the whole to take the place of the salary section of the bill:

Allowing the Douglas clerk of the court $5,000, the Lancaster clerk $3,500, the clerks in counties of 25,000 inhabitants or over $3,000 and in all other counties $1,600, with necessary assistance, the balance of the fee money to be paid into the treasury. This was adopted.

Still Further Delay.

After this amendment was attached the bill was further delayed. The printed amendments were not ordered and other bills were hurried to the front. During Saturday afternoon Senator Noyes made half a dozen requests to have the bill taken up in its proper place and each time he was turned down. It was 6 o'clock Saturday evening when he made an emphatic demand that the juggling be stopped and the bill be brought out forthwith. In this he was backed by other members and the bill was placed on its final passage, receiving twenty votes. Some of the members were absent, some slipped into the lobby, and one at least remained in his seat and refused to vote.

The oil room made one more attempt at delay without success and it went to the house where the amendments were concurred in. Then the last desperate effort was made to kill the bill in the engrossing room by omitting the enacting clause and mixing up the amendments. This fraud was detected in the nick of time and the bill was recopied correctly and finally landed in the governor's office.

It was well understood that the opposition to the bill was prompted by the clerks from the big counties, and that it especially affected the Douglas county man who at the present time draws fees as salary amounting to from $20,000 to $25,000 per year. The income of the Lancaster clerk under the old system is not known, but it is estimated at all the way from $5,000 to $10,000 per year. Other counties yield a revenue to the clerks that will be shown to have been largely in excess of the salary allowed under the new bill and the money put in the lobby fund, while it seemed large in the aggregate, was really a small item compared with the rake-off received every year by the clerks of the courts in the big counties.

Platte County Mortgage Record.

COLUMBUS, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—Slowly but surely Platte county is reducing its mortgage indebtedness. For the month of March just past the real estate mortgages released exceed those filed by nearly $12,000. The record for March is as follows: Fifty-two farm mortgages filed, aggregating $70,763; released, seventy-five, aggregating $74,532. Thirteen town and city mortgages filed, amounting to $5,771; released, twelve, aggregating $12,825. The chattel record shows ninety-three mortgages filed, aggregating $55,929, and fifty-one released, aggregating $18,784.

Loup Gradually Creeps Up.

COLUMBUS, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—County Surveyor Rossiter has just completed and filed with the county clerk a chart showing the present true meanderings of the Loup river within the corporate limits of the city. This is the first official survey in several years, and it shows that the Loup is steadily encroaching upon the city. The chart shows that in all about twelve blocks of the original townsite have been washed away. The supervisors at the next regular meeting will be asked to have the missing lots and blocks removed from the tax list and an effort will be made to check the encroachments of the river.

EASTER IN NEBRASKA CHURCHES.

Usual Attractive Music and Flowers Present Despite the Weather.

WEST POINT, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—Easter Sunday was celebrated in all the city churches in the usual manner. In spite of the inclement weather large crowds were in attendance at all the services. In the Catholic and Lutheran churches the floral decorations were lavish and the music of a high order.

WESTON, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—Appropriate Easter services were held yesterday at both the Catholic and Methodist Episcopal churches and were very largely attended. At the Methodist church a special Easter program was given by the Sunday school pupils in the evening. The altar and pulpit were prettily decorated with choice flowers and a choir of twelve well drilled voices furnished the music.

SHELTON, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—Easter sermons were preached in all the churches here yesterday and were well attended. Although this is the latest spring in this section for many years the churches were beautified with many flowers.

Farmers Anxious for Spring.

WEST POINT, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—A cold east wind blew steadily all day yesterday and this morning a light snow commenced to fall. With four feet of frost in the ground and snow and ice lodged in the fields farmers are becoming very much discouraged. A larger acreage of wheat than usual was contemplated, but with the unprecedented conditions now prevailing it is believed that the area of small grain will be very much curtailed. About an inch of snow has fallen.

NORTH LOUP, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—The weather still continues cold, a light snow falling today. The ground is frozen solid and no spring work has been done here as yet.

Clerks Shift About.

LINCOLN, April 3.—(Special.)—Some changes are being recorded in the clerical force at the state house. The stenographers in the office of the adjutant general have gone out, the legislature not having made appropriation for help of this sort for the next biennium. W. B. Bradbury, bookkeeper in the treasurer's office, has resigned and will engage in the merchandise business at Stockville, where he is also interested in a bank. His place will be taken by C. Q. DeFrance, who resigns a place in the governor's office. The latter vacancy has not yet been filled.

Modest Demand of a Husband.

SYRACUSE, Neb., April 3.—(Special Telegram.)—Constable McFarland received a telephone message today from H. Huette of Burr to detain Ed Whimpton, who was traveling with Huette's wife to New York, as he had a warrant for Whimpton's arrest. When Mr. Huette arrived here he had no warrant and merely demanded $2 and a certain satchel which the couple had. His demand was complied with and they left on the afternoon train for the east.

Lawyers Added to Ticket.

SHELTON, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—A second city caucus was held and the four attorneys of Shelton were added to the town ticket, to be voted on at Tuesday's election. The new candidates are J. F. Walker, D. C. Wengell, S. E. Phelps and J. P. Smith.

Odd Fellows Eat Queer Fare.

GENEVA, Neb., April 3.—(Special.)—On the night of April 1 the Odd Fellows of this city were entertained by the local Rebekah lodge. Refreshments, consisting of water and cotton doughnuts, were served, followed by more acceptable rations.

Signed by the Governor.

LINCOLN, April 3.—(Special Telegram.)—The governor this afternoon attached his signature to the following bills: S. F. 275, and H. R. 251, 457, 444, 621, 470, 599, 336, 65, 296, 538, 8, 275, 9, 280, 421, 318 and 194.

AGITATION IN JAMAICA

Attempt to Force Crown Colony Rule Meets with Defeat in Island—Want Annexation.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 28.—(Associated Press Correspondence.)—The political crisis that has arisen over the new tariff bill continues a deadlock, which must continue until after April 4. During the last two previous days the island was on the eve of rebellion against the attempt of the government to coerce the representatives of the people.

Realizing at last the full gravity of the situation, Sir Augustus made proposals for a compromise, but the representatives would accept no terms which did not include the abandonment of all coercive measures. The government, unable to concede this point without the consent of Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, proposed an adjournment until April 4, and this was agreed to.

The moral victory thus secured by the people served for the present to calm the excitement. No one doubts that Mr. Chamberlain will yield and abandon the attempt to force crown colony rule on Jamaica, as he has on Antigua, Dominica and Trinidad.

The incident has had the effect of reviving agitation in behalf of American annexation in line with that now going on in the Leeward islands.

LIBERAL IN APPROPRIATIONS

Legislature Has Done Well by All the State Institutions.

CARVED ITEMS ONLY WHEN NECESSARY

Populist Officials File No Complaint About the Sums Set Out for Their Use—Some Figures in Detail.

LINCOLN, April 3.—(Special.)—The legislature, which has just ended its labors, has been liberal in its appropriations, although when the totals are all footed up it will be seen that the allowances are as economical as possible, if the various state institutions are to be given sufficient funds to carry them through the next two years without stint. Whatever the amounts it goes without saying that they have been appropriated by a republican legislature to be spent by fusion officials almost entirely and are based upon the estimates and demands of those officials. While the fusion officeholders did not get all they asked for, still they are well satisfied with the treatment accorded them by the republicans and say they have no complaints to make concerning their allowances for the current biennium.

It must also be borne in mind that the 1897 legislature, in its great desire to make a record for economy, cut down all appropriations below the amount absolutely needed to meet current expenses, which resulted in large deficiencies this year. This legislature remedied that by giving the various departments enough money to meet their requirements. When all things are taken into consideration, together with the increased prosperity that has come upon the people in the last two years, the present legislature has been more businesslike and economical than many of its predecessors.

The Figures for It.

The total amount appropriated by the salary appropriation bill is $825,220, as compared with $805,300 two years ago. For the purpose of making a better comparison the item for university salaries should be subtracted from both bills, as that amount comes from a special fund, the 1 mill university fund. The sum of $230,000 was appropriated for university salaries this year and $197,000 two years ago, according to the salary appropriation bill, although when the university debate was on in the house the total amount was placed at $209,000. Taking the university item out of the bill it leaves a total of $595,220 this session and $608,300 two years ago.

In considering the general appropriation bill for current expenses it is found that the university items under this bill were in entirely separate bills two years ago except one item of $60,500, which was $55,500 two years ago, or $5,000 less. In order to arrive at a fair comparison, therefore, it is necessary to treat the university items in a supplementary way in this bill also. Leaving out the university the total appropriation carried by H. R. 501 this year is $961,588, while two years ago it was $1,077,967.

The total appropriated for the university under this bill is $266,000. Of this amount $60,500 is for current expenses of various kinds; $93,500 is for buildings, $32,000 gives the university cash items paid into the university treasury for matriculation fees and various resources paid to the university from time to time, including tuition fees in the law school, and $80,000 comes from the national government under the Morrill act and the experimental station act.

As stated above the only one of these items in the general appropriation bill two years ago was the first one of $55,500 for current expenses, while $30,000 was appropriated for buildings in a special act. The $80,000 from the government, which comes every biennium, was also appropriated in a special act. There was no appropriation two years ago corresponding to the $32,000, which disposes of the "university cash fund," being the amount in that fund now held by the state treasurer.

Money for Buildings.

The present legislature has been more liberal in voting money for new buildings and repairs at the state institutions. Necessary repairs have been put off from session to session owing to the hard times the state passed through during the Cleveland administration. The building bills are as follows:

H. R. 8, Hastings asylum wing, $30,000; H. R. 9, Hastings asylum boiler house, etc., $15,000; H. R. 296, Lincoln asylum addition, $40,000; H. R. 336, Beatrice institute, $48,500; H. R. 280, deaf and dumb building, $25,000; H. R. 275, Deaf and Dumb institute boiler house, $7,700; H. R. 538, improvements at Nebraska City blind institute, $6,000; H. R. 418, Peru Normal, $5,000; H. R. 295, Milford Soldiers' home site, $13,500; H. R. 610, to purchase a governor's mansion, $25,000; total, $215,700.

DIVIDENDS OF THE PANHANDLE

Suit of Stockholder to Protect the Rights of Others is Answered in Court.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—Counsel for the Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway company (the Panhandle) today filed an answer in the United States circuit court to the suit of Maurice Barber stated to be a stockholder of the defendant company and who claims certain funds should have been devoted to the payment of dividends. In answer it is admitted that the Pennsylvania, whose capital stock is almost entirely owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad company, holds not less than 75 per cent of the preferred stock and not less than 60 per cent of the common stock of the defendant corporation.

It is denied that the defandant corporation is operated wholly in the interest of said Pennsylvania company, and it is denied that the operation of the company is in opposition to the interests of the holders of its stock.

The averment is denied that the directors have at any time violated the rights of the stockholders of the company in using the net earnings for the purpose, "among other things, of doubletracking its road and elevating its tracks in Chicago instead of in the declaration of dividends."

It is explained that any outlay was made in performing a necessary duty toward the public and for the preservation and maintenance of the company's property. It is denied that there has been an unlawful diversion of earnings.

COLLISION AT BAND CONCERT

Policeman Tries to Arrest Unruly Private and is Himself Taken Into Custody.

HAVANA, April 3.—A policeman arrested a boisterous Eighth infantry private last night for refusing to pay chair hire in Central park and for threatening a man with a revolver. Many soldiers and policemen were in the dense crowd listening to the band. Three members of the provost guard released the prisoner and captured the policeman. Other officers began to draw their revolvers and were knocked down by unarmed privates who were off duty. Thereupon the policemen became greatly excited and held consultations in groups while the crowd rapidly dispersed, fearing shooting was about to take place. The men of the provost guard took the captured policeman to their corporal, who released him. Several soldiers were arrested for participation in the disorder.

A local newspaper has published a letter accusing Cuban troops of the murder of several Spaniards, which has caused a storm of indignation and protest from the Cuban army and Cuban officers from the district where the murders are said to have occurred have come to Havana declaring the letter is a lie and that the men referred to as having been murdered are still living.

As the letter is said to be of Spanish origin the feeling aroused is more bitter than it would otherwise have been.

FINNISH APPEAL FOR RIGHTS

American Contingent Feels that Their National Life is Being Crushed Out.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The Finnish-American central committee, recently appointed by the Finlanders resident in the United States to organize opposition in the western hemisphere to the czar's recent utterance for the Russification of Finland, today issued an address to all Finlanders in the United States and Canada, calling upon them "to rise up as one man, strong in the knowledge of the righteous cause and uphold their sacred rights before the world."

The address points out that it is sought to uproot the constitution, to destroy Finland's parliamentary government and to annihilate its national existence by reducing the country to the condition of a mere Russian province and declares that four things are to be done persistently to oppose this:

First—Call upon the American and Canadian press to uphold a true and loyal people in their struggle for existence.

Second—Aid in the organization of mass meetings.

Three—Seek to interest people of the United States and Canada in the movement.

Fourth—And in educating the Anglo-Saxon peoples in a knowledge of Finland, its services to civilization, its history, and its rights.

The address appeals for funds for the expenses of the Finnish delegation to Washington, explains the necessity of hurrying the work as much as possible and impresses on Finlanders the necessity of pursuing their labors with the greatest possible dispatch so as to cause a speedy presentation of the matter to the government at Washington and through it to the United States delegates to the International Peace conference which is to assemble at The Hague May 18 next. The address is signed by officers of the central committee, including Esa Takala, president, and the members of the executive committee.

SUCCESS AS CHECK FORGER

Bankers and Hotel Men by Scores the Victims of One D. D. Quinlan.

CHICAGO, April 3.—D. D. Quinlan, who was arrested today as a forger, confessed to the police that he had realized a small fortune by securing money on worthless checks. He is wanted in New York, St. Louis, Detroit, Cincinnati and several other cities.

Quinlan went by the name of Charles Fast. His parents, he says, live in Ohio, are wealthy and highly respectable and are not aware of his troubles. His victims were almost all hotel men, but he swindled bankers also.

Several months ago he secured a position to travel for E. C. Devitt & Co. of Chicago. The firm advanced him money and never saw him again. At the same time he represented the firm of J. J. Foley & Co. He forged this firm's name to half a dozen checks. Next he engaged as traveling salesman for Charles Nevin of Buffalo, N. Y., whose name he forged to a dozen checks a day while on the road. He stopped in the finest hotels and when in need of money filled out a check and passed it on the owner of the hotel or at a bank. Quinlan says he expects his relatives to come to his rescue.

KIPLING THANKS HIS FRIENDS

Gratitude Expressed for the Many Evidences of Regard Shown During His Illness.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The following letter of thanks has been written by Rudyard Kipling:

HOTEL GRENOBLE, EASTER DAY, 1899.—Dear Sir: Will you allow me through your columns to attempt some acknowledgment of the wonderful sympathy, affection and kindness shown towards me during my recent illness, as well as the unfailing courtesy that controlled its expression. I am not strong enough to answer letters in detail, so I must take this means of thanking as humbly as sincerely the countless people of good will throughout the world who have put me under a debt I can never hope to repay. Faithfully yours,

RUDYARD KIPLING.

Mr. Kipling got out of bed yesterday for the first time since his illness. He is well on the way toward complete recovery.

KILLS HIS SECOND MAN

Clyde Mattox, Noted Tough of Southwest, Who Was Pardoned by McKinley, in Another Fatal Row.

WICHITA, Kans., April 3.—A special to the Eagle from Ponca City, O. T., says: Clyde Mattox killed Lincoln Swinney, an Osage ranchman, here this evening, in the White House club saloon, during a quarrel, in which Swinney was the aggressor. Mattox used a knife on his assailant.

The case of Mattox is one of the most celebrated in the southwest. In 1891, when a mere boy, he killed a negro in Oklahoma City, O. T., in a quarrel; was tried in the federal district court here and sentenced to death. He escaped from jail in 1893, was recaptured and sent to the penitentiary. His mother, Mrs. S. W. Hatch, after vainly spending a fortune in his behalf, appealed to President Cleveland, who finally commuted Mattox's sentence to life imprisonment. A second appeal, made in person to President McKinley, resulted in a pardon last year.

BRIGANDS ARE FIGHTING

Notorious Island Desperado is Caught and Locked Up Near San Luis, Cuba.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, April 3.—Four bandits, among them Antonio Nunez, a notorious desperado, were captured five miles from San Luis yesterday after a lively fight with men of the Ninth immune regiment. Today they were brought here and locked up.

The Plemento estate, near Cobre, was visited by eleven brigands today and a store on the estate was looted. In this instance there was no fighting.

A regular battle, however, has taken place near Holguin, between the bandits and the men of the Second immune regiment, in which two outlaws and one soldier were killed. No further serious trouble is expected at Holguin and Cobre.

Large Purchase of Lumber.

MARINETTE, Wis., April 3.—The Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago has purchased the entire season's cut of the N. Ludington Shingling mill, about 30,000,000 feet. It is the second largest deal made this year and the consideration is about $350,000. The purchase includes all the lath as well as shingles.

Wants to Get In "Pen" Again.

VINCENNES, Ind., April 3.—Postoffice Inspector Hartshorne of Cincinnati today arrested Abe Rothschild on a charge of attempting a swindle at Princeton, Ind. Rothschild, it is said, has just been released from the Missouri penitentiary, and is wanted in Texas and Louisiana on similar charges.

YEAR'S FIRST STATE ELECTION

(Continued from First Page.)

180,000 votes, as against 100,000 for Carter and 30,000 for Altgeld.

In the republican camp the estimate is: Carter, 130,000; Harrison, 120,000, and Altgeld, 80,000. They claim that Altgeld will draw enough votes from Harrison to elect Carter beyond a doubt. The democrats agree that there will be something of a defection from the Harrison ranks in favor of Altgeld, but say the votes to come to Harrison from the republican ranks will more than offset whatever he will lose by the candidacy of Altgeld.

The sober admission is, however, in all of the headquarters that there has seldom, if ever, been an election in Chicago so difficult to forecast with accuracy as this one.

Not one of the parties has made an attempt to poll the votes prior to election and their estimates are for the most part guess work. It is admitted on all sides that the size of the Altgeld vote is what will determine the result. If he secured close to 100,000 votes it means the election of Carter, the republican candidate. If he has under 40,000—and the estimates run all the way between the figures—Harrison will be elected. If Altgeld has much over 100,000 he is likely to be elected, but the majority of politicians in both the democratic and republican ranks say that they have little fear of his election.

The republicans are expecting trouble at the polls tomorrow in several wards, particularly in the First ward and Eighteenth. They say the democrats have "colonized" extensively, that they know the "colonists" and under no circumstances will they be permitted to vote. The democracy in the wards mentioned deny any illegal work and say every democrat who comes to the polls shall cast his ballot.

CITY ELECTIONS IN MONTANA

Anaconda Elects Whole Democratic Ticket—In Butte the Democrats Get Only Mayor.

ANACONDA, Mont., April 3.—The result of the Butte election is a majority of about 500 for McCarthy, democratic candidate for mayor. The republicans elect the city treasurer, police magistrate and four or five of the eight aldermen.

In Missoula, Webster, republican, is elected mayor and a republican majority in the council is elected.

Collins, republican, is elected mayor of Great Falls; the council is democratic.

Anaconda elects the entire democratic city ticket, except police magistrate.

In Livingston, Smith, democrat, is elected mayor with practically the entire democratic ticket.

Alward, republican, is elected mayor of Bozeman. The democrats elected one alderman.

The citizens' ticket was successful in Miles City, with Andrews elected mayor.

TOO BUSY FOR AN ELECTION

Unusual and Unique Condition of Affairs Confronts the Municipality of Bronson, Kan.

CHICAGO, April 3.—The Chronicle's Fort Scott, Kan., special says: The municipal election at Bronson, Kan., twenty-five miles west of here, went by default today and an unique condition of municipal government will result.

Three political organizations exist in the town, but the people were so busy digging for natural gas and zinc that they utterly neglected to call a convention and make nominations. No ballots were printed, and today, when under the law they must open the polls, the election commissioners telephoned the county attorney here for advice. They were instructed that no legal election could be held and unless the mayor and other officials can hold over the town will be without government for two years.

City Elections in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 3.—The town and city election today was distinguished by general apathy and a light vote. The common council will stand forty-three republicans to seventeen democrats, a gain of six. This gives a republican majority of twenty-six on joint ballot and insures the election of republican candidates for city attorney, prosecuting attorney, etc.

SERVICES FOR FIRE VICTIMS

Search of Windsor Ruins is Concluded and Result is Forty-Five Bodies.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The work of searching the ruins of the Windsor hotel ended today. The contractor thinks there is no human remnant left in the ruins. The total of the known dead now numbers forty-five and several persons are still missing.

Impressive memorial services were held in the Church of the Heavenly Rest today for the dead of the Windsor hotel fire. The church was filled with friends and relatives of persons who perished in the fire and was decorated with flowers. The service was intended for all the dead of the fire, however they died, and whether or not their bodies were among those recovered or among those all trace of which was lost, the regular office for the dead being spoken and sung. The procession halted at the beginning of the aisle to allow the clergy to begin the office as if the caskets were being carried down to the altar.

CITY OF TOPEKA STRANDED

Goes Ashore on Rocky Ledge in Wrangel Narrows, but is Not Badly Damaged.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 3.—The steamer City of Topeka, which runs between Puget Sound and Alaska, is ashore on Rocky Ledge, a reef at the south end of Wrangel Narrows, 100 miles south of Juneau.

The Topeka was northward bound and had about 150 passengers on board. The passengers were taken on to Juneau by the United States lighthouse tender Manzanillo. A telegram from Captain Thompson of the Topeka to Superintendent Trowbridge of the Pacific Coast company says the vessel is not badly damaged. He has sent to Juneau for a diver to patch some holes in the vessel's bottom, after which he expects to float the vessel. Had the steamer been in a serious position Superintendent Trowbridge thinks Captain Thompson would have telegraphed for immediate assistance.

The Topeka left here March 26 and it is supposed to have gone on the rocks March 30.

CRUSADE AGAINST POLYGAMY

Dr. Iliff of Salt Lake Addresses New York Ministers on Situation in Utah.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The Rev. Dr. Thomas C. Iliff of Salt Lake City addressed the Methodist preachers' weekly meeting in this city today on "The Present Situation in Utah."

Dr. Iliff has been the superintendent of the Methodist mission in Utah for twenty-five years. He is making his present trip as the chairman of a committee representing the Evangelical churches of Utah to prevent the admission to the next house of representatives of Brigham H. Roberts. In the course of his address Dr. Iliff said:

If Brigham H. Roberts is permitted to sit in congress it will be interpreted in every Mormon hamlet as the fulfillment of Brigham Young's prophecy and also as nationalizing polygamy. The Mormons will redouble their energies. Already they may be said to hold the balance of power in Idaho and Wyoming and they are very strong in Nevada, Arizona and in southwest Colorado. The other day the wife of a senator from a state adjoining Utah, herself a Mormon, was asked to use her influence on behalf of our crusade. She replied that she could not do anything about that matter. That shows the Mormon influence in politics.

We ask that congress shall expel Roberts. We at first petitioned that he be not received, but after conferring with Senator Edmunds and others we think that the proper procedure is to expel him.

MISS HELEN GOULD'S THANKS

Expresses Modest Estimation of Her Kindly Offices to Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 3.—At tonight's session of the house a letter was read from Miss Helen Gould thanking the legislature of Pennsylvania for its resolution in recognition of her kindly offices during the recent war with Spain and adding:

"While I do not feel entitled to the many expressions of appreciation and good will that have come to me since the war with Spain I am none the less deeply touched by them."

The reading of the letter was liberally applauded.

FIGHT OF LABOR WINS OUT

Governor Roosevelt Appoints State Factory Inspectors Who Are from the Ranks of Workingmen.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 3.—Governor Roosevelt today nominated ex-Assemblyman John Williams of Utica to succeed Daniel O'Leary of Glens Falls as state factory inspector at $3,000. He also appointed Patrick O'Brien of New York City assistant factory inspector to succeed Joseph H. Barker of New York city, salary $2,500. Both are labor organization representatives. Mr. Williams is a carpenter by trade and O'Brien a stationary engineer. The labor unions made a bitter fight against the reappointment of O'Leary.

LEGISLATORS TO REPORT

Committee Appointed by Pennsylvania House to Look Into Proposal for Making Popular Vote.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 3.—The house tonight adopted a resolution authorizing the appointment of two senators and three members to confer with the legislators of other states with the view of bringing about the submission of an amendment to the constitution of the United States whereby they may elect the president, vice president and United States senators by direct popular vote, this committee to report to the legislature in 1901.

AIMED AT THE SWEAT SHOPS

Governor Roosevelt Vetoes Amendment to State Factory Law Because it is Not Radical Enough.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 3.—Governor Roosevelt tonight vetoed the bill of Assemblyman T. P. Sullivan amending the state factory law. In his veto message to the assembly the governor says that the bill does not go so far toward the abolition of sweat shops as the Costello bill, which he has just signed. The governor says he wishes the Costello bill were more radical.

HYMENEAL.

De Funiak-Quimby.

DETROIT, April 3.—Miss Florence Quimby, daughter of William E. Quimby, ex-minister to The Netherlands, and editor of the Detroit Free Press, was married here this afternoon to Ernest Alonzo de Funiak of Birmingham, Ala. A large party of southerners from Birmingham, Atlanta and Louisville attended. Christ's church, where the ceremony was performed, was beautifully adorned with white lilies and masses of green. After a reception at the bride's home the couple left for New York over the Michigan Central in President Ledyard's private car.

C., H. & D.'s Answer to Ouster Suit.

COLUMBUS, O., April 3.—The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad today filed its answer in the ouster suit brought against the Central Passenger association by the attorney general on the grounds that the association is in violation of the anti-trust law. The road is the first to make answer to the charges of the attorney general. It admits that it is a member of the association and that the association has sold mileage tickets which are exchangeable for tickets over the lines in the association, but further than that all the allegations of the attorney general are denied.

Sons of Veterans' Ball.

The eleventh annual ball of the General George Crook camp, No. 1, Sons of Veterans, at Woodmen's hall Monday night, was attended by nearly 200 members of the camp and their friends. The decorations in blue, red and white, designed specially for the occasion, were unusually pretty and the music was a feature of the evening. Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Rawitzer led the grand march in which eighty couples took part. The committee in charge of the dance was: O. L. Salisbury, John L. Gideon, F. J. Coates, W. H. Mulcahy and John G. Kuhn.

Iowa Man Touched.

Sadie Richmond, colored, residing at 103 North Ninth street, was arrested Monday night on the charge, larceny from the person, having been accused by Thomas Brightal, Webster City, Ia., of stealing $8 from his pockets.