THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1899.

DEBATE TAKES WIDE RANGE argued that if the people were to be made wourt-martial, is still in New York. The sourt: M. M. Adams, Senecal J. H. Heath, SOUTH DAKOTA LEGISLATURE list news of him received at the department Pattonsburg: L. H. Morsey, Warrenton: L.

Expansion, Finances, Tariff and Nicarague Canal Each Take a Turn. in community

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL FURNISHES TOPIC

Speaker Reed Comes in for a Rosst-Notice Canal Bill Will Be Offered as an Amendment to the Sundry Civil Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.-General debate on the sundry civil appropriation bill was concluded today. The speakers during the day touched a variety of topics, but as a rule the debate lucked spirit and interest. Mr. Dockery of Missouri, who is at the head of the minority of the appropriations committee, reinforced Mr. Cannon's figures of yesterday as to the deficiency in the revenues; Mr. De Armond of Missouri, Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts and others discussed the policy of expansion and Mr. Lentz of Ohlo severely criticized the administration for exercising elemency in the case of General Eagan. The latter charged that the president was rewarding those who attacked General Miles, because the latter had the manhood to tell the truth about the alleged rotten food given to our troops in Porto Rico and Cuba. During the course of the debate Mr. Hepburn, chairman of the Interstate and foreign commerce committee them. gave notice that he would offer the Nicaragua canal bill as an amendment to the sundry eivil appropriation bill.

Mr. Brosius, republican of Pennsylvania, the first speaker today, characterized the \$20,000,000 to be paid to Spain under the terms of the Paris treaty a mere bagatelle. The American people, he said, would not tolerate the idea of looking backward in governmental development.

Mr. Dockery, democrat of Missouri, who followed, congratulated the country upon the statement made by Mr. Cannon yesterday. Had it been made earlier, he said, the country might have been saved many millions of dollars. Mr. Dockery produced figures to show that there was already in sight a deficiency of \$67,000,000 for the next fiscal year. But this was apart from the additional expenditure of \$2,500,000 involved in the navy personnel bill, the new ships to be authorized in the naval appropriation bill, the Cuban customs, the \$11,000,000 for public buildings and the enormous expenditures involved in the Hanna-Payne subsidy will and the bill for the construction of the Nicaragua canal, should either of these latter bills be passed.

Mr. Johnson, republican of Indiana, asked how the expenditures could be reduced under the foreign policy entered upon by the administration.

Mr. Dockery replied that circumstances would speedily necessitate large increases in the cost of our military and naval establishments, but he did believe there could be a great reduction on governmental expenditures.

Cut Down Home Expenditures.

"You mean then," interposed Mr. Johnson, "that we must cut down the expenses for our internal affairs at home, in order that we may be able to support a great army and navy abroad?"

"I am not sure but the gentleman is about right," replied Mr. Dockery. "Some- lie. He was to be rewarded for attacking it has had, with numerous appointments it where the pruning knife must be laid or General Miles. With his pay during his else the tax burdens of the people must be increased."

Mr. De Armond, democrat of Missouri,

NO MISTAKE

Can Be Made if You Will Begin Treatment With Dr. Bennett's Electric Belt-The Cure is Guaranteed, Because Electricity Cannot Fail-My Belt Will Not Burn and Blister As Do the Others. A known cure carries weight real gen uine cures. That is why they are known My Electric Belt is a success for this rea It cures quickly, entirely and perma ently Such cures as my belt mike canno bidden; they are bound to be known, to nently he talked about and thereby alverlish throughout the length and breadth of the Intid Weak men and women who are fit ing their daily lives among their relatives, friends or business acquaintances cannot run the risk of failure. You take no chances when you begin treatment with my Electric Belt. It will make you well again as strong and vigorous as you ever were in your life, and I will guarantee it in every case where I recommend my Belt. If you are suffering from some disease that Electricity will not reach I will tell you so. am not going to sell you my treatment if it will not cure you-I will not have a dis-satisfied patient-I cannot afford to have one.

tax should be imposed. Mr. De Armond, peaking of the causes of the war, declared that great injustice had been done the speaker of the house. It was said everywhere that the speaker had been opposed to the war. Yet, he declared, no solitary man in the country, no dozen men in fact, hal done so much to make war inevitable as the speaker. He had suppressed debate in the

muse, had stiffed the sentiments and contiences of members. President McKinley, he had been here, had not dared to do so much. The waters had been dammed up until the flood was inevitable. At last the indignation throughout the country and the broke the floodgates.

Turning to the question of the future. Mr end came. There was no doubt we were traveling a new road. All our grand heritpause before we made the plunge?

In conclusion, he appealed to the members to break their shackles, rise in their viding for the submission to the legislatures lignity and assert themselves in favor of of an amendment to the constitution provid-America in America, in favor of free government at home and opposed to oppression tors by direct vote of the people. The reso-the world over. If congress expired without lution was laid on the table. Mr. Allen also acting and matters were allowed to drift offered a resolution declaring that the senate in the die would be cast. Our pride, our reaffirm the doctrines and principles of the anity would be appealed to. There would Declaration of Independence. The resolube protests against parting with the Philip- tion further declares that these principles pince. They were ours, it will be argued, are to be adhered to not only in the United | because we have paid for them; they are States, but are to be deemed universal, and ours because we had shed our blood for are to apply to all who have a distinct so-

Mr. Gillett, republican of Massachusetts, declared that he had rather pay \$20,000,000 resolution, but Mr. Chandler objected, and o be honorably rid of the Philippines than it went over. to pay \$20,000,000 to keep them. The islands

could, in his opinion, never be of any good tary park to commemorate the campaign siege and defense of Vicksburg was called Nicaragua Canal Bill Comes Up.

Mr. Hepburn, republican of Iowa, chairnan of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, created something of a sensation at the conclusion of Mr. Gillett's remarks by giving notice that at the proper time he would offer the Nicaragua canal bill as an amendment to the sundry civil bill. The announcement was greeted with applause by the friends of the measure. He had been moved to take this course, he declared, by the statement of Mr. Cannon yesterday that the bill would be considered at this session. Mr. Hepburn argued that the amendment would be in order and could properly be placed upon the bill.

to us

Mr. Grosvenor, under the latitude allowed or debate, spoke at some length on the effect of the wool schedule of the Dingley bill upon the wool growing industry. Mr. Underwood, democrat of Alabama, re-

viewed the record of the present congress to show that it had betrayed its pledges to the country.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, republican of Pennsylvania, defended expansion and Mr. Lentz, democrat of Ohio, concluded the debate for the day with a denunciation of the president for commuting the sentence of Commissary General Eagan. He declared that General Eagan's attack upon General Miles had no parallel in military history. He had called General Miles a liar for simply telling the truth, to which 59,000 private soldiers could The troops had been fed rotten testify. beef, said Mr. Lentz, and yet General Eagan was to be suspended with pay for six years and then retired upon three-fourths pay because he had denounced the truth as a

suspension and calculating the length of his life according to recognized mortality tables, General Eagan would draw \$78,000 from the treasury after he had been convicted by court-martial of a most heinous offense against military discipline. The committee then rose.

Wednesday, February 22, was set apart for paying tribute to the memory of the late Senator Morrill.

At 5 o'clock the house took a recess until S o'clock, the evening session to be depension legislation.

was that he had recovered from a severe H. Sacks, South St. Joseph; L. F. Sasse, spell of illness that resulted from his ex- Brunswick; Thomas Sharp, Wellsville. The posure during the Cuban campaign, but was senate also confirmed Colonel W. W. Sinnow on crutches with a return of a severe clair, to be brigadier general, and a large attack of sciatica contracted in active service in the west.

TWO RESOLUTIONS BY ALLEN

Nebraska Senator Urges that Principles of Declaration of Independence Be Made Universal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- Mr. Platt of New

wholly unexpected blowing up of the Maine | York presented the credentials of Senatorelect Depew. A bill amending an act to provide for the De Armond declared that all history proved reimbursement of governors of states and that when republics turned toward imperial. territories for expenses incurred by them in , ism it was only a question of time when the raising and equipping the volunteer army in the war with Spain was reported by Mr. Warren of Wyoming from the committee on age was to be abandoned. Should we not military affairs. The bill went over to be

printed. Mr. Allen offered a joint resolution proing for the election of United States sena-

clety and territory of their own. Mr. Allen asked for immediate consideration of the

A house bill to establish a national mill-The bill appropriates \$65,000 for the purposes stated. Mr. Jones of Arkansas presented a resolu-

tion calling upon the secretary of the navy for a concise statement of the expense of posed personnel bill, the amount of expense of the 22,500 sailors and the expense of the marine corps under the proposed arrangement. The resolution was passed. Mr. McEnery of Louisiana asked that

lda objected.

The senate agreed to the request of the ouse for a conference on the Indian appropriation bill and Senators Allison, Perkins and Cockrell were named as the conferces

Consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was then resumed. Mr. Foraker offered an amendment ncreasing the expense of the office of subreasurer in Cincinnati by \$1,470 per annum. by the addition of a stenographer and some ther expenses. Mr. Allen, in making some inquiry about

the amendment, said: "Of course if there are any good things going around 1 am perfectly willing that the Ohio man should have them." "And I am much obliged to the senator,"

eplied Mr. Foraker. Mr. Cockrell of Missouri, in antagonizing the amendment, remarked; "Ohio should be satisfied with the distinguished honor has received in the public service, from measures up to the highest office in the gift of the people."

"That argument," suggested Mr. Foraker, does not apply to this senator from Ohio." "Then," replied Mr. Cockrell, "the other enator has more patronage than ought to belong to any one senator."

After some further debate the proposed increase was reduced to \$720 for a stenographer. At 1:45 the bill was laid aside for the day. The message from the president recom-

number of promotions in the army and navy

In the lower grades. COMMISSION GIVES UP QUARTERS. SENATE DISCUSSES KYLE AND PETTIGREW

Last of Effects of Investigators Bundied Up and Packed Away. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The War Investigating commission's quarters were dismantled today and everything made ready for the occupancy of the old rooms by the new Board of Experts on in-

sular affairs, which temporarily had taken PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 10 .- (Special Teleother offices in the building. Most of the members of the commission have left Washgram.)-The senate session started with a ington, but two of them were about this warm fight on the resolution in regard to morning for a little while preliminary to dethe action of Senators Kyle and Pettigrew parture. Several of the attaches will be on the peace treaty. Smith asked that the kept busy for several days yet and Recorder resolution as adopted, with his amendment Mills of the commission has taken an office denouncing expansion and the administraon an adjoining floor, where he will be en- tion for causing bloodshed at Manila, be

gaged in closing up the commission's affairs | forwarded to the troops in the Philippines or several months. All the important papers and documents are to be locked up in strong boxes and kept on file at the War department, probably for several years, before being disposed of altogether. The publication of the report of the com-

mission, save for official use and for the gade, declaring it was such action as his press, has not been arranged for and copies which had kept South Dakota troops in the for general use will have to be provided field so long and the resolution to be apace for by act of congress, if at all.

CABINET OPENS CAN OF BEEF Ment is Found to Be in Apparently

Good Condition-Extra Session of Congress May Be Called.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- In the cabinet meeting today the president read a brief exup by Mr. Money of Mississippi and passed. | tract from the report of the War Investigating commission and the matter was discussed informally. During the conversation a can of roast beef, which had been taken from the commissary stores, was brought in and opened. The members the personnel of the navy under the pro- present examined it as well as could be done with the means at band and all declared

that so far as they could determine it was in perfect condition, wholesome and sweet. The question of the transportation to Cuba of the \$3,000,000, with which the inunanimous consent be given for a vote to surgent army is to be paid off and the kinds be taken on his resolution declaring this of money to be sent, was briefly considered.

country's policy in the Philippines next It was agreed that the Cubans could have Monday immediately after the disposition any kind of money they wished, whether of morning business. Mr. Mallory of Flor- gold, silver or silver certificates, or a part in each. Shipments of \$500,000 each prob-

ably will be made at intervals of a few days, or as rapidly as needed. The question of an extra session of congress was also discussed, and it is the opin-

on of members of the cabinet that in case of the failure of the army reorganization bill an extra session will be necessary. The president, during the meeting, called attention to the urgent necessity for a cable across the Pacific and read the message he had sent congress on the subject.

Members of the cabinet declared the report of the War Investigating commission to be in no sense a whitewashing report. On the other hand it is stated the committee has not failed to point out where there was error or fault. For instance it has not

passed without criticism the amounts received for transportation of the troops and t has also found some things to be amiss n the supply of medical stores and subsistence to the troops, though it has set out the palliating circumstances, such as the state of unpreparedness of the country and the difficulty of suddenly training green

men to discharge heavy dutles. Touching the much-discussed questions as to the character of the meat furnished to the army, the commission declares that the food generally was of good quality and censures General Miles for his alleged failure to acquaint the War department with the faults said by him to have been discovered at Porto Rico.

URGES TRANSPACIFIC CABLE

commissioner of immigration, placing the at the Madison normal, for the protection of duties on the office of land commissioner, with an additional clerk at \$1,200 per year. afternoon session of the senate The started with the bill to divide the state Doings of a Day Among the Assembled into two congressional districts, which was measures. The only argument of note was killed by a vote of 24 to 15,

Senator Hanten introduced a bill to tax sheep fund, which was finally sent back pupils in public schools, and a bill to apply

municipalities. The senate passed house bills fixing the terms of township supervisors at three

> usury and making the levy of the county school tax optional with the county com-

Stewart moved to strike out all but the original resolution, endorsing Kyle and de-

nouncing Pettigrew, and a call of the senate Bills introduced were: was demanded. After the call had been raised Loomis roasted Pettigrew as a reneof levy of special taxes in cities.

of pool and billiard rooms By Moody-Dispensary law. with copperhead resolutions of the civil war. F. D. Munger, a committee clerk, was The whole matter was finally tabled and

investigating committee. Bills passed were: To prevent the re-

buildings or new offices be passed until the taxes had been taid; appropriating money for expense of the sale and lease of state

Solons at Pierre.

a Hot Debate.

o be read by company commanders.

the record expunged.

city, took thirty-five head of cattle to Chi-Representative Glass moved an adjourn- cago a few days ago, for which he received men this evening to 10:30 Tuesday, which the sum of \$2,555. Seven of the number were 2 years old, and weighed 1,250 pounds each, and brought \$4.55 per 100 pounds. By Harrington-Providing for the manner Twenty-eight head were 3 years old and averaged 1.538 pounds each, and for which the

robbery cases are being tried.

Dally Treasury Statement.

33

fish and encouragement for teachers' read-

on short notice, as were several minor

over a bill to turn the dog tax into the

The jury disagreed in a verdict for Otto

Webber, the counterfeiter. The postoffice

Profitable Shipment of Cattle.

Two more of Sherrard's bills were killed

WASHINGTON, FeS. 10-Today's state-ment of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balances, \$272,651,-647; gold reserve, \$227,812,665.

The smallest things exect the greatest in-fluence. De Witt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and A bill was introduced by Boyland for a lands; appropriating \$2,200 for a dormitory liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill,

INDIAN INDICTED FOR MURDER Good Shot is Held on Charge of Killing His Wife. DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 10.-(Special Telegram.)-An Indictment was found today

ing circles.

by the United States grand jury against Good Shot, the Indian charged with muryears and a memorial for the free homedering his wife. He will be tried after Keane and Kelley, the postoflice robbers.

HURON, S. D., Feb. 10 .- (Special.)-In the house a favorable report was re-William Briggs, who owns and operates a turned on the bill for creating the office of commissioner of immigration with the large farm and stock ranch south of this salary cut to \$1,200 per year.

carried, 49 to 33, on roll call.

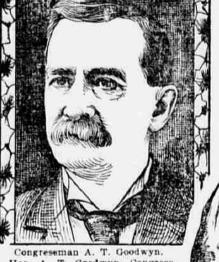
By Copper-Regulating the management seller received \$5.50 per 100 pounds.

instructed to accompany the Plankinton

A resolution by Stiles was adopted, proiding that no more appropriations for moval of buildings from lots or lands unless

general appropriation bill has passed.

HALF OUR ILLS ARE CATARRH. Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.



Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, Congressman from Alabama, writes from Washington, D. C., to Dr. Hartman as follows:

"Gentlemen-I have now used one bottle of Pe-ru-na and am a well man today. I could feel the good effects of your medicine before I had used it a week, after suffering with catarrh for over a year." Pe-ru-na is very prompt in its action. One bottle convinces the most skeptical.

all voters between 21 and 50 years of age to committee \$1 per year as a good citizenship fund, the fund to be distributed as prizes for good character and conduct as scholarship of

Resolution of Thursday Commending the initiative and referendum to cities and the Former and Condemning the Latter is Tabled After

itend law. The bills repealing a criminal penalty for

missioners were killed.

Work of the House.

Dr. Bennett's Electric Belt

Is not an experiment. It represents my years of hard work, study and money. I know exactly what it will do-that is why



tients Heretofore the trouble with electric belts | United States corporation under such a safehas been that they burned and blistered you in a frightful manner on account of the electrodes being bare metal. metal is placed against the flesh the current cannot pencirate-it is retained upon the surface-hence the burns. My Belt has soft, silken, chamois-covered electrides that render this burning a physical impossibility. They keep open the pores of the skin, which allows the entire current to penetrate the system. This is why the cure is absolutely

well

I guarantee my Electric Belt to cure Sexual Impotency, Lost Manhood, Sperma-torrhoea, Varicocele and all Sexual Disor-ders in either sex; restore Shrunken or Un-Sperinadeveloped Parts and Vitality, cure Rheu-matism in any form, General and Nervous Debility, Dyspepsin, Chronic Constipation, all Female Complaints, etc. My Bolt has a reputation for honest cures, and if you will write to me I will send you testimonials and all the evidence you will want. You may write to these people I have cured— they will be pleased to have you do so. My Belt gives the sort of cure you want and that every man wants. If it would not do just as 1 say the people would have discov-ered this fact long before now-foo humbus can keep up a pretense for very long. The people who have been cured by my belt can be found living out their lives in health and comfort. Electricity is the Vital and Nerve Force of every human being, and when there is a lack of this force in the system you are Electricity must be supplied. That i my helt is for-to supply the LOST what ELECTRICITY

The prices of my belts are only about half what is asked for the old-style belts. My belt can be renewed when worn out for only Tac-no other belt can be renewed for any price and when worn out is worthless. Beware of old-style belts under new-style names.

worthless. Beware of old-style belts under new-style names. Call upon or write me today. I will send you my New Book about Electricity, symptom blanks and literature. Consulta-tion and advice without cost. My Elec-tric Suspensory for the cure of the vari-ous weaknesses of men is FREE to every male purchaser of one of my Belts. Sold only by

Dr. Bennett Company, Rooms 20 and 21 Douglas Block, 16th and Dodge Streets, Omaha, Neb. Open from 8:30 s. m. to 8:30 p. m.

Sundays, 10 to 12, 1:30 to 5, (Please mention The Bee.)

TEXT OF MESSAGE ON CABLE

McKinley Urges Congress to Take Speedy Action Regarding Communication with the Orient.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The president's of Mr. Hoar, went into executive session message on the Pacific cable transmitted to and at 5:10 adjourned. congress today is as follows:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON. As a consequence of the treaty Feb. 10.—As a consequence of the treaty of Paris by the senate of the United States and its expected ratification by the Spanish government, the United States will come nto possession of the Philippine islands on the farther shores of the Pacific. The Hawaiian islands and Guam being United States territory and forming convenient stopping places on the way across the sea. the necessity for speedy cable communication between the United States and all the

communication should be established in such a way as to be wholly under the control of I guarantee a cure every case, I the United States in time of peace or war. At present the Philippines can be reached only by cables which pass through many have known for years that Electhe foreign countries and the Hawalian islands tricity was curative and Guam can only be communicated with by steamers, involving delays in each inagent that would ever be known to stance of at least a week. The present con-ditions should not be allowed to continue for man-but just how to apply the cur- a moment longer than is absolutely necesrent so as to get sary. The time has now arrived when a trival in the United States. Where such a merican commission had a full session to-the best results cable in the Pacific must extend as far as manila, touching at the Hawalian islands arrival in New York, will be shipped direct the control of the co

as me for and Guam on the way. I have Two methods of est Two methods of establishing this comsolved the problem. munication at once suggest themselves: Physicians a e - First, construction and maintenance of such Physicians a knowledge it and a cable at the expense of the United States cured pa-testify to maintenance of such a cable by a private

guard as congress shall impose. I do not make any recommendation to congress as to When bare which of these methods would be the more desirable

A cable of the length of that proposed requires so much time for construction and laying that it is estimated that at least two years must clapse after giving the order for the cable before the entire system could be successfully laid and put in operation Further deep sea soundings must be taken west of the Hawailan islands before the best

route for the cable can be selected. Under these circumstances it becomes a paramount necessity that measures should be taken before the close of the present congress to provide such means as may seem suitable for the cstablishment of a new cable system. I recommend the whole subjest to the careful ounsideration of the congress and to such prompt action as may eem advisable. WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

PREPARING FOR COURT OF INQUIRY.

General Miles and Commissary Department Collecting Evidence.

case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- Next to nothing ame from the Philippines and interest in the War department centers on the 15th of February, when the court of inquiry to invostigate General Miles' "embalmed beef" charges will convene. All information even as to the court routine is judiciously guarded and officers refrain from expressing any opinion or making any forecasts in the It is well understood, however, that both General Miles and the commissary general's department are preparing a mass of evidence which will be submitted to the court, one of which will tend to support General Miles' statements and the other discounting any criticism of the material bought, passed upon and issued by the commissary department. Both the testimony of General Miles and of the commissary department will consist in the main of official reports and both will be voluminous. General Eagan is still at the War department denying himself to all visitors except personal friends. He is now relieved of the outine work of his office, which is being transacted by his assistants, and is free to levote himself to collaborating his evidence or presentation to the court. Colonel Weston, who was appointed commissary gen-

mending a Pacific cable was read and reerred to the committee on appropriations. The following bills were passed: Authorizng the Dakota Southern Railway company o construct a bridge across the Missouri river at Yankton, S. D., and for the relief

The senate then, at 3:10 p. m., on motion BRINGING HOME SOLDIER DEAD.

f the Fourth Arkansas mounted infantry.

Large Force of Undertakers Sent Cuba and Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The War depart ment, after long and careful work, has made up what it believes to be a full and comlete list of the dead of the Cuban and Porto Rican wars, who are still interred in those slands. An appropriation has been made to have these hodles removed to the United I Pacific islands has become imperative. Such States and the Roumanian, with large forces of undertakers, has started to Porto Rico to begin this work The War department so far has received applications from friends and relatives of about 300 dead, who wish to take charge personally of the bodies for private burial. The quartermaster general's office would like to receive the names and addresses of any other persons who are authorized to take charge of bodies on their arrival in the United States. Where such

tion is at a minimum

CHANGES ARE COMING TOO SWIFT. Requires a Revolution to Keep Up

with the Government. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- Senor Correa, the minister from Nicaragua, called at the State department today in reference to the the commission will finish its labors. revolution which has been in progress in

eastern Nicaragua for several days past. The exact cause of the uprising is not known here, but it is supposed to be one of the first results of the recent rapid changes in the relations of the states recently united in the form of the Greater Republic of Central America. As the revolutionary movement is so far confined entirely to the eastern side of the country, while Managua, the capital and the seat of the governmental resources, is on the west slope of the mountains, the difficulties experienced by President Zelaya in his endeavors to suppress the movement are multiplied. The State department has been forehanded in looking after the interests of the United States and of the American residents in the disturbed section. The gunboat Marietta was hovering about the east coast, and now at the instance of the State department it has been reinforced by the Machias, which probably has arrived at Bluefields already. The political causes which led to the revolutionary outbreak are

said to be complicated with labor troubles.

Why Port Arthur Canal Was Stopped. WASHINGTON. Dec. 10 .- It was said at the War department today that the work on the Port Arthur canal had been stopped by order of the secretary on account some complicated legal questions involved, touching state boundaries and other questions connected with the right to use the appropriation. The whole matter has been referred to the attorney general for decision, and is now in his hands.

Postmasters Confirmed by Senate. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The senate today confirmed the following nominations of postmasters: Utah: B. F. Both, Brigham. President Will Communicate with Congress Regarding the Neces-

alty of Its Construction. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The president will send a message to congress call

ing attention to the urgent necessity for the construction of a cable across the Pacific ocean. It will not make any specific recommendation as to the mode by which the cable shall be secured, the main point being that it is imperatively necessary a

cable should be laid.

RATIFICATION IS COMPLETE

Paris Convention Ratified by the Senate Now Receives Signature of the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The treaty peace ratified by the senate was signed by the president and Secretary Hay at 2:25 o'clock this afternoon in the library of the executive mansion.

PROTESTS FROM PACIFIC COAST. **Objections to Cession of Alaskan Port**

to the Canadians. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The Angleto the address indicated and turned over to the chief points at issue. There were also friends, the whole expense of the transporta- two meetings of the American commissioners tion being borne by the government. Bodies to confer on points brought up in joint not claimed by relatives will be given hon- session, a prolonged one during the foreorable military interment at Arlington. The noon taking up the Alaskan boundary queebodies will be brought to the United States | tion. Telegrams and protests from chambers in sealed caskets to prevent danger of in- of commerce and individuals along the Pafection and the work will be accomplished | cific coast against any cession of Skagway during cold weather, when danger of infec- or other points on the southern Alaskan coast are still being sent to senators and representatives here as a result of reports

of an intention to cede Canada the port. Whatever the outcome of the delicate negotiations may be there has not yet been commission. There is no indication of when

E.

Pertaining to Postoffices WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- (Special Telegram.)-Iowa postmasters appointed: Cyrus Robinson, Hammerville, Buchanan county; Mrs. Emily J. Sutton, at Peach. Buena Vista county, and T. W. Caster, at Underwood, Pottawattamie county. An order has been issued discontinuing

the postoffice at Keg Creek, Pottawattami county, Iowa, Pottawattamie county, An order has been issued discharging Private Neal C. O. Drake, Company C, First Nebraska regiment.

Hope to Get Up Building Bills. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The status of public building bills which failed of passage in the house was considered by the house committee on public buildings today. Conferences will be held with the rules committees with the idea of getting the bills up again. They will be gone over for the purpose of bringing up the most meritorious when further investigation commences.

Action on Canal Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- Mr. Hepburn chairman of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, gave notice in the house this afternoon that at the proper time he would offer the Nicaragua canal bill as an amendment to the sundry civil bills. The statement was greeted with applause.

Northern Pacific Wants Mails. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- President Mellen and Vice President Lamont of the Northern Pacific railroad had a conference today with the Postoffice department look-

ing to securing larger contracts to be let this apring for carrying the mails.

ton, who was appointed commissary gens postmasters: Utah: H. F. Both, Brigham. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cures all throat eral when General Esgan was called to the Wyoming: J. A. McAver, Leander. Mis- and lung affections instantly, 25 cts,



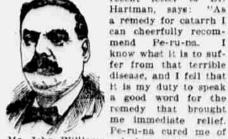
Mr. T. Sherman Bryan, writing to Dr. Hartman, says: "I have been using Pe-ru-na for some time past and wish to testify as to its great value in cases of catarrh. My whole system was permeated with catarrh for several years. After using Pe-ru-na 1 find that I am greatly improved and cannot speak too highly in praise of your great medicine. It has given me a new lease on life." Mr. T. Sherman Bryan is a cousin of William Jennings Bryan, late canidate for President, and namesake of General William T. Sherman.



Sister of St. Francis.

The Sisters of St. Francis of St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum, East Main street, corner of Rose avenue, Columbus, Ohio, in a letter dated June 2, 1898, to Dr. S. B. Hartman, eay: "Some years ago a friend of any conclusive action on the part of the our institution recommended to us Dr. Hartman's Pe-ru-na as an excellent remedy for la grippe, of which we then had several cases which threatened to be of a serious character. We began to use it, and experienced such wonderful results that since then Pe-ru-na has become our favorite medicine for la grippe, catarrh, coughs, colds and bronchitis.'

County Commissioner John Williams, of 17 West Second street, Duluth, Minn., in a recent letter to Dr.



Pe-ru-na cured me of Mr. John Williams a bad case of catarrh. and I know it will

rure any other sufferer from that disease. How many lives are ruined, how many homes made unhappy, by catarrhal diseases, no man can number, and the whole trouble results from a foolich neglect of common colds. While Pe-ru-na, properly used, will cure almost every case of chronic catarrh. restored her voice completely, enabling her chronic brenchitis, and consumption (in its to return to her profession, first stages), yet, as a preventive of these diseases, it is of still greater value. I do

cold will quickly recover, and the cold leave of God; it has brought me once more to my no trace of damage to the system.

where before I could hardly whisper. I settles of the body, there the catarch ap- suffered might know Pe-ru-na. My voice can take its place. There is only one sytpears. Pe-ru-na cures catarrh wherever was completely gone. I am now entirely tematic catarrh remedy, and that is Perestored to health and voice."



EXACT SIZE OF BOTTLE.

Miss Annie Wyandotte.



Congressman R. Z. Linney.

from North Carolina, writes to Dr.

Hartman from Washington, D. C ..

as follows: "My Private Secretary

has been using Pe-ru-na for several

weeks and I wish to testify as to

its great merits in cases of catarrh.

My Secretary had as bad a case as

I ever saw, and since he has taken

one bottle he seems like a different

man. I don't think any man under

a nervous strain should be with-

1.90-11

out it."

Congressman Romulus Z. Linney,

Major A. A. Mabson. Major Algernon A. Mabson, of the Tenth Volunteer Regiment, stationed at Macon. Ga., in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman from Washington, D. C., says: "I think there is no better medicine on earth than your Pe-ru-na for catarrh. It has surely cured me. It would take a volume to tell you all the good it has done for me. Pe-ru-na is the greatest remedy ever prepared, and I think I have tried them all." The Doctor receives many such letters every week



Miss Sadie Martinot, the prominent young actress, writes to Dr. Hartman in regard to Pe-ru-na, as follows: "It gives me great pleasure to recommend Pe-ru-na to the members of my profession. I have found it most helpful, and taken directly before the performance, whenever the voice seems unreliable, i trelieves hoarseness and dispels all tendency to coughing. I regard it as invaluable to actresses, singers, and all persons who are obliged to depend upon clearness of volce. I consider Pe-ru-na of especial benefit to women, and particularly recommend it to them. My dressing-table is never without it."

Hon. Geo. Kersten, a well-know Justice of the Peace of Chicago, says: "I was afflicted

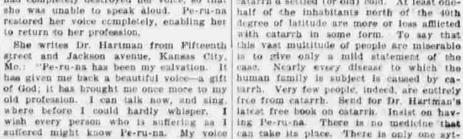
with catarrh for nine years. My catarrh was located chiefly in my head. I tried many remedies without avail. applied to several doctors, but they were not able to cure me. I learned of the remedy, Pe-ru-na, through the newspapers. After



taking the remedy for Hon, Geo, Kersten, 18 weeks I was entirely cured. I consider my cure permanent, as it has been two and

a half years since I was cured." Chronic catarrh is so undoubtedly and directly the result of an ordinary cold that would be quite correct to call chronia catarrh a settled (or old) cold. At least oneshe was unable to speak aloud. Pe-ru-na half of the inhabitants north of the 40th degree of latitude are more or less afflicted with catarrh in some form. To say that this vast multitude of people are miserable is to give only a mild statement of the case. Nearly every disease to which the human family is subject is caused by catarrh. Very few people, indeed, are entirely free from catarrh. Send for Dr. Hartman's latest free book on catarrh. Insist on hav-

eratic stage and dramatic soprano; has written Dr. Hartman a number of very enthusaastic letters concerning her cure. Catarrh



TU-Da.

Miss Annie Wyandotte, queen of the ophad completely destroyed her voice, so that

not hesitate to guarantee that every one Mo .: who uses Pe-ru-na at the beginning of a has given me back a beautiful voice-a gift

Every case of catarrh is the result of a neglected cold. In whatever organ the cold

located.