

TURBULENT MANILA

Hong Kong Junta of Filipinos Out in Another Inflammatory Declaration.

THEY PROTEST AGAINST BEING SHUT OUT

Non-Admission to Councils of the Americans is Roundly Denounced.

THIRTY THOUSAND NATIVES AROUND MANILA

Reported that They May Object to Landing of Troops.

WAR DEPARTMENT SENDS HURRY ORDERS

Movement of Soldiers to the East Being Expedited and Command Will Be Strengthened by 7,000 Men.

HONG KONG, Jan. 31.—The Filipino Junta here publishes its protest against the refusal of the United States to associate with the Philippine commission representatives of the national government, adding that "the usefulness of the commission will necessarily be greatly limited by the exclusion of the Filipinos."

The protest continues: "It is impossible for the commission sitting only at Manila, unaided by the friendly co-operation of the national government, to reach a proper understanding of the actual condition of affairs in the Philippines, the unanimity of the aspirations of the people and their capability for self-government."

"Last week a Filipino boy was shot by an American soldier in a suburb of Manila because he was wrangling with a Chinaman in the market. The soldier was not prosecuted, but the boy's father in revenge attacked an American outpost armed with a knife and killed three of them. The rest fled. The Filipino escaped."

"A Filipino officer was killed while walking in Manila by an American soldier. There was no prosecution. "The American army is daily provoking hostilities by acts of vandalism. "Allegiance to Aguinaldo. "The Junta also asserts that the "allegations respecting a filibustering expedition and anarchy are falsehoods."

"The whole country," it is asserted, "has declared its unconditional support of Aguinaldo, whose authority has never been denied. The public evidently ignores the fact that every province in the archipelago is represented in congress. "General Otis' action in prohibiting code telegrams is a flagrant breach of international law, but the truth is leaking out."

The Filipino newspapers denounce alleged gross abuses at the Manila custom house. PARIS, Jan. 31.—The Philippine Junta here has received a cable message from Hong Kong explaining the second proclamation of the Philippine republic. The message says: "The first proclamation in August was the work of Aguinaldo and the generals. The second is the unanimous work of the Filipino assembly."

Crisis Approaches at Iloilo. LONDON, Jan. 31.—A dispatch received from an English source at Iloilo yesterday says business is proceeding satisfactorily, but the Hong Kong agents of the same firm cable that the Iloilo telegram is unreliable, as "nothing unfavorable to the Americans is allowed to pass the censors."

The Filipinos in Europe think the situation is becoming more and more satisfactory, but they are hostile as soon as the peace treaty is ratified. They add that the Filipino reinforcements on the island of Luzon. The stories of "anarchy" on women, etc., are strongly denied by the Philippine Junta, who point out that official dispatches received at Madrid praise the moderation of the natives.

Hurry Call to Philippines. WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Orders have been issued by the War department to expedite the movement of reinforcements to the Philippines. The transport Sherman will start from New York next Thursday with the Third regiment of Infantry and four companies of the Seventeenth Infantry. The following Thursday, February 9, the transport Sheridan will sail from the same port with the Twelfth Infantry and the headquarters and remaining companies of the Seventeenth Infantry.

The officers in command of these troops have been instructed by telegram to execute the orders for this movement without unnecessary delay. Both transports will follow the same route to Manila taken by the transport Grant, across the Atlantic and through the Mediterranean sea, and the Suez canal. The Grant started several days ago and is now supposed to be in the vicinity of Gibraltar. General Lawton, who is to assume active command of all the military forces in the Philippines when General Otis becomes military governor of the territory, is a passenger on the Grant.

Two regiments of Infantry are also under orders to proceed to Manila by way of the Pacific ocean. One of them has already started, and it is expected the other will take its departure from San Francisco within a few days. The arrival of these four regiments will increase General Otis' fighting strength by nearly 7,000 men.

DEAN AND BISHOPS DISPUTE

Council of Conciliation Will Raise on the Whereabouts of Funds Raised by Lecture Tour.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 31.—At a council of conciliation to decide a question at issue between Bishop John Franklin Spaulding of Colorado and Dean Martin Hart of St. John's cathedral of Denver five Protestant Episcopal bishops of dioceses contiguous to that of Colorado met here today. These present are Bishops N. M. Gilbert of Minnesota, E. R. Atwell of West Missouri, A. G. Garrett of Dallas, Tex., E. H. Milbrandt of Kansas and D. S. Tuttle of St. Louis. The last named is acting as chairman of the council.

The difficulty to be arbitrated began thirteen years ago over the disposition of \$1,300 raised by Dean Hart on an eastern lecture

INCREASES STANDING ARMY

Reorganization Bill Passes House by a Vote of 168 to 125.

SIX REPUBLICANS AGAINST THE MEASURE

Provides for Twelve Cavalry Regiments, 144 Coast Batteries, 24 Field Batteries and 30 Infantry Regiments of 12 Companies.

MILES ON THE INVESTIGATION

Retenates that Army Beef Was Embellished and that Inquiry Board's Report Will Speak for Itself.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—General Miles was asked by an Evening World reporter today what he had done regarding the offer of Colonel A. A. Pope of Boston to give \$100,000 for beef for the United States soldiers in the war with Spain.

"I have told Colonel Pope," was General Miles' reply, "that I appreciated the patriotism and had great respect for the public spirit which he displayed, but that I do not think it necessary to spend any such sum to procure such a patent fact that the beef was embellished. The evidence of nearly 100 of the soldiers proves it. The reports made to me prove it beyond a doubt. My report was issued solely upon personal observation and the statements of officers of the highest rank and every confidence. I think the evidence and testimony I produced is sufficient to establish the truth of everything I said regarding the beef."

General Miles refused to express himself in any way on the subject of the inquiry board's report. "It is reported from Washington," the reporter suggested, "that the War Investigating commission has reported a decision in which it practically exonerates all army officers except yourself and General Breckinridge."

"Well," replied General Miles, "there are many rumors afloat and there is no need for me to add to them. All I have to say is that the report will speak for itself when it is made public."

DEATH OF MRS. ADAMS FIXED

Chemist Makes Report on Contents of Supposed Bottle of Bromo Seltzer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Prof. R. A. Wittmann, to whom was entrusted for analysis the contents of the bottle from which was taken the drug that caused the death of Mrs. Kate J. Adams a month ago, and vital organs of the victim, made his report to the coroner today. The examination of the powder in the bottle, Prof. Wittmann said, showed the presence of the following substances: Potassium, sodium, mercury, carbonic acid, bromine, a trace of chloride and tartaric acid. The potassium was probably present as potassium bromide, the sodium as sodium bicarbonate and the mercury as mercury cyanide. The upper layers of the contents of the original bottle contained a larger quantity of mercuric cyanide than the lower portion.

The amount of mercuric cyanide, 4.14 grains, found in the stomach and its contents, is sufficient, in the absence of other violent causes, to warrant the conclusion that deceased died from the effects of that poison.

QUARLES IS FORMALLY ELECTED

Senatorial Situations Show Little Change in Other States. MADISON, Wis., Jan. 31.—In the joint assembly today Joseph V. Quarles, republican of Milwaukee, was formally elected United States senator by a vote of 15 to 1. Mitchell, whose term expires on March 3, receiving the solid republican vote. The democratic vote was cast for T. E. Ryan of Waukesha.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 31.—Today's senatorial vote, Quary, 104; Jencks, 81; Daltell, 84; Stewart, 7; Stone, 7; Huff, 6; Irvine, 4; Rice, 2; Widener, 2; Hubb, 2; Smith, 1; Ritter, 2; Markle, 2; Grow, 1; total, 232; necessary to a choice, 117; paired, 14; absent without pairs, 4.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 31.—Twenty-fifth ballot for United States senator today. J. A. Aldrich (republican), 14; Dupont (republican), 5; Handy (democrat), 4; Higgins (republican), 1; Chandler (republican), 2; Willis (republican), 5; absent, 6.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 31.—When the legislative session this morning Mrs. HORN introduced a resolution providing that the president of the senate and speaker of the house alternate in presiding over the joint body. The resolution was lost. One ballot was taken, resulting as follows: Kind, 26; Scott, 2; Devore, 1; Rosenfeld, 2; Bard, 2; White, democrat, 28.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 31.—A. G. Foster of Tacoma was nominated for United States senator by the republican caucus tonight. King county and part of the Ankeney forces outside of that county left the caucus, but fifty-eight remained and made the caucus nomination of Foster unanimous. Fifty-seven votes are required to elect in joint session of the legislature.

Election of Senators by Direct Vote. ILLINOIS CITY, Mo., Jan. 31.—The house today adopted a resolution favoring the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people. Missouri senators and representatives in congress are requested to favor a measure to that end.

Vote to Disqualify Roberts. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 31.—A resolution was adopted in the house of representatives today asking congress to disqualify B. H. Roberts, lately elected to congress from Utah, be disqualified from sitting in the national house of representatives.

PORTER WILL NOT PAY TROOPS

His Duties Simply Include Gathering Information Regarding Conditions in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—It is learned at the War department that Robert P. Porter's mission to Cuba is entirely of a financial and statistical nature and that he is not empowered to make any payment to the Cuban troops. It is admitted that he may be maintaining the lines of communication with Cuba collecting this information to gather all the data he can respecting the strength and condition of the Cuban troops.

Touching Mr. Quesada's mission to General Gomez's headquarters, under instructions from President Roosevelt, the War department officials believe that he will be able to preserve a discreet silence, but it is entirely probable that if our government found it expedient to make any proposition to Gomez touching the pay of Cuban troops, that Mr. Quesada would be the instrument chosen for that purpose, not only because of his intimacy with Gomez and other Cuban leaders, but also because of his executive ability.

The best information obtainable so far at the department, and perhaps it is part of Mr. Porter's duty to verify this, is that the Cuban troops who might properly apply for money in case it should be decided to pay them of number 30,000. It was probable it was by having a calculation of \$100 per man upon this number that people in Havana obtained the figure of \$3,000,000. It is well understood that the sum demanded by the Cuban troops on account of back pay is fully ten times this sum.

It probably will be represented to them that as any payment whatever on this account must be charged up against the island of Cuba, the United States as the temporary guardian of the island is in duty bound to avoid burdening it at the very outset of its independent existence with a load beyond its ability to bear in the shape of the Cuban debt. It is probable that Mr. Porter will be asked to take this sum as a payment on account, leaving the future government of Cuba to take the remuneration later on if it shall see fit. The condition precedent to this first payment will be a solemn promise to discharge the debt.

Officials here believed that General Brooke has wisely settled the difficulty at Santiago under the desire of the people there to retain all of the customs receipts by retaining 20 per cent of the total receipts for the benefit of the general government of the island and allowing the remainder, not to exceed 80 per cent, to remain in the province. If the arrangement works as well as it is hoped, it will be extended to the other provinces of Cuba.

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M. Stambouloff declared that he saw five guardsmen nearby when the attack was made and saw them run away without giving the least assistance.

OMAHA'S PUBLIC BUILDING

Chairman Mercer Hopes to Secure an Appropriation of \$500,000 for Its Completion.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—(Special Telegram.)—Representative Mercer, chairman of the public buildings and grounds committee, said today that his committee would probably have two days in which to pass bills erecting public buildings throughout the United States. Since the Fifty-first congress has such time to complete the bill, he said, he would like to see the bill passed in the first session of the congress. Chairman Mercer said today that he had received advice from the supervising architect that the Seventeenth street side of the Omaha public building could be completed for the amount of \$500,000, if believed, Mercer will ask congress to appropriate.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Grover of Grand Island are in the city, guests of Captain and Mrs. W. H. Michael, and Mrs. Grover expect to sail for St. Louis, Mo., on the night of the 31st.

Agent Stevens of the Crow Creek (S. D.) agency today had a conference with the Indian commissioner regarding the payment of \$16,000 to the Crow Creek Indians, to which he claims they are entitled according to the terms of a treaty. He had feature of the case is the fact that the public is raising subscriptions for the strikers at Panama and Colon.

REPORT ON CRIMINAL COURT. Revision Bill Committee Maintains Secrecy as to Proceedings. PARIS, Jan. 31.—The committee of the Chamber of Deputies, which was entrusted with yesterday's revision bill, met this afternoon, and the minister of justice, M. Lebret, communicated to it the report of M. Mazeau, first president of the court of cassation, on the charges brought by M. Queney de Beaurepaire, former president of the civil section of the court of cassation, against the members of the criminal section of that court.

The committee, before examining the report, decided to maintain absolute secrecy concerning it until it arrived at a decision regarding the bill and the publication of the documents in the case. An official report of the proceedings will be published daily.

FRENCH WISH TO BORROW MONEY. About Forty Million Dollars Needed for Military Uses. LONDON, Jan. 31.—The St. James Gazette says the French government is negotiating with French and British financiers for a loan of \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 to be devoted to army and navy purposes.

Tribunals Extended One Year. CAIRO, Jan. 31.—All the powers have agreed to a prolongation of the mixed tribunals for a year from tomorrow.

FATHER DORNEY IS HONORED. Jubilee Mass is Celebrated in Recognition of His Long Service in the Priesthood. CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—St. Gabriel's Catholic church was filled to overflowing today, the occasion being the jubilee mass for the celebrated pastor of the congregation, Father Dorney. The ceremony, in which nearly 300 visiting clergymen participated, was imposing. Archbishop Pechar and Bishop Spalding were among those present. A banquet later concluded the jubilee, which has been in progress several days and which marks the twenty-fifth anniversary of the ordination of Father Dorney to the priesthood.

PRINCESS OF BULGARIA DEAD

Her Death Caused by Typhoid Fever, Her Husband's Violent Death to the Malignant Effects of Deceased Princess.

VIENNA, Austria, Jan. 31.—Princess Marie Louise of Bulgaria is dead. The deceased princess of Bulgaria has been suffering for a fortnight from influenza and continuous high fever, which caused premature confinement and extreme debility.

There was much gossip about her unhappy domestic life. The palace at Sofia is a most unsanitary place. During the first year of her residence there she suffered a great deal from intermittent fever, owing to the drains. She only survived her first confinement and the enforced conversion of young Prince Ferdinand to orthodox Greek church caused her, as a devout Catholic, great unhappiness.

The emnity that existed between her and the late Stefan Stambouloff, the Bulgarian statesman, is now recalled. M. Stambouloff's friends always attributed the murder of the princess to her husband's jealousy, and she was said to have been killed in July, 1885, to the princess.

His widow, who still keeps her husband's hands in spirits to show her children, and to prevent them from forgetting how their father died, once said: "Those hands are consecrated to my husband, Louis of Parma, to drink her away from happiness."

Prince Ferdinand's sister, Arch Duchess Clothilde, is going to Sofia to assist in making arrangements for the children. The babe born yesterday will be privately christened "Clementine" after her grandmother, Princess Clementine of Bourbon-Orleans, daughter of King Louis Philippe. The christening will be according to the Catholic ritual.

Stambouloff's Tragic End. The late M. Stambouloff, whose death by violence his widow has always attributed to the instigation of the late Princess Marie Louise of Bulgaria, was returning home from the Hotel de Ville on the evening of July 15, 1885, accompanied by a friend, M. Petkoff, when the two men were attacked by four persons, armed with revolvers and knives.

The assassins compelled M. Stambouloff's coachman to stop the horses, M. Stambouloff being out and received immediately a cut which almost severed his hand from the wrist. He tried to escape, but was followed and stabbed in the head, receiving also a revolver shot. When he fell, his assailants continued to stab him, almost cutting off his hand. M. Stambouloff, who did all in his power to assist the fallen men, was also severely stabbed. M. Stambouloff's left eye was gouged out, the other was almost destroyed and he received in all fifteen terrible wounds.

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CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—High Winds, Snow and a Rapidly Falling Temperature.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday: Hour. Deg. Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. 4 p. m. 6 a. m. 1 p. m. 7 a. m. 2 p. m. 8 a. m. 3 p. m. 9 a. m. 4 p. m. 10 a. m. 5 p. m. 11 a. m. 6 p. m. 12 m. 7 p. m. Below zero.

CONCLUSION OF A TRAGIC CHAPTER

Late Statesman's Widow Attributed Her Husband's Violent Death to the Malignant Effects of Deceased Princess.

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PUBLIC GIVES MONEY TO STRIKERS.

Situation at Colon, Colombia, is Somewhat Exaggerated. COLON, Colombia, Jan. 31.—(Via Galveston.)—The United States consul here, W. V. Cobb, is seriously ill with fever. It is expected that the steamer Advance, which is due here on Thursday, will bring a large number of laborers from Fortune Island to take the place of the strikers.

The outlook at Panama is becoming worse. There the strike is complete, vessels being unable to load or unload their cargoes. The strike has now extended to the sailors and firemen of the Pacific Steam Navigation company, and the Pacific Mail steamers. The former have struck on the ground that their contracts did not stipulate that the journey is to extend to Colon, leaving the latter to be stranded on Fortune Island to take the place of the strikers.

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