18

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

E. ROSEWATER, Editor,

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STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION.

State of Nebraska, Douglas County, 88.; George B, Tzschuck, secretary of The Bee Publishing company, being duly sworn, says that the actual number of full and complete copies of The Daily. Morning, Evening and Sunday Bee, printed during the month of April, 1899, was as follows:

24,950 25,010 24,790 21,780 25. 18..... 24.620 Total ... Less unsold and returned copies 9,643 Net daily average GEORGE B, TZSCHUCK 21.574 GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK. Subscribed and sworn to before me this (Seal.) H. I. PLUMB, Notary Public. A Boston paper says the flag is a mere fabric combining three colors, Very true, but they are fast colors that do not run. The Turks characterize the bievele as the "devil's charlot." In that event

the sultan is clearly entitled to the front seat on the tandem. Dewey has started on his homeward

trip. It will be advisable for him to lay in a good supply of nerve tonic enroute, for he will need it,

The great powers are still hard at work trying to agree upon a receivership for China with the usual emoluments for receivers and the spoliation of the bankrupt.

With \$226,000,000 of gold coin in the United States treasury nobody at this time is propounding the conundrum whether there is gold enough to keep up the single gold standard.

The new union railway station projected for Buffalo, N. Y., has been planned at an estimated cost of \$6,000,-

During the campaign of 1896 the most Not all of them by any means advocated the election of McKinley, but most of them abouted for the Canton statesman and talked about the prosperity that would surely come to all classes and conditions of men in case McKinley was elected and confidence re- time somewhat too radical, though the stored. * * * You do not see so many radical McKinley traveling men these days. This is due in large measure to the fact that you do not see so many traveling mon. The great revival of prosperity that was to benefit all classes balked at several points, in the army had more influence against or military expenditures. and among other points was the place occupied by the traveling men .-- World-Herald.

PROSPERITY NOT A SHAM.

There are none so blind as those who will not see. He must be blind indeed who is unwilling to acknowledge that the country is more prosperous today than it was just previous to McKinley's election. To contend that the condition of the masses has not been bettered since the election of McKinley is simply closing the eyes and ears to absolute irrefutable facts.

The proof of the pudding is in the eating and the men who are trying to decry prosperity have simply to look into their own business concerns for the contradiction of their statements, unless, indeed, they are business misfits and wreckers who do not know how to

conduct their own business. Taking it for granted that Omaha is as good a place as any to apply the test, The Bee has put the question to leading jobbers in various lines of trade as to what is the relative number of traveling salesmen employed by them in June, 1806, and at the present time. The answers compiled in the following table tell the story:

Salts- Sales men men June, '96. now. Omaha Jobbing Houses. Lee-Glass-Andreesen Co ... 12 Baum Iron Co. (Omaha house) ... Marks Bros W. J. Broatch Am. Hand-Sewed Shoe Co...... Williams-Hayward Shoe Co United States Supply Co..... Omaha School Supply Co F. P. Kirkendall & Co..... If Z. T. Lindsey Her & Co... Meyer & Raapke W. V. Morse Co..... Carpenter Paper Co..... M. E. Smith & Co..... Rector & Wilhelmy Richardson Drug Co..... Allen Bros... Sattley Manufacturing Co..... Paxton & Gallagher Bemis Omaha Bag Co..... Kingman Implement Co..... E. H. Sprague & Co.....

Total, 23 concerns...... 174 ncrease This flatly contradicts the assertion

that there are not so many traveling men to be seen now as during the Mc-Kinley campaign. In its blind rage against prosperity

the local organ of calamity makes this broader statement:

Thousands of bookkeepers, accountants, clerks and foremen, who shouted for Mc-Kinley in 1896, are now realizing that the prosperity which they predicted for all has skipped them.

That this also is a fiction wrought in the fertile imagination of our contemporary is shown by the following table giving the number of employes other than traveling salesmen in the

same establishments at the same

850

260

245

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: SUNDAY, MAY 21, 1899.

to the secretary of war. This was discussed in the last congress, but circumstances then were unfavorable to the change. It was deemed to be at that opposition on this score did not show

very conclusively why it could not have been made as well then as at any other | but it seems safe to say that there will time. Doubtless personal antagonisms | be no agreement affecting armaments the proposition than anything else. At all events nothing was done in this direction, but after what has been shown in the beef investigation it is very probable that the next congress will be

strongly urged to create a general staff, modeled, perhaps, as far as practicable, upon the German plan. It is thought likely that President McKinley will in his annual message to congress recommend such reorganization and it would seem that it should have the unanimous support of army officers who desire the highest efficiency in the millitary establishment. The creation of a general staff could work no injury to tween lake ports, all along the chain, anyone in the 'military service and if and those St. Lawrence river cities the experience of other countries is of where large ocean steamships already

highly beneficial to the service, AN ABORTIVE CONFERENCE.

Nothing came of the conference between General Otis and the commisnot being empowered to negotiate, but being simply bearers of a communication from the Filipino leader asking for an armistice until the so-called congress could decide what policy should as Aguinaldo probably expected it is credited with. The Filipino envoys will tomorrow have a conference with the American commissioners, it is to be presumed simply to learn directly from them what this government proposes, since they can hardly have any expectation of inducing General Otis to change the position he has three times declared and which has been fully approved at Washington.

The situation is therefore unchanged and that fact is distinctly disappointing. There appeared good reason to believe that in sending another commission to Manila Aguinaldo really desired to end hostilities and save the remnant of his army from extermination. There is no doubt that

his forces are demoralized. The Filipino soldiers no longer exhibit the courage they showed in the earlier any resistance to the American advance and such as they do make is less effective than formerly. There is reason to believe that most of them would welcome peace, as doubtless a are not in the army would. Under these circumstances it was reasonably

expected that the leaders had concluded to end a conflict which they should see is hopeless. Meanwhile the campaign is being

pushed as vigorously as possible and it is needless to say that this will continue to be the policy.

reorganization of staff appointments as than in the past, Russia is now play- ating a cable. If the United States will bring them under the direct control ing the most conspicuous part in it and should build a cable to Hawali the active fuglemen of the "advance agent of of the general commanding the army, her latest move in China is not calcu- problem might be reduced, so far as the resperity" were the commercial travelers. he of course being directly responsible lated to make an impression favorable Australian governments are concerned, to the proposal for restricting armaments, suggesting, as it does, the possibillity of further designs upon that empire which other European powers may find It necessary to check.

There is reason to hope for some good results from the peace conference.

FROM LAKES TO OCEAN.

If plans now said to be maturing for the utilization of the enlarged canals of the Dominion of Canada are carried out, it will be only a few years until American diplomatic representatives there will be through traffic between cities on our great lakes and European ports. It is stated that as yet the most idvanced plans provide only for the shipment of merchandise from the lakes to the ocean, breaking cargoes at Montreal or Quebec. Lake steamers having a capacity of 2,500 tons, on the present draft of water, will ply beany value it could not fail to prove load and arrive with cargoes. When the Canadian canal projects shall be

completed it will be possible to ship 4,000 tons of merchandise from Duluth or Chicago to Montreal and when the improvements in progress at that port sioners sent by Aguinaldo, the latter are finished ocean steamers of almost any size can freely navigate the St. that figure. Lawrence up to that point.

This would enable through shipments to be made on vessels built for both lake and ocean service. The cost and be adopted. Of course this was refused, labor of transferring cargoes would be done away with and grain or flour would be, if he has the intelligence he loaded at Chicago or Duluth could be landed in Europe without being touched between ports. Doubtless, also, a considerable passenger business would be created over the same route. It is pointed out that the ocean passage might be cut down to four or five days and be made at a much less cost than at present.

The Canadian government and people are understood to be manifesting a great deal of interest in this matter of through traffic between the lakes and ocean and their consideration of plans is attracting no little attention in New York, where it is recognized that if the Canadian project of connecting the lakes with the ocean by a canal system through which large vessels could pass, could be carried out, Montreal or Quebec might become a strong commercial rival of New York stage of the conflict. They offer hardly City. It is stated that the canal commission appointed by Governor Roosevelt favors enlarging some one of the canals in the state of New York so that it will be possible for ocean-going vessels to pass to and from the great lakes very large majority of the natives who to tidewater, or even to make the lake and canal passage only the beginning or continuation of an ocean trip. Such a canal, it is estimated, would cost not less than \$200,000,000.

> The producers of the northwest have a very vital interest in these projects, the consummation of either of which would mean a great deal for the growth and ultimately considerably higher. This is and prosperity of this section. The the conviction of the most advanced engiconstruction of a ship canal connecting neering minds, who have given the su

PLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

There are no churches dying from the exhaustion of liberality. To build society without God is making to building simply a connection from bricks without mortar.

Get your heart right and it will be easy to manage your tongue.

tional importance, and its solution will Drinking to drown one's misery is putrequire the united action of all interting out a fire with oil. Pride and Fashion are the task-masters

who make bread-winning slavery. The American delegates to the Peace The faults of a good man are more dangerous than the vices of a thoroughly bad with their foreign customers.

conference are coming in for very com- | plimentary notices in the foreign press. The hible is no more confined to the and they unquestionably rank with the theologian than the stars are to the asablest members of the conference. This

tronomer. is another tribute to the prudence of The man who talks most about the diffiulties of faith, takes the absurdities of somarkably good judgment in selecting called science at a swallow.

SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Cincinnati Commercial: Archbiohop Irc The Baxter committee, which is inand's Americanism is of the right stripe. vestigating the wickedness of Chicago, Then, too, he is a preacher with convictions. claims to have made the discovery that and not afraid to express them. In the presence of the most rigid of all the soa number of Chicago saloons have been called nobilities he struck straight from the running wide-open all night. This inshoulder and showed them the beauties of formation will surprise most Chicagoans, who labored under the impres-

BOTL. sion that all Chicago saloons were ac-Indianapolis News: The Presbyterian cessible at all hours of the night or day. church succeeded in turning out one of its greatest scholars after a most unscemly wrangle for years. No one of his opponents, The trouble with the Cuban troops we believe, ever questioned the man's Chrisis explained on the theory that the tian character. Now this scholar has been Cuban soldier looks upon the exchange

ordained to the priesthood in the Episcopal of his gun for \$75 in American coin as ommunion, but only after the narrow bigets an ignominious transaction. He should of that church had displayed themselves Verily, it is difficult for some good people t be reminded that if he tries to hock it understand that their goodness is not the in any ordinary place for advancing only possible sort in the world. money he would not realize one-fourth Providence Journal: The clergyman who has stirred up much excitement by denouncing from the pulpit the "claptrap titles" chosen for their sermons by come preachers will be heartily endorsed by

everybody who is tired of the sensational devices invented to draw people to church. Too many ministers rely for their audiences on startling announcements-like the clergyman who caused it to be published abroad He that he would preach on the topic: "There seems to be disliked by one party and dis- is No God!" and, having filled the church by this means, calmly read as his text: "Th

fool hath said in his heart there is no God." Ministers who announce titles for their permons like this: "A Half Hour in Hell," "Modern Serpents in the Garden," and 'Sodom and Gomorrah Outdone," are merely sensation mongers and detract from the dignity of religion without increasing the sum total of righteousness.

Chicago Chronicle: Fortunately, and, i may be said, unexpectedly, the ordination of Rev. Dr. Briggs was accomplished without

protest or sensation of any kind. It is, however, rather unflattering to modern Christicipation of trouble. Nor was the precaution uperfluous. When Turkish soldiers-infidels-are kept busy in Jerusalem preventing members of rival Christian

rom breaking one another's heads, right at the cradle of Christianity, it is not surprising that the New York chief of police considered that there were good prospects or a row should the friends and opponents of Dr. Briggs come into collision at his ordination. The circumstance constitutes no reflection upon the Christian religion. merely illustrates the undeniable fact that some professors of that religion are a long

way from exemplifying its teachings. probable that in a comparatively short time, PERSONAL AND OTHERWISE.

by the introduction of electricity and the Judged by the number he has taken, General Lawton is a capital catcher. Friends of Jerry Simpson are apprehensive

lest he may, in quitting active polities, get stuck on his Bayonet.

The Philadelphia North American has a d, but is far from being, typograph

youth of Chicago river.

and pensively strokes his whiskers.

words" as eloquently as Fighting Bob.

denounced the "divine" Schlatter as a vile

humbug, yet when the "healer" offered to

bury himself to prove his supernatural

powers the health board refused to grant a

A Chicago financier who foresaw the ap-

proach of bankruptcy overdrew his own ac-

count in the bank of which he was presi-

dent and tipped other members of his

If Kansas hopes to retain its primacy for

cyclone freaks it must bestir itself before

dreamt of. They happened near Akron.

bunch of blcyclists leisurely pumping along

the highway collided with a tornado. Every

tire in the bunch was deflated, but no other

breezes. In another part of the town

tornado gathered in a small boy, stripped

over a stout limb, where the awaying

branches beat a lively tattoo on the spot

AMERICAN GOODS ABROAD.

Foreign Markets.

Philadelphia Times.

In a few lines, such as locomotives, steel

alls, bleycles, sewing machines, modern

bridges and structural iron and steel, Ameri

can manufacturers lead the world and hay

little or no difficulty in getting their wars

accepted in any market in the world. The

American consumption and fail to make

Securing a Permanent Foothold

permit. Some people are hard to please.

tion. Prominent among these details is the matter of packing goods to insure transit In good order and without injury. A packnge that will stand the necessary handling for a short journey by rall may easily prove inadequate for safe passage on an ocean steamer and trans-shipment by rail or otherwise at the end of the sea voyage Foreign customs as to method and time of payment for goods shipped upon order differ from ours and foreign purchasers may be depended on to give preference to the dealers and manufacturers who are willing to conform to the commercial customs in vogue

More important still is the ability to canvass for sales in the language of those whose trade is to be solicited. In this respect American commercial interests have shown themselves very defective and it is quite time that provision was being made for the training and employment of sales agents who can present American goods in foreign markets to the best possible advantage. There are other details of sucressful foreign trade which will be well worth studying, if we desire to market our goods abroad on a large scale, but those above mentioned cannot be neglected with

any reasonable expectation of success. To manufacture goods of the best quality at a cost that will enable them to be sold republicanism. All honor to a divine of this | against all competitors in any market is an excellent beginning toward securing a permanent foothold in foreign markets, but the best goods may fail to command a market if not shipped in good order, sold on terms which customers can adjust themselves to and displayed by salesmen who can make themselves understood.

DOMESTIC IDVLS.

Judge: Jaggles-Marriage is the one unlen there a man should never go on a strike. Waggles-That's so. If he does he'll find imself locked out by his wife.

Indianapolis Journal: "Bobb'er's wedding was the culmination of a romance. He met his wife on a train." "He did? Why doesn't he sue the company?

Chicago Post: "I propose," he began; but the promptly interrupted him. "Am I to regard this as a proposal or a proposition?" she asked.

Harlem Life: She-indeed, it's not an asy thing for a girl to get a husband. He-Why, a pretty girl can make her holce of four out of every five men she

She-But it's the fifth that she wants.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "George, you'll have to try to catch a cold." "Why, my love?" "Because I'm just dying for some raw

nions. Chicago Record: "I rather like this house-

"You don't mean it?" "You don't mean it?" "ies; when I get home at night my wife is so tired that she lets me have my own way about everything."

Somerville Journal: Lover (bravely)-Sir, t want to marry your daughter. Father (coldly)-Well, I'm not surprised at that. If I were in your place, I think I should want to marry her myself.

Detroit Journa': "I have asked you to be

Detroit Journa : "I have asked you to be my wife!" he exclaimed, desperately. "Say yes or no?" The Boston girl shivered. She hated the man from the bottom of her heart, yet the fact remained that yes was half again a longer word than no! In that moment she wished she had never been horn, or what amounted to the same een born or what amounted to the same thing, that she had been born in some other elty.

> What is Good. John Boyle O'Reilly, "What is the real good? "What is the real good?" I asked in musing mood. "Order," said the law court: "Knowledge," said the school; "Truth." said the wise man; "Pleasure." said the fool; "Love," said the maiden; "Beauty," said the page; "Freedom," said the arcamer; "Home," said the soldier; "Eaulty," the seer. "Eaulty," the seer. Spake my heart full sadly; "The answer is not here." Then within my bosom Softly this I heard: "Each heart holds the secret; Kindness is the word."

> > WHO KNOWS!

Books Do Not Teach Everything. New York Press. "He loved flowers, but he hated botany." is a bit of eulogy of a dead Massachusetts millionaire that will awake a responsive

echo in many a pulsating heart these beautiful spring days. Academic courses are not necessarily essential to an overwhelming appreciation of the glories of nature.

Increased Speed of Travel. New York Independent.

Today, without the slightest inconvenence, one may travel from sixty to ninety miles an hour, and even more, and it is

perfection of the steel highways over which our people will be transported, we shall be able to travel with perfect ease and comfort at a speed of from 125 to 150 miles an hour.

Something of a Twister. Chicago Post, Oom Paul certainly has not lost the knack of making things decidedly interesting in

Troubles of a Reformer.

Philadelphia Ledger. Gomez must be a genuine reformer. trusted by the other.

South Africa.

Australia to Hawail. The Pacific cable

question is one fast assuming interna-

President McKinley, who has shown re-

ever since he entered the White House,

ested parties.

Hard Work, Little Glory.

Philadelphia Record. Private and uncensored letters from the soldiers in the Philippines tell sickening stories of the hardships endured in fighting the insurgents. That war involves an immense amount of hard fighting and very little glory.

Coming Bursts of Bloom. Baltimore American.

Only a short time now and the roses, the strawberries, the June bride and the sweet girl graduate will come in one lovely burst tianity that the police authorities of New of bloom upon a world which deserves York City deemed it advisable to have fifty prompt extermination if it can then think of officers present at the pro-cathedral in an anything but its accumulated blessings.

000. And Buffalo, by the way, has fewer railroads to accommodate than has Omaba.

Having enjoyed the experience of learning how few people were willing to help him get rich, Andrew Carnegie is now finding out how many there are who are willing and anxious to help him get poor.

If Secretary Alger proposes to deny each and every fake set afloat concerning his alleged differences with army officers he will find little time for business and the newspapers will find little space for anything else than the secretary's corrections.

Whenever a party of explorers goes into the Arctic regions the rest of the world is kept busy for the next few years searching for them or endeavoring to find their remains. It will take several years more before we shall stop searching after Prof. Andre's balloon,

A convention of the referees in bankruptcy for the district of Nebraska has been called to meet in Omaha the coming week. A convention of the patrons of the bankruptcy referees would make a more numerous gathering, although hardly likely to prove profitable guests.

Every new order issued by the American authorities in Cuba acts on the people there like throwing a cake of soap into a Yellowstone geyser. There is a violent eruption which the uninitlated 'might think was going to turn the world inside out, but when the world refuses to turn the geyser settles down until the next test is made.

The proposed wholesale drug trust is the most modest of any yet projected. The combined capital of the concerns to be taken in is \$17,000,000, and the trust proposes to issue only \$45,000,000 worth of stock. This leaves only \$28,000,000 of bottled water in the stock, which is much less than the proportion of aqua in ordinary prescriptions.

Members of the old Nicaragua canal commission expect to be reappointed to the new interoceanic commission which is to make a careful inspection of the Panama route. Inasmuch as these commissioners have already reported against the Panama route without inspection there would be little likelihood of them reporting in its favor after inspection.

Kansas republicans are in a quandary what to do with Funston. Friends of Governor Stanley, who is anxious for renomination, are already trying to sidetrack Funston by pushing him for governor general of the Philippines. It is doubtful, however, whether Funston can be induced to expatriate himself for the sake of glory, and the republicans of Kansas 'may find it to their advantage to place the irrepressible and irresistible fighter at the head of

periods:	ness thiss	
	Em-	Em
Omaha	ployes	ploy
Jobbing Houses.	June, '95	. nov
Lee-Glass-Andreesin Co		
Baum Iron Co. (Omaha h	ouse) 20	
Marks Bros	50	
W. J. Broatch	11	
Am. Hand-Sewed Shoe C.	0 10	
Williams-Hayward Shoe C	·o 7	
United States Supply Co.		
Omaha School Supply Co.	0	
F. P. Kirkendall & Co		
Z. T. Lindsey	15	
Her & Co	11	
Meyer & Raapks		
W. V. MOTSE Co.	15	
Carpenter Paper Co	- 95	
M. E. Smith & Co		
Rector & Wilhelmy		
Richardson Drug Co	48	
Allen Bros.	15	
Sattley Manufacturing Co		
Paxton & Gallagher		- 8
Bemis Omaha Bag Co		
Kingman Implement Co		

E. H. Sprague & Co..... 12 Total. 23 concerns...... 599 Increas:

While this is only a partial list selected at random, it is a knock-down answer to the reckless charge that

prosperity is a sham. If only twentythree of the wholesale concerns in Omaha employ seventy-one more traveling salesmen and 260 more bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks and shipping men than they did three years ago, it is safe to assume that a proportionate increase would be disclosed by a complete census of all our business houses. That fact more than any other accounts for the marked improvement visible throughout the city in the occupancy of more than 500 dwelling houses that were vacant before McKinley was elected.

Admitting that the trusts have consolidated some lines of business and squeezed out of employment a considerable number of men, the difference between today and three years ago is that then thousands of factories were closed down entirely and thousands more were running only on half time.

ARMY REORGANIZATION.

One conclusion reached by the court of inquiry which investigated the charges that bad beef was supplied to

the army meets with general public approval and doubtless is largely ap- now equal to that of the two next proved also in military circles. This is that the organization of the United States army is in one vital and most important respect defective. While the court did not find that the evidence sustained the charges of General Miles, it was demonstrated that the commissary general was the head of a bureau wedded to routine, having little knowledge of work in the field and capable

of committing what the court characterized as a "colossal error" in purchasing an experimental article of ration without inspection and in excess of need. It is shown that this could be perpetrated because the commanding they could see a safe way to do so, but general of the army had no control of a the conditions are not at present altobureau chief.

great need of our army is a general is a stimulus to the augmentation of staff, such as the military nations of military power and this contest is ious to pool with the Canadian govern-

RESTRICTION OF ARMAMENTS. The chief subject for consideration no lorger any thought of disarmament. because none of the great powers will assent to a proposition of this kind. A ments and expenditures is, however, believed by some to be practicable.

though there is 'much doubt as to whether even this is attainable. So far as the army establishments are concerned, possibly all the European governments will be disposed to keep them within the present limits. There is no apparent reason why Russia, Germany, France, Austria and Italy should not be willing to do this. As to Great Britain, whose standing army is less than that of any of the great powers, she has already made provision for slightly increasing it and in view of the fact that difficulty is being found in doing this she is not likely to oppose restriction. As to the United States, it is the under-

standing that it will take no part in the consideration of this question, having no practical concern in it. It is in regard to naval armament that failure to agree on a policy of restriction is to be expected. It may be doubted whether even Russia will be found willing to halt in the work of building up its navy, while it can be confidently predicted that neither Germany nor France and especially the former will agree to limit its naval power to the present proportions, or to the strength for which provision has already been made. The policy of the

German government is to steadily strengthen its naval power, to place itself in this respect more nearly upon an equality with the other great powers. Its adherence to this polley will necessitate a like course on the part

of some of the other powers, particularly France, which although having the second largest navy in the world is still adding to it. It is possible that were the other powers to assent to a proposition to restrict naval armament Great Britain would agree to it, since the naval strength of that nation is

strongest naval powers and she has made provision for a large increase. But it is by no means certain that Great Britain is disposed to halt in this direction.

It thus appears to be highly improbable that any practical result will come from the consideration of the question of restricting armaments and military expenditures. Undoubtedly every European government appreciates the burden which the maintenance of great armaments imposes upon its people. and probably most if not all of them would be glad to lessen the burden if

gether favorable to this. The aggres-It has been repeatedly urged that the sive contest for territorial possessions not by subsidizing private capitalists.

the great lakes with the ocean is, in ject careful consideration. our judgment, a matter of far greater by the International Peace conference importance to the commercial interests

relates to the restriction of armaments of the American people than the buildand military expenditures. There is ing of an isthmian canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific. The former, according to the estimates, would be the more costly, but there can be no doubt general policy of restriction in arma- that it would also be the more profitable.

> And now the Navy department proposes to solicit recruits from the great central west. Until the breaking out of the late war practically all of the men in the naval service came from the seaboard, but when men were wanted in a hurry they were taken from any place they could be secured. It also required such an event to awaken interest in the navy among western people, many of whom never saw a war ship. While the man from the prairies and the mountains did not know much about sea navigation he was apt and willing and showed the stuff to make as fine a sailor as the one born and reared in the odor of salt water. The great inland states are proud of the navy and will doubtless be quick to accept the opportunity to

furnish some of the brawn needed to man it.

Rev. Dearness of Cincinnati will find himself sadly out of tune with the sentiment of this nation in declaring that uniformed men are a disgrace to the country. Men honestly differ in their views as to the policy of territorial expansion, but the man who fails to do honor to the sacrifices and bravery of the American soldier, both volunteer and regular, is unworthy the protection the laws of the land, backed up by men in uniform, afford him.

The First Nebraska regiment has at last secured the rest it has so well earned. In the neighborhood of 400 men, all that remain of an effective force belonging to the organization, have taken the cars for Manila. As they will be one of the first regiments to be sent to the United States, it is altogether likely that the men have seen the last of their fighting and no more will fall victims to Filipino bullets.

One by one the countries of Central and South America are breaking away from the silver standard, Costa Rica being the latest. During the recent trip of the president of that country to the United States and Europe he secured gold sufficient to provide for the redemption of the present depreciated currency and the single gold standard will be firmly established in Costa Rica at no distant day.

clusion that the only practicable way is by direct government ownership and The Australian governments are anx-

New Standard of Value. Chicago Post.

The relative values of husband and wife out for trouble. appear to be settled now. A few days ago a story was told of a man who paid \$5 for a wife, and afterward announced that she was worth it, and now we are regaled with a tale of a woman who agreed to pay \$250 One of New York's professional beggars for a husband and afterward effected a is reputed to be worth \$60,000. He is an compromise for \$75, at the same time expressing herself perfectly satisfied with the example, but not the author, of that literary latter price. The natural deduction that a gem, "How to Get Rich Without Working. husband is worth fifteen times as much as Chicago is rather backward in reposing confidence in the alleged discovery of the a wife may be disputed by the Federation of Women's Clubs, but unless some new figures secret of perpetual youth. The town will are produced it will have to stand.

Anti-Sectarian Tendency.

Portland Oregonian A very striking illustration of the antisectarian tendencies of American life is the fact that there are more Presbyterians-that is, sons of Presbyterian families-in the strictly secular universities of the country than in the Presbyterian university Princeton. And a still more striking fact is that there are 300 Catholic students in attendance upon the courses of Yale university. Neither the American youth nor his parents are willing to accept the limitations of sectarian education, and in this connection it is interesting to see that schools everywhere are seeking to avoid the prejudice of denominational connection.

NEBRASKA FARM LANDS.

How They Have Grown in Value and Enriched the Owners.

family to do likewise. Strange to say, Chi-Sterling Morton's Conservative cagoans criticise him for taking care of Are all purchasers of farm lands fools? For more than six years there has been an number one. organization of politicians and idiots in Nebraska preaching the impossibility of making even a living upon ordinary farm lands the season wanes. Its record heretofore was a shade better than transporting bables in this state.

The populist party has proclaimed from and other domestic utensils great distance every school house, court house and platform without damaging them. The prize freak of the state was the removal of a blue-ribbon that the farmer in Nebraska is a downtrodden, moneyless serf, over whose prosjug from a farmer's barn and depositing i trate person the plutocrat and the corporain an adjoining county, unbroken, but minu tion hold gleeful orgics. the cork and the elixir. Now comes Ohic with a pair the like of which Kansas never

And yet this same supine son of toll pays his de ts, schools his children, tu a carringes organs, sewing machines and planos and wears a smile brighter than an Easter morn-

Everywhere the farmers in Nebraska are damage was done. An investigation showed paying off the mortgages which represented that the tires had been plugged and every the larger part of the purchase money which plug was extracted by the hilarious was to be paid for their farms. These payments are created out of the sale of the products of the lands themselves after payoff his clothes, toted him, swimming fashio ing for the maintenance of the farm and family. mother loves to tan. Further details ar

In every county court house records show a steady, constantly increasing reduction of superfluous. The Buckeye state wears a the mortgage debts upon farms. This is sunflower boutonniere the truth. These records are facts. They stand up with moral courage, and with un flinching eyes look the populist press and orators of 1896 in their brazen faces and

say in almost angry tones "How you all did lie in 1896! Not a single forecast of calamity has been verified. The gold standard has been upheld. There is now a bigger amount of circulating cash in May in the United States than ever before!" And are people buying lands at advanced and advancing prices upon which great majority of the products of America no man can make a living and much less mills and forges, however, are made fo profits over and above a living?

How is it that farmers in Nebraska have headway in most foreign markets becau nine times out of ten paid for their lands American manufacturers have as yet given out of the surplus products of the lands little attention to the important matter of adapting their products to foreign wants. ing. hemselves, if populism teaches truth? Was there ever before a constant and ris-They have assumed that what is adapted t

ng demand for land upon which nobody, the wants of the American people must of according to the populists, could make a necessity be adapted to the wants of everylecent living under the gold standard? body. Where is the farmer who wishes to find a

There are other important details of mar buyer for his Nebraska farm at the same, or keting American goods in foreign countries their column in the campaign of 1000. Europe have; that there should be such likely to be more fierce in the future ment in a plan for building and oper- a less price, than it cost the present owner? which have as yet been given little atten-

ically, an improvement on the old one. The new battleship Kentucky is to have

Thomas Dunn English in the Independent. fourteen-inch guns and a fourteen-gallon Perchance the spirit, freed from fleshen chains, May doff its cerements and escape the punch bowl. When both are loaded, look

tomb; Perchance may wander while all time re-New York state authorities have concluded hat the war is over. Two special guards mains, Wearily waiting for the day of doom, Released by death from all its earthly throesemployed to protect the capitol from Spanish sples have been fired from the pay roll.

Who knows?

Perchance the disembodied spirit may Come back among the scenes of care and

Come back among the strife, To learn how useless was its former way, How little were the greatest things of life; How very petty were its many woes-Who knows?

not be convinced until the elixir renews the Perchance the spirit, when the life is o'er, May sink in apathy so long and deep, er earth and heaven, or heil to know no more. Your Uncle Paul Kruger keeps his in ernal machinery lubricated with an average

more. Till the last trump shall rouse it from its slcep, onscious while life's current steadily of two gallons of beer a day. When the supply runs short he jugs a few Ultlanders

Who knows?

Ex-President Cleveland is said to have Ah! if the spirit may at times return And gaze around with immaterial eyes. Or sightless, senseless, nothing new may aught a much larger string of fish on his Lake Erie excursion than Captain Bob Evans. Yet Cleveland can unload "burning

Until the day for judgment shall arise Seek not to learn; in God your trust re-pose-Boston is a queer town. A little while ago

He knows,



"AS IRAGRANT AS FLOWERS"

Are honors nobly won-and a reputation for trustworthiness and valour is better than great riches.

As to ourselves—

Our desire to win the confidence of our customers is as great as our desire to do business with them. We believe in our goods because we manufacture them. We mean that you shall believe in them.

NOW, as to spring suits we have an unusually handsome line of patterns, of the best materials, thoroughly well tailored and warranted to fit well and styishly. A call will convince you of the merits of our cloth-

Browning, hing Co.

The New South Wales cabinet, after discussing propositions for constructing a Pacific cable, has come to the con-