanics' camp, South Omaha, No. 4085; Nebraska camp, Bohemian, No. 4771; Omaha camp, Hebrew, 4944; Hickory camp, No. 5128; Broomfield camp, No. 5573. Five of these camps will have a team of Foresters, each composed of eighteen men. In the drills at Kansas City. These teams are from Omaha camp, No. 120, Beech camp, No. 1454, B. & M. camp, No. 2722, Hebrew camp, No. 4944, and South Omaha camp, No. 1055. The teams have been drilling hard, and the precision with which they maneuver has caused considerable enthusiasm among the Modern Woodmen who expect their favorites to make a fine showing at Kansas City.

Nebraska Woodmen are looking forward to a great time on the trip because they are sure the state will have the best representation it has ever enjoyed at a meeting of the head camp outside of Nebraska. They propose to advertise the state and the Greater America exposition in every way possible, the exposition having furnished them with an immense amount of advertising matter, badges and souvenirs for distribution among the throng.

Besides the delegates from the state and those who will look on, Nebraska will be represented in the highest ranks of the order. A. R. Talbot of Lincoln, member of the Supreme Board of Directors, Dr. F. S. Ashby of Fairmont, head physician for Nebraska, Dr. A. G. Faulkner of Lincoln, state deputy, and the district deputies, G. R. Kimmel, Lincoln, W. E. Taylor, Omaha, W. H. Hoguewood, Wayne, Ed J. Kingman, Albion, J. E. Shears, Central City, and G. M. Christian of Crete, will be in the great audience. Mr. Talbot and Dr. Ashby hope for re-election to the positions they occupy and the fine record both have made is urged in their support. Dr. Blair of Wayne, however, is anxious to succeed Dr. Ashby as head physician, and expects to make a hard fight for it. J. W. Houder of Omaha has received a number of endorsements for appointment as state deputy, but he has a strong opponent in Dr. Faulkner who longs to fill the position for another term. The doctor has also been endorsed by several of the Omaha lodges, so the Omaha delegation will be divided when it comes to the appointment.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough. Last winter, during an epidemic of whooping cough, my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—JOHN E. CLIFFORD, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y.

Steel Billets Double in Price. PITTSBURGH, June 6.—Steel billets and pig iron have again advanced. The price of steel billets is now placed at \$31 a ton. Pig iron is selling at \$17.50 in the west, with the price in Pittsburgh is \$18.50. One lot of 600 tons and several smaller lots of billets were sold at \$31 a ton. It is said by prominent steel brokers that it is very hard to fill large orders, on account of the heavy demand. Less than six months ago steel billets sold at \$15 a ton.

There is a time for all things. The time to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers is when you are suffering from constipation, biliousness, sick-headaches, indigestion, or other stomach or liver troubles. They never gripe.

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