

FILL FAURE'S PLACE

French Statesmen Bestir Themselves Over Their Ruler's Death.

MANY CANDIDATES FOR THE PRESIDENCY

Loubet, President of the Senate, Seems to Have the Call.

THOUGHT TO CONTROL ENOUGH VOTES

Leading Frenchmen Inclined to View the Situation with Alarm.

SHOCKED BY FAURE'S SUDDEN TAKING OFF

Wife and Daughter of the Dead President Crushed by Their Sorrow—Other Great Nations Tender Their Condolences.

(Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) PARIS, Feb. 17.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—I had today a conversation with the best and most authoritative informed American in France on the prospect, who said:

The death of President Faure is a sudden and unexpected event. It is a great loss to the French people and to the world. The death of Faure is a great loss to the French people and to the world.

As regards America, he admitted the greatness of the American people, and when speaking to an ambassador or consul nearly always employed the adjective "great."

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HIS LAST DAY IN THE HUB

McKinley Praises Great Names Which Massachusetts Has Brought Forth.

STATE'S HISTORIC IMPORTANCE DESCRIBED

In His Address to Joint Session the President Speaks Felicitous Words in Honor of Massachusetts' Sons, Past and Present.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—The last day of President McKinley's visit to Boston was spent in one continual round of pleasure and the different events which followed each other in the bewildering rapidity.

At 10 o'clock was enroute to Tremont temple, where he spoke to the members of the Massachusetts department of the Grand Army of the Republic, who were assembled in annual convention.

Immediately following this carriage were taken for the state house, where the president visited the legislature in joint session and made an inspiring address.

After a short reception the presidential party was taken on a tour through the subway and thence to the Algonquin club, where a breakfast was tendered to the general by the members of the Commercial club.

At 4:50 the party was taken to the South Terminal station and they left for Washington on their special train at 5:10.

Long did not return with the party, preferring to go to his home at Hingham with Mrs. Long and start for Washington in the morning.

The president left in excellent health and expressed himself as having enjoyed every moment of his trip.

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PROUT SWITCHES TO HAYWARD

His Was the Only Change Which Affects the Totals of Senatorial Candidates.

FIFTY-TWO NAMES TO THE CAUCUS CALL

Joint Session Passes a Resolution of Sympathy with the French People on the Death of President Faure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The administration has determined to rapidly extend the jurisdiction of the United States over the whole of the Philippine group, acting on the theory that delay in this case is dangerous and that anxiety and a general paralysis of such interests as the islands support will be brought about through any failure to promptly replace the Spanish sovereignty over the islands of the United States. This decision involves the necessity of a naval campaign and this will be instituted as soon as Admiral Dewey receives the reinforcements in the shape of gunboats, now on the way to Manila.

It is not anticipated that there will be a necessity for any formidable demonstrations, but the very fact that the United States government is able to exhibit a sufficient force to accomplish the purpose of extension is expected to have the effect of profiting resistance. Owing to the vast number of gunboats would be required to visit them, so the program will be to send vessels visit the principal towns outside of Manila, especially those where the Spanish garrisons were maintained on the islands of Cebu and Zamboanga on the island of Mindanao and some of the cities of Negros.

The vessels will probably be accompanied by some troop transports and the soldiers will be landed where necessary to hold the United States flag and take possession formally of the ports. It is understood that there will be no attempt made at this time to displace any of the existing municipal governments except where they prove refractory and offer resistance. In fact a policy of conciliation will be followed at all points in the treatment of the natives.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—Hayward's total was raised today by the return of Balsler, who was absent the day before, and the change of Prout from Allen to Hayward. Chittenden and Smithberger, who traded allegiances Thursday, traded back today. The absentees were Armstrong and Blake, who are Hayward supporters; Deweller, who has voted for Webster; and Swan and Wheeler, fusionists.

The caucus position, which was started yesterday, contained fifty-two names at noon today.

In joint session today a resolution by Jansen was adopted conveying expressions of respect and sympathy relative to the death of President Faure of France.

Individual Vote. The record of individual vote is as follows: Allen—Boulanger, Canby, Carter, Cawthra, Cosgrove, Crockett, Cunningham, Dohy, Dunn, Eastering, Eastman, Elwood, Edickott, Farrell, Flynn, Fretz, Fuller, Gaudin, Grell, Grosvernor, Hale, Hardy, Howard, Johnson, Knepper, Leonard, Loomis, McGilley, McCracken, Meminger, Miller, Moran, Morgan, Morrison, Murray, O'Neill, Peck, Schalk, Smith of Antelope, Smith of Butler, Steele, Shore, Spohn, Sturges, Taylor of Carter, Taylor of Fillmore, Thompson of Clay, Vandegriff, Watson, Weaver, Woodard, Wright, Wyman—55.

Hayward—Alexander, Allen, Arends, Berlet, Belmont, Currie, Dittmer, Evans, Fowler, Gilbert, Halderman, Hall, Hamel, Harris, Hastings, Hathorn, Hibbert, Hicks, Holbrook, McCarthy, Nesbit, Newell, Pollard, Prince, Pratt, Reynolds, Rouse, Sandall, Schauble, Smith of Richardson, Steele, Thompson of Merrick, Tucker, Walling, Wilcox, Young, Zellars—39.

Thompson—Anderson of Lancaster, Burns, Clark, Fisher, Harkson, Israel, Lane, Mann, Rock, Talbot—10.

Webster—Beverly, Burman, Cox, Crow, Heck, Myers, Noyes, Olmsted, Van Dusen—9.

Field—Barton, Chambers, Scott, Wenzel—4.

Reese—Hall—1.

Reese—Grafton—1.

Albans—Milburn—1.

Cornish—McGraw—1.

Haines—Conwell—1.

Van Dusen—Smith of Saline—1.

Hinshaw—Smithberger—1.

Lambertson—Jansen—1.

Figuring on a Caucus. The adjournment of the house today, following the senate alone in session for today, raises the old question about the holding of the joint session to ballot on senator. By some it is urged that the senate be gone through with to meet the requirements of the statute requiring a ballot to be taken every day in session. Others say that a failure to do so will have no effect on the legality of the matter. It is suggested that an easy way to avoid the difficulty is for the senate to adjourn before noon, so that neither house will be in session when the regular time for the joint session comes around, or else for the senate to assemble at the usual place at noon, call the roll, take a ballot, declare no quorum and adjourn.

Late tonight the petition for the optional ballot caucus had fifty-five signatures and seemed to be pretty well at a standstill. In the meantime a petition for a secret ballot has been industriously circulated and is making some headway. This latter petition also calls for fifty to nominate.

The twenty members who failed to sign the agreement have a proposition of their own, which they propose to submit. They propose a secret ballot all the way through. They are desirous of having a secret ballot for the purpose of ascertaining if the nomination shall be by secret ballot, and by another secret ballot they want to have it settled as to whether forty or fifty votes shall elect.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Westerly Winds. Temperature at Omaha yesterday: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg.

DEWEY NOW TAKES A TURN

Decision to Extend Sway Over Entire Group Means Naval Campaign.

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WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—(Special.)—President Gilbert of the senate established a new precedent this morning by introducing a bill. His first act in introducing a bill into the senate was to introduce a bill into the senate. The last president, Governor Harris, had several bills on the calendar, but he always had some member introducing them for him.

The senate rules contain no provision for the introduction of bills, and as far as ascertained the constitution and laws of the state have no provision touching upon this point. The house rules have this provision: "Every bill shall be introduced on the report of the committee, or by any member, when the introduction of bills is called for or at any time by leave."

In the absence of any special provision it would seem that the president or any one else, by consent of the senate, could introduce a bill in that body.

Anti-Pass Measure. The provisions of the president's bill are as follows: Section 1—It shall be unlawful for any railroad company or corporation, or its officers or agents, to give, grant or issue to any person, or for any person to accept or use, any free pass, free ticket, free transportation, or special rate of transportation not offered to the general public, unless he shall not include actual bona fide employees of any railroad company, but no person shall be deemed an employee of any railroad company unless he shall receive any regular salary or wages from said company, which salary or wages shall be paid in money, and provided further, that no railroad company shall receive any such free pass, free ticket, free transportation, or special rate of transportation over the railroad or any portion thereof.

Section 2—Any person who shall violate the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$100 for the first offense, and for the second offense shall be imprisoned in the county jail for any term not exceeding three months.

Under the terms of this bill it would be a misdemeanor to issue "advertising" mileage to newspapers in payment for advertisements.

Number of Senate Employees. The number of employees in the senate has now grown to sixty-eight. This morning Miss Edie McCormack of Waterloo was named as stenographer, this being one of the appointments allotted to Senator Noes. McCormack was named it brought out some discussion as to the number of senate employees now on the pay roll. The list furnished each member showed sixty-eight, but one of these, Chester O. Baker, governor to the secretary of state, had been relieved, leaving sixty-seven. Chapter xviii of the 1877 statutes provides for the election of a stenographer, secretary, assistant secretary, sergeant-at-arms, doorkeeper, engraver, clerk, enrolling clerk, chaplain and such other officers and employees, not to exceed sixty-six in number, as may be deemed necessary for the proper transaction of the business. The construction of this section has often been in controversy as to whether it meant that sixty-six was to be the limit, including the eight officers specially named, or whether there could be sixty-six in addition to those, making a total of seventy-four.

The latter view seemed to be accepted by both sides of the senate today. Senator Canby thought there were at least a couple of "constituted" names that should appear on the list, believing they should be added. If sixty-six is the limit, the senate has gone it two better, but if seventy-four is the correct number they are six under it.

Lively Time in the House. The house had a good lively time in committee of the whole this afternoon in the consideration of the Zellers' ballot bill, which changes the form of the ballot to be similar to the one in use when the first Australian ballot law was adopted in the state a few years ago. The consideration of the bill led to some splendid flights of oratory, in which the two sides were engaged in a most spirited and earnest way. The bill was finally recommended for passage, one section being stricken out which provided a candidate from signing more than one certificate of nomination, and provided that no certificate should contain the names of more persons than there were candidates for the office.

There will be a number of absentees from the joint session on Monday. The following pairs were announced in the house today: Moran and Chittenden, Thompson of Clay and Smith of Butler, Murray and McCarthy, Tucker and Peck, Mann and Lemay, Cox and Watson.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE. President Gilbert Breaks the Record by Introducing a Bill. LINCOLN, Feb. 17.—(Special.)—President Gilbert asked unanimous consent of the senate to introduce a bill. No objections being raised he dropped S. F. 289 into the basket. It proved to be an "anti-pass" bill similar to the measure recently killed in the house.

S. F. 271, providing that 60 per cent paid on life insurance policies shall be returned if the policyholder forfeits his policy after five years' premiums have been paid, was indefinitely postponed. S. F. 375, relating to applications of insurance companies for license to do business in the state, was recommended to pass. S. F. 151, providing an annual tax upon insurance premiums, to pass. S. F. 235, relating to fees for filing articles of incorporation of insurance companies, indefinitely postponed. S. F. 214, relating to the purchase of tools and machinery for road districts, no recommendation.

Cousin of James Boy is Barred. METROPOLIS, Ill., Feb. 17.—Robert Cole and wife, two old residents of this town, were buried today in the same grave. Cole was a cousin of Frank and James Jones and Younger brothers. They visited him here several times under assumed names.

Cornish Has an Idea. NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Harry Cornish sent a friend to Governor Hart to ask that Cornish be called to the witness stand today, as he was prepared to give a clue that would clear up the poison mystery. The coroner referred the messenger to District Attorney Garziser.

San Francisco, Feb. 17.—The officers and men of the battleship Iowa were the guests of Mayor Phelan at the Orpheum theater tonight and after the performance the sailors were entertained at supper by the mayor. The sailors, wishing to reciprocate the courtesy of Mayor Phelan, have arranged to give a vaudeville performance on board the Iowa on February 22.

Cast Iron Pipe Trust Formed. CINCINNATI, Feb. 17.—Authoritative news was received here today that the cast iron pipe company combine had been formed under the title "The United States Iron Foundry company." The Addison Pipe and Steel company of the city, which was reported as holding the deal back, has signed the compact. It receives \$750,000 cash and \$250,000 preferred stock. The combine is an accomplished fact.

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