

MINERS FIGHT FOR CLAIMS

Several Americans and Canadians Killed in Dispute About Boundary.

LINE MOVED TO SUIT CANADIAN TASTE

Prospectors from United States Recent Trespass and Failure to Declaration of Rights with Ejection of Intruders.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A special from Vancouver, B. C., says: Carl Summerfelt, a German, who was a passenger on board the steamer Leona when she struck the rock in the Lynn canal, brought the news that a battle had been fought between American and Canadian miners a few miles off the Dalton trail. Four men are reported to have been killed outright and a number of others are said to have been seriously wounded.

When the alien mining law of British Columbia was enforced a few months ago the American miners left. At this time the Canadian gold district, and struck north. They found a short distance off the Dalton trail, on the Porcupine river, a district rich in placer gold. It was generally conceded that the new placers were in American territory.

The miners vowed that no Canadian should have a claim. Some Canadian mounted policemen, however, did attack them as they moved the Canadian flag from Mount Pleasant, on the trail, so as to make the line take in a rich part of the district.

They were followed by at least forty Canadian miners, who all located good claims. A fortnight ago about 100 American miners held a meeting and decided to send notices to all Canadians to leave the country within five days. The notices were sent out, but no heed was paid to them. Summerfelt, who left the Porcupine river district two weeks ago, says: "Early on the morning of the sixteenth day the Canadian miners met and proceeded to the Canadian camp. I don't believe they intended bloodshed, although they were fully armed. Before they could even state the object of their visit some one, I don't know from which party, fired a shot, and then every one seemed to be shooting. Several rounds were fired and four men, I was told, were killed outright—an American and three Canadians."

Canadians Are Routed. "The battle was very brief, and resulted in the Canadians, about fifty in number, flying across the border. The Americans then retired to their own camp. I was informed that the following Americans were leaders in the battle, but cannot say for certain: C. G. Lewis and Charles Leitch of Los Angeles; W. S. Hayes, Minnesota; A. McCannally, Chicago, and F. W. Borough of Denver.

I did not ascertain the names of the killed. From my location, about fifteen miles north of the Porcupine river, I heard that a squad of Canadian Northwest mounted police had left Lake Taylor for the Porcupine, the news of the fight having reached them. The Americans are determined, and I fear there will be another conflict. There is no doubt in my mind that the new district is in American territory."

Summerfelt's story is uncontradicted, but reports received here about two weeks ago from the district predicted a clash if the Canadians did not leave the territory.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—With infinite difficulty the joint commissioners had succeeded in reaching an agreement to which all could subscribe, looking to the settlement of this boundary question and of the conflicting mining interests generally. Within a few days the Canadian legislature had passed an act nullifying completely all of the interests which American miners had so painfully and expensively acquired in the new Alaskan district. This caused great irritation and was the subject of considerable discussion before the commission. It was believed, however, that with the ratification of the treaty which was expected to be negotiated, carrying with it the provision for the settlement of the mining interests, the objection would be vacated by the superior force of the treaty. Apprehensive of trouble in the event of the failure of that instrument the two governments—the United States and Great Britain—reached an agreement in the nature of a compromise, roughly defining by certain land marks the boundary between the British and American possessions on the Klondike section down to British Columbia.

Boundaries Have Been Moved. The officials here cannot tell from the vague report brought by the Vancouver dispatch where the conflict took place between the American and Canadian miners, so it is impossible to tell who is at fault. It is said, however, that the Canadians have been particularly aggressive in this boundary matter. Right along, that they had several times, the Canadians moved the boundary claimed by them and that in each case this extension coincided or followed very closely the discovery of new gold fields in the vicinity.

The indications are that the United States government will be obliged to take some steps to police its side of the border in Alaska in a method corresponding to the Canadian system. There will be nothing threatening in the adoption of such a course for the United States, who have much less risk of conflict between the regularly appointed and responsible bodies like the Canadian mounted police on the one side and the United States military forces on the other than between bands of miners as opposed to the Canadian police. Consequently it is probable that as soon as Colonel Ray arrives here from Porto Rico, or perhaps even before, the War department will take steps to organize a suitable force for this purpose. The reports sent by the United States army officials in Alaska refer to the Porcupine river locality, where this conflict is reported. Lieutenant Richardson reported that eighteen prospectors had gone up the Porcupine and Salmon rivers. He gave in detail the names of the prospectors and his sudden and dangerous floods in the spring, but he did not indicate that any question existed as between the American and Canadian interests.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—There will be five packet boats used the coming season to do business from this point to up-river points as far as old Fort Randall. A new boat is now under construction and will be ready for the season's work. This business has made remarkable growth in the last two years and four boats were kept busy last season. Every one was caught in the ice when the river froze over in making the last trip.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

of the finest editions devoted to Jewish history in the United States. Dr. Isaac M. Wise, the venerable rabbi of Cincinnati, presided over the ceremonies, and was assisted by Dr. Max Heller of New Orleans, Dr. Emil G. Hirsch of Chicago and Dr. Henry Berkowitz of Philadelphia.

LICHTY TESTIFIES AGAIN

(Continued from Second Page.)

to become a part of the city. Those brought into the city by the decision of the district court are chiefly those who carry on business in the city without paying any taxes.

COLE JURY CANNOT AGREE

Alleged Murderer of Kriebbaum Must Undergo Another Trial to Determine His Guilt.

BLOOMINGTON, Neb., March 17.—(Special Telegram.)—The jury in the W. S. Cole case, who is charged with the killing of J. H. Kriebbaum on December 2, could not agree on a verdict and was discharged at Judge Deal at 7 o'clock this evening. The case will be retried on March 20th. Cole's attorneys will ask for a new trial as soon as Tooman's case is disposed of, which will take a half day's examination to complete its jury. Court was adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday.

WAAHOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—District court has been in session in this city during the week and adjourned yesterday until Monday. Judge Bates is on the bench. The time was occupied by two cases. Some illicit liquor vendors from Valparaiso pleaded guilty and were fined \$200 each and costs. The other case was that of Swanson against Stratton and Hanson for damages. Mr. Stratton sold Swanson's 10-year-old boy 2 cents' worth of gunpowder and the boy improvised a cannon out of a piece of gasoline and fired it into the air, blowing out one eye and filling his face with powder. The father sued for damages, but the jury brought in a verdict of no cause for action. The case has been watched with a great deal of interest, as there is an direct bearing on the question at issue in the states of Nebraska.

Testing New Bankruptcy Law. PLAINVIEW, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—E. J. Pullman and August Gleditsch have taken advantage of the new bankruptcy law and have appeared before Referee E. P. Weatherly of Norfolk. Their liabilities will amount to several thousand dollars, with little or no assets.

Horse Collar Factory at Waterloo. WATERLOO, Neb., March 17.—(Special.)—A horse collar factory, employing from twenty-five to fifty workmen, will soon be established in this town. The promoters of the enterprise are Dubois & Taylor and they will use a patent fastener invented by the former.

TRAPPED BY FLAMES

(Continued from First Page.)

way and alarmed the women who were at work in the laundry. It is believed that all of them escaped.

One of the most daring rescues effected by the firemen occurred on the fifth floor on the fifth avenue front.

An elderly woman was seen at a window and two firemen succeeded in reaching the window unharmed. One climbed to the coping of the window on which he was standing and then swung the woman clear of the window and landed her safely in the arms of his companion, who, with the assistance of several other firemen, passed her down to the street.

Losses in Fire. The loss on the hotel is estimated at about \$100,000. Several adjoining buildings were damaged considerably, but the loss on these is comparatively small. All the papers and books of the hotel are believed to have been saved.

The loss on the contents of the building is almost complete. The salvage men managed to save \$20,000 worth of paintings, but very little else was carried out. Many of the guests who lived at the Windsor lost valuable jewelry and bric-a-brac, among them being E. F. Flower, a nephew of ex-Governor Flower, who among other things lost a package of jewelry valued at \$3,000.

CINCINNATI, March 17.—Mrs. John M. Gibson, one of the victims of the Windsor hotel fire, was well-known here as a society leader. Her husband belonged to a prominent family that owned the hotel, and other valuable property here. They lived in New York during the winters and at the seashore during the summer. Mr. Gibson left here one week ago. His mother lives at the Murray Hill hotel, 47th street, New York. Gibson was a daughter of George W. Doodhue and belonged to a prominent family.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Abner McKinley, brother of the president, who has apartments in the Windsor hotel, has telegraphed here that his family occupied the hotel during the fire.

CHICAGO, March 17.—Mrs. J. S. Kirk, killed in the Windsor hotel fire in New York, is the widow of the founder of the big Chicago soap establishment. She went to New York a fortnight ago, accompanied by her daughter.

HEALTH RESTORED



When I see a man who is an easy and steady eater and a sound and regular sleeper, I see a man who has no occasion to be afraid of the world, the flesh, or the devil. For, from those still solemn hours of the night, when human figures lie like recumbent statues in the darkness, and from those other hours when busy folks and fingers deliver to the mouth the food which the palate stands ready to welcome—from these two things, I say, proceeds all human power, together with the clearness and sanity of mind which leads it to every valuable accomplishment.

"When we sleep," said Leigh Hunt, "is the time when the mysterious spirit goes to take its airy rounds." "I advise you to sleep in peace and wake in joy," said Dr. Walter Scott. "Sleep," said Bulwer, "is the happiest of earthly blessings." "Sleep," said a post-philosopher of Boston, "lingers all our lifetime near our eyes as the night hovers all day in the bowgins of the fir tree."

What does this criticism say is very good and fine, and makes sleep seem as easy a thing to come as a ham sandwich is to the fellow who has no cents still left in his pocket. Nevertheless, if you could take the roof off the houses and look down into them from above, passing from one to another, swift as Asmodeus, you would see millions of people tumbling about on their beds, praying in vain to the momentous gods from early evening to the crack of day.

"I couldn't sleep," writes a lady. "I tossed and tumbled with pain and excitement. This was some five years ago. I suffered greatly from pain in the back, strange mental hallucinations, loss of appetite, scanty and dark fluid which scalded in passing, had taste in the mouth in the morning, loss of nerve and tone, restless nights, gradual failure of weight and energy, and dark and sallow skin. I had no ambition to go about my daily duties. Even the weight of my clothes was oppressive."

"My sister had taken Warner's Safe Cure for female weakness and been immensely benefited. I gave up my doctor and began using the Safe Cure. Soon I felt like another person. I could eat heartily and my system was filled with fresh vigor. My health was restored and I worked with ease and slept like a tired school girl." (Signed.) MRS. J. H. PAGE, Brockton, Mass.

GOVERNOR ATKINSON,

Of National Fame, Pronounces Pe-ru-na an Excellent Catarrh Remedy.

MORE EVIDENCE THAT EVERY HOME NEEDS THIS REMEDY.

Half the Nation Suffers From Catarrh.



GOVERNOR G. W. ATKINSON OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Pe-ru-na Drug Mfg. Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen: I can recommend your preparation, Pe-ru-na, as a tonic. Its reputation as a cure for catarrh is excellent, it having been used by a number of people known to me with the very best results. Very truly, G. W. ATKINSON.

Fifty fifty per cent of the people of the United States are suffering from catarrh in some degree or phase. There is scarcely a home in the land entirely free from this disease. One or more members of every household either has catarrh or some other ailment directly dependent upon catarrh. Catarrh is rapidly becoming a national scourge. Its existence in the system complicates and intensifies any ailment a person may happen to have. With these alarming facts come the encouraging news that Pe-ru-na cures catarrh. Cures it permanently; cures it by eradication; it entirely from the system. Pe-ru-na is an international systematic remedy, reaching the disease at its fountain-head. It cures catarrh of the head, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, or catarrh of any other organ of the body.

Mr. A. A. Dixon, 310 East Tenth street, Kansas City, Mo., editor Missouri Department "Sprig of Myrtle," in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, says: "Permit me to express to you my appreciation of the benefits that I have derived from using Pe-ru-na in my family."

"Being a man of limited means, I have had to be careful not to spend any more money than was necessary on doctor bills. Some two years ago I began using Pe-ru-na in my family as a family doctor, and I have been highly pleased with the result."

"My wife has used it for catarrh and experienced great relief. My little girl has been sick a number of times, and when we used your medicine it proved a success. I have used it myself several times and consider it a very valuable medicine."

"Speaking from personal observation, I consider it a good investment to keep it in my home, and believe every man who desires to relieve suffering, and at the same time save money, should investigate the real merits of Pe-ru-na and other medicines."

way and alarmed the women who were at work in the laundry. It is believed that all of them escaped.

One of the most daring rescues effected by the firemen occurred on the fifth floor on the fifth avenue front.

An elderly woman was seen at a window and two firemen succeeded in reaching the window unharmed. One climbed to the coping of the window on which he was standing and then swung the woman clear of the window and landed her safely in the arms of his companion, who, with the assistance of several other firemen, passed her down to the street.

Losses in Fire. The loss on the hotel is estimated at about \$100,000. Several adjoining buildings were damaged considerably, but the loss on these is comparatively small. All the papers and books of the hotel are believed to have been saved.

The loss on the contents of the building is almost complete. The salvage men managed to save \$20,000 worth of paintings, but very little else was carried out. Many of the guests who lived at the Windsor lost valuable jewelry and bric-a-brac, among them being E. F. Flower, a nephew of ex-Governor Flower, who among other things lost a package of jewelry valued at \$3,000.

CINCINNATI, March 17.—Mrs. John M. Gibson, one of the victims of the Windsor hotel fire, was well-known here as a society leader. Her husband belonged to a prominent family that owned the hotel, and other valuable property here. They lived in New York during the winters and at the seashore during the summer. Mr. Gibson left here one week ago. His mother lives at the Murray Hill hotel, 47th street, New York. Gibson was a daughter of George W. Doodhue and belonged to a prominent family.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Abner McKinley, brother of the president, who has apartments in the Windsor hotel, has telegraphed here that his family occupied the hotel during the fire.

CHICAGO, March 17.—Mrs. J. S. Kirk, killed in the Windsor hotel fire in New York, is the widow of the founder of the big Chicago soap establishment. She went to New York a fortnight ago, accompanied by her daughter.

way and alarmed the women who were at work in the laundry. It is believed that all of them escaped.

One of the most daring rescues effected by the firemen occurred on the fifth floor on the fifth avenue front.

An elderly woman was seen at a window and two firemen succeeded in reaching the window unharmed. One climbed to the coping of the window on which he was standing and then swung the woman clear of the window and landed her safely in the arms of his companion, who, with the assistance of several other firemen, passed her down to the street.

Losses in Fire. The loss on the hotel is estimated at about \$100,000. Several adjoining buildings were damaged considerably, but the loss on these is comparatively small. All the papers and books of the hotel are believed to have been saved.

The loss on the contents of the building is almost complete. The salvage men managed to save \$20,000 worth of paintings, but very little else was carried out. Many of the guests who lived at the Windsor lost valuable jewelry and bric-a-brac, among them being E. F. Flower, a nephew of ex-Governor Flower, who among other things lost a package of jewelry valued at \$3,000.

CINCINNATI, March 17.—Mrs. John M. Gibson, one of the victims of the Windsor hotel fire, was well-known here as a society leader. Her husband belonged to a prominent family that owned the hotel, and other valuable property here. They lived in New York during the winters and at the seashore during the summer. Mr. Gibson left here one week ago. His mother lives at the Murray Hill hotel, 47th street, New York. Gibson was a daughter of George W. Doodhue and belonged to a prominent family.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Abner McKinley, brother of the president, who has apartments in the Windsor hotel, has telegraphed here that his family occupied the hotel during the fire.

CHICAGO, March 17.—Mrs. J. S. Kirk, killed in the Windsor hotel fire in New York, is the widow of the founder of the big Chicago soap establishment. She went to New York a fortnight ago, accompanied by her daughter.

THE STRONGEST TESTIMONIAL EVER PUBLISHED

E. W. Reed of Kansas City, Mo., Makes Oath that Smith's Bile Beans Saved His Life.

A wonderful case, illustrating the marvelous effects of Smith's Bile Beans, came to light on Thursday. Mr. E. W. Reed, of 1000 Locust street, Kansas City, Mo., having seen the announcement of Smith's Bile Beans in the *World*, and feeling that under the favor of Heaven he really owed his life to their wonderful properties, called at the *World* office and told the story of his sufferings and wonderful relief. In substance, the following is the condensed statement:

"A residence of a year in the river bottoms at Carrollton, Mo., filled my system full of malaria, causing me to suffer from chills and fever continuously for thirty-three months. I used every chills tonic on the market that was recommended to me. I had the best efforts of three physicians, and spent \$1,400 in seeking relief from the torment I suffered. Bills spread all over my body, as many as twenty-five being visible at a time, and the scars from which I'll carry to my dying day. Sleep was almost unknown to me and I felt that death would be a relief."

THE NEIGHBORS CALLED ME JOB, because of my boils and numerous afflictions. I was reduced in weight from 175 pounds to 145 pounds. I felt that the only thing left me was to follow the advice of Job's friends and die. In 1889 I heard of the almost miraculous cures being worked by the use of Smith's Bile Beans, and bought a 25-cent bottle on credit, every penny I had in the world having been spent in the vain effort to secure relief. From the very first bean taken relief commenced, and since the use of that bottle I have never had a chill, having regained my former weight and am in perfect health. I felt that the public should know of this; I considered it due Mr. Smith to express my gratitude. I use Bile Beans in my house almost as a remedy for everything. Headache yields to them. They have purified my blood perfectly, and I cure my colds by taking them. I am a friend to Smith's Bile Beans, and no praise is too strong for me to give them. They accomplished wonders for me, and have never failed to justify my praise wherever I have recommended them.

STATE OF MISSOURI, }
County of Jackson, }
E. W. Reed, of Kansas City, Mo., of lawful age, being duly sworn, says that he has read carefully the above statement, and that it is true in every word and detail, and that he is certain that he owes his life to Smith's Bile Beans.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 17th day of December, 1898, and I certify that I was duly qualified as a Notary Public, and my commission expires March 17, 1902.

N. W. REAY, Notary Public,
Jackson County, Mo.

TRIAL SIZE 5 CENTS. ALL DRUGGISTS

TRADE OF LADRON ISLANDS

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Some indication of the actual trade of the Ladron Islands, whose commercial status has been kept secret in published statistics about the east, is given in figures included in a recent report of Chief Frank H. Hitchcock of the Philippine department, on the trade of the Philippines. The figures, fragmentary at best, are mostly combined with other islands. It is shown that the imports into the Ladron Islands from the Ladron and the Caroline Islands combined in 1897 had a value of \$5,947; in 1887, 10 years previously, of \$4,828, and in 1889 of \$42,487.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Forecast for Saturday:
For Nebraska—Fair in western; probably snow in eastern portion; north winds.
For Missouri—Rain, probably turning into snow in western portion; colder; winds becoming northwesterly.
For Iowa—Fair except probably snow in extreme eastern portion; north to east winds.
For Kansas—Fair in southwest, rain or snow in northeast portion; colder in extreme eastern portion; northerly winds.
For Wyoming—Generally fair; variable winds.
For Iowa—Rain or snow; colder Saturday night; north winds.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, March 17.—Omaha record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

Minimum temperature	1898	1897	1896
Maximum temperature	33	49	36
Average temperature	23	38	32
Deficiency for the year	29	28	54
Precipitation	34	66	37

REPORTS FROM STATIONS AT 8 P. M.

Station	Temperature	Precipitation
Omaha	26	0.37
South Platte	26	0.44
North Platte	26	0.44
Cheyenne	26	0.44
Rapid City	26	0.44
Sioux Falls	26	0.44
Lincoln	26	0.44
Wichita	26	0.44
St. Paul	26	0.44
Denver	26	0.44
Kansas City	26	0.44
St. Louis	26	0.44
Indianapolis	26	0.44
Chicago	26	0.44
St. Paul	26	0.44
Honolulu	26	0.44
Albany	26	0.44
Albany	26	0.44

RAISING THE VALUE OF STOCK.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 17.—(Special Telegram.)—The Wyoming State Board of Equalization today raised the valuation upon live stock for purposes of taxation 30 per cent over last year's rates. Range cattle are raised from \$15 to \$19 per head, sheep from \$1.75 to \$2.25 and other classes of stock excepting horses, which are unchanged, are raised in the same proportion. The rise in these valuations will increase the assessed valuation of the state \$2,600,000.

None of Claimants Get the Child. PIERRE, S. D., March 17.—(Special.)—Judge Smith, after hearing testimony in the application for the custody of the child of Maud Davis Henderson, decided against placing the child in the custody of any of the claimants, but placed it in care of Deputy Sheriff Logan, pending the divorce proceedings of Henderson in Lawrence county, and ordered Henderson, the father, to pay \$5 per week for its care.

Get a Contract in Havana. CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 17.—(Special Telegram.)—Messrs. Keate and Bradley of this city, who are putting up the government building here, were today given a contract to repair and rebuild the government palace in Havana, which is to be used as

Nature's Strength for Weak Men

If you suffer from any weakness peculiar to men—of the disorders, the direct result of youthful indiscretion or excess—in later years—the very worst possible thing you can do is to put drugs into your stomach. The medicines all doctors use for these diseases—morphine, damiana, cathartics, strychnine, phosphoric acid, etc.—are deadly poisons—they stimulate or deaden—they cannot cure. There are a great many more drug wrecks than a whole lot of wrecks. I am telling you the truth—no one can deny it. I offer you the only natural remedy for all weak men and women—ELECTRICITY—and I absolutely guarantee a permanent cure where the Electricity is applied by the greatest of remedial agents.

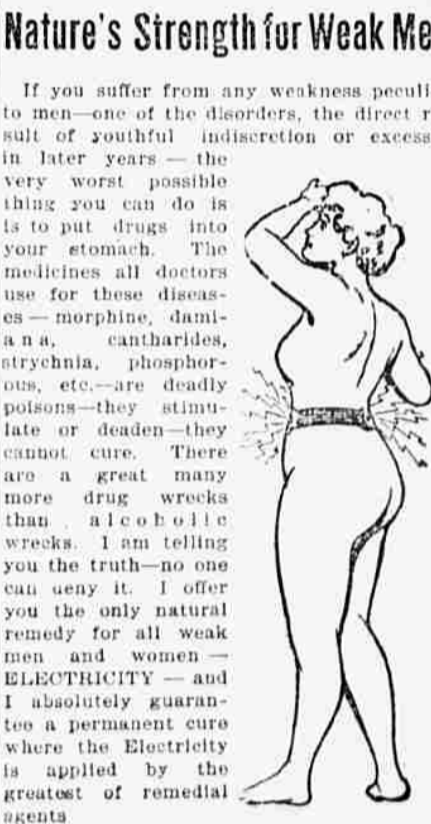
DR. BENNETT'S ELECTRIC BELT

You get Electricity by treating with My Belt in its purest form. There is no possible chance for it to injure you. It does not stimulate. It must strengthen. To get good results from Electricity, you must have constant application several hours at a time. You cannot do this with the batteries used in doctors' offices. It would keep you away from your business. My Belt does not bother you a bit and you can work, ride, jump or run with it on. I have known for many years that Electricity was the greatest curative agent that would ever be known. I do not give drugs at all now. I could make more money if I did. It does not cost anything to write a prescription. I devoted a good portion of my life and money in perfecting my Electric Belt. I do not promise that my Belts are within the reach of all the afflicted. You can rest assured my Belt will not burn or blister you, as do all the other kinds of Electric Belts. It has soft, silk, chamois-covered sponge electrodes that can't get away with the burning. They can be renewed when worn out for 75 cents—no other belt can be renewed for any price. Guaranteed to cure Sexual Impotency, Lost Manhood, Varicocele and all Sexual Disorders; restore shrunken or Undeveloped Organs and Vitality; cure Rheumatism in any form; Kidney, Liver and Bladder Troubles, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Female Complaints, etc.

Call at my office if you live in the city. If out of town, write me, sealed confidential—and I will send you my symptom blanks, books and literature. My Electric Suspenders for the various weaknesses of men FREE to every male purchaser of one of my Belts. Consultation and advice without cost. Sold only by

INSTANT RELIEF FROM ITCHING HUMORS

TORRORS, IMPURITIES, ECZEMA, and every species of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusty, and pimply skin and scalp humors, like the eruptions of the face, which are relieved and speedily cured by warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle washings with CUTICURA, pruritic, scabrous skin cases, and such cases of CUTICURA SOAP, the greatest of humor cures, when all else fails.



Dr. Bennett Electric Company,
Rooms 20 and 21 Douglas Block,
Omaha, Neb., 1614 and Dodge Streets,
Chicago, Ill., 333 North Dearborn Street,
Inglis, 7 p. m. to 8:30 p. m. Sundays,
10 a. m. to 5 p. m.