OUT OF THEIR SNOWY PRISON

Passengers on Snowbound Train in Wyoming Released at Last.

SHUT IN BY DRIFTS FOR THREE WEEKS

Company Abandons the Train at Iron Mountain and Takes the Passengers Overland to Another in Waiting.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The train that has been snowbound on the Cheyenne & Northern railroad for the last three weeks was abandoned today. The passengers were taken in wagons from Alta to Horse Creek station, where they were transferred in a train and brought to Cheyenne. During the time the train was snowed in the passengers and crew did their own cooking and lived in the cars. The food supply ran short several times, but there was no actual suffering. A number of relief trains were sent to the rescue, but they failed to get through the drifts of snow and ice, which are ten to twenty feet deep and are now blockaded at different points along the road.

Otto F. Richardson of Chicago, one of the Cheyenne & Northern passengers, said: "I have been around the world three times, have been shipwrecked and in railway collisions, but have had no experience equal to the last three weeks in the drifts on the Iron Mountain divide. There was a blizzard every day and we subsisted intensely with cold, were sick from poorly cooked food, lack of conveniences and being crowded in one passenger coach so long."

Miss Robinson of Elmira, N. Y., said: "The trip was a picnic and I wouldn't have missed it. I helped what I could with the cooking and all of the women got out and tried to shovel snow."

Superintendent Rushaub says it will take two weeks to open the line.

Charged with Detaining Mail.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., March 15.—(Special.)—United States Marshal F. A. Hadsell yesterday arrested Edward Alworth, postmaster at Clearmount, on the charge of unlawfully detaining mail matter. Alworth was given a hearing before Commissioner Arnett today and was bound over to appear before the United States court at Cheyenne. The specific offense with which Mr. Alworth is charged is that he withheld and failed to deliver when called for official mail matter directed to one of the patrons of his office who had been appointed as his successor. One of the letters withheld contained the commission of the new appointee, and it is charged Alworth's motive in refusing to deliver the letter was to hold on to the post-office himself.

Resurvey of Meridian.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 15.—(Special.)—E. F. Stahle of this city has been given a contract by the Interior department to survey the fourteenth guide meridian line from the fifth to the seventh standard parallels of latitude in Uinta county, Wyoming, and also to survey two townships of government land in the same vicinity. The survey is made to correct errors and adjust differences in surveys made of this portion of the state in 1880 and 1890, the differences between the two surveys having complicated land holdings taken under the markings of the several surveys.

APPRAISEMENT OF STATE LANDS.

South Dakota Will Do Better Business in Real Estate Than Ever Before.

PIERRE, S. D., March 15.—(Special.)—Land Commissioner Eastman and Auditor Reeves have just completed the appraisement for sale of state lands in a number of counties in the eastern portion of the state, fixing an average minimum of a little over $2 per acre. The range in the different counties is: McCook, from $10 to $15 per acre; Lake, $10 to $25; Codington, $10 to $25; Grant, $10 to $25; Brown, $10 to $20; Kingsbury, $10 to $20; Minnehaha, $10 to $30; Roberts, $10 to $15. The office reports a larger number of inquiries in regard to the state lands than for any past year, both in regard to sales and leases, the inquiries coming from eastern states as well as from residents of the state. The indications from these inquiries are that a larger number of state lands will be sold and leased this year than for any past year.

Agent Harding Exonerated.

ARMOUR, S. D., March 15.—(Special.)—Some time ago charges were filed in the Department of the Interior against Indian Agent John W. Harding of the Yankton agency. The specifications were that Agent Harding had been impounding cattle unlawfully and in excess of his authority. It was at that time asserted that when these charges were disposed of there were fifteen more to be preferred. An Indian inspector was sent here by the department to investigate the charges, and he spent the greater part of a week taking testimony. While Agent Harding was present during most of the investigation he had very little to say, but managed to look pleasant throughout, and did not seem to be particularly worried. The report of the inspector was duly sent to the department, and Agent Harding has just received the decision of the secretary of the interior thereon, embodied in a lengthy typewritten communication from the commissioner of Indian affairs. The decision exonerates the agent from the charges, holds that his action in impounding cattle was lawful and proper, and enjoins him to use greater diligence in protecting the lands of the Indian allotees from trespassing cattle of settlers on the reservation.

Miners Satisfied with New Laws.

DEADWOOD, S. D., March 15.—(Special.)—The mining men of the Black Hills are generally satisfied over the new mining laws which passed the last legislature. Section 1 of the bill concerning the boundary of a quartz claim increases the size from 300 to 600 feet in width, the length being left as in the old law. Section 2 requires a locator to sink a discovery shaft ten feet deep before recording. Another bill, which concerns the posting of notices. Section 1 requires all owners of mining claims to post in a conspicuous place on the claim a notice of any mortgage or incumbrance upon the property before employing men. Section 2 places a penalty of $100 for the least fine for the nonfulfillment of the law, and $1,000 or imprisonment for thirty days, or both, as the maximum penalty. Section 3 prescribes that the locator of a claim shall, within ninety days, post a duplicate of his record on the stake where his notice is posted, which must be signed by the recorder.

Snow and Rain in Dakota.

HURON, S. D., March 15.—(Special.)—Following a light rain, six inches of snow fell here last night. It is very heavy and is melting rapidly, while a fine rain has prevailed this morning. The snowfall is equally heavy throughout this part of the Jim River valley and will furnish moisture sufficient to put the ground in good condition for plowing and seeding. The work, however, is not likely to begin as early as in other seasons.

PIERRE, S. D., March 15.—(Special.)—The snowfall of the last few days will put the prairie in fine shape to start grass with the coming of warm weather, providing the necessary moisture to give vegetation a chance, and while there is snow on the ground today, there will probably be enough green grass within two weeks.

Arrested on Charge of Murder.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 15.—(Special Telegram.)—A telegram from Viborg states that Ivar Paulson was arrested there today on the charge of murdering Christopher Nelson, his hired man. The crime was committed seven years ago. The murdered man was known to have $900 in chattels when last seen alive and the crime was committed to secure possession of this. The arrest of Paulson, who is a prominent farmer, has created a sensation in the section where he and the alleged victim are known.

South Dakota Supreme Court.

PIERRE, S. D., March 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The supreme court this afternoon handed down an opinion by Judge Corson in the case of Frederick E. Mather against James Dorn et al., Grant county, denying a motion for leave to furnish supplemental abstracts and motion to dismiss appeal.

Frank G. Bohrl of Clark was admitted to practice on certificate from the supreme court of Michigan.

Gets a Nebraska Contract.

VERMILLION, S. D., March 15.—(Special.)—Eric Nelson, master mechanic and contractor of this city, has been awarded the contract for building a school house at Pinca, Neb. The contract calls for an outlay of $11,900, and the building is to be completed by next fall.

Snowstorm Abates.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The heavy snow storm abated during the night and today has been clear and bright. More snow now is on the ground than at any time this winter or at any one time for several winters.

Ten Inches of Snow.

KIMBALL, S. D., March 15.—(Special.)—Ten inches of snow fell here yesterday, making the heaviest fall of the winter. Were it not that the snow is heavy with water, a bad blizzard would probably be the result.

He Only Repeats What Has Been Said Around the Globe.

It has been demonstrated repeatedly in every state in the union and in many foreign countries that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a certain preventive and cure for croup. It has become the universal remedy for that disease. M. V. Fisher of Liberty, W. Va., only repeats what has been said around the globe when he writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for several years and always with perfect success. We believe that it is not only the best cough remedy, but that it is a sure cure for croup. It has saved the lives of our children a number of times." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

ACQUIT BARON BIEDENFELD

Chicago Jury Frees Him of Charge of Killing Constable McDonald.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Baron Curvon Biedenfeld was acquitted tonight of the charge of murder in the killing of Constable Charles P. McDonald. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty at 6 o'clock, after six hours of deliberation.

When the verdict was read the baron arose and held out his hand, first to one juror and another, grasping the hand of each in a warm, vise-like grip.

"I thank you," he said to each.

One juror, Henry C. Lacus, refused to shake hands with the man he had helped to make free.

Immediately Clerk Lauch made out the discharge from the county jail and the baron hurried down the hidden elevator for the last time. When he got to the jail he had nothing to do but gather up the bundles he had made ready in advance, expecting acquittal, and then he left his cell. As he was going the news of his acquittal spread through the jail and the prisoners set up a mighty yell. The baron had made himself popular in the jail and cheer after cheer ran through the corridors in token of approval of the verdict. The baron was flushed as if it were an unexpected flattery.

"Come back and see us again," yelled one prisoner.

"I hope not," said the baron, with a touch of humor.

Discovered by a Women.

Another great discovery has been made and that, too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co. of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at Kuhn & Co.'s drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

RUN PRECIPITATES A PANIC

Depositors of Cincinnati Savings Society Bank Have an Exciting Day.

CINCINNATI, March 15.—The Cincinnati Savings society today was the scene of a panicky run. A disgruntled depositor had been asked to withdraw his account. He threatened to get even. The officers suspect that he circulated the story that the bank was in bad condition. It has nearly 14,000 depositors. When the bank opened today there was a clump of depositors waiting to draw their money. Some of them neglected to bring their books and were sent after them. These spread the alarm. Frightened women and men crowded into the place. Policemen were called to preserve order. Meantime the bank paid out as rapidly as possible. In the afternoon the crush was so great that two patrol wagons were brought up and ropes stretched across the sidewalk so that the crowd could be kept in order by the score or more of policemen sent to preserve order. At 4 o'clock the doors were closed, with the announcement that they would be opened at 9 o'clock Thursday morning. The police with difficulty cleared the sidewalk. All banks of the city believed in the soundness of the Savings society and freely offered it all the money it needed.

FIRE RECORD.

Kansas Town is Damaged.

OTMORE, Neb., March 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Fire broke out in the steam laundry at Washington, Kan., this morning and burned six business blocks before it could be stopped. The blaze was caused by the explosion of a gas stove. The loss amounts to $70,000.

GIVES ARMY BEEF BLACK EYE

First Cavalry Lieutenant Declares He Found a Can Full of Maggots.

COURT OF INQUIRY LEAVES FOR OMAHA

Most Sensational Witness of the Day Says One-Half of the Meat for Soldiers in Cuba Was Unfit to Eat.

CHICAGO, March 15.—The last witness called before the army beef court of inquiry today proved to be sensational. He was an officer of the regular army, First Lieutenant M. F. Davis of the First cavalry, called at the request of Major Lee, the representative of General Miles. Lieutenant Davis testified that in Cuba one-half the canned roast beef issued to the soldiers was thrown away because it was unfit to eat. He testified that he had opened one can himself and found maggots in it.

Major Lee asked: "How did the maggots get in there?"

"They were canned in there," the witness replied.

Colonel Davis: "Are you aware that in the process of canning this meat undergoes such an intense heat that no animal life could survive it?"

"I don't mean to say they were alive, they were dead."

The board left for Omaha tonight. Inspections of the stock yards will be made at Omaha and Kansas City and at the latter city some evidence will be taken. The intention of the court is to return to Chicago by next Tuesday and proceed with the examination of witnesses here.

The evidence brought forth today was largely cumulative in its nature, mainly with reference to the condition of canned and refrigerated beef issued to the troops on shipboard and in Cuba and its effect upon the soldiers.

Develops Ptomaine Poison.

Dr. John B. Shaw of Joliet, Ill., surgeon of the Third Illinois volunteers, testified that on the voyage from Newport News to Porto Rico, canned roast beef was issued, and there was a great deal of complaint heard about it. It was stringy and nauseating and did not seem to nourish the men. Much sickness followed the use of it. The witness attributed the sickness to ptomaine poisoning. He believed that ptomaines develop in the hot sun in five or six minutes after the can was opened. Under cross-examination Dr. Shaw told about being called out one night to look after the men of Company A, who were reported to have been poisoned by eating canned roast beef. He said they vomited heavily and it seemed that hypodermic injections of morphine would hardly relieve the pain. They were sick for some days with diarrhoea and bestinal trouble.

"When the men ceased eating the canned roast meat was there any improvement?" asked Major Lee.

"Yes, the canned roast beef generally gave them diarrhoea and gastro-duodenitis."

"Did you in an official way recommend its discontinuance?"

"Yes, sir, to my immediate commander."

"Did the commissary come around and find out how these things were?"

"He came several times and told us it was all right. I think it was Captain Piper. He told us it was all right and we would have to eat it. Sometimes we substituted what they call bacon, but a great deal of that had maggots in it and had to be condemned. If we had depended upon the army rations the troops would have starved to death. They spent all the money they got to buy things to eat either at the commissary store or in the city."

"What was the brand on this canned roast beef?"

"I think it was Libby, McNeill & Libby. I am not sure. I tried to eat some of it, but could not. It was absolutely revolting."

Another Slam at the Meat.

The next witness was Colonel Fred Benteen, colonel of the Third Illinois volunteers. He spoke of the voyage from Newport News to Porto Rico.

"There were a great many complaints about the canned roast beef," he said. "The complaint about the canned roast beef was that it was nauseating. Specimens were brought to me for examination and I found them very repulsive. The meat had a disagreeable smell."

Witness remembered that the Massachusetts came to Arroyay with a lot of refrigerator beef on board and that some of it was thrown overboard. The complaint about the refrigerator beef was that it showed signs of decomposition. Perhaps 50 per cent of it was thrown away. The witness desired to have stricken out the testimony in regard to the condition of the wagons in which the meat was hauled or to be given an opportunity to refute it.

The court permitted him to explain. Colonel Benteen said the wagons of the Third Illinois were specially used for hauling meat and for no other purpose. They were kept clean, hay being placed in the bottom and the meat covered.

In answer to General Gillespie the witness stated that he did not eat any of the canned roast beef nor the refrigerator beef. He was not sick at all. He bought some canned bacon and fresh fish. He noticed that the canned roast beef bore the label of Libby, McNeill & Libby.

Major Joseph A. Sanborn of Chicago, major of the First volunteers, testified that the roast canned beef was unpalatable. He inspected the refrigerator beef. Two issues out of three were in fine condition, but the third was condemned because decomposition had set in. The witness attributed the spoiling of the meat to the neglect of those charged with the duty of issuing it to the men.

Another Man Sees Maggoty Meat.

William H. Replogle testified that he served in the hospital corps at Porto Rico and that canned roast beef was frequently served to the corps. He had seen three or four cans opened with maggots running out of them. Witness stated that at Guayamo he saw a piece of cooked fresh beef which had maggots in it.

In reply to Major Lee the witness told of the sickness of one Thomson who had nothing whatever to eat the first day after landing. The second day he was given corned beef and hard tack, but had no way of making coffee. The man became very sick and died within a week.

At the afternoon session First Sergeant Albert Salstrip of the Seventh United States infantry testified that some of the men complained that the canned roast beef was not palatable. As to refrigerator beef, some of it spoiled—about half of it—and it was buried.

Corporal Frank P. Rogan of the Seventh infantry said he did not hear any complaints about the canned roast beef on the way to Cuba. In Cuba he saw some, which he did not taste, but smelled badly and had a green slime over it. Very little of it was eaten.

In answer to Major Lee the witness stated many of the men vomited after eating the roast beef.

Captain F. H. Debourbon, Third cavalry, testified that in his command the officers drew the same rations as the men while in Cuba. The complaint about the canned beef, he said, was that the men could not eat the meat and would not eat it unless absolutely compelled to do so to appease hunger. When the cans were opened the first thing that struck the observer was the repulsive, uninviting appearance of the contents.

"Diarrhoea broke out in camp," he said, "about the time of the surrender and it became general in the hospitals. There was a great deal of complaint among the officers we attributed it in part to the meat."

"What complaints were there as to the refrigerated beef?"

"Well, that was bad. Sometimes one-half of the quarter of refrigerated beef furnished would be unfit for use. Subsequent to the surrender our command did not receive a sufficient allowance of food."

Unfit for Rations.

In reply to Major Lee, the witness said that canned roast beef was absolutely unfit for a ration.

"Do you consider canned roast beef wholesome for the American soldier?"

"It is exceedingly unwholesome. It tastes like chips. There is no substance and the fat and grease are absolutely repulsive."

Colonel Henry L. Turner, who went to Cuba in command of the First Illinois infantry and became brigadier general in the Second brigade of the Third division of the Fifth army corps, stated that he had tried to eat some of the canned beef, but it nauseated him and he could not do it. It contained meat unfit for a ration in the warm climate. He regarded it as a very unwholesome ration for himself, and from the effect on the men, very unwholesome for them also. He regarded it as a contributing cause of the sickness of the men. He had also tried to eat the refrigerated beef, but could not, as it gave him the diarrhoea.

Lieutenant Davis' Statements.

First Lieutenant M. F. Davis of the First cavalry was called upon request of Major Lee. He said that in Cuba the men opened all the cans of roast beef issued to them, but only consumed one-half of the contents on an average, the rest was thrown away because it was unfit to eat.

"The contents of the can," he said, "would be about three-quarters suet, but what you would call meat. Perhaps one-quarter or one-fifth of the can would be good fibre meat; the rest appeared to be tallow or clippings. Sometimes a can would be entirely spoiled. Witness said he once opened a can which smelled badly; he examined it and found maggots in it."

Major Lee: "How did the maggots get in there?"

"They were canned in there."

Colonel Davis: "Are you aware that in the process of canning this meat undergoes such an intense heat that no animal life could survive it?"

"I don't mean to say they were alive. They were dead."

Major Lee: "You are positive about the identity of the animal?"

"Yes, sir, quite positive."

"In consequence of the canned roast beef not being sufficiently sustaining and not having nutriment in it, did your men lack for food?"

"They did."

Colonel Gillespie: "What was the name of this brand that you found with maggots in it?"

"It was Swift and Company's brand."

"Are you certain of that?"

"I am certain."

The court adjourned to meet in Omaha tomorrow.

DAY'S DOINGS OF THE TRUSTS

English Syndicate with Large Capital Will Buy Petroleum Fields in Indian Territory.

KANSAS CITY, March 15.—The Journal says: S. C. Rulan of Chicago, representing an English syndicate, who is in the city, claims that he has obtained an option on 100,000 acres of land in the Cherokee nation in the northeastern part of the Indian Territory, in the recently discovered petroleum fields.

According to Mr. Rulan, the condition is that the leases shall be closed within ten days. Major Graham, an ex-officer of the British army and an English capitalist, is at the head of the syndicate. The capitalists back of it include many of the wealthiest men in England, who have had experience in the European oil fields. Mr. Rulan says the present company, of which he is an official, has men back of it whose wealth would easily aggregate $200,000,000.

It is independent of the Standard Oil company and expects to compete with that company, not only in the markets of America, but of Europe. Tank line steamers of 7,000 tons burden have been built and are in the hands of the company. They will run from Port Arthur and other gulf ports to European countries.

NEW YORK, March 15.—More than 100 knit goods manufacturers met in this city today to consider the advisability of forming a combination of interests. Mr. Baker, a Philadelphia lawyer, is said to be the chief promoter. He explained the plans of the suggested combination to the manufacturers.

It was said that the plan is to form a combination on a basis of $22,000,000 preferred stock to pay 7 per cent and $30,000,000 common stock. A committee was appointed to estimate the output of each plant in the country, the cost of production and the allotment of stock under the consolidation. The representation was very large from New York, Vermont and Connecticut. These manufacturers were also represented: Norfolk & New Brunswick Hosiery company, New Brunswick, N. J.; Powhatan Manufacturing company, Norfolk; E. S. Godschalk & Co., Philadelphia; J. E. Hampen & Co., Philadelphia; Rexford Knitting company, Philadelphia; Armstrong Knitting company, Charlottesville, Va.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—Rapid progress is being made in forming the nut and bolt combination. In this city inventories have been taken at the plants of the Upson Nut company, the Kirk-Latty Manufacturing company, the Atlas Bolt and Screw company, the National Screw and Lock company, Chapin Bolt and Nut company and Cleveland Lock, Bolt and Nut company. Options have already been given the trust by the Latty company, the Upson company and the Kirk company. The promoters of the combine claim to have met with similar success throughout the country.

BALTIMORE, March 15.—Plans for the reorganization of the International Trust company were completed today and the new company will be ready for business in a short time. The promoters of the new company are John E. Searles of New York, John L. Williams & Co. of Richmond, Middendorf, Oliver & Co., Douglass H. Gordon, Charles T. Westcott of Baltimore and others. The company will have a capital stock of several millions of dollars and will be international in scope, having already arranged for connections in several European cities.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 15.—The International Power company today purchased and completed the necessary transfer for the entire property of the Wheelock Engine company of this city. The transfer aggregates an investment of nearly $500,000. It is stated that these works will be immediately enlarged and run under the same management as the Rhode Island Locomotive works just purchased by the company.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The Herald tomorrow will say: Makers of bicycles have arranged the details for the formation of a trade combination that will involve capital to the amount of $50,000,000. It is understood that ten of the leading makers of wheels have entered the combination and that several others will be persuaded to add their signatures to the movement. A. G. Spalding is credited with being the moving spirit in the combine. With him are associated A. A. Pope and R. P. Gormully of Gormully & Jeffrey of Chicago.

Tube Company Advances Wages.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 15.—The Pennsylvania Tube company, employing several thousand men, has advanced the wages of all employes 10 per cent.

GOVERNOR PINGREE WINS OUT

Legislation for Which He Has Long Contended Becomes a Law.

ATKINSON EQUAL TAXATION BILL

Assessment of Railroad, Express, Telegraph and Telephone Companies in State Put on Basis with Other Property.

LANSING, Mich., March 15.—Governor Pingree this afternoon put the finishing touch to the legislature for which he has been contending since his first term as governor, when he signed the Atkinson equal taxation bill. The act becomes operative immediately. The object of the bill is the taxation of railroad, express, telegraph and telephone companies in the state upon the same basis as other property, the rate of taxation to be fixed by a state board of assessors appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate.

The bill is in essential particulars the same as when drafted, the only important amendments being one requiring the senate's confirmation of the governor's appointees and one substituting a fine provision for the forfeiture of franchise clause for non-payment of taxes.

The act repeals the action of the law heretofore, under which railroads have been taxed specifically upon their earnings.

TO SUPPRESS THE SMALLPOX

Texas Legislature Appropriates $2,000 for the Purpose of Stamping Out the Plague.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 15.—The Texas legislature today passed a bill making an appropriation of $2,000 to be used by the state health officials in suppressing the prevalence of smallpox at Laredo.

It is reported here that there are now 500 people sick in bed in Laredo as victims of the smallpox. The state health officers will take charge at once and institute drastic measures to relieve Laredo of the disease.

RESULT OF CHICAGO PRIMARIES.

Renomination of Carter H. Harrison is Assured.

CHICAGO, March 15.—The result of the democratic primaries, which were held today, insures the renomination of Carter H. Harrison for mayor. No opposition to the Harrison ticket was made at the polls by the adherents of ex-Governor Altgeld, who will run as an independent candidate, and in consequence a light vote was polled. No trouble was reported except in the stock yards district, where there were the usual number of broken heads. The rest of the city was quiet. It will, in all probability, be as follows: City treasurer, Adam Ortseifen; city clerk, William Loeffler; city attorney, Andrew J. Ryan.

Eightieth Ballot at Sacramento.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 15.—Grant and Burns each pulled his vote at the eightieth ballot taken for senator today. The ballot showed no change in the deadlock: Barnes, 31; Estee, 1; Burns, 27; Grant, 20; Scott, 5; Rosenfeld, democrat, 1; White, democrat, 22; Phelan, democrat, 2; Braunhart, democrat, 1; Maguire, democrat, 1.

Try for Another Joint Session.

SALT LAKE, Utah, March 15.—Democrats of the house and senate have been making efforts today to secure enough votes of members of both houses to reconvene the joint session of the legislature and vote again for United States senator. The movement failed, however, and it is probable no further effort of the kind will be made.

Passenger Rate Bill Defeated.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 15.—The Missouri house today killed the 2-cents passenger rate bill. It was amended by striking out all after the enacting clause. The vote was 74 to 47. Railroad men in all parts of the state had petitioned against the bill, because it would result in the reduction of their salaries.

Insurance Concerns Quit Business.

LEXINGTON, March 15.—Four foreign fire insurance companies, Balinse of Switzerland, Netherlands company, Svea company of Denmark and Helvetia company have withdrawn from all business in this city and state on account of warfare waged upon them in the Fourteenth judicial district of the state.

DEATH RECORD.

Old-Timer in Black Hills.

LEAD, S. D., March 14.—(Special.)—Henry J. Williams, another old-timer of the Black Hills, has died in this city of heart trouble. He came to Lead in 1879 and has been in the employ of the Homestake company as one of the head machinists most of the time since. His wife died the first of this year. He leaves a son in Chicago and five sons and a daughter and one brother in this city.

Dies on His Doorstep.

WEETING, Ia., March 15.—(Special.)—John Dalberg, section foreman of the Sioux City & Pacific railroad at this point, dropped dead at 6:30 o'clock last night of heart disease. Mr. Dalberg complained during the day of not feeling well, but completed his day's work. He had just entered the door of his home when he fell. He leaves a wife and two small children.

Captain O'Malley.

Captain Richard O'Malley, at one time a member of the city council and a well known and popular citizen, died at 2 o'clock this morning of pneumonia.

Former Geologist of Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 15.—John Collett, for many years state geologist of Indiana, died at his home in this city today, aged 71 years.

Endowment Company Fails.

RICHMOND, Ind., March 15.—A receiver was appointed today for the Continental Fraternity union, an endowment company organized in Richmond eight years ago. The assets are $25,000; the liabilities are unknown. Payments to the amount of $20,000 are due in four months. The cause of the action is attributed to unfavorable legislation by the state legislature. Paul C. Graff is made receiver, with a bond of $20,000. There are 1,000 members in Indiana.

Eighth Illinois Coming Home.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 15.—The United States transport Sedgwick, formerly the Chester, arrived here today from Santiago, having on board the Eighth Illinois regiment of colored infantry, Colonel J. R. Marshall, together with half a dozen officers belonging to other commands.

Miners Return to Work.

FORT SMITH, Ark., March 15.—The striking miners at Hackett have returned to work. Those in the Bonanza mines at Howe have made terms with the operators and are returning to work. The operators agreed to reinstate all the strikers. Elsewhere the conditions are unchanged.

TODAY'S WEATHER FORECAST

Fair, Warmer and Easterly Winds for Nebraska and Iowa—Warmer in Wyoming.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Forecast for Thursday:

For Nebraska and Kansas—Fair; warmer; winds mostly easterly.

For South Dakota—Fair; warmer; variable winds.

For Iowa and Missouri—Fair; warmer in extreme western portion; south winds.

For Colorado—Generally fair; warmer in eastern portion; east winds.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, March 16.—Omaha record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum temperature	58	39	30	52
Minimum temperature	34	26	15	18
Average temperature	46	33	22	35
Precipitation	.01	.04	.00	.02

Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day since March 1, 1899:

Normal for the day	43
Deficiency for the day	2
Accumulated deficiency since March 1	49
Total precipitation for the day	.04 inch
Deficiency for the day	.06 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	.19 inch
Deficiency since March 1	.18 inch
Excess since March 1, 1898	.11 inch
Deficiency corresponding period, 1897	.32 inch

Reports from Stations at 8 p. m.

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.	Temperature.	Highest yesterday.	Lowest yesterday.	Precipitation.
Omaha, cloudy	34	42	27	.00
North Platte, partly cloudy	32	42	24	.00
Salt Lake, cloudy	42	52	32	.00
Cheyenne, cloudy	32	42	24	.00
Rapid City, cloudy	36	44	26	.00
Huron, cloudy	34	42	26	.00
Williston, clear	32	42	22	.00
Chicago, cloudy	42	46	40	.07
St. Louis, cloudy	52	54	40	.00
St. Paul, partly cloudy	34	42	26	.00
Davenport, cloudy	44	54	34	.00
Kansas, snowing	32	44	26	.00
Kansas City, cloudy	36	50	28	.00
Havre, clear	30	34	20	.00
Bismarck, cloudy	4	8	0	.00
Galveston, cloudy	60	66	48	.00

T indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH,
Local Forecast Official.

A rich man died the other day. He died in the very midsummer of life, and he left his family $5,000,000. The doctor's certificate showed that death resulted from typhoid fever. The doctor himself said to a friend: "That man was a suicide. He had a splendid constitution. I could have pulled him through if his stomach had been sound. But he ruined his stomach by hasty meals, snatched in intervals of business and by neglect of symptoms which have been warning him a year past that his stomach was failing in its duties."

The symptoms of a disordered condition of the stomach and the organs of digestion and nutrition are, among others, variable appetite, sour risings, heartburn, undue fullness after eating, dull headache, dingy complexion, discolored eye, fluctuations in physical strength, nervousness, sleeplessness, despondency. No one person will have all these symptoms at once, but any one of them calls for prompt aid for the suffering stomach.

The restoration of the stomach, digestive and nutritive organs to a condition of sound health, begins with the first dose of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The cure progresses from that date until the functions of the stomach and its related organs are in healthy operation. Then the nerves are quiet, the appetite healthful, the sleep restful, the eye bright, the complexion clear. In one word the body is in a condition of perfect health.

"I was troubled with indigestion about two years, writes Wm. Bowker, Esq., of Juliaetta, Latah Co., Idaho. "Tried different doctors and remedies but to no avail until I went to you and you told me what to do. I suffered with a pain in my stomach and left side and thought that it would kill me. Now I am glad to write this and let you know that I am all right. I can do my work now without pain and I don't have that tired feeling that I used to have. Five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and two vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' cured me."

Don't let the dealer sell you a substitute, if you want a cure. Insist on having "Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets surpass all complexion powders. They make the skin healthy and the complexion clear.

If It's a Localized Pain or Ache You Can Promptly Kill It With a

BENSON'S,

(2 SEAL STAMP)

'T is the best POROUS PLASTER

Gives quickest, most permanent relief in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, etc. Nature's remedy so effective. Price 25c. All Druggists. Or of Th. Seabury & Johnson, N. Y. (Substitutes are dangerous.)

The foods we eat furnish energy for the body just as burning coal makes steam for an engine.

The experiments of Prof. Frankland, Ph. D., of London, shows that cod-liver oil yields two and one-half times more energy than starches or sweets.

Scott's Emulsion is pure cod-liver oil combined with hypophosphites of lime and soda. It forms fat, gives strength, enriches the blood, invigorates the nerves, and repairs tissues.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FREE

TO BEE

Subscribers Only

CALL at The Bee office each month between the 1st and the 10th, pay one month's subscription to the Daily and Sunday Bee and get a copy of the

Woman's Home Companion FREE

To Bee Subscribers Only.

City Circulation Dept.

A MEDICINE — A STIMULANT

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

FOR MEDICINAL USE
NO FUSEL OIL

For affections of the throat and lungs. A safeguard against pneumonia. He who takes it may be as well at home as if he spent the winter in the Adirondack woods.

Pamphlet for the asking.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

Monarch Bicycles

$25 $35 $50

Style, Quality, Price, Unequalled.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Monarch Cycle Mfg. Co.
Chicago. New York.

HUMAN ILLS

Of Every Description May Now Be Permanently Cured by the Proper Application of Electricity—Dr. Bennett's Electric Belt is Endorsed by Physicians and Recommended by 10,000 Cured Patients—Vital Weakness in Men and Women Vanish Like Dew Before the Morning's Sun From Its Invisible Flame.

It is hard to get physicians to indorse any improvements in the old medicine of treatment. My Electric Belt is a long way in advance of the medical profession. Was ridiculed at first and met with great opposition from them, and lately the anti-drugs treatment for epilepsy had made it work into favor with the men who believe in drug treatment. My Belt is the type of the most progressive and successful methods of the Nineteenth century. Gradually doctors have been convinced—they are being compelled to acknowledge the superiority of Electricity (properly applied) over drugs for the permanent cure of most of the ills to which human flesh is heir. Drugs cannot cure—they simply stimulate. If you have had drug treatment you know this to be a fact.

Dr. Bennett's Electric Belt

To perfect, after the many years of anxious study and work. It is now perfected and I know just what it will do. It is no longer an experiment with me—I absolutely guarantee the cure—and a permanent cure—in every case where I recommend my Belt. If it will not cure you I will tell you so. My Belt has earned its place—it has outlived the most skeptical. It is safe and sure. A child can regulate the current. Remember the fact that Electricity indorsed by Dr. Bennett means but one thing—it means that they are simply indorsing a wonderful invention. Dr. Bennett's Electric Belt would not do all I claim for it if you would have known it long ago, for confidence is a matter of slow growth, but bad news travels like wildfire.

I unequivocally guarantee my Belt to cure Seminal Impotence, Lost Manhood, Varicocele, Spermatorrhoea and all Sexual Weaknesses in either sex, restore Shrunken or Undeveloped Parts and Vitality, cure Rheumatism in any form, Lame Back, Sciatica and Nervous Debility, Kidney, Liver and Bladder Troubles, Chronic Constipation, Dyspepsia, all Female Complaints, etc. Has soft, silken chamois-covered sponge electrodes that do not burn and blister as do the bare metal electrodes used on all other makes of belts. Electricity cannot pass from a sponge through bare metal—it is retained upon the surface—hence the burns. My Belt does not shock as do batteries and the current penetrates—that is the reason it can generate a mild, soothing current. When worn out it can be renewed for only $5 cents. No other belt can be renewed for any price and when worn out is worthless. The price of my Belts are not half what is asked for the old-style belts. Nothing was never a greater or more useful discovery or invention than my Electric Belt. I as well as others have known for years that Electricity was the greatest curative agent the world would ever know—but just how to apply this Electricity was what puzzled me all. I have discovered the means of applying it. My Belt is fitted for its purpose—it has a work to do and does it subtly and thoroughly—it rests upon its own merits.

Call upon or write me today—sacredly confidential—get my symptom blanks, new book about Electricity and its uses. Consultation and advice without cost. My Electric Suspensory for the permanent cure of the various weaknesses of men FREE to every male purchaser of one of my Belts. Do not put it off—delays are dangerous. Sold only by

Dr Bennett Electric Company,

Rooms 20 and 21 Douglas Block, Omaha, Nebr., 16th and Dodge Streets. Open from 8:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. Evenings, 7 p. m. to 8:30 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Patronize Home Industries

By Purchasing Goods Made at the Following Nebraska Factories:

FLOUR MILLS.

S. F. GILMAN.
Flour, Meal, Feed, Bran. 2013-15-17 North 17th street, Omaha, Neb. C. E. Black, Manager. Telephone 592.

IRON WORKS.

DAVIS & COWGILL IRON WORKS.
Iron and Brass Founders.
Manufacturers and